PPSC Computer Science Topic 10 Programming Language

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	In a COBOL program the input output section is within the division	A. Identification B. Procedure C. Configuration D. Environment
2	Which of the following is most oriented to scientific programming.	A. FORTRAN B. COBOL C. BASIC D. RPG
3	Sequential file organization is most appropriate for which of following application.	A. grocery store cheackout B. Bank checking account C. Pay roll D. None
4	Which of the following file organization is most efficient for a file with a hinge degree of file activity.	A. Sequential B. ISAM C. VSAM D. B-Tree
5	Which of the following is not characteristics of COBOL	A. It is a very standardized langauge. B. It is a very efficient in terms of coding and execution C. It has limited facilities for mathematical notation D. It is very readable langage
6	All of the following are dis advantage of RPG except.	A. It is a very machine dependent langauge. B. It is very limited in scope C. Is not suited for complex problems rearing extensive programming logic D. All of the above are dis advantages
7	Which of the following is not one of the process that a high level language program must go through before it ready to be executed.	A. Translation B. Controlling C. lading D. Linking
8	A computer generated output that lets programmer follow the execution of their program line by line is a	A. Core dump B. Ltrace routine C. Predetail listing D. All of the above
9	In the evaluation of a computer language al of the following characteristics should be considered except.	A. Application oriented features B. Efficiency C. Readability D. Hardware maintenance costs
10	All of the following are disadvantage of RPG except.	A. It is a very machine dependent language. B. It is very limited in scope C. Is not suited for complex problems requiring extensive programming logic. D. All of the above are dis advantages
11	Which of the following is an example of problem oriented language.	A. BASIC B. PL/1 C. FORTRAN D. All above
12	Electronic spreadsheets are most useful in situating where relatively ....data must be input but...calculations are required.	A. little, simple B. large, simple C. large , complex D. little, complex
13	In Basic description comments are put in the source program with the.	A. Print statement B. REMARK statement C. INPUT Statement D. DATA Statement
	Which of the following is a type of the program that which level language program	A. Transition B.

14	Which of the following is not one of the process that a high level language program must go through before it is ready to be executed.	B. controlling C. Lading D. Linking
15	Electronic spread sheets are most useful n a situation where relatively data must be input but calculations are required.	A. Little, simple B. Large, simple C. Large, complex D. Little, complex
16	One dis advantage of a direct access file is.	A. The delay in computing the storage address. B. Duplication of address locations C. Unsued, but available, storage locations. D. All of above
17	Which of the following is not characteristic of COBOL	A. It is a very standardized language B. It is very efficient in terms of coding and execution C. It has limited facilities for mathematical notation D. It is very readable language
18	All of the following are divisions of the COBOL program except.	A. Input output B. Identification C. Procedure D. Data
19	Which of the following is not true of FORTRAON.	A. It was developed for scientific and mathematical application B. It is one of the oldest high level languages C. It is a problem oriented language D. All of above
20	A factor in the selection of a source language is.	A. Programmer skill B. Language availability C. Program compatibility with other software D. All of above