

## Mathematics 5th Class Chapter 2 English Medium Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The greatest numebr which divides two or more given numbers simultaneously is called.	A. LCM B. HCF C. Factorization D. Factor
2	The HCF of 20,48 and 56 is.	A. 4 B. 3 C. 5 D. 1
3	Prime factorization of 72 is	A. 2 x 2 x 2 x 3 x 3 B. 2 x 2 x 2 x 9 C. 8 x 3 x 3 D. 8 x 9
4	Prime factorization of 16 is	A. 2x8 B. 1 x 16 C. 2 x 2 x 2 x 2 D. 2 x 4 x 2
5	The HCF of two or more than two umbers, which have no common prime factor, is always.	A. 1 B. 10 C. 100 D. 1000
6	Prime factorization of 121 is	A. 11 B. 11 x 11 C. 12 x 1 D. 121
7	The LCM of 33,66 and 81 is.	A. 1770 B. 1872 C. 1782 D. 1287
8	LCM of 8,16 in	A. 8 B. 16 C. 28 D. 48
9	The greastest numebr which divides two or more given numbers simulataneously is called.	A. LCM B. HCF C. Factorization D. Factor
10	The smallaest number which divides 5,10,15 completelty is.	A. 15 B. 30 C. 40 D. 50
11	The HCF of two or more than two numbers, which have no common prime factor, is always.	A. 2 B. 1 C. 3 D. 4
12	The product of common prime factorization is called.	A. LCM B. Factorization C. HCF D. Factor
13	When we multiply any number by any other numebr , their product is calledof that number.	A. HCF B. Prime factoriation C. Factor D. Multiple
14	Common prime factors of 36 and 48 are	A. 2 x 2 x 3 x 3 B. 2 x 3 x 8 C. 2 x 2 x 3 D. 2 x 3 x 6
15	Numebr of methods to find HCF are.	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5

16	The greatest numebr which divides 40,80,60 completely is.	A. 20 B. 40 C. 60 D. 80
17	The common prime factor of 12,16,28 are.	A. 2, 2 B. 2, 2, 7 C. 2, 2,2,2 D. 2,2,3
18	HCF of 12,22,14 is.	A. 14 B. 22 C. 2 D. 12
19	Number of methods to find LCM	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
20	The smallest numebr which divides 11,33,66 completely	A. 1 B. 11 C. 33 D. 66