

## ICS Part 2 Statistics Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Data is defined as combination of	A. character and numbers B. characters and symbols C. numbers and symbols D. characters, number and symbols
2	The normal distribution is a bell shaped distribution.	A. Discrete B. Continuous C. Symmetrical D. Skewed
3	If mean of the sampling distribution is equal to the parameter then the estimator will be	A. biased B. consistent C. sufficient D. unbiased
4	The sum of deviations= $\Sigma(y-\hat{y})$ =	A. 0 B. 1 C. 10 D1
5	The variable, that forms the basis of estimation, is called	A. Regression B. Regressor C. Regressand D. Estimated
6	Estimation is of two types:	A. One sides and two sides B. Type I and type II C. Point estimation and interval estimation D. Biased and unbiased
7	The estimated regression line always passes through	A. origin C. x-axis D. y-axis
8	Keyboard, mouse and scanner are the devices	A. input B. output C. logical D. mini
9	The S.D of the sampling distribution of a statistics is called	A. Standard error B. Serious error C. Dispersion D. Difference
10	The Quartile deviation (Q.D) of a normal distribution is	A. 4/5 σ B. 5/4 σ C. 2/3 σ D. None of these
11	The straight line graph of the linear equation Y = a + bX, the slope will be upward it	A. b = 0 B. b < 0 C. b > 0 D. b ≠ 0
12	The process of dividing the objects into two mutually exclusive classes is called	A. Bichotomy B. Trichotomy C. Dichotomy D. Multichotomy
13	1 -&=nbsp;α is call:	A. Confidence coefficient B. Power of the test C. Size of the test D. Level of significance
14	The graph of a time series is called	A. histogram B. polygon C. straight line D. historigram
15	If sampling is done without replacement then= $\sigma$ =	
16	Question Image	A. y-intercept B. x-intercept

		C. slope D. none of these
17	Which hypothesis is always in an inequality form?	<ul><li>A. Simple hypothesis</li><li>B. Alternative hypothesis</li><li>C. Null hypothesis</li><li>D. Composite hypothesis</li></ul>
18	For a least squares linear trend Y = a + bx, the $\Sigma(Y - Y)^2 = 0$ when:	A. All the Y-values are positive B. All the Y-values lie on the line C. All the Y-values lie above the line D. None of these
19	An estimator is if its expected value is equal to the population parameter to be estimated	A. bad B. biased C. unbiased D. none of these
20	Study of the population is called	A. Parameter B. Error C. Statistic D. Census