

## 9th Class Biology English Medium KPK Boards Online Mcqs

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Book ofBu Ali Sina on medicine is	A. Al-Nabatat B. Al-Wahoosh C. Al-Qanoon Fil-Tib D. Al-Haywan
2	The number of bioelements in nature is:	A. 13 B. 14 C. 15 D. 16
3	A biologist uses for observation	A. Sense Organs B. Idealogy C. Data D. Deduction
4	The first step to solve the biological problem is	A. Hypothesis B. Observations C. Deductions D. Experimentations
5	When we study the feeding relation among animals of different species of a forest, at which level of orgnization we are?	A. Individual B. Population C. Community D. Biosphere
6	Biodiversity is richer in:	A. Deserts B. Temperate Region C. Polar Regions D. Tropics
7	The founder of medicine is	A. Jabir-Bin-Hayan B. Alrazi C. Bu Ali Sina D. Aristotle
8	First of all nucleus in plant cell was discovered by:	A. Robert Hooke B. Robert Brown C. Robert Boy D. Schleiden
9	Bioelement is:	A. Aluminuim B. Cobalt C. Bromine D. Carbon
10	Freezing point of water is	A. 100 <sup>0 </sup> c B. 37 <sup>0</sup> c C. 0 <sup>0</sup> c D. 98 <sup>0</sup> c
11	Which scientist firstly observed micro organisms in the blood of mollanial patient?	A. Ronald Ross B. Laveran C. AFA king D. Rob
12	The vast Group of living organisms in biological taxonomy:	A. Class B. Phylum C. Kingdom D. Family
13	Which group of living organisms absorbs his food from the environment?	A. Protists B. Fungi C. Bacteria D. Animals
14	Class is a group of related	A. Genes B. species C. Order D. Families
15	Plasmodium causes to spread the disease	A. Yellow fever B. T.B C. Polio D. Malaria

16	Horticulture belongs to:	A. Gardenings B. Poultry C. Fishers D. Medicine
17	Binomial nomenclature method was first time introduce by:	A. Aristotle B. Carlus Linnaeus C. Redi D. Drawin
18	The career related with gardening is.	A. Medicine B. Horticulture C. Farming D. Forest
19	Microtubules are made up of a protein	A. Tubulin B. Actin C. Lipids D. Carbohydrates
20	What is true about Volvox	A. Unicellular Prokaryotes     B. Unicellular eukaryotes     C. Colonial eukaryotes     D. Multicellular eukaryotes