

Geography 6th Class Chapter 6 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Swirling action of the stones develops holes in river bed called holes.	A. Pot B. Ox-bow C. meaders D. Water fall
2	Continous erosion is sea result in creating an opening called.	A. Head land B. Cave C. Beach D. Sea Arch
3	The most arid province of Pakistan is	A. Punjab B. Baluchistan C. KPK D. Sindh
4	The lower part of the wave is called.	A. Crest B. Ampliude C. Trought D. Wavelength
5	Rocks esquant is seaon.	A. Summer B. Spring C. Winter D. Autum
6	Acid rain due to pollution result in	A. Physical wealtring B. Chemical wealtring C. Biological wealtring D. None of these
7	Rivers carries the brockes material and cut other rucks by the process of erosion.	A. Abrasion B. Inselberg C. Fluvial D. Abrasion
8	The rocks by different process is called.	A. Wealtring B. Deltain C. Abrasion D. Inselterg
9	Cavities transform into by erosion.	A. Head land B. Cave C. Sea arch D. Beach
10	Distance from crest to crest is called.	A. Crest B. Ampliude C. Wavelength D. Trough
11	If wind carries encosolidated sediments with this process is called.	A. Absion B. Deltation C. Yardaug D. Bioebrty
12	When the soft rock are erouded somepletely by wind , the bard rocks remain behind are called.	A. Yodang B. Inselteng C. Abrasion D. None of these
13	When sea arch dictached from land by erosion is called.	A. Starch B. Cave C. Arch D. Beach
14	In mountain, valley of the river gettes decper an attain the shape of the.	A. V B. X C. W D. U
15	Weathering due to living organisms is known as.	A. Biologist waltring B. Chemical weathering C. Physical wealtring D. None of these

