

Geography 6th Class Chapter 6 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Swiring action of the stones develops holes in river bed called holes.	A. Pot B. Ox-bow C. meaders D. Water fall
2	Cavities transform into by erosion.	A. Head land B. Cave C. Sea arch D. Beach
3	If wind carries encosolidated sediments with this process is called.	A. Absion B. Deltation C. Yardaug D. Bioebrty
4	The rocks by different process is called.	A. Wealthring B. Deltain C. Abrasion D. Inselterg
5	Rivers carries the brockes material and cut other rucks by the process of erosion.	A. Abrasion B. Inselgberg C. Fluvial D. Abrasion
6	When sea arch dictached from land by erosion is called.	A. Starch B. Cave C. Arch D. Beach
7	Weathering due to living organisms is known as.	A. Biologest walthring B. Chemical weathering C. Physical wealthring D. None of these
8	The most arid province of Pakistan is	A. Punjab B. Baluchistan C. KPK D. Sindh
9	Distance from crest to crest is called.	A. Crest B. Ampliude C. Wavelength D. Trough
10	When the soft rock are erouded somepletely by wind , the bard rocks remain behidn are called.	A. Yodang B. Inselteng C. Abrasion D. None of these
11	Acid rain due to pollution result in	A. Physical wealthring B. Chemical wealthering C. Biological wealthering D. None of these
12	Continous erosion is sea result in creating an opening called.	A. Head land B. Cave C. Beach D. Sea Arch
13	In mountain, valley of the river gettes decper an attain the shape of the.	A. V B. X C. W D. U
14	Rocks esquant is seaon.	A. Summer B. Spring C. Winter D. Autum
15	The lower part of the wave is called.	A. Crest B. Ampliude C. Trought D. Wavelength