

PPSC Chemistry Part V Environmental Chemistry Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which of the following polymers is chlorinated.	A. Orlon B. Neoprene C. Dacron D. None of these
2	Which of the following statement is not correct with reference to cell constant.	A. The dimensions of cell constant is cm-1 B. It is used to determine the specific conductance C. It is measured with KCl solution D. Specific conductance does not vary with concentration.
3	Which of the following bonds will be non polar.	A. N - H B. O - H C. C - H D. C I - Cl
4	Which of the ionic possesses highest bond energy.	A. C-C B. Si -Si C. Ge - Ge D. Sn -Sn
5	Which of the following properties of a system does not change in a state of equilibrium.	A. Density B. Pressure C. Colour D. All above properties
6	Which of the following is not true as compared with alkaline earth metals.	A. Alkali metals are more reactive B. Alkali metals have lower density C. Alkali metals are more electro positiveness D. Alkali metals have stronger metallic bonds
7	Among the following statements in the nitration of aromatic compounds, the false one is.	A. The rate of nitration of benzene is almost the same as that of hexadeutero benzene B. The rate of nitration of toluene is greater than that of benzene C. The rate of nitration of benzen is greater than that of hexadeutero benzene. D. Nitration in an electrophite substitution reaction.
8	The volume of given mass of gas at constant pressure is directly proportional to the absolute temperature. This is a statement of.	A. Charles's law B. Boyle's law C. Avogadro's law D. Dalton's law
9	What is the oxidation number of the central meal atom in the coordination compound. [Pt(NH ₃) ₄ Cl]Cl	A. -1 B. 0 C. +2 D. +3
10	Which of the following is the most abundant alkaline earth metal.	A. Be B. Mg C. Ca D. Sr
11	The vitamin which is related to monossaccharides is.	A. Vitamin A B. Vitamin C C. Vitamin D D. Vitamin E
12	The common temperature detecting device in DTA are.	A. Thermocouples B. Thermopiles C. Thermistore D. All
13	In the metallurgy of iron, when limestone is added to the blast furnaced, the calcium ion ends up in	A. Slag B. Gangue C. Metallic calcium D. Calcium carbonate

14	Which of the following term refers to nearness between several measurements of the same quantity.	A. Accuracy B. Precision C. Standard error D. Standard error of mean
15	The technique which involves measurement of the changes in conductance of the solution by employing high frequency alternating current is known as.	A. Potentiometry B. Polarography C. Oscillometry D. Conductometry
16	Oxidative enzymes are responsible for	A. Biological processes B. Biological oxidation C. Biological hydrolysis D. Biological isomerisation
17	AlCl ₃ is used in	A. Manufacturing of petrol B. In borax bead test C. Preservation of food D. All above
18	Which of the following compounds is most acidic.	A. H ₂ O B. H ₂ S C. H ₂ Se D. H ₂ Te
19	Which of the following steps is not involved in chemical analysis.	A. Separation of sample in pure form B. Separation of the sample in the mixture form C. Preparation of sample for the analysis D. Validity of experimental results
20	Which of the following metals form volatile carbonyl with CO below 80 °C	A. Cu B. Fe C. CO D. Ni
21	α -pinene hydrochloride on warming rearranges to form bornyl chloride	A. Pinacol pinacolone B. Hofmann C. Wagner Meerwein D. Wolf
22	Lewis concept explains the formation of	A. Ionic bond B. Covalent bond C. Co-ordinate bond D. Chemical bond
23	According to SHAH concept the Lewis bases were classified on the basis of.	A. Charge ion size B. Polarization consideration C. Electron and co coordinating ability D. All of above
24	The electronegativity of phosphorus is.	A. 3.0 B. 2.1 C. 2.0 D. 1.9
25	The correct order of increasing polar character is.	A. H ₂ O < NH ₃ < H ₂ S < HF B. H ₂ S < NH ₃ < H ₂ O < HF C. NH ₃ < H ₂ O < HF < H ₂ S D. HF < H ₂ O < NH ₃ < H ₂ S
26	According to Fajans rules, which one of the following results in increased ionic nature of the covalent bond.	A. Larger cation and smaller charges on anion B. Larger cation and larger charge on anion C. Smaller cation and smaller charge on anion D. Smaller cation and larger charge on anion
27	Which of the following has hexagonal structure.	A. Sodium chloride B. Potassium chloride C. Diamond D. Graphite
28	Which of the following does not form a stable diatomic molecule.	A. Nitrogen B. Phosphorus C. Hydrogen D. Oxygen
29	For a chemical reaction A → products, the rate of the reaction doubles when the concentration of A is increased by 4 times. The order of the reaction is.	A. 0 B. 1 C. 1/2 D. 4
		A. Study of interactions between human activities and its environment

30	Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology.	<p>B. Industrial ecology seeks to optimize the total industrial materials cycle from virgin material to finished product</p> <p>C. Industrial impacts on the environment</p> <p>D. Economic system are viewed in isolating from their surrounding</p>
31	Which of the following is not an intensive property.	<p>A. Melting point</p> <p>B. Refractive index</p> <p>C. Entropy</p> <p>D. Density</p>
32	What is a coal that has been previously burned in an oxygen poor environment?	<p>A. Tuyere</p> <p>B. Coke</p> <p>C. Silver</p> <p>D. Diamond</p>
33	Which of the following is most basic.	<p>A. Aniline</p> <p>B. Benzylamine</p> <p>C. Diphenylamine</p> <p>D. N-methylaniline</p>
34	Which of the following energy is trapped by the autotrophic organisms.	<p>A. Mechanical energy</p> <p>B. Electrical energy</p> <p>C. Radiant energy</p> <p>D. Electronic energy</p>
35	Rutherford proposed the nuclear model of the atom to account for the result of experiments in which the alpha particles are scattered from metal foils. Which of the following statements is not related to Rutherford observation.	<p>A. An atom consists of central core or nucleus around which the protons exist.</p> <p>B. The nucleus has most of the mass of the atom</p> <p>C. the nucleus consists of protons and neutrons.</p> <p>D. Each distinct atom has a specific number of protons.</p>
36	DDT is	<p>A. Biodegradable pollutant</p> <p>B. Nondegradable contaminant</p> <p>C. Air pollutant</p> <p>D. An antibiotic</p>
37	Acute toxicity is expressed by the term	<p>A. LD50</p> <p>B. IC50</p> <p>C. 1/2</p> <p>D. Mean life</p>
38	If Steel is heated to a temperature well below red heat and to then cooled slowly the process is called.	<p>A. Annealing</p> <p>B. Quenching</p> <p>C. Tempering</p> <p>D. Nitriding</p>
39	Which of the following process is involved in the purification of crude metals.	<p>A. Liquation process</p> <p>B. Oxidation process</p> <p>C. Distillation process</p> <p>D. Electro refining</p>
40	Which of the following represents the correct order of ionic radii	<p>A. $La^{+} > Na^{+} > K^{+} > Rb^{+}$</p> <p>B. $Li^{+} > Na^{+} > K^{+} > Rb^{+}$</p> <p>C. $Li^{+} = Na^{+} = K^{+} = Rb^{+}$</p> <p>D. $Rb^{+} > Na^{+} > K^{+} > Li^{+}$</p>
41	The electronic configuration of some elements are given below. The element with highest electron affinity is	<p>A. 1s², 2s², 2p³</p> <p>B. 1s², 2s², 2p⁴</p> <p>C. 1s², 2s², 2p⁵</p> <p>D. 1s², 2s², 2p⁶</p>
42	Which of the following is not a pyrimidine base.	<p>A. Uracil</p> <p>B. Thymine</p> <p>C. Cytosine</p> <p>D. Guanine</p>
43	SO ₂ is generated from which of the following industry.	<p>A. Drying and packing</p> <p>B. Paper</p> <p>C. Pulp</p> <p>D. paper and pulp</p>
44	Different arrangement of groups in space which can be converted into one another by rotation around a single bond are called.	<p>A. Conformations</p> <p>B. Metameres</p> <p>C. Enantiomers</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
45	Regarding the internal energy of the molecules, which one of the following statements is not correct.	<p>A. It is the sum of vibration rotational and electronic energy</p> <p>B. It is a path function</p> <p>C. It is a state function</p> <p>D. It is an exact differential</p>

46	Cationic polymerization is initiated by	A. BF ₃ B. NaNH ₂ C. BuLi D. Both b and c
47	Complete hydrolysis of nucleotide results in the formation of.	A. Heterocyclic bases B. A pentose C. A phosphate ion D. All of these
48	Which name is associated with the rules which help in predicting the portability of anion.	A. Soddy B. Slater C. Fajan D. Linus Pauling
49	In the electrolysis of alumina, cryolite is added to.	A. Lower the melting point of alumina B. Increase the electric conductivity C. Minimize anode effect D. Remove impurities from alumina
50	The Lambert Beer law states that	A. Transmission is directly proportional to path length B. Transmission is directly proportional to concentration C. Absorbance is inversely proportional to transmission D. Absorbance is directly proportional to concentration.
51	π bond is formed	A. By the overlapping of atomic orbitals on internuclear axis B. By transference of electrons C. By sideways overlapping of half-filled p orbitals D. By overlapping of s-orbitals with p orbitals
52	Which one of the following has the biggest electron affinity.	A. F ₂ B. Cl ₂ C. Br ₂ D. I ₂
53	Which of the following statements is not correct with the concept of Brønsted concept of acids and bases.	A. An acid can donate a proton B. A base can accept a proton C. This concept has many bases that have OH ⁻ ions D. This concept is more general
54	A process in which no heat enters or leaves the system is called.	A. Isochoric B. Isobaric C. Adiabatic D. Reversible
55	H ₂ SO ₄ acts as agent	A. Reducing B. Oxidizing C. Both A and B D. None of above
56	The percentage of nitrogen in Urea is _____%	A. 46 B. 37 C. 82 D. 50
57	The concentration of OH ⁻ ions in a certain household ammonia solution is 0.0025. This ammonia solution is.	A. Basic B. Acidic C. Neutral D. None of above
58	Estimation of nitrogen in proteins is generally carried out by the method.	A. Duma's method B. Van Slyke method C. Kjeldahl's method D. Carius method
59	Chlorine is used in	A. Sterilization of water B. Extraction of gold C. Bleaching of cotton D. All above
60	The formula of sulphur sesquioxide	A. SO ₄ B. S ₂ O ₇ C. S ₂ O ₃ D. SO ₃
61	Which of the following expression is correct.	A. $C = n/RT$ B. $C = RT/n$ C. $RT = Cn$ D. $Cn = 1/RT$

62	Yellow colour of the flame is observed with	A. Calcium salt B. Barium salt C. Sodium salt D. Potassium salt
63	Ziegler -Natta catalyst is	A. $(C_2H_3)_3 Al$ B. $TiCl_4$ C. $(C_2H_5)_3 Al/TiCl_4$ D. $(C_2H_3)_3 B/TiCl_2$
64	The boiling point of water is unexpectedly high because.	A. H_2O molecule is linear B. sp^3 hydrogen bonding is involved in the formation of water C. There is hydrogen bonding and consequent association of H_2O molecules. D. Oxygen is the first member of the VI group
65	Solid substances consist of an ordered array of ions and solid as a whole is electrically.	A. Conductor B. Neutral C. Acidic D. Basic
66	The addition of HCl to 2-pentene gives	A. 3-Chloropentane B. 2-Chloropentene C. 2-Chloropentane D. 2-Chloro-2-methyl butane
67	A man has to think of alternate sources of energy due to	A. Shortage of vehicles B. Shortage of fossil fuels C. Construction of houses D. Running of power plants
68	A theoretical link between quantum mechanics and thermodynamics is.	A. Electrochemistry B. Kinetic theory of gases C. Spectroscopic analysis D. Statistical thermodynamics
69	Among alkali metals, the least metallic element is.	A. Li B. Na C. Rb D. Cs
70	Which of the following α -amino acids is not capable of exhibiting optical isomerism.	A. Glycine B. Leucine C. Arginine D. Alanine
71	Which of the following molecules belongs to C_{2v} point group.	A. H_2O B. H_2S C. NH_3 D. BF_3
72	The first ionization energy in electron volts of nitrogen and oxygen atoms are respectively given by.	A. 14.6, 13.6 B. 13.6, 14.6 C. 13.6, 13.6 D. 14.6, 14.6
73	In which of the following compounds does hydrogen bonding occur.	A. CCl_4 B. NaH C. HI D. NH_3
74	The unit of sound pressure level is	A. Pascal B. Decibel C. Newton D. Ampere
75	Example of pseudohalogen group.	A. Cyanogen B. Thiocyanogen C. Selenocyanogen D. All above
76	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to hardness of water.	A. It is due to soluble salts of Na B. It is due to soluble salts of Ca C. It is due to soluble salts of Mg D. It is due to soluble salts of Fe
77	Which of the following is not a symmetry element.	A. Plane of symmetry B. Inversion centre C. Improper rotation D. Optical activity
78	Orlon is a polymer of.	A. Styrene B. $CF_2 = CF_2$ C. Vinyl chloride D. Acrylonitrile

79	A stable molecule is a group of atoms held together by	A. Chemical forces B. Physical forces C. Valence force D. None of above
80	Which of the following is not a correct postulate of the kinetic theory of gases.	A. The molecules are in random motion B. The gaseous collisions are perfectly elastic C. The average kinetic energies of different gases are equal at a particular temperature. D. The pressure exerted on the walls of the container is due to inter molecular forces.
81	Which of the following statement is incorrect.	A. An alloy is a mixture of two or more metals B. An alloy is a mixture of two or more metal and non metal elements that have metallic properties C. An alloy has a fixed composition D. An amalgam is an alloy containing Hg
82	Of all the noble gases, easily available gases are	A. He & Ar B. He & Ne C. Ne & Ar D. Xe & Kr
83	Pick out the incorrect statement for XeF ₄	A. XeF ₄ disproportionate violently with water B. It is used as fluorinating agent C. It has octahedral structure for geometry D. It oxidizes I to I ₂
84	What refer to the casehardening process by which the carbon content of the steel ear the surface of a part is increased?	A. Carburizing B. Annealing C. Normalizing D. None of these
85	Main constituent of all inorganic matter	A. Carbon B. Silicon C. Tin D. Lead
86	Type of hybrid orbitals used by the chlorine atom in ClO ₂ is.	A. sp ² B. sp ³ C. sp D. None of these
87	Photochemical smog consist of excessive amount of X in addition to aldehydes ketones, PAN etc. X is.	A. Methane B. Carbon monoxide C. Ozone D. Carbondioxide
88	The most reactive alkali metal among the following is	A. Li B. Na C. Cs D. Rb
89	Which of the following statements regarding covalent bond is false.	A. The electrons are shared between atoms. B. The bond in non-directional C. The strength of the bond depend upon the extent of overlapping D. The bond formed may be polar or non-polar
90	Valence bond theory is also called as	A. Electron pair theory B. Band theory C. Electron gas theory D. Electron pool theory
91	Anything that influence the valence electrons will affect the chemistry of the element Which of the following factors does not affect the valency shell.	A. Valence principle quantum number in B. Nuclear charge (Z) C. Nuclear mass D. Number of core electrons
		A. Ion exchange B. Partition chromatography

92	TLC belongs to which of the following chromatographic techniques.	B. Partitions chromatography C. Adsorption chromatography D. Gel permeation
93	Relative order of acidity of oxy acid	A. $\text{HClO} > \text{HClO}_2 > \text{HClO}_3 > \text{HClO}_4$ B. $\text{HClO}_4 > \text{HClO}_3 > \text{HClO}_2 > \text{HClO}$ C. $\text{HClO}_3 > \text{HClO}_2 > \text{HClO} > \text{HClO}_4$ D. $\text{HClO}_2 > \text{HClO}_4 > \text{HClO}_3 > \text{HClO}$
94	Which of the following interaction is involved in solid phase extraction technique.	A. Van der Waals forces B. Dipolar attraction C. H bonding D. All of above
95	Which of the following is a mode of controlling pollution in big cities.	A. Cleanliness and less use of insecticides B. Proper disposal of organic wastes, sewage and industrial effluents C. Broader roads and shifting of factories out of the residential areas D. All of above
96	The Lewis formula of SOCl_2 , the total number of bond pairs and lone pairs of electron around sulphur are.	A. 2, 1 B. 2, 2 C. 3, 1 D. 3, 0
97	Which of the following statements is not correct about noble gases.	A. Their ionization energies are very high B. Their electron affinities are nearly zero C. They do not form any chemical compounds D. They are not easily liquefied
98	When HCl is titrated against NaOH, the pH at the equivalence point is.	A. zero B. > 7 C. < 7 D. 14
99	Correct order of increasing _____ I effect of groups is	A. $\text{NO}_2 > \text{CN} > \text{COOH} > \text{F}$ B. $\text{F} > \text{COOH} > \text{CN} > \text{NO}_2$ C. $\text{F} > \text{CN} > \text{NO}_2 > \text{COOH}$ D. $\text{CN} > \text{COOH} > \text{NO}_2 > \text{F}$
100	Number of unpaired electrons in Cu^{2+} ions are.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
101	How many unpaired electron are there in a strong field iron (II) octahedral complex.	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 4
102	The electrolytic method super passes all other methods due to.	A. Purity B. Cheapness C. Easy available D. All above
103	The separation efficiency of a column can be expressed in terms of number of.	A. Solvents used B. Theoretical plates C. Stationary phases D. Mobile phases
104	The equilibrium constants K_p and K_c are related as	A. $K_p = K_c P^{\Delta n}$ B. $K_p = K_c / P^{\Delta n}$ C. $K_s = K_p (RT)^{\Delta n}$ D. $K_x = K_p (P/RT)^{\Delta n}$
105	Which of the following test to used to find out whether the observed data differ significantly from the one obtained from theoretical distribution.	A. Chi square test B. F -Test C. Student's test D. Coefficient of variance
106	The correct order of ionization energies of alkali metals is.	A. $\text{Li} > \text{Na} > \text{K} > \text{Rb}$ B. $\text{Na} > \text{K} > \text{Rb} > \text{Li}$ C. $\text{Rb} > \text{K} > \text{Na} > \text{Li}$ D. $\text{Rb} > \text{K} > \text{Li} > \text{Na}$

A. Glycerol

B. Ethyl acetate

107	The soap and detergent are source of organic pollutants like.	B. Polyphosphates C. Sulphonated hydrocarbons D. All of these
108	All bond length in benzene are identical due to.	A. Resonance effect B. Inductomeric effect C. Electromeric effect D. Mesomeric effect
109	Arrange the following in order of increasing boiling point.	A. CH_3OH & CH_3Cl & RbCl & CH_4 B. CH_3OH & CH_4 & CH_3Cl & RbCl C. RbCl & CH_3Cl & CH_3OH & CH_4 D. CH_4 & CH_3Cl & CH_3OH & RbCl
110	Metals are	A. Transparent B. Translucent C. Opaque D. None of above
111	Glycine reacts with nitrous acid to form	A. Methyl amino B. Acetic acid C. Zwitter ion D. Glycollic acid
112	Has maximum property of catenation.	A. C B. Si C. Sn D. Pb
113	Which is the purest form of iron.	A. Pig iron B. Cast iron C. Wrought iron D. Steel
114	Which of the following steps is involved in quantitative analysis.	A. Sampling B. Conversion of the desired constituent into a suitable form per analysis. C. Measurement of some physical or chemicals property, on which the determination is based. D. All above steps
115	The orientation of a crystalline surface is confidently defined in terms of.	A. Lijima Indices B. Miller indices C. Clausen indices D. None
116	Which of the following analytical technique is used for separating similar substance by preferential adsorption or partition between two phases.	A. Distillation B. Dialysis C. Chromatography D. Solvent extraction
117	Apoenzyme is	A. Hydrolytic enzyme B. Oxidative enzyme C. Coenzyme D. Protein part of enzyme after removal of coenzyme
118	In group theory the triple degenerate set is denoted by	A. eg B. t_{2g} C. e_{2g} D. tg
119	IUPAC name of HCONH_2 is.	A. Methanamide B. Methanoylamine C. Ammoethanal D. Formanide
120	The solution of NaOH pH -10.46 contain $[\text{OH}^-]$	A. 2.0×10^{-4} B. 4.6×10^{-4} C. 4.6×10^{-2} D. 4.6×10^{-3}
121	The point group of XeOF_4 is.	A. C_{6v} B. C_{4h} C. D_{4h} D. D_{2h}
122	When Si is dipped with As, it becomes	A. Superconductor B. p-type conductor C. N-type conductor D. None of these
123	The maximum number of electrons in s,p,d and f sub shells are.	A. 2 in each B. 2, 6, 10, 18 C. 2, 6, 10, 14 D. 5 in each
		A. Carbon paper B. Filter paper

124	In which paper some additive is not added.	B. Filter paper C. Glazed paper D. Art paper
125	Variable electrovalency is due to the following reasons.	A. Unstable configuration of core B. Inset electron pair effect C. All of above D. None of above
126	VBT does not explain	A. Absorption spectra B. Color of transition metal ion C. Heat of formation D. All above
127	Sugar and common salt in a mixture can be separated through then process of.	A. Sublimation B. Distillation C. Ion exchange D. Crystallization from solution in ethanol
128	Solution with components which obeys Raoult's over the entire composition range are said to be.	A. Real solution B. Regular solutions C. Dilute solutions D. Ideal Solution
129	Are used as water repellents	A. Carbides B. Silicon C. Silicones D. Silicates
130	Which number of halogen family does not show positive oxidation state.	A. Fluorine B. Chlorine C. Bromine D. Iodine
131	Consider to violet colored compound. $[\text{Cr}(\text{OH})_2)_6 \text{Cl}_3$ and the yellow compound. $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_6]\text{C}_2\text{O}_4$ which of the following statements is false.	A. Both chromium metal ions are paramagnetic with 3 unpaired electrons. B. $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ is calculated directly form the energy of yellow light C. For $[\text{Cr}(\text{OH})_2)_6]^{3+}$ is less than for $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ D. The two complexes absorb their complementary colors.
132	Enzymes are	A. Complex non living compounds B. Living organisms C. Complex protein molecules D. Bacterial colonies
133	Albumin is classified as	A. Simple protein B. Conjugated protein C. Lipoprotein D. Derived protein
134	Among the elements of third period, the element with lowest boiling point belongs to group.	A. 1 B. 14 C. 16 D. 18
135	The following are primary alloying ingredients of Group H steel except.	A. Molybdenum B. Cobalt C. Chromium D. Tungsten
136	α - pinene hydrochloride on warming rearranges to form bornyl chloride. The rearrangement is known as.	A. Pinacol pinacolone B. Hofmann C. Wager Meierwein D. Wolff
137	Which of the following sets of quantum number is possible for an electron in a 4f orbital.	A. $n = 4, l = 3, m = 4, s = +1/2$ B. $n = 4, l = 4, m = +4, s = +1/2$ C. $n = 4, l = 3, m = +1, s = -1/2$ D. $n = 4, l = 4, m = +1, s = -1/2$
138	The Lewis formula of SOCl_2 the total number of bond pairs and lone pairs of electrons around sulphur are.	A. 2, 1 B. 2, 2 C. 3, 1 D. 3, 0
139	Which of the following water require zero hardness.	A. Boiler feed water B. Laundry water C. Paper mill water D. Dyeing water
140	Molecule of oxygen is	A. Diamagnetic B. Paramagnetic C. Both A and B D. None of above

141	What is the ratio of the maximum load in a tension test to the original cross sectional area of the test bar.	<p>A. $\frac{\text{Load}}{\text{Area}}$</p> <p>B. $\frac{\text{Load}}{\text{Volume}}$</p> <p>C. $\frac{\text{Load}}{\text{Length}}$</p> <p>D. $\frac{\text{Load}}{\text{Weight}}$</p>
142	Which of the following term is not used in pulping.	<p>A. Kappa number</p> <p>B. Copper number</p> <p>C. Bromine Number</p> <p>D. Octane Number</p>
143	The thermal conductivity of an SWNT along length is _____ watt/(m.k)	<p>A. 35</p> <p>B. 330</p> <p>C. 386</p> <p>D. 3500</p>
144	Ground water is threatened with pollution from which of the following source.	<p>A. Domestic wastes</p> <p>B. Industrial wastes</p> <p>C. Agricultural wastes</p> <p>D. All above</p>
145	Argon is used in filling of.	<p>A. Discharge tubes</p> <p>B. Luminous tube</p> <p>C. Fluorescent tubes</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
146	Sodium metal cannot be stored under	<p>A. Hexane</p> <p>B. Benzene</p> <p>C. Kerosene</p> <p>D. Ethanol</p>
147	Mostly used solvents for ionic compounds.	<p>A. Liquid ammonia</p> <p>B. Liquid SO₂</p> <p>C. Liquid HF</p> <p>D. All above</p>
148	The theoretical plate in chromatography is represented by how many equilibrium step	<p>A. One</p> <p>B. Two</p> <p>C. Three</p> <p>D. Four</p>
149	Molecules have zero dipole moment	<p>A. CO₂</p> <p>B. BCl₃</p> <p>C. CH₄ & CCl₄</p> <p>D. All above</p>
150	The most abundant metal in earth's crust is.	<p>A. Fe</p> <p>B. Al</p> <p>C. Ti</p> <p>D. Ca</p>
151	A colloidal system in which both the dispersion phase and dispersed phase are liquid is.	<p>A. Smoke</p> <p>B. Emulsion</p> <p>C. Whipped cream</p> <p>D. Mist</p>
152	A system is said to be in the colloidal state if the particle size of the dispersed phase ranges from	<p>A. 1 to 10 A</p> <p>B. 10 to 10000 A</p> <p>C. 10 to 100 A</p> <p>D. 1000 to 10000 A</p>
153	Which of the following statement is not related with direct use of solar energy.	<p>A. It is used for space heating of buildings</p> <p>B. It can be used to produce electrical power using photovoltaic cells</p> <p>C. It can be used to produce hydrogen gas</p> <p>D. It can be used start motor vehicle</p>
154	The relative error is usually expressed as	<p>A. Parts per ten</p> <p>B. Parts per one</p> <p>C. Parts per hundred</p> <p>D. Both C and D</p>
155	The exchange equilibrium in gas chromatography depends on.	<p>A. Solubility or absorbability of the sample</p> <p>B. The polarity of the stationary phase and analyte</p> <p>C. The degree of H bonding</p>

		D. All above factors
156	Select the major product obtained from the addition HBr to 1-methyl cyclohexene.	A. 1- bromo -2- methyl cyclohexane B. 6- bromo-1- methyl cyclohex - 1- ene C. 3- bromo-1- methyl cyclohex -1- ene D. 1- bromo-1- methyl cyclohexane
157	The agricultural field that produces maximum methane gas into atmosphere is	A. Wheat field B. Paddy field C. Cotton field D. Groundnut field
158	Which of the following elements display maximum tendency to form P Pi - p PI multiple bonds with itself and with carbon and oxygen.	A. N B. p C. Bi D. As
159	In 1952 who popularized the use of CFT for inorganic chemist	A. Bethe B. Orge C. Van Vleck D. Werner
160	In radial direction the thermal conductivity of a nano tube is _____ watt/(m.k)	A. 3500 B. 385 C. 0 D. 350
161	Suppose a sample is analyzed for a particular constituent by two different method One can tell whether the two average values are significantly different by applying which of the following test.	A. Student's test B. F test C. Chi square test D. Variance
162	The size of nanoparticles is between _____ nm	A. 100 to 1000 B. 1 to 100 C. 0.1 to 10 D. 0.01 to 1
163	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to limitations of Hammett equation.	A. It is only applicable to aromatic systems B. Only applicable to aliphatic systems C. It is not valid for m-substituent
164	Compounds formed when noble gasses get entrapped in the cavities of crystal lattices of certain organic and inorganic compounds are called.	A. Interstitial compounds B. Hydrates C. Clathrates D. Picrates
165	Which of the following detector is used for compounds containing electronegative atoms.	A. Mass specdtrometer B. ECD C. TCD D. UV-detector
166	Which of the elements of group II A has the highest value of IE.	A. Mg B. Be C. Ca D. Sr
167	The greater stability of bonzyl carbonium ion as compared to t-butyl carbonium ion is due to.	A. Inductive effect B. Resonance effect C. Electrometric effect D. All above
168	Which of the following statements is false about transition metals.	A. They form complexes B. They show variable valency C. All transition metal compounds are paramagnetic D. They form coloured ions
169	Which of the flowing operator combination would yield eight value equation	A. d/x (sin x) B. d/dx (cos x) C. d /dx (sin 4x) D. d /dx (cos 4x) E. d/dx (e ^x)
170	Potentiometry is based on the measurement of which physical property.	A. Electrical conductance B. Electrical potential C. Thermal conductance D. Current
171	Amino acids have	A. Acidic group B. Basic group C. Both of these D. None of these
172	A thionic acid	A. H ₂ S ₂ O ₃ B. H ₂ S ₂ O ₆ C. H ₂ S ₂ O ₈ D. H ₂ S ₂ O ₇

173	In the extraction of iron, the furnace charge consists of iron ore, coke and limestone. The function of limestone is to act as.	A. An oxidizing agent B. A reducing agent C. Flux D. Slag
174	A major constituent of materials one whose amount in the materials is	A. 1% or more B. 0.1% C. 0.01% D. 0.001 %
175	A molecule is said to be chiral	A. If it contains plane of symmetry B. If it contains centre of symmetry C. If it can be superimposed on its mirror image D. None of the above
176	The percentage of s-character in the hybrid orbitals sp, sp ² and sp ³ follows the pattern.	A. sp ³ > sp ² > sp B. sp > sp ² > sp ³ C. sp = sp ² > sp ³ D. sp = sp ² = sp ³
177	The key element to be considered when evaluating a health hazard is.	A. The amount of material the employee is exposed. B. The total time of exposure C. The toxicity of the substance D. All above
178	The formula of Bauxite is.	A. Al ₂ O ₃ B. Al ₂ O ₃ . 2H ₂ O C. Al ₂ O ₃ , H ₂ O D. Na ₃ AlF ₆
179	What is the advantage of quench hardening?	A. <p>Improved strength</p> B. <p>Hardness</p> C. <p>Wear characteristics</p> D. All of the choice
180	Boron and aluminum halides are electron deficient compounds in this respect. they act as.	A. Lewis acid B. Lewis base C. Oxidizing agent D. Reducing agent
181	In the Aluminothermite process, aluminium acts as.	A. An oxidizing agent B. A reducing agent C. A flux D. A Solder
182	Which of the following is not a characteristic of phthalocyanine dyes.	A. They are metal complex B. they are insoluble in water C. They have porphin nucleus D. They are used in photographic plates
183	Which of the following does not represent Lewis acid.	A. ZnCl ₂ B. FeCl ₂ C. BF ₃ D. BuI ₄
184	Bases and reducing agents are electron giving agents and also called as.	A. Electrodotic B. Electrophile C. Nucleophile D. None of above
185	Naphthalene balls are obtained from	A. Carbon B. Coke C. Coal Tar D. All of above
186	Domestic waste mostly constitutes	A. Non biodegradable pollution B. Biodegradable pollution C. Effluents D. Air pollution
187	Example of intra molecular hydrogen bonding.	A. O-nitrophenol B. O-hydroxy benzaldehyde C. O- hydroxy benzoic acid D. All of the above
188	Group III A of the periodic table consist of elemetns.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5

189	An emulsifier is an agents which	<p>A. Stabilizes an emulsion</p> <p>B. Homogeneises and emulsion</p> <p>C. Causes coagulation of an emulsion</p> <p>D. Helps in the formation of an emulsion</p>
190	Finely divided iron combines with CO to give.	<p>A. Fe(CO)₅</p> <p>B. Fe₂(CO)₉</p> <p>C. Fe(CO)₁₂</p> <p>D. Fe(CO)₆</p>
191	An induction of dipole or polarity in non polar bond, and consequent electron shifting along a chain of atoms is known as.	<p>A. Inductive effect</p> <p>B. Resonance effect</p> <p>C. Hyper conjugation</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
192	Which of the following functional groups is not involved in ion exchange chromatography.	<p>A. Weak acids</p> <p>B. Strong acids</p> <p>C. Strong bases</p> <p>D. Carbohydrates</p>
193	The half life period of any first order reaction.	<p>A. Is half the specific rate constant</p> <p>B. Is independent of the initial concentration</p> <p>C. Is always the same whatever the reaction</p> <p>D. Is directly proportional to the initial concentration of the reactant</p>
194	Among group IA elements, melting point	<p>A. Increases down the group</p> <p>B. Decreases down the group</p> <p>C. Do not show any regular trend</p> <p>D. Remains constant</p>
195	Environmental pollution refers to.	<p>A. Peeling of top soil</p> <p>B. Dissipation of energy</p> <p>C. Release of toxic materials in environment</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
196	Given $A + 3B \rightarrow 2C + D$ This reaction is first order with respect to reactant A and second order with respect to reactant B . If the concentration of A is doubled and the concentration of B is halved, the rate of the reaction would _____ by factor of _____	<p>A. Increase ,2</p> <p>B. Decrease ,2</p> <p>C. Increase ,4</p> <p>D. Decrease ,4</p>
197	The following statements are true except one which one.	<p>A. Carburizing does not harden a steel</p> <p>B. Flame and induction hardening require the use of hardenable steels.</p> <p>C. Quench –hardened steel does not require tempering to prevent brittleness</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
198	Which of the following health effect is caused by cadmium.	<p>A. Hypertension</p> <p>B. Cardiovascular problem</p> <p>C. Kidney damage</p> <p>D. All above</p>
199	Variable oxidation states is shown by	<p>A. Normal elements</p> <p>B. Metallic elements</p> <p>C. Non metallic elements</p> <p>D. Transition elements</p>
200	The chrome vanadium steels contain how many percent of vanadium.	<p>A. 0.15 to 0.30</p> <p>B. 0.05 to 0.15</p> <p>C. 0.30 to 0.45</p> <p>D. 0.45 to 0.60</p>
201	The coordination number of closely packed hexagonal is.	<p>A. 4</p> <p>B. 6</p> <p>C. 8</p> <p>D. 12</p>
202	The suffix '-ene' in the name of fullerene shows the presence of ____ in the molecule.	<p>A. One triple bond</p> <p>B. One double bond</p> <p>C. Two single bonds</p> <p>D. Two triple bonds</p>

203	Plane polarized light is affected by	A. Identical molecules B. All polymers C. Chiral molecules D. All biomolecules
204	The group H steels can be used n what temperature range.	A. 600 ^o C to 1100 ^o C B. 1000 ^o C to 1500 ^o C C. 1100 ^o C to 2000 ^o C D. 200 ^o C to 800 ^o C
205	The correct order of ionic radii for the following ions is.	A. S ²⁻ < Cl ⁻ < K ⁺ B. Cl ⁻ > S ²⁻ > P ³⁻ > K ⁺ C. K ⁺ > Cr > S ²⁻ > P ³⁻ D. P ³⁻ > S ²⁻ > Cl ⁻ > K ⁺
206	Attention should be focused on qualitative changes in particle properties as a function of.	A. Particle numebrs B. Particle mass C. Particle size D. Particle density
207	Volta metric technique using a dropping mercury electrode is called.	A. Amperometry B. Coulometry C. Polarography D. Potentiometry
208	Aromatic amine (X) was treated with alcoholic potash and another compound (Y) when foul smelling gas was formed with formula C ₂ H ₃ N (Y) was formed by reacting a compound (Z) with Cl ₂ in the presence of slaked lime . The compound (Z) is	A. C ₆ H ₅ NC B. CHCl ₃ C. CH ₃ CH ₂ OH D. C ₆ H ₅ NH ₂
209	Ozone filters out radiation below.	A. <div> o</div>1000 A B. <div> o</div><div>2000 A</div> C. <div> o</div><div>3000 A</div> D. <div> o</div>4000 A
210	Which treatment is done with pulp before delivering it to paper making machine.	A. Pulp is disperse din water to make slurry<div> </div> B. Mechanical refining or heating of the fibers C. Addition of chemical additives and recycled fibres from the waste paper plant D. All above
211	The reciprocal of the coefficient of viscosity in called.	A. Density B. Specific gravity C. Fluidity D. Conductance
212	Which of the following is not an androgen i.e. male sex hormones.	A. Androsterone B. Testosterone C. Oestrone D. All of these are make hormone
213	The increase in boiling points of noble gases from He to Xe is due to the	A. Decreases in ionization energy B. Increases in polarizability C. Increase in electron affinity D. Increase in atomic volume
214	Bioconversion of biomass can be used for.	A. Heating purposes B. Power production C. Methane production D. All of the above
215	The large increase in the rate of a reaction on rise in temperature is due to.	A. The lowering of activation energy B. The decreases in mean free path C. The increase in collision frequency D. The increase in the number of molecules having more than the threshold energy
216	The intensity of magnetization produced per unit strength of the applied magnetic field is called magnetic susceptibility., which of the following statements is not related with this phenomenon.	A. Confirmation of structure of given compound B. Complex stereochemistry C. Diamagnetic nature of molecules D. Paramagnetic nature of molecules.
217	The dipole moments of the given species are such that.	A. BF ₃ > NF ₃ > NH ₃ B. NF ₃ > BF ₃ > NH ₃ C. NH ₃ > NF ₃ > BF ₃ D. NH ₃ > BF ₃ > NF ₃
		A. Ag ion reacts to form complex with

218	It is known that AgCl is insoluble in HNO ₃ but dissolves readily in NH ₄ OH solution .Which of the following statement is not correct.	NH ₄ OH solution B. The concentration of Ag ion decreases C. Ionic product is less than the solubility product D. Ionic product is greater than solubility product
219	Ingold's isoprene rule states that in terpenoids isopren units are joined.	A. Head to tail B. Head to head C. Tail to tail D. In a random order
220	When a lead storage battery is discharged .	A. SO ₂ is evolved B. PbS is consumed C. Pb is formed D. H ₂ SO ₄ is consumed
221	According to the Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes, and ion moving in an atmosphere of oppositely charged ions experience a drag This effect is known as	A. Asymmetric effect B. Electrophoretic effect C. Inter ionic effect D. Concentration effect
222	When Phosphate rock Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ is converted to phosphorus.	A. One of the products of the reaction is water B. Sulphuric acid is added to generate insoluble calcium sulphate C. Hydrogen is used to reduce the phosphate to phosphorus D. Silica is added to form a calcium silicate slag
223	Hydrolytic reaction of fat with caustic soda is known as _____	A. Esterification B. Saponification C. Acetylation D. Carboxylation
224	A 2M solution of H ₂ SO ₄ would have how many moles of H ⁺ ion in one liter	A. 1.0 B. 2.0 C. 4.0 D. 5.0
225	pK _a value of hyponitrous acid is.	A. -7.0 B. 8.9 C. 4.1 D. 6.6
226	According to the Langmuir isotherm , when the pressure of the gas is very large, the adsorption.	A. Is directly proportional to pressure B. Is inversely proportional to pressure C. Is directly proportional to the square of the pressure. D. Is independent of pressure
227	Which of the following alkyl halide undergoes nucleophilic substitution reaction via the formation of a carbocation.	A. 1-chloro -2 methyl propane B. 2- chloro-2-methyl propane C. 2- chloro butane D. 1-Chloro, 3,3- dimethyl pentane
228	In plant noise control, which of the following method is used for reducing noise	A. Plant planning B. Control at the source C. Control of radiated noise D. All above
229	Which of the following has the maximum tendency to form complexes.	A. K B. Na C. Rb D. Li
230	In a bucky ball each carbon atom is bound in _____ adjacent carbon atoms.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
231	The attraction which exists between carbon dioxide molecules in solid carbon dioxide is due to.	A. Van der Waal's forces B. Molecule ion forces C. ionic bonds D. hydrogen bonds
232	When rain is accompanied by a thunderstorm, the collected rain water will have pH	A. Slightly lower than that of rain water without thunderstorm B. Slightly higher than that of rain water without thunderstorm C. Uninfluenced by occurrence of thunderstorm D. Which depends on amount of dust in air
		A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-

233	What is a process of producing a hard surface in a steel having a sufficiently high carbon content to respond to hardening by a rapid cooling of the surface?	<p>height: normal">Cyaniding<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Nitriding<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Flame hardening<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Stability<o:p></o:p></p></p>
234	The tyndall effect was used by Zsigmondy to device.	<p>A. The ultramicroscope</p> <p>B. The ultracentrifuge</p> <p>C. The osmometer</p> <p>D. Electrodialysis</p>
235	Xenon difluoride is obtained by irradiating a mixture of xenon and fluorine with light from a high pressure.	<p>A. Mercury arc</p> <p>B. Tungston arc</p> <p>C. Xenon arc</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
236	Atomicity of which of the following pair of elements is not same as hydrogen.	<p>A. Phosphorus, Nitrogen</p> <p>B. Nitrogen, Argon</p> <p>C. Nitrogen, iodine</p> <p>D. Iodine, sulphur</p>
237	Sodium silicate is ued	<p>A. In fire proofing of wood and textiles</p> <p>B. As a preservative of eggs</p> <p>C. As a furniture polish</p> <p>D. All above</p>
238	The glow of yellow phosphorous as is result of slow oxidation in air is called.	<p>A. Luminescence</p> <p>B. Chemiluminescene</p> <p>C. Bioluminescence</p> <p>D. Photolysis</p>
239	The ionic product equilibrium constant is.	<p>A. K_a</p> <p>B. K_b</p> <p>C. K_c</p> <p>D. K_w</p>
240	Oxygen and sulphur exist in state	<p>A. Free</p> <p>B. Combined</p> <p>C. <sub>Both free & combined</sub></p> <p>D. None of above</p>
241	The number of Glass products now manufactured is.	<p>A. 25,000</p> <p>B. 75,000</p> <p>C. 50,000</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
242	The correct order of acid strength is.	<p>A. $\text{HIO}_4 \text{ \> } \text{HBrO}_4 \text{ \> } \text{HClO}_4$</p> <p>B. $\text{HClO}_4 \text{ \> } \text{HBrO}_4 \text{ \> } \text{HIO}_4$</p> <p>C. $\text{HBrO}_4 \text{ \> } \text{HIO}_4 \text{ \> } \text{HClO}_4$</p> <p>D. $\text{HBrO}_4 \text{ \> } \text{HClO}_4 \text{ \> } \text{HIO}_4$</p>
243	In German Silver copper is alloyed with which metal.	<p>A. Zn</p> <p>B. Ni</p> <p>C. Ai</p> <p>D. Zn and Ni</p>
244	The silicate chains are present in	<p>A. Silica</p> <p>B. asbestos</p> <p>C. Beryl</p> <p>D. Clays</p>
245	CO belong to which group.	<p>A. C_{2v}</p> <p>B. D_{2h}</p> <p>C. C_{av}</p> <p>D. D_{ah}</p>
246	Phosphorus normally exhibit a covalency of.	<p>A. +1 and +2</p> <p>B. +2 and +3</p> <p>C. +3 and +4</p> <p>D. +4 and +5</p>
247	Air pollution is not caused by	<p>A. Pollen grains</p> <p>B. Hydroelectric power</p> <p>C. Industries</p> <p>D. automobiles</p>
248	The smallest cluster of carbon atoms in Bucky balls known till today consists of _____ carbon atoms.	<p>A. 75</p> <p>B. 20</p> <p>C. 60</p> <p>D. 15</p>

249	Titanium dioxide shows the lattice structure.	<p>A. Fluorite</p> <p>B. Rutile</p> <p>C. Wurtzite</p> <p>D. Zeolite</p>
250	The fertilizers which provide single nutrient from NPK are called _____ fertilizer	<p>A. Compound</p> <p>B. compound</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
251	What type of inter molecular force present in nylon-66?	<p>A. Vander wall</p> <p>B. Hydrogen bond</p> <p>C. Dipole -dipole interactions</p> <p>D. Sulphide linkage</p>
252	Which of the following statements is not related with Joule Thomson effect.	<p>A. Joule Thomson is an isenthalpic in nature</p> <p>B. H₂ and He show heating effect</p> <p>C. All gases show change in temperature</p> <p>D. The change in temperature depends on initial temperature and nature of the gas.</p> <p>E. Joule Thomson coefficient is defined as $\mu_{JT} = \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial P}\right)_H$</p>
253	A boy accidentally splashes a few drops of conc. H ₂ SO ₄ on his cotton shirt. A few minutes later, the splashed part blackens and holes appear. This is because of the sulphuric acid.	<p>A. Heats up the cotton so that it burns</p> <p>B. Dehydrates the cotton</p> <p>C. Causes cotton to react with oxygen of the air</p> <p>D. Removes the elements of water from cotton</p>
254	Temporary hard water is softened on industrial scale by adding.	<p>A. Mg(OH)₂</p> <p>B. Ca(OH)₂</p> <p>C. KOH</p> <p>D. NaOH</p>
255	The high oxidizing power of halogens is favored by.	<p>A. Low heat of dissociation of X₂</p> <p>B. A high electron affinity of the atom</p> <p>C. A higher hydration energy of the ion</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
256	Which of the following molecule does not contain the covalent bond between similar atoms.	<p>A. N₂H₄</p> <p>B. F₂O₂</p> <p>C. H₂F₂</p> <p>D. H₂O₂</p>
257	Which of the following reaction cannot be used for the synthesis of amino acids.	<p>A. Gabriel phthalimide</p> <p>B. Strecker's synthesis</p> <p>C. Sorensen synthesis</p> <p>D. Schmidt synthesis</p>
258	The depolarizer used in dry cell batteries is.	<p>A. NH₄Cl</p> <p>B. MnO₂</p> <p>C. KOH</p> <p>D. Na₂PO₄</p>
259	1 nanometre = _____ cm	<p>A. 10⁻⁹</p> <p>B. 10⁻⁸</p> <p>C. 10⁻⁷</p> <p>D. 10⁻⁶</p>
260	A drop of a liquid acquires spherical shape because of.	<p>A. Its viscous nature</p> <p>B. Capillary action</p> <p>C. The tendency to acquire minimum surface area</p> <p>D. Its shape</p>
261	Setting of cement is improved by	<p>A. Lime stone</p> <p>B. Clay</p> <p>C. Gypsum</p> <p>D. Water</p>
262	Which of the following is the cause of Brownian movement of colloidal particles.	<p>A. Convection currents in the fluid</p> <p>B. Bombardment by the molecules of the dispersion medium</p> <p>C. Settling of dispersed phase under gravity.</p> <p>D. Thermal gradient in the medium</p>
263	Which liberates H ₂ with NaOH	<p>A. B</p> <p>B. Al</p> <p>C. Zn</p> <p>D. All</p>

A. **Compound**

264	Ammonia when used directly as a fertilizer is to be injected about _____ under the surface to keep it from seeping out.	<p>bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">2 inches<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">4 inches<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">6 inches<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">10 inches<o:p></o:p></p></p>
265	Pick out the ideal conditions needed for the manufacture of H ₂ SO ₄ by contact process.	<p>A. Low temperature high pressure and high concentration of reactants</p> <p>B. Low temperature , low concentration of reactants and low pressure</p> <p>C. High temperature high pressure and high concentration of reactants</p> <p>D. Low temperature, low pressure and high concentration of reactants.</p>
266	When propyne is treated with aqueous H ₂ SO ₄ in the presence of HgSO ₄ the functional isomer of the major product obtained in.	<p>A. Propanal</p> <p>B. Acetone</p> <p>C. Propane 2 -nl</p> <p>D. Propanol</p>
267	Ammonium nitrate is sold as a mixture with	<p>A. Soda Ash</p> <p>B. Lime stone</p> <p>C. Zinc</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
268	The most harmful components of incomplete combustion are generally grouped as particulate polycyclic matter organic (PPOM) These materials are derivatives of .	<p>A. Benzene</p> <p>B. Naphthalene</p> <p>C. Benz a pyrene</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
269	Which of the following pairs does not represent Lowery acid base pair.	<p>A. H₂O+NH₃</p> <p>B. H₂O +H₂O</p> <p>C. HCL + H₂O</p> <p>D. CH₃NH₂ + BF₃</p>
270	Which of the following can act as a protective colloid	<p>A. Gelatin</p> <p>B. Silica gel</p> <p>C. Oil in water emulsion</p> <p>D. All three</p>
271	Zeigler Natta catalyst is.	<p>A. Pt/PtO</p> <p>B. TiCl₄/Al(C₂H₅)₃</p> <p>C. Pt/Rh</p> <p>D. Pt</p>
272	The diameter of hydrogen atom is. _____ nm	<p>A. 10</p> <p>B. 1</p> <p>C. 0.1</p> <p>D. 0.01</p>
273	If diesel has cetane number of 50 then the diesel index will be.	<p>A. 36</p> <p>B. 46</p> <p>C. 56</p> <p>D. 66</p>
274	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to electrode potential.	<p>A. Feasibility of a chemical reaction</p> <p>B. Rate of chemical reaction</p> <p>C. Nature of a chemical reaction</p> <p>D. Free energy of a chemical reaction</p>
275	Which of the following techniques does not belong to column chromatography	<p>A. TLC</p> <p>B. HPLC</p> <p>C. Electrophoresis</p> <p>D. Ion exchange</p>
276	Artificial nitrogen fixation may occur by the formation of.	<p>A. Nitric acid</p> <p>B. Ammonia</p> <p>C. Nitrides</p> <p>D. Any of above</p>
277	Which of the following is most acidic.	<p>A. Phenol</p> <p>B. p-nitrophenol</p> <p>C. o-Nitrophenol</p> <p>D. m-Nitrophenol</p>
278	Hybridization involves.	<p>A. Orbitals of same atom with slightly different energies.</p> <p>B. Orbitals of different atoms, but with equal energies.</p>

		<p>C. Orbitals of the same atom but with widely different energies.</p> <p>D. Orbitals of different atoms with different energies.</p>
279	HClO evolves Cl ₂ and O ₂ when dissolve	<p>A. Ca</p> <p>B. Ni</p> <p>C. Cu</p> <p>D. Any of above</p>
280	In graph of atomic volume versus atomic weight the elements corresponding to peaks in the curve belong to.	<p>A. Group 1</p> <p>B. Group 18</p> <p>C. Group 4</p> <p>D. Group 14</p>
281	Sterols are steroids having the functional group.	<p>A. Ketonic</p> <p>B. Alcoholic</p> <p>C. Phenolic</p> <p>D. Aldehydic</p>
282	Ozone depletion in stratosphere will result in	<p>A. Forest fires</p> <p>B. Increased incidence of skin cancer</p> <p>C. Global warming</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
283	In a standard Weston cell the cathode is	<p>A. Cadmium amalgam</p> <p>B. Mercury</p> <p>C. Platinum</p> <p>D. Carbon</p>
284	Which of the following does not belong in the group of heterocyclic dyes.	<p>A. Acridine</p> <p>B. Cyanine</p> <p>C. Methylene blue</p> <p>D. Amido black</p>
285	Amino acids are important in biochemistry which of the following statements is not correct regarding amino acids.	<p>A. These are amphoteric substances tend to undergo internal proton transfer</p> <p>B. In aqueous solutions these substances tend to undergo internal proton transfer</p> <p>C. These form zwitter ion in aqueous medium</p> <p>D. These always contain two amino groups.</p>
286	In group 17, the element with highest first ionization enthalpy belongs to.	<p>A. Period 1</p> <p>B. Period 2</p> <p>C. Period 7</p> <p>D. Period 6</p>
287	Deviation in a particular measurement is the difference between the measured value and the average value. The arithmetic mean of the different deviations observed in several measurements of the same quantity is known as.	<p>A. The standard deviation</p> <p>B. The average deviation</p> <p>C. Relative mean deviation</p> <p>D. variance</p>
288	Ferrochrom contains Cr up to	<p>A. 60-70%</p> <p>B. 70-80%</p> <p>C. 80-90%</p> <p>D. 40-50%</p>
289	The 'shape' of molecule XeF ₆ is.	<p>A. Pentagonal bipyramidal</p> <p>B. Regular octahedral</p> <p>C. Distorted octahedral</p> <p>D. Square planar</p>
290	The process of heating to redness and then slow cooling is known as	<p>A. Tempering</p> <p>B. Annealing</p> <p>C. Quenching</p> <p>D. Hardening</p>
291	Which of the following is not an acid radical	<p>A. Cl-</p> <p>B. Br-</p> <p>C. K+</p> <p>D. I-</p>
292	A minor constituent is one whose amount in the sample is	<p>A. 0.1 to 1 %</p> <p>B. 0.01 to 1%</p> <p>C. 1 to 10%</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
293	According to the Grothus-Draper law	<p>A. Only absorbed light is effective in producing photochemical changes</p> <p>B. Only light between certain wavelengths</p> <p>C. Light is effective only for photochemical reactions in solution</p> <p>D. The light absorbed is proportional to</p>

		D. The light absorbed is proportional to its intensity
294	Zero group elements are called as	A. Inert gases B. Rare gases C. Noble gases D. All of above
295	Which of the following trihalides of nitrogen behaves as the weakest base.	A. NF ₃ B. NCl ₃ C. NBr ₃ D. NI ₃
296	A well packed column may hve	A. 100 plates /m B. 1000 plates /m C. 10 plates /m D. 10,000 plates/m
297	Which of the following solution has pH= 11?	A. 1 X 10 ⁻¹¹ m NaOH B. 1 x 10 ⁻¹¹ m HCl C. 1 x 10 ⁻³ M NaOH D. 1 X 10 ³ M NaOH
298	Which of the following is a component of soap.	A. Sodium sulphate B. Sodium stearate C. Sodium chloride D. Sodium bromide
299	Which of the following is not a component of flame photometer.	A. Pressure regulator and flow meter B. The atomizer C. The burner D. Hallow cathode lamp
300	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to the role of matter undergoing decomposition.	A. Decomposed matter increase soil fertility B. They provide a texture which is favorable for plant growth C. Organic compounds for complexes with mineral nutrients which enhance uptake by plants. D. In high concentration the decomposition product may increase the photosynthesis
301	The IUPAC name of HCOOCH ₃ is.	A. Methoxy methanol B. Ethanoic acid C. Methyl methanoate D. Methoxy methane
302	Which of the following agrochemical acts as pollutant.	A. Fertilizers B. Weedicides C. Herbicides D. All above
303	Which type of organic compounds does fat belong to.	A. Alkene B. Ester C. Alkanol D. Alkanoic acid
304	The entropy of the universe	A. Tends towards a maximum B. Tend towards a maximum C. Tends to be zero D. Remains constatn
305	The units of surface tension in SI system are	A. Joule m ⁻¹ B. Newton m ⁻¹ C. Erg cm ⁻¹ D. Dynes cm ⁻²
306	D(+) glyceraldehydes has the absolute configurion.	A. E- B. S- C. E- D. Z-
307	The phenomenon of x-ray diffraction was studied by	A. Huygen B. Bragg C. Max Planck D. None of above
308	Which of the following iso electronic spices has the highest IE.	A. Ne B. Na ⁺ C. F D. O ²⁻
309	The common host compound for the formation of inclusion compound is.	A. Urea B. Thiourea C. Cholic acid D. All above

310	The commonly used catalyst in the manufacture of H_2SO_4	A. Fe_2O_3 with a little CuO B. V_2O_5 C. Platinized asbestos and MgSO_4 D. All above
311	Magnesium burns in air to give.	A. MgO B. MgCO_3 C. Mg_3N_2 D. Both A and C
312	The noble gases which does not form any clathrates is.	A. He B. Ne C. Argon D. Both He and Ne
313	The group of steel are water hardened tool steels.	A. Groups S B. Groups W C. Groups O D. Group F
314	What is the scaling off of a surface in flakes or layers as the result of corrosion?	A. Corrosion fatigue B. Scaping C. Fretting D. Fretting
315	The maximum degree of freedom for a pure substance under equilibrium constitutions is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. zero
316	Alpha hematite nano tubes show dimensional magnetic ordering at temperature lower than 300 K.	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3
317	In coordination chemistry the donor atom of a ligand is.	A. A Lewis acid B. The counter ion C. The central metal atom D. The atom in the ligand that shares an electron pair with the metal
318	Which of the following compounds has highest boiling point.	A. HI B. HF C. HBr D. HCl
319	The height to which a liquid will rise in an open capillary tube is inversely proportional to.	A. Temperature of the liquid B. Surface tension C. Density of the liquid D. Air pressure
320	The number of significance figures in the number 80.7 is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
321	Compounds HCN and HNC are.	A. Tautomers B. Metamers C. Functional isomers D. Conformers
322	The atomic and ionic radii value on moving from left to right in the series.	A. Increase B. Decrease C. Does not change D. None of above
323	Complexing reactions are useful for which of the following method of analysis	A. Gravimetry B. Spectrophotometry C. Interfering ions masking D. All of the above
324	Is a peroxy acid	A. H_2SO_5 B. $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_6$ C. H_2SO_4 D. $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_7$
325	Flourine differs from the other members of its own group due to	A. Its small size and low bond energy B. Its higher electronegativity C. None-availability of d-orbitals in its

325	_____ members from the outer members of the same group add to.	<p>C. None of the above</p> <p>D. All the above</p>
326	_____ remove the remaining color producing a water white sugar syrup	<p>A. Carbon filters</p> <p>B. Centrifuge</p> <p>C. Annealing</p> <p>D. Refining</p>
327	The suffix "ate" at the end of the name of the compound signifies that it is.	<p>A. Cation</p> <p>B. Anion</p> <p>C. Neutral</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
328	O ₂ molecule is.	<p>A. Ferromagnetic</p> <p>B. Paramagnetic</p> <p>C. Paramagnetic</p> <p>D. Diamagnetic</p>
329	An auxochrome is a group which	<p>A. Absorbs in UV region</p> <p>B. Absorbs in visible region</p> <p>C. Absorbs in IR region</p> <p>D. Increase absorption wavelength of chromophore</p>
330	Yellow green flame is observed with	<p>A. Calcium salt</p> <p>B. Barium salt</p> <p>C. Strontium salt</p> <p>D. Sodium salt</p>
331	The atomic number of Potassium is 19 and that of manganese is 25. Although the colour of MnO ₄ is dark violet yet the K ⁺ is colourless. This is due to the fact that	<p>A. Mn is a transition element while K⁺ is not</p> <p>B. [MnO₄]⁻ is negatively charged while K⁺ has a positive charge</p> <p>C. The effective atomic number of Mn is [MnO₄] is 26 while for K⁺ the atomic number is 18</p> <p>D. The Mn in a high positive oxidation state allows charge transfer transitions</p>
332	In which of the following compound valency of carbon is 4 but its oxidation number is zero	<p>A. Methane</p> <p>B. Carbon dioxide</p> <p>C. Carbon monoxide</p> <p>D. Formaldehyde</p>
333	The nutrients which are required in very small amount for the normal growth of plants are called.	<p>A. Nitrogenous fertilizers</p> <p>B. Micronutrients</p> <p>C. Phosphorus fertilizer</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
334	Pick out incorrect statement.	<p>A. NF₃ molecule has trigonal pyramidal structure.</p> <p>B. It is practically insoluble in water and is only hydrolyzed, an electric spark is passed through a mixture with water vapour.</p> <p>C. Dipole moment of NF₃ is more than that of NH₃</p> <p>D. Nitrogen (III) oxide (N₂O₃) is an acidic oxide.</p>
335	The most widely used method of extracting metal ions is the formation of a chelate molecule with an organic chelating agent. The chelating agents are.	<p>A. Strong acids</p> <p>B. Strong bases</p> <p>C. Weak bases</p> <p>D. Weak acids</p>

336	Which process of adsorption of hydrogen on palladium is known as.	A. Syneresis B. Occlusion C. Diffusion D. Erosion
337	Colloids can be purified by	A. Peptization B. Coagulation C. The Breeding are method D. Dialysis
338	Which of the following oxides is amphoteric..	A. CaO B. BaO C. BeO D. MgO
339	One arm of each t-RNA terminates in the base sequence.	A. UGU B. GGC C. ACT D. CCA
340	Granulated sugar also known as.	A. Brown sugar B. Refined sugar C. White sugar D. None of these
341	The diameter of fly ash particles is._____ micro meter	A. 5-10 B. 10-20 C. 20-30 D. 100
342	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to errors in flame photometry.	A. Errors rising form the phenomena developed in the Hollow cathode lamp B. Background effect C. Errors arising from test element itself D. Spectral interference
343	Pick out the incorrect statement for Xe F6	A. XeF6 is hydrolyzed practically to form XeOF4 B. It reacts with SiO2 to form Xe F4 C. On complete hydrolysis, it forms XeO3 D. It acts as F acceptor when treated with alkali metal fluoride, but cannot act as F donor to form complexes.
344	Helium is used in weather balloons and airships instead of H2 because it is.	A. Lighter than hydrogen B. Incombustible C. More abundant than hydrogen D. Radiactive
345	Phosphorus has the oxidation state of +3 in	A. Orthophosphoric acid B. Hypophosphoric acid C. Metaphosphoric acid D. Orthophosphorus acid
346	30 mL of an acid solution is neutralized by 15 mL of 0.2 N base. The strength of acid solution is.	A. 0.1 N B. 0.15 N C. 0.3 N D. 0.4 N
347	Formula of orthophosphoric acid.	A. H2PO4 B. H3PO3 C. H3PO2 D. H4P2O5
348	Chlorofluorocarbon are widely used as coolants in.	A. Air conditioners B. Clearing solvents C. Aerosol propellant's D. All above
349	A trace constituent is one whose amount in the sample is.	A. < 10% B. < 010% C. < 1.0% D. < 0.01 %
350	Which of the following statement is not true in case of catalytic reforming.	A. High temperature results in loss of reformat yield B. High naphthenic stock require high space velocity C. Presence of water decrease the hydrocracking activity. D. None of above
351	Which of the following is not an ore of Cr.	A. Chrome iron B. Nicollite C. Crociste D. Chrome ochre
352	Which of the following methods is used for arsenic analysis	A. 1 -10 mg or < 50 ml B. 10-20 mg or > 50 mL

352	Which of the following quantity is correct for micro analysis.	C. 50-100 mg or less; 100 mL D. None of above
353	The atomic number of potassium is 19 and that of manganese is 25. Although the colour of MnO_4^- is dark violet yet the K^+ is colourless. This is due to the fact that.	A. Mn is a transition element while K^+ is not B. $[MnO_4]^-$ is negatively charged while K^+ has positive charge C. The effective atomic number of Mn is $[MnO_4]^-$ is 26; while for K^+ the atomic number is 18 D. The Mn is a high positive oxidation state allows charge transfer transitions.
354	In order to increase the rate of the reaction one should.	A. Increase the concentration of products B. Decrease the concentration of reactants C. Decreases the concentration of products D. Both C and D statement are correct
355	Which of the following steps is involved in the metallurgy of aluminium.	A. Purification of bauxite B. Electrolytic reduction of alumina C. Refining of aluminum D. All above
356	Combination of α -amino acid through which linkages results in formation of protein	A. Ester linkage B. Glycosidic linkage C. Lactum linkage D. Peptide linkage
357	Select the correct IUPAC name for $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{2+}$	A. Hexammoniacobaltate (II) ion B. Hexaamminecobaltate (II) ion C. Hexammoniacobalt (II) ion D. Hexaamminecobalt (II) ion
358	The most stable oxidation state of chromium is.	A. +6 B. +3 C. +4 D. +2
359	Which of the following process always involve the decrease in oxidation number.	A. Hydrolysis B. Electrocomposition C. Oxidation D. Reduction
360	Inter halogens are of types.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
361	Which of the following technique is based on deposition of the analyte at appropriate electrode by the passage of the electric current.	A. Chromatography B. Dialysis C. Electrodeposition D. Solvent extraction
362	Graphite is a good conductor of electricity because is.	A. Has sp^2 hybridized carbon atoms B. Has free electrons C. Is crystalline D. Has free atoms
363	Which of the following is class of nanorods	A. metals B. alloys C. Metal oxide and Metal sulphite D. All of the above
364	Which of the following enthalpies is always negative.	A. Enthalpy of melting B. Enthalpy of combustion C. Enthalpy of solution D. Enthalpy of formation
365	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to limitations of flame photometry.	A. Low energy of the exciting source B. Liquid samples are generally used C. Can be employed for direct detection of halides or inert gases D. It does not provide information about the molecular forms of metals.
366	The decomposition of dimethyl ether at 504 °C is first order with a half-life of 1570 seconds. What fraction of an initial amount of dimethyl ether remain after 47.10 seconds.	A. 1/3 B. 1/6 C. 1/8 D. 1/16
367	All cycle engines working reversibly between same temperature of source and sink have the same efficiency. This is the statement for the.	A. Carnot cycle B. Carnot theorem C. Carnot theorem D. Second law of thermodynamics

A. +1

368	The most common oxidation state of alkaline earth metals is.	B. +2 C. -2 D. -1
369	What element is added to copper to increase its strength and fatigue properties.	A. Silicon B. Aluminium C. Beryllium D. Copper
370	A correct reaction mechanism for a given reaction usually is.	A. The same as the balanced chemical equation B. Obvious if its heat of reaction is known C. Sometimes difficult to prove D. Obvious if the activation energy is known
371	Which of the following method is used for the concentrating of ores.	A. Gravity separation B. Magnetic concentration C. Froth floatation D. Electrostatic concentration E. All
372	If a chemical reaction in equilibrium is subjected to a change the reaction tends to move in such a direction that the effect of the change would be neutralized This is a statement of.	A. Law of mass action B. Le Chatelier's principle C. Henry's law D. Correspondence principle
373	Which of the microscope techniques is similar to the Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM)	A. Scanning Electron Microscopy B. Scanning Tunneling Microscopy C. Transmission Electron Microscopy D. None of the above
374	Which of the following cause water pollution.	A. Smoke B. Automobile exhausts C. Aeroplanes D. Silt and pesticides
375	The expected specific waste of food industry is.	A. Meats B. Nuts C. Fats or Oils D. All above
376	Which of the following is not correct criteria for an ideal solution.	A. Enthalpy of mixing = 0 B. Volume of mixing = 0 C. Free energy of mixing = 0 D. Obeys Raoult's law
377	Zero group of the periodic table consists of.	A. Four elements B. Five elements C. Six elements D. Eight elements
378	Carbon and Hydrogen are estimated by	A. Liebig's method B. Kjeldhal's method C. Carries method D. None of the above
379	In reverse phase chromatography which of the analyte will be retained more on the stationary phase.	A. Semi polar B. Non polar C. Polar D. None of the above
380	Phosphorus is detected by fusing the organic compound with -----followed by extraction with H ₂ O	A. HNO ₃ B. H ₂ SO ₄ C. Sodium peroxide D. Ozone
381	Which of the following concentration term is used in respect of standard solutions.	A. Normality B. Formality C. Molarity D. All of above
382	The reagent which can be used to distinguish acetophenone from benzophenone is.	A. 2,4 -dinitro phenyl hydrazine B. Li AlH ₄ C. Benedict reagent D. I ₂ and Na ₂ CO ₃
383	Which of the following pose threat to historical monument Taj.	A. Floods in Yamuna river B. Temperature mediated spoilage of marble C. Air pollutants from Mathura refinery D. Weathering of marble
384	H-Bond has more energy than the van der Waals forces i.e.	A. 1.0 kcal/mole B. 2.0 kcal/mole C. 10.0 kcal/mole D. 20.0 kcal/mole

385	When calcium is heated in the flame of a Bunsen burner, the colour imparted to the flame is.	A. Golden yellow B. Brick red C. Crimson red D. Grassy green
386	Which cast iron is hard and wear resistant.	A. Grey iron B. White iron C. Malleable iron D. None of these
387	An optically active compound	A. Must contain at least favour carbons B. When in solution rotate the plane of polarized light C. Most always contain an asymmetric carbon atom D. In solution always give negative reading in polarimetre
388	Which of the following substances act as pollutant.	A. Oils B. Greases C. Toxins D. All above
389	Boric Acid is used	A. In manufacture of pottery glaze B. In medicine as an antiseptic C. In tanning industry D. All above
390	Which of the following configuration is associated with biggest jump between second and third IE.	A. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^2$ B. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6, 3s^1$ C. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6, 3s^2$ D. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6$
391	When a strong beam of light is passed through a colloidal solution, the light will	A. Be reflected B. Be scattered C. Pass unchanged D. Be dispersed
392	Aluminum occurs in nature as.	A. Native B. Combined form C. Both native and combined D. Free
393	A colloidal system in which a liquid is dispersed in a solid is called a/an	A. Emulsion B. Sol C. Gel D. Precipitate
394	The number of coordinates required to specify the position of all the atoms in a molecule is called number of degree of freedom. The vibration degrees of freedom of a linear molecule containing N atoms are	A. $2N-5$ B. $2N-6$ C. $3N-5$ D. $N-6$
395	Which of the following is most soluble in water.	A. BaSO_4 B. SrSO_4 C. CaSO_4 D. MgSO_4
396	Citral when heated with KHSO_4 forms.	A. Isoprene B. p-cymene C. p-menthane D. Dipentene
397	For each value of l. the number of m velocity are.	A. n^2 B. $2l$ C. $(2l+1)$ D. $(n+1)$
398	Which one of the following sets of elements has the strongest tendency to form positive ions in gaseous state.	A. Li, Na, K B. F, Cl, Br C. Be, Mg, Ca D. O, S, Se
399	Elements in the same vertical group of the periodical have same	A. Number of electron B. Atomic number C. Number of valence elections D. Electronic configuration
400	Visible light is just a portion of radiation emitted by atoms. Which of the following statements is not related with visible light.	A. visible light is electromagnetic in nature. B. It travels with the speed of light C. It is a mass D. The wave number of light is directly proportional to its wave length.
401	Which of the following pairs of fundamental particles are present in equal numbers in a	A. Proton and neutron B. Proton and positron

	neutral atom.	C. Electron and proton D. Neutron and electron
402	Used in Geiger counter to detect radioactivity	A. He B. Ne C. Ar D. Kr
403	How much amount of NaOH is required to prepare 100 mL of 1 N solution.	A. 80 g B. 4 g C. 40 g D. zero
404	For highly paraffine , crude oil, the characterization factor will be in range of	A. 11.5-12.5 B. 12.5-13.0 C. 13.5-14.0 D. 13.4-15.0
405	Which of the following elements has the highest density.	A. Mg B. Na C. K D. Rb
406	What element is the most abundant by mass in the Earth's crust.	A. Fe B. H C. O D. K
407	The maximum noise level at which a man can work for 8 hours is.	A. 80 dB B. 70 dB C. 90 dB D. 60 dB
408	Which of the following is major sink for carbo monoxide.	A. Water B. Soil C. Animal respiration D. Salts dissolved in ocean water
409	Both the elements are typical non metals.	A. B & Al B. B & Si C. Al & Si D. Any of above
410	The pKa of an acid having ionization constant 1×10^{-5} is	A. -5 B. 5 C. 9 D. -9
411	What ASTM test for tension is designated for plastics.	A. A 370 B. D 638 C. E 292 D. None of these
412	Which metal burns in air at high temperature with the evolution of much heat.	A. Cu B. Hg C. Pb D. Al
413	Petroleum is mixture of	A. Petrol B. Diesel C. Petroleum D. All of these
414	Which of the following type of polymerization is used for the preparation of synthetic rubber.	A. Free radical B. Ziegler natta C. Cationic D. Anionic
415	Which one of the following set of raw material is most suitable for manufacture of urea.	A. CH_4N_2 and CO_2 B. H_2CO_2 and H_2O C. H_2O N_2 and H_2 D. H_2O N_2 AND KCl
416	A high frequency sound has frequency	A. 100 Hz B. 200 HZ C. 300 Hz D. 500 Hz

417	In which pair of species, the Lewis formula contain same number of Lone pairs and bond pairs but they are not iso electronci.	A. O ₂ , B ₂ B. SO ₂ , O ₃ C. PCI ₃ , BF ₃ D. SOCl ₂ , COCl ₂
418	Which of the following techniques involve gas as the mobile phase.	A. HPLC B. GLC C. TLC D. Paper chromatography
419	In the presence of dilute alkali monosaccharides undergo reversible isomerisation . The reaction known as.	A. Kiliani reaction B. Weermann rearrangement C. Lobry de Bruyn Van Ekenstein rearrangement D. Mutarotation
420	Which is not a pollutant from the exhaust of motor.	A. Hydrocarbons B. Carbon monoxide C. NO _x D. Fly ash
421	Which one of the following is natural polymer.	A. Starch B. Nylon-6 C. Neoprene D. Buna-S, SBR
422	How many sigma and pi bonds are there in a CO ₂ molecule.	A. 2 sigma B. 2 sigma and 4 pi C. 2 sigma and 2 pi D. 4 sigma and no pi
423	Which of the following fuel is used in flame photometry.	A. Hydrogen gas B. Acetylene gas C. Methane D. Propane E. All above
424	Beside the common silica based SPE particles, polymer supports are also available They have advantages over silica based SPE particles, Which of the following reason is possible.	A. These are stable over a wide pH range. B. These do not possesses residual silica groups C. These are designed to be wettable and have high capacity than silica base particles. D. All above
425	The mole of photon is known as	A. Quantum B. Eienstein C. Energy Packet D. None of the above
426	The percentage of nitrogen in ammonia is _____%	A. 32 B. 82 C. 25 D. 55
427	What is use of the addition of brine solution in the production of soap from castor oil and sodium hydroxide.	A. To speed up the reaction B. To lower the solubility of soap C. To remove unreacted castor oil and sodium hydroxide D. To increase the purity of the soap obtained.
428	The bond length of C = C is	A. 1.20 Å B. 1.34 Å C. 1.54 Å D. 1.68 Å
429	Which of the following radical is not a member of III group	A. Al ³⁺ B. Fe ²⁺ C. Ca ²⁺ D. Fe ³⁺
430	In a system of designating wrought aluminum alloys a sour digit number is used what does the first digit indicate.	A. The purity of aluminum B. The identity of the alloy C. The alloy group D. All of above
431	In terms of the amount of the substance adsorbed per gram of the adsorbent (x/m), and pressure p of the gas, the Freudlich adsorption isotherm is represented as.	A. $x/m = k/p^{1/n}$ B. $x/m = kp^{1/n}$ C. $p = k (x/m)^{1/n}$ D. $x/m = (k/p)^{1/n}$
432	Used in TV sets and sound movies to give ready response to electrical potential	A. He B. Ne C. Ar D. Kr

433	The substance that can form the glassy non-crystalline structure is called.	A. Stabilizers B. Fluxes or modifiers C. Formers D. None of these
434	Separation of isotopes of uranium is carried out by	A. CaF ₂ B. SF ₆ C. HF D. All above
435	The process of extracting a metal in pure form its ores is known as.	A. Crushing B. Grinding C. Dressing D. Metallurgy
436	The product obtained on heating n-heptane with Cr ₂ O ₃ ____ Al ₂ O ₃ at 600 °C is.	A. Cycloheptane B. Methyl cyclohexane C. Benzene D. Toluene
437	Four elements A, B, C, D have atomic numbers Z, 1, Z, Z + 1 and Z + 2 Respectively If Z is 9, then bond between which pair of elements will be ionic.	A. A and C B. D and C C. D and B D. B and C
438	Keeping in view the periodic law and periodic table, suggest which of the following elements should have maximum electronegative character.	A. Oxygen B. Nitrogen C. Fluorine D. Astatine
439	Cement is a mixture of	A. Clay and clinker B. Clay limestone and gypsum C. Limestone and gypsum D. Binder
440	Who proved that all the six hydrogen atoms in benzen are equivalent.	A. Kekule B. Ladenburg C. Faraday D. Wohler
441	Which of the following pollutants does not leave a residue.	A. Air pollutant B. Chemical pollutant C. Soil pollutant D. Noise pollutant
442	Which of the following is an alloy of copper	A. Brass B. Bronze C. Monel metal D. All
443	The isoelectric point of a protein or amino acid to.	A. pH at which it does not have any charge B. pH at which it does not have net charge and does not migrate in electric field C. pH at which the concentration of cation is greater than amino D. pH at which the concentration of anion is greater than cation
444	Permanent hard water is softened by addition of.	A. Na ₂ CO ₃ B. CaCO ₃ C. MgCO ₃ D. ZnCO ₃
445	Soap and detergent remove the dirt from clothes due to.	A. Osmosis B. Gravity C. Lowering of interfacial tension D. Diffusion
446	Which of the following case of acid or base strength is not explained by inductive effect.	A. Formic acid > acetic acid B. Dimethyl amine > trimethyl amine C. Dimethyl amine > methyl amine D. Chloroacetic acid > acetic acid
447	Who was the first scientist to describe that substance having Nano dimensions possess altogether different and unique properties.	A. Richard Feynmann B. Erick Drexler C. Archimedes D. Michael Faraday
448	Which of the following process involves the use of organic compound as an electron acceptor.	A. Aerobic respiration B. Anaerobic respiration C. Fermentation D. Glycolysis
449	Which of the following is a planar molecule.	A. Acetone B. Formic acid C. Acetic acid D. All above

450	Urea an enzyme used to estimate urea is a	<p>A. Hydrolytic enzyme</p> <p>B. Oxidative enzyme</p> <p>C. Reductive enzyme</p> <p>D. Iso me rising enzyme</p>
451	For a given mass of a gas if temperature increase	<p>A. Pressure and volume remain Constance</p> <p>B. Volume increases provided pressure is kept constant</p> <p>C. Pressure decreases provided volume is constant</p> <p>D. Both volume and pressure decrease</p>
452	The important condition for the formation of chemical bond is that.	<p>A. Their electron clouds should not diffuse</p> <p>B. Both atoms should have high electron affinities.</p> <p>C. Both atoms should have same electronegativities</p> <p>D. The process should be accompanied by the lowering in potential energy.</p>
453	Dull red flame is observed with	<p>A. Calcium salt</p> <p>B. Barium salt</p> <p>C. Strontium salt</p> <p>D. Sodium salt</p>
454	Which of the following statement is not true for carbon.	<p>A. Its forms compounds with multiple bonds</p> <p>B. Its ionization energy is very high</p> <p>C. It undergoes catanation</p> <p>D. It shows inert pair effect</p>
455	Pyrolysis gasoline is obtained from.	<p>A. Catalytic cracking</p> <p>B. Gasification</p> <p>C. Steam cracking</p> <p>D. Reforming</p>
456	Among the unit cells given below, which has the highest symmetry	<p>A. Monoclinic</p> <p>B. Cubic</p> <p>C. Hexagonal</p> <p>D. Orthorhombic</p>
457	The three dimensional silicate anion $(\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5^{2-})_n$ is present in	<p>A. Beryl</p> <p>B. Silica</p> <p>C. Asbestos</p> <p>D. Clays</p>
458	Law of octaves was proposed by	<p>A. Lothar meyer</p> <p>B. D.I.Mendeleev</p> <p>C. J.A.R. Newlands</p> <p>D. J.W. Dobereiner</p>
459	Which is not true about polymers.	<p>A. Polymers do not carry any charge</p> <p>B. Polymers have high viscosity</p> <p>C. Polymers scatter light</p> <p>D. Polymers have low molecular weight</p>
460	Which show maximum number of oxidation states in 3d series.	<p>A. Mn</p> <p>B. Ni</p> <p>C. Co</p> <p>D. Zn</p>
461	Photochemical among is generally formed	<p>A. In early hours of winters</p> <p>B. Around mid day in summer months</p> <p>C. When intensity of solar radiation sis very low</p> <p>D. When concentration of particulate matter is very low.</p>
462	As it passes into food chain, the concentration of DDT	<p>A. Remains same</p> <p>B. Decreases</p> <p>C. Increases</p> <p>D. Unpredictable</p>
463	Which of the following technique is based on the absorption of light radiation.	<p>A. Spectrophotomerty</p> <p>B. Colorimetry</p> <p>C. NMR</p> <p>D. All the above technique</p>
464	Xenon reacts best with	<p>A. The most electropositive elements</p> <p>B. The most electronegative elements</p> <p>C. The hydrogen halides</p> <p>D. Non metals</p>
		<p>A. Chlorine</p> <p>B. </p>

465	The brown colour of the pulp obtained from chemical pulping is due to the present of	Residual lignin C. Sodium hydrochlorite D. All above
466	The IUPAC name of ethylene oxide is.	A. Epoxy methane B. Oxacethene C. Methoxymethane D. All of the above
467	The dye which is a constituent of Skiffs reagent used for detection formaldehyde group is.	A. Gentain violet B. Megneta C. Phenolphthalein D. Rosolic acid
468	When to a solution of weak electrolyte a strong electrolyte with a common ion is added, the dissociation of weak electrolytes is suppressed . This is known as.	A. Stark effect B. Salt effect C. Common ion effect D. Zeman effect
469	The electronic configuration of chromium (Z =24) in the ground state is.	A. $[\text{Ar}] 4s^2 3d^4$, B. $[\text{Ar}] 3d^6$ C. $[\text{Ar}] 4s^1 3d^5$, D. $[\text{Ar}]$
470	Which of the following compounds would you use in order to obtain a crystalline derivative of an aromatic amine.	A. 2,4 Dinitrophenyl hydrazine B. Nitrous acid C. Benzoyl chlride D. None of these
471	Which of the following species have undistributed octahedral structure.	A. SF ₆ B. PF ₆ C. Si F ₆ ²⁻ D. XeF ₆
472	The law of triads is applicable to	A. Lithium, beryllium, boron B. Fluorine, chlorine, bromine C. Chlorine, bromine, iodine D. Sodium, potassium, Rubidium
473	Which of the following species is very good oxidizing agent.	A. MnO ₄ ⁻ B. H ⁺ C. Zn ²⁺ D. Fe ³⁺
474	Ground state electronic configuration of valence shell in N ₂ molecule is written as (a _{2s}) ² , (o _{2s}) ² , (pi sp) ⁴ , (o _{2p}) ² , Hence, the bond order of N ₂ molecule is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 0
475	What is the raw material of sugar industry.	A. Sugar cane B. Potato C. Carrot D. Sugar heat E. Both A and C
476	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding the stern theory of charge on colloidal particles.	A. The colloidal particle has a charge distribution at its surface. B. In the immediate vicinity of the colloidal particles there is an excess of counter ions C. The greater the concentration and charge of ions in the diffused electrical double layer. the larger is the thickness of the layer D. At large distance from the colloidal particles, the concentration of co-ions and counter ions are almost equal
477	Which of the following elements would have the lowest first ionization energy	A. Mg B. Rb C. Li D. Ca
478	Which of the following substance is released into environment in the nuclear power plants.	A. Iodine -131 B. Argon - 41 C. Sr-90 D. Cs- 137 E. All above
479	_____ is best in its cleaning action.	A. Soap B. Detergents C. Surfactant

		D. None of these
480	An equilibrium the free energy change ΔF for a reaction is.	A. Maximum B. Minimum C. Zero D. Negative
481	Which of the following statements is not related with flame photometric analysis.	A. Vaporization of the solvent leaving back the residue B. Conversion of solid slat to the gaseous state C. Dissociation of gaseous molecules into free atoms D. Measurement of the intensity of absorbed tradition
482	The pair of molecules or ions having identical geometry is.	A. BCl_3 , PCl_3 B. BF_3 , NH_3 C. CHCl_3 , CCl_4 D. SiCl_4 , CCl_4
483	Which of the following is not a colligative property.	A. Elevation of B.P. B. Depresaion in F.P C. Viscosity D. Osmotic pressure
484	In Ostwald's process of manufacturing nitric acid a mixture of ammonia gas with air is maintained with ratio.	A. 1 : 4 B. 1 : 3 C. 1 : 8 D. 1 : 10
485	Length of semiconductor nanorods are in the range of.	A. 1.50 nm B. 1-50 micro meter C. 100-500 nm D. 50-100 nm
486	The process of identifying the component present in a sample is called.	A. Quantitative analysis B. Qualitative analysis C. Volumetric analysis D. Gravimetric analysis
487	According to CFT the metal ligand bond is considered to be ionic to presentage.	A. 100% B. 90% C. 50% D. 70%
488	What is the lowest temperature diffusion hardening process and does not require a quench	A. <p>Carburizing</p> B. <p>Tempering</p> C. <p>Nitriding</p> D. <p>Melting</p>
489	Turpentine is obtained from._____	A. Oak tree B. Pine tree C. Birch tree D. Lemon tree
490	Which of the following does not represent Lewis base.	A. Pyridine B. NaNH_2 C. PCl_3 D. NaOH
491	BCl_3 is a planar molecule because B atom is.	A. sp^2 hybridized B. Sp^3 hybridized C. sp hybridized D. sp^3 d hybridized
492	Any substance which has solidified from the liquid state with crystallization is known as	A. Steel B. Fibre C. Glass D. Asbestos
493	The specific gravity of H_2SO_4 is	A. 1.37 B. 1.84 C. 1.17 D. 1.57
		A. a -pinene B. α -pinene

494	An example of acyclic monoterpenoid is	B. Camphor C. Geranial D. Citral
495	The formation of daughter DNA's from parent DNA is called.	A. Transalation B. Transcription C. Reproduction D. Replication
496	A red color gas, on condensing ti gives a dark blue liquid.	A. NO B. N2O C. N2O3 D. N2O4
497	What prefix in steel identification means composition varies from normal limits.	A. E B. B C. X D. F
498	The first ionization energies of the elements of the first transition series. (Ti _____ Cu)	A. Increases as the atomic number increases B. decreases as the atomic number increases C. Do not show any change as the addition of electrons takes place in the inner (n-1) d -orbitals. D. Increases from Ti to Mn and then decreases from Mn to Cu
499	Which of the following pair on aldol condensation followed by dehydration gives methyl vinyl ketone.	A. HCHO and CH3COCH3 B. HCHO and CH3CHO C. CH3CHO and CH3CHO D. CH3COCH3 and CH3COCH3
500	The element having highest ionization energy and least electron affinity belong to	A. Period 1 , group 18 B. Period 2, group 17 C. Period 2, group 1 D. Period 2, group 2
501	Berllium has diagonal relationship with	A. Li B. Al C. B D. Na
502	Which of the following have identical bond order.	A. CN- and O2- B. CN - and NO+ C. O2- and CN+ D. NO+ and CN+
503	Which pair of species can undergo chemical reaction with each other.	A. CO+ NO B. LiH and H2O C. CO2 and HCl D. CaH2 and Si H4
504	Which group contains elements that exist as monoatomic molecules.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 14 D. 18
505	Which of the following will be most effective int he coagulntion of Fe (OH)3 sol.	A. NaCl B. MgSO4 C. AlCl3 D. Mg3 (PO4)2
506	Various compound corresponding to molecular formula C1H10 are.	A. Functional isomers B. Position isomers C. Chain isomers D. None of the abvoe
507	The stabilization of the dispersed phase in a lyophobic sol is due to	A. Liking for the dispersion medium B. The surface tension of the medium C. The formation of an electrical layer between the two phases D. The viscosity of the medium
508	Which of the following statement is true.	A. Ferromagnetic separation is used to remove rion impurities from bauxite. B. Aluminium is an amphoteric element which means that it can act as an oxidizing agent and as a reducing agent C. Aluminium has a strong affinity for oxygen D. Aluminothermic reactions are endothermic
509	Which of the following substance act as photochemical oxidant	A. Ozone B. NOx C. peroxyacetyl nitrate D. All above

510	The structure of SO ₂ is	A. Linear B. Angular C. V-shaped D. Planner
511	BCl ₃ is an example of hybridization	A. sp B. sp ² C. sp ³ D. None of above
512	Argillaceous material does not include.	A. <p>Marine shells</p> B. <p>Slate</p> C. <p>Blast furnace slag</p> D. <p>Blast furnace slag</p>
513	The solution of the transition metal complexes having one or more unpaired electrons in the d-orbital are.	A. Coloured B. Colourless C. White D. None of above
514	The process of passing of a precipitate into colloidal solution, on adding an electrolyte is called.	A. Dialysis B. Peptization C. Electrophoresis D. Electromsmosis
515	In each period the most electro negative element belongs to.	A. Group -1 B. Group -17 C. Group -2 D. Group -18
516	Which of the following has non zero dipole moment.	A. NH ₃ B. SF ₆ C. BF ₃ D. CO ₂
517	What exactly is quantum dot	A. A semiconductor nanostructure that confines the motion of conduction band electrons, valence band holes or excitation in all three spatial directions B. The sharpest possible tip of an atomic force microscope C. A fictional term used in science fiction for the endpoints of wormholes D. Unexplained spots that appear electron microscopy images of nanostructures smaller than 1 nanometer
518	In order to give strength and elasticity natural rubber is heated with.	A. Sulphur B. Oxygen C. Nitrogen D. Chlorine
519	Sodium Tetra borate is used	A. As alkaline buffer in dyeing & bleaching process B. In manufacture of optical glass C. In enameling and making glaze D. All above
520	Which of the following elements has the highest melting point.	A. Magnesium B. Calcium C. Strontium D. Beryllium
521	The particle motion in solids is	A. Only vibratory B. Only translator C. Vibratory and rotatory D. Only translatory
522	Which of the following process is involved in getting back nitrogen into atmosphere.	A. Nitrification B. Denitrification C. Ammonification D. All above
523	Which of the following techniques is used for cleanup of samples prior to introduction into chromatographic column.	A. Paper chromatography B. TLC C. Solvent extraction D. Solid phase extraction

		<p>D. Solid phase extraction</p> <p>E. Both C and D</p>
524	If there are only two components in a solution with mole fraction X_A and X_B then which of the following relation is correct.	<p>A. $X_A + X_B = 0$</p> <p>B. $X_A + X_B = 1$</p> <p>C. $X_A = X_B$</p> <p>D. $X_A = 1 - X_B$</p>
525	How pig iron is usually obtained from	<p>A. iron pyrite</p> <p>B. Limonite</p> <p>C. Hematite</p> <p>D. Siderite</p>
526	Among the elements A,B,C and D having atomic numbers 9,10,11, and 12 respectively, the correct order of ionization energies is.	<p>A. A > B > C > D</p> <p>B. B > A > D > C</p> <p>C. B > A > C > D</p> <p>D. D > C > B > A</p>
527	Tetra halides do not undergo hydrolysis	<p>A. C</p> <p>B. Si</p> <p>C. Sn</p> <p>D. Pb</p>
528	In sodium chloride type lattice, the ratio of coordination number of cation to anion is.	<p>A. 6:6</p> <p>B. 7:7</p> <p>C. 4:8</p> <p>D. 4:4</p>
529	Which of the following analytical technique is not concerned with atomic spectroscopy.	<p>A. Flame photometry</p> <p>B. Flame emission spectrometry</p> <p>C. Atomic absorption spectrometry</p> <p>D. I-R spectrophotometry</p>
530	The number of degree freedom at the triple point for the water system in.	<p>A. One</p> <p>B. Two</p> <p>C. Three</p> <p>D. Zero</p>
531	The oxidation number Xe in $XeOF_2$ is	<p>A. 0</p> <p>B. +2</p> <p>C. +4</p> <p>D. +3</p>
532	The tyndall effect is not observed in	<p>A. Suspensions</p> <p>B. Emulsions</p> <p>C. Colloidal solutions</p> <p>D. True solutions</p>
533	Which of the following is not an ore of iron.	<p>A. Haematite</p> <p>B. Magnetite</p> <p>C. Siderite</p> <p>D. Monazite</p>
534	Example of inter molecular H-bonding is	<p>A. NH_3 and H_2O</p> <p>B. HF</p> <p>C. CH_3COOH</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
535	The correct order of electron affinities of Si, P, and Cl is.	<p>A. P > Si > Cl</p> <p>B. Cl > P > Si</p> <p>C. Cl > Si > P</p> <p>D. Si > P > Cl</p>
536	Pick out the incorrect statement for transition metals.	<p>A. Cu^+ is not a transition metal ion</p> <p>B. Transition metals do not exhibit variable oxidation states</p> <p>C. Transition metal ions are coloured</p> <p>D. Transition metals and majority of their compounds are paramagnetic</p>
537	Glass was first made by about_____	<p>A. 40 BC</p> <p>B. 400 BC</p> <p>C. 4000 BC</p> <p>D. 100 BC</p>
538	Which one of the following noble gas is obtained by radioactive disintegration	<p>A. Kr</p> <p>B. Br</p> <p>C. Rn</p> <p>D. Xe</p>
539	The inert gases Ar, Kr and Xe form compounds with water at low temperature and high pressure. These compounds are called.	<p>A. Halides</p> <p>B. Hydrates</p> <p>C. Clathrates</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
540	The compound contains two types of X and Y its crystal structure is a cubic lattice with X-atoms at the corners of the unit cells and Y-atom at the body centre. The simplest	<p>A. X_2Y</p> <p>B. XY</p> <p>C. X_3Y</p>

	formulae of this compound is.	C. XY ₂ D. X ₈ Y
541	Which of the following elements with excess oxygen to form peroxides.	A. Ca B. Mg C. Li D. Ba
542	Which of the following statements do not represent Lewis idea of acids and base?	A. Compounds which have completely filled orbitals B. Compounds which have incompletely filled orbitals C. Compounds in which the central atom can expand its octet D. All simple metal ions like Ag ⁺ , Al ³⁺ etc.
543	When the concentration of reactant molecules is increased the rate of reaction increases. The best explanation is As the reactant concentration increases.	A. The average kinetic energy of molecules increases. B. The frequency of molecular collisions increases C. The rate constant increase D. The activation energy increases
544	Rotary spinning process is used to produce	A. Glass wool B. Optical fibre C. Glass marble D. None of above
545	The use of acids to remove oxides and acids on hot worked steels is known as	A. Tempering B. Pickling C. Machining D. Sizing
546	In reverse phase chromatography which of the analyte will be eluted more readily.	A. Polar B. Non polar C. Semi polar D. All above
547	The by-product of the process of saponification is.	A. Methanol B. Glycol C. Glycerol D. Absolute alcohol
548	Which of the following substance is not weak electrolyte.	A. CH ₃ COOH B. NH ₄ OH C. Oxalic Acid D. NaCl
549	All the halogen form oxyacids, except	A. Fluorine B. Chlorine C. Bromine D. Iodine
550	Beryllium salts on hydrolysis give.	A. Basic solutions B. Acidic solutions C. Neutral solutions D. Amphoteric solutions.
551	Sea water is converted into fresh water based upon the phenomenon of.	A. Plasmolysis B. Sedimentation C. Diffusion D. Osmosis E. Reverse osmosis
552	The pink colour of phenolphthalein in basic medium is due to the	A. Cationic form B. Anionic form C. Natural form D. OH ⁻ ions of the base
553	Indicate false statement about stainless steel	A. The density of stainless steel is about the same as carbon or low alloy steels B. Stainless steels are poor conductors of heat C. Stainless steels are poor conductors of electricity D. Stainless steels have tensile moduli greater than those of carbon and alloy steels

carbon and alloy steels. <o:p></o:p></p>

554	The correct order of thermal stabilities of hydrides of group 15 is.	A. NH_3 > PH_3 > AsH_3 > BiH_3 > SbH_3 B. NH_3 > PH_3 > AsH_3 > SbH_3 > BiH_3 C. NH_3 < PH_3 < SbH_3 < AsH_3 < BiH_3 D. BiH_3 > SbH_3 > AsH_3 > PH_3 > NH_3
555	A catalyst increases the rate of a reaction because.	A. It provides the necessary energy to the colliding molecules to cross energy barrier B. It decreases the heat of the reaction C. It decreases the order of the reaction D. It provides a different path of lower activation energy.
556	Aluminium is used for.	A. Making utensils & frame B. Making alloys C. Reducing agent D. All above
557	What field of study encompasses the procurement and production of metals.	A. <p>Metallurgy</p> B. <p>Geology</p> C. <p>Metagraphy</p> D. <p>Nanochemistry</p>
558	The term 'brass' is very commonly used to designate any alloy primarily of.	A. Copper and zinc B. Aluminum and iron C. Copper and aluminum D. Zinc and nickel
559	The formula of hexa borane is.	A. B_4H_{10} B. B_6H_{10} C. B_5H_9 D. B_8H_{12}
560	Which of the following is strongest reducing agent.	A. Be B. Mg C. Ca D. Sr
561	Carbon in wrought iron is present as	A. Silicon carbide B. Iron carbide or cementite C. Graphite D. Partly as iron carbide and partly as graphite
562	The element with the highest first ionization potential is.	A. Boron B. Carbon C. Nitrogen D. Oxygen
563	What is the effect of manganese in cast iron.	A. To affect the machinability ductility and shrinkage depending on form B. To reduce hardness by combining with sulfur below 0.5% and increase hardness above 0.55 C. To dioxide molten cast iron D. Have no effect
564	The principal ores of copper are	A. Copper sulphides B. Copper oxides C. Both sulphides and oxides D. Copper carbonate
565	Which of the following does NOT react with sodium hydroxide solution.	A. Fat B. Vinegar C. Ethanol D. Water

566	An Ideal gas is one which obeys all the gas law at.	A. Low pressure B. High Pressure C. Low and High temperature D. All condition of pressure and temperate re
567	In which of the following group, each member given a positive iodoform test.	A. Methanol, ethanol, propanone B. Ethanol, isopropyl alcohol, methanol C. Ethanol, ethanal, isopropyl alcohol D. Propanal 2-propanol, propanone
568	The base which in not present in DNA is	A. Adenine B. Guanine C. Thymine D. Cytosine
569	Which of the following extract is used for wet tests of acid radicals.	A. Calcium carbonate extract B. Sodium iodide extract C. Sodium carbonate extract D. Ammonium carbonate extract
570	An element with atomic number 20 is placed in which period of the periodic table.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
571	In a one -component system the maximum number of phase that can consist in equilibrium is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
572	UV radiation from the sun causes a reaction in the atmosphere that leads to production	A. Fluorides B. Carbon monoxide C. Sulphur dioxide D. Ozone
573	Enfleurage process is ued to extract the essential oils from	A. Bark of plant B. Seeds of plant C. Leaves of plant D. Flowers of plant
574	Thermogravimetic analysis has application is which of the following fields	A. Gravimetric analysis B. Discovery of new methods of separation C. Determination of purity and thermal stability D. All above
575	A catalyst	A. Actually participates in the reaction B. Changes the equilibrium concentration of the products C. Does not affect a reaction energy path D. Always decreases the rate for a reaction
576	The colloidal solution of arsenic sulphide prefers to absorb	A. NO ₃ B. K ⁺ C. S ₂ ⁻ D. H ⁺
577	LiAlH ₄ is most useful reducing agent It reduce to alcohol	A. Aldehydes B. Ketone C. Carboxylic acid D. Any of above
578	Transition metal possess	A. Definite color B. Catalytic power C. Both A and B D. None of above
579	The dimensions for first order rate constant are.	A. s ⁻¹ B. s mol ⁻¹ C. mol ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ D. s
580	Which of the following is not an alum.	A. KAl (SO ₄) ₃ 12 H ₂ O B. NaAl (SO ₄) ₂ 12 H ₂ O C. NH ₄ Fe (SO ₄) ₂ 12H ₂ O D. FeAl (SO ₄) ₂ . 12 H ₂ O
581	In the purification of bauxite , the ore is fused with sodium carbonate in the process	A. Baeyer's process B. Hall's process C. Serpeck's process D. Any of above
582	The electrical conductivity of a nano tube is times that of copper.	A. 10 B. 100 C. 1000 D. 10000

C. 1000
D. 1/100

583	Low quality steels with an M. Suffix on the designation intended for non structural application is classified as.	A. Merchant quality B. Commercial quality C. Drawing quality D. Low quality
584	Which of the following metal ion cannot be catimated by gravimetric analysis.	A. K+ B. Ca ²⁺ C. Al ³⁺ D. Zn ²⁺
585	in the system of designating wrought aluminum alloys the letter F that follows the number indicates what condition of the alloy.	A. As fabricated B. Calcined C. Annealed D. Strain hardened
586	Pick out incorrect statement about K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇	A. It oxidizes acidified solution H ₂ SO ₄ to S B. It oxidizes KI to I ₂ C. It oxidizes HCl to Cl ₂ D. It gives oxygen, when treated with cold conc. H ₂ SO ₄
587	Non localised bonds are referred as	A. Metallic bond B. Long range bonds C. Ionic bond D. Covalent bonds
588	Which of the following elements does not impart any characteristic colour to the flame.	A. Ca B. Mg C. Ba D. Sr
589	Dyes which can be applied to cellulosic fibre from water solution are called.	A. Ingrain dyes B. Substantive dyes C. Mordant dyes D. Vat dyes
590	Which of the following technique describes titrations in which a standard iodine solution is need.	A. Iodometry B. Iodimetry C. potentiometry D. Argentometry
591	The process of determining amounts of each of the components in a sample of matter is termed as.	A. Gravimetric analysis B. Coulometric analysis C. Quantitative analysis D. Qualitative analysis
592	Which of the following gas form weakly acidic sulphurous acid	A. SO ₂ B. SO ₃ C. NO ₂ D. NO
593	For a compound to act as a dye it must have	A. A suitable colour B. Ability to fix to fibre C. Both A and B D. None of these
594	The basic strength of hydrides of group 15 elements vary in the following order.	A. NH ₃ > PH ₃ > AsH ₃ > SbH ₃ > BiH ₃ B. PH ₃ > NH ₃ > AsH ₃ > SbH ₃ > BiH ₃ C. BiH ₃ > NH ₃ > PH ₃ > AsH ₃ > SbH ₃ D. NH ₃ > PH ₃ > SbH ₃ > AsH ₃ > BiH ₃
595	When a solute is dissolved in two immiscible solvents it will distributes itself between two phases and the ratio of the concentration of the solute in two phases will be constant, This is known as.	A. Starke law B. Distribution law C. Equilibrium law D. Snell's law
596	In bi sulphate ion, the formal charge on sulphru atom is.	A. +1 B. +2 C. +4 D. +6
597	Boron does not form B ³⁺ ion because.	A. It has small size and high ionization energy B. It has high electromagnetically C. It has high charge density D. None of the above
598	Which of the following does not apply to nanotechnology.	A. It is a general purpose technology B. It can be called Green technology C. Newtonian mechanics can describe it. D. It involves rearrangement of atoms

599	Which of the following chemical strong oxidizing agent is used in COD test.	A. KMnO_4 B. H_2SO_4 C. CH_3COOH D. $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$
600	B.P of heavy water is	A. equal to that of ordinary water B. greater than that of ordinary water C. Less than that of ordinary water D. equal to that of distilled water
601	The variation of enthalpy of reaction with temperature is given by.	A. Hesse's law B. Clasius Clapayron equation C. Kirchoffs equation D. Arrhenious equation.
602	Is a chain silicate	A. Olivine B. Tremolite C. Beryl D. Zeolite
603	Photochemical smog is caused primarily by	A. CO B. CO_2 C. NO_2 D. O_3
604	A terpenoid which as an alcoholic group in the molecule is	A. Citral B. Camphor C. Menthol D. Carvone
605	Which of the following configuration of an ionic species represents psedue noble gas configuration.	A. ns^2 B. $\text{ns}^2 \text{np}^6$ C. $\text{ns}^2 \text{np}^6 \text{nd}^{10}$ D. $\text{ns}^2 \text{np}^3$
606	The nature of bonds in compounds of carbon and silicon is mostly	A. Covalent B. Electrovalent C. Metallic D. Both A and B
607	A molecule returns from the excited singlet state to the ground singled state with emission of light , This process is known as.	A. Fluorescence B. Scattering C. Phosphorescence D. Chemiluminescence
608	Which one of the following pairs are chemically dissimilar.	A. Na and K B. Ba and Sr C. Zr and Hf D. Ca and Zn
609	Which of the following is not an alkali metal	A. Rb B. Sb C. Cs D. Fr
610	Nanoscience can be studied with the help of	A. Quantum mechanics B. Newtonain mechanics C. Macro dynamics D. Grophysics
611	Which of the following reacts with hemoglobin of blood and produce toxic effect.	A. Carbon dioxide B. Carbon monoxide C. Oxygen D. Carbon suboxide
612	How many varieties of commercial iron are known.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 4 D. 3
613	Which one of following is paramagnetic and has the bond order equal to 0.57	A. N_2 B. H_2^+ C. O_2 D. F_2
614	2- Butanol is optically active because a contains	A. An asymmetric carbon atom B. A plane of symmetry C. Centre of symmetry D. A hydroxyl group
615	Which of the following techniques are used for minimizing water pollution.	A. Stabilization of ecosystem B. Recharge of the waste C. Waste treatment D. All above
616	Ionic reactions mainly take place in	A. Aqueous solutions and organic solvents of high polarity B. Non aqueous solvents of low polarity

616	Ionic reactions mainly take place in.	<p>B. Non aqueous solvents of low polarity</p> <p>C. Gaseous state</p> <p>D. Solid state</p>
617	The constant temperature and pressure, the rates of effusion of various gases vary inversely as square root of their denature. This is a statement of.	<p>A. Boyle's law</p> <p>B. Charles's law</p> <p>C. Graham's law</p> <p>D. Daltons's law</p>
618	Which of the following solution would exhibit abnormal colligative proportions.	<p>A. 0.1 M NaCl</p> <p>B. 0.1 M urea</p> <p>C. 0.1 M sucrose</p> <p>D. 0.1 M glucose</p>
619	The correct order of second ionization potential of carbon nitrogen, oxygen and fluorine is.	<p>A. C > N > O > F</p> <p>B. O > F > N > C</p> <p>C. O > N > F > C</p> <p>D. F > O > N > C</p>
620	Aluminium hydroxide is.	<p>A. An acid</p> <p>B. An amphoteric hydroxide</p> <p>C. A base</p> <p>D. An explosive hydroxide</p>
621	Which of the following techniques involves ion exchange phenomenon.	<p>A. Size exclusion chromatography</p> <p>B. Ion exchange chromatography</p> <p>C. GLC</p> <p>D. HPLC</p>
622	The ease of hydrohalogenation of alkyl halide with alcoholic KOH is.	<p>A. $3 > 2 > 1$</p> <p>B. $3 < 2 < 1$</p> <p>C. $3 > 2 > 1$</p> <p>D. $3 < 2 < 1$</p>
623	A chemical reaction resulting in a change in the electric charge on the reacting particles may be called as.	<p>A. Add ion reaction</p> <p>B. Redox reaction</p> <p>C. Elimination reaction</p> <p>D. Chain reaction</p>
624	What refers to the removal of zinc from brasses?	<p>A. Dezincification</p> <p>B. Graphitization</p> <p>C. Stabilization</p> <p>D. Denitration</p>
625	Eutrophication is process which involves	<p>A. Depletion of ozone layer</p> <p>B. Increase in the concentration of ozone in water</p> <p>C. Decrease in the concentration of dissolved oxygen in water by algae</p> <p>D. Decrease in the level of SO₂ in air</p>
626	The most common beta brase with a composition of 60 % copper and 40% zinc is called.	<p>A. Yellow brase</p> <p>B. Red brase</p> <p>C. Muntz metal</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
627	What is graphene.	<p>A. A new material made from carbon nanotubes</p> <p>B. A one atom thick sheet of carbon</p> <p>C. This film made from fullerene</p> <p>D. A software tool to measure and graphically respresent nanoparticles.</p>
628	Which of the following metal acts as pollutant.	<p>A. Hg</p> <p>B. Pb</p> <p>C. Zn</p> <p>D. Ni</p> <p>E. All above</p>
629	Explosive trioxide XeO ₃ is produced when	<p>A. XeOF₄ reacts with water</p> <p>B. XeOF₄ reacts with silica</p> <p>C. XeF₄ reacts with water</p> <p>D. Any of above statements</p>

630	Which of the following pollutants results from chemicals petroleum and paper industries.	A. SO ₂ B. CO C. Hydrocarbons D. All above
631	Which of the following statement is false regarding lyphilic sols.	A. The colloidal particles show a linking for the dispersion medium B. These are generally easy to prepare C. These are more stable than lyophobic sols D. The stability of the sols is mainly due to the electrical double layer
632	Which of the following exists as polymeric chains in solid state.	A. Sr Cl ₂ B. Ba Cl ₂ C. MgCl ₂ D. BeCl ₂
633	Which of the following species has highest bond energy.	A. H ₂ B. T ₂ C. D D. Cl
634	The width of a carbon nano tube is. _____ nm	A. 1 B. 1.3 C. 2.5 D. 10
635	Suppose the activation energy of a certain reaction is 250 kJ/mol, If the rate constant at T ₁ = 300 K is k ₁ and the rate constant at T ₂ = 320 K is k ₂ , then the reaction is _____ times faster at 320 K than at 300 K	A. 3×10^{-29} B. 0.067 C. 525 D. 15.0
636	Dolomite is a mineral whose formula is.	A. CaCO ₃ B. Mg CO ₃ C. CaCO ₃ , MgCO ₃ D. CaSO ₄
637	Coagulation of protein on treatment with heavy metal salts or heating is called.	A. Decolorisation B. Denaturation C. Sedimentation process D. Reversible precipitation
638	Noble gases are sparingly soluble in water owing to.	A. Dipole -dipole interactions B. Dipole -induced dipole interactions C. Hydrogen bonding D. Induced dipole -instantaneous dipole interactions
639	Indigotin is a dye obtained from indigo plant which belongs to the group of.	A. Substantive dyes B. Mordant dyes C. Vat dyes D. Disperse dyes
640	Phosphoric acid is the most important of the phosphorus oxy acids. Industrially phosphoric acid is prepared by.	A. The Ostwald process B. The Haber's process C. The reaction of phosphate rock with sulphuric acid D. The reaction P ₄ O ₁₀ with water.
641	Which of the following gas is lightest.	A. Dihydrogen B. Helium C. Dinitrogen D. Dioxygen
642	The entropy change accompanying any physical or chemical transformation approaches zero as T approaches zero. This statement refers to.	A. Helmholtz law B. Third law of thermodynamics C. Second law of thermodynamics D. Nernst heat theorem
643	The coordination number of atoms in a hexagonal closed packed structure is	A. 2 B. 6 C. 12 D. 4
644	Commercial incinerators produce.	A. Smoke B. CO C. NO _x D. All above
645	Select a basic amino acid.	A. Glycine B. Cystine C. Alanine D. Lysine
646	Oxytocin, a pituitary hormone to	A. Amino acid B. Polypeptide C. Protein

		<p>C. Protein</p> <p>D. Conjugated protein</p>
647	Which of the following statements is not related with chemical equilibrium.	<p>A. The properties of the system become constant</p> <p>B. The equilibrium can be approached from either direction</p> <p>C. The chemical equilibrium is static is nature</p> <p>D. A catalyst can hasten the approach towards equilibrium</p>
648	Borax exist in the form	<p>A. Ordinary borax</p> <p>B. Octahdral borax</p> <p>C. Borax glass</p> <p>D. All above</p>
649	Which of the following material is a constituent of crop residue.	<p>A. Cull</p> <p>B. Fruit</p> <p>C. vines</p> <p>D. Bagasse</p> <p>E. All above</p>
650	_____ is used for fruits, vegetables and tobacco	<p>A. Potassium Chloride</p> <p>B. Potassium Sulphate</p> <p>C. Potassium nitraite</p> <p>D. All above</p>
651	The layer containing petroleum oil and gas is.	<p>A. Above that of water</p> <p>B. Below water</p> <p>C. Between water and sand</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
652	d2 sp3 is oriented in a manner	<p>A. Trigonal</p> <p>B. Tetrahedral</p> <p>C. Octahedral</p> <p>D. Trigonal bipyramidal</p>
653	Which of the following technique is used to separate substance of high molecular weight of different charges.	<p>A. Dialysis</p> <p>B. Electrophoresis</p> <p>C. Solvent</p> <p>D. None of the abvoe</p>
654	Cytosine a pyrimidine base pairs with	<p>A. Guanine</p> <p>B. Thymine</p> <p>C. Adenine</p> <p>D. Any of these</p>
655	Beer's law is followed in	<p>A. Flame photometry</p> <p>B. Atomic absorption spectrophotometry</p> <p>C. Mass spectrometry</p> <p>D. Potentiometry</p>
656	Which of the following has highest ionization energy.	<p>A. Oxygen</p> <p>B. Argon</p> <p>C. Barium</p> <p>D. Caealum</p>
657	For quality control of Portland cement, the test essentially done is.	<p>A. Setting time</p> <p>B. Soundness</p> <p>C. Tensile strength</p> <p>D. All</p>
658	Which of the following is not an ore of nickel.	<p>A. Pentalandite</p> <p>B. Siderite</p> <p>C. Garnierite</p> <p>D. Nicollite</p>
659	Which of the following is homopolymer.	<p>A. Starch</p> <p>B. Plexiglas</p> <p>C. Orlon</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
660	_____ is a thermodynamically spontaneous process.	<p>A. If a reaction is thermodynamically spontaneous it may occur rapidly</p> <p>B. If a reaction is thermodynamically spontaneous it may occur slowly.</p>

660	Which statement is false.	C. Activation energy is a kinetic quantity rather than a thermodynamic quantity. D. If a reaction is thermodynamically spontaneous, it must have a low activation energy.
661	Which of the following reactions does not take place with light radiation.	A. Oxidation B. Reduction C. Polymerization D. Double displacement
662	Fluorine does not show variable oxidation state because of.	A. its high electronegativity B. Its small size C. low dissociation energy of F-F bond D. Non availability of d-orbitals
663	Maximum desirable concentration of fluorides according to international standard is.	A. 10-100 ppm B. 1 ppm C. 100-200 ppm D. 10-20 ppm
664	Formation of nano particles involves process like	A. Formation of metal nuclei on different sizes. B. Interaction among the formed particles C. Both A and B D. No interaction among the nano particles synthesized
665	Halogens are coloured because.	A. They are strong oxidant B. Their molecules are held together by weak van der Waals forces C. Their atoms absorb radiations from visible range causing the excitation of valence electrons to higher energy of levels D. Their molecules absorb light radiation forming the excited state.
666	The noble gases are used due to having property	A. Chemical inertness B. Low boiling point C. Any of a or b D. Both a and b
667	In second group of inorganic qualitative analysis, the S^{2-} ions does not form precipitate with which of the following ions.	A. Hg^{2+} B. Cu^{2+} C. Al^{3+} D. Cd^{3+}
668	Which of the following unit cells has least symmetry.	A. Monocline B. Cubic C. Triclinic D. Tetragonal
669	The oxidation number of Mn in $KMnO_4$	A. +5 B. +7 C. +4 D. +3
670	Anhydrous $AlCl_3$ cannot be obtained by heating hydrated $Al(OH)_3 \cdot 6H_2O$ because.	A. It decomposes completely to give Al_2O_3 B. It does not lose water completely C. It undergoes hydrolysis to give $Al(OH)_3$ D. $AlCl_3 \cdot 6H_2O$ is very stable.
671	Which of the following factors affect the strengths of acids and bases.	A. Inductive effect B. Resonance effect C. Hydrogen effect D. All above
672	Water that easily forms a lather of films and froth when agitated with a soap solution called.	A. Hard water B. Heavy water C. Soft water D. Washing water
673	HS^- is a conjugate base of.	A. S^{2-} B. H_2S C. H_2SO_3 D. H_2SO_4
674	The principle former of almost all glasses is	A. $(SiO_2)_n$ B. $(SiO_3)_n$ C. (SiO_2) D. None of these
675	Which of the following substance is most abundant of all components of atmospheric air.	A. O_2 B. N_2 C. CO_2 D. H_2

676	In which property listed below hydrogen does not resemble alkali metals.	A. Tendency to form cation B. Nature of oxide C. Combination with halogens D. Reducing character.
677	Electron affinities of halogens are in the order.	A. F > Cl > Br > I B. Cl > F > Br > I C. Cl > Br > I > F D. Cl > Br > F > I
678	The photoelectric effect is the ejection of electrons from the surface of metal when light falls on it. Which of the following statements is not correct about the phenomenon.	A. The kinetic energy of photo electron depends upon the frequency of the incident radiation B. Electrons are ejected only when the frequency of light exceeds a certain threshold value C. The higher the energy of the photon greater the kinetic energy of the ejected electron. D. The threshold frequency of all the metals is same.
679	The chrome molybdenum steels contain how many percent of molybdenum	A. 0.10 B. 0.20 C. 0.30 D. 0.40
680	Which of the following reagent cannot be used to detect the phenolic group.	A. Neutral FeCl ₃ B. I ₂ /NaOH C. NaOH solution D. Br ₂ /H ₂ O
681	The compound which does not act as Lewis acid is.	A. BF ₃ B. AlCl ₃ C. BeCl ₂ D. SnCl ₄
682	The correct order of acidic strength is.	A. HF < HCl < HI < HBr B. HI < HBr < HCl < HF C. HI < HBr < HF < HCl D. HF < HCl < HBr < HI
683	The concentration required to give a signal equal to three times the standard deviation of the baseline is called.	A. Sensitivity B. Detection limit C. Signal to noise ratio D. None of the above
684	Nitrogen (N ₂) is relatively unreactive because.	A. Its electronegativity is high B. Its dissociation energy is large C. Its atomic radius is small D. It is the first element of group 15
685	Which of the following statement is not correct in respect of Arrhenius concept.	A. This concept is applicable only for aqueous systems. B. Neutralization takes place in aqueous medium only C. H ⁺ ion concept remain as such in water D. This concept is applicable for non aqueous system only.
686	In the froth floatation process for the purification of ores, the ore particles float because.	A. They are light B. Their surface is not easily wetted by water C. They bear electrostatic charge D. They are insoluble
687	Setting of plaster of Paris involves.	A. Oxidation with atmospheric oxygen B. Combination with atmospheric CO ₂ C. Dehydration D. Hydration to yield another hydrate
688	The enrichment of chemical substance at the surface of a solid is called	A. Adsorption B. Absorption C. Sorption D. Isotherm
689	What element constitutes the major component of most bronzes.	A. Tin B. Zinc C. Carbon D. Aluminum
690	In which polymer the strength of inter molecular forces is maximum	A. Elastomers B. Thermoplastic C. Fibre D. Cross linked polymer

691	When alkyl iodides are decomposed by light then the product obtained is.	A. $R-R$ B. $R-H$ C. RCH_2I D. $RCHI_2$
692	Which of the following is the major process when neopentyl bromide is dehydrogenated with alcoholic potash.	A. 2-methyl-1-butene B. 2-methyl-1-butene C. 2,3-dimethyl butene D. 2-butene
693	All the strong acids have very close pK_a values and they appear to have nearly equal strengths in aqueous solutions. The phenomenon is called as.	A. Levelling effect B. Differentiating effect C. Levelling solvent D. Differentiating solvent
694	In proper rotation (C_n) an object is rotated through an angle of.	A. a/n radians B. $2\pi/n$ radians C. $3\pi/n$ radians D. $4\pi/n$ radians
695	The alkali metal with highest melting point is	A. K B. Na C. Li D. Ca
696	Which configuration has lowest potential energy.	A. Eclipsed B. Staggered C. Skew D. All have same energy
697	Which of the following is not true for metalloids.	A. They are borderline elements B. They usually act as electron acceptors during reactions with non-metals. C. B, Si, and Ge D. They are all solids at room temperature.
698	Pick out the incorrect statements for transition metals.	A. They have low melting and boiling points B. 5d-elements have higher energies than 3d or 4d elements C. Zr and Hf have almost identical atomic and ionic radii D. They form interstitial compounds.
699	The bond angle between hybrid orbitals in methane is	A. 115.5° B. 109.5° C. 105.7° D. 120°
700	Which of the following statements is false about transition metals.	A. They form complexes B. They show variable valency C. All transition metal compounds are paramagnetic D. They form coloured ions
701	The study of coiled long peptide chains of protein to give a 3-dimensional structure is the study of.	A. Primary structure B. Secondary structure. C. Tertiary structure D. Quaternary structure.
702	Which of the following is not a strong electrolyte.	A. HCl B. H_2SO_4 C. HNO_3 D. CH_3COOH
703	The maximum number of electrons in first energy levels are.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 8 D. 10
704	Which type of polymer is vulcanised rubber?	A. Linear B. Cross-linked C. Branch chain D. Any one of these
705	Which of the following is planar?	A. CH_2Cl_2 B. $CHCl_3$ C. CCl_4 D. C_2H_2
706	According to the VSEPR theory, the shape of the SO_3 molecule is.	A. Pyramidal B. Tetrahedral C. Trigonal planar D. Distorted tetrahedron
707	Electronegativity is given by	A. Average of first and second ionization energies. B. Average of first and second electron affinities

		<p>amines</p> <p>C. Average of ionization energy and electron affinity</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
708	Which of the following statement is not relevant with nitrous oxide.	<p>A. It is a colorless and odourless gas</p> <p>B. It is non toxic gas</p> <p>C. It is present in the atmosphere in higher concentration</p> <p>D. It has high reactivity in the lower atmosphere</p>
709	Which of the following is not correct.	<p>A. Rusting of iron can be stopped by increasing the concentration of CO₂ in water</p> <p>B. Rusting of iron is electrochemical in nature.</p> <p>C. Rusting of iron takes place in moist air</p> <p>D. Rusting of iron produces hydrated iron (III) oxide</p>
710	The expected specific waste of paper and allied products industry is.	<p>A. Chemicals</p> <p>B. Paper and fibre residues</p> <p>C. Links</p> <p>D. All above</p>
711	Washing soap can be prepared by saponification with alkali of _____ of the following oil.	<p>A. Rose oil</p> <p>B. Paraffin oil</p> <p>C. Groundnut oil</p> <p>D. Coconut oil</p>
712	An element with high electronegativity has	<p>A. High IE and high EA</p> <p>B. High IE and low EA</p> <p>C. Low IE and High EA</p> <p>D. Low IE and low EA</p>
713	The common ligands can be arranged in order of their increasing splitting power to cause d-orbitals splitting. This series is called as.	<p>A. Electro-chemical</p> <p>B. Spectro -chemical</p> <p>C. Physico-chemical</p> <p>D. Spectro -electrical</p>
714	Which of the following species is determined by complex metric titrations.	<p>A. K⁺</p> <p>B. Na⁺</p> <p>C. Ca⁺</p> <p>D. Cl⁻</p>
715	A mixture of ethyl iodide and n-propyl iodide is subjected to Wurts reaction. The hydrocarbon that will nto be formed is	<p>A. n-butane</p> <p>B. n-propane</p> <p>C. n-pentane</p> <p>D. n-hexane</p>
716	Which of the following compound will be optically active.	<p>A. Suceinic acid</p> <p>B. Meso tartaric acid</p> <p>C. Acetic acid</p> <p>D. Lactic acid</p>
717	Which of the following statement is not related to the characteristics of gaseous state.	<p>A. The inter molecular forces of attraction are not strong in gaseous state</p> <p>B. The gases do not have definite shape and volume</p> <p>C. The gases are characterized by low density.</p> <p>D. The gases have low comprehensibility</p>
718	The reason why phenylamine is a much weaker base tahn ammonia when each is in aqueous solution to that.	<p>A. Teh ion pair of electron on two nitrogen atom of phenylamine is delocalised over the benzene ring.</p> <p>B. The phenylamine molecule is too large to capture hydrogen ion easily</p> <p>C. Phenylamine is much less soluble is water than is ammonia</p> <p>D. The benzene ring has a tendency to increase the acidity of its substituents.</p>
719	What does 'F' stand for in AFM.	<p>A. Fine</p> <p>B. Front</p> <p>C. Force</p> <p>D. Flux</p>
720	The bonding of transition metal complex was not well understand until the pioneer work of.	<p>A. Ps JAISWAL</p> <p>B. GS MANKU</p> <p>C. BR thukral</p> <p>D. Alfred Weriner</p>
721	Which type of the coal preferred for metallurgical coal.	<p>A. Lignite</p> <p>B. Peat</p> <p>C. Bituminous coal</p> <p>D. None of these</p>

722	Ozone layer of stratosphere requires protection from indiscriminate use of.	A. Fungicides, insecticides, bactericides and medicines B. Aerosols and high flying jets C. Atomic explosions and industrial wastes D. Weather balloons
723	The unit of sodium chloride structure is.	A. Linear B. Cubic C. Tetrahedral D. Square planner
724	Which of the following does not have an a,b, unsaturated carbonyl group.	A. Androsterone B. Oestrone C. Testosterone D. Progesterone
725	In Dumas method, the volume of the gas collected is equivalent to which of the following gases set free from the compound.	A. Ammonia B. O ₂ C. N ₂ D. NO
726	Which of the following cast irons is a high carbon, iron carbon silicon alloy.	A. Deorizers B. Deoxidizers C. Deoxifiers D. Deterrent
727	Which of the following has the maximum ionic character.	A. HF B. HCl C. HI D. HBr
728	Which one of the following elements shows the most stable oxidation state of +1	A. Al B. Ga C. In D. Tl
729	Water pollution is due to	A. Agricultural discharges B. Swages and other wastes C. Industrial effects D. All the above
730	Helium contents in the atmosphere by volume.	A. 0.0005% B. 0.0015% C. 0.0001% D. 0.00001%
731	A property which gradually increases on moving down group in the periodic table is	A. Ionization enthalpy B. Electronegativity C. Electron affinity D. atomic size
732	The correct order of reactivity among I, II, and III IS.	A. i > ii > iii B. i > iii > ii C. II > III > I D. III > II > I
733	For associated liquids, the value of $d/M \times 10^8$ should be (where d is the density, M is the molar mass and n is the coefficient of viscosity)	A. Zero B. Infinte C. Higher than 70 D. Less than 70
734	The correct order of electron affinities is.	A. C > Si, > Na > Ar B. Si > Cl > Na > Ar C. C > Na > Si > Ar D. C > Si > Ar > Na
735	Group VA of the periodic table consist of elements.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
736	The special chrome steels of the stainless variety contain how many percent of chromium.	A. <p >4="" 8<o:p><="" class="MsoNormal" o:p><="" p><br="" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt" to=""></p> B. <p >11="" 17<o:p><="" b><="" class="MsoNormal" o:p><="" p><br="" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt" to=""></p> C. 9 tp 10 D. 12 to 15
737	The geometry of Xe F ₂ is	A. Triangular planar B. Square planar C. Linear D. Trigonal bipyramidal
		A. Bond pairs around the central atom

738	The geometry of the molecule is primarily decided by	<p>B. No of k bond around the central atom</p> <p>C. No of bond pairs as well as lone pairs around the central atom</p> <p>D. No. of lone pairs on central atom</p>
739	Transition elements, in general, exhibit the following properties, except one, Name that property.	<p>A. Variable oxidation state</p> <p>B. Natural radioactivity</p> <p>C. Tendency to form complexes</p> <p>D. Formation of alloys</p>
740	What is a method of casehardening involving diffusion in which the steel to be casehardened is machined, heat treated placed in an air tight box and heated to about 1000 °F	<p>A. Annealing</p> <p>B. Normalizing</p> <p>C. Carburizing</p> <p>D. Decomposition</p>
741	An impure sample of camphor contaminated with sand, can be purified by	<p>A. Distillation</p> <p>B. Sublimation</p> <p>C. Steam distillation</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
742	Bromine number is measure of.	<p>A. Paraffins</p> <p>B. Unsaturates</p> <p>C. Saturates</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
743	The number 7.65 is rounded to.	<p>A. 7.6</p> <p>B. 7.7</p> <p>C. 7.5</p> <p>D. 7.8</p>
744	Which of the following analytical technique is used for the separation of an interfering substance or analyte from the mixture.	<p>A. Precipitation</p> <p>B. Distillation</p> <p>C. Electrode position</p> <p>D. All above these</p>
745	The valence shell electronic configuration of group III A is.	<p>A. ns¹ p²</p> <p>B. ns² p¹</p> <p>C. ns³ p²</p> <p>D. ns² p²</p>
746	Disease caused by eating fish found in water contaminated with industrial waste having mercury is.	<p>A. Minamata disease</p> <p>B. Bright's disease</p> <p>C. Hashimoto's disease</p> <p>D. Osteoaclerosis</p>
747	Neon is used in neon signs for advertising purpose because.	<p>A. Neon lights are visible from long distance</p> <p>B. Neon light are visible though fog & mist</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
748	Equilibrium constant Kp and Kc are related as	<p>A. $K_c = K_p (RT)^{\Delta n}$</p> <p>B. $K_p = K_c (RT)^{\Delta n}$</p> <p>C. $K_p = (K_c/RT)^{\Delta n}$</p> <p>D. $K_p - K_c = (RT)^{\Delta n}$</p>
749	Which is not an ore of aluminium.	<p>A. Bauxite</p> <p>B. Cryolite</p> <p>C. Monazite</p> <p>D. Corundum</p>
750	On hybridization of one s and one p orbitals we get.	<p>A. Two mutually perpendicular orbitals</p> <p>B. Two orbitals at 180°</p> <p>C. Four orbitals directed tetrahedrally</p> <p>D. Three orbitals in a plane</p>
751	Soapy detergents and soapless detergents behave differently in hard water because they	<p>A. Have different hydrophilic heads</p> <p>B. Have different hydrophobic hydrocarbon chains</p> <p>C. Have different pH values</p> <p>D. Above A and C both</p>
752	In extraction of iron, the furnace charge consists of iron ore, coke and limestone. The function of limestone is to act as	<p>A. An oxidation agent</p> <p>B. A reducing agent</p> <p>C. Flux</p>

	function of limestone is to act as.	<p>A. Flux</p> <p>D. Slag</p>
753	Which of the following hydroxides is most stable.	<p>A. Mg (OH)₂</p> <p>B. Ca(OH)₂</p> <p>C. Sr (OH)₂</p> <p>D. Ba (OH)₂</p>
754	The device that convert the chemical energy of fuel directly into electrical energy is called.	<p>A. Galvanic cell</p> <p>B. Electrolytic cell</p> <p>C. Fuel cell</p> <p>D. Concentration cell</p>
755	Metal are generally elements	<p>A. Electronegative</p> <p>B. Electropositive</p> <p>C. Neutral</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
756	The process in which ore is heated generally in the presence of air, at temperature below their melting points is called.	<p>A. Calcination</p> <p>B. Roasting</p> <p>C. Fourth floatation</p> <p>D. besemerization</p>
757	The order in O ₂ ⁺ is	<p>A. 1.0</p> <p>B. 1.5</p> <p>C. 2.0</p> <p>D. 2.5</p>
758	Solid phase micro extraction is a solvent less extraction technique This technique is used for preparation of samples for analysis by which of the following technique.	<p>A. HPLC</p> <p>B. GC</p> <p>C. TLC</p> <p>D. Electrophoreals</p>
759	The particles of about 1 nm need _____ activation energy to enter either aggregation processes or reactions to give to new chemicals.	<p>A. Higher</p> <p>B. Lesser</p> <p>C. No</p> <p>D. All above</p>
760	The type of bonding in HCl is	<p>A. Pure covalent</p> <p>B. Polar covalent</p> <p>C. Highly polar</p> <p>D. Hydrogen bonding</p>
761	Acid rain is caused due to increase in the concentration of _____ in the atmosphere	<p>A. Ozone and dust</p> <p>B. CO₂ and CO</p> <p>C. SO₃ and CO</p> <p>D. SO₂ and NO₂</p>
762	Which of the following analytical method is used for the separation of dissolved components from solutions.	<p>A. Chromatography</p> <p>B. Dialysis</p> <p>C. Solvent extraction</p> <p>D. Distillation</p>
763	What field of study encompasses procurement and production of metals.	<p>A. Metallurgy</p> <p>B. Geology</p> <p>C. Material science</p> <p>D. Metalgraphy</p>
764	Which of the following is not related to the limitations of Bohr's model.	<p>A. It does not applicable to more than one electron system.</p> <p>B. It does not explain the extra lines obtained in the H-spectrum</p> <p>C. It considers the electron as particle</p> <p>D. It considers the electron as a wave.</p>
765	The molarity of a 500 mL solution containing 4 g NaOH	<p>A. 0.1</p> <p>B. 0.2</p> <p>C. 0.3</p> <p>D. 0.4</p>
766	Which of the following solids is a better conductor of electricity.	<p>A. Pore NaCl crystal</p> <p>B. Diamond</p> <p>C. Graphite</p> <p>D. Marble pieces</p>
767	Bromination of n-butane produces	<p>A. I-bromobutane as the major product</p> <p>B. 2- bromobutane as the major product</p> <p>C. Both I - bromo and 2- bromobutane with equal percentage</p>

767	Bromination of n-butane produces.	with equal percentage D. Both 1-bromo and 2-bromo products whose percentage depends upon temperature.
768	Metals are	A. Hard B. Ductile C. Malleable D. All
769	The only oxidation state of alkali metals in their compounds is.	A. +1 B. +2 C. -1 D. 0
770	The compound insoluble in acetic acid is.	A. Calcium oxide B. Calcium carbonate C. Calcium oxalate D. Calcium hydroxide
771	The forces which hold the atoms together in a molecule is called	A. Ionic bond B. Covalent bond C. Coordinate bond D. Chemical bond
772	Proteins have characteristics	A. Melting point B. Isoelectric point C. Boiling point D. All of these
773	The unit of specific conductance will be	A. S cm ⁻¹ B. Ohm cm C. Ohm cm ⁻¹ D. Mho cm
774	Gutta percha is	A. Cis polyisoprene B. Trans-polyisoprene C. Polyethylene D. Polyisobutylene
775	Fluorine finds considerable use of DDT which is used as.	A. herbicide B. Fungicide C. Insecticide D. Nematocides
776	For one mole of a gas, the total kinetic energy is equal to.	A. $\frac{2}{3} R T$ B. $\frac{3}{2} R T$ C. $\frac{2}{3} k T$ D. $\frac{3}{2} k T$
777	Ammonia is utilized for	A. Manufacture of urea B. Oxidation to nitric acid C. Manufacture of ammonium sulphate D. All above
778	Smoke is a dispersion of	A. Gas in gas B. Gas in solid C. Solid in gas D. Liquid in gas
779	Cement containing higher percentage of gypsum than required.	A. Sets slowly B. Sets rapidly C. Does not set at all D. Has no effect
780	Identify a dye which was not originally obtained from plant source.	A. Alizarin B. Tyrian purple C. Indigotin D. Quercitrin
781	The number of moles of the solute dissolved per dm ³ of the solution is called.	A. Molality B. Formality C. Normality D. Molarity
782	Biological role of nucleic acid does not include	A. Genetic continuity B. Protein synthesis C. Hybridization D. Mutation
783	Branch of chemistry that deals with the basic principles governing energy changes during various processes is called.	A. Wave mechanics B. Chemical kinetics C. Chemical thermodynamics D. Electro chemistry
784	Which are not considered members of d-block elements.	A. Zn B. Cd C. Hg D. All above

785	Duralumin is an alloy of.	A. Mg + Al B. Al+ Mg+Mn C. Mg + Al + Cu D. Mg + Al + Cu + Mn
786	Which of the following radical is not a member of IV group.	A. Mg^{2+} B. Co^{2+} C. Ni^{2+} D. Mn^{2+}
787	What is called black gold.	A. Petroleum B. Coal C. Coal tar D. Natural gas
788	A^0 or $10 Dq$ is called crystal field.	A. Energy B. Splitting energy C. Stabilization energy D. None of above
789	The shape of SO_4^{2-} ion is.	A. Tetrahedral B. Trigonal planar C. Square planar D. Octahedral
790	An acid base titration involves a neutralization reaction in which an acid is reacted with an equivalent amount of base The titrant is always a strong acid or base The analyte may be	A. Strong acid B. Strong base C. Weak acid and Weak base D. All above
791	Which of the following is a source of energy but does not cause pollution.	A. Gaslone B. Nuclear power plant C. Fossil fuels D. Sun
792	Coordination compound show	A. Structural isomerism B. Stereo isomerism C. Both A and B D. None of above
793	The ration of thermal conductivity of silver to that of a carbon nanotube is.	A. 100 : 1 B. 1 :100 C. 10:1 D. 1:10
794	Usually the rate of the reactions is expressed as.	A. mol dm^{-1} B. $\text{mol dm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ C. $\text{mol dm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ D. $\text{mol}^2 \text{ dm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$
795	Which of the following is a non degradable pollutant.	A. Long chain phenolics B. DDT C. Mercuric salts D. All above
796	The yellow colour of chromates changes to orange red on acidification, due to the formation of.	A. Cr^{3+} B. Cr_2O_3 C. $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ D. CrO_3
797	Human hearing is sensitive to frequency in the range of about	A. 10,000 - 20,000 Hz B. 10 - 10,000 Hz C. 16- 20,000 Hz D. None of the above
798	An indicator for an acid base titration is a	A. Weak acid B. Weak base C. Strong acid D. Strong base E. Both A and B
799	In an adiabatic system, if work is done, the temperature must.	A. Increase B. Decrease C. Remain the same D. Increase than decrease
800	What is the equilibrium temperature of transformation of austenite to pearlite	A. 1000 F B. 1333 F C. 166 6 F D. 1222 F
801	Which of the following process is not physical in nature.	A. Mixing B. Flocculation C. Sedimentation D. Activated sludge process
		A. PH_3 & AsH_3 & SbH_3 & BiH_3 & NH_3

802	Arrange the hydrides group 15 in the order of increasing boiling point.	B. PH_3 < AsH_3 < SbH_3 < NH_3 < BiH_3 C. PH_3 < AsH_3 < NH_3 < SbH_3 < BiH_3 D. NH_3 < PH_3 < AsH_3 < SbH_3 < BiH_3
803	Which of these historical works of art contain nanotechnology.	A. Lycurgus cup B. Medieval stained glass windows in churches C. Damascus steel swords D. All of the above
804	An example of cyclic polyterpenoid is	A. Myrcene B. Alcoholic C. Synthetic rubber D. Natural rubber
805	In TGA, the weight loss curve depends on the which instrumental factors.	A. Furnace heating rate B. Recording or chart speed C. Furnace atmosphere D. All
806	Group IV A consist of elements.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
807	The oxidation Number of I in HIO_4 is.	A. +6 B. +7 C. +3 D. +14
808	Glass obtained by placing a layer of butyral plastic with a suitable adhesive between two layers of glass and cementing them by heat and pressure is called.	A. Glass wool B. Safety glass C. Optical glass D. Jena glass
809	The ion that is isoelectronic with CO is	A. CN^- B. O_2^+ C. CO_2^- D. N_2^+
810	Which of the following compounds does not show dipole moment.	A. CH_3OH B. HBr C. CCl_4 D. CHCl_3
811	Which one has a coordinate bond.	A. Al_2Cl_6 B. BF_3 C. NaCl D. O_2
812	Ca^{2+} is isoelectronic with.	A. Mg^{2+} B. Kr C. Ar D. Na^+
813	The hybridization of S in SO_2 is.	A. sp B. sp^2 C. sp^3 D. dsp^2
814	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to nitrogen dioxide.	A. It is produced by the oxidation of NO B. Its small concentration has been detected to lower stratosphere C. It is major pollutant D. It does not absorb sunlight.
815	The dye obtained from madder root	A. Indogotin B. Indanthrene C. Alizarin D. Acriflavin
816	In confining and growing nanorods CNTs will act as.	A. Template B. Support C. Source of oxidant D. Sieve
817	Which among the following is least soluble in water.	A. NaF B. LiF C. KF D. CsF
818	Coordinate covalent bond found is formed by the	A. Transference of electrons B. Sharing of electrons C. Donation of electrons D. None of these

A. Unequally shared between the two

819	The bond between two identical non metal atoms has a pair of electrons.	B. Transferred fully from one atom to another C. With identical spins D. Equally shared between them
820	H ₂ SO ₄ is used	A. In the preparation of aqua regia B. In the purification of gold and silver C. In the dental filling D. None of above
821	Ingold's isoprene rule states that in terpenoids isoprene units are joined.	A. Head to tail B. Head to Head C. Tail to Tail D. In a random order
822	Lithium shows diagonal relationship with	A. Beryllium B. Sodium C. Magnesium D. Calcium
823	Which element among the following cannot exhibit variable electronvalency	A. $^{29}_{\text{Cu}}$ B. $^{50}_{\text{Sn}}$ C. $^{25}_{\text{Mn}}$ D. $^{38}_{\text{Sr}}$
824	When borax is strongly heated, it gives	A. B ₂ O ₄ B. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ C. NaBO ₂ D. NaBO ₂ + B ₂ O ₃
825	Equal volumes of all gases, under similar conditions of temperature and pressure, contain equal number of molecules. This is a statement of.	A. Graham's law B. Dalton's law C. Avogadro's law D. Boyle's law
826	Which of the following statements about anhydrous aluminium chloride is correct.	A. It exists as AlCl ₃ molecules B. It is not easily hydrolysed C. It sublimes at 100 °C under vacuum D. Boron does not form B ³⁺ ions
827	The unit of nucleic acid having base sugar combination is called.	A. Nucleic acid B. Nucleoside C. Nucleotide D. None of these
828	What impurity in steel can cause brittleness which means the steel becomes unworkable at high temperature.	A. Sulphur B. Silicon C. Magnesium D. Aluminium
829	The number of optically active compounds in the isomers of C ₃ H ₅ Br ₃ is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
830	The sum of pH and pOH in aqueous solution is equal to.	A. 14 B. 7 C. zero D. pK _w
831	α-terpineol is obtained on hydration of which of the following with dilute H ₂ SO ₄ .	A. Citral B. Myrcene C. Linalool D. Limonene
832	The element having electronic configuration 1s ² , 2s ² , 3s ² , 3p ³ is.	A. Trivalent only B. Tetravalent only C. Trivalent and pentavalent D. Pentavalent only
833	Which of the following is an important aspect of industrial ecology.	A. Minimising air emissions B. Minimising liquid waste C. Recycling after use D. All above
834	What is the approximate chromium range of a ferritic stainless steel.	A. 12% to 18% B. 16% to 20% C. 20% to 24% D. 12% to 16%
835	The common oxidation state of lanthanides is.	A. +3 B. +2 C. +1 D. +4

A. Protium and deuterium
B. Tritium only

836	Which isotope of hydrogen is radioactive in nature.	 C. Tritium only C. Tritium and deuterium D. Only deuterium
837	Which one of the following is not formed when an electric discharge passes through helium.	A. HeH+ B. HeH2+ C. He2+ D. He2-
838	Electronegativity of Oxygen is.	A. 2.5 B. 3.5 C. 2.4 D. 2.1
839	Which of the following element is usually determined by flame photometry.	A. Li B. Na C. K D. All above elements
840	Which of the following statements regarding phenols is not correct.	A. Phenol is are stronger acids than water and alcohols. B. Phenol are weaker acids than carboxylic acids C. Phenol are solubel in both aqueous NaOH and aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate D. Phenoxides ions are more stable than the corresponding phenol
841	Which of the following statements is not related to the decomposition phenomenon occurring in nature.	A. Decomposition is due to autotrophic organisms B. Decomposition involves bacteria and fungi C. During decomposition organisms carry out specific reactions D. Many species of decomposer are present in the biosphere
842	Which of the following technique is useful to remove metal ions from an interfering matrix.	A. Solvent extraction B. Electrophoresis C. Cataphoresis D. Gel permeation
843	All the member of group III A are metals except.	A. B B. Al C. Ga D. In
844	Which of the following information is correct about a typical packed column in GC.	A. 10-100 m long and 2 to 6 cm to diameter B. 1-10 m long and 0.2 to 0.6 cm in diameter C. 0.1-1 m long and 0.02 to 0.00 cm in diameter D. None of the above
845	The instrument used for measuring fluorescence is known as.	A. Fluorimeter B. Potentiometer C. Flame photometer D. Mass spectrometer
846	J.J. Thomson established certain properties about cathode rays. Which of the following is not related to cathode rays.	A. Cathode rays from a gas discharge tube consists of negatively charged particles B. Cathode rays are called electrons. C. The e/m ratio of cathode rays depends on the gas inside D. Cathode rays are affected by electric and magnetic fields.
847	The most stable oxidation state shown by lead is.	A. +2 , +4 B. +2 only C. +3 , +4 D. +4 only
848	Red colour of glass of due to the presence of	A. Cu2O B. CoO C. MnO2 D. CdS
849	The dyes which are produced on the fibre in suit by reactions are known as.	A. Mordant dyes B. Fast dyme C. Ingrain dyes D. Disperse dyes
850	DTA is of great importance in which of the following field	A. Ceramic B. Metallurgy C. Mineralogy D. All

851	Colour in transition metal compounds is attributed to	A. Small sized metal ions B. Absorption of light in UV region C. Complete ns sub shell D. incomplete (n-1) sub shell
852	What element is added to copper to make it extremely hard.	A. Aluminum B. Zinc C. Lead D. Tin
853	Egyptians were using _____ to prepare make up for eyes.	A. Nanoaluminium B. Nanocopper C. Nanosteel D. Nanolead
854	Both the elements shows allotropy	A. B & Ai B. B & Si C. Al & Si D. Any of above
855	Consider the coordination compound $\text{Na}_2[\text{Pt}(\text{CN})_4]$ the Lewis and is	A. $[\text{Pr}(\text{CN})_4]_2$ B. Na^+ C. Pt D. Pt^{2+}
856	Not a Characteristic property of ceramic material	A. High temperature stability B. High mechanical strength C. Low elongation D. Low hardness
857	CFSE for d^7 ion is.	A. 0.8 B. -0.8 C. -1.8 D. 1.8
858	The size of iso electronic species - F^- , Ne, and Na^+ is affected by	A. Nuclear charge (Z) B. Valence principal quantum number (n) C. Electron electron interaction in the outer orbital D. None of the factors because their size to the same.
859	Which of the following solution would have the largest depression in freezing point.	A. 1% glucose B. 1 % KCl C. 1 % AlCl_3 D. 1 % BaCl_2
860	The types of coordinate compounds.	A. Labila B. Inert C. Both A and B D. None of above
861	SO_3 exists in form	A. a - so_3 B. b- SO_3 C. gama SO_3 D. All above
862	Which of the following compounds has highest dipole moment.	A. Dichloromethane B. Chloroform C. Chloromathane D. All above
863	Which of the following is not an organic precipitating agent.	A. Diemethglyoxime B. Cuperon C. Oxime D. Acetate
864	The electrophile in the sulphonation of benzene is.	A. SO_3 B. SO_3H C. HSO_4 D. SO_2
865	Electronegativity of oxygen is.	A. 2,5 B. 3,5 C. 2,4 D. 2.1
866	Which of the following statements is wrong.	A. Covalent compounds are generally soluble in polar solvents B. Covalent compounds have low melting and boiling point. C. Ionic solids do not conduct electricity in solid state D. Ionic compounds conduct electricity in the fused state.
867	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to radioactive pollutants	A. Carcinoma and breast cancer B. Leukemia

867	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to radioactive pollutants.	C. Increases biological immune system D. Somatic and genetic disorder
868	A molecule that cannot be superimposed on its mirror image is said to exhibit which of the following.	A. Geometrical isomerism B. Optical isomerism C. Linkage isomerism D. Reactive isomerism
869	Transition elements, in general exhibit the following properties, except one Name that property.	A. Variable oxidation state B. Natural radioactivity C. Tendency to form complexes D. Formation of alloys
870	Which element out of the following can exhibit a maximum coordination valency of seven.	A. Chlorine B. Sulphur C. Fluorine D. both Cl and F
871	The rise of a liquid in capillary tube is due to.	A. Osmosis B. Diffusion C. Surface tension D. Viscosity
872	Which metal can produce dihydrogen gas by reaction with dil H ₂ SO ₄	A. Ag B. Fe C. Cu D. Pt
873	Hydrolysis of protein gives	A. α -amino acid only B. β -amino acids only C. gamma amino acid only D. A mixture of all of these
874	Which of the following compounds combines with hemoglobin.	A. CO ₂ B. CO C. NO D. N ₂
875	If Principal quantum number $n = 4$ the quantum number l can have value.	A. 1, 2, 3 and 4 B. 0, 1, 2 and 3 C. 1, 2 and 3 only D. None of the above
876	The maximum number of electrons in an atom with $l = 2$ and $n = 3$ is	A. 2 B. 6 C. 10 D. 12
877	The glow of the yellow phosphorous as a result of slow oxidation in air is called.	A. Chemiluminescence B. Luminescence C. Bioluminescence D. Photolysis
878	The state of hybridization of carbon in CO ₂ is	A. sp ² B. sp C. sp ³ D. dsp ²
879	Which of the following has the highest value.	A. Transnational partition function B. Rotational partition function C. Vibrational partition function D. Electronic partition function
880	Which of the following is diamagnetic	A. O ₂ B. O ₂ ⁺ C. O ₂ ⁻ D. O ₂ ²⁻
881	Natural gas can be transported through	A. Cylinders B. Pipes C. Barriers D. All of above
882	The formula of bleaching powder is.	A. Ca OCl ₂ B. CaClO ₃ C. Ca(ClO) ₃ ₂ D. CaOCl
883	Hydrogen at the moment of its generation is generally called.	A. Protium B. Nascent hydrogen C. Atomic hydrogen D. Heavy hydrogen
884	Increasing oxygen contents in oxyacids leads to.	A. An increase in thermal stability B. An increase in acid strength C. A decrease in oxidizing power D. All above

885	in the process of production of soap the soap can be salted out by adding	A. Concentrated sulphuric acid B. Concentrated potassium hydroxide solution C. Concentrated sodium chloride solution D. None of above
886	Which of the following statements is not relevant to the Plank's quantum Theory.	A. Radiant energy is not absorbed or emitted continuously B. Radiant energy is emitted or absorbed in the form of small packets of energy. C. The quantum of light energy is called photon D. The energy associated with photon of radiation is directly proportional to the wavelength.
887	The hydrolysis of methyl acetate is a reaction of.	A. First order B. Second order C. Third order D. Fourth order
888	The number of significant figures in the number 0.216 is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
889	Which of the following methods does not give the weight average molecular weight.	A. Sedimentation equilibrium B. Sedimentation velocity C. Light scattering D. Osmotic method
890	The process in which ore is heated generally in the absence of air, to expel water from a hydrated oxide at temperature below their melting points is called.	A. calcination B. Roasting C. Froth floatation D. Bessemerization
891	Strong field ligands such as CN	A. Usually produce high spin complexes and small crystal field splitting B. Usually produce low spin complexes and small crystal field splitting C. Usually produce low spin complexes and high crystal field splitting D. Cannot form low spin complexes
892	Which of the following statement is not correct.	A. The element with highest IE belongs to group 18 B. In each period the element with lowest IE belongs to group I C. In each period the element with highest IE is a noble gas D. In the second period as we move from left to right, ionization energy increases regularly.
893	Which of the following ions does not have the electronic configuration same as that of neon.	A. F ⁻ B. O ²⁻ C. Na ⁺ D. Ca ²⁺
894	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to photo chemical reactions.	A. These take place in the presence of light B. Free energy of these reactions may be positive or negative C. Light intensity affects these reactions D. Temperature has significant effect on rate of these reactions
895	The technique which involves the equivalence relation between the quantity of electric current passed and quantity of chemical change taking place in the electrochemical cell is called.	A. Voltametry B. Coulometry C. Polarography D. Potentiometry
896	A covalent bond which is formed between two atoms by the overlap of atomic orbitals along their axis is called.	A. Pi bond B. Sigma bond C. Polar bond D. Non polar bond
897	By applying an external force the ionic solid can be easily broken to powder form so the ionic solid are highly	A. Hard B. Brittle C. Tough D. Soft
898	Which of the following is a false statement.	A. Halogens are strong oxidizing agents B. Halogens show only (-I) Oxidation state C. H ₂ F molecules form intermolecular H-Bonds D.

		D. Fluorine is highly reactive
899	The particle would be stationary in a lattice only at.	A. 273 K B. 0 K C. 298 K D. 373 K
900	What is considered as the general purpose oldest type and widely used case iron.	A. Grey iron B. Alloy iron C. Black iron D. Ductile iron
901	Which of the following does not apply to metallic bond.	A. Overlapping valence orbitals B. Mobile valency electron C. Delocalized electrons D. Highly directed bonds
902	How many oxygen atoms lined up in a row would fit in a one nanometer space.	A. None an oxygen atoms is bigger than 1 nm B. One C. Seven D. None of the above
903	Which of the following statements is not related with entropy.	A. It is a measure of disorder B. It is a measure of unavailable energy C. It is a function of thermodynamics probability D. It is a path function
904	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to group theory.	A. Two elements of a group combine to form a third element of a group B. An element combines with itself to form another element of the group. C. Each element of the group obey associative law of combination D. Each group element has no reciprocal
905	At high temperature nitrogen combines with calcium carbide to give	A. Calcium cyanide B. Calcium cyanamide C. Calcium nitride D. Calcium carbonate
906	In Glass of vitreous state solid the atoms are arranged in.	A. Regular fashion B. Random fashion C. linear fashion D. All of these
907	Which among the following hydride is ionic in nature.	A. Ammonia B. Protium oxide C. Calcium hydride D. Sulphane
908	Which of the following extractant is used to solid phase extraction	A. Bonding of C18 chains on silica B. Bonding of C20 on paper C. Bonding of C18 on glass D. Bonding of C20 on cellulose
909	The most suitable method of separation in mixture of o- and p- nitrophenol is.	A. Steam distillation B. Chromatography C. Ion-exchange D. Sublimation
910	Gases and dust particles are removed from H ₂ SO ₄ by	A. Tydal effect B. Drying tower C. Absorption tower D. Contact converter
911	Bromine is soluble in	A. Alcohol B. Water C. Chloroform D. All above
912	The three isotopes of hydrogen differ from one another in	A. Atomic number B. Number of protons C. Nuclear charge D. Nuclear mass
913	In diborane (B ₂ H ₆)	A. The structure is similar to that of C ₂ H ₆ B. All the atoms are in one plane C. The boron atoms are linked through hydrogen bridges D. There is a direct boron boron bond
914	Glass electrode cannot be used to measure the pH of pure.	A. Acetic acid B. Ethyl alcohol C. Gelatin D. All above

915	Which of the following should have the largest dipole moment.	A. Carbon tetrachloride B. Cis-stibeu C. Trans-atibeue D. Cis-dichloroethylene
916	Which of the following glass transmits the maximum light.	A. Serrated glass B. Clear glass C. Milk glass D. Opalescent glass
917	The change of chemical potential of any component with temperature an constant P and composition, is euqal to.	A. Partial molar enthalpy of that component B. Partial molar volume C. Partial molar free energy D. Negative of the partial molar entropy
918	Which of the following statement is not related with the effect of thermal pollution.	A. Decrease in BOD B. Increase in BOD C. Reduction in DO D. Change in algal production
919	Each of the following when present at para position decreases the acidic strength of phenol except.	A. -NH ₂ B. -Cl C. CH ₃ O- D. CH ₃ -
920	The most stable carbonium ion is	A. See butyl B. n-butyl C. Tert butyl D. None of the above
921	Which of the following molecule contains two dative bonds according to Lewis structure.	A. NH ₃ B. SO ₃ C. PCI ₅ D. BF ₃
922	In the Lewis formula of which of the following species, the number of single double and dative bonds are equal.	A. N ₂ O ₃ B. HNO ₃ C. SO ₂ D. SOCl ₂
923	Which of the following pollutant results from combustion of fossil fuels.	A. SO ₂ B. NO ₂ C. CO D. All above
924	In Serpekr's process the ore is treated with which of the following.	A. Carbon B. Nitrogen gas C. Both A and B D. None of these
925	The number of degrees of freedom and number of components for a system of containing undissolved salt , in equilibrium with water vapor are.	A. 2,2 B. 3 , 2 C. 1 , 1 D. 1 , 2
926	Group IV A consist of elements	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
927	In vinyl cyanide, the number of a bonds in	A. 2 B. 3 C. 1 D. 4
928	Which of the following molecules has the lowest average speed at 273 K.	A. CO ₂ B. CO C. CH ₄ D. O ₂
929	According to Usanovich concept a base is defined as any species.	A. Capable of giving up anions B. Combining with cations C. Neutralizing an acid to give a salt D. All of above
930	When two H atoms approach each other then forces operates.	A. Attractive forces B. Repulaive forces C. Attractive and repulsive D. None of above
931	Brass is an alloy of	A. Copper and tin B. Copper and zinc C. Aluminium and nickel D. Leed and tin
932	Alums are generally used	A. In Dying and water proofing of fabric B. In arrest bleeding C. IN water purification

C. In water purification
D. All above

933	Which of the following techniques involves the distribution of solute between two immiscible liquid phases.	A. Chromatography B. Electrophoresis C. Solvent extractions D. Solid phase extraction
934	The chemical method of separation in which the analytes to be separated are distributed between two phases, one of which is stationary phase while the other moves in a definite direction This technique is known as.	A. Electrophoreals B. Chromatography C. Solvent extraction D. Catachreals
935	Which law of thermodynamics helps in calculating the absolute entropies of varies substances.	A. Zeroth law B. 1st law C. Second law D. Third Law
936	Vet dyes are generally applied to the fabric in the form of.	A. Mordants B. Leuco base C. Oxidised base D. Dispersed dyes.
937	Which of the following elements has the highest third ionization energy.	A. Sodium B. Magnesium C. Aluminum D. Silicon
938	Which statement is true.	A. Resonance hybride are inherently unstable. B. Resonance hybride are more static than any individual resonance form C. Resonance hybride are average of all resoance forms resembling the more stabel forms D. None of the above
939	Which of the following elements has the highest value of IE.	A. Na B. K C. Mg D. Ca
940	The IUPAC name of $C_2(CN)_3$ is	A. 2,3-dicvano butanedinitrile B. 2,3 -dicyano -2- butenedinitrile C. 1,1,2,2-tetracyanoethane D. 1,1,2,2, tetracyanoethenc
941	The energy gap between two bands so large that it effectively prevents the promotion of electron from the lower to the higher band such energy gap all called.	A. Ionization zone B. Dissociation zone C. Distinction zone D. Forbidden zone
942	Which of the following statements is not correct regarding electromagnetic spectra?	A. The frequency of microwave is less than uv B. The velocity of X-rays is more than uv C. Cosmic rays have shorter wave length than radio waves. D. The frequency of uv is greater than visible rays.
943	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to hydrolytic cycle.	A. It is the major constituent of the lithosphere B. Water covers about 83% of the earth's surface C. it is essential requirement of all the organisms D. Water covers about 73% of the ear5th's surface.
944	Which of the following mixture is used as most popular flame in AAS.	A. Acetylene air B. Acetylene O2 C. Hydrogen air D. Hydrogen O2
945	The rate at which a substance reacts depends on its.	A. Molecular mass B. Active mass C. Equivalent mass D. Molar mass
946	Select an acidic amino acid	A. Lysine B. Cystine C. Aspartic acid D. Aminoacetic acid
947	CFT can very well explain	A. Color B. Magnetic properties C. Spectra of transition metal D. All

A. Mass spectrometry

948	Which of the following method of analysis is based on diffraction of radiation.	A. Mass spectrometry B. Polarography C. Potentiometry D. Raman scattering
949	Which of the following is not chemical characteristics of water.	A. pH B. COD C. BOD D. Colour
950	The extinction co efficient has the units.	A. $\text{cm}^2 \text{mol}^{-1}$ B. $\text{cm}^3 \text{mol}^{-1}$ C. mol cm^{-3} D. mol cm^{-1}
951	In Dannis's method the end of the copper caps into which graphite electrode are fixed with cement.	A. Portiant B. Bakelite C. Asbestos D. All of above
952	Monomer of natural rubber is	A. 1,3-Butadiene B. 2-Methyl -1,3-butadiene C. 1,2 -Butadiene D. 1,3 - Pentadiene
953	Stereoisomers not related to each other as object and mirror image are called.	A. Enantiomers B. Diastereoisomers C. Conformations D. Antipodes
954	Which is the correct order of wave number of the following radiations.	A. X-rays > uv > Infrared > visible > radio waves B. X-rays > uv > visible > Infrared > radio waves C. X-rays > radio waves > uv > visible > Infrared D. X-rays > Infrared > uv > visible > radio waves
955	The deficiency of which vitamin leads to beriberi	A. Thiamine B. Riboflavin C. Pyridoxine D. Ascorbic acid
956	Bitumen is used in	A. Electric generators B. Road surfacing C. Coal tar D. All of above
957	Pick out the incorrect statement	A. The geometry around 'N' atom in trimethylamine is pyramidal B. The geometry around N atom in trisilylamine is planar C. The nitrogen atom in trimethylamine is sp^2 hybridized whilst in trisilylamine it is sp^2 hybridized D. Trisilylamine has donor properties whilst trimethylamine has no donor properties.
958	In normal mode of operations of liquid liquid partition, a polar stationary phase is used with a non polar mobile phase Which of the following solvent is used as mobile phase.	A. Ethanol B. Propanol C. Butanol D. Hexane
959	A trend which is common to elements of both the group IA and group VII A going from top to bottom.	A. Boiling point increases B. Electron affinity increases C. Oxidizing power increases D. Ionization energy decrease
960	In the Lewis formula of which of the following species, the number of single double and dative bonds are equal	A. N_2O_5 B. HNO_3 C. SO_2 D. SOCl_2
961	The name hydrogen was proposed by.	A. Lavoisier B. Rutherford C. Henry Cavendish D. Scheele
962	Which of the following cast iron is heat treated for ductility.	A. Gray iron B. Malleable iron C. White iron D. None of these
963	The purification of Bauxite can be carried out.	A. Baeyer's process B. Hall's process C. Serpek's process D. None of these

D. Any of above

964	Among all halogens no oxyacid of the following is known	A. F B. Cl C. Br D. I
965	What is defined as an intimate mechanical mixture of two or more phases having a definite composition and a definite temperature of transformation within the solid state.	A. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Pearlite</p></p></p> B. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Eutectoid</p></p></p> C. delta="" solid="" solution<="" span><br="" style='font-size:11.0pt;line-height:107%; font-family:"Calibri","sans-serif";mso-ascii-theme-font:minor-latin;mso-fareast-font-family: Calibri;mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin;mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:Arial;mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;mso-ansi-language: EN-US;mso-fareast-language:EN-US;mso-bidi-language:AR-SA'>D. None of these</p></p>
966	pH of pure water at 25 °C. $K_w = 1 \times 10^{-4}$	A. 0 B. 7 C. 14 D. None of above
967	Which of the following alkaline earth metals occurs in radioactive form in nature.	A. Ca B. Mg C. Ra D. Ba
968	Which of the following sulphide is yellow in colour.	A. HgS B. PbS C. CdS D. SnS
969	The penultimate shell of carbon contains electrons.	A. s2 B. s2p6 C. s2p6d10 D. s2p6d8
970	If 20 ml of 0.5 N salt solution is diluted in one litre. what is the new concentration.	A. 0.01 N B. 0.001 N C. 1 N D. 10 N
971	Hydrometallurgy of copper involves extraction of copper from poor ores by which process.	A. Dry process B. Wet process C. Both dry and wet process D. None of these
972	Beryllium shows diagonal relationship with.	A. Mg B. Al C. Na D. B
973	Which parameter of a chemical reaction will change with the use of a catalyst.	A. ΔF , change in free energy B. ΔS , change in entropy C. ΔE , change in internal energy D. K, the rate constant
974	Which of the following orbitals has maximum penetration effect.	A. s B. p C. d D. f
975	Which of the following is capable of forming zwitter ion.	A. Amino acids B. Halo acids C. Hydroxy acids D. All of these
976	The concept is also known as electron pair donor acceptor system.	A. Bronsted Lowery B. Lewis C. Lux -Flood D. Usanovich
977	Which trihalide is not hydrolysed by water	A. NF3 B. NCl3 C. PCl3 D. AsCl3

A. H2BO3

978	The formula of Tetraboric acid is.	<p>A. HBO_2</p> <p>C. $\text{H}_2\text{B}_4\text{O}_7$</p> <p>D. $\text{H}_6\text{B}_4\text{O}_9$</p>
979	The element Uuu has atomic numebr	<p>A. 102</p> <p>B. 111</p> <p>C. 101</p> <p>D. 110</p>
980	Lux -Flood concept is a dono-acceptor system of.	<p>A. Proton</p> <p>B. Electron pair</p> <p>C. Neurtron</p> <p>D. Oxide ion</p>
981	A gas obeying the van Waals equation will closely resemble and ideal gas if	<p>A. The parameters 'a' and 'b' are small</p> <p>B. 'a' is small but 'b' is large</p> <p>C. 'a' is large but 'b' is mall</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
982	Which of the following statements is not true with reference to ionic conductors.	<p>A. Ionic conductance is due to movement of the ions</p> <p>B. It involves the transfer of matter</p> <p>C. It involves oxidation reduction reactions</p> <p>D. It decreases with rise in temperature.</p>
983	A unit cell having dimension , $a = b \neq c$, $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$ is known as.	<p>A. Cubic</p> <p>B. Hexagonal</p> <p>C. Orthorhombic</p> <p>D. None of them</p>
984	Elements of group 14 have the electronic configuration of their outer shell as	<p>A. $ns^2 np^3$</p> <p>B. $ns^2 np^2$</p> <p>C. $ns^2 np^6$</p> <p>D. ns^2</p>
985	Radon is obtained only in the radioactive decay of	<p>A. Radium</p> <p>B. Thorium</p> <p>C. Actinium</p> <p>D. Any of above</p>
986	The movement of an electric charge produce a magnetic field is known from the	<p>A. Elementary Physics</p> <p>B. Elementary Chemistry</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
987	Not a major contributor of engineering ceramics	<p>A. SiC</p> <p>B. SiO_2</p> <p>C. Si_3N_4</p> <p>D. BH_3</p>
988	LPG is use this	<p>A. <p style="margin-bottom: 0; margin-top: 0.001pt; line-height: normal;">Vehicles</p></p> <p>B. <p style="margin-bottom: 0; margin-top: 0.001pt; line-height: normal;">Aviation Fuel</p></p> <p>C. Home</p> <p>D. All above</p>
989	Which of the following carbonates decomposes at the highest temperature.	<p>A. MgCO_3</p> <p>B. CaCO_3</p> <p>C. SrCO_3</p> <p>D. BaCO_3</p>
990	In B_2H_6 molecule	<p>A. There exists a direct B-B σ-bond</p> <p>B. All the atoms are in one plane</p> <p>C. All the B-H bonds are normal covalent bonds</p> <p>D. There exist two bonds between the boron atoms.</p>
991	Which of the following species is very poor oxidizing agent	<p>A. H^+</p> <p>B. Zn^{2+}</p> <p>C. Fe^{3+}</p> <p>D. MnO_4^-</p>
992	Which of the following is not an alkali metal.	<p>A. Potassium</p> <p>B. Francium</p> <p>C. Sodium</p> <p>D. Strontium</p>
993	The first ionization energy of Mg is lower than	<p>A. Na</p> <p>B. Ca</p> <p>C. Al</p> <p>D. Be</p>

994	Is an instate able colourles gas with a sticky sweet odor and is extremely toxic.	A. B2 H6 B. B4 H10 C. B3 H9 D. B6 H10
995	Xe reacts directly with	A. O2 B. Cl2 C. F2 D. Br2
996	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to applications of H-bonding.	A. It explains the usual b.p. and m.p of certain class of compound. B. It explains the solubility of certain organic compounds in hydroxylic solvents C. It explains the lack of ideal behavior in gases and solutions D. It has stonrg influence on the configuration of certain molecules.
997	Monomers are Teflon is	A. Monochloroethene B. 1,2- Difluoroethene C. 1,1,2- Trifluoroethene D. Tetrafluoroethene
998	Among sodium phosphate, sodium sulphate and sodium chloride the solubility in water increases as.	A. Chloride > Phosphate > Sulphate B. Sulphate > Pohosphate> Chloride C. Chloride > Sulphate > Phosphate D. Phosphate > Chloride > Sulphate
999	Which of the following is NOT true 7 ceramic materials are.	A. Hard, have high densities high compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature Silicon B. Hard, have low densities high compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature. C. Hard, have low densities low compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature. D. Hard, have low densities' high compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature.
1000	Which of the following statements is not correct. with respect to resonance.	A. The position of atomic nuclei mus be same B. The limiting structures must have same number of paired and unpaired electrons. C. The energy of the various limiting structures must contribute equally D. All above
1001	In the Mendeleev's periodic table elements are arranged in the increasing order of their .	A. Numbers of neutrone. B. Atomic number C. Atomic mass D. Atomic volume
1002	The bond order for BO molecule is.	A. 2.5 B. 3.0 C. 2.0 D. 3.5
1003	Strongest inter molecular hydrogen bond is formed in	A. H2O B. NH3 C. HF D. H2S
1004	The migration of positively charged colloidal particles, under an electrical field , towards the cathode is called.	A. Cataphoresis B. Electroamosis C. Sedimentation D. Electrodialysis
1005	In which polymerization branching of chain cannot be possible.	A. Free radical B. Cationic C. Anionic D. Anionic and Ziegler Natta
1006	The number of hydrogen bond present in G -C pair is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 4 D. 3

1007	Xenon hexafluoride at 47.7 °C is	A. Colorless solid B. yellow solid C. Yellow liquid D. Colorless liquid
1008	The branch of chemistry which deals with the rate of reaction as well as mechanism is known as	A. Wave mechanism B. Classical thermodynamics C. Chemical kinetics D. Photochemistry
1009	Which of the following is the active ingredient in ordinary household bleach.	A. HCl B. Cl ₂ C. NaCl D. NaClO
1010	Petrol can be saved by	A. Driving at a constant and moderate speed B. Ensuring correct tyre pressure C. Switching off the engine at traffic lights D. All of these
1011	Fats and oil are _____	A. Acids B. Alcohols C. Salts D. Base
1012	What type of steel has 0.8 % carbon and 100% pearlite.	A. Austenite B. Eutectoid C. Hyper eutectoid D. Silver steel
1013	C - O bond lengths in carboxylate anion are equal due to.	A. Resonance effect B. Inductive effect C. Resonance of identical contributing structures. D. Hyperconjugation
1014	Used in filling luminous tubes.	A. Xenon B. Krypton C. Radon D. Helium
1015	A pH of a neutral solution at 100 °C when $K_w = 1.0 \times 10^{-12}$	A. 0 B. 7 C. 6 D. 7
1016	What is prefix in steel identification means it is made in an electric furnace.	A. E B. H C. B D. Z
1017	When a concentrated solute of an electrolyte is diluted.	A. Its specific conductance increases B. Its equivalent conductance decreases C. The specific conductance decreases and equivalent conductance increases D. Both specific and equivalent conductance increase
1018	Ionization potential of carbon is.	A. 11.2 B. 7.8 C. 8.1 D. 7.3
1019	The pH of milk is	A. 6.0 B. 6.5 C. 7.0 D. 7.5
1020	What is the minimum tensile strength of gray Cast Iron class 50	A. 25000 ibf/in^2 B. 50000 ibf/in^2 C. 100000 ibf/in^2 D. 900000 ibf/in^2
1021	The Ostwald process is the main method for the manufacture of nitric Acid in the first step in this process is.	A. Nitrogen and hydrogen react to form NH ₃ B. Ammonia is burned in O ₂ to generate N ₂ and H ₂ O C. Nitrogen and oxygen react to form NO ₂ D. Ammonia is burned with O ₂ to generate NO and H ₂ O
1022	Which of the following is not related to crystallography .	A. Law of rational indices B. Law of anisotropy C. Law of constancy of interfacial angles D. Bragg's law

1023	Which of the following can be used as drying agent of ammonia.	A. CaO B. Anhydrous CaCl ₂ C. P ₂ O ₅ D. Conc. H ₂ SO ₄
1024	Co enzyme can be separated from enzyme by	A. Precipitation B. Dialysis C. Hydrolysis D. Distillation
1025	Helium oxygen mixture is used by deep sea divers in preference to nitrogen oxygen mixture, because.	A. Helium is much less soluble in blood than nitrogen B. Nitrogen is much less soluble in blood than helium C. Due to high pressure deep under the sea, nitrogen and oxygen react to give poisonous nitric oxide. D. Nitrogen is highly soluble in water
1026	During the last two centuries, the atmospheric CO ₂ contents are increased by	A. 15% B. 25% C. 35% D. 50%
1027	Commercial orthophosphoric acid is pure.	A. 37.0% B. 82.98% C. 88.25% D. 90.12%
1028	Form electron deficient compounds	A. B B. Al C. Both B and Al D. None of above
1029	Which of the following is the most suitable catalyst for ammonia synthesis.	A. Pt B. $\text{ZnO} + \text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3$ C. Fe in fused mixture of $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{SiO}_2 + \text{MgO}$ D. All of above
1030	The process requiring the absorption of energy of.	A. $\text{F} = \text{F}$ B. $\text{Cl} = \text{Cl}$ C. $\text{H} = \text{H}$ D. $\text{O} = \text{O}$
1031	Greeks and Romans had used nanoparticles in the manufacture of.	A. Cosmetics for eyes B. Medicines C. Metals D. Hair -dye
1032	The gap between occupied and the unoccupied orbitals is not very large and the conduction of electricity is negligible at lower temperature and appreciable at high temperatures then it will be.	A. Good conductor B. Non conductor C. Semi conductor D. None of the above
1033	Nitric acid has the property	A. Nitrating B. Reducing C. Redoxing D. None of above
1034	Pick out incorrect statement about $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$	A. It oxidizes acidified solution of H_2S to S B. It oxidizes KI to I_2 C. It oxidizes HCl to Cl_2 D. It gives oxygen, when treated with cold conc. H_2SO_4
1035	What is a buckyball	A. A carbon molecule B. Nickname for Mercedes-Benz's futuristic concept car (C111) C. Plastic explosives nanoparticle (C4) D. Concrete nanoparticle with a compressive strength of 20 nanonewtons (C20)
1036	Which one of the following is not correct.	A. Ar is used in electric bulbs B. Kr is obtained during radioactive decay C. Boiling point of H_2 is lowest among all noble gases. D. Xe forms XeO_4

1037	Which of the following is not a component of HPLC system.	A. Pumps B. Columns C. Particle collector D. Injection system.
1038	Oxidation state of the chromium $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ complex ion is	A. +2 B. +3 C. +4 D. +5
1039	Atomic volume of C, N, O and F are in the order	A. C > N > F > O B. C > N > O > F C. F > O > N > C D. N > C > O > F
1040	$\text{CoCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{NH}_3$ has six NH_3 molecules that satisfy the valency of the Cu^{3+} metal ion	A. Primary B. Secondary C. Both A and B D. None of above
1041	In XeF_2 molecules, Xe atom undergoes hybridization	A. spd B. sp ² C. sp ³ D. sp ³ d
1042	The word 'ceramic' meant for.	A. Soft material B. Hard material C. Burnt material D. Dry material
1043	The unequal sharing of bonded pair of electrons between the two atoms in a molecule causes.	A. Dipole B. Radical formation C. Decomposition of found D. Covalent found
1044	Which of the following acid radical is not interfering.	A. Phosphate B. Borate C. Flouride D. Sulphate
1045	Photochemical among is related to pollution of	A. Air B. Water C. Soil D. All of the above
1046	The variable valency is generally observed in case of.	A. Transition elements B. Inert gases C. Normal elements D. Non- metallic elements
1047	Who prepared and explained nano tubes for the first time.	A. Sumio Tijima B. Richard Smaley C. Erick Drexler D. Richard Feynamann
1048	Which of the following is not an extensive property.	A. Work B. Entropy C. Free energy D. Volume
1049	Iodine is a grey black solid and its vapours are in color	A. Grey B. Black C. Yellow D. Violet
1050	Phenol on reaction with ethanoic anhydrides in the presence of sodium ethanoate gives.	A. Phenyl benzoate B. Ethyl benzoate C. Phenyl ethanoate D. Phenyl methyl ether
1051	What is the function of Head Box in paper making machine.	A. It dry the paper B. It reduces thickness of paper C. It makes the surface of paper smooth D. It discharge the pulp at the screen of fourdrinier table
1052	The width of a typical DNA molecule is _____nm	A. 1 B. 2 C. 5 D. 10
1053	The property measured in DTA is	A. Heat effects B. Weight loss C. Rate of change in weight D. Change in temperature
		A. Vibrational energy changes B. Rotational energy changes

1054	The light absorbed in UV and visible region causes.	B. Rotational energy changes C. Electronic excitation D. All of these
1055	Presence of nitrogen in organic compound is tested as.	A. Nitrogen gas B. NH_3 C. NO D. Amide
1056	_____ is used as stabilizer.	A. CaO B. SiO_2 C. NaCl D. None of these
1057	1-Butyne on oxymercuration-demercuration would give.	A. Butanone B. Butanal C. Propanol and methanol D. Propanoic acid and formic acid
1058	Which of the following isoelectronic ion would require least energy for the removal of electron.	A. Ca^{2+} B. Cl^- C. Ar^- D. K^+
1059	Pig iron is also called.	A. Cast iron B. Steel C. Wrought iron D. Stainless steel
1060	Which of the following acid radical gives chromyl chloride test.	A. F- B. I- C. Cl^- D. Br-
1061	Which of the following will have the largest pH?	A. 0.1 N HCl B. 0.1 N CH_3COOH C. 0.1 N NaOH D. 0.01 N NaOH
1062	The decrease in electron density at one position accompanied by a corresponding increase at other position is called.	A. Inductive effect B. Asymmetric effect C. Electromeric effect D. Resonance effect
1063	Which of the following is not true of ozone.	A. It is a strong oxidizing agent B. It attacks organic compounds containing carbon carbon double bond C. Its molecular is linear and has two different O-O bond lengths D. It is more powerful oxidising agent than molecular oxygen
1064	How many stereoisomers are possible for $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}(\text{Br})\text{CH}_3$	A. 2- geometrical isomers B. 2- optical isomers C. 2- geometrical and 2- optical isomers D. 2- geometrical and 1 optical isomers
1065	The interactions in HF are.	A. dipole-dipole interactions B. Hydrogen bonds C. dipole-dipole and dispersion forces D. Hydrogen bond and dispersion forces
1066	A compound with an incongruent melting point decomposes on heating into.	A. A liquid of the same composition as the solid B. A new solid phase and a solution with a composition different from that of the solid phase C. A new solid phase and a solution with the same composition as that of the solid phase D. A solution of fixed composition
1067	Sulphur can exist in	A. One phase B. Two phase C. Three phase D. Four phase
1068	Which of the following device is used to measure potential difference between electrodes.	A. Polarimeter B. Conductometer C. Voltmeter D. Photometer
1069	A general trend in the properties of elements of carbon family shows that with increase in atomic number.	A. The tendency towards catenation increases B. The tendency to show +2 oxidation state increases C. Metallic character decreases D. The tendency to form complexes with coordination number higher than four decreases

		consistency higher than real accuracy.
1070	Which of the following oxide formed in appreciable quantity in the atmosphere.	A. NO B. NO ₂ C. N ₂ O D. All above
1071	Shows a regular increase on moving down the group from carbon to lead	A. Atomic volume B. Atomic radius C. Density D. All above
1072	The rate constant for 3rd order reaction has the dimensions of.	A. mol ⁻² s ⁻¹ B. l ² mol ⁻² s ⁻¹ C. mol l ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ D. l ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹ s ⁻¹
1073	Which of the following technique is used for separation of volatile components.	A. GC B. HPLC C. FPLC D. TLC
1074	Chlorine when attached to benzene has	A. +1 and + R effect B. -1 and - R effect C. -1 and +R effect D. None of the above
1075	Which of the following compounds is electrovalent in nature.	A. SO ₂ B. ICl C. KBr D. CHI ₃
1076	The first noble gas compound was	A. XeO ₃ B. XeF ₄ C. XeF ₆ D. Xe +[PtF ₆]
1077	The number of hydrogen bonds bonding A _____ T pair is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
1078	A colorless gas with pleasant odour and sweet taste.	A. N ₂ O B. N ₂ O ₃ C. NO D. N ₂ O ₄
1079	Which of the following is NOT a hardware requirement for die casting.	A. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt">Water cooled metal cavities<o:p></o:p></p> B. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt">Machined metal holding blocks<o:p></o:p></p> C. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt">Ejection mechanism<o:p></o:p></p> D. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt">Metal mold<o:p></o:p></p></p></p></p></p>
1080	A chromophore is an isolated fractional group which has	A. Coloured appearance B. Absorption in UV visible region C. Only sigma bonds D. Absorption in the region
1081	Which of the following linear polymer.	A. Polypeptide B. Protein C. Starch D. Phenol formaldehyde resin
1082	Which of the following contains both covalent and ionic bond.	A. CCl ₄ B. NH ₄ Cl C. CaCl ₂ D. H ₂ O
1083	Which of the following is not a chemical pollutant.	A. Solid waste B. Noise C. Insecticides D. Liquid waste
1084	Iso-osmotic solutions are those which have the same.	A. Vapour pressure lowering B. Osmotic pressure C. Molality

		D. Boiling point elevation
1085	The angle of rotation in a polarimeter depends on.	<p>A. Nature of the compound</p> <p>B. Nature of the solvent</p> <p>C. Wavelength of the light used</p> <p>D. All above factors.</p>
1086	What typical penetrator is used in Brinell hardness test	<p>A. $<p \text{ class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">10 \text{ mm ball}</p>$</p> <p>B. $<p \text{ class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">1.6 \text{ mm diameter ball}</p>$</p> <p>C. $<p \text{ class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">20<sup>o</sup></p>$</p> <p>D. $<p \text{ class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">\text{None of these}</p>$</p>
1087	Aluminothermy used for on the spot welding of large iron structures is based upon the fact that.	<p>A. As compared to iron, aluminium has greatest affinity for oxygen.</p> <p>B. As compared to aluminium, iron has greater affinity for oxygen</p> <p>C. Reaction between aluminim and oxygen endothermic</p> <p>D. Reaction between iron and oxygen is endothermic</p>
1088	In Pakistan the total production of glass is over _____ tons per year.	<p>A. 800</p> <p>B. 8000</p> <p>C. 80,000</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1089	An stereospecific enzyme in one which catalyses	<p>A. Formation of one stercolomer</p> <p>B. Reaction of one stereoisomer only</p> <p>C. Both of these</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1090	Chlorination of benzene with excess chlorine in the presence of FeCl_3 as Lewis acid gives.	<p>A. Chlorobenzene as a major product</p> <p>B. o-dichlorobenzene as major product</p> <p>C. p-dichloro benzene as an only product</p> <p>D. A mixture of o- and p- dichloro benzene</p>
1091	Which idea of envisioned the construction of nano robots	<p>A. Building nano materials atom by atom</p> <p>B. Destruction of macromolecules to nano ones</p> <p>C. Bothe of the above</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1092	In each period, the most electropositive element belongs to group.	<p>A. 18</p> <p>B. 17</p> <p>C. 1</p> <p>D. 2</p>
1093	The steroid which plays an important role in carbohydrate metabolism is.	<p>A. Oestrone</p> <p>B. Progestrone.</p> <p>C. Androsterone</p> <p>D. Cortisone</p>
1094	The pH of 0.001 N HCl is	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 3</p> <p>D. 4</p>
1095	If steel is heated to a temperature well below red heated and is then cooled slowly the process is called.	<p>A. Annealing</p> <p>B. Quenching</p> <p>C. Tempering</p> <p>D. Nitriding</p>
1096	The fluoride tooth paste contains	<p>A. SnF_2 and $\text{Sn}_2\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$</p> <p>B. NaF</p> <p>C. CaF_2</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1097	Give violet colour to flame	<p>A. Gallium</p> <p>B. indium</p> <p>C. Thallium</p> <p>D. Aluminium</p>
		<p>A. SO_3 is obtained by the catalytic oxidation of SO_2</p> <p>B. SO_3 has trigonal planar geometry in</p>

1098	Which among the following is a Talse statement.	<p>B. SO3 has trigonal planar geometry in gaseous state</p> <p>C. SO3 in nauseous state has all S-O bonds equivalent</p> <p>D. SO3 gas shows more solubility in water than in H2SO4</p>
1099	Which of the following statement is not related to MOT	<p>A. Atomic orbitals lose their identities</p> <p>B. MOT gives as idea of denationalization</p> <p>C. MOT uses all the orbitals and elections</p> <p>D. It treated bond as purely covalent</p>
1100	The isotonic nucleotide X and Y have mass numbers 35 and 37 respectively if the atomic number of X is 17 the atomic number of Y will be.	<p>A. 15</p> <p>B. 17</p> <p>C. 19</p> <p>D. 18</p>
1101	At the some temperature 0.1 M solution of urea is isotonic with.	<p>A. 0.1 M glucose solution</p> <p>B. 0.1 M NaCl solution</p> <p>C. 0.1 M urea solution</p> <p>D. 0.1 M BaCl2 solution</p>
1102	SO2 acts as	<p>A. Lewis base</p> <p>B. Lewis acid</p> <p>C. Botha A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1103	Hot isostatic pressing is not a viable option if the chief criterion is	<p>A. Strength without gram growth</p> <p>B. Lost cost</p> <p>C. Zero porosity</p> <p>D. Make it hard</p>
1104	Which of the following is the best indicator for titration of NH4OH with HCl.	<p>A. Methyl red</p> <p>B. Methyl orange</p> <p>C. Eosin</p> <p>D. Phenolphthalein</p>
1105	Ionic compounds in general possess both	<p>A. High melting point and non - directional bonds</p> <p>B. High melting points and low boiling poinits</p> <p>C. Directional bonds and low boiling points</p> <p>D. High solubility in polar and non -polar bonds.</p>
1106	Which of the following biogeochemical cycle is not component of ecosystem.	<p>A. Carbon cycle</p> <p>B. Potassium cycle</p> <p>C. Oxygen cycle</p> <p>D. Nitrogen cycle</p>
1107	Principal constituents of noble gases is	<p>A. Argon</p> <p>B. Neon</p> <p>C. Xenon</p> <p>D. Helium</p>
1108	Which of the following statements is not correct with the concept of Bronsted concept of acids and bases.	<p>A. An acid can donate a proton</p> <p>B. A base can accept a proton</p> <p>C. This concept has many bases that have OH- ions</p> <p>D. This concept is more general</p>
1109	Which is the strongest reducing agent.	<p>A. HF</p> <p>B. HCl</p> <p>C. HBr</p> <p>D. HI</p>
1110	Alnico is an alloy containing how many percent nickel.	<p>A. 10%</p> <p>B. 14%</p> <p>C. 18%</p> <p>D. 22%</p>
1111	To complete transfer of a shared pir of electrons to one of the atoms joined by a double or triple bond at the requirement of an attacking reagent is known as.	<p>A. Inductive effect</p> <p>B. Resonance effect</p> <p>C. Eletromeric effect</p> <p>D. Stark effect</p>
1112	The total number of crystal systems and the number of Bra via is lattices are.	<p>A. 7,7</p> <p>B. 7,14</p> <p>C. 14,7</p> <p>D. 14,28</p>
1113	Nano technology in other words is.	<p>A. Carbon engineering</p> <p>B. Atomic engineering</p> <p>C. Small technology</p> <p>D. Microphysics</p>

1114	For covalent bond to form between two atoms A and B	<p>A. Transference of electrons must take place from A to B</p> <p>B. A pair of electrons of A is shared by both A and B</p> <p>C. A and B contribute equal no. of electrons for mutual sharing by A and B</p> <p>D. One of the atom A or B must already have octet of electrons.</p>
1115	Thermocouples have been constructed from	<p>A. Chromel vs elumel</p> <p>B. Copper vs platinum</p> <p>C. Both</p> <p>D. None</p>
1116	Which of the following level is an indicator of hearing loss.	<p>A. > 25 dB</p> <p>B. < 25 dB</p> <p>C. < 20 dB</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1117	Which of the following is not a characteristics of terpenoids.	<p>A. They are pleasant smelling liquids</p> <p>B. They are steam volatile</p> <p>C. They are nitrogenous bases</p> <p>D. they are insoluble in water</p>
1118	Which of the following cast irons is a high carbon silicon alloy.	<p>A. Gray iron</p> <p>B. White iron</p> <p>C. Malleable iron</p> <p>D. Alloy iron</p>
1119	In emulsions , the dispersed phase and the dispersion medium are.	<p>A. Both solids</p> <p>B. Both liquids</p> <p>C. Both gases</p> <p>D. Phase is liquid and medium is solid.</p>
1120	In a system , when the chemical potential of each component is the same for all phases. the equilibrium is said to be in	<p>A. Metastable equilibrium</p> <p>B. Thermal equilibrium</p> <p>C. Composition equilibrium</p> <p>D. Mechanical equilibrium</p>
1121	What is clinker.	<p>A. Roasted calcareous material</p> <p>B. Roasted argillaceous material</p> <p>C. Roasted calcareous and argillaceous material</p> <p>D. Roasted gypsum</p>
1122	In hydrogen bonding a hydrogen atom is bonded to which of the highly electronegative atoms.	<p>A. N</p> <p>B. O</p> <p>C. F</p> <p>D. N,O,F</p>
1123	In an isochoric process	<p>A. Energy remains constant</p> <p>B. Volume remains constant</p> <p>C. Pressure remains constant</p> <p>D. Temperature remains constant</p>
1124	Hemimorphite is an example of.	<p>A. Orthosilicate</p> <p>B. Pyrosilicate</p> <p>C. Cyclic silicate</p> <p>D. Meta silicate</p>
1125	Which of the following methods is used in qualitativ eanalysis.	<p>A. Physical method</p> <p>B. Chemical method</p> <p>C. Instrumental method</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1126	The decreasing order of the second ionization energies of K, Ca and Ba is	<p>A. $K > Ca > Ba$</p> <p>B. $Ca > Ba > K$</p> <p>C. $Ba > K > Ca$</p> <p>D. $K > Ba > Ca$</p>
1127	The electromagevity of the following elements increase in the order	<p>A. $F > Cl > O > S$</p> <p>B. $S > Cl > O > F$</p> <p>C. $F > O > N > C$</p> <p>D. $C > O > N > F$</p>
1128	iodine is used as a	<p>A. Photography</p> <p>B. Manufacture of dyes</p> <p>C. Analgesic</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1129	Which of the following pollutant is not secondary pollutnat.	<p>A. SO₃</p> <p>B. NO₂</p> <p>C. SO₂</p> <p>D. Ozone</p>
1130	The following alloys are the chief alloys that are die cast except.	<p>A. Zinc alloys</p> <p>B. Magnesium alloys</p> <p>C. Manganese alloys</p> <p>D. Nickel alloys</p>

1131	Which of tetra chloride is resistant to hydrolysis.	A. CCl_4 B. SiCl_4 C. GeCl_4 D. SnCl_4
1132	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding dissociation constant (K_a)?	A. It is a measure of the tendency of an acid to split up into ions B. The greater the value of K_a , more is the dissociation C. It is determined by conductimetric method D. It is not a proper parameter for weak acids
1133	The most promising technique for solar production of electricity is.	A. Dry cell B. Battery C. Solar cell D. None of above
1134	Which of the following combination is used to make buffer.	A. NaOH and HCl B. KOH and H_2SO_4 C. CH_3COOH and CH_3COONa D. CH_3COOH and NH_4OH
1135	The energy gap between σ and σ^* sets in denoted by	A. A - B. $10 Dq$ C. Both A and B D. None of above
1136	Which of the following can act both as a Bronsted acid and a Bronsted base.	A. Na_2CO_3 B. OH^- C. HCO_3^- D. NH_3
1137	The molecule returns from the first excited triplet state to the ground state singlet. The light emitted is known as.	A. Inter system crossing B. Phosphorescence C. Fluorescence D. Quenching
1138	Which of the following methods is the most common method for separation of liquid components from a mixture.	A. Dialysis B. Solvent extraction C. Precipitation D. Distillation
1139	A system which can exchange energy as well as matter with its surrounding is said to be a/an	A. Closed system B. Inert system C. Open system D. All of above
1140	The lightest alkali metal is.	A. Lithium B. Sodium C. Rubidium D. Caesium
1141	Which of the following carbides reacts with H_2O to form propane.	A. Al_4C_3 B. CaC_2 C. SiC_2 D. SiC
1142	Which can be purified by sublimation	A. F_2 B. Cl_2 C. Be_2 D. I_2
1143	Which of the following compounds has fishy odour	A. ammonia B. Organic sulphides C. Amines D. H_2S
1144	Most Hazardous metal pollutant of automobile exhaust is.	A. Tin B. Mercury C. Cadmium D. Lead
1145	Which of the following makes the motion of perpetual motion machine a physical impossibility.	A. First law of thermodynamics B. Second law of thermodynamics C. Third law of thermodynamics D. The Boltzmann law
1146	Iron which contains up to 1% carbon is called.	A. Steel B. Cast iron C. Wrought iron D. Pig iron
1147	A 10% solution of sucrose contains 10 g of sucrose in how much volume of the solution.	A. 10 mL B. 100 mL C. 1000 mL D. 1 mL

1148	Finely divided iron combines with CO to give	A. $\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_3$ B. $\text{Fe}_2(\text{CO})_9$ C. $\text{Fe}_3(\text{CO})_{12}$ D. $\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_6$
1149	Which of the following techniques is involved in purification of organic compound.	A. Distillation B. Sublimation C. Solvent extraction D. All above
1150	Organic substance responsible for the smell of flowers etc. are grouped together in chemistry as.	A. Perfumes B. Terpenoids C. Flavonoids D. Alkaloids
1151	Which of the following analytical method is based on the rotation of light radiation	A. Refractometry B. Polarimetry C. Interferometry D. Polarography
1152	The rate constant of a reaction has same units as the rate of the reaction The reaction is of.	A. Second order B. First order C. Third order D. Zero order
1153	Identify the incorrect statement regarding crystallization from the following.	A. It is an important procedure for purifying solids B. The impurities are removed by filtering the solution C. Crystals are separated by filtration D. In crystallization method, the solid is dissolved in a solvent in which it is soluble at all temperature.
1154	Pesticide residues appear in which of the following foods.	A. Milk B. Fruit C. Fish D. Vegetables E. All above
1155	Soap is soluble in grease because it	A. Is non polar B. Has a hydrophobic head C. Has a hydrophobic tail D. Has an ionic head and a hydrocarbon tail
1156	The phase rule was deduced by	A. Gibbs B. Thomson C. Trouton D. Henry
1157	The action of all the relations of all the organism to their environment is called	A. Biology B. Botany C. Ecology D. Archeology
1158	Black and white photographic film contain small grains of.	A. Silver bromide B. Silver chloride C. Silver iodide D. Any of above
1159	Organic farming is the technique of raising crops through uses of.	A. Manures B. Biofertilizers C. Resistant varieties D. All of these
1160	The value of an Einstein	A. Is independent of wavelength B. Decrease with increase in wavelength C. Increase with increase in wavelength D. Depends on the temperature of the absorbing system
1161	The size of E coli bacteria is. _____ nm	A. 75000 B. 2000 C. 200 D. 5
1162	Ten elements Sc (Z = 21) to Zn (Z = 30) fill their 4s orbitals first and then 3d orbitals are called elements. of.	A. 3d series. B. 4d Series C. 5d Series D. None of above
1163	Which of the following is an example of super octet molecules.	A. CF_4 B. IF_7 C. PCl_5 D. All the three

A. Is constant no matter what the

1164	The speed of a chemical reaction	<p>A. Is constant no matter what the temperature is.</p> <p>B. Is independent of the amount of contact surface of a solid involved</p> <p>C. Between gases should be in all cases be extremely rapid because the average kinetic energy of the molecules is great</p> <p>D. Between ions in aqueous solution is extremely rapid because there are no bonds that need to be broken</p>
1165	In the reaction $\text{RCO}_2\text{Na} + \text{NaOH} \xrightarrow{\text{CaO}}$ RH, we eliminate carboxylate group as.	<p>A. CO_2</p> <p>B. Na_2CO_3</p> <p>C. $-\text{CO}$</p> <p>D. CaCO_3</p>
1166	With which one of the following configurations, the lowest value of first IE is associated.	<p>A. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6, 3s^1$</p> <p>B. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^5$</p> <p>C. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6$</p> <p>D. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6, 3s^2, 3p^2$</p>
1167	In Nano synthesis new unusual chemical reactions are due to.	<p>A. Non equilibrium system</p> <p>B. Equilibrium system</p> <p>C. Isothermal system</p> <p>D. Adiabatic process</p>
1168	Which of the following range is correct for macro analysis.	<p>A. Minimum 100 mg</p> <p>B. Minimum 10 mg</p> <p>C. Minimum 1 mg</p> <p>D. Minimum 1000 mg</p>
1169	The emission of light in a biological reaction is known as	<p>A. Fluorescence</p> <p>B. Phosphorescence</p> <p>C. Bioluminescence</p> <p>D. Photolysis</p>
1170	The reagent which can react with 1-chlorobutane to give substitution product is	<p>A. AlCl_3</p> <p>B. $\text{KOH}-\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$</p> <p>C. NaCN</p> <p>D. Mg/ether</p>
1171	During the preparation of soap the liquid separated by distillation is	<p>A. Sodium hydroxide</p> <p>B. Oil</p> <p>C. Fats</p> <p>D. Glycerol</p>
1172	Lithium silicide reacts with concentrated hydrochloric acid to give lithium chloride along with.	<p>A. H_2 and Si</p> <p>B. SiH_4 gas</p> <p>C. Disilane gas</p> <p>D. Si_3H_8</p>
1173	Which of the following is not a ligand or complexing agent.	<p>A. NH_3</p> <p>B. CH_3COOH</p> <p>C. EDTA</p> <p>D. CN^-</p>
1174	The rate constant of a reaction depends on	<p>A. Concentration of reactants</p> <p>B. Concentration of products</p> <p>C. Temperature</p> <p>D. Time</p>
1175	Burning of fossil fuels is the main sources of which of the following pollutant.	<p>A. Nitrogen oxide</p> <p>B. Nitric oxide</p> <p>C. Nitrous oxide</p> <p>D. Sulphur dioxide</p>
1176	If for a solution of an electrolyte. It is the transport number of the cation, then the transport number of the anion t_- is equal to	<p>A. $t/2$</p> <p>B. $1 - t_+$</p> <p>C. $1 + t_+$</p> <p>D. $(1 - t_-)/2$</p>
1177	The rusting of iron is catalyzed by which of the following.	<p>A. Fe</p> <p>B. H^+</p> <p>C. O_2</p> <p>D. Zn</p>
1178	In the electronic structure of acetic acid, the total number of shared and unshared pair of electrons are respectively.	<p>A. 16, 8</p> <p>B. 8, 4</p> <p>C. 12, 8</p> <p>D. 8, 12</p>
1179	Metallic magnesium is obtained by	<p>A. Reduction of MgO with Coke</p> <p>B. Electrolysis of an aqueous solution of MgCl_2</p> <p>C. Electrolysis of molten MgCl_2</p> <p>D. Displacement of magnesium by iron from MgCl_2 solution.</p>
		<p>A. Changes in the Vascular tone</p> <p>B. <sub>Increase in the blood</p>

1180	Which of the following to non -auditory effect of noise on human body.	<p>B. Lead increase in the blood pressure</p> <p>C. Wakening of the coloured vision</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1181	Allotropic form of tin	<p>A. White tin</p> <p>B. Grey tin</p> <p>C. Rhomic tin</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1182	White Phosphorus is kept under	<p>A. Cold water</p> <p>B. Ammonia liquor</p> <p>C. Ethanol</p> <p>D. Kerosene</p>
1183	The splitting of H ₂ O can be carried out through	<p>A. Photolysis</p> <p>B. Electrolysis</p> <p>C. Dialysis</p> <p>D. Hydrogenation</p>
1184	Un-like s -block elements d-block elements form which compounds as well	<p>A. ionic compounds</p> <p>B. Co valent compound</p> <p>C. Co ordinate compounds</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1185	At extremely low pressures, the van der Waals equations for one mole may be written as.	<p>A. $PV = RT + Pb$</p> <p>B. $PV = RT$</p> <p>C. $PV = RT - a/V$</p> <p>D. $(P + a)(V - b) = RT$</p>
1186	Of the molecules, SF ₄ , XeF ₄ , and CF ₄ which has square planar geometry.	<p>A. SF₄, XeF₄ and CF₄</p> <p>B. Sf4 only</p> <p>C. CF4 only</p> <p>D. XeF4</p>
1187	The one in which the acceptor atom is of low positive charge, Large size and has several outer electrons which can be easily excited is a.	<p>A. Soft base</p> <p>B. Hard Base</p> <p>C. Soft acid</p> <p>D. Hard acid</p>
1188	The IUPAC suffix used for _____ NC group is	<p>A. Cyanide</p> <p>B. Isocyanides</p> <p>C. Carbylamines</p> <p>D. Nitrite</p>
1189	Which of the following group will have hyper conjugation effect when attached to benzene.	<p>A. ----- CH₃</p> <p>B. ----C₆H₅</p> <p>C. -----C(CH₃)₃</p> <p>D. -----CH(CH₃)₂</p>
1190	Which substance is used as filler or additive in paper making.	<p>A. Starch</p> <p>B. Glucose</p> <p>C. Cellulose</p> <p>D. Maltose</p>
1191	What is the following is incorrect.	<p>A. Water is more polar than H₂S</p> <p>B. H₂O₂ is a planar molecule</p> <p>C. Heavy water is produced by the exhaustive electrolysis of water made acidic</p> <p>D. H₂O₂ act both as oxidising as well as reducing agent in acidic medium</p>
1192	The hardest material found in nature is	<p>A. Steel</p> <p>B. Topaz</p> <p>C. Diamond</p> <p>D. Quartz</p>
1193	The absorbance is directly proportional to the path length in the flame and to the concentration of atomic vapor in flame is a statement of.	<p>A. Lambert's law</p> <p>B. Beer's law</p> <p>C. Honery's law</p> <p>D. Starke law</p>
1194	_____ is used for Annealing	<p>A. Klin</p> <p>B. Batch</p> <p>C. Converter</p> <p>D. Oven</p>
1195	When the colourless liquid chlorobenzene is shaken with bromine water, the chlorobenzen becomes a yellow-orange colour. Which of the following is the best interpretation of this.	<p>A. An addition compound of chlorobenzene and bromine has been formed.</p> <p>B. The chlorine atom has been replaced by a bromine atom</p> <p>C. The bromine is mor esoluble in chlorobenzene than in water</p> <p>D. A hydrogen atom has been replaced by a bromine atom</p>

1196	Potassium sulphate with 48% to 52% potash, is made from.	<p>Potassium phosphate</p> <p>B. Potassium Chloride</p> <p>C. Potassium Nitrate</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1197	The aluminium salt commonly used to stop bleeding is	<p>A. Aluminium sulphate</p> <p>B. Potash Alum</p> <p>C. Aluminium chloride</p> <p>D. Aluminium fluoroide</p>
1198	In the kinetic study of a reaction A _____ products. A straight line was observed when a graph between time and $1/C_2$ was plotted. the reaction is.	<p>A. Second order</p> <p>B. First order</p> <p>C. Third order</p> <p>D. Zero order</p>
1199	All naturally occurring processes spontaneously in a direction leads to.	<p>A. Decrease of entropy</p> <p>B. Increase of entropy</p> <p>C. Decrease in free energy</p> <p>D. Increase in free energy</p>
1200	When orthoboric acid is heated strongly it gives.	<p>A. B₂O₃</p> <p>B. H₂B₃O₇</p> <p>C. HBO₂</p> <p>D. B</p>
1201	Which one of the following statements is not true.	<p>A. Transition metals form alloys</p> <p>B. Transition metals form complexes</p> <p>C. Zn, Cd and Hg are transition metals</p> <p>D. K₂[PtCl₆] is a well known compound but corresponding nickel compound is not known</p>
1202	Recrystallization is the most common technique of purification of solid organic substances Which of the following statements is not related with characteristics of a suitable solvent.	<p>A. It dissolves the substance on heating</p> <p>B. It readily allows it to separate out in the form of crystal on cooling</p> <p>C. It does not react chemically with substance</p> <p>D. It does dissolve the impurities.</p>
1203	Which of the following is renewable resources of energy.	<p>A. Hydropower</p> <p>B. Wind power</p> <p>C. Solar power</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1204	Pauling has suggested that the calculate of energy can be improved by considering.	<p>A. Screening effect</p> <p>B. Polarization effect</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1205	The formula of copper pyrite is.	<p>A. CuFeS</p> <p>B. CuFeS₂</p> <p>C. Cu₂FeS</p> <p>D. Cu Fe₂S</p>
1206	Blue color of glass of due to the presence of .	<p>A. Cobalt (II)</p> <p>B. Chromium (III)</p> <p>C. Iron (III)</p> <p>D. copper (II)</p>
1207	In the formation of H ₂ O molecule, the oxygen atom makes use of.	<p>A. 2p orbitals</p> <p>B. sp hybrid orbitals</p> <p>C. Sp² hybrid orbitals</p> <p>D. Sp³ hybrid orbitals</p>
1208	Which of the following technique involves the bonding of hydrophobic functional group to solid particle, surface and acts as extracting phase	<p>A. Liquid phase extraction</p> <p>B. Solid phase extraction</p> <p>C. Electrophoresis</p> <p>D. Gel electrophoresis</p>
1209	Copper occurs in nature as.	<p>A. Native</p> <p>B. Combined</p> <p>C. Both native and combined</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1210	Which of the following technique is used to separate substance based on their charge to mass ratio.	<p>A. HPLC</p> <p>B. HPTLC</p> <p>C. GC</p> <p>D. Electrophoresis</p>
1211	Which of the following is not adsorptive separation process.	<p>A. Parex</p> <p>B. Olex</p> <p>C. Penex</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
	The rays emitted by the cathode in a vacuum discharge tube under low pressure and high	<p>A. These travel in a straight lines.</p> <p>B. These are deflected by magnetic and electric field.</p>

1212	The rays emitted by the cathode in a gas discharge tube under low pressure and high voltage of electricity are called cathode rays. Which of the following properties are not related to cathode rays.	C. Minerals Fluoresce with a characteristic color when placed in a beam of cathode rays. D. These are dependent of the material used for the electrode.
1213	The most important problem regarding nano chemistry	A. Elucidation of relationship between also and chemical reactivity of particle B. Determination of size of particle C. Determination of reactivity of particle D. Determination of physical properties of nano particles.
1214	Linear molecules have _____ axis of rotation	A. C1 B. C2 C. C D. C3
1215	Which of the following statements is not true about potash alum.	A. Its empirical formula is $KAl(SO_4)_2 \cdot 12H_2O$ B. Its aqueous solution is basic in nature C. It is used in dyeing industry D. On heating it melts in its water of crystallization
1216	Iodination of benzene takes place in the presence of iodine and	A. HNO_3 B. HIO_3 C. HgO D. All of these
1217	Which of the following is an example of molecular solids.	A. MgO B. ZnO C. Ice D. Graphite
1218	Which of the following is renewable energy source.	A. Moon B. Wind C. Sun D. Ocean
1219	Which of the following is not a component of AAS.	A. Hollow cathode lamp B. Burner C. Detector D. Tungsten lamp
1220	Which of the following is not evoked in quantum theory?	A. Schrodinger wave equation B. The rigid rotor approximation C. The particle in a box D. Boltzmann distribution
1221	Which of the following state is not true with respect to copper.	A. it is malleable and ductile B. It is a best conductor of heat and electricity C. It forms alloys easily D. Molten copper absorbed carbon dioxide
1222	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to the important characteristics of aromatic compounds.	A. They are usually cyclic compounds B. They are resistant to usual addition reactions C. They usually undergo substitution reactions D. They are less stable
1223	Enantiomers have which of the following characteristics.	A. Rotate ordinary light B. Have the same melting point C. Are superimposable mirror images D. React with optically active molecule at the same rate
1224	The proper number of significant figures in the number 0.0780 is.	A. 3 B. 1 C. 4 D. 2
1225	Each of the following compound react with Grignard's reagent to form alkane except.	A. Ethanal B. Ethanoic acid C. Ethanol D. Ethyne
1226	The penultimate shells have pseudo inert gas type configuration.	A. Ga B. In C. Tl D. All above
1227	The alkaline hydrolysis of fat is known as	A. Condensation B. Esterification C. Saponification

		D. Emulsification
1228	Chemical compounds which are added to reduce to reactivity of glass are called.	A. Formers B. Modifiers C. Stabilizers D. None of these
1229	Which of the following statement is incorrect about rock salt type	A. It has for arrangement of Na ⁺ B. Na ⁺ and Cl ⁻ ions have coordination number of 6:6 C. A unit cell of NaCl metals have rock salt type structure. D. None of them
1230	Which is major component of Bordeaux mixture.	A. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Copper sulphate</p> <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Sodium chloride</p> <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Calcium chloride</p> <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Magnesium sulphate</p> B. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Sodium chloride</p> C. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Calcium chloride</p> D. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Magnesium sulphate</p>
1231	Petroleum is formed from	A. Domestic animal B. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Organisms in sea</p> C. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Wild animals</p> D. All above
1232	The addition of Br ₂ to cis 2-butene produces.	A. (+) 2,3 - dibromobutane only B. (-) 2,3 -dibromobutane only C. (+) 2,3, dibromobutane D. meso-2,3, -dibromobutane
1233	A considerable number of atoms pertaining to the surface _____ with the decreasing the particle size.	A. Increase B. Decrease C. No effect D. Both a and b
1234	Which of the following pairs shows diagonal relationship	A. Li and Mg B. Na and K C. Zn and Cd D. Li and BE
1235	The second order rate constant can have units.	A. dm ⁶ mol ² s ⁻¹ B. dm ³ mol s ⁻¹ C. dm ³ mol ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ D. dm ⁶ mol ⁻¹ s ⁻¹
1236	1-Chlorobutane on reaction with alcohols potash gives.	A. 1- butane B. 1-butanol C. 2- butane D. 2- butanol
1237	Which one of the following sets of elements has the strongest tendency to form negative ions in gaseous state.	A. NA, Mg, Al B. Ca, V, Cr C. N, O, F D. Ga, In, tl
1238	Which of the following compound does not following octet rule.	A. CS ₂ B. PBr ₃ C. IBr D. Br F ₃
1239	The reaction of toluene with chlorine in the presence of light gives.	A. Benzoyl chloride B. Benzyl chloride C. m-chlorotoluene D. Mixture of o and p -chlorotoluene
1240	Temporary hardness of water is due to.	A. Bicarbonates of K B. Bicarbonates of Na C. Carbonates of Ca D. Bicarbonates of Ca

A. It is a colorless and tasteless gas

1241	Which of the following statement is related with CO.	<p>A. It is a colourless and tasteless gas</p> <p>B. It has less affinity to words hemoglobin</p> <p>C. It has a boiling point of -192 °C</p> <p>D. It is a dangerous asphyxiant</p>
1242	What ASTM test for shear strength is designated for plastics.	<p>A. D 732</p> <p>B. D 790</p> <p>C. D 695</p> <p>D. D 638</p>
1243	Diamond and carbon are the _____ forms of carbon	<p>A. Isotropic</p> <p>B. amorphous</p> <p>C. Allotropic</p> <p>D. Isomeric</p>
1244	Which property is not exhibited by carbon in its compounds.	<p>A. Forming bounds to other carbon atoms</p> <p>B. Formation multiple forms</p> <p>C. Exhibiting allotropic forms</p> <p>D. Forming compounds with coordination number beyond four</p>
1245	The alpha iron will become paramagnetic at temperature above	<p>A. 770 °C</p> <p>B. 550 °C</p> <p>C. 660 °C</p> <p>D. 440 °C</p>
1246	Which of the following statement is not related to applications and limitations of first law of thermodynamics.	<p>A. This law explains why chemical reactions proceed to completion</p> <p>B. It is silent about the source of heat</p> <p>C. It is silent about the direction of heat</p> <p>D. It does not tell us about the reversible process.</p>
1247	To increase the life of filament and to low the heat conductivity a mixture in filled in electric bulb.	<p>A. Ar & N₂</p> <p>B. Ar & Kr</p> <p>C. Kr & N₂</p> <p>D. Xe & N₂</p>
1248	The state of hybridization of Xe in Xe F ₆ are	<p>A. sp²</p> <p>B. sp³</p> <p>C. sp³ d</p> <p>D. dsp³</p>
1249	Which among the following is secondary pollutant.	<p>A. CO</p> <p>B. CO₂</p> <p>C. PAN</p> <p>D. Aerosol</p>
1250	Which of the following element has six electrons in the valance shell but cannot exhibit a maximum co valency of six.	<p>A. Sulphur</p> <p>B. Oxygen</p> <p>C. Salenium</p> <p>D. Both A and B</p>
1251	Metal crystallize is system having co ordination number	<p>A. 8</p> <p>B. 12</p> <p>C. 14</p> <p>D. any one of above</p>
1252	Which of the following gas is not used as carrier gas in GC.	<p>A. Argon</p> <p>B. Nitrogen</p> <p>C. Helium</p> <p>D. CO₂</p>
1253	The colour imparted by lithium to the flame is.	<p>A. Golden yellow</p> <p>B. Grasay green</p> <p>C. Violet</p> <p>D. Red</p>
1254	Which of the following is the strongest oxidant.	<p>A. F₂</p> <p>B. Cl₂</p> <p>C. br₂</p> <p>D. I₂</p>
1255	Which of the following is not obtained when Br ₂ is added to ethylene in the presence of aqueous NaCl solution.	<p>A. Br CH₂CH₂Br</p> <p>B. Br CH₂CH₂Cl</p> <p>C. ClCH₂ CH₂Cl</p> <p>D. ClCH₂CH₂Cl</p>
1256	Which of the following alloys contains Cu and Zn	<p>A. Bronze</p> <p>B. Brass</p> <p>C. Gun metal</p> <p>D. Type metal</p>
1257	The metallic character of group 14 elements	<p>A. Decreases from top to bottom</p> <p>B. Increases from top to bottom</p> <p>C. Does not change gradully</p> <p>D. Has no significance</p>

		D. Has no significance
1258	Which of the following reacts with excess oxygen to form a normal oxide.	A. Li B. Na C. K D. Rb
1259	The formula of Borax is.	A. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ 6H ₂ O B. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ 8H ₂ O C. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ 10H ₂ O D. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ 12H ₂ O
1260	The one which is not a purine base	A. Cytosine B. Guanine C. None of these D. Adenine
1261	The rotation of plane polarized light when it passes through 1 dm of a solution containing 1 gram of the substance per cm ³ of the solution is called.	A. Molar rotation B. Molar refraction C. Specific refraction D. Specific rotation
1262	A closed system is one which can exchange with surrounding.	A. Matter but not energy B. Energy but not matter C. Both matter and energy D. Neither matter nor energy
1263	Which of the following substance is not present in acid rain.	A. Sulphuric acid B. Nitric acid C. Acetic acid D. Sulphurous acid
1264	Used in producing intense light in cinematography	A. Xenon B. Krypton C. Radon D. Helium
1265	Reaction in which molecules absorbing light do not themselves react but induce other molecules to react are called.	A. Chain reactions B. Photosensitized reactions C. Reversible reactions D. Free radical reactions
1266	For the respiration of sea divers mixture is used.	A. He & O ₂ B. Ar & O ₂ C. Ne & O ₂ D. Kr & O ₂
1267	The electronic configuration of sodium (Z=11)	A. 1s ² , 2s ² , 2p ⁴ B. 1s ² , 2s ² , 2p ⁶ , 3s ² , 2p ⁵ C. 1s ² , 2s ² , 2p ⁶ , 3s ¹ D. 1s ² , 2s ² , 2p ⁶ , 3s ²
1268	The chief ore of aluminium is.	A. Cryolite B. Bauxite C. Kaolin D. Carnallite
1269	Which of the following organic molecule is not aromatic.	A. Benzene B. Naphthalene C. Anthracene D. Cyclo-octatetraene
1270	The bond formed by complete transfer of electrons from electropositive to more electronegative atom is called.	A. Ionic bond B. Covalent bond C. Metallic bond D. Coordinate bond
1271	Which of the following statement represent advantages of sanitary Landfill	A. Economical method B. Low initial investment C. Flexible daily capacity D. All above
1272	20 micron = _____ nm	A. 20 x 10 ⁻⁹ B. 20000 C. 200 D. 20 x 10 ⁹
1273	Which of the following haloacids is stronger acids.	A. FCH ₂ COOH B. ClCH ₂ COOH C. Br CH ₂ COOH D. ICH ₂ COOH
1274	The pH of water 7 at 25 °C if water is heated to 70 °C . Which of the following should be true.	A. pH will decrease B. pH will increase C. pH will remain constant D. None of these
1275	Which ionization Potential in the following equations involves the greatest amount of	A. Na = Na ⁺ + e B. K = K ⁺ + e

	energy.	C. $C^{2+} = C^{3+} + e$ D. $Ca^{+} = Ca^{2+} + e$
1276	In average composition of a good sample of cement the percentage of silica is.	A. 18.5% B. 20.5% C. 22.5% D. 24.5%
1277	The Schrodinger equation when solved for any system gives.	A. The mean force path B. The Polarizability C. The energy function D. The wave function
1278	Which of the following elements has the highest ionization energy.	A. Na B. Si C. Ar D. Cl
1279	Conjugation of chromophore	A. Deepens the colour B. Lightene the colour C. Shifts absorption to shorter wavelength D. All of these
1280	When CH_3COOH is titrated against $NaOH$ the pH as the equivalence point is.	A. 7 B. ≈ 7 C. ≈ 7 D. 6.8
1281	Which of the following chloride is soluble in hot water.	A. Hg_2Cl_2 B. $AgCl$ C. $PbCl_2$ D. All above
1282	In smelting process the ore is mixed with	A. Silica B. Coke C. Limestone D. All
1283	Treatment of phenol with cold dilute nitric acid gives.	A. Only o-nitro phenol B. Only p-nitro phenol C. 2,4,6 -Trinitro phenol D. Mixture of o-and p-nitro phenol
1284	The range of sound pressure which is painful is as	A. 130-140 dB B. 100 - 120 dB C. 90 - 80 dB D. All above
1285	The titration involving oxidation reduction reactions is called.	A. Complex titration B. Simplex titration C. Redox titration D. Acid base titration
1286	Who coined the word nanotechnology.	A. Eric Drexler B. Richard Feynmann C. Sumio Iijima D. Richard Smalley
1287	In glass making the whole combination of ingredients is called a.	A. Gange B. Batch C. Mixture D. None of these
1288	The condensation between formaldehyde and acetaldehyde in the presence of conc. $NaOH$ and heat gives.	A. Acrolein B. Mixture of CH_3OH and CH_3COONa C. Mixture of CH_3CH_2OH and $HCOONa$ D. None of these
1289	Which sequence of steps is correct in paper making machine	A. Pressing Drying, Flow spreader Calender stock B. Flow spreader, Pressing, Drying Calender stock C. Drying, Pressing, Flow spreader, Calender stock D. None of above
1290	After assimilation urea leaves behind in the soil	A. NH_3 B. CO_2 C. Both A and B D. None of above
1291	Which of the following analytical method is based on scattering of radiation.	A. Emission spectroscopy B. Colorimetry C. Turbidimetry D. Polarimetry

A. As a catalyst

1292	The major role of Fluorspar which is added in small quantities in the electrolytic reduction alumina dissolved in fused cryolite is.	<p>A. To act as catalyst</p> <p>B. To make the fused mixture very conducting</p> <p>C. To lower the temperature of the melt</p> <p>D. To decrease the rate of oxidation of carbon at the anode</p>
1293	Which of the following is strong adhesive.	<p>A. Epoxy resin</p> <p>B. Melamine-formaldehyde resin</p> <p>C. Alkyd resins</p> <p>D. Bakelite</p>
1294	For dilute solutions colligative properties depend on.	<p>A. The number of the particles of the solute and nature of solvent.</p> <p>B. The number of the solute particles and on their nature</p> <p>C. The number of the solute particles and nature of solute and solvent</p> <p>D. The number of the solute particles and irrespective of the nature of the solute and solvent.</p>
1295	Which of the following salt is colourless.	<p>A. Zn salt</p> <p>B. Co salt</p> <p>C. Ni salt</p> <p>D. Mn salt</p>
1296	Most commercial glasses consist of	<p>A. Lime</p> <p>B. Soda</p> <p>C. Silica</p> <p>D. All</p>
1297	Lactic acid is a molecule which shows	<p>A. Epimerism</p> <p>B. Tautomerism</p> <p>C. Optical isomerism</p> <p>D. Metamerism</p>
1298	Which of the following is soluble in water.	<p>A. AgF</p> <p>B. AgCl</p> <p>C. AgBr</p> <p>D. AgI</p>
1299	Which of the following orbitals does not make sense.	<p>A. 6f</p> <p>B. 4f</p> <p>C. 7s</p> <p>D. 2d</p>
1300	Which of the following techniques is used to reduce the need for large volumes of organic solvents.	<p>A. Solid phase extraction</p> <p>B. Gel permeation</p> <p>C. Electrophoresis</p> <p>D. TLC</p>
1301	In nature nickel is found in the form of.	<p>A. Sulphides</p> <p>B. Silicates</p> <p>C. Arsenides</p> <p>D. All</p>
1302	Homolytic fission of covalent bond results in the formation of.	<p>A. Free radicals</p> <p>B. Carbocations</p> <p>C. Carbonions</p> <p>D. Both B and C</p>
1303	Purpose of sizing is.	<p>A. To increase the strength</p> <p>B. To improve formation</p> <p>C. To increase resistance toward water</p> <p>D. To remove wastes</p>
1304	The element with atomic number greater than 100 are known as	<p>A. Trans uranium elements</p> <p>B. Trans fermium elements</p> <p>C. Actinides</p> <p>D. Lanthanides</p>
1305	Which of the following pollutants result from roasting and heating processes.	<p>A. Dust</p> <p>B. Smoke</p> <p>C. Metal fumes</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1306	Which of the following is not a polysaccharide	<p>A. Cellobiose</p> <p>B. Cellulose</p> <p>C. Insulin</p> <p>D. Amylase</p>
1307	Which of the following ions is smallest in size.	<p>A. F⁻</p> <p>B. Cl⁻</p> <p>C. I⁻</p> <p>D. Br⁻</p>

1308	Natural fertilizers are materials derived from	Plants B. Animal C. Algae D. All of above
1309	Which halide of cesium will be highly ionic in nature.	A. K ⁺ B. Ag ⁺ C. Rb ⁺ D. Ca ⁺
1310	Stainless steel consists of which elements.	A. Fe only B. Cr only C. Fe and Ni D. Fe ,Ni and Cr
1311	Which of the following is not a characteristic of dye.	A. It must have suitable colour B. It must be able to fix to fibre C. It must be fast to wash and lights D. It must be highly soluble in water
1312	The volume of a given mass of gas at constant temperature varies inversely with the pressure. This is a statement of.	A. Charlea's law B. Avogadro's law C. Boyle's law D. Dalton 's law
1313	What of the following is not a Lewis base.	A. CN ⁻ B. AlCl ₃ C. NH ₃ D. ROH
1314	In whihc period, the element with least ionization enthalpy belong to	Group 1 B. Group 2 C. Group 17 D. Group 18
1315	When of the following steps is involved in structure determination of an organic compound.	A. Purification of compund. B. Qualitative and quantitative analysis of elements present C. Determination of molar mass D. All above steps
1316	The equivalent conductance (Λ°) and molar conductance (Λ°_m) of BaSO ₄ are related as.	A. $\Lambda^{\circ} = \Lambda^{\circ}_m/2$ B. $\Lambda^{\circ}_2 = \Lambda^{\circ}_m$ C. $\Lambda^{\circ} = \Lambda^{\circ}_m$ D. $\Lambda^{\circ} = \Lambda^{\circ}_m/4$
1317	The atomic orbitals are progressively filled in order of increasing energy. This statement is called as	A. Hund's rule B. Aufbau's rule C. (n+1) rule D. Planck's rule
1318	The reduction of an alkyne to alkene using Lindlar's catalyst results into	A. Syn addition of hydrogen atoms B. Anti addition of hydrogen atoms C. A mixture obtained by ayn and anti addition of hydrogen which are equilibrium with each other D. A mixture obtained by syn and anti addition of hydrogen which are not in equilibrium with each other.
1319	The number 8.47 is rounded to	A. 8.5 B. 8.4 C. 8.7 D. 8.6
1320	Select the major product obtained from the addition of HBr to 1-Methyl cyclohexene	A. 1-bromo -2- methyl cyclohexane B. 6- bromo -i- methyl cyclohex -i- ene C. 3- bromo -1- methyl cyclohex - 1- ene D. 1-bromo -1- methyl cyclohexane
1321	Which of the following techniques is bulk technique.	A. Powder XRD B. Single Crystal XRD C. SEM D. TEM
1322	Which of the following is not a proper use of Ni.	A. It is used as catalyst B. It is used in alloy formation C. It is used in the preparation of Monel metal D. It is attached by alkalis
1323	Covalent compound are soluble in	A. Polar solvents B. Non polar solvent C. Concentrated acids D. All solvent
1324	Which of the following allows charge transfer through the solution but prevents mixing of	A. Anode B. Cathode

	the solution.	C. Electrode cell D. Salt bridge
1325	The physical methods of nano roads syntheses involves.	A. Top down approach B. Bottom up approach C. Left right approach D. Right left approach
1326	Which of the following is not a biodegradable polymer.	A. Protein B. PVC C. Cellulose D. Nucleic acid
1327	Which substance has the greatest lattice energy.	A. CuBr B. MgO C. KI D. NaF
1328	Ethylene belongs to.	A. C _{2v} group B. D _{2h} group C. C ₂ group D. D _{ah} group
1329	Major ingredients of traditional ceramics	A. Silica B. Clay C. Feldspar D. All
1330	Eosin dye belongs to the group of dyes known as.	A. Nitroso syes B. Triphenylmethane dyes C. Diphenylmethane dyes D. Phthalein dyes
1331	The expected specific wastes of textile industry is	A. Cloth residue B. Fibre residue C. Dyes D. All above
1332	'A line, a point or a plane about which a symmetry operation is performed, is known as.	A. Symmetry operation B. Symmetry element C. Reflection D. Inversion
1333	The temperate of a gas below which only the gas cools when allowed to expand is know as.	A. Inversion temperature B. Ideal temperature C. Critical temperature D. Joule Thomaon temperatu4re
1334	Conductometry is based on	A. Electric current B. Electrical potential C. Absorbance D. Electrical conductance
1335	Which of the following statement about molecularity is not correct.	A. It cannot be fraction B. It can be obtained from balanced equation C. It may be or may not be equal to the order of the reaction D. it can not be more than 3
1336	Which of the following methods is chemical in nature.	A. Acid bas titration B. Redox titration C. Complexometric titration D. All above methods
1337	The main constituents of _____ are boron oxide and silica.	A. Pyrex glass B. Low silica glass C. Soda lime glass D. Super hard glass
1338	What refers to the application of any process whereby the surface of steel is altered so that it will become hard.	A. <p>Case hardening</p> B. <p>Ammealing</p> C. <p>Surface hardening</p> D. <p>Surface hardening</p>

1339	Which of the following elements forms maximum number of compounds.	A. Carbon B. Silicon C. Hydrogen D. Fluorine
1340	in monel metal copper is alloyed with which metal.	A. Fe B. Mn C. Ni D. Al
1341	The number of formula weight of the solute dissolved per dm ³ of the solution is called.	A. Mole fraction B. Normality C. Formality D. Molality
1342	The noble gas used in treatment of cancer is	A. Helium B. Argon C. Radon D. Krypton
1343	When FeSO ₄ is added in the sodium extract the compound formed is.	A. Only Na ₄ [Fe (CN) ₆] B. Only Fe (OH) ₂ C. Only Na ₂ SO ₄ D. Mixture of all these
1344	Which of the following is not a physical test.	A. Colour test B. Flame test C. Beed test D. Wet test
1345	The term accuracy refers to how near the observed value is to.	A. Mean value B. Low value C. True value D. Standard value E. Both C and D
1346	Which of the following process is used for the removal of particulates.	A. Wet removal by precipitation B. Sedimentation C. Diffusion and impaction D. All above
1347	Which of the following is not alloy of aluminium.	A. Aluminium bronze B. Magnalium C. Duralumin D. Stellite
1348	Which of the following is branch chain polymer.	A. Glycogen B. Terylene C. PVC D. Orlon
1349	The oxidation state of HClO ₄	A. + 7 B. + 3 C. + 5 D. + 1
1350	Which of the following physical property forms the basis of radio chemicals methods of analysis.	A. Absorption of light B. Emission of light C. Radioactivity D. Thermal conductivity
1351	Lead pencil contain	A. Lead B. Lead sulphide C. a mixture of lead and silica D. graphite
1352	Which of the following is not a redox indicator.	A. Ferroin B. Diphenylamine C. Phenolphthalein D. Methyl blue
1353	Which of the following source is commonly used as excitation source in fluorimeter.	A. Tungsten lamp B. Mercury vapour lamp C. Nernst vapour lamp D. Radio source
1354	Increased asthmatic attacks in certain seasons are related to.	A. Inhalation of seasonal pollens B. Eating of seasonal vegetables C. Low temperature D. Wet and dry environment
1355	Result of ozone hole is.	A. Acid rain B. Global warming C. Increased amount of CO ₂ D. Greater exposure of earth to U.V. rays.

A. Diversification effect

1356	It has been observed that if one goes on adding KNO ₃ solution to a precipitate of AgCl the solubility of these precipitates goes on increasing with increasing concentration of K ⁺ and NO ₃ ⁻ ions which are not common to AgCl. This is due to which effect.	A. Diversion effect B. Uncommon ion effect C. Activity effect D. All above
1357	The value of compressibility factor (z) = pV/nRT for an ideal gas is equal to.	A. R B. 1 C. 2 D. 3
1358	Drained sewage has B.O.D.	A. More than that of water B. Less than that of water C. Equal to that of water D. None of the above
1359	Beilstein test is used for.	A. Cl B. N ₂ C. CO ₂ D. Na
1360	Which of the following process is not involved in the purification of bauxite.	A. Bayer's process B. Serpek's process C. Hall's process D. Goldsmith's process
1361	What is a measure of rigidity?	A. $\frac{1}{\text{Stiffness}}$ B. $\frac{1}{\text{Jardness}}$ C. $\frac{1}{\text{Strength}}$ D. $\frac{1}{\text{Modulus of elasticity}}$
1362	According to R, S system the correct order of priority of the following groups is .	A. -CH ₂ OH > -CHO > -COOH B. -COOH > -CHO > -CH ₂ OH C. -CH ₂ OH > -COOH > -CHO D. -COOH > -CH ₂ OH > -CHO
1363	Which of the following test is not shown by proteins.	A. Xanthoprotein test B. Ninhydrin test C. Hopkin cole test D. Muliken Barker test
1364	Out of seven crystal system, how many can have body centered unit cell.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 2 D. 7
1365	Which of the following species is not a basic radical.	A. Ag ⁺ B. Cl ⁻ C. Ba ²⁺ D. K ⁺
1366	The property measured in TGA is	A. Change in weight B. Rate of change in weight C. Heat evolved and absorbed D. Change of temperature.
1367	Toluene is o/p -orienting with respect to an electrophilic substitution reaction due to.	A. +I effect of the methyl group. B. +I as well as +H effect of the methyl group C. Hyper conjugation between the methyl group and phenyl ring. D. + R effect of the methyl group
1368	The blue colour of CuSO ₄ disappears on adding Zn granules to it . it is because of .	A. Oxidation of Cu atom B. Oxidation of Zn C. Oxidation of Cu ²⁺ D. Oxidation of Zn ²⁺
1369	The pH of the tears is	A. 7.0 B. 7.4 C. 7.8 D. 8.2
1370	Codon for amino acid glycine is not represented by base pair	A. GCA B. GGC C. GGA D. GGG

		D. GGU
1371	Process of separating the racemic mixture into optically active isomers is known as.	A. Resolution B. Racemisation C. Walden inversion D. Epimerization
1372	The vibration degrees of freedom for a linear and non liner poly atomic molecule of seven atoms each an respectively	A. 30 and 29 B. 30 and 32 C. 28 and 29 D. None of above
1373	The quantum yield of a Photo chemical reaction in	A. Always less than unity B. Always equal to unity C. Always greater than unity D. Can have any value ≥ 0 depending on the reaction
1374	Nitrobenzen can be prepared from benzene by using a mixture of conc. HNO ₃ and conc. H ₂ SO ₄ In the nitrating mixture. HNO ₃ acts as a.	A. Base B. Acid C. Oxidizing agent D. Catalyst
1375	Which of the following analytical technique is based on the emission of light radiation.	A. Flame photometry B. Atomic absorption spectrophotometry C. Raman spectroscopy D. Conductometry
1376	The magnetic quantum number (m) specifies the individual orbital in a Sub shell for a given l, m can be.	A. l, -l, -1 B. l, 2, l -3, -2l C. l -l, -l D. l -2, l -4, -4l
1377	Which of the following is component of the ecosystem.	A. Inorganic substances B. ORGANIC Substances C. Animal and plants only D. All above
1378	At constant temperature , the decrease in Halmholts free energy is equal to.	A. Decrease in entropy B. Increase in entropy C. Reversible work done by the system D. All types of work done
1379	The possible sub levels in the n = 4 energy level are.	A. s,p,d B. s,p,d,f C. s D. s,p
1380	Which of the following is not a property of Cr.	A. it is brilliant silvery metal B. it is malleable C. It can take very high polish D. Its surface is tarnished easily
1381	Which of the following has the highest melting poing.	A. NaCl B. Li Cl C. KCl D. Rb Cl
1382	Opticla tweezers	A. Are used to remove facial hair with miniaturized laser beams B. use light to manipulate particles as small as single atom C. Are a nanotechnology bases tool for stamp collectors D. Don't exist
1383	The correct increasing order of bond dissociation energy for N ₂ , O ₂ , F ₂ and Cl ₂ is	A. N ₂ < O ₂ < F ₂ < Cl ₂ B. F ₂ < Cl ₂ < O ₂ < N ₂ C. F ₂ < Cl ₂ < N ₂ < O ₂ D. N ₂ < Cl ₂ < F ₂ < O ₂
1384	For an elementary reaction 2A + B ----- C + D The molecularity of the reaction is.	A. 1 B. 2+ C. 3 D. 4
1385	Molecular weight of proteins may be determined by	A. Osmotic pressure measurements B. Sedimentation methods C. Light scattering methods D. All of these
1386	RNA is involved int eh synthesis of	A. Protein B. Nucleic acid C. Carbohydrates D. Fats
1387	The number of electrons involved in bonding in Lewis structure of oxalate ion is	A. 20 B. 14 C. 22

1388	Which of the following electrode is normally used as reference electrode for a potentiometer.	A. Platinum electrode B. Calomel electrode C. Silver electrode D. Copper electrode
1389	Equivalent conductance is expressed in the units.	A. S cm ⁻¹ eq ⁻¹ B. S cm eq ⁻¹ C. S cm ² eq ⁻¹ D. S cm ² eq
1390	Which of the following method is based on the solubility difference between the analyte and the unwanted components.	A. Distillation B. Complex formation C. Electrodeposition D. Precipitation
1391	What term is used to denote a family of thermosetting polymers that are reaction products of alcohols and acids.	A. Alkaline B. Alkydes C. Alcocide D. Ketones
1392	Which of the following substance has been advocated as fuel of future.	A. O ₂ B. N ₂ C. H ₂ D. H ₂ O
1393	Which of the following has the highest lattice energy	A. LiCl B. NaCl C. KCl D. CaCl
1394	Putrefaction is	A. Hydrolysis of proteins B. Reduction of proteins C. Bacterial oxidation of proteins D. All of these
1395	Which of the following salt is soluble in water.	A. BaCO ₃ B. SrCO ₃ C. CaCO ₃ D. K ₂ CO ₃
1396	Which of the following statements is incorrect.	A. The elements of group 18 are known as aerogens. B. Group 2 elements are all metals C. Metallic character increase on going down a group D. All the elements belonging to a particular period have same valence shell configuration.
1397	Which of the following hydroxide is amphoteric.	A. B(OH) ₃ B. Al(OH) ₃ C. Ga (OH) ₃ D. In (OH) ₃
1398	Which of the following has cubic structure.	A. Sodium chloride B. Potassium Chloride C. Diamond D. All of above
1399	Al Cl ₃ acts as a strong Lewis acid, because it is.	A. A covalent compound B. Readily hydrolyzed C. Electron deficient D. An ionic compound
1400	CCl ₄ has zero dipole moment because of.	A. Planar structure B. Tetrahedral structure C. Similar size of C and Cl atoms D. Similar electrons affinity of C and Cl
1401	Which of the following analytical techniques can be used to extract metal ion chelates.	A. Solvent extractions B. Evaporation C. GC D. Distillation
1402	Al ₂ Cl ₆ is an example of	A. Ionic bond B. Covalent bond C. Co ordinate bond D. Metallic bond
1403	Which of the following device is used to measure the surface tension.	A. Polarimeter B. Viscometer C. Refractometer D. Stalagmeter
1404	Polyamide jinkage is present in	A. Nylon B. Silk C. Protein

		<p>C. Free energy</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
1405	The minimum amount of energy that the reacting molecules must possess at the time of collisions in order to produce effective collisions is called.	<p>A. Free energy</p> <p>B. Threshold energy</p> <p>C. Activation energy</p> <p>D. External energy</p>
1406	What refers to a shape achieved by allowing a liquid to solidify in a mold.	<p>A. Casting</p> <p>B. Molding</p> <p>C. Forming</p> <p>D. All of the choices</p>
1407	Which type of the solids are generally good conductors of electricity.	<p>A. Covalent</p> <p>B. Ionic</p> <p>C. Metallic</p> <p>D. Molecular</p>
1408	The ionization potential of K would be numerically equal to.	<p>A. Electron affinity of Ar</p> <p>B. Electromagnetic force of K</p> <p>C. Electron affinity of K⁺</p> <p>D. Ionization energy of Ca</p>
1409	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding the constant R and in ideal gas equation PV = nRT	<p>A. Its value is independent of temperature</p> <p>B. Its value is independent of pressure</p> <p>C. In SI units its value is 8.314 K⁻¹ mol⁻¹</p> <p>D. It is called the universal gas constant per molecule.</p>
1410	Which of the following is the weakest base.	<p>A. KOH</p> <p>B. NaOH</p> <p>C. LiOH</p> <p>D. RbOH</p>
1411	The bond angle along Sp ² hybridization is.	<p>A. 180°</p> <p>B. 120°</p> <p>C. 109.5°</p> <p>D. 160°</p>
1412	The compound (CH ₃) ₃ COH according to IUPAC is known as.	<p>A. Tert Butanol</p> <p>B. 2,2-Dimethyl-Propanol</p> <p>C. 2-Methyl-2-propanol</p> <p>D. Tert Alcohol</p>
1413	The spectral line obtained when an electron jumps from n = 6 to n = 3 belongs to.	<p>A. Balmer series</p> <p>B. Lyman series</p> <p>C. Paschen series</p> <p>D. Brackett series</p>
1414	Which of the following is always true for the adiabatic expansion of gas.	<p>A. Temperature rises</p> <p>B. Pressure rises</p> <p>C. W = 0</p> <p>D. Q = 0</p>
1415	Considering the elements B, C, N, Si, and Ge, the correct order of their non-metallic character is.	<p>A. B > C > Si > N > Ge</p> <p>B. Si > C > B > N > Ge</p> <p>C. F > N > C > B > Si</p> <p>D. F > N > C > Si > B</p>
1416	Solid sodium chloride does not conduct electricity because.	<p>A. In solid NaCl, no ions are present</p> <p>B. Solid NaCl is covalent in nature</p> <p>C. In solid NaCl, there is no mobility of ions</p> <p>D. In solid NaCl, there are no electrons.</p>
1417	The most electronegative element of the third period is.	<p>A. F</p> <p>B. P</p> <p>C. Br</p> <p>D. Cl</p>
1418	Which of the following give higher fibre strength.	<p>A. Eucalyptus</p> <p>B. Pine</p> <p>C. Bagasse</p> <p>D. Sugar cane</p>

1419	Which of the following factor is involved in band boarding that occur in column chromatography.	A. Number of theoretical plates B. Eddy diffusion C. In phase mass transfer D. All above
1420	The secondary valency of Conc. $\text{CoCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{NH}_3$.	A. 2 B. 4 C. 6 D. 8
1421	The different types of glass are.	A. A- glass, C-Glass, E-Glass and S-Glass B. A-Glass, B-Glass, E-Glass, S-Glass C. AR -Glass, C-Glass, E-Glass and S - Glass D. A-B Glass
1422	Which compound among the following does not contain an ionic bond.	A. NaOH B. HCl C. K ₂ S D. LiH
1423	The fraction of the total current carried to an ion is called its.	A. Ionic mobility B. Transport number C. Limiting ionic conductance D. None of these
1424	Arrangement of peptide chains of protein in spec to form helix structure is referred to as.	A. Primary structure B. Secondary structure C. Tertiary structure D. Quaternary structure
1425	Green houses are responsible for keeping our plant warm and sustaining life on the earth.	A. CO_2 & water vapours B. CO_2 & CFC C. CO_2 & H_2O D. CO_2 & CH_4
1426	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding galvanic cells.	A. Oxidation occurs at the anode B. Ions carry current inside the cell C. Electrons flow around the external circuit. from cathode to anode D. When the e.m.f. of the cell is positive cell reaction is spontaneous
1427	The total number of bond pairs around sulphur and total number of lone pairs around oxygen atoms in the Lewis structure of sulphate ion are respectively.	A. 4, 12 B. 8, 12 C. 12, 4 D. 6, 12
1428	The mole of photon is known as.	A. Quantum B. Einstein C. Energy packet D. None of the above
1429	The addition of HCl in the presence of peroxide does not follow anti Markovnikov's rule because.	A. HCl bond is too strong to be broken homolytically B. Cl atom is not reactive enough to add on to a double bond C. Cl combines with H to give back HCl D. HCl is a reducing agent.
1430	The alkali metal that reacts with nitrogen directly to form nitrides.	A. Na B. K C. Rb D. Li
1431	Major achievement of CFT is	A. Interpreting the color B. Adsorption spectra C. Both A and B D. None of above
1432	Enzymatic action is affected at a fixed	A. Temperature B. pH C. Both of these D. None of these
1433	If the activation energy in the forward direction of an elementary step is 52 kJ and the activation energy in the reverse direction is 74 kJ. What is the energy of reaction ΔE for this step	A. 22 kJ B. -22 kJ C. 52 kJ D. -52 kJ
1434	The kinetics of the decomposition of ammonia on the tungsten surface follows	A. Zero order B. First order C. Second order D. Third order
1435	The H_2SO_4 obtained by the contact process having purity	A. 70% B. 74% C. 78% D. 80%

		<p>C. 89%</p> <p>D. 82%</p>
1436	The binding site on ribosome t-RNA and m-RNA is provided by	<p>A. Polysome</p> <p>B. Ribosomal RNA</p> <p>C. Codone</p> <p>D. DNA</p>
1437	The normality of 2.3 M H ₂ SO ₄ solution is.	<p>A. 0.46 N</p> <p>B. 0.23 N</p> <p>C. 2.3 N</p> <p>D. 4.6 N</p>
1438	Which of the following pentahalides is not formed.	<p>A. NF₅</p> <p>B. PF₅</p> <p>C. AsF₅</p> <p>D. BiF₅</p>
1439	The range of sound pressure for uncomfortable level is.	<p>A. 80 - 90 dB</p> <p>B. 100 - 120 dB</p> <p>C. 130-140 dB</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1440	Which of the following class of compounds follow the criteria of aromaticity.	<p>A. The compounds must have high degree of unsaturation</p> <p>B. they must have the property to undergo addition reactions</p> <p>C. They must have the property to undergo substitution reactions</p> <p>D. They must have the ability to sustain an induced current in NMR</p>
1441	Which of the following has maximum number of unpaired electrons.	<p>A. Fe³⁺</p> <p>B. Fe²⁺</p> <p>C. Co²⁺</p> <p>D. CO³⁺</p>
1442	The velocity possessed by maximum fraction of molecules at a given temperature is called.	<p>A. Average velocity</p> <p>B. Root mean square velocity</p> <p>C. Most probable velocity</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1443	Enfleurage process is used to extract the essential oils from	<p>A. Back of plant</p> <p>B. Seeds of plant</p> <p>C. Leaves of plant</p> <p>D. Flowers of plant</p>
1444	Calcium cyanamide on treatment with steam under pressure gives NH ₃ and	<p>A. Calcium carbonate</p> <p>B. Calcium hydroxide</p> <p>C. Calcium oxide</p> <p>D. Calcium bicarbonate</p>
1445	Copper is resistant to	<p>A. Air</p> <p>B. Water</p> <p>C. Acid and Alkali</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
1446	In which of the following techniques the solvated molecules are separated according to their size by their ability to penetrate a sieve like structure.	<p>A. Adsorption chromatography</p> <p>B. Partition chromatography</p> <p>C. Ion exchange chromatography</p> <p>D. Gel permeation chromatography</p>
1447	The strongest acid is.	<p>A. HNO₂</p> <p>B. HNO₃</p> <p>C. H₂N₂O₂</p> <p>D. HNOS</p>
1448	The concept of telluric helix was developed by	<p>A. Lothar Meyer</p> <p>B. A.E. de Chancourtois</p> <p>C. Newlands</p> <p>D. Dobereiner</p>
1449	VBT is unable to explain the nature of some of the complexes of.	<p>A. Cobalt</p> <p>B. Copper</p> <p>C. Nickel</p> <p>D. Manganese</p>
1450	The polarity of bonds can lead to polarity of molecules and affect	<p>A. Melting point</p> <p>B. Boiling point</p> <p>C. Solubility</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
1451	The simplest formula of a compound containing 50% of element X	<p>A. XY₂</p> <p>B. XY</p> <p>C. X₂Y</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1452	Sodium has atomic mass less than Lithium because	<p>A. It is a metal</p> <p>B. It has higher atomic mass</p>

1452	Sodium react more vigorously than lithium because.	C. It is more electronegative D. It is more electropositive
1453	According to Henry's Law. the mole fraction of a gas (x) dissolved in a solvent is related to the pressure of the gas.	A. $x = k/p$ B. $x = p/k$ C. $x = k$ D. $p = k/x$
1454	Which of the following statement is not related with SO ₂	A. It is a colourless gas B. It has sharp and pungent odour C. It is moderately soluble in water D. It is reduced slowly in clear air to H ₂ S
1455	A mixture of weak acid and its salt is.	A. Alkaline buffer B. Acidic buffer C. Neutral buffer D. All of above
1456	Which element amongst the following has the highest boiling point.	A. Na B. Mg C. Ca D. K
1457	Which of the following basic process is involved in the separation of the complex mixture by chromatographic technique.	A. Partition B. Adsorptions C. Ion exchange D. All of the above processes
1458	Which one of the following oxides is basic.	A. MnO B. Mn ₂ O ₃ C. MnO ₂ D. Mn ₂ O ₇
1459	In the fourth flotation process for the purification of ores, the ore particles float because.	A. They are light B. Their surface is not easily wetted by water C. They bear electrostatic charge D. They are insoluble
1460	The branch of chemistry dealing with the study of reactions in the UV visible region of the spectrum is known as.	A. Kinetics B. Photo chemistry C. Surface chemistry D. Catalysis
1461	Coordinate compounds are	A. Polar B. Non polar C. Dipolar D. None of above
1462	In a system of designating wrought aluminum alloys. what does the second digit represent.	A. The purity of aluminum B. The identity of the alloy C. The modification of the alloy group or impurity limits D. None of above
1463	The process of removing dissolved impurities from a colloidal system, by means of diffusion through a suitable membrane under the influence of an electric field, is called.	A. Electrosmosis B. Electrodialysis C. Electrophoresis D. Peptization
1464	Which of the following would decompose at lowest temperature.	A. MgCO ₃ B. SrCO ₃ C. BaCO ₃ D. CaCO ₃
1465	The bond length is measured by	A. X-ray diffraction B. Neutron diffraction C. Microwave spectroscopy D. All of above
1466	Which of the following halide has lowest melting point.	A. NaCl B. NaF C. NaBr D. NaI
1467	The acetylene molecule contains a	A. Single bond B. Double bond C. Triple bond D. Coordinate bond
1468	Ozone layer of upper atmosphere is being destroyed by	A. chlorofluorocarbons B. SO ₂ C. Photochemical oxidants O ₂ and CO ₂ D. Smog
1469	The branch of physics that mathematically describes the wave properties of electron in atoms is called.	A. Statistical Mechanics B. Quantum Mechanics C. Chemical statistics D. Thermodynamics

1470	Which of the following acid radical give organic layer test.	A. Cl- B. CO ₃ C. I D. S ²⁻
1471	Granulated sugar containing. _____	A. Glucose B. Fructose C. Maltose D. Sucrose
1472	The stationary and mobile phases in paper chromatography are.	A. Liquid/Liquid B. Solid /Liquid C. Liquid/Solid D. Gas/solid
1473	The electrolysis of molten metal hydride will produce dihydrogen gas.	A. At cathode B. At anode C. At both the electrodes D. At none of the electrodes
1474	What letter suffix steel identification means that it is steel with boron as an alloying elements.	A. xL xx B. xBxx C. xHxx D. xKxx
1475	Which of the following interaction is the strong.	A. Dipole -dipole B. Ion induced dipole C. Ion -dipole D. Dipole induced dipole
1476	The full form of STM is	A. Scanning Tunneling Microscope B. Scientific Technical Microscope C. Systematic Technical Microscope D. SuperTensile Microscope
1477	According to SHAB, Lewis acid are divided into.	A. Two classes B. Three classes C. Four classes D. None of above
1478	Which of the following is not an adsorption indicator.	A. Eosin B. Bromocresol green C. Fluorescein D. Phenolphthalein
1479	One of the best fluorinating agent is	A. XeF ₂ B. XeF ₄ C. XeF ₆ D. None of above
1480	In the process of electrosmosis	A. Colloidal particles move towards the electrodes B. Both colloidal particles and dispersed medium move C. Only dispersion medium moves to carry the current D. Positively charged colloidal particles move, but negatively charged particles remain stationary
1481	Which of the following technique has flame as a source of excitation energy.	A. UV spectroscopy B. I-R spectroscopy C. Flame photometry D. Raman spectroscopy
1482	Polyethylene Glycols are used in the preparation of which type of detergents.	A. Cationic detergents B. Anionic detergents C. Non ionic detergent soaps D. None of above
1483	Poise is a unit of.	A. Refractive index B. Optical activity C. Fluidity D. Viscosity
1484	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to inductive effect.	A. Bond length decrease with increase in inductive effect. B. Inductive effect generates polar character in bonds C. Variation in strength of aliphatic acids can be explained D. Inductive effect is more pronounced in C-F bond than C-Cl bond

		D. It alone cna explain the basically of triphenylamine
1485	The denationalization involving C - H sigma bond electrons is known as .	A. Conjugation B. Hyperconjugation C. Mesomerism D. Resonance
1486	An example of acyclic polytropenoid is	A. Myrcone B. Buna -S C. Synthetic rubber D. Natural rubber
1487	Which of the following impurities are present with the bauxite.	A. Silica B. Ferric oxide C. Alumina D. Both silica and ferric oxide
1488	According to recent view which is the correct representation of hydrated proton in aqueous solutions.	A. H+ B. H9O3+ C. H9O4+ D. H2O+
1489	In the long form of periodic table, elements are arranged according to.	A. Increasing atomic number B. Decreasing atomic number C. Increasing atomic mass D. Decreasing atomic mass
1490	Any property whose magnitude is independent of the amount of substance present is called a/an	A. Extensive property B. Colligative property C. Structural propety D. Intensive property
1491	The composition of mixture of clay and lime stone in the raw for cement material is.	A. 75% lime stone and 25% clay B. 25% lime stone and 75% clay C. 15% lime stone and 55% clay D. 30% limes stone and 79% clay
1492	Sodium reacts with excess of oxygen to form	A. Na2O B. NaO2 C. Na2O2 D. NaO
1493	Which of the following is an allotrops of hydrogen.	A. 0- H2 B. P-H2 C. Both A and B D. None of these
1494	The nitrogen present in some fertilizers helps plants.	A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">To fight against diseases</p> <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">To fight against diseases</p> <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">To undergo photosynthesis</p> <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">To produce protein</p> < b> D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">To produce protein</p> < b> < o:p></o:p></p>
1495	Coulometry is based on the measurement of	A. Electrical current B. Electrical potential C. Electrical conductance D. Dielectric constant
1496	At higher altitudes, the boiling point of water is lowered because.	A. Atmospheric pressure is low B. Temperature is low at high altitude C. Atmospherics pressure increase D. None of the above
1497	Which of the following substance is a volatile metals.	A. Lead B. Zinc C. Mercury D. Sodium
1498	Pick out the incorrect statement about K2Cr2O7	A. It is thermally stable B. It dissolves in alkali to form chromate C. It oxidizes acidified FeSO4 solution to Fe2(SO4)3 D. It is used as cleansing agent for glassware, etc. when mixed wht cold conc. H2SO4
		A. To increase hardness above 0.5 %

1499	What is the effect of aluminum in cast iron.	<p>B. To deoxidize molten cast iron</p> <p>C. To affect machinability, ductility and shrinkage depending on form</p> <p>D. Both A and B</p>
1500	The property associated in thermometric titration is	<p>A. Change in weight</p> <p>B. Rate of change in weight</p> <p>C. Heat evolved or absorbed</p> <p>D. Change in temperature</p>
1501	The ionization energy of N is more than that of oxygen because.	<p>A. Nitrogen has half filled p orbitals</p> <p>B. Nitrogen atom is smaller in size than oxygen atom</p> <p>C. Nitrogen contains less number of electrons</p> <p>D. Nitrogen is less electronegative</p>
1502	Which of the following is domain of industrial ecology.	<p>A. The materials extractor</p> <p>B. The materials processor</p> <p>C. The consumer</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
1503	In biological ecosystem which of the following substance is used by organisms.	<p>A. Water</p> <p>B. Sunlight</p> <p>C. Minerals</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1504	Hydrocarbon X (C_6H_{12}) on oxidation with hot alkaline ($KMnO_4$) gives a mixture of propionic acid and dimethyl ketone. The structure of compound X is	<p>A. $CH_3CH=CHCH_2CH_2CH_3$</p> <p>B. $(CH_3)_2C=CHCH_2CH_3$</p> <p>C. $CH_3CH_2CH=CHCH_2CH_3$</p> <p>D. $(CH_3)_2C=C(CH_3)_2$</p>
1505	It is possible to distinguish between optical isomers.	<p>A. Using chemical tests</p> <p>B. By mass spectrometry</p> <p>C. By IR spectroscopy</p> <p>D. By polarimetry</p>
1506	Which of the following statement is not related with high quantum yield reasons.	<p>A. Formation of reactive intermediates which may act as catalyst</p> <p>B. The active molecules may collide with other molecules and activates these molecules.</p> <p>C. The reaction may be exothermic and heat evolve may activate other molecule</p> <p>D. The primary photo chemical process may be reversed</p>
1507	Which of the following dye is used as an antiseptic .	<p>A. Methyl orange</p> <p>B. Mercurchrome</p> <p>C. Alizarin</p> <p>D. Bismarck brown</p>
1508	Chlorine gas acts as a bleaching agent only in presence of.	<p>A. dry air</p> <p>B. Moisture</p> <p>C. Sunlight</p> <p>D. Pure oxygen</p>
1509	Cyclic polymers of ethylene glycol formed by condensation are called.	<p>A. Crown ether</p> <p>B. Brown ether</p> <p>C. Cryptates</p> <p>D. Both A and C</p>
1510	The gases that are responsible for green house effect are.	<p>A. CO_2 & CH_4</p> <p>B. CFC</p> <p>C. N_2O</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1511	What do you call earth and stone mixed with the iron oxide	<p>A. <p style="margin-bottom: 0in; margin-bottom: .0001pt; line-height: normal;">Hematite</p></p> <p>B. <p style="margin-bottom: 0in; margin-bottom: .0001pt; line-height: normal;">Gangue</p></p> <p>C. <p style="margin-bottom: 0in; margin-bottom: .0001pt; line-height: normal;">Ore</p></p> <p>D. <p style="margin-bottom: 0in; margin-bottom: .0001pt; line-height: normal;">Residue</p></p>
1512	During the titration of weak acid against NaOH the conductance of the solution after the neutralization point.	<p>A. Is constant</p> <p>B. Decreases</p> <p>C. Varies irregularly</p> <p>D. Increase</p>
		<p>A. Lime stone</p>

1513	Which of the following is raw material not present on the cement.	B. Gypsum C. Red lead D. Blast furnace slag
1514	Which of the following parameter is not involved in calculations based on Born Haber Cycle.	A. Ionization enthalpy B. Electron gain enthalpy C. Electronegativity D. Bond dissociation energy
1515	Biomass refers to all the organic material derived from	A. Photolysis B. Photosynthesis C. Electrolysis D. Oxidation
1516	Inorganic acids (HCl, HBr, HNO ₃ etc) have K value.	A. 1 B. 10 C. 100 D. 1000
1517	Silicon bronze contains how many percent of silicon.	A. 96% B. 3% C. 1 % D. 69 %
1518	What is a process for making glass reinforced shapes that can be general by polling resin impregnated glass stands though a die.	A. Continuous pultrusion B. Bulk molding C. Vacuum bag forming D. Computational analysis
1519	Which of the following hydroxides has the maximum solubility in water.	A. Mg (OH) ₂ B. Ca (OH) ₂ C. Sr (OH) ₂ D. Ba (OH) ₂
1520	Which of the following halogen exist in solid state.	A. F ₂ B. I ₂ C. Cl ₂ D. Br ₂
1521	The emission of light characteristics of metal and correlation of intensity of the light emitted with concentration of that metal forms the basis of.	A. Roman spectroscopy B. IR spectroscopy C. Flame photometry D. Rotational spectroscopy
1522	Most effective pesticide is	A. Carbonates B. Organophosphates C. Organ chlorines D. All of these
1523	Which of the following is a buffer solution.	A. CH ₃ COOH + NH ₄ OH B. CH ₃ COOH + HCl C. CH ₃ COOH + NaOH D. CH ₃ COOH + CH ₃ COONa
1524	A diameter of human hair is approximately _____ m	A. 75000 B. 75 C. 7.5×10^{-5} D. 7.5×10^{-9}
1525	The elements with highest electron affinity belongs to.	A. Period 2 , group 17 B. Period 3, group 17 C. Period 2, group 18 D. Period, 2 , group 1
1526	Which of the following instruments is used to measure the optical activity.	A. Refractometer B. Conductivity meter C. Polarimeter D. Torsion meter
1527	The number of gram equivalents of the solute per dm ³ of the solution is called.	A. Formality B. Normality C. Molality D. Molarity
1528	The maximum absorption in [Ti(OH) ₂] ⁶⁺ take place at wavelength of.	A. 4000 Å B. 5000 Å C. 6000 Å D. 7000 Å

1529	The pKa of acetic acid is 4.74 which implies that.	<p>A. pH of 1N solution is 4.74</p> <p>B. At pH 4.74 the dissociation of acetic acid is maximum</p> <p>C. At pH 4.74 half of the acetic acid molecules are dissociated in the solution.</p> <p>D. At pH 4.74 the dissociation of acetic acid is minimum.</p>
1530	Potassium reacts with excess of oxygen to form	<p>A. K₂O</p> <p>B. K₂O₂</p> <p>C. KO₂</p> <p>D. K₂O₃</p>
1531	In which of the following characteristics does hydrogen resemble halogens.	<p>A. Hydrogen is the lightest gas</p> <p>B. H atoms contains one electron each</p> <p>C. Hydrogen forms ionic hydrides with alkali metals</p> <p>D. Hydrogen has three isotopes.</p>
1532	The following oxo acids have been arranged in the order decrease acid strength identify the correct order.	<p>A. III > IV > II > I</p> <p>B. III > II > I > IV</p> <p>C. I > II > III > IV</p> <p>D. IV > III > II > I</p>
1533	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to harmful effects of ground water pollution.	<p>A. It causes lung cancer</p> <p>B. It causes jaundice</p> <p>C. It damages crops</p> <p>D. It helps to prevent epidermises</p>
1534	The branch of chemistry which is concerned with the interrelation of electrical and chemical energy is called.	<p>A. Reaction dynamics</p> <p>B. Electrochemistry</p> <p>C. Surface chemistry</p> <p>D. Kinetics</p>
1535	α -amino acids when heated alone form	<p>A. Cyclic lactam</p> <p>B. α-β-unsaturated acid</p> <p>C. Fatty acids</p> <p>D. Diketopiperazines</p>
1536	The concept is also known as proton donor acceptor system.	<p>A. Bronsted Lowery</p> <p>B. Lewis</p> <p>C. Lux Flood</p> <p>D. Usanovich</p>
1537	Which of the following group reagent is used for III group of basic radical.	<p>A. Dilute HCl</p> <p>B. H₂S + HCl</p> <p>C. NH₄OH + NH₄Cl</p> <p>D. NH₄OH + H₂S</p>
1538	Which of the following is not a true characteristics of a catalytic reaction.	<p>A. The amount and chemical composition of the catalyst remains unchanged after the reaction</p> <p>B. The catalyst does not initiate a chemical reaction</p> <p>C. The reaction in which product also act as catalysis are called autocatalytically reactions.</p> <p>D. The catalyst shifts the equilibrium position of a reaction in a favorable direction</p>
1539	Which of the following compounds shows optical activity	<p>A. Lactic acid</p> <p>B. Maltose</p> <p>C. Glucose</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1540	What is the activation energy of a reaction whose rate constant increases by a factor of 100 upon increasing the temperature from 300 K to 360 K.	<p>A. 27</p> <p>B. 35</p> <p>C. 42</p> <p>D. 69</p>
1541	Which of the following method is used to separate small molecules from the larger molecules from the larger molecules in diffusing through a membrane.	<p>A. Dialysis</p> <p>B. HPLC</p> <p>C. FPLC</p> <p>D. TLC</p>
1542	Which of the following system has low as well as upper consolute temperature.	<p>A. Nicotine - water</p> <p>B. Aniline -water</p> <p>C. Triethylamine -water</p> <p>D. Phenol -water</p>
1543	Arrhenius concept explained	<p>A. Constant heat of neutralization</p> <p>B. Quantitative determination of acid base strength</p> <p>C. Catalytic property of acid</p> <p>D. All above</p>

1544	Concentration polarization arises because of the	<p>A. Different concentrations of solutions in the two half cells</p> <p>B. Changes in the concentration of electrolyte around the electrode from bulk concentration</p> <p>C. Reversible nature of the cell</p> <p>D. Variation in temperature during measurements</p>
1545	$[\text{Ti}(\text{OH}_2)_6]^{3+}$ gives colour	<p>A. Green</p> <p>B. Red</p> <p>C. Purple</p> <p>D. Blue</p>
1546	Which of the following regions of the spectrum would be used to determine the structure of the crystalline solids.	<p>A. Microwave</p> <p>B. X-rays</p> <p>C. Visible</p> <p>D. Infrared</p>
1547	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to applications of Hammett equations.	<p>A. It develops a quantitative relationship between structure and reactivity</p> <p>B. This equation can be used to calculate the value of pK_a</p> <p>C. This equation does not help to calculate the rate of some reactions</p> <p>D. This equation has mechanistic implications</p>
1548	The pH of 0.01 N NaOH is.	<p>A. 12</p> <p>B. 13</p> <p>C. 14</p> <p>D. 11</p>
1549	The correct order of second ionization potential of carbon, nitrogen, oxygen and fluorine is.	<p>A. C > N > O > F</p> <p>B. O > N > F > C</p> <p>C. O > F > N > C</p> <p>D. F > O > N > C</p>
1550	For a given mass of a gas at constant temperature, if the value V becomes a times, the pressure will become.	<p>A. 3P</p> <p>B. P/3</p> <p>C. 9P</p> <p>D. 3P/T</p>
1551	CFT was originally applied to.	<p>A. Ionic crystal</p> <p>B. Liquid crystal</p> <p>C. Solid crystal</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1552	Which of the following techniques is used for the separation of macromolecules polymers.	<p>A. Size exclusion chromatography</p> <p>B. TLC</p> <p>C. GLC</p> <p>D. HPLC</p>
1553	If the values of standard deviations for the first and second method differ, then which of the following test helps one to know whether this difference is significant.	<p>A. Student's test</p> <p>B. F-Test</p> <p>C. Chi square test</p> <p>D. Standard deviation</p>
1554	Concentrated aqueous sodium hydroxide can separate a mixture of.	<p>A. Al^{3+} and Sn^{2+}</p> <p>B. Al^{3+} and Fe^{3+}</p> <p>C. Al^{3+} and Zn^{2+}</p> <p>D. Zn^{2+} and Pb^{2+}</p>
1555	For which of the following compounds is the rate of hydrolysis by aqueous alkali most likely to be independent of the hydroxide ion concentration.	<p>A. 1-Chlorobutane</p> <p>B. 2- Bromobutane</p> <p>C. 1- Iodobutane</p> <p>D. 2- Bromo -2- methyl butane</p>
1556	Refining is	<p>A. Extracting petroleum gas</p> <p>B. Separation of various fraction</p> <p>C. Heating of coal</p> <p>D. All of above</p> <p>A. Stray current corrosion</p>

1557	What corrosion occurs under organic coating on metals as fine wavy hairlines?	<p>A. Microbiological corrosion</p> <p>B. Filiform corrosion</p> <p>C. Pitting corrosion</p> <p>D. Simple corrosion</p>
1558	Elements of group 14	<p>A. Exhibit oxidation state of -4</p> <p>B. Exhibit oxidation state of +4</p> <p>C. Form M³⁺ and M⁴⁺ ions</p> <p>D. Form M⁴⁻ and M⁴⁺ ions</p>
1559	What is the colour of pulp obtained from chemical pulping.	<p>A. Black</p> <p>B. Brown</p> <p>C. Blue</p> <p>D. Red</p>
1560	What is the most undesirable of all the elements commonly found in steels.	<p>A. Sulphur</p> <p>B. Phosphorus</p> <p>C. Silicon</p> <p>D. Magnesium</p>
1561	A molecule MX ₄ has a square planar shape, The number of non bonding pairs of electrons around M is .	<p>A. 2</p> <p>B. 1</p> <p>C. 0</p> <p>D. 3</p>
1562	The IUPAC name of C ₂ H ₃ , CO, OC, OC ₂ H ₅ is	<p>A. Propanoic anhydride</p> <p>B. Ethanoic anhydride</p> <p>C. Diketoethoxy ether</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1563	H-Bond has a preferred bonding direction like	<p>A. Ionic bond</p> <p>B. Covalent bond</p> <p>C. Coordinate bond</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1564	The freezing point of a solvent	<p>A. Will increase on adding a solute</p> <p>B. Will decrease on adding a solute</p> <p>C. Will not change on adding solute</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1565	Which of the following technique is most sensitive one.	<p>A. Photometry</p> <p>B. AAS</p> <p>C. Flame photometry</p> <p>D. Fluorimetry</p>
1566	Oil of turpentine contains	<p>A. α-pinene</p> <p>B. β-pinene</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1567	Soft drinks and baby feeding bottles are generally made up	<p>A. Polyester</p> <p>B. Polyurethanes</p> <p>C. Polyamide</p> <p>D. Polystyrene</p>
1568	Iron is said to be abundant in nature. About how many percent of the earth's crust is iron.	<p>A. 10%</p> <p>B. 5%</p> <p>C. 20%</p> <p>D. 8%</p>
1569	The tensile strength of a carbon nanotube is _____ times that of steel.	<p>A. 10</p> <p>B. 25</p> <p>C. 100</p> <p>D. 1000</p>
1570	Which of the following reactions have small enthalpy change.	<p>A. NaOH with HCl</p> <p>B. NaOH with CH₃COOH</p> <p>C. HCl with NH₄OH</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1571	Total pressure exerted by a mixture of two or more than two gases in a definite volume at any given temperature is equal to the sum of partial pressures which each gas would exert, if it occupied the same volume alone, at the same temperature This is a statement.	<p>A. Boyle's law</p> <p>B. Charles's law</p> <p>C. Graham's law</p> <p>D. Dalton's law</p>
1572	Aluminium halides is.	<p>A. White crystalline solid</p> <p>B. Hygroscopic</p> <p>C. Sublimes at 180°C</p> <p>D. All above</p>

1573	Which of the following is not known.	<p>A. NF₃</p> <p>B. XeF₆</p> <p>C. XeO₃</p> <p>D. KrF₂</p>
1574	Which of the following statements is not true for both B and Al	<p>A. They burn in oxygen to give oxides at high temperature</p> <p>B. Their halides are Lewis acids</p> <p>C. They combine with nitrogen to form nitrides</p> <p>D. They react with HCl to form chlroides.</p>
1575	An ionic compound X + Y - is most likely to be formed if	<p>A. Ionization enthalpy of X is high electron gain ethalpy of Y is low</p> <p>B. Ionization enthalpy of X is high electron gain enthalpy of Y is high</p> <p>C. Ionization enthalpy of X is low,electron gain enthalpy of Y is low</p> <p>D. Ionization enthalpy of X is low electron gain enthalpy of Y is high</p>
1576	Select the correct IUPAC name for [FeF ₄ (OH) ₂]-	<p>A. Diaquatetrafluoriron (III) ion</p> <p>B. Diaquateratrafluoriferrate (III) ion</p> <p>C. Diaquatertrafluoroiron (I)</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1577	Which is the following is not a buffer.	<p>A. H₂CO₃/HCO₃</p> <p>B. NH₄Cl/NH₄OH</p> <p>C. CH₃COOH/CH₃COONa</p> <p>D. NH₃OH/CH₃COOH</p>
1578	The magnitude of electron affinity depends on.	<p>A. Atomic size</p> <p>B. Nuclear charge</p> <p>C. Electronic configuration</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
1579	Which of the following is a natural polymer	<p>A. Nylon</p> <p>B. Leucite</p> <p>C. Cellulose</p> <p>D. Polystyrene</p>
1580	PCRA stand for	<p>A. Pollution control research association</p> <p>B. Petroleum conversation Research association</p> <p>C. Petroleum control research association</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
1581	Peeling of ozone umbrella is due to.	<p>A. CFCa</p> <p>B. PAN</p> <p>C. CO₂</p> <p>D. Coal burning</p>
1582	Relative order of acidity of HF, HCl, HBr, and HI acids is	<p>A. HCl > HBr > HI > HF</p> <p>B. HF > HCl > HBr > HI</p> <p>C. HI > HBr > HCl > HF</p> <p>D. HF > HI > HCl > HBr</p>
1583	Which of the following sets of quantum number is possible.	<p>A. n = 4, l = 3, m = -3, s = 0</p> <p>B. n = 4, l = 0, m = 0, s = +1/2</p> <p>C. n = 4, l = 4, m = -4, s = -1/2</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1584	Which of the following statement is false about resonance.	<p>A. It increase the stability of a molecule</p> <p>B. It leads to similar type of bonds</p> <p>C. It increase the reactivity of the molecule</p> <p>D. It decrease the reactivity of the molecule.</p>
1585	Aluminium does not corrode as does iron because.	<p>A. Al does not react with O₂</p> <p>B. a-protective layer of Al₂O₃ forms on the metal surface</p> <p>C. Al is harder to oxidize than is Fe</p> <p>D. Fe gives chathodic protection to Al</p>
1586	Which of the following pollutant result from combustion of fossil fuels.	<p>A. SO₂</p> <p>B. NO_x</p> <p>C. CO</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1587	In DTA , theriac effect may be exothermic of endothermic These are cause by	<p>A. Fusion</p> <p>B. Crystal structure inversion</p> <p>C. Destruction of crystal lattice</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
1588	An equal volume mixture explodes with violence	<p>A. H₂ & N₂O</p> <p>B. H₂ & NO</p> <p>C. H₂ & N₂O₄</p> <p>D. H₂ & N₂O₃</p>

1589	The Langmuir theory of unimolecular adsorption is generally valid at.	A. Low pressures and low temperature B. Low pressures and high temperature C. High pressures and low temperature D. High pressure and high temperature
1590	What is the most common alloying ingredient in copper?	A. Brass B. Zinc C. Cobalt D. Nickel
1591	Which of the following technique is the application of voltammetry at a fixed potential to detect changes in the currents as a function of the concentration of the analyte	A. Amperometry B. Coulometry C. Polarography D. Potentiometry
1592	Which two atoms of hydrogen combine to form a molecule of hydrogen gas. the energy of the hydrogen molecule is.	A. Higher than that of separate H atoms B. Equal to that of separate H atoms C. Lower than that of separate H atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometimes higher than that of separate H.
1593	Lime water is an aqueous solution of.	A. MgSO ₄ B. Ca (OH) ₂ C. CaCO ₃ D. CaSO ₄
1594	Which of the following substance is generally not considered an air pollutant.	A. CO B. CO ₂ C. SO ₂ D. NO ₂
1595	Fluorine forms fluorides reacting with	A. Metals B. Non metals C. Metalloids D. Any of above
1596	In compressive strength of a nanotube _____ its tensile strength.	A. Is less than B. Is greater than C. Is equal to D. Less than or equal to.
1597	Which of the following state is not correct regarding Langmuir adsorption theory.	A. Adsorbent has specific equivalent sites B. One site can adsorb only one molecule C. Adsorbed molecules cannot interact with each other D. Adsorption is a static process
1598	When metal orbitals are rotated in octahedral field the following representation obtained.	A. t _{2g} + e _g B. a _{1g} C. t _{1u} D. All above
1599	Gravimetric method is based on which of the following property.	A. Volume of a liquid B. Volume of gas C. Mass of substance D. Viscosity
1600	Each of the following compound is an aromatic except.	A. Benzene B. Naphthalene C. Cyclopentadienyl cation D. Cyclopentadienyl anion
1601	Classical smog occurs in place of.	A. Excess concentration of SO ₂ B. Low temperature C. High temperature D. Excess concentration of ammonia
1602	Which of the following techniques is used to separate a mixture of cations.	A. GC B. HPLC C. Ion exchange chromatography D. Size exchange chromatography
1603	Which of the following colligative properties can be used to characterize colloidal particles.	A. Lowering in vapour pressure B. Elevation in boiling point C. Depression in freezing point D. Osmotic pressure
1604	An sp ³ hybrid orbital contains	A. 1/4 s character B. 1/2 s character C. 2/3 s character D. 3/4 s character
		A. The conductance of one cm ³ of a material is called specific conductance B. Specific conductance increases while equivalent conductance decreases as

1605	Which of the following statements is not correct.	<p>equivalent conductance decreases on progressive dilution</p> <p>C. The limiting equivalent conductance of weak electrolytes cannot be determined by extrapolation of the plot of A against concentration</p> <p>D. The conductivity of metals is due to the movement of elctrons.</p>
1606	_____ is heat treatment cycle that prevents glass from harmful stress.	<p>A. Forming</p> <p>B. Annealing</p> <p>C. Batching</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1607	Ca H ₂ on reaction with water liberates	<p>A. H₂</p> <p>B. O₂</p> <p>C. Botha of these</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1608	What is the purpose of molybdenum in steel alloying.	<p>A. To increase dynamic and high temperature strength and hardness</p> <p>B. To increase brittleness</p> <p>C. To increase corrosion and resistance</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1609	Nitric acid is used in manufacturing of.	<p>A. Explosive</p> <p>B. H₂SO₄</p> <p>C. Fertilizer</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1610	What cast iron has modular or spheroidal graphite?	<p>A. Ductile iron</p> <p>B. Gray iron</p> <p>C. White iron</p> <p>D. Raw iron</p>
1611	Which of the following statement is not related with nitric oxide.	<p>A. It is a colorless and odourless gas</p> <p>B. It is produced largely by fuel combustion</p> <p>C. It is a brown pungent gas</p> <p>D. It is oxidized to NO₂</p>
1612	Chlorination of toluene in the presence of light and heat followed by treatment with aqueous NaOH gives.	<p>A. o - creaol</p> <p>B. p - creaol</p> <p>C. 2,4 -dihydroxy toluene</p> <p>D. Benzoic acid</p>
1613	Has the highest value of electronegativity	<p>A. F</p> <p>B. Cl</p> <p>C. Br</p> <p>D. I</p>
1614	Which of the following compounds cannot be a monomer.	<p>A. CH₃-CHOOH -CH₂OH</p> <p>B. NH₂ -CH₂-NH₂</p> <p>C. CH₃-CH₂-NH₃</p> <p>D. NH₂-CH₂-CH-CH₂ -NH₂</p>
1615	The green color of water in a lake is due to	<p>A. Excessive growth of sea weeds</p> <p>B. Algae</p> <p>C. Pollution</p> <p>D. Grass</p>
1616	Lothar Meyer plotted a graph showing variation of.	<p>A. Atomic volume with increase in atomic number</p> <p>B. Atomic volume with increase in atomic weight</p> <p>C. Atomic redii with increase in atomic weight.</p> <p>D. Atomic weight which increase in atomic number</p>
1617	The rusting of iron is catalysed by which of the following.	<p>A. Fe</p> <p>B. O₂</p> <p>C. Zn</p> <p>D. H⁺</p>

A. Water

1618	The bromine produced on commercial scale may contain impurities of.	A. Fluorine B. Chloride C. iodine D. All above
1619	Which of the following phenomena is not explained by the classical mechanics.	A. Black body radiation B. Photoelectric effect C. Atomic and molecular spectra D. Heat capacities of solids E. All of the above
1620	Drying agent which react with CO2 and removes water vapours is.	A. CaO B. CaCl2 C. CaCO3 D. Ca(NO3)2
1621	Organic substance responsible for the smell of the Flowers etc are grouped together in chemistry as.	A. Perfumes B. Terphenoids C. Flavonoids D. Alkaloids
1622	Trimethylamine is a weaker base than dimethylamine is explained by	A. Steric effect B. Resonance effect C. Inductive effect D. All above
1623	iodine is used as	A. Tincture of iodine B. Iodex and antiseptic C. Treatment of goiter D. All above
1624	Perdisulphuric acid is.	A. Marshal acid B. Caro acid C. None of above D. Any of above
1625	The substance added to the soil to provide one or more nutrient elements essential for plants growth are called.	A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Growth hormones</p> <p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Fertilizers</p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Salts</p></p> <p>D. Minerals</p>
1626	Copper is mainly extracted from witch of the following ore	A. Sulphide ores B. Carbonate ores C. Oxides ores D. Non sulphide ores
1627	Which of the following is most soluble in water	A. CaSO4 B. Sr SO4 C. MgSO4 D. BaSO4
1628	Acid rain effects	A. Human being B. Crops C. Aquatic life D. All above
1629	In propagation step the reaction intermediate of radical polymerization is	A. Carbocation B. Carbonion C. Free radical D. Carbene
1630	Peppermint oil contains.	A. Menthol B. Thymol C. a-pinene D. Comphene
1631	Used for sterilizationof drinking water	A. F B. Br C. Cl D. I
1632	The electronic configuration of chromium is 4s1, 3d5, The elements tungsten (W) belongs to the same group and has atomic number 74.The configuration of its valence shell is.	A. 5s1, 4d5 B. 6s1, 5d5 C. 6s1, 5d6 D. 6s1, 5d4
1633	Considering the elements B, Al, Mg and K , the correct order of their metallic character is.	A. B > Al > Mg > K B. Al > Mg > B > K C. Mg > Al > K > B D. K > Mg > Al > B

1634	The number of phases of mixtures of four gases enclosed in a container is	B. 4 C. 4-1 D. zero
1635	The matrix is usually in the form of.	A. Sand B. Limestone C. Rocks D. All
1636	Compounds consisting of two or more interlocked rings are called.	A. Inclusion compounds B. Cage compounds C. Catenanes D. Crown ether
1637	Which of the following type of lattice has maximum numb of atoms per unit cell.	A. Simple cubic B. Body centred cubic C. Face centred cubic D. All of them
1638	Which of the following is not a characteristics of terpenoids.	A. They are pleasant smelling liquids B. They are steam volatile C. They are nitrogenous bases D. They are insoluble in water
1639	The reverse of photo chemical reaction is called.	A. Phosphorescence B. Chemiluminescence C. Fluorescence D. Photosynthesis
1640	Permanent hardness of water is due to.	A. Sulphate of Ca B. Chloride of Ca C. Sulphate of Mg D. All above
1641	The structure of SO ₂	A. Linear B. Angular C. V-shaped D. Planar
1642	Which of the following is biodegradable pollutant.	A. Domestic waste B. DDT C. Mercury salt D. Aluminum foil
1643	Which of the following statement is not related to collision theory.	A. Molecules must collide with each other to do a chemical reaction B. Molecules must possess a minimum amount of energy C. Molecules must have proper orientation D. Collision theory is applicable to liquid only.
1644	What is caustic potash	A. NaOH B. KOH C. NaCl D. KCl
1645	The number of moles of solute dissolved in 1000 gram of the solvent is called	A. Formality B. Molality C. Molarity D. Mole fraction
1646	Red brass contain about how many percent of zinc.	A. 20 % B. 15 % C. 30 % D. 25 %
1647	Which one of the following has a linear structure.	A. H ₂ O B. CO ₂ C. NO ₂ D. SO ₂
1648	Which of the following salt is not used in salt bridge to minimize liquid junction potential.	A. KCl B. NH ₄ Cl C. KNO ₃ D. CaCl ₂
1649	In Pakistan how many units are involved to the production of glass.	A. 20 B. 25 C. 30 D. None of these
1650	When a large block of silicon wafer is reduced to smaller component and hence non material is formed this approach is called.	A. Bottom up B. Top down C. Left to right D. Right to left

		D. Right to left
1651	Molecule is a diatomic	A. Nitrogen B. Phosphorous C. Arsenic D. Antimony
1652	Which of the following proportion is associated with the covalent nature of the compound.	A. It conducts electricity in molten stater or aqueous state B. It is a non electrolyte C. It has high m.p. D. It is a compound of a metal and non metal.
1653	Carbides because of their hardness are	A. Ionic carbides B. Interstitial carbides C. covalent carbides D. Any of above
1654	Which of the following process is not sorbent separation technolgy.	A. Penex B. Parex C. Molex D. Olex
1655	If the absorbed light is green the transmitted light will be	A. Purple B. Orange C. Violet D. Black
1656	Isotopes are atoms whom nuclei have the same atomic number but different mass numbers. A specific isotope has an atomic number of 18 and a mass number of 35. How many electrons are there in the neutral atom.	A. 17 B. 18 C. 34 D. 35
1657	Which of the following equations is the most general equation of state.	A. Vander Waal's equation B. Dielectric equation C. Clasuaiua equation D. Kamberling Onnes equation
1658	A mordants is substance which in	A. Coloured B. Leuco -base of a dye C. Fixes dye on the fabric D. All of these
1659	The pH of the 1.3×10^{-4} NH_4Cl is	A. 1.3 B. 4.0 C. 2.886 D. 3.886
1660	Which of the following is the third most abundant element in the nature.	A. Oxygen B. Sulphur C. Aluminum D. Hydrogen
1661	The main constituent of glass is.	A. Silica B. Silicon C. Magnesia D. Alumina
1662	Which of the following is the second anciently known metal.	A. Nickel B. Copper C. Gold D. Silver
1663	The expression of specific conductance is given by	A. $L_s = I/R$, I/A B. $L_s = L \ I/A$ C. $L_s = I/L$, A/I D. $LS = r \ I/A$
1664	The _____ sphere is enclosed in brackets in formulas for complex species, and it includes the central metal ion plus the coordinated group	A. Ligand B. Donor C. Coordination D. Oxiation
1665	Glycerol on dehyeration gives	A. Allyl alcohol B. Aerolein C. $\text{CHOH} = \text{C} = \text{CHOH}$ D. $-\text{CHO} - \text{CHOH} - \text{CH}_2\text{OH}$
1666	Which of the following is not a component of hollow cathode lamp.	A. Anode B. Cathode C. Filter gas D. Atomic vapour
1667	Which of the following is not a characteristic of covalent compound.	A. They have low melting and boiling points. B. They ionize on dissolution in polar solvents C. Their molecules have definite

C. Their molecules have bent geometry
D. They are generally insoluble in water

1668	The electrical resistance of stainless steels can be as much as _____ time that of carbon steel.	A. 5 B. 6 C. 10- D. 15
1669	Which of the following is a thermometric method.	A. TGA B. DTA C. DTG D. All
1670	Which of the following responsible for depletion of ozone layer in upper strata of the atmosphere.	A. Polyhalogens B. Ferrocene C. Freons D. Fullerenes
1671	Stainless steel contains.	A. Fe + Cr+ Ni B. Fe + Ni + Cu C. Fe + Cr+ Cu D. Cu + C + Ni
1672	The electronegativity of the following elements increases in the order.	A. C,N, Si, P B. N, Si, C,P C. Si, P, C, N D. P, Si, N, C
1673	Which of the following analytical technique is based on the refraction of radiation.	A. Conductometry B. Refractometry C. Coulometry D. Potentiaometry
1674	The smog is essentially caused by the presence of.	A. O3 and N2 B. O2 and N2 C. Oxides of sulphur and nitrogen D. O2 and O3
1675	Which of the following gas does not exist free on earth.	A. N2 B. H2 C. O2 D. CH4
1676	Group IV A consist elements.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
1677	Which of the following are anionic detergents.	A. Sodium salts of sulfonated long chain alcohol B. Ester of stearic acid and polythlene glycol C. Quaternary ammonium salt of amine with acetate ion D. Sodium salts of sulfonated long chain hydrocarbons
1678	Glass industry requires soda ash with	A. Solids density 1.91 and bulk density 1.0 B. Solids density 1.86 and bulk density 0.6 C. Solid density 1.80 and bulk density 0.58 D. All of above
1679	Highly dangerous acid and produces severe wounds on the skin.	A. HClO B. HClO2 C. HClO3 D. HClO4
1680	The process of transfer of genetic message from DNA to m-RNA is known as	A. Replication B. Translation C. Transcription D. Transference
1681	An explosive	A. Nitroglycerine B. Trinitrotoluene C. Fluorine perchlorate D. All above
1682	Inert pair effect is best shown by	A. Si B. Z C. Sn D. Pb
1683	In the metallurgy of iron, when limestone is added to the blast furnace, the calcium ion ends up in.	A. Slag B. Gangue C. Metallic calcium D. Calcium carbonate

		D. Calcium carbonate
1684	Which of the following reactions is employed to produce ozone in the laboratory.	A. Exposure of air to UV light B. Reaction of F ₂ with H ₂ O at low temperature C. Reaction SO ₂ with H ₂ O ₂ D. Passage of silent electric discharge through oxygen
1685	The relative populations of ground state and excited state populations at a given flame temperature can be estimated using.	A. Boltzmann distribution law B. Maxwell law C. Lambert law D. Beer's law
1686	Ionic bond are also forces called as.	A. Polar bond B. Electrovalent bond C. None polar bond D. Both A and B
1687	Which of the following is an acceptable value for the molecularity.	A. 0 B. 2 C. 6 D. 3/2
1688	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding Lewis acids and bases.	A. NH ₃ and H ₂ O both behave as Lewis bases B. Substances which donate a pair of electrons are called Lewis bases C. All Lewis bases are also Brønsted bases D. Lewis base must contain an atom having less than an octet of electron.
1689	The central metal atom or ion and the ligands that are directly attached to it are enclosed in a square bracket called.	A. Coordination complex B. Coordination sphere C. Coordination number D. Coordination compounds
1690	Example of linear geometry	A. XeF ₂ B. F ₂ and HgCl ₂ C. CdI ₂ AND AgCl ₃ D. All of the above
1691	Which one of the following has the highest boiling point.	A. H ₂ O B. H ₂ S C. H ₂ Se D. H ₂ Te
1692	Which of the following disposal method is used for agriculture wastes.	A. Dump B. Landfill C. Incineration D. Open burning E. All above
1693	The juice is allowed to boil at lower temperatures to protect the sugar from	A. Hardening B. Solubility in water C. Caramelization D. Dewatering
1694	During sintering densification is not due to	A. Atomic diffusion B. Surface diffusion C. Bulk diffusion D. Surface tension
1695	Final paper wound in the form of a reel having final moisture of about.	A. 6-8% B. 9 - 12 % C. 13-15 % D. 4 - 10%
1696	The cooling of molten urea by air in the tower is called.	A. Prilling B. Evaporation C. Condensation D. Distillation
1697	The capacity of normal human eye to see the smallest object is _____ micro meter	A. 10000 B. 1000 C. 100

1698	If reaction A has an activation energy of 250 kJ and reaction activation energy of 100 kJ, which of the following statements must be correct.	<p>A. If reaction A is exothermic and reaction B is endothermic then reaction A is favored kinetically</p> <p>B. At the same temperature the rate of reaction B is greater than the rate of reaction A</p> <p>C. The energy of reaction A must be greater than the energy of reaction B.</p> <p>D. The energy of reaction B must be greater than the energy of reaction A</p>
1699	Alkaline hydrolysis of chloroform produces.	<p>A. HCCO</p> <p>B. HCOO⁻ + CO</p> <p>C. H₃COH</p> <p>D. CHCl₂ OH</p>
1700	Alkyl cyanide and alkyl isocyanides are	<p>A. Tautomers</p> <p>B. Metamers</p> <p>C. Functional isomers</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1701	Point out the incorrect statement.	<p>A. Rate law is an experimental fact whereas law of mass action is a theoretical in nature.</p> <p>B. Rate law is always different from the expression of law of mass action</p> <p>C. Rate law is more informativeness than law of mass action</p> <p>D. Order of the reaction is equal to the sum of the exponents of concentration terms in the case law.</p>
1702	High density polyethylene has which type of structure.	<p>A. Linear</p> <p>B. Branch chain</p> <p>C. Cross linked</p> <p>D. Any one of these</p>
1703	Which of the following statements is NOT true .	<p>A. About 10% of the earth's crust is iron</p> <p>B. Pure iron does not have significant industrial use because it is too weak and soft.</p> <p>C. Steel is an alloy of carbon and iron with limits on the amount of carbon</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1704	The vapours attacks the eyes and mucous membrane of nose and throat	<p>A. F</p> <p>B. Cl</p> <p>C. I</p> <p>D. Br</p>
1705	Which of the following statement represent disadvantages of sanitary landfill	<p>A. Public opposition</p> <p>B. Uneconomical</p> <p>C. Health hazard</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1706	The most important conditions for the formation of ionic bond are.	<p>A. High ionization energy of the metallic atom and high electron affinity of the non metallic atom.</p> <p>B. Low ionization of the metallic atom and low electron affinity of the non metallic atom.</p> <p>C. Low ionization energy of metallic atom and high electron affinity of the non metallic atom</p> <p>D. High ionization energy of the metallic atom and high electron affinity of non metallic atom.</p>
1707	Which type of polymer the Nylon -06 is	<p>A. Polyamide</p> <p>B. Polyester</p> <p>C. Addition</p> <p>D. Homopolymer</p>
1708	_____ is preferred for horticultural crops and for tobacco and potatoes.	<p>A. <p style="font-size: small; margin: 0;"><p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom: 0in; margin-bottom: .0001pt; line-height: normal">Potassium Chloride<o:p></o:p></p></p></p> <p>B. Potassium Sulphate</p> <p>C. Potassium Nitrate</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1709	The prefix 'nano' comes from a	<p>A. French word meaning billion</p> <p>B. Greek word meaning dwarf</p> <p>C. Latin word meaning invisible</p> <p>D. Spanish word meaning particle</p>

1710	Which of the following detector is used in HPLC system.	A. Differential refractometer detector B. UV detector C. Diode array detector D. All above
1711	Which one of the following statement is incorrect in relation to ionization enthalpy.	A. Ionization enthalpy increase for each successive electron B. The greatest increase in ionization enthalpy is experienced on removal of electron from core noble gas configuration C. End of the valence electron is marked by a big jump in ionization enthalpy D. Removal of electron from orbitals bearing lower value is easier than from orbital having highest n value.
1712	Which of the following salt is water insoluble.	A. K_2SO_4 B. Na_2SO_4 C. $BaSO_4$ D. None of above
1713	Gold dissolves in aqua regia forming	A. $AuCl$ B. $Au(NO_3)_3$ C. $AuCl_3$ D. $HAuCl_4$
1714	Aviation Fuel contains.	A. Light Naphtha B. Medium Naphtha C. Kerosene D. Diesel
1715	Pick out the incorrect statement for ClF_3	A. It has trigonal planar geometry B. It is used to make gaseous UF_6 which is useful in making enriched U-235 fuel C. It is used as powerful fluorinating agent for inorganic compounds D. ClF_2 has been used as fuel in short range rockets reacting with hydrazine.
1716	The unit cell having dimensions, $a = b = c$, $\alpha = \beta = \gamma \neq 90^\circ$ is known.	A. Cubic B. Trigonal C. Tetragonal D. Monoclinic
1717	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to electromeric effect.	A. It is permanent effect B. It is brought into play instantaneously at the demand of attacking reagent C. It proceeds a polar addition reaction D. The original electronic condition is restored after the removal of attacking reagent.
1718	The emission of light in a biological reaction is known as.	A. Fluorescence B. Phosphorescence C. Bioluminescence D. Photolysis
1719	Which of the following statement is not true in case of catalytic reforming.	A. Dehydrogenations are highly endothermic B. Dehydrogenation is exothermic C. Hydrodealkylation reactions are endothermic D. None of these
1720	Which of the following statements is wrong.	A. Covalent compounds are generally soluble in polar solvents. B. Covalent compounds have low melting and boiling points C. Lower than that of separate H atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometimes higher than that of separate H
1721	Which of the following statements are correct for Linear polymers.	A. Linear polymers may be condensation as well as addition polymers B. Structure is well packed in nature C. Linear polymers have higher density, higher melting point and higher tensile strength D. All are correct
1722	Oxide ores of Aluminium	A. Corundum B. Bauxite C. Diaspore D. All above
1723	Which of the following have +3 oxidation states.	A. B & Al B. In & Tl C. B & In D. Al & Tl

		Correct Answer, 100%
1724	Which of the following hydrocarbon cannot be obtained on reacting chloromethane with sodium metal in the presence of dry ether.	A. C ₄ H ₁₀ B. C ₂ H ₆ C. C ₂ H ₄ D. C ₃ H ₈
1725	1 meter = _____ nm	A. 10 ⁹ B. 10 ⁻⁹ C. 10 ¹⁰ D. 10 ⁻¹⁰
1726	The light source in AAS used is	A. UV light B. Visible light C. Radio wave D. Hollow cathode lamp
1727	Which of the following anionic species is not separated by gravimetric analysis.	A. Cl ⁻ B. SO ₄ ²⁻ C. CH ₃ COO ⁻ D. PO ₄ ³⁻
1728	Sulphate ores of aluminium	A. Alumite B. Cryolite C. Fekdsper D. Kaolin
1729	The aluminium alloy used to make parts of aircrafts is.	A. Magnalium B. Aluminium bronze C. Duralumin D. All of these
1730	Which of the following has the greatest metallic character.	A. Na B. Mg C. Al D. Si
1731	The terpenoid present in oil of lemon grass is	A. Citral B. Geranial C. Nerol D. α-terpineol
1732	The electron gain enthalpy of chlorine is -349 KJ mol ⁻¹ ionization energy of Cl would be.	A. -349 KJ mol ⁻¹ B. 349 KJ mol ⁻¹ C. -698 KJ mol ⁻¹ D. 698 KJ mol ⁻¹
1733	Which of the following elements has the highest value of second ionization energy.	A. Lithium B. Beryllium C. Boron D. Magnesium
1734	Which one of following is non polar	A. CH ₂ Cl ₂ B. CCl ₄ C. CHCl ₃ D. CH ₃ Cl
1735	What ASTM test for compression is designated for plastics.	A. D 638 B. D 695 C. D 790 D. D 732
1736	Which of the following groups exert -I effect.	A. -NO ₂ B. -CN C. -COOH D. &C = O
1737	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to second law of thermodynamics.	A. It helps in know the position of chemical equilibrium B. It helps to know the position of chemical equilibrium C. It determines the conversion of heat into work D. It is based on Nerst heat theorem
1738	Which of the following solution has highest normality.	A. 1 N H ₂ PO ₄ B. 0.5 N H ₂ SO ₄ C. 6 g NaOH per 100 cm ³ D. 4 g NaOH PER 1000 cm ³
1739	Which of the following will exhibit variable electro Valency due to inert pair effect.	A. Fe B. Sn C. K D. Both Fe and Sn
1740	The addition of As to Ge makes the latter a	A. Metallic conductor B. Ionic conductor C. Intrinsic conductor D. Extrinsic semiconductor

1741	An example of acrylic monoterpenoid is	A. Dipentene B. Myocene C. a- terpineol D. Limonene
1742	The ions Sc^{3+} , Ca^{2+} and K^{+} have same electronic configuration as that of.	A. Neon B. Argon C. Krypton D. Xenon
1743	In quantum theory, which of the following tells us that the prediction of quantum mechanics must pass smoothly into those of classical mechanics as we progress in a continuous way from microscopic to macroscopic.	A. Uncertainty principle B. Correspondence principle C. Probability distribution D. Aufbau principle
1744	The rising world temperature will have serious effect on.	A. Agriculture B. Animal production C. Human being D. All above
1745	_____ surfactants perform well over a wide range of water hardness and pH.	A. Anionic B. Cationic C. Nonionic D. Neutral
1746	The lowest K.E. for an electron is three dimensional cubic box is given by	A. $\frac{h^2}{8m a^2}$ B. $\frac{3h^2}{8m a^2}$ C. $\frac{9h^2}{8m a^2}$ D. $\frac{16h^2}{8m a^2}$
1747	The presence of which of the following in drinking water is responsible for mottling of teeth.	A. Mercury B. Iodine C. Chlorine D. Fluorine
1748	Which of the following statements correct regarding copper.	A. It is used in electroplating B. Its salts are used as insecticides C. Its salts are used as coloring materials D. All are correct
1749	Among the following a good solvent for a Grignard reagent formation would be.	A. t- butanol B. dimethyl ether C. difluoro ethane D. tetrahydrofuran
1750	In the Friedel-Craft acylation, the amount of AlCl_3 that must be taken is	A. In catalytic amount B. One equivalent C. More than one equivalent D. Amount does not matter
1751	Which of the following is an azo dye.	A. Congo red B. Rhodamine B C. Erythrosin D. Paraosaniline
1752	The law of triads was proposed by	A. Dobereiner B. Newlands C. Lothar Mayer D. Chancourtois
1753	In manufacturing of cement crystallization of amorphous dehydration products of clay	A. 500 °C to 800 °C B. 900 °C to 1200 °C C. 1250 °C to 1400 °C D. 1000 to 1100 °C
1754	Buffer solution are used to.	A. Increase the pH B. Resist the pH C. Decrease the pH D. None of above
1755	The number of vibrational degree of freedom for CO_2 is	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
1756	In which pair of species, the Lewis formulae contain same number of ion pairs and bond pairs but they are not isoelectronic.	A. O_2 , N_2 B. SO_2 , O_3 C. PCl_3 , BF_3 D. SOCl_2 , COCl_2
1757	Which of the following is not a characteristics of crystalline solids.	A. Sharp melting point B. Isotropic C. Long range orderly arrangement

		D. None of above
1758	Carbylamine reaction proceeds via the intermediate formation of.	A. Alkyl isocyanide B. Chloride ion C. Alkyl carbonion D. Dichloro methylene
1759	Urea is fertilizer	A. Nitrogen fertilizer B. Potash fertilizer C. Phosphorous fertilizer D. Complete fertilizer
1760	Which of the following products is obtained when but 2-ene is treated with perchloric acid.	A. CH ₃ CHO only B. CH ₃ COOH only C. CH ₃ CHO and CH ₃ COOH D. CH ₃ CH ₂ COOH + HCOOH
1761	Fullerene or bucky ball is made up of _____ carbon atoms.	A. 100 B. 20 C. 75 D. 60
1762	The carbonate of which of the following will have highest lattice energy.	A. Barium B. Magnesium C. Calcium D. Strontium
1763	Molten iron withdrawn from the blast furnace is called.	A. Wrought iron B. Pig iron C. Bessemer iron D. Stainless steel
1764	Pick out the incorrect statement for SO ₂	A. It turns filter paper moistened with acidified K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ B. It turns starch iodate paper blue C. It does not react with chlorine in presence of charcoal D. It decolourises acidified KMnO ₄ solution.
1765	A salt solution is treated with chloroform drops. Then it is shaken with chlorine water, chloroform layer become violet solution contains.	A. NO ₂ ion B. NO ₃ ion C. Br ion D. I ⁻ ion
1766	A combination of atomic orbitals produces a large number of closely special energy states brown as.	A. Packet of energy B. Band of energy C. Both a and b D. None of the above
1767	Which of the following relation corresponds to Faraday law of electrolysis.	A. $m = ZIt$ B. $E = mc^2$ C. $E = h\nu$ D. None of the above
1768	Commercial detergents contain mainly _____	A. RCOON B. RONa C. RSNa D. All above
1769	Catenation is a process of.	A. Formaton of cations B. Deposition of cations C. Formation of long chain of identical atoms D. Formation of covalent bond
1770	carbon monoxide is harmful to human beings as it.	A. Is carcinogenic B. Is antagonistic to CO ₂ C. Has higher affinity for haemoglobin as compared to oxygen D. Is destructive to O ₃
1771	Which of the following is the correct order of interactions.	A. Covalent < hydrogen bonding < Van Der Waal's < dipole -dipole B. Van der Waal's < hydrogen bonding < dipole -dipole < covalent C. Van der Waal's < dipole -dipole < hydrogen bonding < covalent D. Dipole-dipole < Van der Waal's < hydrogen bonding < covalent
1772	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to hydrocarbons.	A. They are gaseous and liquids B. They can be saturated or unsaturated C. They in air by themselves alone cause harmful effects D. They form photochemical oxidants
		A. Oxides B. Silicates

1773	Chromium is found in nature in the the form of.	B. Silicates C. Borates D. Sulphides
1774	Which of the following factors does not effect the rate of the reaction.	A. Pressure B. Temperature C. Concentration D. Catalyst E. All of the above
1775	Which of the following technique is not related to instrumental analysis.	A. Optical method B. Colorimetry C. Polarography D. Gravimetric analysis
1776	Which of the following potassium fertilizers are more useful for horticultural crops tobacco and potatatoes.	A. KNO ₃ B. KCl C. HNO ₃ D. H ₂ SO ₄
1777	Strength of H bond in inter mediate between	A. Van der Waals forces and covalent bond B. Ionic and covalent bond C. Ionic and metallic bond D. Metallic and covalent
1778	The flow of solvent into a solution when two are separated by a semi -permeable membrane is called.	A. Mixing B. Effusion C. Diffusion D. Osmosis
1779	Which of the following compounds would be most ionic to charcter.	A. PbCl ₄ B. PbCl ₂ C. SnCl ₄ D. SnCl ₂
1780	When two bodies have equality of temperature with a 3rd body they in turn have equality of temperature with each other. This is a statement of.	A. First law of thermodynamics B. Zeroth law of thermodynamics C. Second law of thermodynamics D. Third law of thermodynamics
1781	Proper proportioning of concrete, ensures	A. Resistance to water B. Desired durability C. Water tightens of the structure. D. All
1782	On the basic of CFT the bonding between the metal and ligand is totally	A. Ionic B. Covalent C. Coordinate D. Metallic
1783	Which of the following molecules have centre of symmetry.	A. H ₂ O B. HCl C. CO ₂ D. H ₂ SO ₄
1784	Alumina is not used as	A. Refractory material B. A medium in chromatography C. An abrasive D. A White pigment
1785	The multiplicity of the electronic state is equal to.	A. S + 1 B. 2S + 1 C. 2S - 2 D. 2S + 2
1786	Zinc oxide is.	A. A basic oxide B. An amphoteric oxide C. An acidic oxide D. A neutral oxide
1787	The number of bonds formed by the central atom is called its.	A. Valence number B. Complex number C. Coordination number D. Avogadro's number
1788	Which of the following play significant role in depletion of ozone layer.	A. Oxides of nitrogen B. Oxides of carbon C. Oxides of sulphur D. None of above
1789	What nickel alloy has high electrical and corrosion resistance and high strength at red heat temperature and contain 15 to 20% chromium.	A. Alnico B. Nichrome C. Invar D. None of above
1790	When steam is passed over red bot coke The product formed is	A. Hydrogen and carbon dioxide B. Mixture of hydrogen and carbon monoxide

		C. Mixture of hydrogen and oxygen D. Heavy hydrogen
1791	Which of the following is not a naturally occurring dye.	A. Indigo B. Indigotin C. Alizarin D. Malachite green
1792	The change in the concentration of the reactant of product per units time is called.	A. Order of the reaction B. Melecularity of the reaction C. Rate of reaction D. None of the above
1793	Which of the following effects best explains that o-nitro phenol is insoluble in water.	A. Inductive effect B. Resonance effect C. Intramolecular H-bonding D. Isomeric effect
1794	Which of the following phenomenon are driven by solar energy.	A. Winds B. Water cycle C. Production of biomass D. All above
1795	Major principle underlying the sustainability of natural ecosystems is that they run on.	A. Electric energy B. Solar energy C. Wind energy D. None of the above
1796	Which of the following statement is not correct n respect of Arrhenius concept.	A. The concept is applicable only for aqueous systems. B. Neutralization takes place in aqueous mediam only C. TH+ ion cannot remain as such in water D. This concept is applicable for non aqueous system only.
1797	Which of the following statements is not correct regarding the structure of DNA.	A. It has a double helix structure. B. There are hydrogen bonds in its structure C. Unlike RNA there is no fixed ratio of bases in DNA D. The code for protein synthesis is given by the sequence of bases in DNA
1798	Aque regia is made by dissolving a mixture of HNO3 and HCl with ratio.	A. 1 : 1 B. 1 : 3 C. 1 : 2 D. 1 :10
1799	Which of the group 13 element does not form M (III) iodide.	A. Al B. Ga C. Ti D. In
1800	Hydrolysis of nucleoprotein result in the formation of.	A. Proteins B. Nucleic acids C. Both A and B D. They do not hydrolyse
1801	Which of the following is the statement of third law of thermodynamics.	A. Entropy of perfectly crystalline substance is zero at T = 0 B. Entropy of a perfectly crystalline substance is zero at standard state conditions C. Entropy and enthalpy of a substance become equal at T = 0 D. Free energy of a crystalline substance is zero at T = 0
1802	The equivalent conductance of a 1 N solution of an electrolyte is nearly	A. The same as its specific conductance B. 10^3 times more than its specific conductance C. 10^{-3} times its specific conductance D. 100 times its specific conductance.
1803	Hydrogen gas will not reduce	A. Heated cupric oxide B. Heated ferric oxide C. Heated stannic oxide D. Heated aluminium oxide
1804	The main active contaminants of uranium processing are.	A. U - 235 B. U-238 C. Pu -234 D. All above
1805	The bond order gives the following valuable information.	A. Stability of the molecules of ions B. Bond dissociation energy and bond length

		<p>C. Magnetic properties</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
1806	Among oxides of nitrogen all are gases except.	<p>A. N₂O₅</p> <p>B. N₂O</p> <p>C. NO</p> <p>D. N₂O₃</p>
1807	NH ₃ has a not dipole moment while BF ₃ has zero dipole moment This is because.	<p>A. NH₃ is not a planar molecule while BF₃ is a planar molecule.</p> <p>B. NH₃ is a planar molecule, while BF₃ is a planar molecule.</p> <p>C. Fluorine is more electronegative than nitrogen</p> <p>D. Boron is more electronegative than nitrogen</p>
1808	Which of the following gas protects us from harmful effect of uv radiation.	<p>A. SO₂</p> <p>B. NO₂</p> <p>C. CO</p> <p>D. O₃</p>
1809	Oxalic acid when heated with conc. H ₂ SO ₄ it gives out.	<p>A. H₂O and CO₂</p> <p>B. CO and CO₂</p> <p>C. CO₂ and H₂S</p> <p>D. Oxalic sulphate</p>
1810	The vapour pressure of a liquid	<p>A. Always increases with temperature</p> <p>B. Always decreases with temperature</p> <p>C. Is independent of temperature</p> <p>D. Increases up to the boiling point</p>
1811	Which of the following characteristics of adsorption is wrong.	<p>A. Adsorption on solids is reversible in nature</p> <p>B. Adsorption, in general, increases with increase in temperature.</p> <p>C. Adsorption is generally selective in nature.</p> <p>D. Both enthalpy and entropy of adsorption are negative</p>
1812	The rate of a chemical reaction is proportional to the product of the active mass of the reactants. This is a statement of.	<p>A. Law of dynamic equilibrium</p> <p>B. Le Chatelier's principle</p> <p>C. Law of mass action</p> <p>D. Solubility product principle</p>
1813	Which one of the following ions is colourless.	<p>A. Cu⁺</p> <p>B. Ni²⁺</p> <p>C. Co²⁺</p> <p>D. Fe³⁺</p>
1814	Group VII A of periodic table consists of elements.	<p>A. 4</p> <p>B. 5</p> <p>C. 6</p> <p>D. 7</p>
1815	An element having low IE and low EA is likely to belong to.	<p>A. Group IA</p> <p>B. Group IB</p> <p>C. Group VII A</p> <p>D. Group VIII</p>
1816	Which type of elements form ionic hydrides.	<p>A. Transition elements</p> <p>B. Metalloids</p> <p>C. Elements with high electronegativity</p> <p>D. Elements with high electropositivity.</p>
1817	Calender stock is a process in paper making in which.	<p>A. Thickness of the paper is reduced</p> <p>B. Surface of paper is made smooth</p> <p>C. Moisture is removed</p> <p>D. Both A and B</p>
1818	The sugar present in DNA is	<p>A. D- Ribose</p> <p>B. D- Glucose</p> <p>C. 2- Deoxy D- Ribose</p> <p>D. 3- Deoxy D- ribose</p>
1819	The melting of nearly all glass is done in a continuous tank furnace. which operates steadily over periods of up to.	<p>A. a day</p> <p>B. a month</p> <p>C. a year</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1820	To obtain cement dry powder, lime stones and shales or their slurry, is burnt in a rotary kiln at a temperature between	<p>A. 1100 °C and 1200 °C</p> <p>B. 1200 °C and 1300 °C</p> <p>C. 1400 °C and 1500 °C</p> <p>D. 1900 °C and 2000 °C</p>

1821	Pick out the incorrect statement about $K_2Cr_2O_7$	<p>A. It is thermally stable</p> <p>B. It dissolves in alkali to form chromate</p> <p>C. It oxidizes acidified $FeSO_4$ solution to $Fe_2(SO_4)_3$</p> <p>D. It is used as cleansing agent for glassware. etc. When mixed with cold con. H_2SO_4</p>
1822	Hydrolith is the common name of	<p>A. NaH</p> <p>B. CaH_2</p> <p>C. NaF</p> <p>D. CaF_2</p>
1823	Two solids A and B have appreciable different solubility in water but their m.p. are very close. The mixture A and B can be separated by.	<p>A. Sublimation</p> <p>B. Distillation</p> <p>C. Fractional crystallization</p> <p>D. Specific rotation</p>
1824	Which of the following solutions of sulphuric acid will exactly neutralize 25 mL. of 0.2 M NaOH	<p>A. 12.5 mL of 0.1 M solution</p> <p>B. 24 mL OF 0.1 m Solution</p> <p>C. 50 mL of 0.1 M solution</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1825	Identify an oxygenated cyclic terpenoid	<p>A. a- pinene</p> <p>B. Camphor</p> <p>C. Citral</p> <p>D. Geranial</p>
1826	Which of the following process is used for the conversion of matte is to nickel.	<p>A. Orford process</p> <p>B. Mond's process</p> <p>C. Electrolytic process</p> <p>D. All</p>
1827	Ozone in stratosphere is depleted by	<p>A. CF_2Cl_2</p> <p>B. C_7F_{16}</p> <p>C. $C_6H_6Cl_6$</p> <p>D. C_6F_6</p>
1828	A mixture containing S^{2-} and SO_4^{2-} ions on treating with dil HCl will produce	<p>A. H_2S gas</p> <p>B. SO_2 gas</p> <p>C. H_2S and SO_2 gas</p> <p>D. CO</p>
1829	A terpenoid which has an alcoholic group in the molecule is.	<p>A. Citral</p> <p>B. Camphor</p> <p>C. Menthol</p> <p>D. Carvone</p>
1830	Retarded reaction are those	<p>A. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;text-indent: .5in;line-height:normal">In which the rate of the reaction is independent of pressure</p></p> <p>B. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;text-indent: .5in;line-height:normal">In which products are strongly adsorbed on the surface of the solid catalyst</p></p> <p>C. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;text-indent: .5in;line-height:normal">Which are reversible under all conditions</p></p> <p>D. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;text-indent: .5in;line-height:normal">For which G is positive</p></p> </p></p></p></p>
1831	Which of the following is not a characteristic of transition elements?	<p>A. Monoatomic</p> <p>B. Divalent</p>

1831	All halogens exist as covalent molecules.	<p>C. Triatomic</p> <p>D. Tetra atomic</p>
1832	What refers to the tin mill steel, without a coating.	<p>A. White plate</p> <p>B. Black plate</p> <p>C. Tin steel free</p> <p>D. Dichromate tin</p>
1833	Hydrogen bonds holding the strand to nucleic acids are formed between	<p>A. Sugar and base units</p> <p>B. Base unit</p> <p>C. Sugar and phosphate units</p> <p>D. Sugar units</p>
1834	What is defined as a local corrosion damaged characterized by surface cavities.	<p>A. <p>Cracking</p></p> <p>B. <p>Pitting</p></p> <p>C. <p>Cavitation</p></p> <p>D. <p>Corrosion</p></p>
1835	Vitamin which contains cobalt is.	<p>A. Vitamin B1</p> <p>B. Vitamin B2</p> <p>C. Vitamin B6</p> <p>D. Vitamin B12</p>
1836	Since the acid gives both acidic and normal salts so the acid is.	<p>A. di acid</p> <p>B. di basic</p> <p>C. double salt</p> <p>D. Any of above</p>
1837	What group of steels are molybdenum high speed steels.	<p>A. Group A</p> <p>B. Group D</p> <p>C. Group M</p> <p>D. Group H</p>
1838	The most convenient and has nearest approach to a universal pH measurement	<p>A. pH strips</p> <p>B. pH indicator</p> <p>C. The emf method</p> <p>D. The colorimetric</p>
1839	Which of the following statements is false about enantiomers.	<p>A. Rotate plane of polarized light</p> <p>B. Are superimposable mirror images</p> <p>C. Non-superimposable mirror images</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
1840	Which of the following metals is the most abundant in the earth's crust.	<p>A. Mg</p> <p>B. Ca</p> <p>C. K</p> <p>D. Na</p>
1841	Which of the following element has six electrons in the valence shell but cannot exhibit a maximum covalency of six.	<p>A. Sulphur</p> <p>B. Oxygen</p> <p>C. Selenium</p> <p>D. Both A and B</p>
1842	For an average exposure of 8 hours per day, the maximum permissible concentration limit of CO in the atmosphere is.	<p>A. 50 ppm</p> <p>B. 500 ppm</p> <p>C. 10³ ppm</p> <p>D. 20 ppm</p>
1843	Stainless steel contains	<p>A. Fe+Cr+Ni</p> <p>B. Fe+Ni+Cu</p> <p>C. Fe + Cr+ Cu</p> <p>D. Cu + C + Ni</p>
1844	Which among the following is a false statement.	<p>A. SiO₂ has a structure similar to that of CO₂</p> <p>B. Natural Si exists only in the combined state</p> <p>C. Si can be prepared by reducing SiO₂ with Mg</p> <p>D. Si does not exist in graphite like structure, but exists only in diamond like structure.</p>
1845	The role of the mineral cryolite Na ₂ AlF ₆ in the Hall process for aluminum production is.	<p>A. It is the source of aluminum</p> <p>B. It is a chemical reducing agent</p> <p>C. It forms a slag to remove impurities</p> <p>D. In the molten state, it is a solvent for</p>

		D. In the molten state, it is a solvent for alumina Al_2O_3
1846	The gases H_2 , N_2 , O_2 and NH_3 . $\text{H}_2 = 2$, $\text{N}_2 = 28$, $\text{O}_2 = 32$ and $\text{NH}_3 = 17$ will effuse in the order.	A. $\text{H}_2 > \text{N}_2 > \text{O}_2 > \text{NH}_3$ B. $\text{NH}_3 > \text{O}_2 > \text{N}_2 > \text{H}_2$ C. $\text{H}_2 > \text{N}_2 > \text{NH}_3 > \text{O}_2$ D. $\text{H}_2 > \text{NH}_3 > \text{N}_2 > \text{O}_2$
1847	Which of the following process is a source of nuclear pollution.	A. Uranium mining B. Uranium processing C. Reactor waste D. All above
1848	Layer of the C -atom in graphite are hold together by	A. Covalent bonds B. Free electrons C. Ionic bond D. Van Dar Waals forces
1849	During reaction of copper with aqueous solution of silver nitrate	A. Silver atoms are reduced B. Cu^{2+} ions are reduced C. Silver ions are reduced D. NO_3^- ions are reduced
1850	The point at which the reaction is observed to be complete is called.	A. The equivalence point B. The end point C. The triplet point D. The equilibrium point
1851	Which of the following are neutral ligands.	A. NH_3 B. H_2O C. CO & NO D. All of above
1852	Chemical and physical properties of metal nano particles of atoms were observed to change periodically depending upon	A. Number of atoms in a particle B. Shape of particle C. type of organization D. All of the above
1853	_____ are the extensions of bucky balls.	A. Goodesic domes B. Hexagons C. Carbon nanotubes D. AFM and STM
1854	Which of the following trace elements may be present in the particulate materials.	A. Cadmium B. Nickel C. Mercury D. Lead E. All of the above
1855	Consider the coordination compound $\text{K}_2[\text{Cu}(\text{CN})_4]$ A coordinate covalent bond exists between	A. K^+ and CN^- B. Cu^{2+} and CN^- C. K^+ and $[\text{Cu}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$ D. C and N in Cn
1856	The experimental relationship between rate of the reaction and concentration of the reactants is called.	A. Rate law B. Law of mass action C. Le-Chatelier's principle D. Rate constant
1857	Granulated sugar contains _____% sucrose	A. 80 B. 99.30 C. 60 D. 90
1858	A group that causes deepning of the colour is known as	A. Bathchromic B. Hypsochromic C. Hypochromic D. Hyperchromic
1859	The number 7.43 is rounded to	A. 7.44 B. 7.4 C. 7.45 D. 7.3
1860	Metallic bond is treated essentially as in character	A. Ionic B. Covalent C. Polar D. Non polar
1861	The sample characteristics affecting the weight loss curve include.	A. Amount of sample B. Sample particle size C. Heat of decomposition reactions D. All
1862	Heisenberg's uncertainty principle precludes the exact simultaneous measurement of.	A. Velocity and energy B. Velocity and time C. Charge density and probability D. Position and momentum

1863	The main active contaminants of nuclear reactors are.	A. Co- 60 B. Mn -54 C. Sr-60 D. All above
1864	An aromatic compound has a molecules formula C7H8O. How many isomers are possible for this compound.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
1865	Hypo is used in photography to.	A. Reduce AgBr to metallic silver B. Remove silver a silver salt C. Remove undecomposed silver bromide as soluble complex D. Remove reduced silver
1866	Which is true for DDT it is.	A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;">Not a pollutant</p> <p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;">An antibiotic</p><p><o:p></o:p></p></p><p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;">A non degradable pollutant</p><p><o:p></o:p></p></p><p>D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;">A pesticide</p><p><o:p></o:p></p></p></p></p></p>
1867	The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a solution on the addition of non -volatile solute.	A. Is equal to the mole fraction of solute B. Is equal to the sum of the mole fraction of the solute and solvent C. Depends upon the nature of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solvent
1868	Monomer of Nylon -6 is	A. Adipic acid B. Hexamethylenediamine C. Caprolactam D. All of these
1869	An example of nitro dyes is.	A. Martius yellow B. Auramine O C. Malachite green D. Methyl red
1870	The internal resistance to flow possessed by a liquid is called its.	A. Fluidity B. Viscosity C. Surface tension D. Turbidity
1871	Nano particles may interact with the support to be.	A. Partially oxidized B. Partically reduced C. Both a and b D. None
1872	What types of bonding occurs in d-block elements.	A. Ionic B. Covalent C. Metallic D. Both B and C
1873	When 0.01 moles of NaOH are added to a buffer solution, its pH changes from 4.745 to 4.832 WHAT IS ITS.	A. 0.115 B. 0.900 C. 0.015 D. 0.215
1874	Which of the following process is involved in nitrogen flotation	A. Non symmetric fixation of nitrogen B. Fixation by soil bacteria C. Fixation by yeast D. Fixation by blue green algae E. All above
1875	Which of the following molecules can exhibit geometrical isomerism.	A. CH ₃ CH = CH ₂ B. CH ₃ CH = CHCH ₃ C. (CH ₃) ₂ C = CH ₂ D. CH ₃ CH = C(CH ₃) ₂
1876	The temperature at which the vapour pressure becomes equal to external pressure is called.	A. Saturation point B. Critical temperature C. Consolute temperature D. Boiling point
1877	How many planes of symmetry are present in benzene	A. 1 plane B. 3 planes

1877	How many planes of symmetry are present in benzene.	C. 5 planes D. 7 planes
1878	Which of the following is capable of showing optical isomerism.	A. CH ₃ COCOOH B. CH ₃ CHOHCOOH C. Both a and b D. All of these
1879	Which of the halogens has lowest bond energy.	A. Cl ₂ B. Br ₂ C. F ₂ D. I ₂
1880	Manganese steel usually contains how many percent of manganese.	A. 1 to 5 B. 3 to 10 C. 11 to 14 D. 14 to 18
1881	What is the possible number of optical isomers for a compound containing 2 dissimilar asymmetric carbon atoms.	A. 2 B. 4 C. 6 D. 8
1882	Which of the following is atmospheric pollutant.	A. CO ₂ B. CO C. O ₂ D. N ₂
1883	Which of the following is used as make up chemical in Kraft process.	A. Na ₂ CO ₃ B. KCl C. Na ₂ SO ₄ D. NaOH
1884	Types of carbides	A. Ionic carbides B. Covalent carbides C. Interstitial carbides D. All above
1885	Considering the elements F, Cl, O and N, the correct order of their chemical reactivity in terms of oxidizing property is.	A. F > Cl > N B. F > O > Cl > N C. Cl > F > O > N D. O > F > N > Cl
1886	H ₂ SO ₄ is manufactured by	A. The lead chamber process B. The contact process C. Both A and B D. The Ostwald's process
1887	Which of the following property of liquids concern with the internal resistance to its flow.	A. Refractive index B. Viscosity C. Optical activity D. Dipole moment
1888	Which is the correct configuration of Fe ³⁺ (Z = 26)?	A. [Ar] 4s ² , 3d ⁶ B. [Ar] 4s ² , 4d ⁵ C. [Ar] 3d ⁵ D. None of these
1889	In terms of number of phases (p) components (C) and degree of freedom (F) the phase rule is expressed as.	A. P + C = F + 2 B. F = P + C - 2 C. P + F = C + 2 D. P - F = C = 2
1890	Which of the following adsorption indicator is used for any of the halides at pH.	A. Fluorescein B. Eosin C. Thorin D. Rhodamine 6 G
1891	The branch of chemistry which deals with the analysis of chemical products is known as.	A. Physical chemistry B. Organic chemistry C. Inorganic chemistry D. Analytical chemistry
1892	Oil of turpentine contains.	A. α-pinene B. p-pinene C. Both A and B D. None of these
1893	Which of the following species is stronger acid than formic acid, HCOOH, in aqueous solution.	A. CH ₃ COOH B. NH ₄ ⁺ C. H ₂ SO ₄ D. H ₄ P ₂ O ₇
		A. The wavelength of phosphorescence is less than the wavelength absorbed B. The transition from T ₁ to S ₀ without the emission of

1894	Which of the following statement is correct.	light is called phosphorescence C. The combination CO ₂ and water in plants, in the presence of chlorophyll, is an example of bioluminescence. D. Population inversion is a necessary condition for laser action
1895	Nitric acid is used in the manufacturing of.	A. Dyes B. Drugs C. Artificial silk D. All above
1896	Greenish yellow gas with pungent irritating odour	A. Chlorine B. Fluorine C. Iodine D. Bromine
1897	Which of the following properties are not related to an atom.	A. An atom consists of two basic parts , a nucleus and one or more electrons. B. The nucleus is the central core of an atom C. An electron is a heavy and negatively charged particle. D. The nucleus itself consists of two particles.
1898	The pH Value 4.2 is of	A. Vinegar B. Lemons C. Oranges D. Tomatoes
1899	Sodium silicate is used	A. In the paint industry B. For fixing labels to glass C. In a soap industry D. All above
1900	Essential oils are purified by which of the following methods.	A. Steam distillation B. Sublimation C. Crystallization D. Fractional crystallization
1901	The hybridization of sulphur in sulphur dioxide is.	A. sp B. sp ² C. sp ³ D. dsp ²
1902	Primary structure of protein refers to	A. Amino acid sequence B. Arrangement of peptide chains C. Orientation of amino acids D. Whether it has an α or β helix in space structure.
1903	Water is often treated with chlorine to	A. Increases oxygen content B. Kill germs C. Cause sedimentation D. Remove insoluble impurities.
1904	The substance added to the soil in very small amounts are called.	A. <p>Macronutrients</p> B. <p>Micronutrients</p> C. <p>Fertilizers</p> D. <p>None of these</p>
1905	Which of the following is not a characteristic of solids.	A. Definite shape B. Definite mass C. Definite volume D. Fluidity
1906	A half cell reaction is one that	A. Occurs at one electrode B. Goes only half way to completion C. Involves a half mole of the concentration of the solution D. Always oxidizes
1907	Which among the following is insoluble in water.	A. LiOH B. KOH C. NaOH D. RbOH

1908	The size of quantum dot is _____m	A. 5 B. 5×10^{-9} C. 5×10^{-10} D. 5×10^{-11}
1909	Which of the following radical is not a member of II group.	A. Cu^{2+} B. Cd^{2+} C. Ba^{3+} D. K^+
1910	The molar mass of an organic acids is determined by	A. Depression of freezing point B. Elevation of boiling point C. Volumetric method D. Victor Myer's method
1911	Of the following an amphoteric hydroxide is.	A. $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ B. NaOH C. $\text{Be}(\text{OH})_2$ D. LiOH
1912	Which of the following statements is correct.	A. A sigma bond is weaker than a pi bond B. There are four coordinate bonds in the Lewis structure of NH_4^+ ion. C. The 1 covalent bond is directional in nature D. A single bond between the two atoms cannot be re bond.
1913	A molecule returns from the excited singlet state to the ground singlet state with emission of light This process is known as	A. Fluorescence B. Scattering C. Phosphorescence D. Chemiluminescence
1914	Which is the second most abundant element occurring the earth crust.	A. Iron B. Cu C. Cr D. Ni
1915	Which of the following techniques is capable of separating minute quantities of the substances in a relatively short times with high resolutions.	A. Gel electrophoresis B. Capillary electrophoresis C. GC D. HPLC
1916	Aluminium reacts with boiling water to liberatedi hydrogen gas along with the formation of.	A. Aluminium oxide B. Aluminium hydroxide C. Aluminium suboxide D. Aluminium superoxide
1917	Pick out the incorrect statement regarding ozone.	A. O_3 is an unstbale dark blue diamagnetic gas B. The central oxygen in O_3 is sp^3 hybridized C. It cause the tailing of mercury D. It does not react with KOH
1918	Of the molecules, SF_4 XeF_4 and CF_4 which have square planar geometry.	A. SF_4 , XeF_4 and CF_4 B. SF_4 only C. CF_4 only D. XeF_4 only
1919	The wire of flash bulb is made up of.	A. Cu B. Ag C. Mg D. Ba
1920	One ppm solution of NaOH Contain 1000 mg of the solute per how much of the volume of the solution.	A. 1000 mL B. 100 mL C. 10 mL D. 1 mL
1921	Which of the following property has a higher value for trans isomer as compared to cis isomer.	A. Density B. Dipole moment C. Melting point D. Boiling point
1922	In the Lewis structure of H_2SO_4 molecule the total number of unshared electrons in valence shell of various atoms is.	A. 8 B. 16 C. 12 D. 20
1923	The oxidation state shown by phosphorus is.	A. - 3 B. + 3 C. + 3 and +5 D. -3 ,+ 3 and +5

1924	"There is a plenty of room at the bottom" This was stated by	B. Albert Einstein C. Richard Feynman D. Eric Drexler
1925	Which of the following is not a component of a gas chromatography system.	A. Carrier gas B. Capillary column C. Packed column D. Cathode lamp
1926	The digits which are necessary to express the result of a measurement to the precision with which the measurement is made are called.	A. Non significant figures B. Mathematical figures C. Significant figures D. Reagent errors
1927	The hardness of water is due to the presence of dissolved soluble salts of.	A. Calcium B. Magnesium C. Iron D. All above
1928	The azimuth or angular quantum number (l) determines the number of sub shells in a given shell. the allowed values of l for a given value for n are.	A. 1,2,3..... B. 1,2,3(n-1) C. 0,1,2,3.....(n-1) D. 2,4,6,.....(n-2)
1929	Which of the following contains isoprene unit.	A. Natural rubber B. Nylon -6,6 C. Polyethylene D. Decron
1930	Cis-2-butene on reaction with bromine gives 2,3-dibromobutane which is	A. Racemic mixture B. Meso isomer C. Dextroisomer D. Levoisomer
1931	Which among the following elements has the highest value of IE.	A. Mg B. Na C. Ca D. Sr
1932	Which substance is not used as an additive in paper industry.	A. Glucose B. Starch C. Alum D. None of these
1933	The contact process is mainly used when acid is required for the manufacture of.	A. Explosives B. Fine chemicals C. Lead accumulators D. All above
1934	Which of the following detector is used in GC analysis	A. Thermal conductivity detector B. Flame ionization detector C. Mass spectrometer D. All above
1935	Elements in which differentiating electron enters the (n-1) the d-orbitals of the (n-1) the main shell are called elements.	A. s-block B. p-block C. d-block D. f-block
1936	At constant temperature and pressure, the decrease in Gibbs free energy (F) is equal to	A. Increase in entropy B. Decrease in entropy C. Reversible work done by the system D. All types of work except the work of expansion
1937	Long diseases are about four times more in urban areas as compared to rural areas. This is due to the presence of which of the following in atmosphere.	A. CO ₂ B. NO ₂ C. O ₂ D. N ₂
1938	The criteria for aromaticity is presence of	A. Unsaturation B. Cyclic structure C. Presence of 4n electrons D. Presence of 4n + 2n electrons
1939	Cobalt salt imparts which colour to the borax bead	A. Blue B. Green C. Red D. Yellow
1940	An organic liquid (X) containing C, H and O has a pleasant odour with a boiling point of 78 °C. On boiling X with conc. H ₂ SO ₄ a colourless gas is produced which decolourises bromine water and alkaline KMnO ₄ . One mole of this gas also takes one mole of H ₂ . The organic liquid (X) is.	A. n-C ₃ H ₇ OH B. iso-C ₃ H ₇ OH C. C ₂ H ₅ CHO D. CH ₃ CH ₂ OH
1941	The first step of formation of sugar is	A. Extraction B. Washing C. Cutting D. Clarifying

1942	What refers to the deterioration of material by oscillatory relative motion of small amplitude between two solid surfaces in a corrosive environment?	<p>A. Stray current corrosion</p> <p>B. Microbiological corrosion</p> <p>C. Fretting corrosion</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1943	The formula of borax glass is.	<p>A. $\text{Na}_2\text{B}_4\text{O}_7 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}$</p> <p>B. $\text{Na}_2\text{B}_4\text{O}_7 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$</p> <p>C. $\text{Na}_2\text{B}_4\text{O}_7$</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1944	The equation which relates the reaction rates and equilibrium constants of many reactions is known as.	<p>A. Taft equation</p> <p>B. Hammett equation</p> <p>C. Differential equation</p> <p>D. Linear equation</p>
1945	What refer by the ability of steel to be hardened through to its centre in large section?	<p>A. Malleability</p> <p>B. Hardenability</p> <p>C. Ductility</p> <p>D. Rigidity</p>
1946	The Lewis structure of which of the following does not have coordinate bond.	<p>A. SO_2</p> <p>B. HNO_3</p> <p>C. H_2SO_4</p> <p>D. HNO_2</p>
1947	Which of the following technique in current voltage technique	<p>A. Amperometry</p> <p>B. Voltammetry</p> <p>C. Potentiometry</p> <p>D. Polarography</p>
1948	A device which is used to measure the interfacial angle is known as	<p>A. Voltmeter</p> <p>B. Potentiometer</p> <p>C. pH Meter</p> <p>D. Goniometer</p>
1949	The noble gases are found in the atmosphere to the extent of about some percent by volume.	<p>A. 0.5%</p> <p>B. 1.0%</p> <p>C. 1.5%</p> <p>D. 2.0%</p>
1950	During the preparation of ethane by Kolbe's electrolytic method using inert electrodes the pH of the electrolyte.	<p>A. Increases progressively as the reaction proceeds</p> <p>B. Decreases progressively as the reaction proceeds</p> <p>C. Remains constant throughout the reaction</p> <p>D. May decrease if the concentration of the electrolyte is not very high</p>
1951	The link between classical thermodynamics and quantum mechanics is prevented by	<p>A. Statistical mechanics</p> <p>B. Boltzmann law</p> <p>C. Wave mechanics</p> <p>D. Matrix mechanics</p>
1952	Vitamin D1 is chemically known as	<p>A. Ergocalciferol</p> <p>B. Tocopherol</p> <p>C. Aserphthol</p> <p>D. Phylloquinone</p>
1953	Particulate from soil and mineral primarily contains	<p>A. Sodium compounds</p> <p>B. Calcium compounds</p> <p>C. Silica compounds</p>

1953	Particulate from soil and mineral primarily contains	C. Silicon compounds D. Calcium, aluminum and silicon compounds
1954	The temperature of which the compound melts into a liquid to the same composition as the solid is called the	A. Congruent melting point B. Incongruent melting point C. Peritectic temperatures D. Metastable point
1955	The colour of Ni^{2+} ion is.	A. Blue B. Green C. deep green D. Orange
1956	The reduction in ozone layer would lead to	A. Temperature chages B. Rainfall failure C. Increase uv radiation on earth D. All above
1957	Reacts violently with water	A. AlH_3 B. AlCl_3 C. LiAlH_4 D. Al_2Cl_6
1958	Solar energy mainly light originates from sun due to.	A. Addition relations B. Displacement reactions C. Thernonuclear reactions D. Substitution reactions
1959	Which of the following pollutant is not primary pollutant.	A. Ash B. Smoke C. SO_3 D. SO_2
1960	The noble gas which was discovered first in the sun and then on the earth is.	A. Helium B. Neon C. Argon D. Xenon
1961	The terpenoid responsible fo the smell	A. Camphor B. Genenial C. Citral D. Carvone
1962	Which one of the following ions is colourless.	A. Cu^+ B. Co^{2+} C. Ni^{2+} D. Fe^{3+}
1963	Which is incorrect statement for XeF_2 .	A. It has linear structure. B. It is hydrolyzed rapidly in aqueous solution of a base C. It oxidizes Cl and I to Cl_2 and I_2 respectively D. It cannot act as F donor
1964	Which of the following represent the fuming sulphuric acid	A. $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_4$ B. $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ C. $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_6$ D. $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_7$
1965	Magnalium is alloy of Aluminium which is used in	A. Scientific apparatus B. Aircraft parts C. Rail road care D. Boat machinery
1966	Formula of orthophosphoric acid	A. H_2PO_4 B. H_3PO_2 C. H_3PO_2 D. $\text{H}_2\text{P}_2\text{O}_5$
1967	The electrode Pt/Fe^{2+} (C1) Fe^{3+} (C2) belong to the type.	A. Gas electrodes B. Inert metal electrodes C. Magam electrodes D. Metal metal insoluble salt electrode
1968	The inert gasses AR, Ka, and Xe form solid compounds with certain organic molecules under pressure..	A. Halides B. Hydrates C. Clathrates D. All of above
1969	A silver iodide and was prepared by mixing KI and AgNO_2 solution with the AgNO_2 in slight excess. Which of the following descriptions is correct regarding is not particles.	A. Negatively charged because of the excess of NO_3^- ions B. Positively charged because of the excess of Ag^+ ions in the AgI lattice C. Negatively charged because I ions are adsorbed from the KI solution D. Neutral

1970	Which of the following statements is not related with principal requisites of water for industrial purposes.	A. It should be pure and cool B. It should not contain iron C. It contains less quantity of lime D. It must be soft
1971	The common oxidation state of elements of group V A is.	A. -3 B. +3 C. +5 D. Any above
1972	Each fat or oil is made up of	A. A distinctive mixture of several different triglycerides B. A distinctive mixture of several aldehydes C. Mixture of above both D. None of above
1973	Which of the following elements is most electropositive.	A. C B. N C. O D. Be
1974	Which of the following has the highest melting point.	A. NaCl B. KCl C. MgO D. BaO
1975	What is the ASTM tension testing designation for standard method for steel products.	A. A 370 B. E 345 C. E8 D. E 9
1976	Stabilization of particles and their reactivity is affected by.	A. Surface properties B. Bulk properties C. Regardless to the surface properties D. No of particles
1977	Detergents are known to pollute rivers and water ways. However, detergents can be made biodegradable and pollution free by taking.	A. cyclic hydrocarbon chain B. Shorter hydrocarbon chain C. Unbranched hydrocarbon chain D. Benzenoid hydrocarbons
1978	The half life for a first order reaction is 32 s, What was the original concentration if after 2.0 minutes, the reactant concentration is 0.062 M.	A. 0.84 M B. 0.069 M C. 0.091 M D. 0.075 M
1979	Which of the following statement is not related to VBT	A. individual orbitals lose their identity B. VBT uses the concept of resonance C. VBT does not explain the paramagnetic nature of molecule D. it uses only valence electron
1980	Rectified spirit obtained by fermentation contains 5% of water. So in order to remove it, rectified spirit is mixed with suitable quantity of benzene and heated. Benzene helps because.	A. It is a dehydrating agent and so removes water B. It forms the lower layer which retains all the water so that alcohol can be distilled off C. It forms an azeotropic mixture having high boiling point and thus allows the alcohol to be distilled over D. It forms a low boiling azeotropic mixture which distills over leaving behind pure alcohol which can then be distilled.
1981	The Langmuir adsorption isotherm shows that the amount of adsorbed gas per gram of the solid is equal to.	A. $\frac{ap}{1+bp}$ B. $\frac{ap+1}{1+bp}$ C. $\frac{1+ap}{1+bp}$ D. $a(1+bp)$
1982	Which of the following disposal method is used for municipal wastes.	A. Compaction B. Composting C. Recycling D. Chemical processing E. All above
1983	Most electronegative element is.	A. C B. Si C. Pb D. Sn
1984	Which of the following process is used for the removal of gases.	A. Precipitation B. Chemical reaction in the atmosphere C. Absorption D. All above
1985	In urea the amount of nitrogen is	A. 82.0% B. 46.0% C. 33.0% D. 17.0%

D. 21.0%

1986	Inert pair effect is that	A. When an element shows inertness in chemical combination B. When higher oxidation state is more stable than lower oxidation state C. When an electron pair is present on the atom of an element D. When two s -electrons or outermost shell remain paired and do not participate in bonding.
1987	Which one of the following statements regarding BF ₃ is not correct.	A. It is an ionic compound B. It is an electron deficient compound C. It is a Lewis acid D. It forms adducts
1988	Noble gases are used in discharge tubes to give different colours. Raddish orange glow is due to.	A. Ar B. Ne C. Xe D. Kr
1989	A steel cannot qualify for stainless prefix until it has at least how many percent of chromium.	A. 10 % B. 20 % C. 5 % D. 30 %
1990	Glucose and fructose react with which of the following reagent to give same product.	A. Tollen's reagent B. Phenyl hydrazine C. Hydroxyl amine D. All of these
1991	The units of coefficient of viscosity are.	A. kg m ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ B. gm ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ C. kgm ⁻¹ min ⁻¹ D. None of the above
1992	When two atoms of hydrogen combine to form a molecule of hydrogen gas the energy of the molecule.	A. higher than that of the separate atoms B. Equal to that of the separate atoms C. Lower than that of the separate atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometime higher.
1993	Fluorine is.	A. Powerful oxidizing agent B. Most reactive element C. Used as refrigerants D. All of above
1994	Potassium crystallizes in a body centered lattice. Hence, the coordination number of potassium in potassium metal is.	A. 4 B. 6 C. 8 D. 12
1995	The configuration of valence shell of certain atom X is 3s ² , 3p ⁵ , which valences can it exhibit.	A. 1,3 only B. 1,5 only C. 1,3,5,7 D. 1,3,4
1996	Acid rain effects	A. Human being B. Crops C. Aquatic life D. All above
1997	Cryolite is used in the electrolytic extraction of aluminium to.	A. Obtain more aluminium B. Reduce alumina C. Protective electrodes D. Dissolve bauxite and increase the electrical conductivity
1998	Which of the following is not a general property of amino acids.	A. They have high m.p. and b.p B. They are soluble in water C. Their dipole moments are high D. They are amorphous solids
1999	Which of the following is not a property of Ni.	A. it is a soft silvery white metal B. It is malleable and ductile C. It is highly magnetic D. It has high electrical and thermal conductivities
2000	Which of the following substance acts as gaseous pollutant.	A. NO B. NO ₂ C. CO D. SO ₂ E. All above
2001	Sanger's reagent is	A. Carbobenzyloxy chloride B. Dimethyl amino sulphonyl chloride C. 1-fluoro-2,4-dinitrobenzene D. 2,4-dinitrophenyl hydrazine

		<p>C. 1-Fluoro -2,4-dinitrobenzene</p> <p>D. 2,4- Dinitrophenyl hydrazine</p>
2002	Which of the following statement is not true regarding Open Hearth process.	<p>A. No iron is lost</p> <p>B. The process is economical and simple</p> <p>C. Steel obtained is of high quality</p> <p>D. Scrap iron cannot be used in this process.</p>
2003	Which of the following process is not related with cannot cycle.	<p>A. Iso thermal expansion</p> <p>B. Adiabatic expansion</p> <p>C. Isothermal compression</p> <p>D. Isobaric compression</p>
2004	Monel metal is a alloy of Ni which contains Ni upto	<p>A. 50%</p> <p>B. 60%</p> <p>C. 70%</p> <p>D. 80%</p>
2005	The maximum oxidation shown by manganese is.	<p>A. +2</p> <p>B. +7</p> <p>C. +4</p> <p>D. +5</p>
2006	Which of the following source of energy is abundant everlasting and non polluting.	<p>A. Nuclear</p> <p>B. Electric</p> <p>C. Solar</p> <p>D. All above</p>
2007	While compacting the concrete by a mechanical vibrator, the slump should not exceed.	<p>A. 2.5 cm</p> <p>B. 10 cm</p> <p>C. 3.1 cm</p> <p>D. 5.0 cm</p>
2008	What is the ratio of stress to strain in a material loaded within its elastic range.	<p>A. ν Poisson's ratio</p> <p>B. n Refractive index</p> <p>C. E Modulus of elasticity</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
2009	Which of the following properties does not depend upon the number of solute particles.	<p>A. Elevation in B.P.</p> <p>B. Osmotic pressure</p> <p>C. Depression in F.P.</p> <p>D. Boiling point of the solvent</p>
2010	Which of the following cells is used to produce electricity from chemical reaction	<p>A. Electrolytic cell</p> <p>B. Galvanic cell</p> <p>C. Voltaic cell</p> <p>D. Fuel cell</p> <p>E. Both C and D</p>
2011	Which of the following compounds liberates CO ₂ on heating.	<p>A. Li₂CO₃</p> <p>B. Na₂CO₃</p> <p>C. K₂CO₃</p> <p>D. All liberate CO₂ on heating.</p>
2012	Dry ice is	<p>A. Solid CO</p> <p>B. Solid CO₂</p> <p>C. Solid NH₃</p> <p>D. Solid SO₂</p>
2013	Boric acid is added to glass because it	<p>A. Makes the glass opalescent</p> <p>B. Reduces the coefficient of expansion</p> <p>C. Makes the glass brittle</p> <p>D. Increase refractive index of the glass.</p>
2014	AlCl ₃ fumes in air because of.	<p>A. Hydrolysis</p> <p>B. Dehydration</p> <p>C. Hydration</p> <p>D. Oxidation</p>
2015	The following ceramic product is mostly used as pigment in paints.	<p>A. TiO₂</p> <p>B. SiO₂</p> <p>C. UO₂</p> <p>D. ZrO₂</p>
		<p>A. SO₄</p> <p>B. SO₃</p>

2016	The formula of sulphur sequioxide	B. SO₂ C. S₂O₃ D. SO ₃
2017	Which of the following symmetry element leaves the molecule or an object unchanged.	A. Proper rotation B. Improper rotation C. Inversion axis D. Identity
2018	In statistical mechanics, there exists a function which contains all the information about a macroscopic system. This function is known as.	A. Eigen function B. Wave function C. Partition function D. Distribution function
2019	The compounds whose formation require a host compound and a guest compound are called.	A. Exclusion compounds B. Inclusion compounds C. Crystal compounds D. None of the above
2020	Which of the following generally increases on going from top to bottom in a group.	A. Metallic charcter B. Electronegativity C. Oxidising behaviour D. Raducing behaviour
2021	The law which relates the solubility of a gas to its pressure is called.	A. Raoult's law B. Nernst law C. Ostwald's law D. Hennerly's law
2022	The number used in cancer therapy is.	A. Fe B. Co C. Ni D. Rn
2023	The statement that heat cannot flow spontaneously from a colder to a hotter body is the result of.	A. The first law of thermodynamics B. The second law of thermodynamics C. The third law of thermodynamics D. Henry's law
2024	For a single -component system, the maximum degree of freedom in	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. Between 3 and 6
2025	The equilibrium constant value for a chemical reaction is 5×10^{20} which of the following statement is true with respect to this value.	A. Reaction will be reversible B. Reaction will proceed in backward direction C. Reaction is at equilibrium D. Reaction will proceed in the forward direction
2026	Dry distillation of amino acids with barium hydroxide yields.	A. Acids B. Amines C. Alcohols D. Hydroxy acids
2027	Amorphous boron on burning in air form	A. B(OH) ₃ B. Only B ₂ O ₃ C. Only BN D. Mixture of B₂O₃ and BN
2028	Fertilizers are classified into	A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">>Two major categories<o:p></o:p></p></p> B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">>Three major categories<o:p></o:p></p></p> C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">>Four major categories<o:p></o:p></p></p> D. none="" above<="" of="" span><="" style='font-size:11.0pt;line-height:107%; font-family:"Calibri","sans-serif";mso-ascii-theme-font:minor-latin;mso-fareast-font-family: Calibri;mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin;mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:Arial;mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;mso-ansi-language: EN-US;mso-fareast-language:EN-US;mso-bidi-language:AR-SA' td="">
2029	Which one of the following does not exhibit paramagnetion.	A. NO B. NO ₂ C. ClO ₂ D. NO₂

D. ClO-2

2030	Among the solvents given below, with dielectric constant (E) given in parentheses which has highest solubility of KCl?	A. Benzene (E=O) B. Carbon disulphide (E = O) C. Methanol (E =32) D. Acetone (E = 2)
2031	Steel that are used for axles, gears, and similar parts requiring medium to high and strength are known as.	A. Medium carbon steel B. Low carbon steel C. Very high carbon D. High carbon steel
2032	For a given mass of a gas, if pressure is reduced to half and temperature is doubled, then volume.	A. $2V$ B. $4V$ C. $8V$ D. V
2033	Bromine is used as	A. Fungicides B. Herbicides C. Germicides D. Insecticides
2034	In their ionic compounds halogens exhibit the oxidation states of.	A. -1 B. -2 C. -3 D. -4
2035	Helium is used for	A. The preservation of food B. Filling electrical transformer C. Pressurizing agent in rockets D. All of above
2036	Which of the following bonds between carbon-carbon is the strongest.	A. Sigma bond B. Pi bond C. Double bond D. Triple bond
2037	Which of the following substance is colloidal in nature.	A. Clay B. Al ₂ O ₃ C. Fe ₂ O ₃ D. All above
2038	NH ₄ OH in the presence of H ₂ S is used as a group reagent for which of the following group.	A. Group I B. Group II C. Group III D. Group IV
2039	Which ratio decides the efficiency of nano substance.	A. Weight /volume B. Surface area/volume C. Volume/weight D. Pressure/volume
2040	Indicate the false statement about corrosion.	A. <p>Plastics and ceramics are immune to many forms of corrosion because they are not good conductors of electricity.</p> B. <p>The corroded member in a corrosion cell is the cathode.</p> C. <p>Passivity is a prerequisite for the corrosion protection on many metals.</p> D. None of these
2041	Which of the following is used to make non-stick material.	A. Vinyl cyanide B. Tetrafluoroethene C. Vinyl chloride D. Styrene
2042	Which one of the following statements is false with respect to CFT.	A. In an octahedral crystal field, the d electron on a metal ion occupies the e_g orbitals before they occupy the t_{2g} orbitals. B. Diamagnetic metal ions cannot have an odd number of electrons C. Low spin complexes can be paramagnetic D. Low spin complexes contain strong field ligands.
2043	According to systematic nomenclature which hydrogen compound is sulphane.	A. HF B. SiH ₄ C. SF ₄

		C. 1,2,3,4.....infinity D. H ₂ S
2044	The principal quantum number determines the overall size of the orbital and energy of the electron when it is associated with the orbital. It may have the values.	A. n = 1,3,5.....infinity B. n = 2,4,6.....infinity C. n = 1,2,3,4.....infinity D. None of the above
2045	The degree of dissociation of weak acid increases with.	A. Decreasing pressure B. Increasing pressure C. Increasing concentration D. Decreasing concentration
2046	The hydrogen bond is strongest in.	A. O - HS B. S - H.....O C. F - H.....F D. F - H.....O
2047	The IUPAC name of HOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH is	A. 4- formylbutanoic acid B. 5- formylpentanoic acid C. 4- carboxybutanal D. 5- carboxypentanal
2048	The oxidation state of Pt in Xe+ [Pt F ₆] is	A. +4 B. +5 C. +6 D. None of these
2049	SAN is a polymer of	A. Styrene B. Acrylonitrile C. Both A and B D. Vinyl chloride
2050	The alternate feasible fuel for existence of mankind to	A. Uranium B. Wood C. Bionite D. Cloth residues
2051	Stable metal ions structures are.	A. Noble gas structure B. Is electron group structure C. Transition metal in structure D. All of the above
2052	The function of boiling the sodium extract with conc. HNO ₃ before testing the halogens is	A. To make solution clear B. To make the solution acidic C. To bring common ion effect D. To destroy CN ⁻ and S ²⁻ ion
2053	HClO ₂ gives the structure of a.	A. Linear B. Angular C. trigonal pyramidal D. Tetrahedral
2054	All steroids on heating with selenium give	A. phenanthrene B. Cholesterol C. Diels hydrocarbon D. Isoprene
2055	Reaction in which molecules absorbing light do not themselves react but induce other molecules to react are called.	A. Chain reactions B. Photosensitized reactions C. Reversible reactions D. Free radical reactions
2056	Electron gas theory is able to explain	A. Metallic lustre and optical properties B. Malleability and ductility C. High electrical and thermal conductivity D. All of the above
2057	H-Bonding also exists in living system like	A. Protein B. DNA C. Both A and B D. None of above
2058	XeF ₄ is obtained, when a mixture of Xenon and fluorine in the ratio is heated in a nickel vessel at 400 °C	A. 1 : 3 B. 5 : 1 C. 1 : 20 D. 1 : 5
2059	Which of the following methods gives the number average molecular weight of a polymer.	A. Light scattering method B. Osmotic method C. Sedimentation equilibrium method D. Viscosity method
2060	The force responsible for dissolution of ionic compounds in water are	A. Hydrogen bonds B. Ion dipole forces C. Ionic bonds D. Van Der Waal forces

2061	The increasing order of energies of various sub shells is	<p>A. $1s < 2s < 3s < 2p < 3p < 4s < 3d$</p> <p>B. $1s < 2s < 2p < 3s < 3p < 4s < 3d$</p> <p>C. $1s < 2s < 2p < 3s < 3p < 4s < 3d$</p> <p>D. $1s < 2s < 2p < 3p < 3d < 4s$</p>
2062	Which of the following property is not related to aluminum.	<p>A. it is silvery white metal with brilliant lusture</p> <p>B. It is a very light metal with specific gravity as 2.7</p> <p>C. It is good conductor of heat</p> <p>D. It is the least reactive element of III Group.</p>
2063	The value of Kw increase with temperature because the ionization of water.	<p>A. Positive</p> <p>B. Negative</p> <p>C. Endothermic</p> <p>D. Exothermic</p>
2064	In order to understand the nature of H ₂ bond the theory has been suggested.	<p>A. Electrostatic approach</p> <p>B. Molecular orbital approach</p> <p>C. Valance bond approach</p> <p>D. All the above approaches</p>
2065	Dyes used in photographic plates to make them panchromatic is.	<p>A. Cyanine dyes</p> <p>B. Azine dyes</p> <p>C. Phthalocyanine dyes</p> <p>D. Acridine dyes</p>
2066	The element with maximum first ionization energy is.	<p>A. B</p> <p>B. N</p> <p>C. O</p> <p>D. C</p>
2067	CNG is stored under	<p>A. Power genertion</p> <p>B. Electric Generators</p> <p>C. Solvent</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
2068	Carbohydrates are characterized by the presence of.	<p>A. Hydroxyl group</p> <p>B. Carbony group</p> <p>C. Asymmetric carbon</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
2069	What % if nickel is present in the major ore Pentlandite.	<p>A. 22%</p> <p>B. 18%</p> <p>C. 14%</p> <p>D. 10%</p>
2070	In each period the element with lest electron affinity belongs to.	<p>A. Group 1</p> <p>B. Group 14</p> <p>C. Group 17</p> <p>D. Group 18</p>
2071	Steel is an alloy of iron and carbon with limits on the amount of carbon to less than _____ percent.	<p>A. 2</p> <p>B. 3</p> <p>C. 1</p> <p>D. 4</p>
2072	A type of a chemical bond which is formed by the mutual sharing of electrons between combining atoms of the same or different elements is called.	<p>A. Ionic bond</p> <p>B. Covalent bond</p> <p>C. Co ordinate Covalent bond</p> <p>D. Metallic bond</p>
2073	Carbon tetra chloried has no net dipole moment because of.	<p>A. Its planar strcture.</p> <p>B. Its regular tetrahedral structures.</p> <p>C. Similar sizes of carbon and chlorine atoms</p> <p>D. Similar electron affinities of carbon and chlorine.</p>
2074	Which of the following materials is not suitable as adsorbent for chromatography.	<p>A. Silica gel</p> <p>B. Activated charocal</p> <p>C. Alumina</p> <p>D. Calciu7m chloride</p>
2075	Excluding H-atom , Hydrogen bond never involves more than atoms.	<p>A. One</p> <p>B. Two</p> <p>C. Three</p> <p>D. Four</p>
2076	Environmental pollution effects.	<p>A. Biotic component</p> <p>B. Plants only</p> <p>C. Humans only</p> <p>D. Both biotic and abiotic components of environment</p>

2077	Which of the following electrolytes will be most effective in the coagulation of arsenic sulphide sol.	A. NaNO_3 B. AlPO_4 C. MgSO_4 D. $\text{K}_4[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]$
2078	What combination of elements has high electrical resistance high corrosion resistance, and high strength at red heat temperatures, making it useful in resistance heating.	A. Aluminium bronze B. Nichrome C. Hastelloy D. None of above
2079	The diameter of a bucky ball is about _____	A. $<\text{div}>0</\text{div}>1 \text{ \AA}$ B. 1 nm C. $<\text{div}>0</\text{div}>100 \text{ \AA}$ D. 10 nm
2080	Which of the following dyes belongs to the group of acridine dyes.	A. Acriflavin B. Alizarin C. Indigotin D. Cyanine
2081	The efficiency of a reversible heat engine depends only on the	A. Temperature of the heat sink B. Temperature of the heat source C. Temperature of the heat source and sink D. Pressure of the fluid
2082	Among the elements A, B, C and D having atomic numbers 7, 8, 9 AND 12 Respectively, the element with smallest size and highest IE is.	A. A B. B C. C D. D
2083	Which of the following physical properties is employed in the analytical methods.	A. Electric current B. Transition temperature C. Surface tension D. All above
2084	Diborane is used	A. For high energy fuel B. For welding torches C. as reducing agent D. All above
2085	Hydrogen bond is not electrostatic in nature is stated by	A. Electrostatic approach B. Valence bond approach C. Molecular orbital approach D. None of the above
2086	Which of the following is a pseudohalide.	A. I_3^- B. IF_7 C. CN^- D. ICI
2087	Among the elements of second period the element with highest melting point belongs to group.	A. 1 B. 14 C. 17 D. 18
2088	Valence bond theory was put forward by	A. Pauling and Slater B. Heitler and London C. Lewis D. Pauli
2089	Which of the following is the best indicator for titration of CH_3COOH with NaOH	A. Methyl orange B. Methyl red C. Phenolphthalein D. Eosin
2090	Which of the following health effect is caused by mercury.	A. Nerve damage B. Brain damage C. Kidney damage D. All above
2091	Which of the following equations represent linear free energy relationship.	A. Hammett equation B. Taft equation C. Helmholtz equation D. Differential equation
2092	Inductive effect can be used to explain	A. Dipole moment of chemical bonds B. Strength of acids C. Strength of bases D. All above
2093	Which of the following statements is not true with respect to atomic spectroscopy.	A. Atoms are simplest form of matter B. Atoms cannot rotate or vibrate as molecules do C. Only electronic transitions within atoms take place D. Band spectra are observed

A. Azetrona

2094	The temperature at which two conjugate solutions change into one homogeneous solution is called.	<p>A. Miscella temperature</p> <p>B. Conjugate temperature</p> <p>C. Consolute temperature</p> <p>D. Transition temperature</p>
2095	The maximum covalence of an element equal to.	<p>A. The number of unpaired d electrons</p> <p>B. The number of paired p electrons</p> <p>C. The number of unpaired a and P electors</p> <p>D. The actual number of a and P electrons in the outermost shell</p>
2096	Carbon in wrought iron is present as	<p>A. Silicon carbide</p> <p>B. Iron carbide cementite</p> <p>C. Graphite</p> <p>D. Partly as iron carbide and partly as graphite</p>
2097	Ozone hole refers to.	<p>A. Black hole</p> <p>B. Decrease to thickness of ozone layer in stratosphere</p> <p>C. Decrease of thickness of ozone in troposphere</p> <p>D. Increase concentration of ozone in the atmosphere</p>
2098	Which of the following acids acts as acid waste from coal mines.	<p>A. HCl</p> <p>B. HNO₃</p> <p>C. CH₃COOH</p> <p>D. H₃PO₄</p>
2099	Chief source of water and soil pollution in	<p>A. Mining of ores</p> <p>B. Thermal power plant</p> <p>C. Agro industry</p> <p>D. All the above</p>
2100	Which of the following health effect is caused by lead.	<p>A. Cancer</p> <p>B. Neurotoxin</p> <p>C. Hypertension</p> <p>D. Kidney damage</p>
2101	The most electronegative and the most electromotive elements of the first period is	<p>A. H and He</p> <p>B. Na and Cl</p> <p>C. Li and F</p> <p>D. H and He</p>
2102	The green colour of glass is due to the presence of.	<p>A. Chromium (III)</p> <p>B. Cobalt (II)</p> <p>C. Mn (IV)</p> <p>D. Iron(III)</p>
2103	Fish die in water bodies polluted by sewage due to.	<p>A. Pathogens</p> <p>B. Clogging of gills by silt</p> <p>C. Reduction in dissolved oxygen</p> <p>D. Foul smell</p>
2104	The overall energy change during the Cannot cycle to.	<p>A. Equal to zero</p> <p>B. Equal to Q</p> <p>C. Equal to W</p> <p>D. Maximum</p>
2105	In C4-axis of rotation, an object in rotated through an angle of.	<p>A. 120°</p> <p>B. 180°</p> <p>C. 100°</p> <p>D. 90°</p>
2106	Which element out of the following can exhibit a maximum co valency of seven.	<p>A. Chlorine</p> <p>B. Fluorine</p> <p>C. Sulphur</p> <p>D. Both Cl and F</p>
2107	When fullerenes were discovered they were thought to be	<p>A. First example of spherical aromatic molecule</p> <p>B. First example of spherical non aromatic molecule</p> <p>C. First example of diamond lime molecule</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
2108	On industrial scale chlorine is prepared by	<p>A. Dennis method</p> <p>B. Deacon's process</p> <p>C. Plantner's process</p> <p>D. Aludels process</p>
2109	Monomer of neoprene rubber to	<p>A. 1-chloro 1,3- butadiene</p> <p>B. 2- chiro, 1,3-butadiene</p> <p>C. 2-Bromo -1,3- butadiene</p> <p>D. 2-Methyl 1,3-butadiene</p>

2110	Which of the following statements is not a part of Bohr's theory of the hydrogen atom.	<p>A. An electron in an atom revolves around the nucleus only in circular paths.</p> <p>B. An electron does not absorb energy in the stationary orbit</p> <p>C. An electron does not emit energy in the stationary orbit</p> <p>D. Energy is emitted or absorbed in a discrete amount from the stationary orbit</p>
2111	Which of the following radical is a member of VI group.	<p>A. Mg^{2+}</p> <p>B. Na^+</p> <p>C. K^+</p> <p>D. NH_4^+</p> <p>E. All above</p>
2112	ClF is	<p>A. Chlorine monofluoride</p> <p>B. Fluorine</p> <p>C. Monochlorine fluoride</p> <p>D. Monofluorine chloride</p>
2113	Which element are non metals.	<p>A. N & P</p> <p>B. Sb & Bi</p> <p>C. As & Sb</p> <p>D. N & Bi</p>
2114	Which of the following is the most stable towards heat.	<p>A. CaCO_3</p> <p>B. BaCO_3</p> <p>C. Na_2CO_3</p> <p>D. MgCO_3</p>
2115	In which of the following species the bonds are non directional.	<p>A. NCl_3</p> <p>B. RbCl</p> <p>C. BeCl_2</p> <p>D. BCl_3</p>
2116	Which of the following statement is not related with the advantages of TLC.	<p>A. A variety of adsorbents can be used</p> <p>B. The thickness of adsorbent can be varied</p> <p>C. Fluorescence can be introduced</p> <p>D. Different detectors can be used</p>
2117	Which of the following hydroxide is gelatinous in nature.	<p>A. $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$</p> <p>B. $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$</p> <p>C. $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$</p> <p>D. $\text{Cr}(\text{OH})_3$</p>
2118	According to Arrhenius theory an acid is defined as substance which	<p>A. Accepts an electron pair</p> <p>B. Donates H^+ ion in ammonia</p> <p>C. Contains Cl^- ions</p> <p>D. Furnishes H_3O^+ ion in water</p>
2119	Arrange the hydrides of group 15 in the correct order of reducing nature.	<p>A. NH_3 < PH_3 < AsH_3 < SbH_3 < BiH_3</p> <p>B. NH_3 > PH_3 > AsH_3 > SbH_3 > BiH_3</p> <p>C. PH_3 < AsH_3 < SbH_3 < BiH_3 < NH_3</p> <p>D. PH_3 > AsH_3 > SbH_3 > BiH_3 > NH_3</p>
2120	Which of the following expressions represent the equivalent conductance.	<p>A. $\Lambda = \kappa \times 1000/V$</p> <p>B. $\Lambda = \kappa \times 1000/C$</p> <p>C. $\Lambda = \kappa / A$</p> <p>D. $\Lambda = \kappa / V$</p>
2121	The liquor is screened to exclude _____ material	<p>A. Fibrous</p> <p>B. Polymers</p> <p>C. Maltose</p> <p>D. Sucrose</p>
2122	The SI unit of pressure is Pascal it is defined as force per unit area of 1N/m^2 one atmosphere of pressure is equal to.	<p>A. 760 mm of Hg</p> <p>B. 1 bar</p> <p>C. 101 kPa</p> <p>D. 760 torr</p> <p>E. All are correct</p>

A. Densities

2123	When some quantity of electricity is passed through two electrolytic cells. The ratio of the mass of the products obtained at the cathode is the same as the ratio of their	B. Atomic masses C. Equivalent masses D. Atomic numbers
2124	Mangalium is an alloy of.	A. Al + Mg B. Mg + Al + Mn C. Mg + Al + Cu D. Mg + Al + Cu + Mn
2125	Of the following the commonly used in the laboratory desiccator is.	A. Anhyd. Na_2CO_3 B. Anhyd CaCl_2 C. Dry NaCl D. None of the above
2126	An electron has types of motion	A. Spin motion B. Orbital motion C. Both A and B D. None of above
2127	When a drop of detergent solution is added onto a clean towel. It spreads instead of existing as a droplet Which of the following statements explains this phenomenon.	A. Detergent acts as an emulsifying agent B. Detergent reduce surface tension of water C. Detergent reduces surface tension of water D. All of above
2128	The wear-resistance of the material is attributed to its ability on _____ that is the hardness is increased greatly when the steel is cold worked.	A. Cold harden B. Stress harden C. Strain harden D. Cool temperature
2129	The angle between corresponding planes forming the external surfaces of the crystal remains constant for a given substances This is known as.	A. Steno's law B. Henry's law C. Bragg law D. Pascal law
2130	"Acids are substance whose aqueous solutions turned blue litmus red and tasted sour" stated by	A. Davy B. Liebig C. Boyle D. Rouelle
2131	Which of the following salt is green in colour	A. Mn salt B. Cr salt C. Co salt D. Ba salt
2132	The percentage of nitrogen in urea is.	A. 36% B. 46% C. 55% D. 65%
2133	Which of the following elements of group 15 is a typical metal.	A. P B. As C. Bi D. Sb
2134	Which property is used in volumetric methods of analysis.	A. Density B. Viscosity C. Volume D. Molar volume
2135	The sugar present in RNA is	A. D- ribose B. D-Arabinose C. D-Glucose D. Deoxyribose
2136	The Hall process involves the reduction of Al_2O_3 to aluminium by	A. Carbon B. Carbon monoxide C. Molecular hydrogen D. Electrolysis
2137	Among LiCl, BeCl_2 , BCl_3 , and CCl_4 the covalent bond character follows the order.	A. $\text{LiCl} < \text{BeCl}_2 < \text{BCl}_3 < \text{CCl}_4$ B. $\text{LiCl} > \text{BeCl}_2 > \text{BCl}_3 > \text{CCl}_4$ C. $\text{LiCl} < \text{BeCl}_2 < \text{BCl}_3 < \text{CCl}_4$ D. $\text{LiCl} > \text{BeCl}_2 > \text{BCl}_3 > \text{CCl}_4$

2138	Aluminum is usually extracted from	<p>A. Bauxite</p> <p>B. Corundum</p> <p>C. Feldepar</p> <p>D. Alumite</p>
2139	The expected specific waste fo petroleum industry is.	<p>A. Asphalt and tars</p> <p>B. Paper</p> <p>C. Cloth</p> <p>D. Fibre</p>
2140	Pick out incorrect statement regarding HF	<p>A. It is used for making chlorofluorocarbon used as refrigerating fluids and as propellants in aerosols</p> <p>B. It is used in making ASIF3 and synthetic cryolite</p> <p>C. Aqueous HF is used for etchine glass</p> <p>D. HF does not react with B2O3 even in presence of conc. H2SO4</p>
2141	In the process of preparation of detergents the organic acids produced are neutralized with.	<p>A. Sodium hydroxide</p> <p>B. Sodium sulphate</p> <p>C. Sodium chloride</p> <p>D. Potassium hydroxide</p>
2142	Pick out the incorrect statement.	<p>A. Red phosphorus consists of a complied chain structure and black phosphorus has a layer structure.</p> <p>B. Nitrogen shows a little tendency for catenation, because N-N a single bond is very strong.</p> <p>C. The xamimum number of covalent bonds formed by nitrogen is four, since it has no d-orbitals in its valence shell</p> <p>D. The group 15 elements do not form M5+ ions, but +5 oxidatin state is realized only through covalent bonding.</p>
2143	Which of the following statement is not related with environmental pollution.	<p>A. Direct or indirect change in any component of the biosphere</p> <p>B. Undesirable change in the physical characteristics of the air</p> <p>C. Undesirables change in the biological characteristics of the soil</p> <p>D. not affecting adversely the industrial progress</p>
2144	Bond angle is minimum in	<p>A. H2O</p> <p>B. CO2</p> <p>C. NH3</p> <p>D. CH4</p>
2145	Which of the following steps are involved in the extraction of copper.	<p>A. Roasting</p> <p>B. Smelting</p> <p>C. Refining</p> <p>D. All</p>
2146	The plate height is the length of the column divide by	<p>A. Length of the column</p> <p>B. Width of the column</p> <p>C. Number of theoretical plates</p> <p>D. Number of components of the mixture.</p>
2147	Aluminum is an active metal but does not corrode as iron does because.	<p>A. Ai does not react with O2</p> <p>B. A protective layer of Al2 O3 forms on the metal surface</p> <p>C. Al is harder to Oxidize than is Fe</p> <p>D. Aluminium has a high tensile strength</p>
2148	Which of the following pollutant is generated from combustion of fuel.	<p>A. Smoke</p> <p>B. SO2</p> <p>C. CO2</p> <p>D. Metallic oxides</p> <p>E. All above</p>
2149	Electron gas theory fails to explain	<p>A. Specific heat of metals</p> <p>B. Electrical and thermal conductivity</p> <p>C. Paramagnetic behavior of metals</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
2150	The conductance of 1 cm3 of an electrolytes solution is called its.	<p>A. Specific resistance</p> <p>B. Specific conductance</p> <p>C. Molar conductance</p> <p>D. Equivalent conductance</p>
2151	HClO4, HNO3 and HCL are all strong acids in aqueous solution inglacial acetic acid medium, their acid strength is such that.	<p>A. HClO4 > HCL > HNO3</p> <p>B. HNO3 > HClO4 > HCl</p> <p>C. HCl > HClO4 > HNO3</p> <p>D. HCl > HClO4 > HNO3</p>
		<p>A. 4 s</p> <p>B. 4 ~</p>

2152	The designation of an orbital with $n=4$ and $l=1$ is	B. $4p$ C. $4d$ D. $4f$
2153	The percentage of nitrogen in ammonium sulphate is _____ %	A. 27 B. 21 C. 23 D. 19
2154	Which of the following liquids has lowest vapour pressure at 25 °C	A. Benzene B. Chloroform C. Ether D. H_2O
2155	Which of the following statements is incorrect.	A. Sodium hydride is ionic B. Beryllium chloride is covalent C. CCl_4 gives a white ppt with $AgNO_3$ solutions. D. Bonds in NaCl are non directional
2156	The halide which is inert to water is	A. PCl_5 B. $SiCl_4$ C. BCl_3 D. SF_6
2157	Earth is protected from U.V. radiations by	A. Carbon dioxide layer B. Oxygen layer C. Ozone layer D. Troposphere
2158	PCl_5 is an example of hybridization	A. $d^2 sp^3$ B. $d^2 sp^2$ C. sp^2 D. sp^3
2159	Which of the following is a triphenylmethane dye.	A. Auramine G B. Crystal violet C. Fluorescein D. Fast green O
2160	The osmotic pressure of a solution with definite composition.	A. Varies directly as the volume and temperature. B. Varies inversely as the temperature. C. Varies inversely as the volume and directly as the temperature. D. None of the above
2161	Carbon dioxide content in atmosphere is	A. 0.0034% B. 0.034 % C. 0.34 % D. 3.4 %
2162	Which of the following is not biological characteristics of water.	A. COD B. Animals C. Plants D. Viruses
2163	The current voltage characteristics forms the basis of.	A. Thermal analysis B. Potentiometry C. Polarography D. Colorimetry
2164	The pH of the 0.0032 M H_2SO_4 is.	A. 3.2 B. 4.0 C. 2.198 D. 1.0
2165	The different layers in graphite are held together by	A. Ionic bonding B. Metallic bonding C. Covalent bonding D. Van der Waals forces
2166	Which one of the following would make an S_N2 mechanism more likely	A. Bulky substituents near the halogen B. A polar solvent C. A tertiary carbocation intermediate D. A reactive nucleophile
2167	Which of the following is not a property of aluminium.	A. An efficient electrical conductor B. A low density compared to other metals C. Is amphoteric D. Toxic to humans
2168	Galvanized steel are steel products coated with	A. Carbon B. Sulphur C. Zinc D. Iron

2169

In a period, the element with biggest electron affinity belong to.

- B. Group 2
 - C. Group 17
 - D. Group 18
-