Geography 6th Class Chapter 2 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The upper part of the fold is called.	A. Syneline B. Anticline C. Decline D. Incline
2	The average height of greater himaylayas.	A. 4000ft B. 6000 m C. 7000 m D. 8000 m
3	Rockies are located in.	A. Asia B. South America C. Europe D. North of America
4	Due to eresional work of glaciers.. shaped valleys, are formed.	A. W B. X C. U D. V
5	Islamabad is the capital of Pakistan that is located in the piedmont of.	A. Lesser Himalyas B. Siwalik Hills C. Pir Panjal D. None of these
6	River forms which type of valley.	A. U-Shaped B. W- Shape C. V- shape D. Y -shape
7	Rift wally is formed in which type of mountain.	A. Residual B. Folded C. Block D. Volcanic
8	The highest mountain range is the world is	A. Himalayas B. alps C. Andes D. Rockies
9	------------- mountain are produced by conergence of plates.	A. Volcanic B. Block C. Folded D. None of these
10	The highest mountain peakin th worldis	A. Nanga Perbat B. Mount Blanc C. Mount Everest D. K-2
11	K-2 is also known as.	A. Godwin Austen B. Mount Blanc C. Kohsar D. Nanga Parbat
12	The highest peak of Takht -e- Suleman is .... metres.	A. 3400 B. 3440 C. 3480 D. 3487
13	The average height of Lesser Himalayas.	A. 4000 m B. 6000 m C. 7000 m D. 8000 m
14	Rocky, uneven, sloppy and elevated surface is called.	A. Hill B. Peak C. Range D. Mountain
15	Inernal movement of earth along mounatins forms .... plateaus.	A. Continental B. Siwalik C. Intermoncane D. Piedmont

16	The highest peak of Hindukush mountain range is.	A. K- 2 B. Trich Mir C. Mountain Everest D. Sikaram
17	An elevated landmass with flat top and vertil slope is called.	A. Hill B. Plateau C. Mountain D. None of these
18	Elevation of mountain less than 900 m is called	A. Hill B. Peak C. Range D. Mountain
19	The plateaus, located of the foorhils of mouantian are called .... plateaus.	A. Continental B. Piedmon C. Siwalik D. Intermoncane