

PPSC Chemistry Part II Organic Chemistry Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Monomer of neoprene rubber to	A. 1-chloro 1,3- butadiene B. 2- chlro, 1,3-butadiene C. 2-Bromo -1,3- butadiene D. 2-Methyl 1,3-butadiene
2	Compounds formed when noble gasses get entrapped in the cavities of crystal lattices of certain organic and inorganic compounds are called.	A. Interstitial compounds B. Hydrates C. Clathrates D. Picrates
3	Graphite is a good conductor of electricity because is.	A. Has sp2 hybridized carbon stoms B. Has free electrons C. Is crystalline D. Has free atoms
4	In which polymer the strength of inter molecular forces is maximum	A. Elastomers B. Thermoplastic C. Fibre D. Cross linked polymer
5	Valence bond theory is also called as	A. Electron pair theory B. Band theory C. Electron gas theory D. Electron pool theory
6	Which of the following substance is not weak electrolyte.	A. CH3COOH B. NH4OH C. Oxalic Acid D. NaCl
7	The equivalent conductance of a 1 N solution of an electrolyte is nearly	A. The same as its specific conductance B. 10 ³ times more than its specific conductance C. 10-3 times its specific conductance D. 100 times its specific conductance.
8	Black and white photographic film contain small grains of.	A. Silver bromide B. Silver cholride C. Silver iodide D. Any of above
9	Which one of the following ions is colourless.	A. Cu+ B. Co2+ C. Ni2+ D. Fe3+
10	Which of the following cast irons is a high carbon silicon alloy.	A. Gray iron B. White iron C. Malleable iron D. Alloy iron
11	Which of the following statement is not true in case of catalytic reforming.	A. High temperature results in loss of reformate yield B. High naphthenic stock require high space velocity C. Presence of water decrease the hydrocracking activity. D. None of above
12	Which of the following element has six electrons in the valence shell but cannot exhibit a maximum co valency of six.	A. Sulphur B. Oxygen C. Selenium D. Both A and B
13	As it passes into food chain, the concentration of DDT	A. Remains same B. Decreases C. Increases D. Unpredictable
14	The most convenient and has nearest approach to a universal pH measurement	A. pH strips B. pH indicator C. The emf method D. The colorimetric

15	Which of the following sets of quantum number is possible for an electron in a 4f orbital.	A. n = 4,I = 3, m = 4, s = +1/2 B. n = 4, I = 4, m = +4, s = +1/2 C. n = 4, I = 3, m = +1, s = -1/2 D. n = 4, I = 4, m = +1, s = -1/2
16	Which of the following alkaline earth metals occurs in radioactive form in nature.	A. Ca B. Mg C. Ra D. Ba
17	The process in which ore is heated generally in the absence of air, to expel water from a hydrated oxide at temperature below their melting points is called.	A. calcination B. Roasting C. Froth floatation D. Bessemerization
18	Major achievement of CFT is	A. Interpreting the color B. Adsorption spectra C. Both A and B D. None of above
19	Nitrobenzen can be prepared from benzene by using a mixture of conc. HNO3 and conc. H2SO4 In the nitrating mixture. HNO3 acts as a.	A. Base B. Acid C. Oxidizing agent D. Catalyst
20	Covalent compound are soluble in	A. Polar solvents B. Non polar solvent C. Concentrated acids D. All solvent
21	Most electronegative element is.	A. C B. Si C. Pb D. Sn
22	The word 'ceramic' meant for.	A. Soft material B. Hard material C. Burnt material D. Dry material
23	The Ostwald process is the main method for the manufacture of nitric Acid in the fist step in this process is.	A. Nitrogen and hydrogen react to form NH3 B. Ammonia is burned in O2 to generate N2 and H2O C. Nitrogen and oxygen react to form NO2 D. Ammonia is burned with O2 to generate NO and H2O
24	On industrial scale chlorine is prepared by	A. Dennis method B. Deacon's process C. Plantner's process D. Aludels process
25	How many unpaired electron are there in a strong field iron (II) octahederal compled.	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 4
26	is used for fruits, vegetables and tobacco	A. Potassium Chloride B. Potassium Sulphate C. Potassium nitraite D. All above
27	Granulated sugar containing	A. Glucose <o:p></o:p> B. Fructose <o:p></o:p> C. Maltose
		D. Sucrose A. Powerful oxidizing agent
28	Fluorine is.	B. Most reactive element C. Used as refrigerants D. All of above
29	Which of the following analytical technique is based on the refraction of radiation.	A. Conductometry B. Refractometry C. Coulometry D. Potentiaometry
	Which of of the following statement is not correct in respect of	A. This concept is applicable only for aqueous systems. B. Neutralization takes place in aqueous medium only.

30	Arrhenius concept.	C. H+ ion concept remain as such in water D. This concept is applicable for non aqueous system only.
31	The size of iso electronic species - F- , Ne, and Na+ is affected by	A. Nuclear charge (Z) B. Valence principal quantum number (n) C. Electron electron interaction in the outer orbital D. None of the factors because their size to the same.
32	The temperature of which the compound melts into a liquid to the same composition as the solid is called the	A. Congruent melting point B. Incongruent melting point C. Peritectic temperatures D. Metastable point
33	Which of the following is not a true characteristics of a catalytic reaction.	A. The amount and chemical composition of the catalyst remains unchanged after the reaction B. The catalyst does not intiate a chemical reaction C. The reaction in which product also act as catalysis are called autocratically reactions. D. The catalyst shifts the equilibrium position of a reaction in a favorable direction
34	The conductance of 1 cm3 of an electrolytes solution is called its.	A. Specific resistance B. Specific conductance C. Molar conductance D. Equivalent conductance
35	Sulphate ores of aluminium	A. Alumite B. Cryolite C. Fekdsper D. Kaolin
36	The number of bonds formed by the central atom is called its.	A. Valence number B. Complex number C. Coordination number D. Avogadro's number
		A. The element with highest IE belongs
37	Which of the following statement is not correct.	to group 18 B. In each period the element with lowest IE belongs to group I C. In each period the element with highest IE is a noble gas D. In the second period as we move from left to right, ionization energy increases requiarly.
37	Which of the following statement is not correct. Which of the following process is not physical in nature.	to group 18 B. In each period the element with lowest IE belongs to group I C. In each period the element with highest IE is a noble gas D. In the second period as we move from left to right, ionization energy increases
		to group 18 B. In each period the element with lowest IE belongs to group I C. In each period the element with highest IE is a noble gas D. In the second period as we move from left to right, ionization energy increases reqularly. A. Mixing B. Flocculation C. Sedimentation
38	Which of the following process is not physical in nature.	to group 18 B. In each period the element with lowest IE belongs to group I C. In each period the element with highest IE is a noble gas D. In the second period as we move from left to right, ionization energy increases requiarly. A. Mixing B. Flocculation C. Sedimentation D. Activated sludge process A. Eric Drexler B. Richard Feynamann C. Sumio tijma
38	Which of the following process is not physical in nature. Who coined the word nanotechnology. Among the solvents given below, with dielectric constant (E) given in parentheses which	to group 18 B. In each period the element with lowest IE belongs to group I C. In each period the element with highest IE is a noble gas D. In the second period as we move from left to right, ionization energy increases reqularly. A. Mixing B. Flocculation C. Sedimentation D. Activated sludge process A. Eric Drexler B. Richard Feynamann C. Sumio tijma D. Richard smalley A. Benzene (E=O) B. Carbon disulphide (E = O) C. Methanol (E = 32)
38 39 40	Which of the following process is not physical in nature. Who coined the word nanotechnology. Among the solvents given below, with dielectric constant (E) given in parentheses which has highest solubility of KCI?	to group 18 B. In each period the element with lowest IE belongs to group I C. In each period the element with highest IE is a noble gas D. In the second period as we move from left to right, ionization energy increases reqularly. A. Mixing B. Flocculation C. Sedimentation D. Activated sludge process A. Eric Drexler B. Richard Feynamann C. Sumio tijma D. Richard smalley A. Benzene (E=O) B. Carbon disulphide (E = O) C. Methanol (E = 32) D. Acetone (E = 2) A. Sublimation B. Distillation C. lon exchange
38 39 40 41	Which of the following process is not physical in nature. Who coined the word nanotechnology. Among the solvents given below, with dielectric constant (E) given in parentheses which has highest solubility of KCI? Sugar and common salt in a mixture can be separated through then process of.	to group 18 B. In each period the element with lowest IE belongs to group I C. In each period the element with highest IE is a noble gas D. In the second period as we move from left to right, ionization energy increases reqularly. A. Mixing B. Flocculation C. Sedimentation D. Activated sludge process A. Eric Drexler B. Richard Feynamann C. Sumio tijma D. Richard smalley A. Benzene (E=O) B. Carbon disulphide (E = O) C. Methanol (E = 32) D. Acetone (E = 2) A. Sublimation B. Distillation C. Ion exchange D. Crystallization from solution in ethanol A. herbicide B. Fungacide C. Insecticide

45	Which of the following pollutant is generated from combustion of fuel.	A. Smoke B. SO2 C. CO2 D. Metallic oxides E. All above
46	The unit of specific conductance will be	A. S cm-1 B. Ohm cm C. Ohm cm-1 D. Mho cm
47	Helium oxygen mixture is used by deep sea divers in preference to nitrogen oxygen mixture, because.	A. Helium is much less soluble in blood than nitrogen B. Nitrogen is much less soluble in blood than helium C. Due to high pressure deep under the sea, nitrogen and oxygen react to give poisonous nitric oxide. D. Nitrogen is highly soluble in wateer
48	Setting of plaster of Paris volves.	A. Oxidation with atmospheric oxygen B. Combination with atmosphere CO2 C. Dehydration D. Hydration to yield another hydrate
49	In the purification of bauxite , the ore is fused with sodium carbonate in the process	A. Baeyer's process B. Hall's process C. Serpeck's process D. Any of above
50	Thermocouples have been constructed from	A. Chromel ve elumel B. Copper vs platinum C. Both D. None
51	Which of the following have identical bond order.	A. CN- and O2- B. CN - and NO+ C. O2- and CN+ D. NO+ and CN+
52	It has been observed that if one goes on adding KNO3 solution to a precipitate of AgCl the solubility of these precipitates goes on increasing with increasing concentration of K+ and NO3= ions which are not common to AgCl This is due to which effect.	A. Divers ion effect B. Uncommon ion effect C. Activity effect D. All above
53	In Pakistan the total production of glass is over tons per year.	A. 800 B. 8000 C. 80,000 D. None of these
54	Used in producing intense light in cinematography	A. Xenon B. Krypton C. Radon D. Helium
55	The terpenoid present in oil of lemon grass is	A. Citral B. Geranial C. Nerol D. a- terpineol
56	Which of the following techniques involves ion exchange phenomenon.	A. Size exclusion chromatography B. lon exchange chromatography C. GLC D. HPLC
57	Beillstein test is used for.	A. CI B. N2 C. CO2 D. Na
58	Which of the following does not have an a,b, unsaturated carbonyl group.	A. Androsterone B. Oestrone C. Testosterone D. Progesterone
59	A general trend in the properties of elements of carbon family shows that with increase in atomic number.	A. The tendency towards concatenation increases B. The tendency to show +2 oxidation state increase C. Metallic character decreases D. The tendency to form complexes with convalency higher than four decreases.
60	Which of the following level is an indicator of hearing loss.	A. > 25 dB B. < 25 dB C. < 20 dB D. None of these

61	Ingold's isoprene rule states that in tepenoids isoprene units are joined.	A. Head to tail B. Head to Head C. Tail to Tail D. In a random order
62	When alkyl iodidies are decomposed by light then the product obtained is.	A. R - R B. R - H C. RCH2I D. RCHI2
63	Considering the elements F, Cl ,O and N, the correct order of their chemical reactivity in terms of oxidizing property is.	A. F > Cl > N B. F > O > Cl > N C. Cl > F > O > N D. O > F > N > Cl
64	Which of the following devoice is used to measure potential difference between celctrodes.	A. Polarimetre B. Conductometer C. Voltmeter D. Photometer
65	Which of the following mixture is used as most popular flame in AAS.	A. Acetylene air B. Acetylene O2 C. Hydrogen air D. Hydrogen O2
66	The gases that are responsible for green house effect are.	A. CO2 & D. CH4 B. CFC C. N2O D. All above
67	Retarded reaction are those	A. In which the rate of the reaction is independent of pressure<0:p> B. In which products are strongly adsorbed on the surface of the solid catalyst C. Which are reversible under all conditions<0:p> D.

		gain enthalpy of Y is low, electron gain enthalpy of Y is low D. lonization enthalpy of X is low electron gain enthalpy of Y is high
72	in monel metal copper is alloyed wiht which metal.	A. Fe B. Mn C. Ni D. All
73	The range of sound pressure which is painful is as	A. 130-140 dB B. 100 - 120 dB C. 90 - 80 dB D. All above
74	The point at which the reaction is observed to be complete is called.	A. The equivalence point B. The end point C. The triplet point D. The equilibrium point
75	Which of the following ions does not have the electronic configuration same as that of neon.	A. F- B. O2- C. Na+ D. Ca2+
76	A colorless gas with pleasant odour and sweet taste.	A. N2O B. N2O3 C. NO D. N2O4
77	The different types of glass are.	A. A- glass, C-Glass, E-Glass and S-Glass B. A-Glass, B-Glass, E-Glass, S-Glass C. AR -Glass, C-Glass, E-Glass and S-Glass D. A-B Glass
78	Which one of the following statements regarding BF3 is not correct.	A. It is an ionic compound B. It is an electron deficient compound C. It is a Lewis acid D. <div>It forms adducts</div>
79	The alkali metal that react with nitrogen directly to form nitrides.	A. Na B. K C. Rb D. Li
80	According to Usanovich concept a base is defined as any species.	A. Capable of giving up anions B. Combining with cations C. Neutralizing an acid to give a salt D. All of above
81	The most harmful components of incomplete combination are generally groped as particulate polyclic matter organic (PPOM) These materials are derivatives of .	A. Benzene B. Naphthalene C. Benz a pyrene D. None of the above
82	Which of the following organic molecule is not aromatic.	A. Benzene B. Naphthalene C. Anthracene D. Cyclo-octatetraene
83	The correct order of thermal stabilities of hydriedes of group 15 is.	A. NH3 > PH3 > AsH3 > BiH3> SbH3 B. NH3 > PH3 > AsH3 > SbH3> BiH3 C. NH3 < PH3 < SbH3 > AsH3 > BiH3 D. BiH3 > Sb H3 > AsH3 > PH3 > NH3
84	Which substance is used as filler or additive in paper making.	A. Starch B. Glucose C. Cellulose D. Maltose
85	For a given mass of a gas, if pressure in reduced to half and temperature in doubled, then volume.	A. 2V ² B. 4V C. 8 V D. V ²
86	Which of the following disposal method is used or municipal wastes.	A. Compaction B. Composting C. Recycling D. Chemical processing E. All above
		A. 12 P. 13

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88	Vitamin which contains cobalt is.	A. Vitamin B1 B. Vitamin B2 C. Vitamin B6 D. Vitamin B12
89	The rise of a liquid in capillary tube is due to.	A. Osmosis B. Diffusion C. Surface tension D. Viscosity
90	What is use of the addition of brine solution in the production of soap from castor oil and sodium hydroxide.	A. To speed up the reaction B. To lower the solubility of soap C. To remove unreacted castor oil and sodium hydroxide D. To increase the purity of the soap obtained.
91	What impurity in steel can cause ted shortness which means the steel becomes unworkable at high temperature.	A. Sulphur B. Silicon C. Magnesium D. Aluminium
92	Which of the following is not a property of Ni.	A. it is a soft silvery white metal B. It is malleable and ductile C. It is highly magnetic D. It has high electrical and thermal conductivities
93	Allotropic form of tin	A. White tin B. Grey tin C. Rhomic tin D. All above
94	The number of formula weight of the solute dissolved per dm3 of the solution is called.	A. Mole fraction B. Normality C. Formality D. Molaiity
95	The principle former of almost all glasses is	A. (SIO2)n B. (SiO3)n C. (SiO2) D. None of these
96	The width of a carbon nano tube is nm	A. 1 B. 1.3 C. 2.5 D. 10
97	How many varieties of commercial iron are known.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 4 D. 3
98	The normality of 2.3 M H2SO4 solution is.	A. 0.46 N B. 0.23 N C. 2.3 N D. 4.6 N
99	Which of the following symmetry element leaves the molecule or an object unchanged.	A. Proper rotation B. Improper rotation C. Inversion axis D. Identity
100	The physical methods of nano roads syntheses involves.	A. Top down approach B. Bottom up approach C. Left right approach D. Right left approach
101	The maximum number of electrons in s,p,d and f sub shells are.	A. 2 in each B. 2, 6, 10, 18 C. 2,6, 10,14 D. 5 in each
102	Stereotsomers not related to each other as object and minor image are called.	A. Enantiomers B. Diastereolsomers C. Conformations D. Antipodes
103	XeF4 is obtained, when a mixture of Xenon and fluorine in the ratio is heated in a nickle vessel at 400 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$	A. 1 : 3 B. 5 : 1 C. 1 : 20 D. 1 : 5
		A. The frequency of microwave is less than uv B. The velocity of X-rays is more than uv

104	Which of the following statements is not correct regarding electromagnetic spectra?	C. Cosmic rays have shorter wave length than radio waves. D. The frequency of uv is greater than visible rays.
105	The electrolysis of molten metal hydride will produce dihydrogen gas.	A. At cathode B. At anode C. At both the electrodes D. At none of the electrodes
106	SAN is a polymer of	A. Styrene B. Acrylonitrile C. Both A and B D. Vinyl chloride
107	Titanium dioxide shows the lattice strcuture.	A. Flluorite B. Rutile C. Wurtzite D. Zeolite
108	What refers to the deterioration of material by oscillatory relative motion of small amplitude between two solid surfaces in a corrosive environment?	A. Stray current corrosion<0:p> B. Microbiologicla corrosion<0:p> C. Fretting corrosion <o:p></o:p> D. None of these <o:p></o:p>
109	The formula of sulphur sequioxide	A. SO4 B. S2O7 C. S2O3 D. SO3
110	Which configuration has lowest potential energy.	A. Eclipsed B. Staggered C. Skew D. All have same energy
111	The vitamin which is related to monossaccharides is.	A. Vitamin A B. Vitamin C C. Vitamin D D. Vitamin E
112	Which of the following will be most effective int he coagulation of Fe (OH)3 sol.	A. NaCl B. MgSO4 C. AlCl3 D. Mg3 (PO4)2
113	Which of the following is an alloy of copper	A. Brass B. Bronze C. Monel metal D. All
114	The reagent which can be used to distinguish acetophenone from benzophenone is.	A. 2,4 -dinito phenyl hydrazine B. Li AlH4 C. Benedict reagetn D. l2 and Na2CO3
115	Phosphorus has the oxidation state of +3 in	A. Orthophosphoric acid B. Hypophosphoric acid C. Metaphosphoric acid D. Orthophosphorus acid
116	Which of the following enthalpies is always negative.	A. Enthalpy of melting B. Enthalpy of combustion C. Enthalpy of solution D. Enthalpy of formation
117	Which of the following does not apply to metallic bond.	A. Overlapping valence orbitals B. Mobile valency electron C. Delocalized electrons D. Highly directed bonds
118	Which of the following hydrocarbon cannot be obtained on reacting chloomethane with sodium metal in the presence of dry ether.	A. C4 H10 B. C2H6 C. C2H4 D. C3H8
		A. Oxides of nitrogen

119	Which of the following play significant role in depletion of ozone layer.	B. Oxides of carbon C. Oxides of sulphur D. None of above
120	Which of the following reacts with excess oxygen to form a normal oxide.	A. Li B. Na C. K D. Rb
121	Which of the following steps is not involved in chemical analysis.	A. Separation of sample in pure form B. Separation of the sample in the mixture form C. Preparation of sample for the analysis
122	Lactic acid is a molecule which shows	D. Validity of experimental results A. Epimersim B. Tautomerism C. Opical isomerism D. Metamerism
123	When the concentration of reactant molecules is increased the rate of reaction increases. The best explanation is As the reactant concentration increases.	A. The average kinetic energy of molecules increases. B. The frequency of molecular collisions increases C. The rate constant increase D. The activation energy increases
124	a-pinene hydrochloride on warming rearrangements to form bornyl chloride	A. Pinacol pinacolone B. hofmann C. Wagner Meerwein D. Wolf
125	Ethylene belongs to.	A. C _{2v} group B. D _{2h} group C. C ₂ group D. D _{ah} group
126	Conductometry is based on	A. Electric current B. Electrical potential C. Absorbance D. Electrical conductance
127	Aluminum occurs in nature as.	A. Native B. Combined form C. Both native and combined D. Free
128	Group IV A consist of elements	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
129	The energy gap between two bands so large that it effectively prevents the promotion of electron from the lower to the higher band such energy gap all called.	A. Ionization zoneB. Dissociation zoneC. Distinction zoneD. Forbidden zone
130	What is the most undesirable of all the elements commonly found in steels.	A. Sulphur B. Phosphorus C. Silocn D. Magnesium
131	For a given mass of a gas if temperature increase	A. Pressure and volume remain Constance B. Volume increases provided pressure is kept constant C. Pressure decreases provided volume is constant D. Both volume and pressure decrease
132	Which of the following pentahalides is not formed.	A. NF5 B. PF5 C. AsF5 D. BiF5
133	Toluene is o/p -orienting with respect to an electrophilic substitution reaction due to.	A. +1 effect of the methyl group. B. +1 as wellas +H effect of the methyl group C. Hyper conjugatin between the methyl group and phenyl ring. D. + R effect of the methyl group
134	The dimensions for first order rate constant are.	A. s-1 B. s mol-1 C. mol-1 s-1 D. s
		A Pollution control research association

135	PCRA stand for	B. Petroleum conversation Research association C. Petroleum control research association D. All of above
136	The migration of positively charged colloidal particles, under an electrical field , towards the cathode is called.	A. Cataphoresis B. Electroamosis C. Sedimentation D. Electrodialysis
137	The wear-resistance of the material is attributed to its ability on that is the hardness is increased greatly when the steel is cold worked.	A. Cold harden<0:p> B. Stress harden<0:p> C. Strain harden<0>> <o:p> D. Strain harden<0>><o:p> D. Cool temperature<0:p> /o:p></o:p></o:p>
138	What type of steel has 0.8 % carbon and 100% pearlite.	A. Austenite B. Eutectoid C. Hyper eutectoid D. Silver steel
139	Opticla tweezers	A. Are used to remove facial hair with miniaturized laser beams B. use light to manipulate particles as small as single atom C. Are a nanotechnology bases tool for stamp collectors D. Don't exist
140	For each value of I. the number of m velocity are.	A. n ² B. 2I C. (2 +1) D. (n+1)
141	Which of the following substance is not present in acid rain.	A. Sulphuric acid B. Nitric acid C. Acetic acid D. Sulphurous acid
142	Which of the following type of lattice has maximum numb of atoms per unit cell.	A. Simple cubic B. Body centred cubic C. Face centred cubic D. All of them
143	Refining is	A. Extracting petroleum gas<0:p> B. Separation of various fraction <0:p> C. Heating of coal<0:p> D. Heating of coal<0:p> D. All of above<0:p>
144	The order in O2+ is	A. 1.0 B. 1.5 C. 2.0 D. 2.5
145	Which one of the following pairs are chemically dissimilar.	A. Na and K B. Ba and Sr C. Zr and HF D. Ca and Zn
146	Reacts violently with water	A. AIH3 B. AIC13 C. Lia IH4 D. AI2C16

147	The Langmuir theory of unimolecular adsorption is generally valid at.	A. Low pressures and low temperature B. Low pressures and high temperature C. High pressures and low temperature D. High pressure and high temperature
148	The formula of Borax is.	A. Na2B4O7 6H2O B. Na2B4O7 8H2O C. Na2B4O7 10H2O D. Na2B4O7 12H2O
149	Green houses are responsible for keeping our plant warm and sustaining life on the earth.	A. CO2 & D; water vapours B. CO2 & D; CFC C. CO2 & D; CFC D. CO2 & D; CF4
150	Organic substance responsible for the smell of flowers etc. are grouped together in chemistry as.	A. Perfumes B. Terpenoids C. Flavonoids D. Alkaloids
151	Which of the following is not a general property of amino acids.	A. They have high m.p. and b.p B. They are soluble in water C. Their dipole moments are high D. They are amorphous solids
152	The chemical method of separation in which the analytes to be separated are distributed between two phases, one of which is stationary phase while the other moves in a definite direction This technique is known as.	A. Electrophoreals B. Chromatography C. Solvent extraction D. Catachreals
153	Water that easily forms a lather of films and frotha when agitated with a soap solution called.	A. Hard water B. Heavy water C. <div>Soft water</div> D. Washing water
154	Which of the following pollutant result from combustion of fossil fuels.	A. SO2 B. NOx C. CO D. All above
155	Lother Meyer plotted a graph showing variation of.	A. Atomic volume with increase in atomic number B. Atomic volume with increase in atomic weight C. Atomic redii with increase in atomic weight. D. Atomic weight which increase in atomic number
156	Which of the following is not a physical test.	A. Colour test B. Flame test C. Beed test D. Wet test
157	Which of the following health effect is caused by mercury.	A. Nerve damage B. Brain damage C. Kidney damage D. All above
158	The formula of copper pyrite is.	A. CuFeS B. CuFeS2 C. Cu2FEs D. Cu Fe2S
159	Hydrolith is the common name of	A. NaH B. CaH2 C. NaF D. CaF2
160	What do you call earth and stone missed with the iron oxide	A. Hematite<0:p> B. Gangue <0:p> C. Ore<0:p> D. Ore<0:p> D. Residue<0:p>
161	All bond length in benzene are identical due to.	A. Resonance effect B. Inductomeric effect C. Electromeric effect D. Mesomeric effect

162	The electromagevitiy of the following elements increase in the order	A. F > Cl > O > S B. S > Cl > O > F C. F > O > N > C D. C > O > N > F
163	Each of the following compound is an aromatic except.	A. Benzene B. Naphthalene C. Cyclopentadienyl cation D. Cyclopentadienyl anion
164	Egyptians were using to prepare make up for eyes.	A. Nanoaluminium B. Nanocopper C. Nanosteel D. Nanolead
165	1 nanometre = cm	A. 10 ⁻⁹ B. 10 ⁻⁸ C. 10 ⁻⁷ D. 10 ⁻⁶
166	In bi sulphate ion, the formal charge on sulphru atom is.	A. +1 B. +2 C. +4 D. +6
167	Which of the following has the maximum ionic character.	A. HF B. HCI C. HI D. HBr
168	Al Cl3 acts as a strong Lewis acid, because it is.	A. A covalent compound B. Readily hydrolyzed C. Electron deficient D. An ionic compound
169	The change in the concentration of the reactant of product per units time is called.	A. Order of the reaction B. Melecularity of the reaction C. Rate of reaction D. None of the above
170	Casionic polymerization is initiated by	A. BF3 B. NaNH2 C. Bul D. Both b and c
171	The most stable oxidation state of chromium is.	A. +6 B. +3 C. +4 D. +2
172	All the strong acids have very close pKas value and they appear to have nearly equal strengths in aqueous solutions. The phenomenon is called as.	A. Levelling effect B. Differnetiating effect C. Levelling solvent D. Differnetiating solvent
173	Which cast iron is hard and wear resistant.	A. Grey iron B. White iron C. Melleable iron D. None of these
174	The main constituent of glass is.	A. Silica B. Silicon C. Magnesia D. Alumina
175	Group VA of the periodic table consist of elements.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
176	Which of the following elements is most electropositive.	A. C B. N C. O D. Be
177	Which of the following salt is water insoluble.	A. K2SO4 B. Na2SO4 C. BaSO4 D. None of abvoe
178	Among alkali metals, the least metallic element is.	A. Li B. Na C. Rb D. Cs
179	Mostly used solvents for ionic compounds.	A. Liquid ammonia B. Liquid SO2 C. I iquid HF

		D. All above
180	All the member of group III A are metals except.	A. B B. Ai C. Ga D. In
181	Which of tetra chloride is resistant to hydrolysis.	A. CCI4 B. SiCI4 C. GeCI4 D. SnCI4
182	Aluminum is usually extracted from	A. Bauxite B. Corundum C. Feldepar D. Alumite
183	The lowest K.E. for an electron is three dime national cubic box is given by	A. h ² / 8m ^a B. 3h ² / 8 ma ² C. 9h ² / 8ma ² D. 16h ² / 8ma ² / 8ma ²
184	The overall energy change during the Cannot cycle to.	A. Equal to zero B. Equal to Q C. Equal to W D. Maximum
185	A molecule MX4 has a square planar shape, The number of non bonding pairs of electrons around M is .	A. 2 B. 1 C. 0 D. 3
186	Which of the following is not a characteristic of covalent compound.	A. They have low melting and boiling points. B. They ionize on dissolution in polar solvents C. Their molecules have definite geometry D. They are generally insoluble in water
187	CFT can very well explain	A. Color B. Magnetic properties C. Spectra of transition metal D. All
188	By applying an external force the ionic solid can be easily broken to powder form so the ionic solid are highly	A. Hard B. Brittle C. Tough D. Soft
189	The structure of SO2	A. Linear B. Angular C. V-shaped D. Planner
190	The fraction of the total current carried to an ion is called itss.	A. lonic mobility B. Transport number C. Limiting ionic conductance D. None of these
191	Which ratio decides the efficiency nano substance.	A. Weight /volume B. Surface area/volume C. Volume/weight D. Pressure/volume
192	Which of the following is a natural polymer	A. Nylon B. Leucite C. Cellulose D. Polystyrene
193	In nature nickel is found in the form of.	A. Sulphides B. Silicates C. Arsenides D. All
194	In each period the most electro negative element belongs to.	A. ^{Group -1} B. Group -17 C. Group -2 D. Group -18
195	In confining and growing nano roade CNTs will act as.	A. Template B. Support C. Source of oxidant D. Sieve
196	The bond length is measured by	A. X-ray diffraction B. Neutron diffraction Microwave spectroscopy

		D. All of above
197	The polarity of bonds can lead to polarity of molecules and affect	A. Melting point B. Boiling point C. Solubility D. All of above
198	A boy accidently splashes a few drops of conc. H2SO4 on his cotton shirt. A few minutes later, the splashed part blacken and holes appear. This is because the sulphuric acid.	A. Heats up the cotton so that it burns B. Dehydrates the cotton C. Causes cotton to react with oxygen of the air D. Removes the elements of water from cotton
199	The kinetics of the decomposition of ammonia on the tungsten surface follows	A. Zero order B. First order C. Second order D. Third order
200	Which of the following solution would have the largest depression in freezing point.	A. 1% glucose B. 1 % KCl C. 1 % AICI3 D. 1 % BaCl2
201	For quality control of Portland cement, the test essentially done is.	A. Setting time B. Soundness C. Tensile strength D. All
202	Which of the following has the bighest value.	A. Transnational partition function B. Rotational partition function C. Vibrational partition function D. Electronic partition function
203	Which of the following salt is soluble in water.	A. BaCO3 B. SrCO3 C. CaCO3 D. K2CO3
204	The high oxidizing power of halogens is favored by.	A. Low heat od dissociation of X2 B. A high electron affinity of the atom C. A higher hydration energy of the ion D. All of above
205	Which of the following is a planar molecule.	A. Acetone B. Formic acid C. Acetic acid D. All above
206	What is the equilibrium temperature of transformation of austenite to pearlite	A. 1000 F B. 1333 F C. 166 6 F D. 1222 F
207	The principal quantum number determines the overall size of the orbital and energy of the electron when it is associated with the orbital.lt may have the values.	A. n = 1,3,5infinity B. n= 2,4,6infinity C. n = 1,2,3,4infinity D. None of the abvoe
208	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to applications of H-bonding.	A. It explains the usual b.p. and m.p of certain class of compound. B. It explains the solubility of certain organic compounds in hydroxylic solvents C. It explains the lack of ideal behavior in gases and solutions D. It has stonrg influence on the configuration of certain molecules.
209	LiAlH4 is most useful reducing agent It reduce to alcohol	A. Aldehydes B. Ketone C. Carboxylic acid D. Any of above
210	Which of the following statements is not true with respect to atomic spectroscopy.	A. Atoms are simplest form of matter B. Atoms cannot rotate or vibrate as molecules do C. Only electronic transitions within atoms take place D. Band spectra are observed
211	The relative populations of gourd state and excited state populations at a given flame temperature can be estimated using.	A. Boltzmann distribution law B. Maxwell law C. Lambertie law D. Beer's law
040	A	A. Dipentene B. Myocene

∠1 ∠	An example of acrylic monoterpenoid is	C. a- terpineol D. Limonene
213	The solution of NaOH pH -10.46 contain [OH-]	A. 2.0 X. 10 ⁻⁴ B. 4.6 X 10 ⁻⁴ C. 4.6 X 10 ⁻² D. 4.6 X 10 ⁻³
214	Which of the following is not an ore of nickel.	A. Pentalandite B. Siderite C. Garnierite D. Nicollite
215	Glass was first made by about	A. 40 BC B. 400 BC C. 4000 BC D. 100 BC
216	The constant temperature and pressure, the rates of effusion of various gases vary inversely as square root of their denature. This is a statement of.	A. Boyle's law B. <div>Charles's law</div> C. Graham's law D. Daltons's law
217	The percentage of s-character in the hybrid orbitals sp, sp2 and sp3 follows the pattern.	A. sp3 > sp2 > sp B. sp > sp2 > sp3 C. sp = sp2 >sp3 D. sp = sp2 = sp3
218	When of the following steps is involved in structure determination of an organic compound.	A. Purification of compund. B. Qualitative and quantitative analysis of elements present C. Determination of molar mass D. All above steps
219	The number 7.65 is rounded to.	A. 7.6 B. 7.7 C. 7.5 D. 7.8
220	Which of the following physical property forms the basis of radio chemicals methods of analysis.	A. Absorption of light B. Emission of light C. Radioactivity D. Thermal conductivity
221	The dye which is a constituent of Skiffs reagent used for detection formaldehyde group is.	A. Gentain violet B. Megneta C. Phenolphthalein D. Rosolic acid
222	Amorphous boron on burning in air form	A. B(OH)3 B. Only B2O3 C. Only BN D. Mixture of B2O3 and BN
223	The rusting of iron is catalysed by which of the following.	A. Fe B. O2 C. Zn D. H+
224	Which of the following statements in incorrect.	A. Sodium hydride is ionic B. Beryllium chloride is covalent C. CCl4 gives a white ppt with AgNO3 solutions. D. Bonds in NaCl are non directional
225	Putrefaction is	A. Hydrolysis of proteins B. Reduction of proteins C. Bacterial oxidation of proteins D. All of these
226	Among LiCl, BeCl2, BCl3, and CCl4 the covalent bond character follows the order.	A. LiCl < Becl2< Bcl3 < CCl4 B. LiCl > BeCl2 < BCl3< CCl4 C. LiCl< Becl2 < BCl3 < CCl4 D. LiCl > Becl2 > BCl3 < CCl4
227	The process in which ore is heated generally in the presence of air, at temperature below their melting points is called.	A. Calcination B. Roasting C. Fourth floatation D. besemerization
228	Which of the following range is correct for macro analysis.	A. Minimum 100 mg B. Minimum 10 mg C. Minimum 1 mg D. Minimum 1000 mg
229	The secondary valency of Conc. CoCl3. 6NH3.	A. 2 B. 4 C. 6 D. 8

230	Which of the following substances act as pollutant.	A. Oils B. Greases C. Toxins D. All above
231	The reduction of an alkyne to alkene using Lindlar's catalyst results into	A. Syn addition of hydrogen atoms B. Anti addition of hydrogen atoms C. A mixture obtained by ayn and anti addition of hydrogen which are equilibrium with each other D. A mixture obtained by syn and anti addition of hydrogen which are not in equilibrium with each other.
232	Which one of following is non polar	A. CH2CI2 B. CCI4 C. CHCI3 D. CH3CI
233	CNG is stored under	A. Power generation B. Electric Generators C. Solvent D. All of above
234	Which of the following is major sink for carbo monoxide.	A. Water B. Soil C. Animal respiration D. Salts dissolved in ocean water
235	Amino acids have	A. Acidic group B. Basic group C. Both of these D. None of these
236	The separation efficiency of a column can be expressed in terms of number of.	A. Solvents used B. Theoretical plates C. Stationary phases D. Mobile phases
237	Each fat or oil in made up of	A. A distinctive mixture of several different triglycorides B. A distinctive mixture of several aldehydes C. Mixture of above both D. None of above
238	Which type of polymer the Nylon -06 is	A. Polyamide B. Polyester C. Addition D. Homopolymer
239	Among sodium phosphate, sodium sulphate and sodium chloride the solubility in water increases as.	A. Chloride > Phosphate > Sulphate B. Sulphate > Pohosphate> Chloride C. Chloride > Sulphate > Phosphate D. Phosphate > Chloride > Sulphate
240	The process of heating to redness and then slow cooling in known as	A. Tempering B. Annealing C. <blockquote style="margin: 0 0 0 40px; border: none; padding: 0px;">Quenching</blockquote> D. Hardening
241	When two H atoms approach each other then forces operates.	A. Attractive forces B. Repulaive forces C. Attractive and repulsive D. None of above
242	Which of the following sets of quantum number is possible.	A. $n = 4$, $l = 3$, $m = -3$, $s = 0$ B. $n = 4$, $l = 0$, $m = 0$, $s = +1/2$ C. $n = 4$, $l = 4$, $m = -4$, $s = -1/2$ D. None of these
243	Monomers are Teflon is	A. Monochloroethene B. 1,2- Difluoroethene C. 1,1,2- Trifluoroethene D. Tetrafluoroethene
244	Which of the following techniques involves the distribution of solute between two immiscible liquid phases.	A. Chromatography B. Electrophoresis C. Solvent extractions D. Solid phase extraction

245	The only oxidation state of alkali metals in their compounds is.	B. +2 C1 D. 0
246	Albumin is classified as	A. Simple protein B. Conjugated protein C. Lipoprotein D. Derived protein
247	The most electronegative and the most electromotive elements of the first period is	A. H and He B. Na and Cl C. Li and F D. H and He
248	A catalyst increases the rate of a reaction because.	A. It provides the necessary energy to the colliding molecules to cross energy barrier B. It decreases the heat of the reaction C. It decreases the order of the reaction D. It provides a different path of lower activation energy.
249	When a large block of silicon wafer is reduced to smaller component and hence non material is formed this approach is called.	A. Bottom up B. Top down C. Left to right D. Right to left
250	What typical penetrator is used in Brinell hardness test	A. 1 0 mm ball <o:p></o:p> >/p> B. 1.6 mm diameter ball <o:p></o:p> C. 20 ^o needle <o:p></o:p> D. 20 ^o needle <o:p></o:p> D. None of these <o:p></o:p>
251	Which of the following pollutants does not a leave a residue.	A. Air pollutant B. Chemical pollutant C. Soil pollutant D. Noise pollutant
252	The first ionization energies of the elements of the first transition series. (Ti Cu)	A. Increases as the atomic number increases B. decreases as the atomic number increases C. Do not show any change as the addition of electrons takes place in the inner (n-1) d -orbitals. D. Increases from Ti to Mn and then decreases from Mn to Cu
253	The unit of sodium chloride structure is.	A. Linear B. Cubic C. Tetrahedral D. Square planner
254	Which of the following dye is used an antiseptic .	A. Methyl orange B. Mercurochrome C. Alizarin D. Bismarck brown
255	A man has to think of alternate sources of energy due to	A. Shortage of vehicles B. Shortage of fossil fuels C. Construction of house D. Running of power plant
256	The carbonate of which of the following will have highest lattice energy.	A. Barium B. Magnesium C. Calcium D. Strontium
057		A. Na2B4O7 10H2O
257	The formula of borax glass is.	B. Na2B4O7 5H2O C. Na B4 O7 D. None of above

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260 W 261 A 262 W th 263 W 264 W 265 A th	which of the following species the bonds are non directional. Which of the following exists as polymeric chains in solid state. At the some temperature 0.1 M solution of urea is isotonic with. When two atoms of hydrogen combine to form a molecule of hydrogen gas the energy of he molecule. Which of the following pair on aldol condensation followed by dehydration gives methyl rinyl ketone. Which of the following is most soluble in water. All cycle engines working reversibly between same temperature of source and sink have he same efficiency This is the statement for the. Which of the following is the correct order of interactions.	A. NCI3 B. RbCI C. BeCI2 D. BCI3 A. Sr CI2 B. Ba CI2 C. MgCI2 D. BeCI2 A. 0.1 M glucose solution B. 0.1 M NaCl solution C. 0.1 M urea solution D. 0.1 M BaCI2 solution A. higher than that of the separate atoms B. Equal to that of the separate atoms C. Lower than that of the separate atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometime higher. A. HCHO and CH3COCH3 B. HCHO and CH3CHO C. CH3CHO and CH3CHO C. CH3CHO and CH3CHO D. CH3COCH3 and CH3COCH3 A. BaSO4 B. Sr SO4 C. CaSO4 D. MgSO4 A. Carnot cycle B. Carnot theorem C. Narnst theorem D. Second law of thermodynamics A. Covalent &It hydrogen bonding &It Van Der Waal's &It dipole -dipole B. Van der Waal's &It dipole -dipole &It hydrogen bonding &It covalent C. Van der Waal's &It dipole -dipole &It hydrogen bonding &It covalent D. Dipole-dipole &It Van der Waal's &It
261 A 262 W th 263 W 264 W 265 A th	At the some temperature 0.1 M solution of urea is isotonic with. When two atoms of hydrogen combine to form a molecule of hydrogen gas the energy of the molecule. Which of the following pair on aldol condensation followed by dehydration gives methyl rinyl ketone. Which of the following is most soluble in water. All cycle engines working reversibly between same temperature of source and sink have the same efficiency This is the statement for the.	B. Ba Cl2 C. MgCl2 D. BeCl2 A. 0.1 M glucose solution B. 0.1 M NaCl solution C. 0.1 M urea solution D. 0.1 M BaCl2 solution A. higher than that of the separate atoms B. Equal to that of the separate atoms C. Lower than that of the separate atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometime higher. A. HCHO and CH3COCH3 B. HCHO and CH3CHO C. CH3CHO and CH3CHO D. CH3COCH3 and CH3COCH3 A. BaSO4 B. Sr SO4 C. CaSO4 D. MgSO4 A. Carnot cycle B. Carnot theorem C. Narnst theorem D. Second law of thermodynamics A. Covalent &It hydrogen bonding &It Van Der Waal's &It dipole -dipole B. Van der Waal's &It dipole -dipole &It hydrogen bonding &It hydrogen bonding &It hydrogen bonding &It hydrogen bonding &It covalent
262 What the second sec	When two atoms of hydrogen combine to form a molecule of hydrogen gas the energy of the molecule. Which of the following pair on aldol condensation followed by dehydration gives methyl rinyl ketone. Which of the following is most soluble in water. All cycle engines working reversibly between same temperature of source and sink have the same efficiency This is the statement for the.	B. 0.1 M NaCl solution C. 0.1 M urea solution D. 0.1 M BaCl2 solution A. higher than that of the separate atoms B. Equal to that of the separate atoms C. Lower than that of the separate atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometime higher. A. HCHO and CH3COCH3 B. HCHO and CH3CHO C. CH3CHO and CH3CHO D. CH3COCH3 and CH3COCH3 A. BaSO4 B. Sr SO4 C. CaSO4 D. MgSO4 A. Carnot cycle B. Carnot theorem C. Narnst theorem D. Second law of thermodynamics A. Covalent < hydrogen bonding < Van Der Waal's < dipole -dipole B. Van der Waal's < dipole -dipole < hydrogen bonding < hydrogen bonding < covalent C. Van der Waal's < dipole -dipole < hydrogen bonding < covalent
263 W vi	Which of the following pair on aldol condensation followed by dehydration gives methyl rinyl ketone. Which of the following is most soluble in water. All cycle engines working reversibly between same temperature of source and sink have the same efficiency This is the statement for the.	atoms B. Equal to that of the separate atoms C. Lower than that of the separate atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometime higher. A. HCHO and CH3COCH3 B. HCHO and CH3CHO C. CH3CHO and CH3CHO D. CH3COCH3 and CH3COCH3 A. BaSO4 B. Sr SO4 C. CaSO4 D. MgSO4 A. Carnot cycle B. Carnot theorem C. Narnst theorem D. Second law of thermodynamics A. Covalent < hydrogen bonding < Van Der Waal's < dipole -dipole B. Van der Waal's < hydrogen bonding < dipole -dipole < hydrogen bonding < hydrogen bonding < hydrogen bonding < covalent
264 W 265 A th	Which of the following is most soluble in water. All cycle engines working reversibly between same temperature of source and sink have he same efficiency This is the statement for the.	B. HCHO and CH3CHO C. CH3CHO and CH3CHO D. CH3COCH3 and CH3COCH3 A. BaSO4 B. Sr SO4 C. CaSO4 D. MgSO4 A. Carnot cycle B. Carnot theorem C. Narnst theorem D. Second law of thermodynamics A. Covalent < hydrogen bonding < Van Der Waal's < dipole -dipole B. Van der Waal's < hydrogen bonding < van der Waal's < covalent C. Van der Waal's < cipole -dipole < hydrogen bonding < covalent
265 Att	All cycle engines working reversibly between same temperature of source and sink have he same efficiency This is the statement for the.	B. Sr SO4 C. CaSO4 D. MgSO4 A. Carnot cycle B. Carnot theorem C. Narnst theorem D. Second law of thermodynamics A. Covalent < hydrogen bonding < Van Der Waal's < dipole -dipole B. Van der Waal's < hydrogen bonding < dipole -dipole < covalent C. Van der Waal's < dipole -dipole < hydrogen bonding < covalent
266 W	he same efficiency This is the statement for the.	B. Carnot theorem C. Narnst theorem D. Second law of thermodynamics A. Covalent < hydrogen bonding < Van Der Waal's < dipole -dipole B. Van der Waal's < hydrogen bonding < dipole -dipole < covalent C. Van der Waal's < dipole -dipole < hydrogen bonding < covalent
	Which of the following is the correct order of interactions.	Van Der Waal's < dipole -dipole B. Van der Waal's < hydrogen bonding < dipole -dipole < covalent C. Van der Waal's < dipole -dipole < hydrogen bonding < covalent
267 T		hydrogen bonding < covalent
	The ration of thermal conductivity of silver to that of a carbon nanotube is.	A. 100 : 1 B. 1 : 100 C. 10:1 D. 1:10
268 h	Beside the common silica based SPE particles, polymer supports are also available They have advantages over silica based SPE particles, Which of the following reason is cossible.	A. These are stable over a wide pH range. B. These do not possesses residual silica groups C. These are designed to be wettable and have high capacity than silica base particles. D. All above
	The nutrients which are required in very small amount for the normal growth of plants are alled.	A. Nitrogenous fertilizers<0:p> B. Micronutrients <b<<0:p> C. Phosphorus fertilizer<0:p> D. Phosphorus fertilizer<0:p> D. All of the above<0:p></b<<0:p>
270 W	Which of the following anionic species is not separated by gravimetric analysis.	A. CI- B. SO4 C. CH3COO- D. PO4
271 V	/alences bond theory was put forward by	A. Pauling and Slatter B. Heitler and London C. Lewis D. Pauli

272	What is the most common alloying ingredient in copper?	B. Zinc C. Cobalt D. Nickle
273	Which of the following statements is not true about potash alum.	A. Its empirical formula is KAI (SO4)2 12H2O B. Its aqueous solution is basic in nature C. It is used in dyeing industry D. On heating it melts in its water of crystallization
274	Acute toxicity is expressed by the term	A. LD50 B. IC50 C. I 1/2 D. Mean life
275	What is prefix in steel identification means it is made in an electric furnaced.	A. E. B. H. C. B. D. Z.
276	Monomer of Nylon -6 is	A. Adipic acid B. Hexamethylenediamine C. Caprolactam D. All of these
277	Oil of turpentine contains.	A. a-pinene B. p- pinene C. Both A and B D. None of these
278	When SI is dipped with As, it becomes	A. Superconductor B. p-type conductor C. N-type conductor D. None of these
279	Which of the following is soluble in water.	A. AgF B. AgCl C. AgBr D. Ag I
280	The nitrogen present in some fertilizers helps plants.	A. To fight against diseases <o:p></o:p> B. To fight against diseases <o:p></o:p> C. To undergo photosynthesis <o:p></o:p> D. To undergo photosynthesis <o:p></o:p> D. To produce protein <o:p></o:p>
281	Which of the following statement is not related to the characteristics of gaseous state.	A. The inter molecular forces of attraction are not strong in gaseous state B. The gases do not have definite shape and volume C. The gases are characterized by low density. D. The gases have low comprehensibility
282	Transition elements, in general, exhibit the following properties, except one, Name that property.	A. Variable oxidation state B. Natural radioactivity C. Tendency to form complexes D. Formation of alloys
283	Isotopes are atoms whom nuclei have the same atomic number but different mass numbers. A specific isotope has an atomic number of 18 and a mass number of 35. How many electrons are there in the neutral atom.	A. 17 B. 18 C. 34 D. 35
284	Which of the following techniques are used for minimizing water pollution.	A. Stabilization of ecosystem B. Recharge of the waste C. Waste treatment D. All above
285	The fluoride tooth paste contains	A. SnF2 and Sn2P2O7 B. NaF C. CaF2 D. None of these
286	Connar occure in natura ae	A. Native B. Combined

200	ουμμαι υσομίο πι παιαία αο.	C. Both native and combined D. None of the above
287	Hydrolytic reaction of fat with caustic soda is known as	A. Esterification B. Saponification C. Acetylation D. Carboxylation
288	Drying agent which react with CO2 and removes water vapours is.	A. CaO B. CaCl2 C. CaCO3 D. Ca(NO3)2
289	Which compound among the following does not contain an ionic bond.	A. NaOH B. HCI C. KaS D. LiH
290	Which of the following is not a biodegradable polymer.	A. Protein B. PVC C. Cellulose D. Nucleic acid
291	In the reaction RCO2Na + Na OH (CaO) RH, we eliminate carboxylate group as.	A. CO2 B. Na2CO3 CCO D. CaCO3
292	Pick out incorrect statement regarding HF	A. It is used for making chlorofluorocarbon used as refrigerating fluids and as propellants in aerosols B. It is used in making ASIF3 and synthetic cryolite C. Aqueous HF is used for etchine glass D. HF does not react with B2O3 even in presence of conc. H2SO4
293	Which of the following pairs of fundamental particles are present in equal numbers in a neutral atom.	A. Proton and neutron B. Proton and positron C. Electron and proton D. Neutron and electron
294	When HCl is titrated against NaOH, the pH at the equivalence point is.	A. zero B. > 7 C. < 7 D. 14
295	Which type of organic compounds does fat belong to.	A. Alkene B. Ester C. Alkanol D. Alkanoic acid
296	In a system of designating wrought aluminum alloys. what does the second digit represents.	A. The purity of aluminum B. The identity of the alloy C. The modification of the alloy group or impurity limits D. None of above
297	The vibration degrees of freedom for a linear and non liner poly atomic molecule of seven atoms each an respectively	A. 30 and 29 B. 30 and 32 C. 28 and 29 D. None of above
298	The relative error is usually expressed as	A. Parts per ten B. Parts per one C. Parts per hundred D. Botha C and D
299	Fats and oil are	A. Acids B. Alcohols C. Salts D. Base
300	Which of the following has the highest lattice energy	A. LiCl B. NaCl C. KCl D. CaCl
301	In B2H6 molecule	A. There exists a direct B-B a -bond B. All the atoms are in one plane C. All the B-H bonds are normal covalent bonds D. There exist two bonds between the boron atoms.
302	Which of the following is not an alkali metal.	A. Potassium B. Francium C. Sodium D. Strontium

303	Which of the following statement is not relevant with nitrous oxide.	A. It is a colorless and odourless gas B. It is non toxic gas C. It is present in the atmosphere in higher concentration D. It has high reactivity in the lower atmosphere
304	What is the function of Head Box in paper making machine.	A. It dry the paper B. It reduces thickness of paper C. It makes the surface of paper smooth D. It discharge the pulp at the screen of fourdrinier table
305	Boric Acid is used	A. In manufacture of pottery glaze B. In medicine as an antiseptic C. In tanning industry D. All above
306	Which of the following contains both covalent and ionic bond.	A. CCI4 B. NH4CI C. CaCI2 D. H2O
307	A stable molecule is a group of atoms held together by	A. Chemical forces B. Physical forces C. Valence force D. None of above
308	In urea the amount of nitrogen is	A. 82.0% B. 46.0% C. 33.0% D. 21.0%
309	In their ionic compounds halogens exhinit the oxidation states of.	A1 B2 C3 D4
310	The number of hydrogen bond present in G -C pair is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 4 D. 3
311	Which of the following compound will be optically active.	A. Suceinic acid B. Meso tartaric acid C. Acetic acid D. Lactic acid
312	According to SHAH concept the Lewis bases were classified on the basis os.	A. Charge ion size B. Polarization consideration C. Electron and co coordinating ability D. All of above
313	Tetra halides do not undergo hydrolysis	A. C B. Si C. Sn D. Pb
314	Alkyl cyanide and alkyl isocyanides are	A. Tautomers B. Metamers C. Functional isomers D. None of the above
315	1 meter = nm	A. 10 ⁹ B. 10 ⁻⁹ C. 10 ¹⁰ D. 10 ⁻¹⁰
316	According to Henry's Law. the mole fraction of a gas (x) dissolved in a solvent is related to the pressure of the gas.	A. x = k/p B. x = p/k C. x = k D. p = k/x
317	What refers to the tin mill steel, without a coating.	A. White plate B. Black plate C. Tin steel free D. Dichromate tin
318	The flow of solvent into a solution when two are separated by a semi -permeable membrane is called.	A. Mixing B. Effusion C. Diffusion D. Osmosis
319	Type of hybrid orbitals used by the chlroine atom in ClO2 is.	A. sp2 B. sp3 C. sp D. None of these

320	Which of the following statements is not true with reference to ionic conductors.	A. lonic conductance is due to movement of the ions B. It involves the transfer of matter C. It involves oxidation reduction reactions D. It decreases with rise in temperature.
321	The blue colour of CuSO4 disappears on adding Zn granules to it . it is because of .	A. Oxidation of Cu atom B. Oxidation of Zn ²⁺ C. Oxidation Cu ²⁺ D. Oxidation of Zn ²⁺
322	Hemimorphite is an example of.	A. Orthosilicate B. Pyrosilicate C. Cyclic silicate D. Meta silicate
323	For covalent bond to form between two atoms A and B	A. Transference of electrons must take place from A to B B. A pair of electrons of A is shared by both A and B C. A and B contribute equal no. of electrons for mutual sharing by A and B D. One of the atom A or B must already have octet of electrons.
324	A device which is used to measure the interracial angle is known as	A. Voltmeter B. Potentiometer C. pH Meter D. Goniometer
325	H2SO4 acts as gent	A. Reducing B. Oxidizing C. Both A and B D. None of above
326	Cryolite is used in the electrolytic extraction of aluminium to.	A. Obtain more aluminium B. Reduce alumina C. Protective electrodes D. Dissolve bauxite and increase the electrical conductivity
327	Ozone layer of stratosphere requires protection from indiscriminate use of.	A. Fungicides, insecticides, bactericides and medicines B. Aerosols and high flying jets C. Atomic explosions and industrial wastes D. Weather ballons
328	The cooling of molten urea by air in the tower is called.	A. Prilling <0:p> B. Evaporation<0:p> C. Condensation<0:p> D. Condensation<0:p> D. Distillation<0:p>
329	Noble gases are used in discharge tubes to give different colours. Raddish orange glow is due to.	A. Ar B. Ne C. Xe D. Kr
330	Which of the following process always involve the decrease in oxidation number.	A. Hydrolysis B. Elecomposition C. Oxidation D. Reduction
331	The study of coiled long peptide chains of protein to give a 3 dimensional structure is the study of.	A. Primary structure B. Secondary structure. C. Tertiary structure D. Quaternary structure.
332	At constant temperature , the decrease in Halmholts free energy is equal to.	A. Decrease in entropy B. Increase in entropy C. Reversible work done by the system D. All types of work done
		$\Delta \Delta = 1 \text{ s.v.} 1000\text{ M}$

333	Which of the following expressions represent the equivalent conductance.	B. A = Ls x 1000/C C. A = Ls I/A D. A = Ls/V
334	iodine is used as	A. Tincture of iodine B. lodex and antiseptic C. Treatment of goiter D. All above
335	Which of the following detector is used in GC analysis	A. Thermal conductivity detector B. Flame ionization detector C. Mass spectrometer D. All above
336	Which of the following instruments is used to measure the optical activity.	A. Refractometer B. Conductivity meter C. Polarimeter D. Torsion meter
337	Glucose and fructose react with which of the following reagent to give same product.	A. Tollen's reagent B. Phenyl hydrazine C. Hydroxyl amine D. All of these
338	In compressive strength of a nanotube its tensile strength.	A. I less than B. Is greater than C. Is equal to D. Less than or equal to.
339	The matrix is usually in the form of.	A. Sand B. Limestone C. Rocks D. All
340	In which pair of species, the Lewis formulae contain same number of ion pairs and bond pairs but they are not isoelectronic.	A. O2, N2 B. SO2, O3 C. PCI3, BF3 D. SOCI2, COCI3
341	Which of the halogens has lowest bond energy.	A. Cl2 B. Br2 C. F2 D. l2
342	Magnalium is alloy of Aluminium which is used in	A. Scientific apparatus B. Aircraft parts C. Rail road care D. Boat machinery
343	Bromine is used as	A. Fungicides B. Herbicides C. Germicides D. Insecticides
344	O2 molecule is.	A. Fermagnetic B. Forromagnetic C. Paramagnetic D. Diamagnetic
345	In Pakistan how many units are involved to the production of glass.	A. 20 B. 25 C. 30 D. None of these
346	Glycine reacts with nitrous acid to form	A. Methyl amino B. Acetic acid C. Zwitter ion D. Glycollic acid
347	For a given mass of a gas at constant temperature, if the value V becomes a times, the pressure will become.	A. 3P B. P/3 C. 9P D. 3P/T
348	Commercial incinerators produce.	A. Smoke B. CO C. NOx D. All above
349	A system is said to be in the colloidal state if the particle size of the dispersed phase ranges from	A. <div> _o</div> I to 10 A B. 10 to 10000 A C. 10 to 100 A D. 1000 to 10000 A
350	Who prepared and explained nano tubes for the first time.	A. Sumio Tijima B. Richard Smaley C. Erick Drexler D. Richard Feynamann

351	Which of the following colligative properties can be used to characterize colloidal particles.	A. Lowering in vapour pressure B. Elevation in boiling point C. Depression in freezing point D. Osmotic pressure
352	lonic bond are also forces called as.	A. Polar bond B. Electrovalent bond C. None polar bond D. Both A and B
353	Strongest inter molecular hydrogen bond is formed in	A. H2O B. NH3 C. HF D. H2S
354	Elements in the same vertical group of the periodical have same	A. Number of electron B. Atomic number C. Number of valence elections D. Electronic configuration
355	The different layers in graphite are held together by	A. lonic bonding B. Metallic bonding C. Covalent bonding D. Van der Waals forces
356	a- pinene hydrochloride on warming rdarranges to form bornyl chloride. The rearrangement is known as.	A. Pinacol pinacolone B. Hofinann C. Wager Mecrwein D. Wolff
357	The pH Value 4.2 is of	A. Vinegar B. Lemons C. Oranges D. Tomatoes
358	Homolytic fission of convalent bond results in the formation of.	A. Free redicals B. Carbocations C. Carbonions D. Both B and C
359	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to photo chemical reactions.	A. These take place in the presence of light B. Free energy of these reactions may be positive or negative C. Light intensity affect these reactions D. Temperature has significant affect n rate of these reactions
360	Each of the following compound react with Grignard's reagent to form alkane exxcept.	A. Ethanal B. Ethanoic acid C. Ethanol D. Ethync
361	In vinyl cyanide, the number of a bonds in	A. 2 B. 3 C. 1 D. 4
362	At high temperature nitrogen combines with calcium carbide to give	A. Calcium cyanide B. Calcium cyanamide C. Calcium nitride D. Calcium cabonate
363	Arrhenius concept explained	A. Constant heat of neutralization B. Quantitative determination of acid base strength C. Catalytic property of acid D. All above
364	Pig iron is also called.	A. Cast iron B. Steel C. Wrought iron D. Stainless steel
365	Which of the following is not biological characteristics of water.	A. COD B. Animals C. Plants D. Viruses
366	Eutrophication is process which involves	A. Depletion of ozone layer B. Increase in the concentration of ozone in water C. Decrease in the concentration of dissolved oxygen in water by algae D. Decrease in the level of SO2 in air
367	The reverse of nhoto chemical reaction is called	A. Phosphorescence B. Chemiluminescence

	The reserve of priote enemical reaction to ealies.	C. Fluorescence D. Photscnaitization
368	The steroid which plays an important role in carbohydrate metabolism is.	A. Oestrone B. Progestrrone. C. Androsterone D. Cortisone
369	Pick out the incorrect statements for transition metals.	A. They have low melting and boiling points B. 5d-element have higher energies than 3d or 4 d elements C. Zr and Hf have almost identical atomic and ionic radii D. They form interstitial compounds.
370	Xenon diflouride is obtained by irradiating a mixture of xenon and fluorine with light from a high pressure.	A. Mercury arc B. Tungeston arc C. Xenon arc D. None of above
371	Which of the following elements display maximum tnedency to form P Pi - p Pl multiple bonds with itself and with carbon and oxygen.	A. N B. p C. Bi D. As
372	Brass is an alloy of	A. Copper and tin B. Copper and zinc C. Aluminium and nickel D. Leed and tin
373	A covalent bond which is formed between two atoms by the overlap of atomic orbitals along their axis is called.	A. Pi bond B. Sigma bond C. Polar bond D. Non polar bond
374	A group that causes deepning of the colour is known as	A. Bathchromic B. Hypsochromic C. Hypochromic D. Hyperchromic
375	In normal mode of operations of liquid liquid partition, a polar stationary phase is used with a non polar mobile phase Which of the following solvent is used as mobile phase.	A. Ethanol B. Propanol C. Butanol
376	In which of the following group, each member given a positive iodoform test.	D. Hexane A. Methanol, ethanol, propanone B. Ethanol, isopropyl alcohol, methanol C. Ethanol, ethanal, isopropyl alcohol D. Propanal 2-propanol, propanone
377	Which parameter of a chemical reaction will change with the use of a catalyst.	A. Delta F, change in free energy B. Delta S, change in entropy C. Delta E, change in internal energy D. K, the rate constant
378	The height to which a liquid will rise in an open capillary tube is inversely proportional to.	A. Temperature of the liquid B. Surface tension C. Density of the liquid D. Air pressure
379	SO2 is generated from which of the following industry.	A. Drying and packing B. Paper C. Pulp D. paper and pulp
380	CFT was originally applied to.	A. Ionic crystal B. Liquid crystal C. Solid crystal D. All above
381	Bryllium salts on hydrolysis give.	A. Basic solutions B. Acidic solutions C. Neutral solutions D. Amphoteric solutions.
382	The splitting of H2O can be carried out through	A. Photolysis B. Electrolysis C. Dialysis D. Hydrogenation
383	Transition metal possess	A. Definite color B. Catalytic power C. Both A and B D. None of above
384	Which of the following material is a constituent of crop residue.	A. Cull B. Fruit C. vines

	<u>-</u>	D. Bagasse E. All above
385	The wire of flash bulb is made up of.	A. Cu B. Ag C. Mg D. Ba
386	To increase the life of filament and to low the heat conductivity a mixture in filled in electric bulb.	A. Ar & N2 B. Ar & Kr C. Kr & N2 D. Xe & N2
387	Hydrogen bons holding the strand to nucleic acids are formed between	A. Sugar and base units B. Base unit C. Sugar ane phosphate units D. Sugar units
388	Drained sewage has B.O.D.	A. More than that of water B. Less than that of water C. Equal to that of water D. None of the above
389	Elements of group 14	A. Exhibit oxidation state of -4 B. Exhibit oxidation state of +4 C. From M3+ and M4+ ions D. Form M4- and M4+ iona
390	Which of the following statements regarding phenols is not correct.	A. Phenol Is are stronger acids than water and alcohols. B. Phenol are weaker acids than carboxylic acids C. Phenol are solubel in both aqueous NaOH and aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate
		D. Phenoxides ions are more stable than the corresponding phenol
391	Water is often treated with chlorine to	A. Increases oxygen content B. Kill germs C. Cause sedimentation D. Remove insoluble impurities.
392	During the titration of weak acid against NaOH the conductance of the solution after the neutralization point.	A. Is constant B. Decreases C. Varies irregularly D. Increase
393	The colour imparted by lithium to the flame is.	A. Golden yellow B. Grasay green C. Violet D. Red
394	Which of the following is not a proper use of Ni.	A. It is used as catalyst B. It is used in alloy formation C. It is used in the preparation of Monel metal D. It is attached by alkalis
395	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding galvanic cells.	A. Oxidation occurs at the anode B. lons carry current inside the cell C. Electrons flow around the external circuit. form cathode to anode D. When the e.m.f. of the cell is positive cell reactionis spontaneous
396	The oxidation state shown by phosphorus is.	A 3 B. + 3 C. + 3 and +5 D3 ,+ 3 and +5
397	Which property is not exhibited by carbon in its compounds.	A. Forming bounds to other carbon atoms B. Formation multiple forms C. Exhibiting allotropic forms D. Forming compounds with coordination number beyond four
398	Which of the following is not true as compared with alkaline earth metals.	A. Alkali metals are more reactive B. Alkali metals have lower density C. Alkali metals are more electro positiveness D. Alkali metals have stronger metallic bonds
399	Poise is a unit of.	A. Refractive index B. Optical activity C. Fluidity D. Viscosity

400	The unit of sound pressure level is	A. Pascal B. Decibel C. Newton D. Ampere
401	An optically active compound	A. _{Must contain at least favour carbons} B. When in solution rotate the plane of polarized light C. Most always contain an asymmetric carbon atom D. In solution always give negative reading in polarimetre
402	Which of the following source is commonly used as excitation source in fluorimeter.	A. Tungsten lamp B. Mercury vapour lamp C. Nernst vapur lamp D. Radio souse
403	Which one of the following does not exhibit paramegnetion.	A. NO B. NO2 C. CiO2 D. CIO-2
404	When 0.01 moles of NaOH are added to a buffer solution, its pH changes from 4.745 to 4.832 WHAT IS ITS.	A. 0.115 B. 0.900 C. 0.015 D. 0.215
405	Layer of the C -atom in graphite are hold together by	A. Covalent bonds B. Free electrons C. lonic bond D. Van Dar Waals forces
406	Which of the following statements is not correct. with respect to resonance.	A. The position of atomic nuclei mus be same B. The limiting structures must have same number of paired and unpaired electrons. C. The energy of the various limiting structures must contribute equally D. All above
407	Helium is used for	A. The preservation of food B. Filling electrical transformer C. Pressuring agent in rockets D. All of above
408	In reverse phase chromatography which of the analyte will be retained more on the stationary phase.	A. Semi polar B. Non polar C. Polar D. None of the above
409	Which type of the coal preferred for metallurgical coal.	A. Lignite B. Peat C. Bituminous coal D. None of these
410	Which of the following acid radical gives chromyl chorate test.	A. F- B. I- C. CI- D. Br-
411	Which of the following statements is not correct regarding the structure of DNA.	A. It has a double helix structure. B. There are hydrogen bonds in its structure C. Unlike RNA there is no fixed ratio of bases in DNA D. The code for protein synthesis is given by the sequence of bases in DNA
412	They hydrolysis of methly acetate is a reaction of.	A. First order B. Second order C. Third oirder D. Fourth order
413	Which one of the following noble gas is obtained by radioactive disintegrastion	A. Kr B. Br C. Rn D. Xe
414	Which of the following substance act as photochemical oxidant	A. Ozone B. NOx C. peroxyacetyl nitrate D. All above
415	Ozone depletion in stratosphere will result in	A. Forest fires B. Increased incidence of skin cancer

416 A mong the unit cells given bolow, which has the highest symmetry A A Monocoline B. Classe C. Reaggard C. C. Reaggard C. discoord plane of C. discoord plane o		Ozono aopionon in on alcoprioro mii rocali in	C. Global warming D. None of the above
417 Among the following a good solvent for a Grignard reagent formation would be. B. directly either c. diffusion or than D. Internativation of the control of	416	Among the unit cells given below, which has the highest symmetry	B. Cubic C. Hexagonal
Hospinous is detected by fusing the organic compound with ——followed by extraction D. C. Sodium per oxide	417	Among the following a good solvent for a Grignard reagent formation would be.	B. dimethyl ether C. difiuoro ethane
### The extinction co efficient has the units. ### The extinction co extinct with respect to applications of Hammett	418		B. H2SO4 C. Sodium per oxide
420 Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to applications of Hammett equations. In his equation on can be used to calculate the value of pick-sub-a-visub-C. This equation on can be used to calculate the value of pick-sub-a-visub-C. This equation on can be used to calculate the value of pick-sub-a-visub-C. This equation on can be used to calculate the value of pick-sub-a-visub-C. This equation on can be used to calculate the value of pick-sub-a-visub-C. This equation on can be used to calculate the value of pick-sub-a-visub-C. This equation on can be used to calculate the value of pick-sub-a-visub-C. This equation on the pick of sub-pick-pick-pick-pick-pick-pick-pick-pick	419	The extinction co efficient has the units.	B. cm3 mol-1 C. mol cm-3
421 Domestic waste mostly constitutes 422 Which element out of the following can exhibit a maximum co valency of seven. 423 The formation of daughter DNA's from parent DNA is called. 424 Which of the following is not an alum. 425 Which of the following properties of a system does not change in a state of equilibrium. 426 Select an acidic amino acid 427 Which of the following analytical techniques can be used to extract metal ion chelates. 428 In XeF2 molecules, Xe atom undergoes hybridization 429 An element with high electronegativity has 430 Aluminium does not corrode as does iron because. 431 Which of the following statement is not related to BVT A Chloring B D Author C. Effluents A Chloring B Electrone C Reproduction C Rep	420		between structure and reactivity B. This equation on can be used to calculate the value of pK _a C. This equation does not help to calculate the rate of some reactions D. This equation has mechanistic
422 Which of the following is not an alum. 423 The formation of daughter DNA's from parent DNA is called. 424 Which of the following is not an alum. 425 Which of the following properties of a system does not change in a state of equilibrium. 426 Select an acidic amino acid 427 Which of the following analytical techniques can be used to extract metal ion chelates. 428 In XeF2 molecules, Xe atom undergoes hybridization 429 An element with high electronegativity has 430 Aluminium does not corrode as does iron because. 431 Which of the following statement is not related to BVT 432 By Les Cupilar Corroding Statement is not related to BVT 433 By Less Cupilar Corroding Statement is not related to BVT 434 By Less Cupilar Corroding Statement is not related to BVT 445 By Laptic acid Cupilar Corroding Statement is not related to BVT 446 By Laptic acid Cupilar Corroding Statement is not related to BVT 447 By Laptic Carloding Statement is not related to BVT 448 By Laptic Carloding Statement is not related to BVT 449 By Laptic Carloding Statement is not related to BVT 449 By Laptic Carloding Statement is not related to BVT 449 By Laptic Carloding Statement is not related to BVT 440 By Laptic Carloding Statement is not related to BVT 440 By Laptic Carloding Statement is not related to BVT 441 By Laptic Carloding Statement is not related to BVT 442 By Laptic Carloding Statement is not related to BVT	421	Domestic waste mostly constitutes	B. Biodegradable pollution C. Effluents
The formation of daughter DNA's from parent DNA is called. B. Transcription C. Reproduction D. Replication A KAI (SOA)3 12 HzO B. ANAI (SOA)3 12 HzO C. N+4Fe (SOA)2 12 HzO D. FeAI (SOA)2 12 HzO D.	422	Which element out of the following can exhibit a maximum co valency of seven.	B. Fluorine C. Sulphur
424 Which of the following is not an alum. 8. B. NAI (SO4)2 12 H2CO C. N-H4Fe (SO4)2 12 H2CO D. FeAI (SO4)2 .12 H2CO A. Density B. Pressure C. Colour D. All above properties 426 Select an acidic amino acid 427 Which of the following analytical techniques can be used to extract metal ion chelates. 428 In XeF2 molecules, Xe atom undergoes hybridization 429 An element with high electronegativity has A High IE and high EA B. High IE and low EA C. Low IE and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. Low IE and low EA C. All does not react with O2 B. a-protective layer of Al2O3 forms on the metal surface C. All is harder to oxidize than is Fe D. Fe gives chathodic protection to Al A individual orbitals lose their indention B. WBT uses the concept of resonance C. WBT does not explain the paramanhetic nature of molecule	423	The formation of daughter DNA's from parent DNA is called.	B. Transcription C. Reproduction
426 Which of the following properties of a system does not change in a state of equilibrium. 426 Select an acidic amino acid A. Lysine B. Cystine C. Aspartic acid D. Aminoacetic acid D. Aminoacetic acid A. Solvent extractions B. Evaporation C. Aspartic acid D. Aminoacetic acid D. Aminoacetic acid A. Solvent extractions B. Evaporation C. GC D. Distillation 428 In XeF2 molecules, Xe atom undergoes hybridization A. spd B. sp2 C. sp3 D. sp3d A. High IE and high EA B. High IE and low EA C. Low IE and High EA D. Low IE and High EA D. Low IE and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and high EA D. Low IE and low EA C. I. and High EA D. Low IE and high EA D. Low	424	Which of the following is not an alum.	B. NaAl (SO4)2 12 H2O C. NH4Fe (SO4)2 12H2O
Select an acidic amino acid Select an acidic amino acid B. Cystine C. Aspartic acid D. Aminoacetic acid	425	Which of the following properties of a system does not change in a state of equilibrium.	B. Pressure C. Colour
Which of the following analytical techniques can be used to extract metal ion chelates. B. Evaporation C. GC D. Distillation A spd B. sp2 C. sp3 D. sp3 D. sp3d An element with high electronegativity has A ligh IE and high EA B. High IE and low EA C. Low IE and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. Low IE and low EA C. Low IE and low EA C. Low IE and low EA D. Fe gives chathodic protection to Al A individual orbitals lose their indention B. WBT uses the concept of resonance C. VBT does not explain the paramanhetic nature of molecule	426	Select an acidic amino acid	B. Cystine C. Aspartic acid
428 In XeF2 molecules, Xe atom undergoes hybridization B. sp2 C. sp3 D. sp3d A. High IE and high EA B. High IE and low EA C. Low IE and High EA D. Low IE and low EA C. Low IE and low EA C. Low IE and low EA D. Low IE and low EA D. Low IE and low EA D. Low IE and low EA A. Al does not react with O2 B. a-protective layer of Al2O3 forms on the metal surface C. Al is harder to oxidize than is Fe D. Fe gives chathodic protection to Al A. individual orbitals lose their indention B. VBT uses the concept of resonance C. VBT does not explain the paramanhetic nature of molecule	427	Which of the following analytical techniques can be used to extract metal ion chelates.	B. Evaporation C. GC
An element with high electronegativity has B. High IE and low EA C. Low IE and High EA D. Low IE and low EA A. Al does not react with O2 B. a-protective layer of Al2O3 forms on the metal surface C. Al is harder to oxidize than is Fe D. Fe gives chathodic protection to Al A. individual orbitals lose their indention B. VBT uses the concept of resonance C. VBT does not explain the paramanhetic nature of molecule	428	In XeF2 molecules, Xe atom undergoes hybridization	B. sp2 C. sp3
Aluminium does not corrode as does iron because. B. a-protective layer of Al2O3 forms on the metal surface C. Al is harder to oxidize than is Fe D. Fe gives chathodic protection to Al A. individual orbitals lose their indention B. VBT uses the concept of resonance C. VBT does not explain the paramanhetic nature of molecule	429	An element with high electronegativity has	B. High IE and low EA C. Low IE and High EA
431 Which of the following statement is not related to BVT B. VBT uses the concept of resonance C. VBT does not explain the paramanhetic nature of molecule	430	Aluminium does not corrode as does iron because.	B. a-protective layer of Al2O3 forms on the metal surface C. Al is harder to oxidize than is Fe
	431	Which of the following statement is not related to BVT	B. VBT uses the concept of resonance C. VBT does not explain the paramanhetic nature of molecule

432	In whihc period, the element with least ionization enthalpy belong to	A. Group I B. Group 2 C. Group 17 D. Group 18
433	Excluding H-atom , Hydrogen bond never involves more than atoms.	A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four
434	The half life for a first order reactions 32 s, What was the original concertation if after 2.0 minutes, the reactant concentration is 0.062 M.	A. 0.84 M B. 0.069 M C. 0.091 M D. 0.075 M
435	Which of the following is an example of molecular solids.	A. MgO B. ZnO C. Ice D. Graphite
436	The juice is allowed to boil at lower temperatures to protect the sugar from	A. Hardening B. Solubility in water C. Caramelization D. Dwatering
437	Who proved that all the six hydrogen atoms in benzen are equivalent.	A. Kekule B. Ladenburg C. Faraday D. Wohler
438	Enfleurage process is ued to extract the essential oils from	A. Bark of plant B. Seeds of plant C. Leaves of plant D. Flowers of plant
439	Natural gas can be transported through	A. Cylinders B. Pipes C. Barriers D. All of above
440	The second order rate constant can have units.	A. dm-6 mol 2 s-1 B. dm3 mol s-1 C. dm ³ mol ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ D. dm6 mol-1 s-1
441	Which of the following is not a chemical pollutant.	A. Solid waste B. Noiso C. Insecticides D. Liquid waste
442	Cyclic polymers of ethylene glycol formed by condensation are called.	A. Crown ether B. Brown ether C. Cryptates D. Both A and C
443	Group VII A of periodic table consist of elements.	A. 4 B. <div>5</div> C. 6 D. 7
444	The Lewis formula of SOCI2 the total number of bond pairs and lone pairs of electrons around sulphur are.	A. 2,1 B. 2 ,2 C. 3 ,1 D. 3 ,0
445	Maximum desirable concentration of fluorides according to international standard is.	A. 10-100 ppm B. 1 ppm C. 100-200 ppm D. 10-20 ppm
446	Which of the following is not a component of flame photometer.	A. Pressure regulator and flow meter B. The atomizer C. The burner D. Hallow cathode lamp
447	Explosive trioxide XeO3 is produced when	A. XeOF4 reacts with water B. XeOF4 reacts with silica C. XeF4 reacts with water D. Any of above statements
448	Boron and aluminum halides are electron deficient compounds in this respect. they act as.	A. Lewis acid B. Lewis base C. Oxidizing agent D. Reducing agent
		A.

A.

449	What is the lowest temperature diffusion hardening process and does not require a quench	B. Tempering<0:p> C. Nitriding <0:p> D. Nitriding <0:p> D. Melting<0:p>
450	In the presence of dilute alkali monosaccharides undergo reversible isomerisation . The reaction known as.	A. Kiliani reaction B. Weermann rearrrangement C. Lobry do Bruyn Van Ekenstein rearrangement D. Mutarotation
451	Which of the following gas is lightest.	A. Dihydrogen B. Helium C. Dinitrogen D. Dioxygen
452	Which of following is used as make up chemical in Kraft process.	A. Na2CO3 B. KCI C. Na2SO4 D. NaOH
453	When calcium is heated in the flame of a Bunsen burner, the colour imparted to the flame is.	A. Golden yellow B. Brick red C. Crimson red D. Grassy green
454	C - O bond lengths in carboxylate anion are equal due to.	A. Resonance effect B. Inductive effect C. Resonance of identical contributing structures. D. Hyperconjugation
455	Electronegativity is given by	A. Average of first and second ionization energies. B. Average of first and second electron affinites C. Average of ionization energy and electron affinity D. None of the above
		A. A 370
456	What is the ASTM tension testing designation for standard method for steel products.	B. E 345 C. E8 D. E 9
456	What is the ASTM tension testing designation for standard method for steel products. Which of the following is not a characteristics of terpenoids.	B. E 345 C. E8
		B. E 345 C. E8 D. E 9 A. They are pleasant smelling liquids B. They are steam volatile C. They are nitrogenous bases
457	Which of the following is not a characteristics of terpenoids.	B. E 345 C. E8 D. E 9 A. They are pleasant smelling liquids B. They are steam volatile C. They are nitrogenous bases D. they are insoluble in water A. It is a strong electilizing agent B. It attacks organic compounds containing carbon carbon double bond C. Its molecular is linear and has two different O-O bond lengths D. It is more powerful oxidising agent at
457 458	Which of the following is not a characteristics of terpenoids. Which of the following is not true of ozone.	B. E 345 C. E8 D. E 9 A. They are pleasant smelling liquids B. They are steam volatile C. They are nitrogenous bases D. they are insoluble in water A. It is a strong electilizing agent B. It attacks organic compounds containing carbon carbon double bond C. Its molecular is linear and has two different O-O bond lengths D. It is more powerful oxidising agent at molecular oxygen A. Cubic B. Trigonal C. Tetragonal
457 458 459	Which of the following is not a characteristics of terpenoids. Which of the following is not true of ozone. The unit cell having dimensions, a = b=c, alpha = beta= gama not equal 90 ° is known.	B. E 345 C. E8 D. E 9 A. They are pleasant smelling liquids B. They are steam volatile C. They are nitrogenous bases D. they are insoluble in water A. It is a strong electilizing agent B. It attacks organic compounds containing carbon carbon double bond C. Its molecular is linear and has two different O-O bond lengths D. It is more powerful oxidising agent at molecular oxygen A. Cubic B. Trigonal C. Tetragonal D. Monoclinic A. Deepens the colour B. Lightene the colour C. Shifts absorption to shorter wavelength
457 458 459	Which of the following is not a characteristics of terpenoids. Which of the following is not true of ozone. The unit cell having dimensions, a = b=c, alpha = beta= gama not equal 90 o is known. Conjugation of chromophore	B. E 345 C. E8 D. E 9 A. They are pleasant smelling liquids B. They are steam volatile C. They are nitrogenous bases D. they are insoluble in water A. It is a strong electilizing agent B. It attacks organic compounds containing carbon carbon double bond C. Its molecular is linear and has two different O-O bond lengths D. It is more powerful oxidising agent at molecular oxygen A. Cubic B. Trigonal C. Tetragonal D. Monoclinic A. Deepens the colour B. Lightene the colour C. Shifts absorption to shorter wavelength D. All of these A. Carcinoma and breast cancer B. Leukemia C. Increases biological immune system

463	Which of the following is an important aspect of industrial ecology.	B. Minimising liquid waste C. Recycling after use D. All above
464	Which of the following reactions is employed to produce ozone in the laboratory.	A. Exposure of air to UV light B. Reaction of F2 with H2O at low temperature C. Reaction SO2 with H2O2 D. Passage of silent electric discharge through oxygen
465	In extraction of iron, the furnace charge consists of iron ore, coke and limestone. The function of limestone is to act as.	A. An oxidation agent B. A reducing agent C. Flux D. Slag
466	Which of the following is most basic.	A. Aniline B. Benzylamine C. Diphenylamine D. N-methylaniline
467	The commonly used catalyst in the manufacture of H2SO4	A. Fe2O3 with a little CuO B. v2O5 C. Platinized asbestos and MgSO4 D. All above
468	Which of the following are anionic detergents.	A. Sodium salts of sulfonated long chain alcohol B. Ester of stearic acid and polythlene glycol C. Quaternary ammonium salt of amine with acetate ion D. Sodium salts of sulfonated long chain hydrocarbons
469	Radon is obtained only in the radioactive decay of	A. Radium B. Thorium C. Actinium D. Any of above
470	What is the following is incorrect.	A. Water is more polar than H2S B. H2O2 is a planar molecule C. Heavy water is produced by the exhauative electrolysis of water made acidic D. H2O2 act both as oxidising as well as reducing agent in acidic medium
471	Which of the following specie is stronger acid than formic acid, HCOOH, in aqueous solution.	A. CH3COOH B. NH+4 C. H2SO-3 D. H4P2O7
472	When fullerencs were discovered they were thought to be	A. First example of spherical aromatic molecule B. First example of spherical non aromatic molecule C. First example of diamond lime molecule D. None of the above
473	Which of the following has the greatest metallic character.	A. Na B. Mg C. Al D. <div>Si</div>
474	In hydrogen bonding a hydrogen atom is bonded to which of the highly electronegative atoms.	A. N B. O C. F D. N,O,F
475	Sodium react more vigorously than lithium because.	A. It is a metal B. It has higher atomic mass C. It is more electronegative D. It is more electropositive
476	A ^o or 10 Dq is called crystal field.	A. Energy B. Splitting energy C. Stabilization energy D. None of above
477	Final paper wound in the form of a real having final moisture of about.	A. 6-8% B. 9 - 12 % C. 13-15 % D. 4 - 10%
478	The change of chemical potential of any component with temperature an constant P and	A. Partial molar enthalpy of that component B. Partial molar volume

### Sols D. The stability of the sols is mainly due to the electrical double layer ### Which of the following substance is generally not considered an air polutant. ### Which of the following process is used for the conversion of matte is to nickel. ### A Orford process B. Mond's process ### Which of the following process is used for the conversion of matte is to nickel. ### A A A Sold		composition, is euqai to.	C. Partial molar free energy D. Negative of the partial molar entropy
A	479	What is considered as the general purpose oldest type and widely used case iron.	B. Alloy iron C. Black iron
### The fulPAC suffix used for NC group is	480	In TGA, the width loss curve depends on the which instrumental factors.	B. Recording or chart speed C. Furnace atmosphere
Which of the following statement is false regarding lyphilic sols. 8. These are generally easy to prepare C. These are more stable than lyophobic sols. 9. These are more stable than lyophobic sols. 1. The sear of generally easy to prepare C. These are more stable than lyophobic sols. 1. The stability of the sols is mainly due to the electrical double layer. 1. CO2 1. NO2 1. NO3 1	481	The IUPAC suffix used for NC group is	B. Isocyanides C. Carbylamines
### Which of the following substance is generally not considered an air polutant. ### CSO2 D. NO2 ### Which of the following process is used for the conversion of mattle is to nickel. ### Which one of the following process is used for the conversion of mattle is to nickel. ### Which one of the following elements shows the most stable oxidation state of +1 ### A R B G C. In D. In Proceedings of the conversion of mattle is to nickel. ### A Two mutually perpendicular orbitals B. Two orbitals at 180-supportsuports	482	Which of the following statement is false regarding lyphilic sols.	for the dispersion medium B. These are generally easy to prepare C. These are more stable than lyophobic sols D. The stability of the sols is mainly due
### Which of the following process is used for the conversion of matte is to nickel. ### B. Mond's process C. Electrolytic pr	483	Which of the following substance is generally not considered an air polutant.	B. CO2 C. SO2
485 Which one of the following elements shows the most stable oxidation state of +1 486 On hybridization of one s and one p orbitals we get. 487 An example of acyclic monotterpenoid is 488 Formation of nano particles involves process lime 488 Formation of nano particles involves process lime 489 The equilibrium constant value for a chemical reaction is 5 x 10 ²⁰ which of the following statement is true with respect to this value. 489 The noble gas which was discovered first in the sun and then on the earth is. 480 A a-pinene B. Camphor C. Geranial D. Citral A Formation of metal nuclei on different sizes. B. Interaction among the formed particles C. Both A and B D. No interaction among the nano particles synthesized A Reaction will be reversible B. Reaction will proceed in backward direction C. Reaction is at equilibrium D. Reaction will proceed in the forward direction C. Argon D. Xenon A Solids density 1.91 and bulk density 0.6 C. Solid density 1.86 and bulk density 0.58 D. All of above A Study of interactions between human activities and its environment E. Industrial ecology seeks to optimize the total industrial ending system are viewed in the environment D. Economics systems are viewed in the environment of the policy of the province of the pr	484	Which of the following process is used for the conversion of matte is to nickel.	B. Mond's process C. Electrolytio process
486 On hybridization of one s and one p orbitals we get. 2. Four orbitals directed tetrahedrally D. Three orbitals in a plane 487 An example of acyclic monotterpenoid is 3. Camphor C. Geranial D. Citral 488 Formation of nano particles involves process lime 489 Formation of nano particles involves process lime 489 The equilibrium constant value for a chemical reaction is 5 x 10 ²⁰ which of the following statement is true with respect to this value. 490 The noble gas which was discovered first in the sun and then on the earth is. 491 Glass industry requires soda ash with 492 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 492 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 493 Interaction of nano particles involves process lime 494 Pland Reaction will proceed in backward direction A Pacific No. Reaction will proceed in backward direction A Heilum D. Reaction will proceed in the forward direction A Solids density 1.91 and bulk density 1.0 Second to the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 495 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 496 Industrial coclogy seeks to optimize the total industrial materials cycle from vigin material to finished product C. Industrial impacts on the environment B. Industrial ecology seeks to optimize the total industrial impacts on the environment C. Industrial i	485	Which one of the following elements shows the most stable oxidation state of +1	B. Ga C. In
488 Formation of nano particles involves process lime 489 Formation of nano particles involves process lime 489 The equilibrium constant value for a chemical reaction is 5 x 10 ²⁰ which of the following statement is true with respect to this value. 490 The noble gas which was discovered first in the sun and then on the earth is. 491 Glass industry requires soda ash with 492 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 492 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 498 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 499 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 490 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 490 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 490 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 490 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 490 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology.	486	On hybridization of one s and one p orbitals we get.	B. Two orbitals at 180 ^o C. Four orbitals directed tetrahedrally
Formation of nano particles involves process lime Formation of nano particles involves process lime Formation of nano particles involves process lime C. Both A and B D. No interaction among the nano particles synthesized A. Reaction will be reversible B. Reaction will proceed in backward direction C. Reaction will proceed in backward direction C. Reaction will proceed in backward direction C. Reaction will proceed in the forward direction C. Reaction will proceed in the forward direction C. Reaction will proceed in the forward direction A. Helium B. Neon C. Argon D. Xenon C. Argon D. Xenon C. Argon D. Xenon A. Solids density 1.91 and bulk density 1.0 B. Solids density 1.86 and bulk density 0.58 D. All of above 492 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. A. Study of interactions between human activities and its environment B. Industrial ecology seeks to optimize the total industrial materials cycle from virgin material to finished product C. Industrial impacts on the environment D. Economic System are viewed in	487	An example of acyclic monotterpenoid is	B. Camphor C. Geranial
The equilibrium constant value for a chemical reaction is 5 x 10 ²⁰ which of the following statement is true with respect to this value. B. Reaction will proceed in backward direction C. Reaction will proceed in the forward direction D. Reaction will proceed in the forward direction A. Helium B. Neon C. Argon D. Xenon A. Solids density 1.91 and bulk density 1.0 B. Solids density 1.86 and bulk density 1.0 B. Solids density 1.80 and bulk density 0.6 C. Solid density 1.80 and bulk density 0.58 D. All of above Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. B. Reaction will proceed in backward direction A. Helium B. Neon C. Argon D. Xenon A. Solids density 1.91 and bulk density 0.6 C. Solid density 1.80 and bulk density 0.58 D. All of above A. Study of interactions between human activities and its environment B. Industrial ecology seeks to optimize the total industrial materials cycle from virgin material to finished product C. Industrial impacts on the environment D. Economic system are viewed in	488	Formation of nano particles involves process lime	B. Interaction among the formed particles C. Both A and B D. No interaction among the nano
490 The noble gas which was discovered first in the sun and then on the earth is. B. Neon C. Argon D. Xenon A. Solids density 1.91 and bulk density 1.0 B. Solids density 1.86 and bulk density 0.6 C. Solid density 1.80 and bulk density 0.58 D. All of above 492 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. 493 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology.	489	The equilibrium constant value for a chemical reaction is 5×10^{20} which of the following statement is true with respect to this value.	B. Reaction will proceed in backward direction C. Reaction is at equilibrium D. Reaction will proceed in the forward
491 Glass industry requires soda ash with O.6 C. Solid density 1.80 and bulk density O.58 D. All of above A. Study of interactions between human activities and its environment B. Industrial ecology seeks to optimize the total industrial materials cycle from virgin material to finished product C. Industrial impacts on the environment D. Economic system are viewed in	490	The noble gas which was discovered first in the sun and then on the earth is.	B. Neon C. Argon
492 Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology. activities and its environment B. Industrial ecology seeks to optimize the total industrial materials cycle from virgin material to finished product C. Industrial impacts on the environment D. Economic system are viewed in	491	Glass industry requires soda ash with	1.0B. Solids density 1.86 and bulk density0.6C. Solid density 1.80 and bulk density0.58
	492	Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology.	activities and its environment B. Industrial ecology seeks to optimize the total industrial materials cycle from virgin material to finished product C. Industrial impacts on the environment D. Economic system are viewed in

493	The formula of bleaching powder is.	B. CaClO3 C. Ca(ClO)3)2 D. CaOCl
494	Pick out the incorrect statement about K2Cr2O7	A. It is thermally stable B. It dissolves in alkali to form chromate C. It oxidizes acidified FeSO4 solution to Fe2(SO4)3 D. It is used as cleansing agent for glassware. etc. When mixed with cold con. H2SO4
495	The criteria for aromatically is presence of	A. Uneaturations B. Cyclic structure C. Presence of 4nx electrons D. Presence of 4n + 2n electrons
496	The number of phases of mixtures of four gases enclosed in a container is	A. 1 B. 4 C. 4-1 D. zero
497	The glow of the yellow phosphorous as a result of slow oxidation in air is called.	A. Chemiluminescene B. Luminescence C. Biolumineacence D. Photolysis
498	An equilibrium the free energy change delta F for a reaction is.	A. Maximum B. Minimum C. Zero D. Negative
499	Lithum silicide reacts with concentrated hydrochlric acid to give lithium chlride along with.	A. H2 and SI B. Si H 4 gas C. Disilane gas D. Si3H8
500	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to second law of thermodynamics.	A. It helps in know the position of chemical equilibrium B. It helps to know the position of chemical equilibrium C. It determines the conversion of heat into work D. It is based on Nerst heat theorem
501	Ferrochrum contains Cr up to	A. 60-70% B. 70-80% C. 80-90% D. 40-50%
502	Alums are generally used	A. In Dying and water proofing of fabric B. In arrest bleeding C. IN water purification D. All above
503	In coordination chemistry the donor atom of a ligand is.	A. A Lewis acid B. The counter ion C. The central metal atom D. The atom in the legend that shares an electron pair with the metal
504	The pKa of an acid having ionization constant 1 x 10 ⁻⁵ is	A5 B. 5 C. 9 D9
505	Which of the following statements is correct.	A. A sigma bond is weaker than a pi pond B. There are four coordinate bonds in the Lewis structure of NH4+ ion. C. The 1 covalent bond is directional in nature D. A single bond between the two atoms cannot be re bond.
506	A trend which is common to elements of both the group IA and group VII A ongoing from top to bottom.	A. Boiling point increases B. Electron affinity increases C. Oxidizing power increases D. Ionization energy decrease
507	The element having electronic configuration 1s2, 2s2, 3s2, 3p3 is.	A. Trivalent only B. Tetravalent only C. Trivalent and pentavalent D. Pentavalent only
508	The denationalization involving C - H sigma bond electrons is known as .	A. Conjugation B. Hyperconjugation C. Mesomerism D. Resonance

The correct order of reactivity among I, II, and III IS. 1. I. Sqt. III Sqt. II. 2. I. I. Sqt. III Sqt. II. 2. II. Sqt. III Sqt. II. 2. II. Sqt. III Sqt. II. 2. II. Sqt. III. Sqt. II. 3. II. Sqt. II. Sqt. II. 4. NOO3 3. A. The concept is applicable only for aspectation systems. 3. Noutrainform base place in aqueous systems. 3. Noutrainform base place in aqueous. 3. The incorrect is applicable only for aqueous systems. 3. Noutrainform base place in aqueous. 3. The incorrect is applicable only for aqueous systems. 3. A little correct in specificable for non expected systems. 3. A little correct in specificable for non expected systems only. 4. A little correct in applicable for non expected systems only. 5. II. Sqt. III. 5. II. Sqt. III. Sqt. II. 5. II. Sqt. III. Sqt. III. Sqt. II. 5. II. Sqt. III. Sqt. II. 5. II. Sqt. III. Sqt. I			Δ i &at· ii &at·iii
Among oxides of nitrogen all are gases except. 8. NO C. NO D. NOO C. NO D. NOO C. NO C. THE concept is applicable only for aqueous systems. Shautraillation takes place in squeous C. Tith ion cannot remain as such in water D. The concept is applicable for non aqueous systems. 8. Noo C. Tith ion cannot remain as such in water D. The concept is applicable for non aqueous systems. 8. A Alzarin C. Tith ion cannot remain as such in water D. The concept is applicable for non aqueous systems. 8. A Alzarin C. Tith ion cannot remain as such in water C. A Always in great for the mole financial remain in equilibrium is subjected to a change the reaction tends to more in such a direction in equilibrium is subjected to a change the reaction tends to more in such a direction in the m	509	The correct order of reactivity among I , li, and III IS.	C. II > III > I
S11 Which of the following statement is not correct n respect of Arrhenius concept. S12 Mentity a dye which was of originally obtained from plant source. A Allarin S13 Which of the following is the active ingredient in ordinary household bleach. S14 Which of the following is the active ingredient in ordinary household bleach. S15 Repair of the following pairs does not represent Lowery acid base pair. S16 RC2 C. NACI D. NACIO S17 Which of the following pairs does not represent Lowery acid base pair. S18 RC3 C. NACI D. NACIO S18 RC9 RC9 RC9 S19 RC9 RC9 RC9 S10 RC9	510	Among oxides of nitrogen all are gases except.	B. N2O C. NO
Identify a dye which was ot originally obtained from plant source. B. Tyrian purple C. Indigotin D. Quercinin D. Querc	511	Which of the following statement is not correct n respect of Arrhenius concept.	aqueous systems. B. Neutralization takes place in aqueous mediam only C. TH+ ion cannot remain as such in water D. This concept is applicable for non
Which of the following is the active ingredient in ordinary household bleach. B. CIZ C. NaCI D. C. C. NCI D. NaCI D	512	Identify a dye which was ot originally obtained from plant source.	B. Tyrian purple C. Indigotin
Which of the following pairs does not represent Lowery acid base pair. B. H2O +H2C C. HCL +H2O D. CH3NE2 + BF3 A. NaCl B. L1Cl C. KCl D. Rb Cl D.	513	Which of the following is the active ingredient in ordinary household bleach.	B. Cl2 C. NaCl
Which of the following has the highest melting poing. The chrome mollybdenum steels contain how many percent of mollybdenum The chrome mollybdenum steels contain how many percent of mollybdenum A Always less than unity B. Always greater than unity C. Always greater than unity D. Can have any value > 0 depending on the reaction For assciated liquids, the value of d/M n x 10 ⁸ should be (where d is the density, M is the molar mass and n is the coefficient of viscosity) Which of the following test is not shown by proteins. A Xenthoporten test B. Nihydrin test C. Hopkin cole test D. Millimen Barrier test A a -es3 B. b-S03 C. gama S03 D. All above If a chemical reaction in equilibrium is subjected to a change the reaction tends to more in such a direction that the effect of the change would be neutralized This is a statement of. If a chemical reaction in equilibrium is subjected to a change the reaction tends to more in such a direction that the effect of the change would be neutralized This is a statement of. The most common oxidation state of alkaline earth metals is. The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a solution on the addition of non -volatile solute. B. Is equal to the mole fraction of solute B. Is equal to the mole fraction of the solute on Depends upon the mole fraction of solute on Depends upo	514	Which of the following pairs does not represent Lowery acid base pair.	B. H2O +H2O C. HCL + H2O
The chrome molybdenum steels contain how many percent of molybdenum C. 0.30 D. 0.40 A Mays less than unity B. Always equal to unity C. Always greater than unity D. Can have any value 8gt. 0 depending on the reaction For assciated liquids, the value of d/M n x 10 ⁸ should be (where d is the density, M is the molar mass and n is the coefficient of viscosity) Which of the following test is not shown by proteins. A Zarro B. Infinite C. Higher than 70 D. Less than 70 D. Le	515	Which of the following has the highest melting poing.	B. Li Cl C. KCl
The quantum yield of a Photo chemical reaction in B. Alway's equal to unity C. Always greater than unity D. Can have any value > 0 depending on the reaction A Zero B. Infinte C. Higher than 70 D. Less than 70 D. Less than 70 A Xanthoproten test B. Ninhydrin test C. Higher than 70 D. Less than 70	516	The chrome molybdenum steels contain how many percent of molybdenum	B. 0.20 C. 0.30
For assciated liquids, the value of d/M n x 10 ⁸ should be (where d is the density, M is the molar mass and n is the coefficient of viscosity) Note that the coefficient of viscosity of the density of the coefficient of viscosity of viscos	517	The quantum yield of a Photo chemical reaction in	B. Always equal to unity C. Always greater than unity D. Can have any value > 0 depending
SO3 exists in form A a - so3 B b-SO3 C. gama SO3 D. All above A F2 B. I2 C. CI2 D. Br2 If a chemical reaction in equilibrium is subjected to a change the reaction tends to more in such a direction that the effect of the change would be neutralized This is a statement of. The most common oxidation state of alkaline earth metals is. The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a solution on the addition of non -volatile solute. A Is equal to the mole fraction of solute B. is equal to the sum of the mole fraction of the solute and solvent C. Depends upon the nature of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of	518	For assciated liquids, the value of $d/Mnx10^8$ should be (where d is the density, M is the molar mass and n is the coefficient of viscosity)	B. Infinte C. Higher than 70
SO3 exists in form B. b-SO3 C. gama SO3 D. All above A. F2 B. I2 C. CI2 D. Br2 If a chemical reaction in equilibrium is subjected to a change the reaction tends to more in such a direction that the effect of the change would be neutralized This is a statement of. The most common oxidation state of alkaline earth metals is. The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a solution on the addition of non -volatile solute. The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a solution on the addition of non -volatile solute. D. Depends upon the mole fraction of solute b. Depends upon the mole fraction of solute.	519	Which of the following test is not shown by proteins.	B. Ninhydrin test C. Hopkin cole test
Which of the following halogen exist in solid state. B. 12 C. Cl2 D. Br2 If a chemical reaction in equilibrium is subjected to a change the reaction tends to more in such a direction that the effect of the change would be neutralized This is a statement of. The most common oxidation state of alkaline earth metals is. The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a solution on the addition of non -volatile solute. B. 12 C. Cl2 D. Br2 A. Law of mass action B. Le Chatlier's principle C. Henery's law D. Correspondence principle A. +1 B. +2 C2 D1 A. Is equal to the mole fraction of solute B. Is equal to the sum of the mole fraction of the solute and solvent C. Depends upon the nature of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of	520	SO3 exists in form	B. b-SO3 C. gama SO3
in such a direction that the effect of the change would be neutralized This is a statement of. B. Le Chattier's principle C. Henery's law D. Correspondence principle A. +1 B. +2 C2 D1 The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a solution on the addition of non -volatile solute. The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a solution on the addition of non -volatile D. Depends upon the nature of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of Depends upon the mole fraction of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of Depends upon the Depends up	521	Which of the following halogen exist in solid state.	B. I2 C. CI2
The most common oxidation state of alkaline earth metals is. B. +2 C2 D1 A. Is equal to the mole fraction of solute B. Is equal to the sum of the mole fraction of the solute and solvent C. Depends upon the nature of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of	522	in such a direction that the effect of the change would be neutralized This is a statement	B. Le Chatlier's principle C. Henery's law
The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a solution on the addition of non -volatile solute. B. Is equal to the sum of the mole fraction of the solute and solvent C. Depends upon the nature of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of	523	The most common oxidation state of alkaline earth metals is.	B. +2 C2
	524		B. Is equal to the sum of the mole fraction of the solute and solvent C. Depends upon the nature of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of

525	If Principal quantum number n = 4 the quantum number I can have calue.	A. 1,2,3 and 4 B. 0,1,2 and 3 C. 1,2 and 3 only D. None of the abvoe
526	lonic compounds in general possess both	A. High melting point and non - directional bonds B. High melting points and low boiling points C. Directional bonds and low boiling points D. High solubility in polar and non -polar bonds.
527	The possible sub levels in the n = 4 energy level are.	A. s,p,d B. s,p,d,f C. s D. s,p
528	The percentage of nitrogen in ammonium sulphate is%	A. 27 B. 21 C. 23 D. 19
529	The IUPAC name of C2(CN)3 is	A. 2,3-dicvano butanedinitrile B. 2,3 -dicyano -2- butenedinitrile C. 1,1,2,2-tetrcyanoethane D. 1,1,2,2, tetracyanocthenc
530	Which of the following technique is based on the absorption of light radiation.	A. Spectrophotomerty B. Colorimetry C. NMR D. All the above technique
531	The tyndall effect is not observed in	A. Suspensions B. Emulsions C. Colloidal solutions D. True solutions
532	Which of the following analytical technique is based on the emission of light radiation.	A. Flame photometry B. Atomic absorption spectrophotometry C. Raman spectroscopy
533	Which of the following effects best explains that o-nitro phenol is insoluble in water.	D. Conductometry A. Inductive effect B. Resonance effect C. Intramolecular H-bonding D. Isomeric effect
534	Which of the following is biodegradable pollutant.	A. Domestic waste B. DDT C. Mercury salta D. Aluminum foil
535	The number of electrons involved in bonding in Lewis structure of oxalate ion is	A. 20 B. 14 C. 22 D. 18
536	When a lead a storage battery is discharged .	A. SO2 is evolved B. PbS is consumed C. Pb is formed D. H2SO4 is consumed
537	The composition of mixture of clay and lime stone in the raw for cement material is.	A. 75% lime stone and 25% clay B. 25% lime stone and 75% clay C. 15% lime stone and 55% clay D. 30% limes stone and 79% clay
538	DDT is	A. Biodegradable pollutant B. Nodegradable contaminant C. Air pollutant D. An antibiotic
539	Dyes used in photographic plates to make them panchromatic is.	A. Cyanine dyes B. Azine dyes C. Phthalocyanine dyes D. Acridine dyes
540	The use of acids to remove oxides and acids on hot worked steels is known as	A. Tempering B. Picking C. Machining D. Sizing
541	Yellow green flame is observed with	A. Calcium salt B. Barium salt C. Strontium salt D. Sodium salt

542	Which of the following method is based on the solubility difference between the analyte and the unwanted components.	A. Distillation B. Complex formation C. Electrodepostion
543	In order to understand the nature of H , bond the theory has been suggested.	D. Precipitation A. Electrostatic approach B. Molecular orbital approach C. Valance bond approach D. All the above approaches
544	The phenomenon of x-ray diffraction was studied by	A. Huygen B. Bragg C. Max Planck D. None of above
545	Which of the following is not true for metalloids.	A. They are borderline elements B. They usually act as electron during with non metals. C. B, Si, and Ge D. They are all solids at room temperature.
546	The correct order of second ionization potential of carbon , nitrogen, oxygen and fluorine is.	A. C > N > O > F B. O > N > F > C C. O > F > N > C D. F > O > N > C
547	Which of the following statements is not a part of Bohr's theory of the hydrogen atom.	A. An electron in an atom revolves aroung the nucleus only in circular paths. B. An electron does not absorb energy in the stationary orbit C. An electron does not emit energy in the stationary orbit D. Energy is emitted or absorbed in a discrete amount from the stationary orbit
548	During sintering densification is not due to	A. Atomic diffusion B. Surface diffusion C. Bulk diffusion D. Surface tenstion
549	According to the Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes, and ion moving in an atmosphere of oppositely charged ions experience a drag This effect is known as	A. Aaymmetric effect B. Electrophoretic effect C. Inter ionic effect D. Concentration effect
550	Which of the following steps in involved in the metallurgy of aluminium.	A. Purification of bauxite B. Electrolytic reduction of alumina C. Refining of aluminum D. All above
551	Which isotope of hydrogen is radioactive in nature.	A. Protium and deuterium B. Tritium only C. Tritium and deuterium D. Only deuterium
552	The one in which the acceptor atom is of low positive charge, Large size and has several outer electrons which can be easily excited is a.	A. Soft base B. Hard Base C. Soft acid D. Hard acid
553	Hydrometallurgy of copper involves extraction of copper from poor ores by which process.	A. Dry process B. Wet process C. Both dry and wet process D. None of these
554	The colour of Ni2+ ion is.	A. Blue B. Green C. deep green D. Orange
555	In 1952 who popularized the use of CFT for inorganic chemist	A. Bethe B. Orge C. Van Vleck D. Werner
556	A trace constituent is one whose amount in the sample is.	A. < 10% B. < 010% C. < 1.0% D. < 0.01 %
557	Which of the following methods is chemical in nature.	A. Acid bas titration B. Redox titration C. Complexometric titration D. All above methods
		A D

A. Parex

558	Which of the following is not adsorptive separation process.	B. Olex C. Penex D. None of these
559	Aluminium hydroxide is.	A. An acid B. An amphoteric hydroxide C. A base D. An explosive hydroexide
560	In Ostwald's process of manufacturing nitric acid a mixture of ammonia gas with air is mantained with ratio.	A. 1 : 4 B. 1 : 3 C. 1 : 8 D. 1 : 10
561	Which of the following is a component of soap.	A. Sodium sulphate B. Sodium stearate C. Sodium chloride D. Sodium bromide
562	Which of the following property of liquids concern with the interval resistance to its flow.	A. Refractive inded B. Viscosity C. Optical activity D. Dipole moment
563	Co enzyme cna be separated from enzyme by	A. Precipitation B. Dalysis C. Hydrolysis D. Distillation
564	In German Silver copper is alloyed with which metal.	A. Zn B. Ni C. Ai D. Zn and Ni
565	Petroleum is mixture of	A. Petrol B. Diesal C. Petroleum D. All of these
566	Iron which contains up to 1% carbon is called.	A. Steel B. Cast iron C. Wrought iron D. Pig iron
567	Solid sodium chloride does not conduct electricity be cause.	A. In solid NaCl, no ions are present B. Solid NaCl is covalent in nature C. In solid NaCl, there is no mobility of ions D. In solid NaCl, there are no electrons.
568	Which of the following is not known.	A. KrF6 B. XeF6 C. XeO3 D. KrF2
569	Rutherford proposed the nuclear model of the atom to account for the result of experiments in which the alpha particles are scattered from metal foils. Which of the following statements in not related to Rutherford observation.	A. An atom consists of central core or nucleus around which the protons exist. B. The nucleus has most of the mass of the atom C. the nucleus consists of protons and neutrons. D. Each distinct atom has a specific number of protons.
570	Which of the following methods does not give the weight average molecular weight.	A. Sedimentation equilibrium B. Sedimentation velocity C. Light scattering D. Osmotic method
571	What exactly is quantum dot	A. A semiconductor nanostructure that confines the motion of conduction band electrons, valence band holes or excitation in all three spatial directions B. The sharpest possible tip of an atomic force microscope C. A fictional term used in science fiction for the endpoints of wormholes D. Unexplained spots that appear electron microscopy images of nanostructures smaller than 1 nanometer
572	Pick out the incorrect statement regarding ozone.	A. O3 is an unstbale dark blue diamagnetic gas B. The central oxygen in O3 is sp3 hybridized C. It cause the tailing of mercury D. It does not react with KOH

573	Which of the following does NOT react with sodium hydroxide solution.	A. Fat B. Vinegar C. Ethanol D. Water
574	Iso-osmotic solutions are those which have the same.	A. Vapour pressure lowering B. Osmotic pressure C. Molality D. Boiling point elevation
575	The number of degrees of freedom and number of components for a system of containing undissolved salt , in equilibrium with water vapor are.	A. 2,2 B. 3, 2 C. 1, 1 D. 1, 2
576	A gas obeying the van Waals equation will closely resemble and ideal gas if	A. The parameters 'a' and 'b' are small B. 'a' is small but 'b' is large C. 'a' is large but 'b' is mall D. None of the above
577	Which of the following is a thermometric method.	A. TGA B. DTA C. DTG D. All
578	Colloids can be purified by	A. Peptization B. Coagulation C. The Breeding are method D. Dialysis
579	Carbon dioxide content in atmosphere is	A. 0.0034% B. 0.034 % C. 0.34 % D. 3.4 %
580	Which of the following is not a characteristics of solids.	A. Definite shape B. Definite mass C. Definite volume D. Fluidity
581	The substance that can form the glassy non-crystalline structure is called.	A. Stabilizers B. Fluxes or modifiers C. Formers D. None of these
582	Detergents are known to pollute revers and water ways. However, detergents can be made biodegradable and pollution free by taking.	A. cyclic hydrocarbon chain B. Shorter hydrocarbon chain C. Unbranched hydrocarbon chain D. Benzenoid hydrocarbons
583	Bases and reducing agents are electron giving agents and also called as.	A. Electrodotic B. Electrophile C. Nucleophile D. None of above
584	The maximum absorption in [Ti(OH)2)6 3+ take place at wavelength of.	A. 4000 A ^o B. 5000 A ^o C. 6000 A ^o D. 10000 A ^o
585	Which of the following techniques does not belong to column chromatographyy	A. TLC B. HPLC C. Electrophoresis D. lon exchange
586	The first ionization energy in electron volts of nitrogen and oxygen atoms are respectively given by.	A. 14.6, 13.6 B. 13.6, 14.6 C. 13.6, 13.6 D. 14.6, 14.6
587	The rising world temperature will have serious effect on.	A. Agriculture B. Animal production C. Human being D. All above
588	Considering the element B,C, N, G and Si, the correct order of their non- metallic character is.	A. B > C > Si > N > F B. Si > C > B > N > F C. F > N > C > B > Si D. F > N c > > Sl > B
589	The following ceramic product is mostly used as pigment in paints.	A. TiO2 B. SiO2 C. uo2 D. ZrO2
590	Which of the following is not a component of HPLC system.	A. Pumps B. Columns C. Particle collector D. Injection system.

591	At extremely low pressures, the van der Waals equations for one mole may be written as.	A. PV = RT + Pb B. PV = RT C. PV = RT - a/V D. (P +a) (V-b) = RT
592	Trimethylamine is a weaker base than dimethylamine is explained by	A. Steric effct B. Resonance effect C. Inductive effect D. All above
593	Chlorine when attached to benzene has	A. +1 and + R effect B1 and - R effect C1 and +R effect D. None of the above
594	The photoelectric effect is the ejection pf electrons from the surface of metal when light falls on it. Which of the following statements is not correct about the phenomenon.	A. The kinetic energy of photo electron depends upon the frequency of the incident radiation B. Electrons are ejected only when the frequency of light exceeds a certain threshold value C. The higher the energy of the photon greater the kinetic energy of the ejected electron. D. The threshold frequency of all the metals is same.
595	Which of the following extractant is used to solid phase extraction	A. Bonding of C18 chains on silica B. Bonding of C20 on paper C. Bonding of C18 on glass D. Bonding of C20 on cellulose
596	IUPAC name of HCONH2 is.	A. Methanamide B. Methanoylamine C. Ammoethanal D. Formanide
597	Which of the following process is a source of nuclear pollution.	A. Uranium mining B. Uranium processing C. Reactor waste D. All above
598	Which one of the following statements is not true.	A. Transition metals form alloys B. Transition metals form complexes C. Zn, Cd and Hg are transition metals D. K2[PtCl6] is a well known compound but corresponding nikel compound is not knonwn
599	The bond order for BO molecule is.	A. 2.5 B. 3.0 C. 2.0 D. 3.5
600	Which of the following analytical method is based on scattering of radiation.	A. Emission spectroscopy B. Colorimetry C. Turbidimetry D. Polarimetry
601	The value of an Einstein	A. Is independent of wavelength B. Decrease with increase in wavelength C. Increase with increase in wavelength D. Depends on the temperature of the absorbing system
602	A molecule returns from the excited singlet state to the ground singlet state with emission of light This process is known as	A. Fluorescene B. Scattering C. Phosphorescence D. Chemiluminescence
603	The principal ores of copper are	A. Copper sulphides B. Copper oxides C. Both sulphides and oxides D. Copper carbonate
604	Which type of elements form ionic hydrides.	A. Transitionelements B. Metalloids C. Elements with high electronegativity D. Elements with high electropositivity.
605	The hybridization of S in SO2 is.	A. sp B. sp2 C. sp3 D. dsp2
606	The group of steel are water hardened tool steels.	A. Groups S B. Groups W C. Groups O

		D. Group F
607	The base which in not present in DNA is	A. Adenine B. Guanine C. Thymine D. Cytosine
608	The number of significance figures in the number 80.7 is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
609	The noble gases are used due to having property	A. Chomical inertness B. Low boiling point C. Any of a or b D. Both a and b
610	The process requirieng the absorption of energy of.	A. F = F B. Cl = Cl C. H = H D. O = O
611	H-Bonding also ox in ling system like	A. Protein B. DNA C. Botha A and B D. None of above
612	The sum of pH and pOH is aqueous solution is equal to.	A. 14 B. 7 C. zero D. pKw
613	H-Bond has a preferred bonding direction like	A. lonic bond B. Covalent bond C. Co ordinate bond D. None of these
614	Yellow colour of the flame is observed with	A. Calcium salt B. Barium salt C. Sodium salt D. Potassium salt
615	Inert pair effect is best shown by	A. Si B. Z C. Sn D. Pb
616	Sodium silicate is ued	A. In fire proofing of wood and textiles B. As a preservative of eggs C. As a furniture polish D. All above
617	For an average exposure of 8 hours per day, the maximum permissible concentration limit of CO in the atmosphere is.	A. 50 ppm B. 500 ppm C. 10 ³ ppm D. 20 ppm
618	Which of the ionic possesses highest bond energy.	A. C-C B. Si -Si C. Ge - Ge D. Sn -Sn
619	According to SHAB, Lewis acid are divided into.	A. Two classes B. Three classes C. Four classes D. None of above
620	The addition HCl to 2-pentene give	A. 3-Chloropentane B. 2- Chloropentyne C. 2- Chloropentane D. 2-Chloro-2-methyl butane
621	The thermal conductivity of an SWNT along length is watt/(m.k)	A. 35 B. 330 C. 386 D. 3500
622	Cement containing higher percentage of gypsum than required.	A. Sets slowly B. Sets repidly C. _{Does not set at all} D. Has no effect
623	Cytosine a pyrimidine base pairs with	A. Guanine B. Thymine C. Adenine D. Any of these
	The rate constant of a reaction has some units as the rate of the reaction. The reaction is	A. Second order B. Eirst order

624	ווופ ומנפ נטווסנמות טו מ ופמטנוטוו וומס סמוופ עוווגס מס נוופ ומנפ טו נוופ ופמטנוטוו דוופ ופמטנוטוו וס Of.	C. Three order D. Zero order
625	According to Arrhenius theory an acid is defined as substance which	A. Accepts and electron pair B. Donatees H+ ion in ammonia C. Contains CI- ions D. Furnishes H3O + ion in water
626	Which of the following statement represent advantages of sanitary Landfill	A. Economical method B. Low initial investment C. Flexible daily capacity D. All above
627	According to systematic nomenclature which hydrogen compound is sulphane.	A. HF B. Si H4 C. SF4 D. H2S
628	Nitric acid has the property	A. <div>Nitrating</div> B. Reducing C. Redoxing D. None of above
629	What is the advantage of quench hardening?	A. Imporoved strength<0:p> B. Hardness<0:p> C. Wear characteristics<0:p> D. All of the choice
630	According to R, S system the correct order of priority of the following groups is .	ACH2OH > - CHO > COOH BCOOH > CHO > CH2OH C CH2OH > - COOH >CHO D COOH > - CH2OH > CHO
631	The process of determining amounts of each of the components in a sample of matter is termed as.	A. Gravimetric analysis B. Coulometric analysis C. Quantitative analysis D. Qualitative analysis
632	Washing soap can be prepared by saponification with alkali of of the following oil.	A. Rose oil B. Paraffin oil C. Groundnut oil D. Coconut oil
633	Which of the following method is used to separate small molecules form the larges molecules from the larger molecules in diffusing through a membrane.	A. Dialysis B. HPLC C. FPLC D. TLC
634	During the last two centuries, the atmospheric CO2 contents are increased by	A. 15% B. 25% C. 35% D. 50%
635	Which of the following statements is not related with principal requisites of water for industrial purposes.	A. It should be pure and cool B. It should not contain iron C. It contains less quantity of line D. It must be soft
636	lonic reactions mainly take place in.	A. Aqueous solutions and organic solvents of high polarity B. Non aqueous solvents of low polarity C. Gaseous state D. Solid state
637	At higher altitudes, the boiling point of water is lowered because.	A. Atmospheric pressure is low B. Temperature is low at high altitude C. Atmospherics pressure increase D. None of the above
638	Lewis concept explain the formation of	A. lonic bond B. Covalent bond C. Co-ordinate bond D. Chemical bond
639	Which of the following is most acidic.	A. Phenol B. p-nitrophenol C. o-Nitrophenol

		D. m-Nitrophenol
640	Which of the following detector is used in HPLC system.	A. Differential refractometer detector B. UV detector C. Diode array detector D. All above
641	Bromine number is measure of.	A. Paraffins B. Unsaturates C. Saturates D. None of these
642	Atomicity of which of the following pair of elements is not same as hydrogen.	A. Phosphorus, Nitrogen B. Nitrogen, Argon C. Nitrogen, iodine D. lodine, sulphur
643	Concentration polarization arises because of the	A. Different concentrations of solutions in the two half cells B. Changes in the concentration of electrolyte around the electrode from bulk concentration C. Reversible nature of the cell D. Variation in temperature during measurements
644	Which of the following cast irons is a high carbon, iron carbon silicon alloy.	A. Deorizers B. Deoxidizers C. Deoxifiers D. Deterrent
645	Which of the following extract is used for wet tests of acid radicals.	A. Calcium carbonate extract B. Sodium iodide extract C. Sodium carbonate extract D. Ammonium carbonate extract
646	What is a process of producing a hard surface in a steel having a sufficiently high carbon content to respond to hardening by a rapid cooling of the surface?	A. Cyaniding<0:p> B. Nitriding<0:p> C. Flame hardening <o:p></o:p> D. Flame hardening <o:p></o:p> D. Stability<0:p>
647	Stable metal ions strictures are.	A. Noble gas structure B. Is electron group structure C. Transition metal in structure D. All of the above
648	Which of the following carbides reacts with H2O to form propane.	A. Al4C3 B. CaC2 C. SiC2 D. Sic
649	A unit cell having dimension , $a = b c$, alpha, beta, gama = 90^{0} is known as.	A. Cubic B. Hexagonal C. Orthorhombic D. None of them
650	An Ideal gas is one which obeys all the gas law at.	A. Low pressure B. High Pressure C. Low and High temperature D. All condition of pressure and temperate re
651	Gold dissolves in aqua regia forming	A. AuCl B. Au(NO3)3 C. AuCl3 D. HAuCl4
652	The expected specific waste fo petroleum industry is.	A. Asphalt and tars B. Paper C. Cloth D. Fibre
653	Which of the following technique in current voltage technique	A. Amperometry B. Voltammetry C. Poteatiomertry D. Polarography
		A. Cadmium amalgam B. Mercury

654	In a standard Weaton cell the cathode is	C. Platinum D. Carbon
655	The property measured in TGA is	A. Change in weight B. Rate of change in weight C. Heat envolved and absorbed D. Change of temperature.
656	The addition of Br2 to cis 2-butene produces.	A. (+) 2,3 - dibromobutane only B. (-) 2,3 - dibromobutane only C. (+) 2,3, dibromobutane D. meso-2,3, -dibromobutane
657	Which of the following statements are correct for Linear polymers.	A. Linear polymers may be condensation as well as addition polymers B. Structure is well packed in nature C. Linear polymers have higher density higher melting point and higher tensile strength D. All are correct
658	Which of the following method of analysis is based on diffraction of radiation.	A. Mass spectrometry B. Polarography C. Potentiometry D. Raman scattering
659	Glycerol on dehyeration gives	A. Allyl alcohol B. Aerolein C. CHOH = C= CHOH DCHO -CHOH -CH2OH
660	The greater stability of bonzyl carbonium ion as compared to t-butyl carbonium ion is due to.	A. Inductive effect B. Resonance effect C. Electrometric effect D. All above
661	Used in TV sets and sound movies to give ready response to electrical potential	A. He B. Ne C. Ar D. Kr
662	Which of the following metals is the most abundant in the earth's crust.	A. Mg B. Ca C. K D. Na
663	The solution of the transition metal complexes having one or more unpaired electrons in the d-orbital are.	A. Coloured B. Colourless C. White D. None of above
664	The most stable oxidation state shown by lead is.	A. +2 , +4 B. +2 only C. +3 , +4 D. +4 only
665	The atomic orbitals are progressively filled in order of increasing energy. This statement is called as	A. Hund's rule B. Aufbau's rule C. (n+1) rule D. Planck's rule
666	Which of the following compounds is must acdic.	A. H2O B. H2S C. H2Se D. H2Te
667	Temporary hardness of water is due to.	A. Bicarbonates of K B. Bicarbonates of Na C. Carbonates of Ca D. Bicarbonates of Ca
668	The pH of the 0.0032 M H2SO4 is.	A. 3.2 B. 4.0 C. 2.198 D. 1.0
669	The rate constant of a reaction depends on	A. Concentration of reactants B. Concentration of products C. Temperature D. Time
670	The link between classical thermodynamics and quantum mechanics is prevented by	A. Statiatical mechanics B. Boltzmann law C. Wave mechanics D. Matrix mechanics
671	Finely divided iorn combines with CO to give	A. Fe(CO)3 B. Fe2 (CO)9 C. F33(CO)12

		D. Fe(CO)6
672	The mole of photon is known as	A. Quantum B. Eienstein C. Energy Packet D. None of the above
673	The IUPAC name of C2H3, CO , OC OC2H5 in	A. Prepanoic anhydride B. Ethanoic anhydride C. Diketoethoxy ether D. None of the above
674	In second group of inorganic qualitative analysis, the S^2 -ions does not form precipitate with which of the following ions.	A. ^{Hg2+} B. Cu ²⁺ C. Ai ³⁺ D. Cd ³⁺
675	The first ionization energy of Mg is lower than	A. Na B. Ca C. Al D. Be
676	Strong field ligands such as CN	A. Usually produce high spin complexes and small crystal field splitting B. Usually produce low spin complexes and small crystal field splitting C. Usually produce low spin complexes and high crystal field splitting D. Cannot form low spin complexes
677	Which of the following is the best indicator for titration of NH4OH with HCl.	A. Methyl red B. Methyl orange C. Eosin D. Phenolphthalein
678	In a period, the element with biggest electron affinity belong to.	A. Group 1 B. Group 2 C. Group 17 D. Group 18
679	Which of the following phenomena is not explained by the classical mechanics.	A. Black body radiation B. Photoelectric effect C. Atomic and molecular spectra D. Heat capacities of solids E. All of the above
680	Which one of the following has a linear structure.	A. H2O B. CO2 C. NO2
681	Which of the following trace elements may be present in the particulate materials.	D. SO2 A. Cadmium B. Nickel C. Mercury D. Lead E. All of the above
682	Which of the following species has highest bond energy.	A. H2 B. T2 C. D D. Cl
683	The most widely used method of extracting metal ions is the formation of a chelate molecule with an organic chelating agent The chelating agents are.	A. Strong acids B. Strong bases C. Weak bases D. Weak acids
684	The electrophile in the sulphonation of benzene is.	A. SO3 B. SO3H C. HSO4 D. SO2
685	Citral when heated with KHSO4 forms.	A. Isoprene B. p-cymene C. p-menthane D. Dipentene
686	To obtain cement dry powder, lime stones and shales or their slurry, is burnt in a rotary kiln at a temeperature between	A. 1100 ^o and 1200 ^o C B. 1200 ^o and 1300 ^o C C. 1400 ^o and 1500 ^o C D. 1900 ^o and 2000 ^o C

687	What refers to the application of any process whereby the surface of steel is altered so that it will become hard.	A. Caburizing<0:p> B. Case harden zing <o:p></o:p> C. Case harden zing <o:p></o:p> D. Surface hardening<o:p></o:p>>> Surface hardening<o:p>>></o:p>
688	Four elements A, B,C,D have atomic numbers Z , 1, Z , Z +1 and Z +2 Respectively If Z is 9, then bond between which pair of elements will be ionic.	A. A and C B. D and C C. D and B D. B and C
689	Which of the following hydroxides is most stable.	A. Mg (OH)2 B. Ca(OH)2 C. Sr (OH)2 D. Ba (OH)2
690	What is the scaling off of a surface in flakes or layers as the result of corrosion?	A. Expoliation <o:p></o:p> B. Corrosion fatigue <o:p></o:p> C. Scaping <o:p></o:p> D. Scaping <o:p></o:p> D. Fretting <o:p></o:p>
691	The diameter of hydrogen atom is.	A. 10 B. 1
031	The diameter of hydrogen atom is	C. 0.1 D. 0.01
692	A property which gradually increases on moving down group in the periodic table is	
		D. 0.01 A. lonization enthalpy B. Elemtronegativity C. Electron affinity
692	A property which gradually increases on moving down group in the periodic table is	D. 0.01 A. Ionization enthalpy B. Elemtronegativity C. Electron affinity D. atomic size A. B4H10 B. B6 H10 C. B5 H9
692 693	A property which gradually increases on moving down group in the periodic table is The formula of hexa borane is.	D. 0.01 A. Ionization enthalpy B. Elemtronegativity C. Electron affinity D. atomic size A. B4H10 B. B6 H10 C. B5 H9 D. B8 H12 A. Temperature chages B. Rainfall failure C. Increase uv radiation on earth
692 693 694	A property which gradually increases on moving down group in the periodic table is The formula of hexa borane is. The reduction in ozone layer would lead to	D. 0.01 A. Ionization enthalpy B. Elemtronegativity C. Electron affinity D. atomic size A. B4H10 B. B6 H10 C. B5 H9 D. B8 H12 A. Temperature chages B. Rainfall failure C. Increase uv radiation on earth D. All above A. Thiamine B. Riboflavin C. Pyridoxine
692 693 694	A property which gradually increases on moving down group in the periodic table is The formula of hexa borane is. The reduction in ozone layer would lead to The deficiency of which vitamin leads to beri brainteaser	D. 0.01 A. Ionization enthalpy B. Elemtronegativity C. Electron affinity D. atomic size A. B4H10 B. B6 H10 C. B5 H9 D. B8 H12 A. Temperature chages B. Rainfall failure C. Increase uv radiation on earth D. All above A. Thiamine B. Riboflavin C. Pyridoxine D. Asorbic acid A. B & Samp; Al B. In & Samp; In
692 693 694 695	A property which gradually increases on moving down group in the periodic table is The formula of hexa borane is. The reduction in ozone layer would lead to The deficiency of which vitamin leads to beri brainteaser Which of the following have +3 oxidation states.	D. 0.01 A. Ionization enthalpy B. Elemtronegativity C. Electron affinity D. atomic size A. B4H10 B. B6 H10 C. B5 H9 D. B8 H12 A. Temperature chages B. Rainfall failure C. Increase uv radiation on earth D. All above A. Thiamine B. Riboflavin C. Pyridoxine D. Asorbic acid A. B & Al B. In & Tl C. B & In D. Al & Tl A. 10 mL B. 100 mL C. 1000 mL

700	Sulphur can exist in	A. One phase B. Two phase C. Three phase D. Four phase
701	What is defined as a local corrosion damaged characterized by surface cavities.	A. Cracking<0:p> B. Pitting <o:p></o:p> C. Cavitation<0:p> D. D. Corrosion<0:p>
702	When CH3COOH is titrated against NaOH the pH as the equivalence point is.	A. 7 B. > 7 C. o <div>>7</div> D. 6.8
703	Which of the following is not an adsorption indicator.	A. Eosin B. Bromocrsol green C. Fluorescein
704	Hot isostatic pressing is not a viable option if the chief criterion is	D. Phenolphthalein A. Strength without gram growth B. Lost cost C. Zero porosity D. Make it hard
705	Which of the following hydroxide is getatinous in nature.	A. Fe(OH)3 B. Al(OH)3 C. Ca(OH)3 D. Cr (OH)3
706	DTA is of great importance in which of the following field	A. Ceramic B. Metallurgy C. Mineralogy D. All
707	Photochemical among is related to pollution of	A. Air B. Water C. Soil D. All of the above
708	Solid substances consist of an ordered any of ions and solid as a whole is electrically.	A. Conductor B. Neurtal C. Acidic D. Basic
709	For an elementary reaction 2A + B C + D The molecularity of the reaction is.	A. 1 B. 2+ C. 3 D. 4
710	Which of the following metal ion cannot be catimated by gravimetric analysis.	A. K+ B. Ca ²⁺ C. Al3+ D. Zn2+
711	Which of the following is the strongest oxidant.	A. F2 B. Cl2 C. br2 D. l2
712	Which two atoms of hydrogen combine to form a molecule of hydrogen gas. the energy of the hydrogen molecule is.	A. Higher than that of separate H atoms B. Equal to that of separate H atoms C. Lower than that of separate H atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometimes higher than that of separate H.
713	The branch of chemistry which deals with the rate of reaction as well as mechanism is known as	A. Wave mechanism B. Classical thermodynamcis C. Chemical kinetics D. Phtochemistry
714	Which property is used in volumetric methods of analysis.	A. Density B. Viscosity C. Volume D. Molar volume

715	The stabilization of the dispersed phase in a lyophobic sol is due to	A. Liking for the dispersion medium B. The surface tension of the medium C. The formation of an electrical layer between the two phases D. The viscosity of the medium
716	Principal constituents of noble gases is	A. Argon B. Neon C. Xenon D. Helium
717	Which of the following makes the motion of perpetual motion machine a physical impossibility.	A. First law of thermodynamics B. Second law of thermodynamics C. Third law of thermodynamics D. The Boltzmann law
718	Which name is associated with the rules which help in predicting the portability of anion.	A. Soddy B. Slater C. Fajan D. Linus pauling
719	An impure sample of camphor contaminated with sand, can be purified by	A. Distillation B. Sublimation C. Steam distillation D. None of the above
720	Silicon bronze contains how many percent of silicon.	A. 96% B. 3% C. 1 % D. 69 %
721	Which of the following solution has highest normality.	A. 1 N H2PO4 B. 0.5 N H2SO4 C. 6 g NaOH per 100 cm3 D. 4 g NaOH PER 1000 cm3
722	Aluminothermy used for on the spot welding of large iron structures is based upon the fact that.	A. As compared to iron, aluminium has greatest affinity for oxygen. B. As compared to aluminium, iron has greater affinity for oxygen C. Reaction between aluminim and oxygen endothermic D. Reaction between iron and oxygen is endothermic
723	Which of the following reagent cannot be used to detect the phenolic group.	A. Neutral FeCl3 B. I2/NaOH C. NaOH solution D. Br2/H2O
724	Which substance has the greatest lattice energy.	A. CuBr B. MgO C. KI D. NaF
725	The following alloys are the chief alloys that are die cast except.	A. Zinc alloys B. Magnesium alloys C. Manganese alloys D. Nickel alloys
726	In an isochoric process	A. Energy remains constant B. Volume remains constant C. Pressure remains constant D. Temperature remains constant
727	Usually the rate of the reactions is expressed as.	A. mol dm-1 B. mol dm-3 s-1 C. mol dm-2 s-1 D. mol 2 dm-3 s-1
728	The electrolytic method super passes all other methods due to.	A. Furity B. Cheapness C. Easy available D. All above
729	A considerable number of atoms pertaining to the surface with the decreasing the particle size.	A. Increase B. Decrease C. No effect D. Both a and b
730	Gases and dust particles are removed from H2SO4 by	A. Tydal effect B. Drying tower C. Absorption tower D. Contact converter
731	The rotation of plane polarized light when it posses through 1 dm of a solution containing 1 gram of the substance per cm3 of the solution is called.	A. Molar rotation B. Molar refraction C. Specific refraction

		D. Specific rotation
732	UV radiation from the sun causes a reaction in the atmosphere that leads to production	A. Fluorides B. Carbon monoxide C. Sulphur dioxide D. Ozone
733	The value of Kwincrease with temperature because the ionization of water.	A. Positive B. Negative C. Endothermic D. Exothermic
734	Air pollution is not caused by	A. Pollen grains B. Hydroelectric power C. Industries D. automobiles
735	The diameter of a bucky ball is about	A. <div> o</div> 1 A B. 1 nm C. <div> o</div> 100 A D. 10 nm
736	In which of the following compounds does hydrogen bonding occur.	A. CCI4 B. NaH C. HI D. NH3
737	Metallic bond is treated essentially as in character	A. Ionic B. Covalent C. Polar D. Non polar
738	Which of the following statement is not related to applications and limitations of first law of thermodynamics.	A. This law explains why chemical reactions proceed to completion B. It is silent about the source of heat C. It is silent about the direction of heat D. It does not tell us about the reversible process.
739	The correct order of acid strength is.	A. HIO4 > HBrO4 > HCIO4 B. HCIO4> HBrO4 > HIO4 C. HBrO4 > HIO4 > HCIO4 D. HBrO4 > HCIO4 > HIO4
740	What of the following is not a Lewis base.	A. CN- B. AICI3 C. NH3 D. ROH
741	The oxidation state of Pt in Xe+ [Pt F6] is	A. +4 B. +5 C. +6 D. None of these
742	$30\ \text{mL}$ of an acid solution is neutralized by 15 mL of 0.2 N base. The strength of acid solution is.	A. 0.1 N B. 0.15 N C. 0.3 N D. 0.4 N
743	Nanoscience can be studied with the help of	A. Quantum mechanics B. Newtonain mechanics C. Macro dynamics D. Grophysics
744	Metals are	A. Transparent B. Tranalucant C. Opaque D. None of above
745	The elements with highest electron affinity belongs to.	A. Period 2, group 17 B. Period 3, group 17 C. Period 2, group 18 D. Period, 2, group 1
746	Commercial detergents contain mainly	A. RCOON B. RONa C. RSNa D. All above
747	Which of the following property has a higher value for trans isomer as compared to cis isomer.	A. Density B. Dipole moment C. Melting point D. Boiling point
748	The electrode Pt/Fe2+ (C1) Fe 3+ (C2) belong to the type.	A. Gas electrodes B. Inert metal electrodes C. Magam electrodes D. Metal metal insoluble salt electrode

749	The formula of sulphur sesquioxide	A. SO4 B. S2O7 C. S2O3 D. SO3
750	Glass electrode cannot be used to measure the pH of pure.	A. Acetic acid B. Ethyl alcohol C. Gelatin D. All above
751	The increase in boiling points of noble gases from He to Xe is due to the	A. Decreases in ionization energy B. Increases in polarizability C. Increase in electron affinity D. Increase in atomic volume
752	Which of the following statement is not true for carbon.	A. Its forms compounds with multiple bonds B. Its ionization energy is very high C. It undergoes catanation D. It shows inert pair effect
753	If for a solution of an electrolyte. It is the transport number of the cation, then the transport number of the anion I, is equal to	A. t/2 B. 1 - t+ C. 1 + t+ D. (i -t) /2
754	What element is the most abundant by mass in the Earth's crust.	A. Fe B. H C. O D. K
755	Which of the following property is not related to aluminum.	A. it is silvery white metal with brilliant lusture B. It is a very light metal with specific gravity as 2.7 C. It is good conductor of heat D. It is the least reactive element of III Group.
756	Which of the following analytical technique is not concerned with atomic spectroscopy.	A. Flame photometry B. Flame emission spectrometry C. Atomic absorption spectrometry D. I-R spectrophotometry
757	Environmental pollution effects.	A. Biotic component B. Plants only C. Humans only D. Both biotic and abiotic components of environment
758	A silver iodide and was prepared by mixing KI and AgNO2 solution with the AgNO2 in slight excess. Which of the following descriptions is correct regarding is not particles.	A. Negatively charged because of the excess of NO-3 ions B. Positively charged because of the excess of Ag+ ions in the AgI lattice C. Negatively charged because I ions are adsorbed from the KI solution D. Neutral
759	Non localised bonds are referred as	A. Metallic bond B. Long range bonds C. lonic bond D. Covalent bonds
760	During reaction of copper with aqueous solution of silver nitrate	A. Silver atoms are reduced B. Cu2+ ions are reduced C. Silver ions are reduced D. No ³ ions are reduced
761	In propagation step the reaction intermediate of radical polymerization is	A. Carbocation B. Carbonion C. Free radical D. Carbene
762	The phase rule was deduced by	A. Gibbs B. Thomson C. Troution D. Henry
763	The term 'brass' is very commonly used to designate any alloy primarily of.	A. Copper and zinc B. Aluminum and iron C. Copper and aluminum D. Zinc and nickel
764	In which of the following techniques the solvated molecules are separated according to their size by their ability to penetrate a sieve like structure.	A. Adsorption chromatography B. Partition chromatography C. Ion exchange chromatography D. Gel permeation chromatography

765	The acetylene molecule contain a	A. Single bond B. Double bond C. Triple bond D. Co ordinate bond
766	Soft drinks and baby feeding bottles are generally made up	A. Polyeater B. Polyurethens C. Polyamide D. Polyetyrene
767	Which of the following impurities are present with the bauxite.	A. Silica B. Ferric oxide C. Alumina D. Both silica and ferric oxide
768	Which of the following has cubic structure.	A. Sodium chloride B. Potassium Chloride C. Diamond D. All of above
769	Which of the following process is not involved in the purification of bauxite.	A. Bayer's process B. Serpek's process C. Hall's process D. Goldsmith's process
770	The expected specific waste of paper and allied products industry is.	A. Chemicals B. Paper and fibre residues C. Links D. All above
771	Two solids A and B have appreciable different solubility in water but their m.p. are very close. The mixture A and B can be separated by.	A. Sublimation B. Distillation C. Fractional crystallization D. Specific rotation
772	The Lewis structure of which of the following does not have coordinate bond.	A. SO2 B. HNO3 C. H2SO4 D. HNO2
773	The Hall process involves the reduction of Al2O3 to aluminium by	A. Carbon B. Carbon monoxide C. Molecular hydrogen D. Electrolysis
774	The layer containing petroleum oil and gas is.	A. Above that of water <o:p></o:p> B. Below water<o:p></o:p> C. Between water and sand<o:p></o:p> D. Between water and sand<o:p></o:p> D. All of above<o:p></o:p>
775	Which of the following cause water pollution.	A. Smoke B. Automobile exhausts C. Aeroplanes D. Silt and posticides
776	Which of the following pollutant results from combustion of fossil fuels.	A. SO2 B. NO2 C. CO D. All above
777	Lux-Flood concept is a dono-acceptor system of.	A. Proton B. Electron pair C. Neurtron D. Oxide ion
778	Zero group of the periodic table consists of.	A. Four elements B. Five elements C. Six elements D. Eight elements
779	Stainless steel contains	A. Fe+Cr+Ni B. Fe+Ni+Cu C. Fe + Cr+ Cu D. Cu + C + Ni
	The minimum amount of anergy that the reacting malecules must become at the time of	A. Free energy

780	rne minimum amount of energy that the reacting molecules must posses at the time of collations in under to produce effective collisions is called.	C. Activation energy D. External energy
781	The ease of hydrohalogenation of alkyl halide with alcoholic KOH is.	A. 3 ^o > 2 ^o > 1 ^o B. 3 ^o < 2 _o <1 ^o C. 3 ^o > 2 ^o < 1 ^o < 1 ^o < 1 ^o > 2 ^o > 1 ^o
782	The sugar present in DNA is	A. D- Ribose B. D-Glucose C. 2- Doxy D-Ribose D. 3-Deoxy D-ribose
783	Which of the following does not apply to nanotechnology.	A. It is a general purpose technology B. It can be called Green technology C. Newtonian mechanics can describe it. D. It involves rearrangement of atoms
784	Soapy detergents and soapless detergents behave differently in hard water because they	A. Have different hydrophilic heads B. Have different hydrophobic hydrocarbon chains C. Have different pH values D. Above A and C both
785	Variable oxidation states is shown by	A. Normal eleemnts B. Metallic elements C. Non metallic elements D. Transition elements
786	What refer by the ability of steel to be hardened through to its centre in large section?	A. Malleability <o:p></o:p> B. Hardenability <o:p></o:p> C. Ductility <o:p></o:p> D. Ductility <o:p></o:p> D. Rigidity <o:p></o:p>
787	Soap is soluble in grease because it	A. Is non polar B. Has a hydrophobic head C. Has a hydrophobic tail D. Has an ionic head and a hydrocarbon tail
788	Which of the following process is used for the removal of gases.	A. Precipitation B. Chemical reaction in the atmosphere C. Absorption D. All above
789	The multiplicity of the electronic state is equal to.	A. S + 1 B. 2S + 1 C. 2S - 2 D. 2S + 2
790	For which of the following compounds is the rate of hydrolysis by aqueous alkali most likely to be independent of the hydroxide ion concentration.	A. 1-Chlorobutane B. 2- Bromobutane C. 1- lodobutane D. 2- Bromo -2- methyl butane
791	The units of coefficient of viscosity are.	A. kg m-1 n-1 B. gm -1, s-1 C. kgm-1, min -1 D. None of the above
792	The maximum number of electron is an atom with I = 2 and n = 3 is	A. 2 B. 6 C. 10 D. 12
793	a -amino acids when heated alone form	A. Cyclic lactum B. a-b-unsaturated acid C. Fatty acids D. Diketopiperzines

794	Which of the following interaction is the strong.	A. Dipole -dipole B. lon induced dipole C. lon -dipole D. Dipole induced diple
795	Which of the following proportion is associated with the covalent nature of the compound.	A. It conducts electricity in molten stater or aqueous state B. It is a non electrolyte C. It has high m.p. D. It is a compound of a metal and non metal.
796	The coordination number of closely packed hexagonal is.	A. 4 B. 6 C. 8 D. 12
797	Cement is a mixture of	A. Clay and clinker B. Clay limestone and gypsum C. Limestone and gypsum D. Binder
798	Carbides because of their hardness are	A. lonic carbides B. Interstitial carbides C. covalent carbides D. Any of above
799	The state of hybridization of carbon in CO2 is	A. sp2 B. sp C. sp3 D. dsp2
800	All halogens exist as covalent molecules.	A. Monoatomic B. Daitomic C. Triatonic D. Tetra atomic
801	What is called black gold.	A. Petroleum B. Coal C. Coal tar D. Natural gas
802	The bond along Sp2 hybridization is.	A. 180 ^o B. 120 ^o C. 109.5 ^o D. 160 ^o
803	To complete transfer of a shared pir of electrons to one of the atoms joined by a double or triple bond at the requirement of an attacking reagent is known as.	A. Inductive effect B. Resonance effect C. Eletromeric effect D. Stark effect
804	Rotary spinning process is used to produce	A. Glass wool B. Optical fibre C. Glass marble D. None of above
805	When some quantity of electricity is passed though two electrolytic cells. The ratio of the mass of the products obtained at the cathode is the same as the ratio of their	A. Densities B. Atomic masses C. Equivalent masses D. Atomic numbers
806	Vitamin D1 is chemically known as	A. Ergocalciferol B. Tocopherol C. Aserphthol D. Phylloquinone
807	Which of the following is not an alkali metal	A. Rb B. Sb C. Cs D. Fr
808	Which of the microscope techniques is similar to the Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM)	A. Scanning Electron Microscopy B. Scanning Tunneling Microscopy C. Transmission Electron Microscopy D. None of the above
809	Suppose a sample is analyzed for a particular constituent by two different method One can tell whether the two average values are significantly different by applying which of the following test.	A. Student's test B. F test C. Chi square test D. Variance
810	Which of the following item is not symmetry element.	A. Pllane of symmetry B. Inversion centre C. Improper rotation D. Optical activity
		ΔΙί

811	Berllium has diagonal relationship with	C. B D. Na
812	VBT does not edplain	A. Absorption spectra B. Color of transition metal ion C. Heat of formation D. All above
813	A chromophore is an isolated fractional group which has	A. Coloured appearanceB. Absorption in UV visible regionC. Only sigma bondsD. Absorption in the region
814	What cast iron has modular or spheroidal graphite?	A. Ductile iron <o:p></o:p> B. Gray iron <o:p></o:p> C. White iron <o:p></o:p> D. White iron <o:p></o:p> D. Raw iron <o:p></o:p>
815	The equivalent conductance (^) and molar conductance (^ m) of BaSO4 are related as.	A. ^ = ^m/2 B. ^/2 = ^m C. ^ = ^m D. ^ = ^m/4
816	Which of the following salt is green in colour	A. Mn salt B. Cr salt C. Co salt D. Ba salt
817	Which of the following reaction cannot be used for the synthesis of a amino acids.	A. Gabriel phthalimide B. Streckers synthesis C. Sorensen synthesis D. Schmidt synthesis
818	The osmotic pressure of a solution with definite composition.	A. Varies directly as the volume and temperature. B. Various inversely as the temperature. C. Varies inversely as the volume and directly as the temperature. D. None of the above
819	Low quality steels with an M. Suffix on the designation intended for non structural application is classified as.	A. Merchant quality B. Commercial quality C. Drawing quality D. Low quality
820	Which of the following is not a redox indicator.	A. Ferroin B. Diphaylamine C. Phenolphthalein D. Methyl blue
821	Which of the following compounds cannot be a monomer.	A. CH3-CH0OH - CH2OH B. NH2 - CH2-NH2 C. CH3-CH2-NH3 D. NH2-CH2-CH-CH2 - NH2 < div > < br> < div > CH3 < / div >
822	The pH of 0.001 N HCl is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
823	The concentration of OH ions in a certain household ammonia solution is 0.0025. This ammonia solution is.	A. Basic B. Acidic C. Neutral D. None of above
824	Variable electrovalency is due to the following reasons.	A. Unstable configuration of core B. Inset electron pair effect C. All of above D. None of above
825	The number 8.47 is rounded to	A. 8.5 B. 8.4 C. 8.7 D. 8.6

826	Which of the following substance is released into environment in the nuclear power plants.	A. lodine -131 B. Argon - 41 C. Sr-90 D. Cs- 137 E. All above
827	The theoretical plate in chromatography is represented by how many equilibrium step	A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four
828	Which of the following alkyl halide undergoes nucleophilic substitution reaction via the formation of a carboncation.	A. 1-chloro -2 methyl propane B. 2- chlro-2-methyl propane C. 2- chloro butane D. 1-Chloro, 3,3- dimethyl pentane
829	The type of bonding in HCl is	A. Pure covalent B. Polar covalent C. Highly polar D. Hydrogen bonding
830	Identify the incorrect statement regarding crystallization from the following.	A. It is an important procedure for purifying solids B. The impurities are removed by filtering the solution C. Crystals are separated by filtration D. In crystallization method, the solid is dissolved in a solvvent in which it is soluble at all temperature.
831	The statement that heat cannot flow spontaneously from a colder to a hotter body is the result of.	A. The first law of thermodynamics B. The second law of thermodynamics C. The third law of thermodynamics D. Henry's law
832	Which of the following is the weakest base.	A. KOH B. NaOH C. LIOH D. RbOH
833	The percentage of nitrogen in ammonia is%	A. 32 B. 82 C. 25 D. 55
834	Which element among the following cannot exhibit variable electronvalency	A. ₂₉ Cu B. ₅₀ Sn C. ₂₅ Mn
835	The unequal sharing of bonded pair of electrons between the two atoms in a molecule causes.	D. ₃₈ Sr A. Dipole B. Radical formation C. Decomposition of found D. Covalent found
836	An example of acyclic polytropenoid is	A. Myrcone B. Buna -S C. Synthetic rubber D. Natural rubber
837	The compounds whose formation require a host compound and a guest compound are called.	A. Exclusion compounds B. Inclusion compounds C. Crystal compounds D. None of the above
838	Which of the following statements is not correct about noble gases.	A. Their ionization energies are very high B. Their electron affinities are nearly zero C. They do not form any chemical compounds D. They are not easily liquefied
839	Steel is an alloy of iron and carbon with limits on the amount of carbon to less than percent.	A. 2 B. 3 C. 1 D. 4
840	Which of the following is branch chain polymer.	A. Glycogen B. Terylene C. PVC D. Orlen
841	In the process of electrosmosis	A. Colloidial particles move towards the electrodes B. Both colloidal particles and dis persons medium move C. Only dispersion medium moves to

		D. Positively charged colloidal particles move, but negatively charged particles remain stationary
842	An emulsifier is an agents which	A. Stabilizes an emulsion B. Homgeneises and emulsion C. Causes coagulation of an emulsion D. Helps in the formation of an emulsion
843	How many stereoisomers are possible for CH3CH = CHCHCH(Br) CH3	A. 2- geometrical isomers B. 2- optical isomers C. 2- geometrical and 2- optical isomers D. 2- geometrical and 1 optical isomers
844	The most abundant metal in earth's crust is.	A. Fe B. Al C. Ti D. Ca
845	A salt solution is treated with chloroform drops. Then it is shaken with chlorine water, chloroform layer become violet solution contains.	A. NO2 ion B. NO3 ion C. Br ion D. I- ion
846	Equal volumes of all gases, under similar conditions of temperature and pressure, contain equal number of molecules. This is a statement of.	A. Graham's law B. Dalton's law C. Avogadro' law D. Boyle's law
847	The number of Glass products now manufactured is.	A. 25,000 B. 75,000 C. 50,000 D. All of these
848	Biomass refers to all the organic material derived from	A. Photolysis B. Photosynthesis C. Electrolysis D. Oxidation
849	How much amount of NaOH is required to prepare 100 mL of 1 N solution.	A. 80 g B. 4 g C. 40 g D. zero
850	Correct order of increasing I effect of groups is	A NO2 >CN >COOH >F BF >COOH>CN>CN>NO2 > COOH <div> DCN >COOH ></div>
850	Correct order of increasing I effect of groups is The process of passing of a precipitate into colloidal solution, on adding an electrolyte is called.	COOH >F BF >COOH>CN>
	The process of passing of a precipitate into colloidal solution, on adding an electrolyte is	COOH >F BF >COOH>CN>CN>NO2 CF>CN>NO2 > COOH <div> DCN >COOH >NO2 >F A. Dialysis B. Peptization C. Electrophoresis</div>
851	The process of passing of a precipitate into colloidal solution, on adding an electrolyte is called.	COOH >F BF >COOH>
851 852	The process of passing of a precipitate into colloidal solution, on adding an electrolyte is called. The speed of a chemical reaction	COOH >F BF >COOH>CN>CN>NO2 > COOH <div>>br></div> DCN >F A. Dialysis B. Peptization C. Electrophoresis D. Electromsmosis A. Is constant no matter what the temperature is. B. Is independent of the amount of contact surface of a solid involved C. Between gases should is all cases be extremely repid because the average kinetic energy of the molecules is great D. Between ions in aqueous solution is extremely rapid because there are no bonds that need to be broken A. NO B. NO2 C. N2O
851 852 853	The process of passing of a precipitate into colloidal solution, on adding an electrolyte is called. The speed of a chemical reaction Which of the following oxide formed in appreciable quantity in the atmosphere.	COOH >F BF >COOH>

857	Xenon reacts best with	A. The most electropositive elements B. The most electronegative elements C. The hydrogen halides D. Non metals
858	Which of the following statements is not related with chemical equilirbium.	A. The properties of the system become constant B. The equilibrium can be approached from either direction C. The chemical equilibrium is static is nature D. A catalyst can hasten the approach towards equilibrium
859	White Phosphorus is kept under	A. Cold water B. Ammonia liquor C. Ethanol D. Kerosene
860	According to recent view which is the correct representation of hydrated proton in aqueous solutions.	A. H+ B. H9O3+ C. H9O4+ D. H2O+
861	Carbon in wrought iron is present as	A. Silicon carbide B. Iron carbide or comentite C. Graphite D. Partly as iron carbide and partly as
862	Pesticide residues appear in which of the following foods.	graphite A. Milk B. Fruit C. Fish D. Vegetables E. All above
863	Example of peseudohalonge group.	A. Cyanogen B. Thiocyanogen C. Selenocyanogen D. All above
864	The number of mole of the solute dissolved per dm3 of the solution is called.	A. Molality B. Formality C. Normality D. Molarity
865	Soap and detergent remove the direct form clothes due to.	A. Osmosis B. Gravity C. Lowering of interfacial tension D. Diffusion
866	Xenan hexaflouride at 47.7 °C is	A. Colorless solid B. yellow solid C. Yellow liquid D. Colorless liquid
867	Which of the following has the maximum tendency to form complexes.	A. K B. Na C. Rb D. Li
868	Phosphorus normally exhibit a covalency of.	A. +1 and +2 B. +2 and +3 C. +3 and +4 D. +4 and +5
869	Which type of the solids are generally good conductors of electricty.	A. Covalent B. Ionic C. Metallic D. Molecular
870	Transition elements, in general exhibit the following properties, except one Name that property.	A. Variable oxidation state B. Natural radioactivity C. Tendency to form complexes D. Formation of alloys
871	Which of the following compound does not following octet rule.	A. CS2 B. PBr3 C. IBr D. Br F3
872	The stationary and mobile phases in paper chromatography are.	A. ^{Liquid/Liquid} B. Solid /Liquid C. Liquid/Solid D. Gas/solid
		A. F

A. F R CI

873	The vapours attacks the eyes and mucous membrane of nose and throat	C. I D. Br
874	Lithium shows diagonal relationship with	A. Beryllium B. Sodium C. Magnesium D. Calcium
875	Which of the following statements is wrong.	A. Covenant compounds are generally soluble is polar solvents. B. Covalent compounds have low melting and boiling points C. Lower than that of separate H atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometimes higher than that of separate H
876	The particle motion in solids is	A. Only vibratory B. Only translator C. Vibratory and rotatory D. Only translatory
877	The terpenoid responsible fo the smell	A. Camphor B. Genenial C. Citral D. Carvone
878	Which of the following techniques involve gas as the mobile phase.	A. HPLC B. GLC C. TLC D. Paper chromatography
879	Aluminium reacts with boiling water to liberatedi hydrogen gas along with the formation of.	A. Aluminium oxide B. Aluminium hydroxide C. Aluminium suboxide D. Aluminium superoxide
880	Enzymatic action is heat at a fixed	A. Temparature B. pH C. Both of these D. None of these
881	Is an instate able colourles gas with a sticky sweet odor and is extremely toxic.	A. B2 H6 B. B4 H10 C. B3 H9 D. B6 H10
882	Which of the following species is very good oxidizing agent.	A. MnO ₄ B. H+ C. Zn ²⁺ D. Fe ³⁺
883	Which of the following term refers to nearness between several measurements of the same quantity.	A. Accuracy B. Precision C. Standard error D. Standard error of mean
884	Identify an oxygenated cyclic terpenoid	A. a- pinene B. Camphor C. Citral D. Geranial
885	Which of the following is planar?	A. CH2Cl2 B. CHCl3 C. CCl4 D. C2H2
886	Branch of chemistry that deals with the basic principles governing energy changes during various processes is called.	A. Wave mechanics B. Chemical kinetics C. Chemical thermodynamics D. Electro chemistry
887	Which of the following statement is not correct with reference to cell constant.	A. The dimensions of cell constant is cm- 1 B. It is used to determine the specific conductance C. It is measured with KCl solution D. Specific conductance does not vary with concentration.
888	Which of the following elements has the highest melting point.	A. Magnesium B. Calcium C. Strontium D. Berylliium
889	Alkaline hydrolysis of chloroform produces.	A. HCCO B. HCOO - + CO C. H3COH D. CHCL2 OH

890	The element with maximum first ionization energy is.	A. B B. N C. O D. C
891	The boiling point of water is unexpectedly high because.	A. H2O molecule in linear B. Sp3 hydrogen bonding is involved in the formation of water C. There is hydrogen bonding and consequent association of H2O molecules. D. Oxygen is the first member of the VI group
892	Reaction in which molecules absorbing light do not themselves react but induce other moleculaes to react are called.	A. Chain reactions B. Photosenaitized reactions C. Reversible reactions D. Free radical reactions
893	High density polyethylene has which type of structure.	A. Linear B. Branch chain C. Cross linked D. Any one of these
894	Potassium sulphate with 48% to 52% potash, is made from.	A. Potassium phosphate <o:p>p></o:p> B. Potassium Chloride C. Potassium Nitrate D. None of these
895	In each period the element with lest electron affinity belongs to.	A. Group 1 B. Group 14 C. Group 17 D. Group 18
896	Length of semiconductor nanorods are in the range of.	A. 1.50 nm B. 1-50 micro meter C. 100-500 nm D. 50-100 nm
897	A terpenoid which as an alcoholic group in the molecule is	A. Citral B. Camphor C. Menthol D. Carvone
898	What type of inter molecular force present in nylon-66 ⁰	A. Vander wall B. Hydrogen bond C. Dipole -dipole interactions D. Sulphide linkage
899	Which of the following technique is used for separation of volatile components.	A. GC B. HPLC C. FPLC D. TLC
900	Which of the following is not an intensive property.	A. Melting point B. Refractive index C. Entropy D. Density
901	a-terpioneol is obtained on hydration of which of the following with dilute H2SO4.	A. Citral B. Myrcene C. Linalool D. Limonene
902	In a system , when the chemical potential of each component is the same for all phases. the equilibrium is said to be in	A. Metastable equilibrium B. Thermal equilibrium C. Composition equilibrium D. Mechanical equilibrium
903	Which are not considered member of d-block elements.	A. Zn B. Cd C. Hg D. All above
904	In statistical mechanics, there exists a function which contains all the information about a macroscopic system. This function is known as.	A. Eigen function B. Wave function C. Partition function D. Distribution function
905	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to harmful effects of ground water pollution.	A. It causes lungs cancer B. It causes jaundice C. It damages crops D. It helps to prevent epidermises
		A. Mechanical energy

906	Which of the following energy is trapped by the autotrophic organisms.	D. Electrical energy C. Radiant energy D. Electronic energy
907	Which of the following bonds between carbon -carbon is teh strongest.	A. Sigma bond B. Pi bond C. Double bond D. Triple bond
908	Which is the correct order of wave number of the following redistions.	A. X-rays > uv > Infrared > visible> radio waves B. X-rays > uv > visible > Infrared > radio waves C. X-rays > radio waves > uv > visible > Infrared D. X-rays > Infrared > uv> visible > radio waves
909	A closed system is one which can exchange with surrounding.	A. Matter but not energy B. Energy but not matter C. Both matter and energy D. Neither matter nor energy
910	Environmental pollution refers to.	A. Peeling of top soil B. Dissipation of energy C. Release of toxic materials in environment D. None of the above
911	The function of boiling the sodium extract with conc. HNO3 before testing the halogens is	A. To make solution clear B. To make the solution acidic C. To bring common ion effect D. To destroy CN- and S2- ion
912	Of the following an amphoteric hydroxide is.	A. Ca(OH)2 B. NaOH C. Be (OH)2 D. Li OH
913	lodine is a grey black solid and its vapours are in color	A. Grey B. Black C. Yellow D. Violet
914	Elements of group 14 have the electronic configuration of their outer shell as	A. ns2 np3 B. ns2 np2 C. ns2 np6 D. ns2
915	Chlorination of benzene with excess chlorine in the presence of FeCl3 as Lewis acid gives.	A. Chlorobenzene as a major product B. o-dichlorobenzene as major product C. p-dichloro benzene as an only product D. A mixture of 0- and p- dichloro benzene
916	Which among the following is secondary pollutant.	A. CO B. CO2 C. PAN D. Aerosol
917	Monomer of natural rubber is	A. 1,3-Butadiene B. 2-Methyl -1,3-butadiene C. 1,2 -Butadiene D. 1,3 - Pentadiene
918	A drop of a liquid acquires spherical shape because of.	A. Its viscous nature B. Capillary action C. The tendency to acquire minimum surface are D. Its shape
919	The full form of STM is	A. Scanning Tunneling Microscope B. Scientific Technical Microscope C. Systematic Technical Microscope D. SuperTensile Microscope
920	Which of the following reactions does not take place with light radiation.	A. Oxidation B. Reduction C. Polymerization D. Double displacement
921	Aluminium halides is.	A. White crystalline solid B. Hygroscopic C. Sublimes at 180 ^o C D. All above
		A. Fe(CO)5

A. Fe(CO)5 R Fe2(CO)9

922	Finely divided iron combines with CO to give.	C. Fe(CO)12 D. Fe(CO)6
923	The point group of XeOF4 is.	A. C6v B. C4h C. D4h D. D2h
924	Alnico is an alloy containing how many percent nickel.	A. 10% B. 14% C. 18% D. 22%
925	The particles of about 1 nm need activation energy to enter either aggregation processes or reactions to give to new chemicals.	A. Higher B. Lesser C. No D. All above
926	Co ordinate compounds are	A. Polar B. Non polar C. Dem polar D. None of above
927	In the forth floatation process for the purification of ores, the ore particles float because.	A. They are light B. Their surface is not easily vetted by water C. They bear electrostatic charge D. They are insoluble
928	Pick out incorrect statement.	A. NF3 molecule has trigonal pyramidal structure. B. It is practically incoluble in water and is only hydrolyzed, an electric spark is passed through a mixture with water vapour. C. Dipole moment of NF3 is more than that of NH3 D. Nitrogn (III) oxide (N2O3) is an acidic oxide.
929	Which of the following is the cause of Brownian movement of colloidal particles.	A. Convection currents int he fluid B. Bombardment by the molecules of the dispersion medium C. Setting of dispersed phase under gravity. D. Thermal gradient in the medium
930	Which of the following statement is not related to MOT	A. Atomic orbitals lose their identities B. MOTgives as idea of denationalization C. MOT uses all the orbitals and elections D. It treated bond as purely covalent
931	Which of the following is not a ligand or complexing agent.	A. NH3 B. CH3COOH C. EDTA D. CN-
932	Which of the following is an acceptable value fo the molecularity.	A. 0 B. 2 C. 6 D. 3/2
933	Greenish yellow gas with pungent irritating odour	A. Chlorine B. Fluorine C. lodine D. Bromine
934	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to group theory.	A. Two elements of a group combine to form a third element of a group B. An element combines with itself to form another element of the group. C. Each element of the group obey associative law of combination D. Each group element has no reciprocal
935	Chlorination of toluene in the presence of light and heat followed by treatment with aqueous NaOH gives.	A. o - creaol B. p - creaol C. 2,4 -dihydroxy toluene D. Benzoic acid
936	The volume of given mass of gas at constant pressure is directly proportional to the absolute temperature. This is a statement of.	A. Charles's law B. Boyle's law C. Avogadro's law D. Dalton's law
937	In a bucky ball each carbon atom in bound in adjacent carbon atoms.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3

		D. 4
938	Pauling has suggested that the calculate of energy can be improved by considering.	A. Screening effect B. Polarization effect C. Both A and B D. None of abvoe
939	Which of the following relation corresponds to Faraday law of electrolysis.	A. m = ZI t B. E = mc ² C. E = ho D. None of the above
940	In biological ecosystem which of the following substance is used by organisms.	A. Water B. Sunlight C. Minerals D. All above
941	How many planes of symmetry are present in benzene.	A. 1 plane B. 3 planes C. 5 planes D. 7 planes
942	The Langmuir adsorption iso therrn shows that the amount of adsorbed gas per gram of the solid is equal to.	A. ap/1+bp B. ap+1/1-bp C. 1+ap/1-bp D. a(1+bp)
943	Which of the following class of compounds follow the criteria of aromatically.	A. The compounds must have high degree of unsaturation B. they must have the property to undergo addition reactions C. They must have the property to undergo substitution reactions D. They must have the ability to sustain an induced current in NMR
944	Which of the following statement is incorrect about rock salt type	A. It has for arrangement of Na+ B. Na+ and CI- ions have coordination number of 6:6 C. A unit cell of NaCI metals have rock salt type structure. D. None of them
945	Argillaceous material does not include.	A. Vlay<0:p> B. Marine shells <o:p></o:p> C. Slate <o:p></o:p> D. Slate <o:p></o:p> D. Blast furnace slag <o:p></o:p>
946	The law which relates the solubility of a gas to its pressure is called.	A. Raoult's law B. Nernst law C. Ostwald's law D. Hennery's law
947	What element is added to copper to make it extremely hard.	A. Aluminum B. Zinc C. Lead D. Tin
948	The soap and detergent are source of organic pollutants like.	A. Glycerol B. Polyphosphates C. Sulphonated hydrocarbons D. All of these
949	Ca2+ is isolelectronic with.	A. Mg2+ B. Kr C. Ar D. Na+
950	Inductive effect can be used to explain	A. Dipole moment of chemical bonds B. Strength of acids C. Strength of bases D. All above
951	Select a basic amino acid.	A. Glycine B. Cystine C. Alanine D. Lysine

952	Anything that influence the valence electrons will affect the chemistry of the element Which of the following factors does not affect the valency shell.	A. valence principle quantum number in B. Nuclear charge (Z) C. Nuclear mass D. Number of core electrons
953	Which of the following compounds is electrovalent in nature.	A. SO2 B. ICI C. KBr D. CHI3
954	The efficiency of a reversible heat engine depends only on the	A. Temperature of the heat sink B. Temperature of the heat source C. Temperature of the heat source and sink D. Pressure of the fluid
955	Highly dangerous acid and produces severe wounds on the skin.	A. HCIO B. HCIO2 C. HCIO3 D. HCIO4
956	In order to give strength and elasticity natural rubber is heated with.	A. Sulphur B. Oxygen C. Nitrogen D. Chlorine
957	All steroids on heating wish solenium give	A. phenanthrene B. Cholesterol C. Diels hydrocarbon D. Isoprene
958	Which of the following statements is false about enantiomers.	A. Rotate plane of polarized light B. Are superimposable mirror images C. Nbonsuperimposable mirror images D. All of the above
959	Heisenberg's uncertainty principle precludes the exact simultaneous measurement of.	A. Velocity and energy B. Velocity and time C. Charge density and probability D. Position and momentum
960	Which of the following statements is not related to the decomposition phenomenon occurring in nature.	A. Decomposition is due to autotrophic organisms B. Decomposition involves bacteria and fungi C. During decomposition organisms carry out specific reactions D. Many species of decomposer are present in the biosphere
961	Which of the following has the highest melting point.	A. NaCl B. KCl C. MgO D. BaO
962	Which of the following unit cells has least symmetry.	A. Monocline B. Cubic C. Triclinic D. Tetragona
963	Which of the following is not an extensive property.	A. Work B. Entropy C. Free energy D. Volume
964	An example of cyclic polyterpenoid is	A. Myrcene B. Alcoholic C. Synthetic rubber D. Natural rubber
965	Which of the following functional groups is not involved in ion exchange chromatography.	A. Weak acids B. Strong acids C. Strong bases D. Carbohydrates
966	Red brass contain about how many percent of zinc.	A. 20 % B. 15 % C. 30 % D. 25 %
967	Which of the following potassium fertilizers are more useful for horticultural crops tobacco and potatatoes.	A. KNO3 B. KCI C. HNO3 D. H2SO4
968	In the Lewis formula of which of the following species, the number of single double and dative bonds are equal	A. N2O5 B. HNO3 C. SO2 D. SOCI2

		D. 300i2
969	The inert gases Ar, Kr and Ke form compounds with water at low temperature and high pressure. These compounds are called.	A. Halides B. Hydrates C. Clathrates D. All of above
970	The maximum degree of freedom for a pure substance under equilibrium constitutions is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. zero
971	Urea is fertilizer	A. Nitrogen fertilizer B. Potash fertilizer C. Phosphorous fertilizer D. Complete fertilizer
972	Permanent hardness of water is due to.	A. Sulphate of Ca B. Chloride of Ca C. Sulphate of Mg D. All above
973	Complexing reactions are useful for which of the following method of analysis	A. Gravimetry B. Spectrophotometry C. Interfering ions masking D. All of the above
974	Which is incorrect statement for Xe F2.	A. It has linear structure. B. It is hydrolyzed rapidly in aqueous solution of a base C. It oxidizes Cl and I to Cl2 and I 2 respectively D. It cannot act as F donor
975	Which of the following responsible for depletion of ozone layer in upper strata of the atmosphere.	A. Polyhalogens B. Ferrocene C. Freons D. Fullerencs
976	Law of octaves was proposed by	A. Lother meyer B. D.I.Mendeleev C. J.A.R. Newlands D. J.W. Dobereiner
977	The process of transfer of genetic message from DNA to m-RNA is known as	A. Refplication B. Translation C. Transcription D. Transference
978	What is clinker.	A. Roasted calcareous material B. Roasted argillaceous material C. Roasted calcareous and argillaceous material
979	Among the elements A, B,C and D having atomic numbers 7,8,9 AND 12 Respectively, the element with smallest size and highest IE is.	D. Roasted gypsum A. A B. B C. C D. D
980	Carbon in wrought iron is present as	A. Silicon carbide B. Iron carbide cementite C. Graphite D. Partly as iron carbide and partly as graphite
981	Coordination compound show	A. Structural isomerism B. Stereo isomerism C. Both A and B D. None of above
982	Which one of the following is not correct.	A. Ar is used in electric bulbs B. Kr is obtained during radioactive decay C. Boiling point of H2 is lowest among all noble gases. D. Xe forms Xe OF4
983	CIF is	A. Chlorine monoflouride B. Fluourine C. Monochlorine fluoride D. Monofluorine chloride
984	The nature of bonds in compounds of carbon and silicon is mostly	A. Covalent B. Electrovalent C. Metallic D. Both A and B
		A A4 ()

D. JUUIZ

A. Metals

985	Fluorine form Fluorides reacting with	B. Non metals C. Metalloide D. Any of above
986	CoCl3 ,6NH3 has six NH3 molecules that satisfy the valency of the Cu3+ metal ion	A. Primary B. Secondary C. Both A and B D. None of above
987	Estimation of nitrogen in proteins is generally arrived out by the method.	A. Duma's method B. Van Slyke method C. Kjeldahl's method D. Carius method
988	The oxidation Number of I in HIO4 is.	A. +6 B. +7 C. +3 D. +14
989	What is the effect of manganese in cast iron.	A. ^{To affect the machinability ductility and shrinkage depending on form} B. To reduce hardness by combining with sulfur below 0.5% and increase hardness above 0.55 C. To dioxide molten cast iron D. Have no effect
990	The basic strength of hydrides of group 15 elements very in the following order.	A. NH3 > PH3 > AsH3 > SbH3 > BiH3 B. PH3 > NH3 > AsH3> SbH3 > BiH3 C. BiH3> NH3 >PH3 > AsH3 > SbH3 D. NH3 > PH3 > SbH3 > AsH3 > BiH3
991	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to hydrocarbons.	A. They are gaseous and liquids B. They can be saturated or unsaturated C. They in air by themselves alone cause harmful effects D. They form photochemical oxidants
992	Oxalic acid when heated withe conc. H2SO4 it gives out.	A. H2O and CO2 B. CO and CO2 C. CO2 and H2S D. Oxalic sulphate
993	The intensity of magnetization produced per unit strength of the applied magnetic field is called magnetic susceptibility., which of the following statements is not related with this phenomenon.	A. Confirmation of structure of given compound B. Complex storeochemistry C. Diamagnetic nature of molecules D. Paramagnetic nature of molecules.
994	Aromatic amine (X) was treated with alcoholic potash and another compound (Y) when foul smelling gas was formed with formula C2H3N (Y) was formed by reacting a compound (Z) with Cl2 in the presence of slaked lime . The compound (Z) is	A. C6H5NC B. CHCl3 C. CH3CH2OH D. C6H5NH2
995	An electron has types of motion	A. Spin motion B. Orbital motion C. Both A and B D. None of above
996	The suffix "ate" at the end of the name of the compiled signifies that it is.	A. Cation B. Anion C. Neutral D. None of above
997	The bonding of transition metal complex was not well understand until the pioneer work of.	A. Ps JAISWAL B. GS MANKU C. BR thukral D. Alfred Weriner
998	If reaction A has an activation energy of 250 kj and reaction activation energy of 100 kj, which of the following statements must be correct.	A. If reaction A is exothermic and reaction B is endothermic then reaction A is favored kinetically B. At the same temperature the rate of reaction B is greater than the rate of reaction A C. The energy of reaction A must be greater than the energy of reaction B. D. The energy of reaction B must be greater than the energy of reaction A
999	AICI3 fumes in air because of.	A. Hydrolysis B. Dehydration C. Hydration

		D. Oxidation
1000	Which of the following cast iron is heat treated for ductility.	A. Gray iron B. Malleable iron C. White iron D. None of these
1001	The yellow colour of chromates changes to orange red on acidification, due to the formation of.	A. Cr3+ B. Cr2O3 C. Cr2O7 ²⁻ D. Cro3
1002	The action of all the relations of all the organism to their environment is called	A. Biology B. Botany C. Ecology D. Archiology
1003	Which of the following technique is used to separate substance based on their charge to mass ratio.	A. HPLC B. HPTLC C. GC D. Electrophoresis
1004	Which halide of cesium will be highly ionic in nature.	A. K+ B. Ag+ C. Rb+ D. Ca+
1005	A red color gas, on condensing ti gives a dark blue liquid.	A. NO B. N2O C. N2O3 D. N2O4
1006	Which of the following groups exert -1 effect.	A NO2 B CN CCOOH D. &It C = 0
1007	The colloidal solution of arsenic sulphide prefers to absorb	A. NO3 B. K+ C. S2- D. H+
1008	Steel that are used for axles, gears, and similar parts requiring medium to high and strength are known as.	A. Medium carbon steel B. Low carbon steel C. Very high carbon D. High carbon steel
1009	Co ordinate covalent bond found is formed by the	A. Transference of electrons B. Sharing of electrons C. Donation of electrons D. None of these
1010	Metal are	A. Hard B. Ductile C. Malleable D. All
1011	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to electrode potential.	A. Feasibility of a chemicals reaction B. Rate of chemical reaction C. Nature of a chemical reaction D. Free energy of a chemical reaction
1012	Pick out the incorrect statement for transition metals.	A. Cu+ is not a transition metal ion B. Transition metals do not exhibit variable oxidation states C. Transition metal ions are coloured D. Transition metals and majority of their compounds are paramagnetic
1013	Since the acid gives both acidic and normal salts so the acid is.	A. di acid B. di basic C. double salt D. Any of above
1014	The expression of specific conductance is given by	A. Ls= VR, I/A B. Ls = L I/A C. Ls = VL, A/I D. LS = r I/A br>
1015	The percentage of nitrogen in urea is.	A. 36% B. 46% C. 55% D. 65%
1016	Un-like s -block elements d-block elements form which compounds as well	A. ionic compounds B. Co valent compound C. Co ordinate compounds D. None of above

D. Oxidation

1017	Cobalt salt imparts which colour to the borax bead	A. Blue B. Green C. Red D. Yellow
1018	Which of the following species have undistributed octahedral structure.	A. SF6 B. PF6 C. Si F ₆ ²⁻ D. XeF6
1019	Which of the following statements is not true for both B and Al	A. They burn in oxygen to give oxides at high temperature B. Their halides are Lewis acids C. They combine with nitrogen to form nitrides D. They react with HCl to form chlroides.
1020	The hardest material found in nature is	A. Steel B. Topaz C. Diamond D. Quartz
1021	Calander stock is a process in paper making in which.	A. Thickness of the paper is reduced B. Surface of paper is made smooth C. Moisture is removed D. Both A and B
1022	1-Butyne on oxymereuration -demercuration would give.	A. Butanone B. Butanal C. Propanol and methanol D. Propanoic acid and formic acid
1023	The number of coordinates required to specify the position of all the atoms in a molecule is called number of degree of freedom. The vibration degrees of freedom of a linear molecule containing N atoms are	A. 2N-5 B. 2N -6 C. 3N -5 D. N-6
1024	Petroleum is formed from	A. Domestic animal B. Organisms in sea <o:p></o:p> C. Wild animals <o:p></o:p> D. All above
1025	Total pressure exerted by a mistress of two or more than two gases in a definite volume as any given temperature is equal to the sum of partial pressures which each gas would exert, if it occupied the same volume alone, at the same temperature This is a statement.	A. Boyle's law B. Charle's law C. Graham's law D. Dalton's law
1026	lodination of benzene takes place in the presence of iodine and	A. HNO3 B. HIO3 C. HgO D. All of these
1027	The 'shape' of molecule ." Xe F6 is.	A. Pentagonal bipyramidal B. Regular octahedral C. Distorted octahedral D. Square planar
1028	What field of study encompasses procurement and production of metals.	A. Metallurgy <o:p></o:p> B. Geology <o:p></o:p> C. Material science <o:p></o:p> D. Metalgraphy <o:p></o:p>
1029	The magnetic quantum number (m) specifies the individual orbital in a Sub shell for a given I, m can be.	A. I,I- I21 B. I2, I -321 C. I-I-2,I D. I-2,I-4,41
1030	Arrange the hydrides group 15 in the order of increasing boiling point.	A. PH3 < AsH3 <sbh3 <="" bih3<br=""><nh3 B. PH3 <ash3< <<br="" nh3="" sbh3<="">BiH3</ash3<></nh3 </sbh3>

		C. PH3 < AsH3 <nh3 <sbh3<bih3<br="">D. NH3 < PH3 < AsH3 < Sb H3 < BiH3</nh3>
1031	ls a chain silicate	A. Olivine B. Tremolite C. Beryl D. Zeolite
1032	Which of the following statements not correct with the concept of Bronsted concept of acids and bases.	A. An acid can donate a proton B. A base can accept a proton C. This concept has many bases that have OH- ions D. This concept is more general
1033	Ozone filters out radiation below.	A. <div> o</div> 1000 A B. <div> o</div> 2000 A C. <div> o</div> <div>3000 A</div> D. <div> o</div> 4000 A
1034	Separation of isotopes of uranium is carried out by	A. CaF2 B. SF6 C. HF D. All above
1035	The correct order of electron affinities of SI, P, and CI is.	A. P > Si > Cl B. Cl > P > Si C. Cl > Si, > P D. Si > P . Cl
1036	The glow of yellow phosphorous as is result of slow oxidation in air is called.	A. Luminescence B. Chemiluminescene C. Bioluminescence D. Photolysis
1037	Noble gases are sparingly soluble in water owing to.	A. Dipole -dipole interactions B. Dipole -induced dipole interactions C. Hydrogen bonding D. Induced dipole -instantaneous dipole interactions
1038	Which of the following technique is not related to instrumental analysis.	A. Optical method B. Colorimetry C. Polarography D. Gravimetric analysis
1039	Which of the following compounds has fishing ordure	A. ammonia B. Organic sulphides C. Amines D. H2S
1040	Which is true for DDT it is.	A. Not a pollutant<0:p> B. An antibiotic<0:p> C. A non degradable pollutant <b<<0:p> D. A pesticide<0:p></b<<0:p>
1041	Which of the elements of group II A has the highest value of IE.	A. Mg B. Be C. Ca D. Sr
1042	What ASTM test for shear strength is designated for plastics.	A. D 732 B. D 790 C. D 695 D. D 638
1043	The hybridization of sulphur in sulphur dioxide is.	A. sp B. sp2 C. sp3 D. dsp2
1044	Which is not a pollutant from the exhaust of motor.	A. Hydrocarbons B. Carbon monoxide C. NOx D. Fly ash
		A. A carbon molecule

1045	What is abuckyball	B. Nickname for Mercedes -Benz's futuristic concept car (CIII) C. Plastic explosives nanoparticle (C4) D. Concrete nanoparticle with a compressive strength of 20 nanonewtons(C20)
1046	Treatment of phenol with cold dilute nitric acid gives.	A. Only o-nitro phenol B. Only p-nitro phenol C. 2,4,6 -Teinitro phenol D. Mixture of o-and p-nitro phenol
1047	For the respiration of sea divers mixture is used.	A. He & O2 B. Ar & O2 C. Ne & O2 D. Kr & O2
1048	Which of the following substance is colloidal in nature.	A. Clay B. Al2O3 C. Fe2O3 D. All above
1049	Which of the following molecules have centre of symmetry.	A. H2O B. HCI C. CO2 D. H2SO4
1050	Pick out the incorrect statement for Xe F6	A. XeF6 is hydrolyzed practically to form XeOF4 B. It reacts with SiO2 to form Xe F4 C. On complete hydrolysis, it forms XeO3 D. It acts as F acceptor when treated with alkali metal fluoride, but cannot act as F donor to form complexes.
1051	What letter suffix steel identification means that it is steel with boron as an alloying elements.	A. xxL xx B. xxBxx C. xxHxx D. xxKxx
1052	Ozone layer of upper atmosphere is being destroyed by	A. chlorofluorocarbons B. SO2 C. Photochemical oxidants O2 and CO2 D. Smog
1053	If the values of standrd deviations for the first and second method differ, then which of the following test helps one to know whether this difference is significant.	A. Student's test B. F-Test C. Chi square test D. Standard deviation
1054	The purification of Bauxite can be carried out.	A. Baeyer's process B. Hall's process C. Serpek's process D. Any of above
1055	Which one of the following woul dmake an S_N2 mechanism more likely	A. Bulky substituents near the halogen B. A polar solvent C. A tertiary carbocation intermediate D. A reactive nucleophile
1056	pH of pure water at 25 $^{\circ}$ C. kw = 1 x 10 ⁻⁴	A. 0 B. 7 C. 14 D. None of above
1057	Considering the elements B, Al, Mg and K , the correct order of their metallic character is.	A. B > Al > Mg > K B. Al > Mg > B > K C. Mg > Al > K > B D. K > Mg > Al > B
1058	The branch of chemistry which deals with the analysis of chemical products is known as.	A. Physical chemistry B. Organic chemistry C. Inorganic chemistry D. Analytical chemistry
1059	The technique which involves measurement of the changes in conductance of the solution by employing high frequency alternating current in known as.	A. Potentiomerty B. Polarography C. Oscillometry D. Conductomerty
1060	Dull red flame is observed with	A. Calcium salt B. Barium salt C. Strontium salt D. Sodium salt
1061	Which of the following analytical method is used for the separation of dissolved components from solutions.	A. Chromatography B. Dialysis C. Solvent extraction D. Distillation

1062	In graph of atomic volume versus atomic weight the elements corresponding to peaks in the curve belong to.	A. Group 1 B. Group 18 C. Group 4 <div> D. Group 14</div>
1063	The interactions in HF are.	A. dipole dipole interasctions B. Hydrogen bonds C. dipole -dipole and dispersion forces D. Hydrogen bond and diapersin forces
1064	Borax exist in the form	A. Ordinary borax B. Octahdral borax C. Borax glass D. All above
1065	Red colour of glass of due to the presence of	A. Cu2O B. CoO C. MnO2 D. CdS
1066	The plate height is the length of the column divide by	A. Length of the column B. Width of the column C. Number of theoretical plates D. Number of components of the mixture.
1067	Equilibrium constant Kp and Kc are related as	A. Kc = Kp (RT)delta n B. Kp = Kc (RT)an C. Kp = (Kc/RT)delta n D. Kp -Kc = (RT)delta n
1068	An organic liquid (X) containing C, H and H has a pleasent odour with a boiling point of 78 oC. On boiling X with conc. H2SO4 a colourless gas is produced which decolourless bromine water and alkaline KMnO4 One mole of this gas also takes one mole of H2. The organic liquid (X) is.	A. n-C3H7OH B. iso-C3H7OH C. C2H5CHO D. CH3CH2OH
1069	The ion that is isoelectornic with CO is	A. CN- B. O2+ C. CO2- D. N2+
1070	'A line, a point or a plane about which a symmetry operation is performed, is known as.	A. Symmetry operation B. Symmetry element C. Reflection D. Inversion
1071	The maximum number of electrons in first energy levels are.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 8 D. 10
1072	Hydrogen at the moment of its generation is generally called.	A. Protium B. Nascent hydrogen C. Atomic hydorgen D. Heavy hydrogen
1073	Bromination of n-butane produces.	A. I-bromobutane as the major product B. 2- bromobutane as the major product C. Both I - bromo and 2- bromobutane with equal percentage D. Both i-bromo and 2-bromo products whose percentage depends upon temperature.
1074	According to the Langumir isotherm, when the pressure of the gas is very large, the adsorption.	A. Is directly proportional to pressure B. Is inversely proportional to pressure C. Is directly proportional to the square of the pressure. D. Is independent of pressure
1075	The volume of a given mass of gas at constant temperature varies inversely with the pressure. This is a statement of.	A. Charlea's law B. Avogadro's law C. Boyle's law D. Dalton 's law
1076	Various compound corresponding to molecular formula C1H10 are.	A. Functional isomers B. Position isomers C. Chain isomers D. None of the abvoe
1077	The smog is essentially caused by the presence of.	A. O3 and N2 B. O2 and N2 C. Oxides of sulphur and nitrogen D. O2 and O3
		A. Pyridine B. NaNH2

		D. NaOH
1079	The electronegativity of the following elements increases in the order.	A. C,N, Si, P B. N, Si, C,P C. Si, P, C, N D. P, Si, N, C
1080	When Phosphate rock Ca3(PO4) 2 is converted to phosphorus.	A. One of the products of the reaction is water B. Sulphuric acid is added to generate insoluble calcium sulphate C. Hydrogen is used to reduce the phosphate to phosphorus D. Silica is added to form a calcium silicate slag
1081	Beer's law is followed in	A. Flame photometry B. Atomic absorption spectrophotometry C. Mass spectrometry D. Potentiometry
1082	How pig iron is usually obtained from	A. iron pyrite B. Limonite C. Hematite D. Siderite
1083	Which of the following statement in not correct with respect to inductive effect.	A. Bond length decrease with increase in inductive effect. B. Inductive effect generates polar character in bonds C. Variation in strength of aliphatic acids can be explained D. It alone cna explain the basically of triphenylamine
1084	Which of the following statement is true.	A. Ferromagnetic separation is used to remove rion impurities from bauxite. B. Aluminium is an amphoteric element which means that it can act as an oxidizing agent and as a reducing agent C. Aluminium has a strong attinity for oxygen D. Aluminothermic reactions are endothermic
1085	The brown colour of the pulp obtained from chemical pulping is due to the present of	A. Chlorine B. Residual lignin <o:p></o:p> C. Sodium hydochlorite <o:p></o:p> D. All above
1086	In average composition of a good sample of cement the percentage of silica is.	A. 18.5% B. 20.5% C. 22.5% D. 24.5%
1087	For dilute solutions colligative properties depend on.	A. The number of the particles of the solute and nature of solvent. B. The number of the solute particles and on their nature C. The number of the solute particles and nature of solute and solvent D. The number of the solute particles and irrespective of the nature of the solute and solvent.
1088	pKa value of hyponitrous acid is.	A7.0 B. 8.9 C. 4.1 D. 6.6
1089	Which of the following statements about anhydrous aluminium chloride is correct.	A. It exist as AICI3 molecules B. It is not easily hydrolysed C. It sublimes at 100 ^o C under vacuum D. Boron does not form B ³⁺ ions
1090	In each period, the most electropositive element belongs to group.	A. 18 B. 17 C. 1 D. 2
		A. Mordant dyes

D. NaOH

1091	The dyes which are produced on the fibre in suit by reactions are known as.	B. Fast dyme C. Ingrain dyes D. Disperse dyes
1092	Carbohydrates are characterized by the presence of.	A. Hydroxyl group B. Carbony group C. Asymmetric carbon D. All of these
1093	Visible light is just a portion of radiation emitted by atoms. Which of the following statements is not related with visible light.	A. visible light is electromagnetic in nature. B. It travels with the speed of light C. It is a mass D. The wave number of light is directly proportional to its wave length.
1094	The decreasing order of the second ionization energies of K, Ca and Ba is	A. K > Ca > Ba B. Ca > Ba > K C. Ba > K > Ca D. K > Ba > Ca
1095	Disease caused by eating fish found in water contaminated with industrial waste having mercury is.	A. Minamata disease B. Bright's disease C. Hashimoto's disease D. Osteoaclerosis
1096	Which of the following hydroxide is amphoteric.	A. B(OH)3 B. Al(OH)3 C. Ga (OH)3 D. In (OH)3
1097	While compacting the concrete by a mechanical vibrator, the slump should not exceed.	A. 2.5 cm B. 10 cm C. 3.1 cm D. 5.0 cm
1098	The correct order of ionization energies of alkali metals is.	A. Li > Na > K > Rb B. Na > K > Rb > Li C. Rb > K > Na > Li D. Rb > K > Li > Na
1099	Which of the following is not an ore of Cr.	A. Chrome iron B. Nicollite C. Crocisite D. Chrome ochre
1100	Which of the following statements is not related with flame photometric analysis.	A. Vaporization of the solvent leaving back the residue B. Conversion of solid slat to the gaseous state C. Dissociation of gaseous molecules into free atoms D. Measurement of the intensity of absorbed tradition
1101	Oil of turpentine contains	A. a-pinene B. b- pinene C. Both A and B D. Name of these
1102	The most electronegative element of the third period is.	A. F B. P C. Br D. Cl
1103	One of the best fluorinating agent is	A. XeF2 B. XeF4 C. XeF6 D. None of above
1104	Which of the following is a triphenylmethane dye.	A. Auramine G B. Crystal violes C. Fluorescein D. Fast green O
1105	The addition of HCl in the presence of poroxule does not follow anti Markovnikov's rule because.	A. HCl bond is too strong to be broken homolytically B. Cl atom is not reative enough to add on to a double bond C. Cl combines with H to give back HCl D. HCl is a reducing agent.
1106	The geometry of the molecule is primarily decided by	A. Bond pairs around the central atom B. No of k bond around the central atom C. No of bond pairs as well as lone pairs around the central atom D. No. of lone pairs on central atom
		A. 2.4 Dinitrophenyl hydrazine

A. 115.5 ^o B. 109.5 ^o C. 105,7 ^o D. 120 ^o	
1109 Form electron deficient compounds A. B B. Al C. Both B and Al D. None of above	
1110 In Serpekr's process the ore is treated with which of the following. A. Carbon B. Nitrogen gas C. Both A and B D. None of these	
1111 The compound insoluble in acetic acid is. A. Calcium oxide B. Calcium carbonate C. Calcium oxalate D. Calcium hydroxide	
The common ligands can be arranged in order of their increasing splitting power to cause d-orbitals splitting. This series is called as. A. Electro-chemical B. Spectro -chemical C. Physico-chemical D. Spectro -electrical	
1113 The number of moles of solute dissolved in 1000 gram of the solvent is called A. Formality B. Molality C. Molarity D. Mole fraction	
A. Carbon paper B. Filter paper C. Glazed paper	
D. Art paper	
D. Art paper A. Hydrolytic enzyme B. Oxidative enzyme C. Reductive enzyme D. Iso me rising enzyme	
A. Hydrolytic enzyme B. Oxidative enzyme C. Reductive enzyme	ises
Urea an enzyme used to estimate urea is a A. Hydrolytic enzyme B. Oxidative enzyme C. Reductive enzyme D. Iso me rising enzyme A. They are pleasant smellin B. They are steam volatile C. They are nitrogenous ba	yle="margin- 0001pt;line- 5.7pt">Water 5.7pt">Water 5.7pt">Water 6.0:p> yle="margin- 0001pt;line- metal holding yle="margin- 0001pt;line- yle="margin- 0001pt;line- 5.7pt">Metal
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1115 Urea an enzyme used to estimate urea is a A. Hydrolytic enzyme B. Oxidative enzyme C. Reductive enzyme D. Iso me rising enzyme A. They are pleasant smellin B. They are pleasant smellin B. They are introgenous ba D. They are introgenous ba D. They are insoluble in wat A B. class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:39 cooled metal cavities-op>- D. class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt">Machined m blocks <o;p></o;p> >/o>p>-0>> D. class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt">Machined m blocks <o;p>>/o;p>>/o>p>-0>> D. class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt">Election mechanism<o;p>>/o;p>>/o;p>> D. class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:39 mold-b>-cop>-dio-p></o;p></o;p>	yle="margin- 0001pt;line- 5.7pt">Water 5.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt"
1115 Urea an enzyme used to estimate urea is a A Hydrolytic enzyme B. Oxidative enzyme C. Reductive enzyme D. Iso me rising enzyme D. Iso me rising enzyme A. They are pleasant smellin B. They are steam volatile C. They are nitrogenous a D. They are insoluble in wat D. They are insoluble in wat A. ¬p class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:39 cooled metal cavities <o;p> B. ¬p class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:39 C. ¬p class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:39 Typ="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:39 Logical cavity = C. ¬p class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:39 D. ¬p class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:39 mold>boco;p></o;p> D. ¬p class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0 height: normal;tab-stops:39 mold>boco;p> D. ¬p class="MsoNormal" st bottom:0in;	yle="margin- 0001pt;line- 5.7pt">Water 5.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt">Water 6.7pt"

1122	Complete hydrolysis of nucleotide result in the formation of.	A. Heterocyclic bases B. A pentose C. A phosphate ion D. All of these
1123	The main active contaminants of nuclear reactors are.	A. Co- 60 B. Mn -54 C. Sr-60 D. All above
1124	The most suitable method of separation in mixture of o-and p- nitrophenol is.	A. Steam distillation B. Chromatography C. lon-exchange D. Sublimation
1125	Group III A of the periodic table consist of elemetrs.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
1126	In the Aluminothermite process, aluminium acts as.	A. An oxidizing agent B. A reducing agent C. A flux D. A Solder
1127	A molecule returns from the excited singlet state to the ground singled state with emission of light , This process is known as.	A. Fluorescene B. Scattering C. Phosphorescence D. Chemiluminescence
1128	Reaction in which molecules absorbing light do not themselves react but induce other molecules to react are called.	A. Chain reactions B. Photosenaitized reactions C. Reversible reactions D. Free radical reactions
1129	Zero group elements are called as	A. Inert gases B. Rare gases C. Noble gases D. All of above
1130	Naphthalene balls are obtained from	A. Carbon B. Coke C. Coal Tar D. All of above
1131	With which one of the following configurations, the lowest value of first IE is associated.	A. ls2, 2s2, 2p6, 3s1 B. 1s2, 2s2, 2p5 C. 1s2, 2s2, 2p6 D. 1s2, 2s2, 2p6, 3s2, 3p2
1132	The experimental relationship between rate of the reaction and concentration of the reactants is called.	A. Rate law B. Law of mass action C. Le-Chatelier's principle D. Rate constant
1133	Which of the following is a source of energy but does not cause pollution.	A. Gaslone B. Nuclear power plant C. Fossil fuels D. Sun
1134	In the Lewis structure of H2SO4 molecule the total number of unshared electrons in valence shell of various atoms is.	A. 8 B. 16 C. 12 D. 20
1135	Which of the following is capable of shown g optical isomersm.	A. CH3COCOOH B. CH3CHOHCOOH C. Botha a and b D. All of these
1136	Which of the following is not a component of AAS.	A. Hollow cathode lamp B. Burner C. Detector D. Tungsten lamp
1137	Anhydrous AICl3 cannot be obtained by heating hydrated AIOl3 ,6h2o Because.	A. It decomposes completely to give Al2O3 B. It does not lose water completely C. It undergoes hydrolysis to give Al(OH)3 D. AlCl3 .6H2O is very stable.
1138	Which of the following element is usually determined by flame photometry.	A. Li B. Na C. K D. All above elements
		A. Isotropic

1139	Diamond and carbon are the forms of carbon	B. amorphous C. Allotropic D. Isomeric
1140	Long diseases are about four times more in urban areas as compared to rural areas. This is due to the presence of which of the following. in atmosphere.	A. CO2 B. NO2 C. O2 D. N2
1141	The halide which is inert to water is	A. PCI5 B. SiCI4 C. BCI3 D. SF3
1142	The liquor is screened to exclude material	A. Fibrous <b<<o:p>>> B. Polymers<o:p>> C. Maltose<o:p> D. Sucrose<o:p>>></o:p></o:p></o:p></b<<o:p>
1143	Which of the following compounds shows optical activity	A. Lactic acid B. Maltose C. Glucose D. All above
1144	The element Uuu has atomic numebr	A. 102 B. 111 C. 101 D. 110
1145	In the long form of periodic table, elements are arranged according to.	A. Increasing atomic number B. Decreasing atomic number C. Increasing atomic mass D. Decreasing atomic mass
1146	What combination of elements has high electrical resistance high corrosion resistance, and high strength at red hear temperatures, making it useful in resistance heating.	A. Aluminium bronze B. Nichrome C. Hastelloy D. None of above
1147	In emulsions , the dispersed phase and the dispersion medium are.	A. Both solids B. Both liquids C. Both gases D. Phase is liquid and medium is solid.
1148	When steam is passed over red bot coke The product formed is	A. Hydrogen and carbon dioxide B. Mixture of hydrogen and carbon monoxide C. Mixture of hydrogen and oxygen D. Heavy hydrogen
1149	CO belong to which group.	A. C _{2v} B. D _{2h} C. C _{av} D. D _{ah}
1150	A 2M solution of H2SO4 would have how many moles of H+ ion in one liter	A. 1.0 B. 2.0 C. 4.0 D. 5.0
1151	The number 7.43 is rounded to	A. 7,44 B. 7.4 C. 7.45 D. 7.3
1152	The maximum covalence of an element equal to.	A. The number of unpaired d electrons B. The number of paired p electrons C. The number of unpaired a and P electors D. The actual number of a and P electrons in the outermost shell
		A. Electrostatic approach B. Valence bond approach

1154	Xe reacts directly with	B. Cl2 C. F2 D. Br2
1155	Which of the following adsorption indicator is used for any of the halides at pH.	A. Fluorescein B. Eosin C. Thorin D. Rhodamine 6 G
1156	Which of the following type of polymerization is used for the preparation of synthetic rubber.	A. Free radical B. Zingler natta C. Cationic D. Anionic
1157	The Lambert beer law states that	A. Transmission is directly proportional to path length B. Transmission is directly proportional to concentration C. Absorbance is inversely proportional to transmission D. Absorbance is directly proportional to concentration.
1158	Which one of the following has the highest boiling point.	A. H2O B. H2S C. H2Se D. H2Te
1159	Which of the following statement is not related with environmental pollution.	A. Direct or indirect change in any component of the biosphere B. Undesirable change in the physical characteristics of the air C. Undesirables change in the biological characteristics of the soil D. not affecting adversely the industrial progress
1160	Electronegativity of oxygen is.	A. 2,5 B. 3,5 C. 2,4 D. 2.1
1161	Which one of the following is natural polymer.	A. Starch B. Nylon-6 C. Neoprene D. Buna-S, SBR
1162	Which one of following is paramagnetic and has the bond order equal to 0.57	A. N2 B. H2+ C. O2 D. F2
1163	In the electronic structure of acetic acid, the total number of shared and unshaped pair of electrons are respectively.	A. 16 ,8 B. 8 ,4 C. 12 ,8 D. 8 ,12
1164	Chlorine is used in	A. Sterilizatin of water B. Extractionof gold C. Bleaching of cotton D. All above
1165	Which of the following is the most abundant alkaline earth metal.	A. Be B. Mg C. Ca D. Sr
1166	Particulate from soil and mineral primarily contains	A. Sodium compounds B. Calcium compounds C. Silicon compounds D. Calcium, aluminum and silicon compounds
1167	If Steel is heated to a temperature well below red heat and to then cooled slowly the process is called.	A. Annealing B. Quenching C. Tempering D. Nitriding
1168	Which of the following method is used for the coventrating of ores.	A. Gravity separation B. Magnetic concentration C. Fourth floatation D. Electrostatic concentration E. All
1169	Attention should be focused on qualitative changes in particle properties as a function of.	A. Particle numebrs B. Particle mass C. Particle size D. Particle density

1170	Group IV A consist of elements.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
1171	NH4OH in the presence of H2S is used as a group reagent for which of the following group.	A. Group I B. Group II C. Group III D. Group IV
1172	Which of the following iso electronic spices has the highest IE.	A. Ne B. Na+ C. F D. O2-
1173	Which of the following is a false statement.	A. Halogens are strong oxidizing agent B. Halogens show only (-I) Oxidation state C. Hf molecules from intermolecular H- Bonds D. Fluorine is highly reactive
1174	Pick out the incorrect statement	A. The geometry around 'N' atom in trimethylamine is pyramidal B. The geometry around N atom in trisilylamine is planar C. The nitrogen atim is trimethylamine is sp2 hybridized whilst in trisilylamine it is sp2 hybridized D. Trisilylamine has donor properties whilst trimethylamine has no donor properties.
1175	Which element out of the following can ehibit a maximum con valency of seven.	A. Chlorine B. Sulphur C. Fluorine D. both Cl and F
1176	In Glass of vitreous state solid the atoms are arranged in.	A. Regular fashion B. Random fashion C. linear fashion D. All of these
1177	Which of the following elements does not impart any characteristic colour to the flame.	A. Ca B. Mg C. Ba D. Sr
1178	When the colourless liquid chlorobenzene is shaken with bromine water, the chlorobenzen becomes a yellow-orange colour. Which of the following is the best interpretation of this.	A. An addition compound of chlorobenzene and bromine has been formed. B. The chlorine atom has been replaced by a bromine atom C. The bromine is mor esoluble in chlorobenzene than in water D. A hydrogen atom has been replaced by a bromine atom
1179	Proteins have characteristics	A. Melting poirn t B. Iso electric point C. Boiling point D. All of these
1180	Which of the following test to used to find out whether the observed data differ significantly from the one obtained from theoretical distribution.	A. Chi square test B. F -Test C. Student's test D. Coefficient of variance
1181	The light absorbed in UV and visible region causes.	A. Vibrational energy changes B. Rotational energy changes C. Electronic excitation D. All of these
1182	The branch of physics that mathematically describes the wave properties of electron in atomic is called.	A. Statistical Mechanics B. Quantum Mechanics C. Chemical statistics D. Thermodynamics
1183	The maximum noise level at which a man can work for 8 hours is.	A. 80 dB B. 70 dB C. 90 dB D. 60 dB
1184	is preferred for horticultural crops and for tobacco and potatoes.	A. Potassium Chloride<0:p> B. Potassium Sulphate C Potassium Nltrata

		D. None of these
1185	The IUPAC name of ethylene oxide is.	A. Epoxy methane B. Oxcethene C. Methoxymethane D. All of the above
1186	Ozone hole refers to.	A. Black hole B. Decrease to thickness of ozone layer in stratosphere C. Decrease of thickness of ozone in troposphere D. Increase concentration of ozone in the atmosphere
1187	Used in Geiger counter to detect radioactivity	A. He B. Ne C. Ar
1188	In smelting process the ore is mixed with	D. Kr A. Silica B. Coke C. Limestone D. All
1189	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding the constant R $\mbox{.}$ and in ideal gas equation PV= nRT	A. Its value in independent of temperature B. Its value is independent of pressure C. In SI Units its value is 8.314 K ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹ D. It is called the universal gas constant per molecule.
1190	The orientation of a crystalline surface is confidently defined in terms of.	A. Lijima Indices B. Miller indices C. Clausen indices D. None
1191	The noble gases are found in the atmosphere to the extent of about some percent by volume.	A. 0.5% B. 1.0% C. 1.5% D. 2.0%
1192	Keeping in view the periodic law and periodic table, suggest which of the following elements should have maximum electronegative character.	A. Oxygen B. Nitrogen C. Fluorine D. Astatine
1193	Which of the following factors does not effect the rate of the reaction.	A. Pressure B. Temperature C. Concentration D. Catalyst E. All of the above
1194	The rays emitted by the cathode in a gas discharge tube under low pressure and high voltage of electricity are called cathode rays. Which of the following properties are not related to cathode rays.	A. These travel in a straight lines. B. These are deflected by magnetic and electric field. C. Minerals Fluoreace with a characteristic color when placed in a beam of cathode rays. D. These are dependent of the material used for the electrode.
1195	In which of the following characteristics does hydrogen resemble halogens.	A. Hydrogen is the lightest gas B. H atoms contains one electron each C. Hydrogen forms ionic hydrides with alkali metals D. Hydrogen has three isotopes.
1196	The one which is not a purine base	A. Cytosine B. Guanine C. None of these D. Adenine
1197	The tensile strength of a carbon nanotube is times that of steel.	A. 10 B. 25 C. 100 D. 1000
1198	Zinc oxide is.	A. A basic oxide B. An amphoteric oxide C. An acidic oxide D. A neutral oxide
1199	Which of the following statement is not true regarding Open Hearth process.	A. No iron is lost B. The process is economical and simple C. Steel obtained is of high quality D. Scrap iron cannot be used in this

		process.
1200	The by -product of the process of saponification is.	A. Methanol B. Glycol C. Glycerol D. Absolute alcohol
1201	Which is not true about polymers.	A. Polymers do not carry any charge B. Polymers have high viscosity C. Polymers scatter light D. Polymers have low molecular weight
1202	Which of the following electrode is normally used as reference electrode for a potentiometer.	A. Platinum electrode B. Calomel electrode C. Silver electrode D. Copper electrode
1203	Which of the following would decompose at lowest temperature.	A. MgCO3 B. SrCO3 C. BaCO3 D. CaCO3
1204	The entropy change accompanying any physical or chemical transformation approaches zero as T approaches zero. This statement refers to.	A. Helmholtz law B. Third law of thermodynamics C. Second law of thermodynamics D. Nernat heat theorem
1205	Which of the following molecule contains two dative bonds according to Lewis structure.	A. NH3 B. SO3 C. PCI5 D. BF3
1206	Pi bond is formed	A. By the overlapping of atomic orbitals on internuclear axis B. By transference of electrons C. By sidewise overlapping to half filled p orbitals D. By overlapping of s-orbitals with p orbitals
1207	Which is the strongest reducing agent.	A. HF B. HCI C. HBr D. HI
1208	Fluorine does not show variable oxidation state because of.	A. its high electronegativity B. Its small sixe C. low dissociation energy of F-F bond D. Non availability of d-orbitals
1209	Which among the following is a false statement.	A. SiO2 has a structure similar to that of CO2 B. Natural Si exists only in the combined state C. Si can be prepared by reducing SiO2 with Mg D. Si does not exist in graphite like structure, but exists only ni diamond like structure.
1210	Which one of the following set of raw material is most suitable for manufacture of urea.	A. CH4N2 and CO2 <o:p></o:p> B. H2CO2 and H2O <o:p></o:p> C. H2CO2 and H2O <o:p></o:p> D. H2O N2 and H2 <o:p></o:p> D. H2O N2 AND KCI <o:p></o:p>
1211	The law of trinds was proposed by	A. Dobereiner B. Newlands C. Lother Mayer D. Chancourtois
1212	The variable valency is generally observed in case of.	A. Transition elements B. Inert gases C. Normal elements D. Non- metallic elements
		A. CaO R. RaO

process.

1213	Which of the following oxides is amphoteric	C. BeO D. MgO
1214	Which of the following elements has the highest third ionization energy.	A. Sodium B. Magnesium C. Aluminum D. Silicon
1215	In the kinetic study of a reaction A products. A straight line was observed when a graph between time and 1/C2 was plotted. the reaction is.	A. Second order B. First order C. Third order D. Zero order
1216	Classical smog occurs in place of.	A. Excess concentration of SO2 B. Low temperature C. High temperature D. Excess concentration of ammonia
1217	The gap between occupied and the unoccupied orbitals is not very large and the conduction of electricity is negligible at lower temperature and appreciable at high temperatures then it will be.	A. Good conductor B. Non conductor C. Semi conductor D. None of the above
1218	Pick out incorrect statemtn about K2r2O7	A. It oxidizes acidified solution of H2S to S B. It oxidizes Ki TO i2 C. It oxidizes HCl to Cl2 D. It gives oxygen, when treated with cold conc. H2SO4
1219	Which of the following is class of nanorods	A. metals B. alloys C. Metal oxide and Metal sulphite D. All of the above
1220	In the formation of H2O molecule, the oxygen atom makes use of.	A. 2p orbitalsB. sp hybrid orbitalsC. Sp2 hybrid orbitalsD. Sp3 hybrid orbitals
1221	The size of E coli bacteria isnm	A. 75000 B. 2000 C. 200 D. 5
1222	Copper is mainly extracted from witch of the following ore	A. Sulphide ores B. Carbonate ores C. Oxides ores D. Non sulphide ores
1223	A mixture of weak acid and its salt is.	A. Alkaline buffer B. Acidic buffer C. Neutral buffer D. All of above
1224	Which of the following allows charge transfer through the solution but prevents mixing of the solution.	A. Anode B. Cathode C. Electrode cell D. Salt bridge
1225	The reciprocal of the coefficient of viscosity in called.	A. Density B. Specific gravity C. Fluidity D. Conductance
1226	Which one has a co ordinate bond.	A. AI2CI6 B. BF3 C. NaCl D. O2
1227	Alumina is not used as	A. Refractory material B. A medium in chromatography C. An abrasive D. A White pigment
1228	Chromium is found in nature in the the form of.	A. Oxides B. Silicates C. Borates D. Sulphides
1229	Ten elements Sc ($Z = 21$) to Zn ($Z = 30$) fill their 4s orbitals first and then 3d orbitals are called elements. of.	A. 3 d series. B. 4d Series C. 5d Series D. None of above
1230	Which of the following steps are involved in the extraction of copper.	A. Roasting B. Smelting C. Refining

		D. All
1231	Which of the following is diamagnetic	A. O2 B. O2+ C. O2- D. O2 ²⁻
1232	The absorbance is directly proportional to the path length in the flame and to the concentration of atomic vapor in flame is a statement of.	A. Lambert's law B. Beer's law C. Honery's law D. Starke law
1233	Which of the following a -amino acid is not capable of exhibiting optical isomerism.	A. Glycine B. Leucine C. Arginine D. Alanine
1234	Which of the following statement is not relat4ed wiht SO2	A. It is a colourless gas B. It has sharp and pungent odour C. It is moderately soluble in water D. It is reduced slowly in clear air to H2S
1235	Which of the following technique is most sanative one.	A. Photomerty B. AAS C. Flame photometry D. Flourimetry
1236	Which of the flowing operator combination would yield eight value equation	A. d/x (sin x) B. d/dx (cos x) C. d /dx (sin 4x) D. d /dx (cos 4x) E. d/dx (e ^x)
1237	The condensation between formaldehyde and acetaldehyde in the presence of conc. NaOH and heat gives.	A. Acrolein B. Mixture of CH3OH and CH3COO Na. C. Mixture of CH3CH2OH and HCOO - Na+ D. None of these
1238	Which process of adsorption of hydrogen on palladium is known as.	A. Syneresis B. Occlusion C. Diffusion D. Erosion
1239	The value of comprehensibility factor (z) = pV/nRTfor an ideal gas is equal to.	A. R B. 1 C. 2 D. 3
1240	The oxidation state of HCiO4	A. + 7 B. + 3 C. + 5 D. + 1
1241	Granulated sugar contains% sucrose	A. 80 B. 99.30 C. 60 D. 90
1242	Which of the following substance has been advocated as fuel of future.	A. O2 B. N2 C. H2 D. H2O
1243	Which of the following statement is correct.	A. The wavelength of phosphorescence is less than the wavelength absorbed B. Teh transition from T ₁ to S ₀ without the emission of light is called phosphorescence C. The combination CO2 and water in plants, in the presence of chlorophyll, is an example of bioluminescence. D. Population inversion is a necessary condition for laser action
1244	"Acids are substance whose aqueous solutions turned blue litmus red and tasted sour" stated by	A. Davy B. Liebig C. Boyle D. Rouelle
1245	Which of the following equations represent linear free energy relationship.	A. Hammett equation B. Taft equation C. Helmholtz equation D. Differential equation
1246	Photochemical among is generally formed	A. In early hours of winters B. Around mid day in summer months C. When intensity of solar radiation sis

		very low D. When concentration of particulate matter is very low.
1247	A terpenoid which has as alcoholic group in the molecule is.	A. Citral B. Camphor C. Menthol D. Carvone
1248	During the preparation of soap the liquid separated by distillation is	A. Sodium hydroxide B. Oil C. Fats D. Glycerol
1249	The common oxidation state of lanthanides is.	A. +3 B. +2 C. +1 D. +4
1250	Which of the following molecules belongs to C_{av} point group.	A. H2O B. H2S C. NH3 D. BF3
1251	HCIO4, HNO3 and HCL are all strong acids in aqueous solution inglacial acetic acid medium, their acid strength is such that.	A. HCIO4 > HCL > HNO3 B. HNO3 > HCIO4 > HCI C. HCI > HCIO4 > HNO3 D. HCI > HCIO4 > HNO3
1252	Result of ozone hole is.	A. Acid rain B. Global warming C. Increased amount of CO2 D. Greater exposure of earth to U.V. rays.
1253	Among all halogens no oxyacid of the following is known	A. F B. Cl C. Br D. I
1254	The energy gap between tag and eg sets in denoted by	A. A- B. 10 Dq C. Both A and B D. None of above
1255	In sodium chloride type lattice, the ratio of coordination number of cation to anion is.	A. 6:6 B. 7:7 C. 4:8 D. 4:4
1256	How many oxygen atoms lined up in a now would fit in a one nanometer speace.	A. None an oxygen atoms is bigger than 1 nm B. One C. Seven D. None of the above
1257	Which of the following statement is not related with high quantum yield reasons.	A. Formation of reactive intermediates which may act as catalyst B. The active molecules may collide with other molecules and activates these molecules. C. The reaction may be exothermic and heat evolve may activate other molecule D. The primary photo chemical process may be reversed
1258	Which is the purest form of iron.	A. Pig iron B. Cast iron C. Wrought iron D. Steel
1259	In Dumas method, the volume of the gas collected is equivalent to which of the following gases set free from the compound.	A. Ammonia B. O2 C. N2 D. NO
1260	Artificial nitrogen fixation may occur by the formation of.	A. Nitric acid B. Ammonia C. Nitrides D. Any of above
1261	The substance added to the soil to provide one or more nutrient elements essential for plants growth are called.	A. Growth hormones<0:p> B. Fertilizers <o:p></o:p>

very low

		C. Salts<0:p> D. Minerals
1262	The spectral line obtained when an electron jumps from $n = 6$ to $n = 3$ belongs to.	A. Balmer series B. Layman series C. Paschen series D. Bracket series
1263	The angle of rotation in a polarimeter depends on.	A. Nature of the compound B. Nature of the solvent C. Wavelength of the light used D. All above factors.
1264	Which of the group 13 element does not form M (III) idodie.	A. Al B. Ga C. Ti D. In
1265	Which of the following substance is most abundant of all components of atmospheric air.	A. O2 B. N2 C. CO2 D. A2
1266	The central metal atom or ion and the ligands that are directly attached to it are enclosed in a square bracket called.	A. Coordination complex B. Coordination sphere C. Coordination number D. Coordination compounds
1267	The electron gain enthalpy of chlorine is -349 Kj mol-1 ionization energy of Cl would be.	A349 kJ mol -1 B. 349 kJ mol-1 C698 kJ mol-1 D. 698 kJ mol-1
1268	Flourine differs from the other members of its own group due to.	A. Its small size and low bond energy B. Its higher electornegativity C. None-availability of d-orbitals in its valence shell D. All the above
1269	Which of the following elements would have the lowest first ionization energy	A. Mg B. Rb C. Li D. Ca
1270	Which of the following reacts with hemoglobin of blood and produce toxic effect.	A. Carbon dioxide B. Carbon monoxide C. Oxygen D. Carbon suboxide
1271	Which one of the following sets of elements has the strongest tendency to form negative ions in gaseous state.	A. NA, Mg, Al B. Ca, V, Cr C. N, O, F D. Ga, In, tl
1272	The formula of Bauxite is.	A. AI2O3 B. AI2 O3. 2H2O C. AL2O3, H2O D. Na3AIF6
1273	The concept is also known as electron pair donor acceptor system.	A. Bronsted Lowery B. Lewis C. Lux -Flood D. Usanovich
1274	BCl3 is an example of hybridization	A. sp B. sp2 C. sp3 D. None of above
1275	Shows a regular increase on moving down the group form carbon to lead	A. Atomic volume B. Atomic radius C. Density D. All above
1276	Which of the following is not a property of Cr.	A. it is brilliant silvery metal B. it is malleable C. It can take very high polish D. Its surface is tarnished easily
1277	The velocity possessed by maximum fraction of molecules at a given temperature is called.	A. Average velocity B. Root mean aquare velocity C. Most probable velocity D. None of the above
197Ω	Uluman boaring is consitive to frequency in the range of about	A. 10,000 - 20,000 Hz B. 10 - 10,000 Hz

1210	riuman nearing is sensitive to frequency in the range of about	C. 16- 20,000 Hz D. None of the above
1279	Lead pencil contain	A. Lead B. Lead sulphide C. a mixture of lead and silica D. graphite
1280	Organic farming is the technique of raising crops through uses of.	A. Manures B. Biofertilizers C. Resistant varieties D. All of these
1281	Which of the following process is involved in getting back nitrogen into atomosphere.	A. Nitrification B. Denitricication C. Ammonification D. All above
1282	For a compound to act as a dye it must have	A. A suitable colour B. Ability to fix to fibre C. Both A and B D. None of these
1283	Which of the following statement is not related with the effect of thermal pollution.	A. Decrease in BOD B. Increase in BOD C. Reduction in DO D. Change in algal production
1284	Which of the following is the most suitable catalyst for ammonia synthesis.	A. Pt<0:p> B. ZnO+ Cr2O3<0:p> C. Fe in fused mixture of Al2O3 + SiO2+ MgO<0:p> D. All of above
1285	The electronic configuration of sodium (Z=11)	A. 1s2, 2s2, 2p4 B. 1s2, 2s2, 2p6, 3s2, 2p5 C. 1s2, 2s2, 2p6, 3s1 D. 1s2, 2s2, 2p6, 3s2
1286	One arm of each t-RNA terminates in the base sequence.	A. UGU B. GGC C. ACT D. CCA
1287	Hydrocarbon X (C6H12) on oxidation with hot alkaline (KMnO4) gives a mixture of propionic acid and dimethyl ketone. The structure of compound X is	A. CH3CH = CHCH2CH2CH3 B. (CH3)2 C = CH CH2 CH3 C. CH3CH2CH = CHCH2CH3 D. (CH3)2 C = C (CH3)2
1288	For highly paraffine , crude oil, the characterization factor will be in range of	A. 11.5-12.5 B. 12.5-13.0 C. 13.5-14.0 D. 13.4-15.0
1289	Which of the following give higher fibre strength.	A. Eucalyptus B. Pine C. Bagnasse D. Sugar cane
1290	When a drop of detergent solution is added onto a clean towel. It spreads instead of existing as a droplet Which of the following statements explains this phenomenon.	A. Detergent acts as an emulsifying agent B. Detergent reduce surface tension of water C. Detergent reduces surface tension of water D. All of above
1291	An sp3 hybrid orbital contains	A. 1/4 a character B. 1/2 a character C. 2/3 a character D. 3/4 a character
1292	Which of the following has hexagonal structure.	A. Sodium chloride B. Potassium choride C. Diamond D. Graphite
		A. 1.0 kcal/mole

1294	Alpha hematite nano tubes show dimensional magnetic ordering at temperature laser than 300 K.	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3
1295	Chlorine gas acts as a bleaching agent only in presence of.	A. dry air B. Moisture C. Sunlight D. Pure oxygen
1296	The chief ore of aluminium is.	A. Cryolite B. Bauxite C. Kaolin D. Carnalite
1297	Which statement is false.	A. If a reaction is thermodynamically spontaneous it may occur rapidly B. If a reaction is thermodynamically spontaneous it may occur slowly. C. Activation energy is a kinetic quantity rather than a thermodynamic quantity. D. If a reaction is thermodynamics spontaneous, it must have a low activation energy.
1298	Which of the following water require zero hardness.	A. Boiler feed water B. Laundry water C. Paper will water D. Dyeing water
1299	One ppm solution of NaOH Contain 1000 mg of the solute per how much of the volume of the solution.	A. 1000 mL B. 100 mL C. 10 mL D. 1 mL
1300	Sodium reacts with excess of oxygen to form	A. Na2O B. NaO2 C. Na2O2 D. NaO
1301	Which of the following process is involved in the purification of crude metals.	A. Liquation process B. Oxidation process C. Distillation process D. Electro refining
1302	Which of the following is not chemical characteristics of water.	A. pH B. COD C. BOD D. Colour
1303	Example of intra molecular hydrogen bonding.	A. O-nitrophenol B. O-hydroxy benzaldehyde C. O- hydroxy benzoic acid D. All of the above
1304	Which of the following is an allotrops of hydrogen.	A. 0- H2 B. P-H2 C. Both A and B D. None of these
1305	Which of the following generally increases on going from top to bottom in a group.	A. Metallic charcter B. Electronegativity C. Oxidising behaviour D. Raducing behaviour
1306	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding dissociation constant (Ka)?	A. It is a measure of the tendency of an acid to split up into ions B. The greater the value of Ka, more is the dissociation C. It is determined by conductimetric method D. It is not a proper parameter for weak acids
1307	B.P of heavy water is	A. equal to that of ordinary water B. greater than that of ordinary water C. Less than that of ordinary water D. equal to that of distilled water
1308	Which among the following is insoluble in water.	A. LiOH B. KOH C. NaOH D. RbOH
1309	Which of the following is the third most abundant element in the nature.	A. Oxygen B. Sulphur C. Aluminum D. Hydrogen

1310	Which is not an ore of aluminium.	A. Baxuite B. Cryolite C. Monazite D. Corundum
1311	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to electrometric effect.	A. It is permanent effect B. It is brought into play instantaneously at the demand of attacking reagent C. It proceeds a polar addition reaction D. The original electronic condition is restored after the removal of tacking regent.
1312	Any substance which has solidified from the liquid state with crystallization is known as	A. Steel B. Fibre C. Glass D. Asbestos
1313	In reverse phase chromatography which of the analyte will be eluted more readily.	A. Polar B. Non polar C. Semi polar D. All above
1314	Oxytocin, a pituitary hormone to	A. Amino acid B. Polypeptide C. Protein D. Conjugated protein
1315	Blue color of glass of due to the presence of .	A. Cobalt (II) B. Chromium (III) C. Iron (III) D. copper (II)
1316	Which of the following parameter is not involved in calculations based on Born Haber Cycle.	A. lonization enthalpy B. Electron gain enthalpy C. Electronegativity D. Bond dissociation energy
1317	The fertilizers which provide single nutrient from NPK are calledfertilizer	A. Straight <o:p></o:p> B. compound C. Both A and b D. None of above
1318	The temperate of a gas below which only the gas cools when allowed to expand is know as.	A. Inversion temperature B. Ideal temperature C. Critical temperature D. Joule Thomaon temperatu4re
1319	remove the remaining color producing a water white sugar syrup	A. Carbon filters <o:p></o:p>>/o:p>> B. Centrifuge<o:p></o:p> C. Annealing<o:p></o:p> D. Refining<o:p></o:p>
1320	Which of the following species is very poor oxidizing agent	A. H+ B. Zn ²⁺ C. Fe ³⁺ D. MnO ₄
1321	Photochemical smog is caused primarily by	A. CO B. CO2 C. NO2 D. O3
1322	Pick out incorrect statement about K2Cr2O7	A. It oxidizes acidified solution H2SO4 to S B. It oxidizes KI to I2 C. It oxidizes HCI to CI2 D. It gives oxygen, when treated with cold conc. H2SO4
1323	Dolmite is a mineral whose formula is.	A. CaCO3 B. Mg CO3 C. CaCO3, MgCO3

		D. 0a304
1324	Chief source of water and soil pollution in	A. Mining of ores B. Thermal power plant C. Agro industry D. All the above
1325	Which of the following is the most stable towards heat.	A. CaCO3 B. BaCO3 C. Na2CO3 D. MgCO3
1326	What is the ratio of the maximum load in a tension test to the original cross sectional area of the test bar.	A. Tensile strength <o:p></o:p> B. Yield strength <o:p></o:p> C. Shear strength <o:p></o:p> D. Shear strength <o:p></o:p> D. Torsion <o:p></o:p>
1327	A theoretical link between quantum mechanics and thermodynamic is.	A. Electrochemistry B. Kinetic theory of gases C. Spectroscopic analysis D. Statistical thermodynamics
1328	Which of the following characteristics of adsorption is wrong.	A. Adsorptoin on solids is reversible in nature B. Adsorption, in general increase with increase in temperature. C. Adsorption is generally selective in nature. D. Both enthalpy and entropy of adsorption are negative
1329	For a single -component system, the maximum degree of freedom in	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. Between 3 and 6
1330	The decomposition of dimethyl ether at 504 oC is first order with a half-life of 1570 second. What fraction of an initial amount of dimethyl ether remain after 47-10 seconds.	A. 1/3 B. 1/6 C. 1/8 D. 1/16
1331	Aluminum is an active metal but does not corrode as iron does because.	A. Ai does not react with O2 B. A protective layer of Al2 O3 forms on the metal surface C. Al is harder to Oxidize than is Fe D. Aluminium has a high tensile strength
1332	In the Lewis formula of which of the following species, the number of single double and dative bonds are equal.	A. N2O3 B. HNO3 C. SO2 D. SOCI2
1333	Inert pair effect is that	A. When an element shows incertness in chemical combination B. When higher oxidation state is more stable than lower oxidation state C. When an electron pair is present on the atom of an element D. When two s -electrons or outermost shell remain paired and do not participate in bonding.
1334	Boric acid is added to glass because is.	A. Makes the glass opalescent B. Reduces the coefficient of expansion C. Makes the glass brittle D. Increase refractive index of the glass.
1335	The alternate feasible fuel for existence of mankind to	A. Uranium B. Wood C. Bontonite D. Cloth residues
1336	Which among the following elements has the highest value of IE.	A. Mg B. Na C. Ca D. Sr
		A. An alloy is a mixture of two or more metals

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1337	Which of the following statement is incorrect.	B. An alloy is a mixture of two or more metal and non metal elements that have metallic properties C. An alloy has a fixed composition D. An amalgam is an alloy containing Hg
1338	Which of the following regions of the spectrum would be used to determine the structure of the crystalline solids.	A. Microwave B. X-rays C. Visible D. Infrared
1339	Iron is said to be abundant in nature. About how many percent of the earth's crust is iron.	A. 10% B. 5% C. 20% D. 8%
1340	Which of the following glass transmits the maximum light.	A. Serrated glass B. Clear glass C. Milk glass D. Opalescent glass
1341	Which of the following is capable of forming zwitter ion.	A. Amino acids B. Halo acids C. Hydroxy acids D. All of these
1342	Enfleurage process is used to extract the essential oils from	A. Back of plant B. Seeds of plant C. Leaves of plant D. Flowers of plant
1343	Which of the following properties does not depend upon the numeb rof solute particles.	A. Elevation in B.P. B. Osmotic pressure C. Depression in F.P. D. Boiling point of the solvent
1344	Which of the following compounds combines with hemoglobin.	A. CO2 B. CO C. NO D. N2
1345	A colloidal system in which a liquid is dispersed in a solid is called a/an	A. Emulsion B. Sol C. Gel D. Precipitate
1346	Which of the following is strong adheaive.	A. Epoxy resin B. Melamine -formadehyde resin C. Alkyd resins D. Bakelite
1347	The correct order of second ionization potential of carbon nitrogen, oxygen and fluorine is.	A. C > N > O > F B. O > F > N > C C. O > N > F > C D. F > O > N > C
1348	Which of the following disposal method is used for agriculture wastes.	A. Dump B. Landfill C. Incineration D. Open burning E. All above
1349	In the Friedel-Craft acylation, the amount of AICl3 tha tmust be taken is	A. In catalytic amount B. One equivalent C. More then one equivalent D. Amount does not matter
1350	Among the elements of third period, the element with lowest boiling point belongs to group.	A. 1 B. 14 C. 16 D. 18
1351	Out of seven crystal system, how many can have body centered unit cell.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 2 D. 7
1352	Stablization of particles and their reactivity is affected by.	A. Surface properties B. Bulk properties C. Regardless to the surface properties D. No of particles
1353	In group 17, the element with highest first ionization enthalpy belongs to.	A. Period 1 B. Period 2 C. Period 7 D. Period 6
		A Plant planning

A Plant planning

1354	In plant noise control, which of the following method is used for reducing noise	B. Control at the source C. Control of radiated noise D. All above
1355	Which of the following trihalides of nitrogen behaves as the weakest base.	A. NF3 B. NCI3 C. NBr3 D. NI3
1356	The electronic configuration of chromium (Z =24) in the ground state is.	A. [Ar] 4s ² , 3d ⁴ B. [Ar] 3d ⁶ C. [Ar]4s ¹ , 3d ⁵ D. [Ar]
1357	Which of the following statements is incorrect.	A. The elements of group 18 are known as aerogens. B. Group 2 elements are all metals C. Metallic character increase on going down a group D. All the elements belonging to a particular period have same valence shell configuration.
1358	Which metal burns in air at high temperature with the evolution of much heat.	A. Cu B. Hg C. Pb D. Al
1359	Which of the following is not a property of aluminium.	A. An efficient electrical conductor B. A low density compared to other metals C. Is amphoteric D. Toxic to humans
1360	The most common beta brase with a composition of 60 % copper and 40% zinc is called.	A. Yellow brase B. Red brase C. Muntz metal D. None of above
1361	Which can be purified by sublimation	A. F2 B. Cl2 C. Be2 D. I2
1362	Inorganic acids (HCI, HBr, HNO3 etc) have K value.	A. < 1 B. >1 C. >10 D. <10
1363	After assimilation urea leaves behind in the soil	A. NH3 B. CO2 C. Both A and B D. None of above
1364	The half life period of any first order reaction.	A. Is half the specific rate constant B. Is independent of the initial concentration C. Is always the same whatever the reaction D. Is directly proportional to the initial concentration of the reactant
1365	Acid rain effects	A. Human being B. Crops C. Aquatic life D. All above
1366	Linear molecules have axis of rotation	A. C1 B. C2 C. C D. C3
1367	Molecule of oxygen is	A. Diamagnetic B. Paramagnetic C. Both A and B D. None of above
1368	Both the elements are typical non metals.	A. B & D. Ai B. B & D. Si C. Al & D. Any of above
1369	Which of the following statement is not related with direct use of solar energy.	A. It is used for space heating of buildings B. It can be used to produce electrical power using photovoltaic cells

		C. It can be used to produce hydrogen gas D. It can be used start motor vehicle
1370	The molarity of a 500 mL solution containing 4 g NaOH	A. 0.1 B. 0.2 C. 0.3 D. 0.4
1371	What is the oxidation number of the central meal atom in the coordination compound. [Pt(NH#)#Cl]Cl	A1 B. 0 C. +2 D. +3
1372	The most important problem regarding nano chemistry	A. Elucidation of relationship between also and chemical reactivity of particle B. Determination of size of particle C. Determination of reactivity of particle D. Determination of physical properties of nano particles.
1373	Which of the following techniques is capable of seperating minute quantities of the substances in a relatively short times with high resolutions.	A. Gel electrophoresis B. Capillary electrophoresis C. GC D. HPLC
1374	The element with atomic numebr greater than 100 are known as	A. Trans uranium elements B. Trans fermium elements C. Actinides D. Lanthanides
1375	Which number of halogen family does not show positive oxidation state.	A. Fluorine B. Chlorine C. Bromine D. lodine
1376	In an adiabatic system, if work in done, the temperature must.	A. Increase B. Decrease C. Remain the same D. Increase than decrease
1377	Biogical role of nucleic acid doe snot include	A. Genetic continuity B. Protein syathesis C. Hybridization D. Mutation
1378	Which of the following statement is not true is case of catalytic reforming.	A. Dehydrogenations high endothermic B. Dehydrogenation is exothermic C. Hydrodealkylation reactions are endothermic D. None of these
1379	Of the molecules, SF4 Xe F4 and CF4 which have square planar geometry.	A. SF4 , Xe f4 and CF4 B. SF4 only C. CF4 only D. XeF4 only
1380	Which of the following configuration is associated with biggest jump between second and third IE.	A. 1s2, 2s2, 2p2 B. 1s2, 2s2, 2p6, 3s1 C. 1s2,2s2,2p6, 3s2 D. 1s2, 2s2,2p6
1381	Which of the following haloacids is stronger acids.	A. FCH2COOH B. CICH2COOH C. Br CH2COOH D. ICH2COOH
1382	What is a coal that has been previously burned in an oxygen poor environment?	A. Tuyere <o:p></o:p> B. Coke C. Silver D. Diamond
1383	When to a solution of weak electrolyte a strong electrolyte with a common ion is added, the dissociation of weak electrolytes is suppressed . This is known as.	A. Stark effect B. Salt effect C. Common ion effect D. Zeman effect
1384	The size of nanoparticles is between nm	A. 100 to 1000 B. 1 to 100 C. 0.1 to 10 D. 0.01 to 1
1385	Which of the following is not an androgen i.e. male sex hormones.	A. Androsterone B. Testosterone C. Oestrone D. All of these are make hormone

1386	Increased asthmatic attacks in certain seasons are related to.	A. Inhalation of seasonal pollens B. Eating of seasonal vegetables C. Low temperature D. Wet and dry environment
1387	When a solute is dissolved in two immiscible solvents it will distributes itself between two phases and the ratio of the concentration of the solute in two phases will be constant, This is known as.	A. Starke law B. Distribution law C. Equilibrium law D. Snell's law
1388	Which of the following radical is not a member of IV group.	A. Mg ²⁺ B. Co ²⁺ C. Ni ²⁺ D. Mn ²⁺
1389	Which of the following acids acts as acid waste from coal mines.	A. HCI B. HNO3 C. CH3COOH D. H3PO4
1390	The sphere is enclosed in brackets in formulas for complex species, and it includes the central metal ion plus the coordinated group	A. Ligand B. Donor C. Coordination D. Oxiation
1391	The most important conditions for the formation of ionic bond are.	A. High ionization energy of the metallic atom and high electron affinity of the non metallic atom. B. Low ionization of the metallic atom and low electron affinity of the non metallic atom. C. Low ionization energy of metallic atom and high electron affinity of the non metallic atom D. High ionization energy of the metallic atom and high electron affinity of non metallic atom.
1392	Bromine is soluble in	A. Alcohol B. Water C. Chloroform D. All above
1393	Arrange the following in order of increasing boiling point.	A. CH3OH &It CH3CI &It RbCI &It CH4 B. CH0H &It CH4 &It CH3CI &It RbCI C. RbCI &It CH3CI &It CH3OH &It CH4 D. CH4 &It CH3CI &It CH3OH &It RbCI
1394	What is the colour of pulp obtained from chemical pulping.	A. Black B. Brown C. Blue D. Red
1395	Which of the following pollutant result from roasting and heating processes.	A. Dust B. Smoke C. Metal fumes D. All above
1396	Bioconversion of biomass can be used for.	A. Heating purposesB. Power productionC. Methane productionD. All of the above
1397	Which of the following statements is worng.	A. Covalent compounds are generally soluble is polar solvents B. Covalent compounds have low melting and boiling point. C. Ionic solids do not conduct electricity is solid state D. Ionic compounds conduct electricity in the fused state.
1398	The total number of crystal systems and the number of Bra via is lattices are.	A. 7,7 B. 7,14 C. 14,7 D. 14,28
1399	Eosin dye belongs to the group of dyes known as.	A. Nitroso syes B. Triphenylmethane dyes C. Diphenylmethane dyes D. Phthalein dyes
1400	Colour in transition metal compounds in attributed to	A. Small sized metal ions B. Absorption of light in UV region C. Complete ns sub shell D. incomplete (n-1) sub shell
1401	Number of unpaired electrons in Cu2+ ions are.	A. 1 B. 2

		C. 3 D. 4
1402	The important condition for the formation of chemical bond is that.	A. Their electron clouds should not diffuse B. Both atoms should have high electron affinites. C. Both atoms should have same electronegativities D. The process should be accompanied by the lowering in potential energy.
1403	Which of the following contains isoprene unite.	A. Natural rubber B. Nylong -6,6 C. Polyethylene D. Decron
1404	The configuration of valence shell of certain atom X is $3s2$, $3p5$, which valences can it exhibit.	A. 1,3 only B. 1,5 only C. 1,3,5,7 D. 1,3,4
1405	The pH of water 7 at 25 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ if water is heated to 70 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$. Which of the following should be true.	A. pH will decrees B. pH will increase C. pH will remain constant D. None of these
1406	Which type of polymers the Vulcanised rubbers is.	A. Linear B. Cross jinked C. Branch chain D. Any one of these
1407	Major principle underlying the sustainability of natural ecosystems is that they run on.	A. Electric energy B. Solar energy C. Wind energy D. None of the above
1408	Which of the following is not a correct postulate of the kinetic theory of gases.	A. The molecules are in random motion B. The gaseous collisions are perfectly elastic C. The average kinetic energies of different gases are equal at a particular temperature. D. The pressure exerted on the walls of the container is due to inter molecular forces.
1409	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding Lewis acids and bases.	A. NH3 and H2O both behaves as Lewis bases B. Substances which donate a pair of electrons are called Lewis bases C. All Lewis bases are also Bronsted bases D. Lewis base must contain an atom having less than an octet of electron.
1410	Chemical and physical properties of metal nano particles of atoms were observed to change periodically depending upon	A. Number of atoms in a particleB. Shape of particleC. type of organizationD. All of the above
1411	If 20 ml of 0.5 N salt solution is diluted in one litre. what is the new concentration.	A. 0.01 N B. 0.001 N C. 1 N D. 10 N
1412	What corrosion occurs under organic coating on metals as fine wavy hairlines?	A. Stray current corrosion<0:p> B. Microbiological corrosion<0:p> C. Filiform corrosion bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Filiform corrosion <o:p></o:p> D. Simple corrosion <o:p></o:p>
1413	When metal orbital are rotated in octahedral field the following representation obtained.	A. t2 g + lg B. a1 g C. t 1 u D. All above
		A. Calcium carbonate R. Calcium bydrovida

1414	Calcium cyanamide on treatment with steam under pressure gives NH3 and	C. Calcium oxide D. Calcium bicarbonate
1415	What types of bonding occurs in d-block elements.	A. Ionic B. Covalent C. Metallic D. Both B and C
1416	An example of nitro dyes is.	A. Martius yellow B. Auramine O C. Malachite green D. Methyl red
1417	Major ingredients of traditional ceramics	A. Silica B. Clay C. Feldspar D. All
1418	Which is the correct configuration of Fe3+ (Z= 26)?	A. [Ar] 4s ² , 3d ⁶ B. [Ar] 4s ² , 4d ⁵ C. [Ar] 3d ⁵ D. None of these
1419	The emission of light in a biological reaction in known as.	A. Fluorencence B. Phosphoreacence C. Biolumineacence D. Phtolysis
1420	The branch of chemistry dealing with the study of reactions in the Uv visible region of the spectrum in known as.	A. Kinetics B. Photo chemistry C. Surface chemistry D. Catalysis
1421	When two bodies have equality of temperature with a 3rd body they in turn have equality of temperature with each other. This is a statement of.	A. First law of thermodynamics B. Zeroth law of thermodynamics C. Second law of thermodynamics D. Third law of thermodynamics
1422	Example of linear geometry	A. XeF2 B. F2 and HgCl2 C. Cdl2 AND Ag Cl3 D. All of the above
1423	Acid rain is caused due to increase in the concentration of in the atmosphere	A. Ozone and dust B. CO2 and CO C. SO3 and CO D. SO2 and NO2
1424	The element with the highest first ionization potential is.	A. Boron B. Carbon C. Nitrogen D. Oxygen
1425	Who was the first scientist to describe that substance having Nano dimensions possess altogether different and unique properties.	A. Richard Feynamann B. Erick Drexler C. Archimedes D. Michael Faraday
1426	Which ionization Potential in the following equations involves the greatest amount of energy.	A. Na = Na+ + e B. K = K+ +e C. C2+ = C3+ +e D. Ca+ = Ca2+ + e
1427	Which of the following hydroxides has the maximum solubility in water.	A. Mg (OH)2 B. Ca (OH)2 C. Sr (OH)2 D. Ba (OH)2
1428	Coulometry is based on the measurement of	A. Electrical current B. Electrical potential C. Electrical conductance D. Dielectric constant
1429	The bond order gives the following valuable information.	A. Stability of the molecules of ions B. Bond dissociation energy and bond length C. Magnetic properties D. All of the above
1430	In the electrolysis of alumina, cryolite is added to.	A. Lower the melting point of alumina B. Increase the electric la conductivity C. Minize anodize affect D. Remove impurites from alumina
1431	Which of the following radical is a member of VI group	A. Mg ²⁺ B. Na+ C. K+

1701	THIRD OF THE TOHOTHING TOURISE OF A TREATMENT OF A LANGUAGE.	D. NH ₄ ⁺ E. All above
1432	Oxygen and sulphur exist in state	A. Free B. Combined C. _{Both free & amp; combined} D. None of above
1433	The three isotopes of hydrogen differ from one another in	A. Atomic number B. Number of protons C. Nuclear charge D. Nuclear mass
1434	Lime water is an aqueous solution of.	A. MgSO4 B. Ca (OH)2 C. CaCO3 D. CaSO4
1435	Which of the following statement is related with CO.	A. It is a colorless and tasteless gas B. It has less affinity to words hemoglobin C. It has a boiling point of -192 ^o C D. It is a dangerous asphyxiant
1436	The pair of molecules or ions having identical geometry is.	A. BCI3, PCI3 B. BF3, NH3 C. CHCI3, CCI4 D. SiCI4, CCI4
1437	The pH of the 1.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ NH ₄ Cl is	A. 1.3 B. 4.0 C. 2.886 D. 3.886
1438	Which of the following elements has the highest ionization energy.	A. Na B. Si C. Ar D. Cl
1439	The atomic number of Potassium is 19 and that of manganese is 25. Although the coloured of MnO4 is dark violet yet the K+ is colourles This is due to the fact that	A. Mn is a transition element while K+ is not B. [MnO4]is negatively charged while K+ has a positive charge C. The effective atomicnumebr of Mn is [MnO4] is 26 while for K+ the atomic number is 18 D. The Mn in a high positive oxidation state allows charge transfer transitions
1440	Acid rain effects	A. Human being B. Crops C. Aquatic life D. All above
1441	Which of the following can be used as drying agent of ammonia.	A. CaO B. Anhydrous CaCl2 C. P2O5 D. Conc. H2SO4
1442	In the fourth flotation process for the purification of ores, the ore particles floats because.	A. They are light B. Their surface is not easily wetted by water C. They bear electrostatic charge D. They are insoluble
1443	is used for Annealing	A. Klin B. Batch C. Converter D. Oven
1444	Which of the following detector is used for compounds containing electronegative atoms.	A. Mass specdtrometer B. ECD C. TCD D. UV-detector
1445	The valence shell electronic configuration of group III A is.	A. ns1 p2 B. ns2 p1 C. ns3p2 D. ns2p2
1446	Which of the following statements is NOT true .	A. About 10% of the earth's crust is iron B. Pure iron does not have significant industrial use because it is too weak and soft. C. Steel in an alloy of carbon and iron with limits on the amount of carbon

		D. None of above
1447	The digits which are necessary to express the result of a measurement to the precision with which the measurement is made are called.	A. Non significant figures B. Mathematical figures C. Significant figures D. Reagent errors
1448	The structure of SO2 is	A. Linear B. Angular C. V-shaped D. Planner
1449	Which of the following biogeochemical cycle is not component of ecosystem.	A. Carbon cycle B. Potassium cycle C. Oxygen cycle D. Nitrogen cycle
1450	Which of the following statements false about transition metals.	A. They form complexes B. They show variable valency C. All transiting metal compounds are paramagnetic D. They form coloured ions
1451	Relative order of acidity of HF, HCl, HBr, and HI acids is	A. HCl > HBr > HI > HF B. HF > HCl > HBr > HI C. HI > HBr > HCl > HF D. HF > HI > HCl > HBr
1452	The gases H2, N2, O2 and NH3 . H2 =2 , N2 = 28, O2 = 32 and NH3 =17 will effuse in the order.	A. H2> N2> O2 > NH3 B. NH3 >O2 > N2 > H2 C. H2 > N2 > NH3 > O2 D. H2 >NH3 > N2 > O2
1453	The element having highest ionization energy and least electron affinity belong to	A. Period 1, group 18 B. Period 2, group 17 C. Period 2, group 1 D. Period 2, group 2
1454	Which of the following radical is not a member of II group.	A. Cu ²⁺ B. Cd ²⁺ C. Ba ³⁺ D. K+
1455	Which of the following is not obtained when Br2 is added to ethylene in the presence of aqueous NaCl solution.	A. Br CH2CH2Br B. Br CH2CH2CI C. CICH2 CH2CI D. CICH2CH2CI
1456	Which of the following has maximum number of unpaired electrons.	A. Fe3+ B. Fe2+ C. Co2+ D. CO3+
1457	In a one -component system the maximum number of phase that can consist in equilibrium is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
1458	Gutta percha is	A. Cis poly imprene B. Trans -polyisoprene C. Polyethylene D. Polyisobutylene
1459	Main constituent of all inorganic matter	A. Carbon B. Silicon C. Tin D. Lead
1460	Concentrated aqueous sodium hydroxide can separate a mixture of.	A. Al3+ and Sn2+ B. Al3+ and Fe3+ C. Al3+ and Zn2+ D. Zn2+ and Pb2+
1461	The correct order of increasing polar character is.	A. H2O &It NHE &It H2S &It HF B. H2S &It NH3 &It H2O &It HF C. NHE &It H2O &It HF &It H2O D. HF &It H2O &It NH3 &It H2S
1462	Which of the following combination is used to make buffer.	A. NaOH and HCI B. KOH and H2SO4 C. CH3COOH and CH3COONa D. CH3COOH and NH4OH
1463	Deviation in a particular measurement is the difference between the measured value and the average value The arithmetic mean of the different deviations observed in several measurements of the same quantity is known as.	A. The standard deviation B. The average deviation C. Relative mean deviation D. variance

1464	Which of the following is homopolymer.	A. Starch B. Plexiglas C. Orlon D. All of these
1465	The isoelectric point of a protein or amino acid to.	A. pH at which it does not have any charge B. pH at which it does not have not charge and does not migrate in electric field C. pH at which the concentration of cation is greater than amino D. pH at which the concentration of anion is greater than cation
1466	Which of the following phenomenon are driven by solar energy.	A. Winds B. Water cycle C. Production of biomass D. All above
1467	Pick out the incorrect statement for CIF3	A. It has trigonal planar geometry B. It is used to make gaseous UF6 which is useful in making enriched U-235 fuel C. It is used as powerful fluorinating agent for inorganic compounds D. CIF2 has been used as fuel in short range rockets reating with hydrazine.
1468	Phenol on reaction with ethanoic anhydrides in the presence of sodium ethanoate gives.	A. Phenyl benzoate B. Ethyl benzoate C. Phenyl ethanoate
1469	The equation which relates the reaction rates and equilibrium constants of many reactions is known as.	D. Phenyl methyl ether A. Taft equation B. Hammett equation C. Differential equation D. Linear equation
1470	An auxochrome is a group which	A. Absorbs in UV region B. Absorbs in visible region C. Absorbs in IR region D. Increase absorption wavelength of chromophore
1471	Has the highest value of electronegativity	A. F B. Cl C. Br D. I
1472	In manufacturing of cement crystallization of amorphous dehydration products of clay	A. 500 ^o C to 800 ^o C B. 900 ^o C to 1200 ^o C C. 1250 ^o C ti 1400 ^o C D. 1000 to 1100 ^o C
1473	The azimuth or angular quantum number (i) determines the number of sob shells in a given shall. the allowed values of I for a given value ffor n are.	A. 1.2.3(n-1) B. 1,2,3(n-1) C. 0.1.2.3(n-1) D. 2,4,6,(n-2)
1474	In diborane (B2H6)	A. The structure is similar to that of C2H6 B. All the atoms are in one plane C. The born atoms are linked through hydrogen bridges D. There is a direct boron boron bond
1475	Which of the following is a buffer solution.	A. CH3COOH + NH4OH B. CH3 COOH + HCI C. CH3COOH + NaOH D. CH3COOH + CH3COONa
1476	Consider to violet colored compund.[Cr(OH)2)6 Cl3 and the yellow compound. [Cr(NH3)6]C;2 which of the following statements is false.	A. Both chromium metal ions are paramagnetic with 3 unpaired electrons. B. [Cr(NH3)6)3+ is calculated directly form the energy of yellow light C. For [Cr(OH)2)6]3+ is less than for [Cr(NH3)6]3+ D. The two complexes absorb their complementary colors.
1477	Which of the following is atmospheric pollutant.	A. CO2 B. CO C. O2 D. N2
		A T 1

A. To increase the strength

1478	Purpose of sizing is.	B. To improve formation C. To increase resistance toward water D. To remove wastes
1479	Which of the following technique is used to separate substance of high molecular weight of different charges.	A. Dialysis B. Electrophoresis C. Solvent D. None of the abvoe
1480	Which of the following electrolytes will be most effective in the coagulation of arsenic sulphide sol.	A. NaNO3 B. AI PO4 C. MgSO4 D. K4[Fe(CN)6]
1481	Hybridization involves.	A. Orbitals of same atom with slightly different energies. B. Orbitals of different atoms, but with equal energies. C. Orbitals of the same atom but with widely different energies. D. Orbitals of different atoms with different energies.
1482	Which of the following is always true for the adiabatic expansion of gas.	A. Temperature rises B. Pressure rises C. W=0 D. Q = 0
1483	Which of the following solution has pH= 11?	A. 1 X 10 ⁻¹¹ m NaOH B. 1 x 10 ⁻¹¹ m HCl C. 1 x 10 ⁻³ M NaOH D. 1 X 10 ³ M NaOH
1484	Of all the noble gaes, easily available gases are	A. He & Ar B. He & Ne C. Ne & Ar D. Xe & Kr
1485	Which of the following are neutral ligands.	A. NH3 B. H2O C. CO & Samp; NO D. All of above
1486	Which of the following solution would exhibit abnormal colligative proportions.	A. 0.1 M NaCl B. 0.1 M urea C. 0.1 M sucrose D. 0.1 M glucose
1487	Which of the following techniques is involved in purification of organic compound.	A. Distillation B. Sublimation C. Solvent extraction D. All above
1488	Which of the following health effect is caused by lead.	A. Cancer B. Neurotoxin C. Hypertension D. Kidney damage
1489	Select the correct IUPAC name for [FeF4(OH)2]-	A. Diaquatrafluoriron (III) ion B. Diaquateratrafluoriferrate (III) ion C. Diaquatertrafluoroiron (I) D. None of these
1490	If there are only two components in a solution with mole fraction X_A and X_B then which of the following relation is correct.	A. X _A + X _B = 0 B. X _A + X _B > 1 C. XA = XB < 1 D. XA = 1 - XB
1491	The geometry of Xe F2 is	A. Triangular planar B. Square planar C. Linear D. Trigonal bipyramidal
1492	Which of the following is not a component of a gas chromatography system.	A. Carrier gas B. Capillary column C. Packed column D. Cathode lamp
1493	Which of the following group will have hyper conjugation effect when attached to benzene.	A CH3 BC6H5 CC(CH3)3 DCH(CH3)2
1494	Manganese steel usually contains how many percent of manganese.	A. 1 to 5 B. 3 to 10 C. 11 to 14 D. 14 to 18

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1495	Apoenzyme is	A. Hydrolytic enzyme B. Oxidative enzyme C. Coenzyme D. Protein part of enzyme after removal of coenzyme
1496	Which of the following is NOT true 7 ceramic materials are.	A. Hard, have high densities high compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature Silicon B. Hard, have low densities high compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature. C. Hard, have low densities low compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature. D. Hard, have low densities' high compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature.
1497	What is the purpose of molybdenum in steel alloying.	A. To increase dynamic and high temperature strength and hardness B. To increase brittleness C. To increase corrosion and resistance D. All above
1498	All the halogen form oxyacide, except	A. Florine B. Chlorine C. Bromine D. lodine
1499	What group of steels are molybdenum high sped steels.	A. Group A B. Group D C. Group M D. Group H
1500	are the extensions of bucky balls.	A. Goodesic domes B. Hexagons C. Carbon nanotubes D. AFM and STM
1501	Electron affinities of halogens are in the order.	A. F > Cl > Br > I B. Cl > F > Br > I C. Cl > Br > I > F D. Cl > Br > F > I
1502	A diameter of human hair is approximately m	A. 75000 B. 75 C. 7.5 x 10 ⁻⁵ D. 7.5 x 10 ⁻⁹
1503	When borax is strongly hented, it gives	A. B2O4 B. Na2B4O7 C. NaBO2 D. NaBO2 + B2O3
1504	Dyes which can be applied to cellulosic fibre from water solution are called.	A. Ingrain dyes B. Substantive dyes C. Mordant dyes D. Vat dyes
1505	Rectified spirit obtained by formentation contains 5% of water .So in order to remove it, rectified spirit is mixed with suitable quantity of benzene and heated Benzene helps because.	A. It is dehydreating agent and so removes water B. It forms the loweer layer which retains all the water so that alcohol can be distilled off C. It form an azeotropic mixture having high boiling point and thus allows the alcohol to distall over D. It forms low boiling azeotropic mixture which distille over leaving behind pure alcohol which can than be distilled.
1506	Arrange the hydrides of group 15 in the correct order of reducing nature.	A. NH3 < PH3 < AsH3 < Sb H3 < BiH3 B. NH3 > PH3 >AsH3 >Sb H3 > BiH3 C. PH3 < AsH3 < SbH3 < BiH3 < NH3 D. PH3 > AsH3 > SbH3 > BiH3 > NH3
1507	The internal resistance to flow possessed by a liquid is called its.	A. Fluidity B. Viscosity C. Surface tension

		D. Turbidity
1508	Which of the following does not belong in the group of herocyclic dyes.	A. Acridine B. Cyanine C. Methylene blue
1509	On the basic of CFT the bonding between the metal and ligand is totally	D. Amido black A. Ionic B. Covalent C. Coordinate D. Metallic
1510	Which of the following process is used for the removal of particulates.	A. Wet removal by precipitation B. Sedimentation C. Diffusion and impaction D. All above
1511	A steel cannot qualify for stainless prefix until it has at least how many percent of chromium.	A. 10 % B. 20 % C. 5 % D. 30 %
1512	Which of the following is the major process when neopentyl bromide is dehydrogenate with alcoholic potash.	A. 2- methyl -1- butene B. 2- methyl- 1- butene C. 2,3 -dimethyl butene D. 2- butene
1513	In which of the following compound valency of carbon in 4 but its oxidation number is zero	A. Methane B. Carbon dioxide C. Carbon monoxide D. Formaldeyde
1514	Metal crystallize is system having co ordination number	A. 8 B. 12 C. 14 D. any one of above
1515	The smallest cluster of carbon atoms in Bucky balls known till today consists of carbon atoms.	A. 75 B. 20 C. 60 D. 15
1516	The equilibrium constants Kp and Kc are related as	A. Kp = Kx Pdelta n B. K p= Ks/P delta n C. Ks = Kp (RT)delta n D. Kx = Kp (P/RT) delta n
1517	The electrical resistance of stainless steels can be as much as time that of carbon steel.	A. 5 B. 6 C. 10- D. 15
1518	The property measured in DTA is	A. Heat effects B. Weight loss C. Rate of change in weight D. Change in temperature
1519	Polyethylene Glycols are used in the preparation of which tye of detergetns.	A. Cationic detergents B. Anionic detergents C. Non ionic detergent soaps D. None of above
1520	Which of the following sulphide is yellow in colour.	A. HgS B. PbS C. CdS D. SnS
1521	Which one of the following ionsis colourless.	A. Cu+ B. Ni2+ C. Co2+ D. Fe3+
1522	Which of the following statements regarding covalent bond is false.	A. The electrons are shared between atoms. B. The bond in non -directional C. The strength of the bond depend upon the extent of overlapping D. The bond formed may be polar or non-polar
1523	The bond between two identical non metal atoms has a pair of electrons.	A. Unequally shared between the two B. Transferred fully from one atom to another C. With identical spins
1524	The hinding site on rihosome t-RNA and m-RNA is provided by	D. Equally shared between them A. Polysome B. Ribosomal RNA

1027	The billaring one on his sound traverana in rave to provided by	C. Codone D. DNA
1525	Which of the following quantity is correct for micro analysis.	A. 1 -10 mg or < 50 ml B. 10-20 mg or > 50 mL C. 50-100 mg or < 100 mL D. None of above
1526	Which of the following analytical method is based on the rotation of light ratiation	A. Refractomerty B. Polarimetry C. Interformetry D. Polarography
1527	Strength of H bond in inter mediate between	A. Van der Waals forces and covalent bond B. lonic and covalent bond C. lonic and metallic bond D. Metallic and covalent
1528	Which of the following compounds has highest dipole moment.	A. Dichloromethane B. Chloroform C. Chloromathane D. All above
1529	Hydrolysis of nucleoprotein result in the formation of.	A. Proteins B. Nucleic acids C. Both A and B D. They do not hydrolyse
1530	PCI5 is an example of hybridization	A. d sp ³ B. d2 sp2 C. sp2 D. sp3
1531	Which of the following statements is false about transition metals.	A. They form complexes B. They show variable valency C. All transition metal compounds are paramagnetic D. They form coloured ions
1532	The number of optically active compounds in the isomers of C3H5Br3 is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
1533	If the absorbed light is green the transmitted light will be	A. Purple B. Orange C. Violet D. Black
1534	Which of the following solids is a better conductor of electricity.	A. Pore NaCl cyrstal B. Diamond C. Graphite D. Marble pieces
1535	Example of inter molecular H-bonding is	A. NH3 and H2O B. HF C. CH3COOH D. All of abvoe
1536	The forces which holds the atoms together in a molecule is called	A. lonic bond B. Covalent bond C. Co ordinate bond D. Chemical bond
1537	The pKa of acetic acid is 4.74 which implies that.	A. pH of 1N solution is 4.74 B. At pH 4.74 the dissociation of acetic acid is maximum C. At pH 4.74 half of the acetic acid molecules are dissociated in the solution. D. At pH 4.74 the dissociation of acetic acid is minimum.
1538	A pH of a neutral solution at 100 $^{\circ}$ C when Kw = 1.0 x 10 ⁻¹²	A. 0 B. 7 C. 6 D. 7
1539	The number of degree freedom at the triple point for the water system in.	A. One B. Two C. Three D. Zero
1540	Which of the following gas form weakly acidic sulphurous acid	A. SO2 B. SO3 C. NO2 D. NO

1541	For a chemical reaction A produce, the rat of the reaction doubles when the concentration of A is increased by 4 times the order of the reaction is.	A. 0 B. 1 C. 1/2 D. 4
1542	The reaction of toluene with chlorine in the presence of light gives.	A. Benzoyl chloride B. Benzyl chloride C. m-chlorotoluene D. Mixture of 0 and p -chlorotoluene
1543	In group theory the triple degenerate set is denoted by	A. eg B. t2g C. e2g D. tg
1544	The correct increasing order of bond dissociation energy for N2, O2, F2 and Cl2 is	A. N2 &It O2 &It F2 &It CI2 B. F2 &It CI2 &It O2 &It N2 C. F2 &It CI2 &It N2 &It O2 D. N2 &It CI2 &It F2 &It O2
1545	The penultimate shells have pscudo inert gas type configuration.	A. Ga B. In C. TI D. All above
1546	in the system of designating wrought aluminum alloys the letter F that follows the number indicates what condition of the alloy.	A. As fabricated B. Calcined C. Annealed D. Strain hardened
1547	Pick out the ideal conditions needed for the manufacture of H2SO4 by contact process.	A. Low temperature high pressure and high concentration of reactants B. Low temperature, low concentration of reactants and low pressure C. High temperature high pressure and high concentration of reactants D. Low temperature, low pressure and high concentration of reactants.
1548	The alkali metal with highest melting point is	A. K B. Na C. Li D. Ca
1549	Which of the following does not represent Lewis acid.	A. ZnCl2 B. FeCl2 C. BF3 D. Bul4
1550	Which of the following pollutant is not primary pollutant.	A. Ash B. Smoke C. SO3 D. SO2
1551	Consider the coordination compound Na2[Pt(CN)4] the Lewis and is	A. [Pr(CN)4]2 B. Na+ C. Pt D. Pt2+
1552	The emission of light characteristics of metal and correlation of intensity of the light emitted with concentration of that metal forms the basis of.	A. Roman spectroscopy B. IR spectroscopy C. Flame photometry D. Rotational spectroscopy
1553	Zeigler Natta catalyst is.	A. Pt/PtO B. TiCl4/Al(C2H5)3 C. Pt/Rh D. Pt
1554	When a concentrated solute of an electrolyte is diluted.	A. Its specific conductance increases B. Its equivalent conductance decreases C. The specific conductance decreases and equivalent conductance increases D. Both specific and equivalent conductance increase
1555	The angle between corresponding planes forming the external surfaces of the crystal remains constant for a given substances This is known as.	A. Steno's law B. Henry's law C. Bragg law D. Pascal law
1556	Which among the following is least soluble in water.	A. NaF B. LiF C. KF D. CsF
1557	Which of the following metal acts as pollutant	A. Hg B. Pb C. Zn

1001	Willow of the following flotal actorate pollutarit.	D. Ni E. All above
1558	Solid phase micro extraction is a solvent less extraction technique This technique is used for preparation of samples for analysis by which of the following technique.	A. HPLC B. GC C. TLC D. Electrophoreals
1559	The number of vibrational degree of freedom for CO2 is	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
1560	A type of a chemical bond which is formed by the mutual sharing of electrons between combining atoms of the same or different elements is called.	A. lonic bond B. Covalent bond C. Co ordinate Covalent bond D. Metallic bond
1561	Which of the following gas does not exist free on earth.	A. N2 B. H2 C. O2 D. CH4
1562	LPG is use this	A. Vehicles<0:p> B. Aviation Fuel<0:p> C. Home D. All above
1563	What prefix in steel identification means composition varies from normal limits.	A. E B. B C. X D. F
1564	Different arrangement of groups in space which can be converted into one another by rotation around a single bond are caled.	A. Conformations B. Metameres C. Enatiomers D. All of the above
1565	A mordants is substance which in	A. Coloured B. Leuco -base of a dye C. Fixes dye on the fabric D. All of these
1566	Neon is used in neon signs for advertising purpose because.	A. Neon lights are visible from long distance B. Neon light are visible though fog & Description with the light and B. None of the above
1567	The noble gases which does not I do not form any clathrates is.	A. He B. Ne C. Argpm D. Both He and Ne
1568	The role of the mineral cryolite Na2AlF6 in the Hall process for aluminum production is.	A. It is the source of aluminum B. it is a chemical reducing agent C. It forms a slag to remove impuriteis D. In the molten state, it is a solvent for alumina Al2O3
1569	The pH of the tears is	A. 7.0 B. 7.4 C. 7.8 D. 8.2
1570	Which element are non metals.	A. N & Description A. N & Descri
1571	What ASTM test for tension is designated for plastics.	A. A 370 B. D 638 C. E 292 D. None of these
1572	The isotonic nucleotide X and Y have mass numbers 35 and 37 respectively if the atomic number of X is 17 the atomic number of Y will be.	A. 15 B. 17 C. 19 D. 18
		A. S cm-1 eq -1 B. S cm eq-1

1573	Equivalent conductance is expressed in the units.	C. S cm2 eq-1 D. S cm2 eq
1574	Inter halogens are of types.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
1575	Bitumen is used in	A. Electric generators B. Road surfacing C. Coal tar D. All of above
1576	Phosphoric acid is the most important of the phosphorus oxy acids. Industrially phosphoric acid is prepared by.	A. The Ostwald process B. The Haber's process C. The reaction of phosphate rock with sulphuric acid D. The reaction P4O10 with water.
1577	Which of the following source of energy is abundant everlasting and non polluting.	A. Nuclear B. Electric C. Solar D. All above
1578	Which of the following represents the correct order of ionic radii	A. La+ < Na+ < K+ < Rb+ B. Li+ > Na + > K+ > Rb+ C. Li = Na + = K+ = Rb+ D. Rb +> Na+> K+ > Li+
1579	The electrical conductivity of a nano tube is times that of copper.	A. 10 B. 100 C. 1000 D. 1/100
1580	What is the approximate chromium range of a ferritic stainless steel.	A. 12% to 18% B. 16% to 20% C. 20% to 24% D. 12% to 16%
1581	Which of the following elements forms maximum number of compounds.	A. Carbon B. Silicon C. Hydrogen D. Fluorine
1582	Perdisulphuric acid is.	A. Marshal acid B. Caro acid C. None of above D. Any of above
1583	What is a process for making glass reinforced shapes that can be general by polling resin impregnated glass stands though a die.	A. Continuous pultrusion <div> </div> B. Bulk molding C. Vacuum bag forming D. Computational analysis
1584	Which of the following is used to make non-stick material.	A. Vinyl cyanide B. Tetrafluoroethene C. Vinyl chloride D. Styrene
1585	What does 'F' stand for in AFM.	A. Fine B. Front C. Force D. Flux
1586	Which of the following gas protects us form harmful effect of uv radiation.	A. SO2 B. NO2 C. CO D. O3
1587	Metallic magnesium is obtained by	A. Reduction of MgO with Coke B. Electrolysis of an aqueous solution of MgCl2 C. Electrolysis of molten MgCl2 D. Displacement of magnesium by iron form MgCl2 solution.
1588	Which of the following statement is no true with respect to nitrogen dioxide.	A. It is produced by the oxidation of NO B. Its small concentration has been detected to lower stratosphere C. It is major pollutant D. It does not absorb sunlight.
1589	The first noble gas compound was	A. XeO3 B. XeF4 C. XeF6 D. Xe +[PtF6]
		A. Alkvl isocvanide

1590	Carbylamine reaction proceeds via the intermediate formation of.	B. Chloride ion C. Alkyl carbonion D. Dichloro methylene
1591	Electronegativity of Oygen is.	A. 2.5 B. 3.5 C. 2.4 D. 2.1
1592	The light source in AAS used is	A. UV light B. Visible light C. Radio waved D. Hollow cathode lamp
1593	Potassium reacts with excess of oxygen to form	A. K2O B. K2O2 C. KO2 D. K2O3
1594	In Dannis's method the end of the copper caps into which graphite electrode are fixed with cement.	A. Portiant B. Bakelite C. Asbestos D. All of above
1595	If the activation energy in the forwarded direction of an elementary step is 52 kj and the activation energy in the reverse direction is 74 kj. What is the energy of reaction Delta E for this step	A. 22 Kj B22 kj C. 52 kj D52 kj
1596	When a strong beam of light is passed through a colloidal solution, the light will	A. Be reflected B. Be scattered C. Pass unchanged D. Be dispersed
1597	Which among the following hydride is ionic in nature.	A. Ammonia B. Protium oxide C. Calcium hydride D. Sulphane
1598	Which of the following orbitals has maximum penetration effect.	A. s B. p C. d D. f
1599	The state of hybridization of Xe in Xe F6 are	A. sp2 B. sp3 C. sp3 d D. dsp3
1600	What is graphene.	A. A new material made from carbon nanotubes B. A one atom thick sheet of carbon C. This film made from fullerene D. A software tool to measure and graphically respresent nanoparticles.
1601	The sugar present in RNA is	A. D- ribose B. D-Arabinose C. D-Glucose D. Deoxyribose
1602	C is -2 butene on reaction with bromino give 2,3 -dibromobutane which is	A. Recemic mixture B. Meso isomer C. Dextoroisomer D. Levoisomer
1603	Which of the following is an azo dye.	A. Congo red B. Rhodamine B C. Ertythroein D. Paraosaniline
1604	Which of the following statement about molecularity is not correct.	A. It cannot be fraction B. It can be obtained from balanced equation C. It may be or may not be equal to the order of the reaction D. it can not be more than 3
1605	Which of the following substance acts as gaseous pollutant.	A. NO B. NO2 C. CO D. SO2 E. All above
1606	Granulated sugar also known as.	A. Brown sugar B. Refined sugar C. White sugar D. None of these

Sterols are steroids having the functional group. A. Kotoric B. Alcoholic C. Phenolic	1607	The following are primary alloying ingredients of Group H steel except.	A. Malybdenum B. Cobalt C. Chromium D. Tungsten
Which of the following is the statement of third law of thermodynamics. Which of the following is the statement of third law of thermodynamics. Recording to the following state is not first with respect to copper. Which of the following compounds would be most ionic to charcter. A PECC C. ShiCA D. ShiCA	1608	Sterols are steroids having the functional gruup.	B. Al;coholic C. Phenolic
Which of the following compounds would be most ionic to character. B. PoC2 SnCI4 D. SnCI2 D.	1609	Which of the following is the statement of third law of thermodynamics.	substance is zero at T = 0 B. Entropy of a perfectly crystaline substance is zero at standard state conditions C. Entropy and enthalpy of a substance become equal at T = 0 D. Free energy of a crystalline
B. It is a best conductor of heat and electricity C. It forms alloys easily D. Moltan opper absorbed carbon dioxide Petrol can be saved by	1610	Which of the following compounds would be most ionic to charcter.	B. PbCl2 C. SnCl4
Petrol can be saved by September Sep	1611	Which of the following state is not true with respect to copper.	B. It is a best conductor of heat and electricity C. It forms alloys easily D. Moltan copper absorbed carbon
A Gas in gas B, Gas in solid G, Gas in gas B, Gas in solid B, Gas in solid G, Gas in gas B, Cliquid in gas D, Liquid	1612	Petrol can be saved by	speed B. Ensuring correct type pressure C. Switching off the engine at traffic lights
1614 Of the following the commonly used n the laboratory desiccator is. C. Dry NaCl D. None of the above A Larger cation and smaller charges on anion B. Larger cation and larger charge on anion C. Smaller cation and larger charge on anion D. Smaller cation and larger charge on anion D. Smaller cation and larger charge on anion C. Smaller cation and larger charge on anion D. Sm	1613	Smoke is a dispersion of	B. Gas in solid C. Solid in gas
According to Fajns rules, which one of following results in increased ionic nature of the covalent bond. According to Fajns rules, which one of following results in increased ionic nature of the covalent bond. B. Larger cation and larger charge on anion C. Smaller cation and larger charge on anion D. Smaller cation and larger charge on anion A Tert Butanol B. 2.2 - Dumethyl - Propanol C. 2- Methyl - 2-propanol D. Tert Alcohol A 100 Hz B. 200 Hz C. 300 Hz D. 500 Hz The IUPAC name of HCOOCH3 is. A Methoxy methanol B. Ethanoic acid C. Methyl methanoate D. Methoxy methano D. Fats A Protein B. Nucleic acid C. Carbohydrates D. Fats A Iron B. Cu C. Cr D. Ni The branch of chemistry which is concerned with the interrelation of electrical and chemistry which is concerned with the interrelation of electrical and chemistry C. Surface chemistry C. Surface chemistry C. Surface chemistry	1614	Of the following the commonly used n the laboratory desiccator is.	B. Anhyd Ca Cl2 C. Dry NaCl
The compound (CH3)3COH according to IUPAC is known as. B. 2,2 - Durnethyl - Propanol C. 2 Methyl - 2-propanol D. Tert Alcohol A. 100 Hz B. 200 HZ C. 300 Hz D. 500 Hz The IUPAC name of HCOOCH3 is. A. Which is involved int eh synthesis of RNA is involved int eh synthesis of A. Protein B. Nucleic acid C. Carbohydrates D. Fats A. Iron B. Cu C. Cr D. Ni The branch of chemistry which is concerned with the interrelation of electrical and chemical energy is called. B. 2,2 - Durnethyl - Propanol C. 2 - Methyl - 2-propanol D. Tert Alcohol A. 100 Hz B. 200 HZ C. 300 Hz C. 300 Hz D. Methoxy methanol B. Ethanoic acid C. Methyl methanoate D. Methoxy methanol B. Nucleic acid C. Carbohydrates D. Fats A. Iron B. Cu C. Cr D. Ni A. Reaction dynamics B. Electrochemistry C. Surface chemistry C. Surface chemistry	1615		anion B. Larger cation and larger charge on anion C. Smaller cation and smaller charge on anion D. Smaller cation and larger charge on
1617 A high frequency sound has frequency 1618 The IUPAC name of HCOOCH3 is. 1619 RNA is involved int eh synthesis of 1620 Which is the second most abundant element occurring the earth crust. 1621 The branch of chemistry which is concerned with the interrelation of electrical and chemical energy is called. 1621 Shigh frequency sound has frequency 1622 A. Methoxy methanol 1623 B. Electrochemistry 1624 A. Protein 1625 B. Nucleic acid 1626 C. Carbohydrates 1627 D. Ni 1628 A. Reaction dynamics 1629 B. Electrochemistry 1620 C. Surface chemistry 1620 C. Surface chemistry	1616	The compound (CH3)3COH according to IUPAC is known as.	B. 2,2 -Dumethyl -Propanol C. 2- Methyl -2-propanol
The IUPAC name of HCOOCH3 is. B. Ethanoic acid C. Methyl methanoate D. Methoxy methane A. Protein B. Nucleic acid C. Carbohydrates D. Fats A. Iron B. Cu C. Cr D. Ni The branch of chemistry which is concerned with the interrelation of electrical and chemical energy is called. A. Reaction dynamics B. Ethanoic acid C. Methyl methanoate D. Methoxy methane A. Protein B. Nucleic acid C. Carbohydrates D. Fats A. Iron B. Cu C. Cr D. Ni A. Reaction dynamics B. Electrochemisty C. Surface chemistry	1617	A high frequency sound has frequency	B. 200 HZ C. 300 Hz
1619 RNA is involved int eh synthesis of B. Nucleic acid C. Carbohydrates D. Fats 1620 Which is the second most abundant element occurring the earth crust. 1621 The branch of chemistry which is concerned with the interrelation of electrical and chemical energy is called. B. Nucleic acid C. Carbohydrates D. Fats A. Iron B. Cu C. Cr D. Ni A. Reaction dynamics B. Electrochemisty C. Surface chemistry	1618	The IUPAC name of HCOOCH3 is.	B. Ethanoic acid C. Methyl methanoate
Which is the second most abundant element occurring the earth crust. B. Cu C. Cr D. Ni The branch of chemistry which is concerned with the interrelation of electrical and chemical energy is called. A. Reaction dynamics B. Electrochemisty C. Surface chemistry	1619	RNA is involved int eh synthesis of	B. Nucleic acid C. Carbohydrates
The branch of chemistry which is concerned with the interrelation of electrical and chemical energy is called. B. Electrochemisty C. Surface chemistry	1620	Which is the second most abundant element occurring the earth crust.	B. Cu C. Cr
	1621		B. Electrochemisty C. Surface chemistry

Engymes are Sergence and Sergence of recident (F) the phase (p) components (C) and degree of freedom (F) the phase (p) components (C) and degree of freedom (F) the phase (p) components (C) and degree of freedom (F) the phase (p) care per 2 C P + C - C P + C P + C - C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C P + C	1622	Turpentine is obtained from	A. Oak tree B. Pine tree C. Birch tree D. Lemon tree
Internet of number of phases (p) components (C) and degree of freedom (F) the phase null is expressed as: 1825	1623	Enzymes are	B. Laving organisms C. Complex protein molecules
A catalyst	1624		B. F = P+ C - 2 C. P + F= C + 2
1626 Ingold's isoprence rule states that in terpenoids isopren units are joined. C. Tall to fail D. In a random order	1625	A catalyst	B. Changes the equilibrium concentration of the products C. Does not affect a reaction energy path D. Always decreases the rate for a
B. The thickness of adsorbent can be varied control to the following statement is not related with the advantages of TLC. B. The thickness of adsorbent can be varied c. Fluorescence can be introduced c. Fluorescence can be introduced c. Fluorescence can be used D. Different defectors can be used D. Different	1626	Ingold's isoprence rule states that in terpenoids isopren units are joined.	B. Head to head C. Tail to tail
Seesup2-4/sup3 Casesup3-4/sup3 D. Feesup3-4/sup3 D. Feesup	1627	Which of the following statement is not related with the advantages of TLC.	B. The thickness of adsorbent can be varied C. Fluorescence can be introduced
Which of the following is the best indicator for titration of CH3COH with NaOH C. B. Methyl red C.	1628	Which of the following radical is not a member of III group	B. Fe ²⁺ C. Ca ²⁺
1630 Which of the following will have the largest pH? B. 0.1 N NASOH D. 0.1 N NASOH D. 0.01 N NAOH	1629	Which of the following is the best indicator for titration of CH3COH with NaOH	B. Methyl red C. Phenophthalein
The size of quantum dot ism	1630	Which of the following will have the largest pH?	B. 0.1 N CH3COOH C. 0.1 N NaOH
Which of the following in not a characteristics of crystalline solids. C. Long range orderly arrangemnt D. None of above A. An asymmetric carbon atom B. A plane of symmetry C. Centre of symmetry C. Centre of symmetry C. Centre of symmetry D. A hydroxyl group A. 70% B. 74% C. 78% D. 82% A. Group IA B. Group IB C. Group VII D. Group VIII A. 100 plates /m C. 10 plates /m D. 10,000	1631	The size of quantum dot ism	B. 5 x 10 ⁻⁹ C. 5 x10 ⁻¹⁰
2- Butanol is optically active because a contains A row B. 74% C. 78% D. 82% A Group IA B. Group IB C. Group VII A D. Group VIII A 100 plates /m B. 1000 plates /m C. 10 plates /m D. 10,000 plates /m D. Two triple bond B. One double bond C. Two single bonds D. Two triple bonds D. Two triple bonds The rate constant for 3rd order reaction has the dimentions of. 1638 The rate constant for 3rd order reaction has the dimentions of.	1632	Which of the following in not a characteristics of crystalline solids.	B. Isotropic C. Long range orderly arrangemnt
The H2SO4 obtained by the contact process having purity B. 74% C. 78% D. 82% A. Group IA B. Group IB C. Group VII A D. Group VII A D. Group VIII A. 100 plates /m C. 10 plates /m D. 10,000 plates /m D. 10	1633	2- Butanol is optically active because a contains	B. A plane of symmetry C. Centre of symmetry
An element having low IE and low EA is likely to belong to. B. Group IB C. Group VII A D. Group VIII A. 100 plates /m B. 1000 plates /m C. 10 plates /m D. 10,000 plates /m D. 10,000 plates/m D. 10,000 plates/m A. One triple bond B. One double bond C. Two single bonds D. Two triple bo	1634	The H2SO4 obtained by the contact process having purity	B. 74% C. 78%
A well packed column may hve B. 1000 plates /m C. 10 plates /m D. 10,000 plates/m A. One triple bond B. One double bond C. Two single bonds D. Two triple bonds D. T	1635	An element having low IE and low EA is likely to belong to.	B. Group IB C. Group VII A
The suffix '-ene' in the name of fullerene shows the presence of in the molecule. B. One double bond C. Two single bonds D. Two triple bonds A. mol-2 s-1 B. 12 mol-2 s-1 C. mol I -1 s-1	1636	A well packed column may hve	B. 1000 plates /m C. 10 plates /m
The rate constant for 3rd order reaction has the dimentions of. B. 12 mol-2 s-1 C. mol I -1 s-1	1637	The suffix '-ene' in the name of fullerene shows the presence of in the molecule.	B. One double bond C. Two single bonds
	1638	The rate constant for 3rd order reaction has the dimentions of.	B. 2 mol-2 s-1 C. mol -1 s-1

1639	The shape of SO ₄ ²⁻ ion is.	A. Tetrahedral B. Trigonal planar C. Square planar D. Octahedral
1640	Combination of a -amino acid through which linkages results result in formation of protein	A. Ester linkage B. Glycosidic linkage C. Lactum linkage D. Peptide linkage
1641	Which of the following state is not correct regarding Langmunir adsorption theory.	A. Adsorbent has specific equivalent sites B. One site can adsorbs only one molecule C. Adsorbed molecules cannot interact with each other D. Adsorption is a static process
1642	The compound which does not act as Lewis acid is.	A. BF3 B. AlCl3 C. BeCl2 D. SnCl4
1643	What is the activation energy of a reaction whose rate constant increases by a factor of 100 upon increasing the temperature from 300 K to 360 K.	A. 27 B. 35 C. 42 D. 69
1644	Buffer solution are used to.	A. Increase the pH B. Resist the pH C. Decrease the pH D. None of above
1645	The unit of nucleic acid having base sugar combination is called.	A. Nucliec acid B. Nucleoside C. Nucleotide D. None of these
1646	The oxidation number Xe in XeOF2 is	A. 0 B. +2 C. +4 D. +3
1647	Which of the following is not a characteristic of phthalocyanine dyes.	A. They are metal complex B. the are insoluble in water C. They have porphin nucleus D. They are used in photographic plates
1648	Not a major contributor of engineering ceramics	A. SiC B. SiO2 C. Si3N4 D. BH3
1649	The name hydrogen was proposed by.	A. Lavoisier B. Rutherford C. Henry Cavandish D. Scheele
1650	In DTA, theriac effect may be exothermic of endothermic These are cause by	A. Fusion B. Crystal structure inversion C. Destruction of crystal lattice D. All of above
1651	Which one of the following oxides is basic.	A. MnO B. Mn2O3 C. MnO2 D. Mn2O7
1652	The common host compound for the formation of inclusion compound is.	A. Urea B. Thiourea C. Cholic acid D. All above
1653	Mangalium is an alloy of.	A. AI + Mg B. Mg + Ai + Mn C. Mg + Ai + Cu D. Mg + Ai + Cu + Mn
1654	What element is added to copper to increase its strength and fatigue propertioes.	A. Silicon B. Aluminium C. Beryllium D. Copper
1655	Which of the following is renewable energy source.	A. Moon B. Wind C. Sun D. Ocean
		A. Formers

1656	Chemical compounds which are added to reduce to reactivity of glass are called.	B. Modifiers C. Stabilizers D. None of these
1657	HCIO evolves Cl2 and O2 when dissolve	A. Ca B. Ni C. Cu D. Any of above
1658	Solution with components which obeys Raoult's over the entire composition range are said to be.	A. Real solution B. Regular solutions C. Dilute solutions D. Ideal Solution
1659	Increasing oxygen contents in oxyacids leads to.	A. An increase in thermal stability B. An increase in acid strength C. A decrease in oxidizing power D. All above
1660	Dibornae is used	A. Fro high energy fuel B. For welding torches C. as reducing agent D. All above
1661	The device that convert the chemical energy of fuel directly into electrical energy is called.	A. Galvanic cell B. Electrolytic cell C. Fuel cell D. Concentration cell
1662	In the extraction of iron, the furnace change consists of iron ore, coke and limestone. The function of limestone is to act as.	A. An oxidizing agent B. A reducing agent C. Flux D. Slag
1663	Water pollution is due to	A. Agricultural discharges B. Swages and other wastes C. Industrial effects D. All the above
1664	Setting of cement is improved by	A. Lime stone B. Clay C. Gypsum D. Water
1665	Which of the following bonds will be non polar.	A. N - H B. O - H C. C - H D. C I - CI
1666	Among the following statements in the nitration of aromatic compounds, the false one is.	A. The rate of nitration of benzene is almost the same as that of hexadeutero benzene B. The rate of nitration of toluene is greater than that of benzene C. The rate of nitrationof benzen is greater than that of hexadeutero benzene. D. Nitration in an electrophite substitution reaction.
1667	Which of the following liquids has lowest vapour pressure at 25 °C	A. Benzene B. Chloroform C. Ether D. H2O
1668	Which of the following steps is involved in quantitative analysis.	A. Sampling B. Conversion of the desired constituent into a suitable form per analysis. C. Measurement of some physical or chemicals property, on which the determination is based. D. All above steps
1669	Which of the following is not a naturally occurring dye.	A. Indogo B. Indigotin C. Alizarin D. Malachite green
1670	The law of triads is applicable to	A. Lithium, beryllium, boron B. Fluorine, chlorine, bromine C. Chlorine, bromine, iodine D. Sodium, potassium, Rubidium
1671	Which of the following halide has lowest melting point.	A. NaCl B. NaF C. NaBr D. NaI

1672	Molecular weight of proteins may be determined by	A. Osmotic pressure measurements B. Sedimentation methods C. Light scattering methods D. All of these
1673	Which of the following is not evoked in quantum theory?	A. Schrodinger wave equation B. The rigid rotor approximation C. The particle in a box D. Boltzmann distribution
1674	Which of the following device is used to measure the surface tension.	A. Polarimeter B. Viscometer C. Refractometer D. Stalagnameter
1675	The range of sound pressure for uncomfortable level is.	A. 80 - 90 dB B. 100 - 120 dB C. 130-140 dB D. All above
1676	Which of the following is not correct criteria for an idea solution.	A. Enthalpyh of mixing = 0 B. Volume of mixing = 0 C. Free energy of mixing = 0 D. Obeys Reoult's law
1677	The attraction which exists between carbon dioxide molecules in solid carbon dioxide is due to.	A. Van der Waal's forces B. Molecule ion forces C. ionic bonds D. hydrogen bonds
1678	Which of the following basic process is involved in the separation of the complex mixture by chromatographic techique.	A. Partition B. Adsorptions C. lon exchange D. All of the above processes
1679	A molecule is said to be chiral	A. If it contains plane of symmetry B. If it contains centre of symmetry C. If it can be superimposed on its mirror image D. None of the above
1680	Stainless steel contains.	A. Fe + Cr+ Ni B. Fe + Ni + Cu C. Fe + Cr+ Cu D. Cu + C + Ni
1681	Which of the following is a pseudohalide.	A. I3- B. IF7 C. CN- D. ICI
1682	Which of the following is not an ore of iron.	A. Haematite B. Magnetite C. Siderite D. Monazite
1683	Which law of thermodynamics helps in calculating the absolute entropies of varies substances.	A. Zeroth law B. 1st law C. Second law D. Third Law
1684	Not a Characteristic property of ceramic material	A. High temperature stability B. High mechanical strength C. Low elongation D. Low hardness
1685	If diesel has cetane number of 50 then the diesel index will be.	A. 36 B. 46 C. 56 D. 66
1686	Which of the following molecule does not contain the covalent bond between similar atoms.	A. N2H4 B. F2O2 C. H2F2 D. H2O2
1687	A major constituent of materials one whose amount in the materials is	A. 1% or more B. 0.1% C. 0.01% D. 0.001 %
1688	Which of the following can act both as a Bronsted acid and a Bronsted base.	A. Na2CO3 B. OH- C. HCO3- D. NH3
1689	The electronic configuration of some elements are given below. The element with highest electron affinity is	A. 1s2, 2s2, 2p3 B. 1s2, 2s2, 2p4 C. 1s2, 2s2, 2p5

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1690	Fertilizers are classified into	A. Two major categories <o:p></o:p> B. Three major categories <o:p> C. Four major categories<o:p> D. Four major categories<o:p> D. None of above</o:p></o:p></o:p>
1691	The instrument used for measuring fluorescence is known as.	A. Fluorimeter B. Potentiometer C. Flame photometer D. Mass spectrometer
1692	Which of the following is not correct.	A. Rusting of iron can be stopped by increasing the concentration of CO2 in water B. Rusting of iron is electrochemical in nature. C. Rusting of iron takes place in moist air D. Rusting of iron produces hydrated iron (III) oxide
1693	Which of the following will exhibit variable electro Valency due to intert pair effect.	A. Fe B. Sn C. K D. Both Fe and Sn
1694	Which of the following compounds liberates CO2 on heating.	A. Li2CO3 B. Na2CO3 C. K2CO3 D. All liberate CO2 on heating.
1695	What is the raw material of sugar industry.	A. Sugar cane B. Potato C. Carrot D. Sugar heat E. Both A and C
1696	Used in filling luminous tubes.	A. Xenon B. Krypton C. Radon D. Helium
1697	Which of the following process is involved in nitrogen flotation	A. Non symmetric fixation of nitrogenB. Fixation by soil bacteriaC. Fixation by yeastD. Fixation by blue green algaeE. All above
1698	The rate of a chemical reaction is proportional to the product of the active mean of the reactants, This is a statement of.	A. Law of dynamic equilibrium B. Le Chatlier's principle C. Law of mass action D. Solubility product principle
1699	Elements in which differentiating electron enters the (n-1) the d-orbitals of the (n-1) the main shell are called elements.	A. s- block B. p-block C. d-block D. f-block
1700	d2 sp3 is oriented in a manner	A. Trigonal B. Tetrahedral C. Octahedral D. Trigonal bipyramidal
1701	lonization potential of carbon is.	A. 11.2 B. 7.8 C. 8.1 D. 7.3
		A. CaSO4

1702	Which of the following is most soluble in water	B. Sr SO4 C. MgSO4 D. BaSO4
1703	Pyrolysis gasoline is obtained from.	A. Catalytic cracking B. Gasification C. Steam cracking D. Reforming
1704	Indigotin is a dye obtained from indigo plant which belongs to the group of.	A. Substantive dyes B. Mordant dyes C. Vat dyes D. Disperse dyes
1705	The common temperature detecting device in DTA are.	A. Thermocouples B. Thermopiles C. Thermistore D. All
1706	The product obtained on heating n-heptane with Cr2O3Al2O3 at 600 °C is.	A. Cycloheptane B. Methyl cyclohexane C. Benzene D. Teluene
1707	Which pair of species can undergo chemical reaction with each other.	A. CO+ NO B. LiH and H2O C. CO2 and HCI D. CaH2 and SI H4
1708	The prefiex 'nano' comes from a	A. French word meaning billion B. Greek word meaning dwarf C. Latin word meaning invisible D. Spanish word meaning particle
1709	The pink colour of phenolphthalen in in basic medium is due to the	A. Cationic form B. Anionic form C. Natural form D. OH- ions of the base
1710	Which of the following statement represent disadvantages of sanitary landfill	A. Public opposition B. Uneconomical C. Health hazard D. All above
1711	A mixture of ethyl iodide and n-propyl iodide is subjected to Wurts reaction. The hydrocarbon that will nto be formed is	A. n-butane B. n-propane C. n-pentane D. n-hexane
1712	Which of the following information is correct about a typical packed column in GC.	A. 10-100 m long and 2 to 6 cm to diameter B. 1-10 m long and 0.2 to 0.6 cm in diameter C. 0.1-1 m long and 0.02 to 0.00 cm in diameter D. None of the above
1713	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to the role of matter undergoing decomposition.	A. Decomposed matter increase soil fertility B. They provide a texture which is favorable for plant growth C. Organic compounds for complexes with mineral nutrients which enhance uptake by plants. D. In high concentration the decomposition product may increase the photosynthesis
1714	Primary structure of protein refers to	A. Amino acid sequence B. Arrangement of peptide chains C. Orientation of amino acids D. Whether is has a or b helix in space structure.
1715	Electron gas theory is able to explain	A. Metallic lusture and optical properties B. Malleability and ductility C. High electrical and thermal conductivity D. All of the above
1716	An element with atomic number 20 is placed in which period of the periodic table.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
1717	Which substances is not used as an additive in paper industry.	A. Glucose B. Starch C. Alum D. None of these

1718	Which of the following process involves the use fo organic compound as an electron acceptor.	A. Aerobic respiration B. Anaerobic respiration C. Fermentation D. Glycolsis
1719	Which of the following is not strong electrolytes.	A. HCI B. H2SO4 C. HNO3 D. CH3COOH
1720	SO2 acts as	A. Lewis base B. Lewis acid C. Botha A and B D. None of above
1721	Which of the following compounds does not show dipole moment.	A. CH3OH B. HBr C. CCI4 D. CHCI3
1722	Hydrolysis of protein gives	A. a -amino acid only B. b-amino acids only C. gama amino acid only D. A mixture of all of these
1723	The number of hydrogen bonds boding A T pair is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
1724	Sodium metal cannot be stored under	A. Hexane B. Benzene C. Kerosene D. Ethanol
1725	Electron gas theory fails to explain	A. Specific heat of metals B. Electrical and thermal conductivity C. Paramagnetic behavior of metals D. All of the above
1726	An explosive	A. NitroglycerineB. TrinitrotolueneC. Fluorine perchlorateD. All above
1727	Which of the following is renewable resources of energy.	A. Hydropower B. Wind power C. Solar power D. All above
1728	Most commercial glasses consist of	A. Lime B. Soda C. Silica D. All
1729	Which of the following statement is not related to collision theory.	A. Molecules must collide with each other to do a chemical reaction B. Molecules must posses a minimum amount of energy C. Molecules must have proper orientation D. Collision theory is applicable to liquid only.
1730	Select the correct IUPAC nae for [Co(NH3)6]2+	A. Hexammoniacobaltate (II) ion B. Hexamminecobaltate (II) ion C. Hexammoniacobalt (II) ion D. Hexamminecobalt (III) ion
1731	The particle would be stationary in a lattice only at.	A. 273 K B. 0 K C. 298 K D. 373 K
1732	The large increase in the rate of a reaction on rise in temperature is due to.	A. The lowering of activation energy B. The decreases in mean free path C. The increase in collision frequency D. The increase in the number of molecules having more than the threshold energy
1733	Which of the following acid radical give organic layer test.	A. CI- B. CO3 C. D. S ²⁻
		A. Fertilizers B. Weedicides

1/34	Which of the following agrochemical acts as pollutant.	C. Herbicides D. All above
1735	The alpha iron will become paramagnetic at temperature above	A. 770 C B. 550 C C. 660 C D. 440 C
1736	Which of the following techniques is used to reduce the need for large volumes of organic solvents.	A. Solid phase extraction B. Gel permeation C. Electrophoresis D. TLC
1737	Which of the following alloys contains Cu and Zn	A. Bronze B. Brass C. Gun metal D. Type metal
1738	HCIO2 gives the structure of a.	A. Linear B. Angular C. trigonal pyramidal D. Tetra hddral
1739	Ground state electronic configuration of valence shell in N2 m lecule is written as (a2s)2, (o*2s)2, (pi sp)4, (o2p)2, Hence, the bond order of N2 molecule is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 0
1740	Magnesium burns in air to give.	A. MgO B. MgCO3 C. Mg3N2 D. Both A and C
1741	Beryllium shows diagonal relationship with.	A. Mg B. Al C. Na D. B
1742	Which of the following metals form volatile carboyl with CO below 80 °C	A. Cu B. Fe C. CO D. Ni
1743	Which group contains elements that exist as monoatomic molecules.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 14 D. 18
1744	HS- is a conjugate base of.	A. S2- B. H2S C. H2SO3 D. H2SO4
1745	In the metallurgy of iron, when limestone is added to the blast furnaced, the calcium ion ends up in	A. Slag B. Gangue C. Metallic calcium D. Calcium carbonate
1746	The width of a typical DNA molecule isnm	A. 1 B. 2 C. 5 D. 10
1747	What is the ratio of stress to strain in a material loaded within its elastic ranger.	A. Poisson's ratio <o:p></o:p> B. Refractive index <o:p></o:p> C. Modulus of elasticity <o:p></o:p> D. None of above<o:p></o:p>
1748	Which of the following materials is not suitable as adsorbent for chromatography.	A. Silica gel B. Activated charocal C. Alumina D. Calciu7m chloride
1749	Fish die in water bodies polluted by sewage due to.	A. Pathogens B. Clogging of gills by silt C. Reduction in dissolved oxygen D. Foul smell

1750	In terms of the amount of the substance adsorbed per gram of the adsorbent (x/m), and pressure p of the gas, the Freudlich adsorption isotherm is represented as.	A. x/m = k/p ⁿ B. x/m = kp ⁿ C. p = k (x/m) ⁿ D. x/m = (k/p) ⁿ
1751	Of the molecules, SF4, XeF4, and CF which has square planar geometry.	A. SF4, XeF4 and CF4 B. Sf4 only C. CF4 only D. XeF4
1752	The inert gasses AR, Ka, and Xe form solid compounds with certain organic molecules under pressure	A. Halides B. Hydrates C. Clathrates D. All of above
1753	The ionization energy of N is more than that of oxygen becasue.	A. Nitrogen has half filled p orbitals B. Nitrogen atom is smaller in size than oxygen atom C. Nitrogen contains less number of electrons D. Nitrogen is less electronegative
1754	What refers to a shape achieved by allowing a liquid to solidify in a mold.	A. Casting <o:p></o:p> B. Molding <o:p></o:p> C. Forming <o:p></o:p> D. Style="margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt">All of the choices <o:p></o:p>
1755	Both the elements shows allotropy	A. B & Samp; Ai B. B & Samp; Si C. Al & Samp; Si D. Any of above
1756	Molecules have zero dipole moment	A. CO2 B. BCl3 C. CH4 & CCl4 D. All above
1757	Proper proportioning of concrete, ensures	A. Resistance to water B. Desired durability C. Water tightens of the structure. D. All
1758	What is the minimum tensile strength of gray Cast Iron class 50	A. 25000 ibf /in ² B. 50000 ibf/in ² C. 100000 ibf/in ² D. 900000 ib/in ²
1759	Which of the following techniques is used for cleanup of samples prior to introduction into chromatographic column.	A. Paper chromatography B. TLC C. Solvnent extraction D. Solid phase extraction E. Both C and D
1760	The electronegativity of phosphorus is.	A. 3.0 B. 2.1 C. 2.0 D. 1.9
1761	Which one of the following statement is incorrect in relation to ionization enthalpy.	A. lonization enthalpy increase for each successive electron B. The greatest increase in ionization enthaly is experienced on removal of electron from core noble gas configuration C. End of the valence electron is marked by a big jump in ionization enthalpy D. Removal of electron from orbitals bearing lower value to easier than from orbital having highest n value.
1762	Which show maximum number of oxidation states in 3d series.	A. Mn B. Ni C. Co D. Zn

1763	Nano particles may interact with the support to be.	A. Partially oxidized B. Partically reduced C. Both a and b D. None
1764	Which of the following factors effect the strengths of acids and bases.	A. Inductive effect B. Romance effect C. Hydrogen effect D. All above
1765	The IUPAC name of HOCCH2CH2CH2COOH is	A. 4- formylbutanoic acid B. 5- formylpentanoic acid C. 4- carboxybutanal D. 5- carboxypentanal
1766	In which property listed below hydrogen does not resemble alkali metals.	A. Tendency to form cation B. Nature of oxide C. Combination with halogens D. Reducing character.
1767	Codon for amino acid glycinc is not represented by base pair	A. GCA B. GGC C. GGA D. GGU
1768	The common oxidation state of elements of group V A is.	A3 B. +3 C. +5 D. Any above
1769	The correct order of acidic strength is.	A. HF &It HCI&It HI &It HBr B. HI &It HBr &It HCI &It HF C. HI &It HBr &It HF &It HCI D. HF &It HCI &It HBr &It HI
1770	Compounds HCN and HNC are.	A. Tautomers B. Metamers C. Functional isomers D. Conformers
1771	Which of the following pairs shows diagonal relationship	A. Li and Mg B. Na and K C. Zn and Cd D. Li and BE
4770		A. Electroytic cell B. Galvanic cell
1772	Which of the following cells is used to produce electricity from chemical reaction	C. Voltaic cell D. Fuel cell E. Both C and D
1772	Which of the following cells is used to produce electricity from chemical reaction The maximum oxidation shown by managanese is.	C. Voltaic cell D. Fuel cell
		C. Voltaic cell D. Fuel cell E. Both C and D A. +2 B. +7 C. +4
1773	The maximum oxidation shown by managanese is.	C. Voltaic cell D. Fuel cell E. Both C and D A. +2 B. +7 C. +4 D. +5 A. Elevation of B.P. B. Depresaion in F.P C. Viscosity
1773	The maximum oxidation shown by managanese is. Which of the following is not a colligative property.	C. Voltaic cell D. Fuel cell E. Both C and D A. +2 B. +7 C. +4 D. +5 A. Elevation of B.P. B. Depresaion in F.P C. Viscosity D. Osmotic pressure A. Carbides B. Silicon C. Silicones
1773 1774 1775	The maximum oxidation shown by managanese is. Which of the following is not a colligative property. Are used as water repellents	C. Voltaic cell D. Fuel cell E. Both C and D A. +2 B. +7 C. +4 D. +5 A. Elevation of B.P. B. Depresaion in F.P C. Viscosity D. Osmotic pressure A. Carbides B. Silicon C. Silicones D. Silicates A. Calcium B. Megnesium C. Iron
1773 1774 1775	The maximum oxidation shown by managanese is. Which of the following is not a colligative property. Are used as water repellents The hardness of water i s due to the presence of dissolved soluble salts of.	C. Voltaic cell D. Fuel cell E. Both C and D A. +2 B. +7 C. +4 D. +5 A. Elevation of B.P. B. Depresaion in F.P C. Viscosity D. Osmotic pressure A. Carbides B. Silicon C. Silicones D. Silicates A. Calcium B. Megnesium C. Iron D. All above A. 22% B. 18% C. 14%
1773 1774 1775 1776	The maximum oxidation shown by managanese is. Which of the following is not a colligative property. Are used as water repellents The hardness of water is due to the presence of dissolved soluble salts of. What % if nickel is present in the major ore Pentlandite.	C. Voltaic cell D. Fuel cell E. Both C and D A. +2 B. +7 C. +4 D. +5 A. Elevation of B.P. B. Depresaion in F.P C. Viscosity D. Osmotic pressure A. Carbides B. Silicon C. Silicones D. Silicates A. Calcium B. Megnesium C. Iron D. All above A. 22% B. 18% C. 14% D. 10% A. 2/3 Rt B. 3/2 RT C. 2/3 kT

		C. NaCl D. KCl
1781	Which of the following group reagent is used for III group of basic radical.	A. Dilute HCI B. H2S + HCI C. NH4OH + NH4CI D. NH4OH + H2S
1782	Which of the following is not a pyrimidine base.	A. Uracil B. Thymine C. Cytosine D. Guanine
1783	Which of the following molecules can oxhibit geometrical isomerism.	A. CH3CH = CH2 B. CH3CH = CHCH3 C. (CH3)2 C = CH2 D. CH3CH = C(CH3)2
		A. The density of stainless steel is about the same as carbon or low alloy steels<0:p> B. Stainless steels are
1784	Indicate false statement about stainless steel	poor conductors of heat <o:p></o:p> C. Stainless steels are poor conductors of electricity <o:p></o:p> D. Stainless steels have tensile moduli greater than those of carbon and alloy steels.
1785	Ground water is threatened with pollution from which of the following source.	A. Domestic wastes B. Industrial wastes C. Agricultural wastes D. All above
1786	Which of the following methods is used in qualitativ eanalysis.	A. Physical method B. Chemical method C. Instrumental method D. All above
1787	At constant temperature and pressure, the decrease in Gibbs free energy (F) in equal to	A. Increase in entropy B. Decrease in entropy C. Reversible work done by the system D. All types of work except the work of expansion
1788	During the preparation of ethane by Kolbe's electrolytic method using inert electrodes the pH of the electrolyte.	A. Increases progressively as the reaction proceeds B. Decreases progressively as the reaction proceeds C. Remains constant throughout the reaction D. May decrease if the concentration of the electrolyte is not very high
1789	Regarding the internal energy of the molecules, which one of the following statements in not correct.	A. It is the sum of vibration rotational and electronic energy B. It is a path function C. It is a state function D. It is an exact differential
1790	Gravimetric method is based on which of the following property.	A. Volume of a liquid B. Volume of gas C. Mass of substance D. Viscosity
1791	Select the major product obtained from the addition of HBr to I -Methyl cyclohexene	A. 1-bromo -2- methyl cyclohexane B. 6- bromo-i- methyl cyclohex -i- ene C. 3- bromo -1- methyl cyclohex - 1- ene D. I-bromo -I- methyl cyclohexane
1792	The most promising technique for solar production of electricity is.	A. Dry cell B. Battery C. Solar cell D. None of above
1793	The designation of an orbital with $n = 4$ and $l = 1$ in	A. 4 s B. 4 p C. 4 d D. 4 f

		<u> </u>
1794	Which of the following chloride is soluble in hot water.	A. Hg2Cl2 B. AgCl C. PbCl2 D. All above
1795	When rain is accompanied by a thunderstorm, the collected rain water will have pH	A. Slightly lower than that of rain water without thunderatorm B. Slightly higher than that of rain water without thunderastorm C. Uninfluenced by occurrence of thunderatorm D. Which depends on amount of dust in air
1796	Earth is protected from U.V. radiations by	A. Carbon dioxide layer B. Oxygen layer C. Ozone layer D. Troposphere
1797	The simplest formula of a compound containing 50% of element X	A. XY2 B. XY C. X2Y D. None of the abvoe
1798	Which of the following salt is colourless.	A. Zn salt B. Co salt C. Ni salt D. Mn salt
1799	Peppermint oil contains.	A. Menthol B. Thymol C. a-pinene D. Comphene
1800	The following statements are true except one which one.	A. Carburizing does not harden a steel<0:p> B. Flame and induction hardening require the use of hard enable steels.<0:p> C. Quench -hardened steel does not require tempering to present brittleness b> <o:p></o:p> D. None of these
1801	BCl3 is a planar molecule because B atom is.	A. sp2 hybridized B. Sp3 hybridized C. sp hybridzed D. sp3 d hybridized
1802	The aluminium salt commonly used to stop bleeding is	A. Aluminium sulphate B. Potash Alum C. Aluminium chloride D. Aluminium fluroide
1803	The expected specific waste of food industry is.	A. Meats B. Nuts C. Fats or Oils D. All above
1804	The Schrodinger equation when solved for any system gives.	A. The mean force path B. The Polarizability C. The energy function D. The wave function
1805	The ionization potential of K would be numerically equal to.	A. Electron affinity of Ar B. Electromagnetically of K C. Electron affinity of K+ D. ionization energy of Ca
1806	Which of the following represent the fuming sulphuric acid	A. H2S2O4 B. H2S2O3 C. H2S2O6 D. H2S2O7
1807	Which of these historical works of art contain nanotechnology.	A. Lycurgus cup B. Medieval stained glass windows in churches C. Damascus steel swords D. All of the above
		A Amparametry

1808	Volta metric technique using a dropping mercury electrode is called.	B. Coulometry C. Polarography D. Potentiometry
1809	Most Hazardous metal pollutant of automobile exhaust is.	A. Tin B. Mercury C. Cadmium D. Lead
1810	In Nano synthesis new unsual chemical reactions are due to.	A. Non equilibrium system B. Equilibrium system C. Isothermal system D. Adiabatic process
1811	Which of the following elements has the highest density.	A. Mg B. Na C. K D. Rb
1812	The decrease in electron density at one position accompanied by a corresponding increase at other position is called.	A. Inductive effect B. Asymmetric effect C. Electromeric effect D. Resonance effect
1813	The concept of telluric helisx was developed by	A. Lother meyer B. A.E. de Chancourtois C. New lands D. Doberieiner
1814	The most stable carbonium ion is	A. See butyl B. n-butyl C. Tert butyl D. None of the above
1815	In the process of preparation of detergents the organic acids produced are neutralized with.	A. Sodium hydroxide B. Sodium sulphate C. Sodium chloride D. Potassium hydroxide
1816	Essential oils are purified by which of the following methods.	A. Steam distillation B. Sublimation C. Crystallization D. Fractional crystallization
1817	Which of the following species is not a basic radical.	A. Ag+ B. Cl- C. Ba2+ D. K+
1818	Temporary hard water is softened on industrial scale by adding.	A. Mg(OH)2 B. Ca(OH)2 C. KOH D. NaOH
1819	The entropy of the universe	A. Tends towards a maximum B. Tend towards a maximum C. Tends to be zero D. Remains constatn
1820	The main active contaminants of uranium processing are.	A. U - 235 B. U-238 C. Pu -234 D. All above
1821	CCl4 has zero dipole moment because of.	A. Planar structure B. Tetrahedral structure C. Similar size of C and Cl atoms D. Similar electrons affinity of C and Cl
1822	Which of the following term is not used in pulping.	A. Kappa number B. Copper number C. Bromine Number D. Octane Number
1823	Thermogravimetic analysis has application is which of the following fields	A. Gravimetric analysis B. Discovery of new methods ofseparation C. Determination of purity and thermal stability D. All above
1824	When orthoboric acid is heated strongly it gives.	A. B2O3 B. H2B3O7 C. HBO2 D. B
1825	Formula of orthophosphoric acid	A. H2PO4 B. H3PO2 C. H3PO2

		D. H2P2O5
1826	Used for sterilizationof drinking water	A. F B. Br C. Cl D. I
1827	Aluminium is used for.	A. Making ultensile & D. Framea B. Making alloys C. Reducing agent D. All above
1828	Which of the following species is determined by complex metric titrations.	A. K+ B. Na+ C. Ca+ D. Cl-
1829	Which of the following dyes belongs to the group of acridine dyes.	A. Acriflavin B. Alizarin C. Indigotin D. Cyanine
1830	Which of the following is strongest reducing agent.	A. Be B. Mg C. Ca D. Sr
1831	Which of the following case of acid or base strength is not explained by inductive effect.	A. Formic acid> acetic acid B. Dimethyl amine > trimethyl amine C. Dimethyl amine > methyl amine D. Chloroacetic acid > acetic acid
1832	Select the major product obtained from the addition HBr to 1-methyl cyclohexene.	A. 1- bromo -2- methyl cyclohexane B. 6- bromo-1- methyl cyclohex - 1- ene C. 3- bromo-1- methyl cyclohex -1- ene D. 1- bromo-1- methyl cyclohexane
1833	Which of the following is not related to crystallography .	A. Law of rational indices B. Law of anymmetry C. Law of constancy of interfacial angel D. Henry's law
1834	Which of the following is component of the ecosystem.	A. Inorganic substances B. ORGANIC Substances C. Animal and plants only D. All above
1835	Any property whose magnitude is independent of the amount of substance present is called a/an	A. Extensive property B. Colligative property C. Structural propety D. Intensive property
1836	Which of the following ahs non zero dipole moment.	A. NH3 B. SF6 C. BF3 D. CO2
1837	Oxides ores of Aluminium	A. Corundum B. Bauxite C. Diaspore D. All above
1838	The enrichment of chemical substance at the surface of a solid is called	A. Adsorption B. Absorption C. Sorption D. Isotherm
1839	An indicator for an acid base titration is a	A. Weak acid B. Weak base C. Strong acid D. Strong base E. Both A and B
1840	The pH of milk is	A. 6.0 B. 6.5 C. 7.0 D. 7.5
1841	The main constituents of are boron oxide and silica.	A. Pyrex glass B. Low silica glass C. Soda lime glass D. Super hard glass
1842	The units of surface tension in SI system are	A. Joule m-1 B. Newton m-1 C. Erg cm-1 D. Dynes cm-2
		A 12.5 mL of 0.1 M solution

1843	Which of the following solutions of sulphuric acid will exactly neutralize 25 mL. of 0.2 M $$ NaOH $$	B. 24 mL OF 0.1 m Solution C. 50 mL of 0.1 M solution D. None of the above
1844	The sample characteristics affecting the weight loss curve include.	A. Amount of sample B. Sample particle site C. Heat of decomposition reactions D. All
1845	Orion is polymer of.	A. Styrene B. CF2 = CF2 C. Vinyl chloride D. Acrylontrile
1846	Group IV A consist elements.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
1847	In the Mendeleev's periodic table elements are arranged in the increasing order of their .	A. Numbers of neutrone. B. Atomic number C. Atomic mass D. Atomic volume
1848	The expected specific wastes of textile industry is	A. Cloth residue B. Fibre residue C. Dyes D. All above
1849	CFSE for d ⁷ ion is.	A. 0.8 B0.8 C1.8 D. 1.8
1850	is best in its cleaning action.	A. Soap B. Detergents C. Surfactant D. None of these
1851	What is defined as an intimate mechanical mixture of two or more phases having a definite composition and a definite temperature of transformation within the solid state.	A. Pearlite<0:p> B. Eutechtoid <0:p> C. Delta solid solution D. None of these
1852	The number of significant figures in the number 0.216 is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. <strike>4</strike>
1853	Vet days are generally applied to the fabric in the form of.	A. Mordants B. Leuco base C. Oxidised base D. Dispersed dyes.
1854	Molten iron withdrawn from the blast furnace is called.	A. Wrought iron B. Pig iron C. Bessemer iron D. Stainless steel
1855	Which of the following statements is not related with joule Thomson effect.	A. Joule Thomson is 0 isenthalpic in nature B. H2 and He show heating effect C. All gases show change in temperature D. The change in temperature depends on initial temperature and nature of the gas. E. Joule Thomson coefficient is defined as meo= (op/oT)H
		A. Dezincification <o:p></o:p>

1856	What refers to the removal of zinc from brasses?	B. Graphitization <o:p></o:p> C. Stabilization <o:p></o:p> D. Denitration <o:p></o:p>
1857	Which is the following is not a buffer.	A. H2CO3/HCO3 B. NH4CI/NH4OH C. CH3COOH/CH3COONa D. NH3OH/CH3COOH
1858	A process in which no heat enters leaves the system is called.	A. Isochoric B. Isobaric C. Adiabatic D. Reveraible
1859	in the process of production of soap the soap can be salted out by adding	A. Concentrated sulphuric acid B. Concentrated potassium hydroxide solution C. Concentrated sodium chloride solution D. None of above
1860	The concept is also known as proton donor acceptor system.	A. Bronsted Lowery B. Lewis C. Lux Flood D. Usanovich
1861	Amino acids are are important in biochemistry which of the following statements is not correct regarding amino acids.	A. These are amphoteric substances tend to undergo internal protein transfer B. In aqueous solutions these substances tend to undergo internal proton transfer C. These for zwitter ion in aqueous medium D. These always contain two amino groups.
		A. Will increase on adding a solute
1862	The freezing point of a solvent	B. Will decrease on adding a solute C. Will note change on adding solute D. None of the above
1862	The freezing point of a solvent Solar energy mainly light originates from sun due to.	C. Will note change on adding solute
		C. Will note change on adding solute D. None of the above A. Addition relations B. Displacement reactions C. Thermonuclear reactions
1863	Solar energy mainly light originates from sun due to.	C. Will note change on adding solute D. None of the above A. Addition relations B. Displacement reactions C. Thermonuclear reactions D. Substitution reactions A. Excessive growth of sea weeds B. Algae C. Pollution
1863	Solar energy mainly light originates from sun due to. The green color of water in a lake is due to	C. Will note change on adding solute D. None of the above A. Addition relations B. Displacement reactions C. Thermonuclear reactions D. Substitution reactions A. Excessive growth of sea weeds B. Algae C. Pollution D. Grass A. Size exclusion chromatogrphy B. TLC C. GLC
1863 1864 1865	Solar energy mainly light originates from sun due to. The green color of water in a lake is due to Which of the following techniques is used for the separation of macromolecules polymers.	C. Will note change on adding solute D. None of the above A. Addition relations B. Displacement reactions C. Thermonuclear reactions D. Substitution reactions A. Excessive growth of sea weeds B. Algae C. Pollution D. Grass A. Size exclusion chromatogrphy B. TLC C. GLC D. HPLC A. Gallium B. indium C. Thallium
1864 1865 1866	Solar energy mainly light originates from sun due to. The green color of water in a lake is due to Which of the following techniques is used for the separation of macromolecules polymers. Give violet colour to flame	C. Will note change on adding solute D. None of the above A. Addition relations B. Displacement reactions C. Thermonuclear reactions D. Substitution reactions A. Excessive growth of sea weeds B. Algae C. Pollution D. Grass A. Size exclusion chromatogrphy B. TLC C. GLC D. HPLC A. Gallium B. indium C. Thallium D. Aluminium A. Lead B. Zinc C. Mercury
1863 1864 1865 1866	Solar energy mainly light originates from sun due to. The green color of water in a lake is due to Which of the following techniques is used for the separation of macromolecules polymers. Give violet colour to flame Which of the following substance is a volatile metals.	C. Will note change on adding solute D. None of the above A. Addition relations B. Displacement reactions C. Thermonuclear reactions D. Substitution reactions A. Excessive growth of sea weeds B. Algae C. Pollution D. Grass A. Size exclusion chromatogrphy B. TLC C. GLC D. HPLC A. Gallium B. indium C. Thallium D. Aluminium A. Lead B. Zinc C. Mercury D. Sodium A. Indogotin B. Indanthrene C. Alizarin

1871	Which of the following equations is the most general equation of state.	A. Vander Waal's equation B. Dielectric equation C. Clasuaiua equation D. Kamberling Onnes equation
1872	Process of separating the racemic mixture into optically active isomers is known as.	A. Resolution B. Racemisation C. Walden inversion D. Epimerization
1873	Aviation Fuel contains.	A. Light Naphtha B. Medium Naphtha C. Kerosene D. Diesel
1874	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to limitations of Hammett equation.	A. It is only applicable to aromatic systems B. Only applicable to aliphatic systems C. It is not valid for m-substituent
1875	The key element to be considered when evaluating a health hazard is.	A. The amount of material the employee is exposed. B. The total time of exposure C. The toxicity of the substance D. All above
1876	Which of the following has highest ionization energy.	A. Oxygen B. Argon C. Barium D. Caealum
1877	Hypo is used in photography to.	A. Reduce AgBr to metallic silver B. Remove silver a silver salt C. Remove undecomposed silver bromide as soluble complex D. Remove reduced silver
1878	The chrome vanadium steels contain how many percent of vanadium.	A. 0.15 to 0.30 B. 0.05 to 0.15 C. 0.30 to 0.45 D. 0.45 to 0.60
1879	A molecule the cannot be susperimposed on its mirror image is said to exhibit which of the following.	A. Geometrical isomerism B. Optical isomerism C. Linkage isomerism D. Reactive isomerism
1880	Point out the incorrect statement.	A. Rate law is an experimental fact whereas law of mass action is a theoretical in nature. B. Rate law is always different from the expression of law of mass action C. Rate law is more informativeness than law of mass action D. Order of the reaction is equal to the sum of the exponents of concentration terms in the case law.
1881	The aluminium alloy used to make parts of aircrafts is.	A. Magnalium B. <div>Aluminium bronze</div> C. <div>Duralumin</div> D. All of the these
1882	Enantiomers have which of the following characteristics.	A. Rotate ordinary light B. Have the same melting point C. Are superimposable mirror images D. React with optically active molecule at the same rate
1883	Which of the following statements is not correct.	A. The conductance of one cm3 of a material is called specific conductance B. Specific conductance increase while equivalent conductance decreases on progressive dilution C. The limiting equivalent conductance of weak electrolytes cannot be determined by extrapolation of the plot of A against concentration D. The conductivity of metals is due to the movement of electrons.
1884	Which metal can produce dihydrogen gas by reaction with dil H2SO4	A. Ag B. Fe C. Cu D. Pt
1885	All naturally occurring processes spontaneously in a direction leads to.	A. Decrease of entropy B. Increase of entropy C. Decrease in free energy

		D. Increase in free energy
1886	Which of the following elements has the highest value of IE.	A. Na B. K C. Mg D. Ca
1887	The technique which involves the equivalence relation between the quality of electric current passed and quantity of chemical change taking place in the electrochemical cell is called.	A. Voltametry B. Coulometry C. Polarography D. Potentiometry
1888	Sodium Tetra borate is used	A. As alkaline buffer in dying & Deaching process B. In manufacture of opticl glass C. in enameling and making glaze D. All above
1889	The process of identifying the component present in a sample is called.	A. Quantitative analysis B. Qualitative analysis C. Volumetric analysis D. Gravimetric analysis
1890	is heat treatment cycle that prevents glass from harmful stress.	A. Forming B. Annealing C. Batching D. None of these
1891	Which of the following methods is the most common method for separation of liquid components from a mixture.	A. Dialysis B. Solvent extraction C. Precipitation D. Distillation
1892	The molecule returns from the first excited triplet sate to the ground state singlet. The light emitted in known as.	A. Inter system crossing B. Phosphorescence C. Fiuoreacence D. Quenching
1893	Coagulation of protein on treatment with heavy motal salts or heating is called.	A. Decolorisation B. Denaturation C. ^{Sedimentation process} D. Reversible precipitation
1894	The rate at which a substance reacts depends on its.	A. Molecular mass B. Active mass C. Equivalent mass D. Molar mass
1895	Which of the following techniques is bulk technique.	A. Powder XRD B. Single Crystal XRD C. SEM D. TEM
1896	Among the elements A,B,C and D having atomic numbers 9,10,11, and 12 respectively, the correct order of ionization energies is.	A. A > B > C >D B. B > A > D > C C. B > A > C > D D. D > C > B > A
1897	Which of the following statements is not correct with the concept of Bronsted concept of acids and bases.	A. An acid can donate a proton B. A base can accept a proton C. This concept has many bases that have OH- ions D. This concept is more general
1898	Argon is used in filling of.	A. Discharge tubes B. Luminous tube C. Fluorescent tubes D. None of above
1899	The vapour pressure of a liquid	A. Always increase's with temperature B. Always decreases with temperature C. Is independent of temperature D. Increase up to the boiling point
1900	The ions Sc3+ , Ca2+ and K+ have same electronic configuration as that of.	A. Neon B. Argon C. Krypton D. Xenon
1901	TLC belongs to which of the following chromatographic techniques.	A. lon exchange B. Partities chromatography C. Adsorption chromatography D. Gel permeation
1902	A thionic acid	A. H2S2O3 B. H2S2O6 C. H2S2O8 D. H2S2O7

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1903	A correct reaction mechanism for a given reaction usually is.	A. The same as the balanced chemical equation B. Obvious if its heat of reaction is known C. Sometimes difficult to prove D. Obvious if the activation energy is known
1904	Permanent hard water is softened by addition of.	A. Na2CO3 B. CaCO3 C. MgCO3 D. ZnCO3
1905	The correct order of electron affinities is.	A. C > Si, > Na > Ar B. Si > Cl > Na > Ar C. C > Na > Si > Ar D. C > Si > Ar > Na
1906	Which of the following iso -electronic ion would require least energy for the removal of electron.	A. Ca2+ B. Cl- C. Ar- D. K+
1907	The specific gravity of H2SO4 is	A. 1.37 B. 1.84 C. 1.17 D. 1.57
1908	Which of the following physical properties is employed int he analytical methods.	A. Electric current B. Transition temperature C. Surface tension D. All above
1909	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to hardness of water.	A. It is due to soluble salts of Na B. it is due to soluble salts of Ca C. It is due to soluble salts of Mg D. It is due to soluble salts of Fe
1910	The process of extracting a metal in pure form its ores is known as.	A. Crushing B. Grinding C. Dressing D. Metallurgy
1911	The most reactive alkali metal among the following is	A. Li B. Na C. Cs D. Rb
1912	The dipole moments of the given species are such that.	A. BF3 > NF3 > NH3 B. NF3 > BF3 > NH3 C. NHE > NF3 >BF3 D. NH3 > BF3 > NF3
1913	Which of the following chemical strong oxidizing agent is used in COD test.	A. KMnO4 B. H2SO4 C. CH3COOH D. K2Cr2O7
1914	Which of the following is raw material not present on the cement.	A. Lime stone B. Gypsum C. Red lead D. Blast furnace slag
1915	The presence of which of the following in drinking water is responsible for mottling of teach.	A. Mercury B. lodine C. Chlorine D. Flourine
1916	Which of the following process is not related with cannot cycle.	A. Iso thermal expansion B. Adiabatic expansion C. Isothermal compression D. Isobaric compression
1917	The contact process is mainly used when acid is required for the manufactures of.	A. Explosives B. Fine chemicals C. Lead accumulators D. All above
1918	In order to increase the rate of the reaction one should.	A. Increase the concentration of products B. Decrease the concentration of reactants C. Decreases the concentration of products D. Both C and D statement are correct
		A. Thermal analysis

1919	The current voltage characteristics forms the basis of.	B. Potentiometry C. Polarography D. Colorimetry
1920	The emission of light in a biological reaction is known as	A. Fluorescence B. Phosphorescence C. Bioluminescence D. Photolysia
1921	Stainless steel consists of which elements.	A. Fe only B. Cr only C. Fe and Ni D. Fe ,Ni and Cr
1922	Which of the following factor is involved in band boarding that occur in column chromatography.	A. Number of theoretical plates B. Eddy diffusion C. In phase mass transfer D. All above
1923	Hydrogen gas will not redue	A. Heated cupric oxide B. Headed ferric oxide C. Heated stannic oxide D. Heated aluminium oxide
1924	Which of the following does not form stable diatomic molecule.	A. Nitrogen B. Phosphorus C. Hydrogen D. Oxygen
1925	The proper number of significant figures in the number 0.0780 is.	A. 3 B. 1 C. 4
1926	Which of the following technique involves the bonding of hydrophobic functional group to solid particle, surface and acts as extracting phase	D. 2 A. Liquid phase extraction B. Solid phase extraction C. Electrophoresis D. Gel electrophoresis
1927	Most effective pesticide is	A. Carbonates<0:p> B. Organophosphates <0:p> C. Organophosphates <0:p> D. Organ chlorines<0:p> D. All of these<0:p>
1928	[Ti(OH2)6]3+ gives colour	A. Green B. Red C. Purple D. Blue
1929	In which pair of species, the Lewis formula contain same number of Lone pairs and bond pairs but they are not iso electronci.	A. O2 B2 B. SO2, O3 C. PCI3, BF3 D. SOCI2, COCI2
1930	Nitric acid is used in the manufacturing of.	A. Dyes B. Drugs C. Artificial silk D. All above
1931	The metallic character of group 14 elements	A. Decreases from top to bottom B. Increases from top to bottom C. Does not change gradully D. Has no significance
1932	Helium contents in the atmosphere by volume.	A. 0.0005% B. 0.0015% C. 0.0001% D. 0.00001%
1933	The increasing order of energies of various sub shells is	A. 1s < 2s<3s<2p<3p<4s<3d B. 1s <2s<2p<3s<3p<4s<3d C. 1s>2s>2p>3s>3p>4s>3d D. 1s>2s>2p>3p>3d>4s
		A CO2

1934	Which of the following molecules has the lowest average speed at 273 K.	B. CO C. CH4 D. O2
1935	Carbon and Hydrogen are estimated by	A. Liebig's method B. Kjeldhal's method C. Carries method D. None of the above
1936	Which of the following is a mode of controlling pollution in big cities.	A. Cleanliness and less use of insecticides B. Proper disposal of organic wastes, sewage and industrial effluents C. Broader roads and shifting of factories out of the residential areas D. All of above
1937	An acid base titration involves a neutralization reaction in which an acid is reacted with an equivalent amount of base The titrant is always a strong acid or base The analyte may be	A. Strong acid B. Strong base C. Weak acid and Weak base D. All above
1938	Given A + 3B 2C + D This reaction is first under with respect to reactant A and second order with respect to reactant B . If the concentration of A is doubled and the concentration of B is halved, the rate of the reaction would by factor of	A. Increase ,2 B. Decrease ,2 C. Increase ,4 D. Decrease ,4
1939	Which of the following elements with excess oxygen to form proxides.	A. Ca B. Mg C. Li D. Ba
1940	Which of the following statements is not relevant to the Plank's quantum Theory.	A. Radiant energy is not absorbed or emitted continuously B. Radiant energy is emitted or absorbed in the form of small packets of energy. C. The quantum oflight energy is called photon D. The energy associated with photon of radiation is directly proportional to the wavelength.
1941	The special chrome steels of the stainless variety contain how many percent of chromium.	A. 4 to 8<0:p> B. 11 to 17 <0:p> C. 9 tp 10 D. 12 to 15
1942	Atomic volume of C, N, O and F are in the order	A. C > N > F > O B. C > N > O > F C. F > O > N > C D. N > C > O > F
1943	Sodium silicate is used	A. In the paint industry B. For fixing labels to glass C. In a soap industry D. All above
1944	Which of the following properties are not related to an atom.	A. An atom consists of two basic parts , a nucleus and one or more electons. B. The nucleus is the central core of an atom C. An electron is a heavy and negatively charged particle. D. The nucleus itself consiste of two particles.
1945	Has maximum property of catenation.	A. C B. Si C. Sn D. Pb
1946	The force responsible for dissolution of ionic compounds in water are	A. Hydrogen bonds B. lon dipole forces C. lonic bonds D. Van Der Waal forces
1947	A mixture containing S2- and SO4 ions on trating with dil HCl will produce	A. H2S gas B. SO2 gas C. H2S and SO2 gas D. CO

		A. Biological processes
1948	Oxidative enzymes are responsible for	B. Biological oxidation C. Biological hydrolysis D. Biological isomerisation
1949	Which of the following to non -auditory effect of noise on human body.	A. Changes in the Vascular tone B. _{Increase in the blood pressure} C. Wakening of the coloured vision D. All above
1950	Which of the following pose threat to historical monument Taj.	A. Floods in Yamuna river B. Temperature mediated spoilage of marble C. Air pollutants from Mathura refinery
1951	Pick out the incorrect statement for SO2	D. Weathering of marble A. It turns filter paper moistened with acidified K2Cr2O7 B. It turns starch iodate paper blue C. It does not react with chlorine in presence of charcoal D. It decolourises acidified KMnO4 solution.
1952	The major role of Flurospar which is added in small quantities in the electrolytic reduction alumina dissolved in fused cryolite is.	A. As a catalyst B. To make the fused mixture very conducting C. To lower the temperature of the melt D. To decreases the rate of oxidation of carbon at the anode
1953	Ozone is stratosphere is depleted by	A. CF2CI2 B. C7F16 C. C6H6CI6 D. C6F6
1954	Compounds consisting of two or more interlocked rings are called.	A. Inclusion compounds B. Cage compounds C. Catenanes D. Crown other
1955	The mole of photon is knonw as.	A. Quantum B. Einstein C. Energy packet D. None of the above
1956	If steel is heated to a temperature well below red heated and is then cooled slowly the process is called.	A. Annealing B. Quenching C. Tempering D. Nitriding
1957	In radial direction the thermal conductivity of a nano tube is watt/(m.k)	A. 3500 B. 385 C. 0 D. 350
1958	The first step of formation of sugar is	A. Extraction B. Washing C. Cutting D. Clarifying
1959	Nitrogen (N2)) is relatively unreactive because.	A. Its electronegativity is high B. Its dissociation energy is large C. Its atomic radius is small D. It is the first element of group 15
1960	Which of the following technique is useful to remove metal ions from an interfering matrix.	A. Solvent extraction B. Electrophorests C. Cataphorests D. Gel permeation
1961	What is a method of casehardening involving diffusion in which the steel to be casehardened is machined, heat treated placed in an air tight box and heated to about 1000 ^o F	A. Annealing <o:p></o:p> >/o:p>> B. Normalizing <o:p></o:p> C. Carburizing <o:p></o:p> D. Decomposition <o:p></o:p>

1962	Which of the following system has low as well as upper consolute temperature.	A. Nicotine - water B. Aniline -water C. Triethlylamine -water D. Phenol -water
1963	Carbon tetra chloried has no net dipole moment because of.	A. Its planar strcture. B. Its regular tetrahedral structures. C. Similar sizes of carbon and chlorine atoms D. Similar electron affinities of carbon and chlorine.
1964	Plane polarized light is affected by	A. Identical molecules B. All polymers C. Chiral molecules D. All biomolecules
1965	The agricultural field that produces maximum methane gas into atmosphere is	A. Wheat field B. Paddy field C. Cotton field D. Groundnut field
1966	Which of the following expression is correct.	A. C = n/RT B. C = RT/n C. RT = Cn D. Cn = 1/RT
1967	A compound with an congruent melting point decomposes on heating into.	A. A liquid of the same composition as the solid B. A new solid phase and a solution with a compositional from that of the solid phase C. A new solid phase and a solution with the same composition as that of the solid phase D. A solution of fixed composition
1968	The percentage of nitrogen in Urea is%	A. 46 B. 37 C. 82 D. 50
1969	Which of the following methods gives the number average molecular weight of a polymer.	A. Light scattering method B. Osmotic method C. Sedimentation equilibrium method D. Viscosity method
1970	What refer to the casehardening process by which the carbon content of the steel ear the surface of a part is increased?	A. Carburizing <o:p></o:p> B. Annealing <o:p></o:p> C. Normal" style="margin-bottom:.0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Normalizing <o:p></o:p> D. None of these
1971	Boron does not form B3+ ion because.	A. It has small size and high ionization energy B. It has high electromagnetically C. It has high charge density D. None of the above
1972	Which of the following is not an acid radical	A. CI- B. Br- C. K+ D. I-
1973	In the metallurgy of iron, when limestone is added to the blast furnace, the calcium ion ends up in.	A. Slag B. Gangue C. Metallic calcium D. Calcium carbonate
1974	The hydrogen bond is strongest in.	A. O - HS B. S - HO C. F - HF D. F - HO
1975	The green colour of glass is due to the presence of.	A. Chromium (III) B. Cobalt (II) C. Mn (IV) D. Iron(III)

v D.

1976	Which of the following is not an organic precipitating agent.	A. Diemethglyoxime B. Cuperon C. Oxime D. Acetate
1977	iodine is used as a	A. Photography B. Manufacture of dyes C. Analgesic D. All above
1978	Among group IA elements, melting point	A. Increases down the group B. Decreases down the group C. Do not show any regular trend D. Remains constant
1979	Which of the following acid radical is not interfering.	A. Phosphate B. Borate C. Flouride D. Sulphate
1980	Which of the following statements is not related with entropy.	A. It is a measure of disorder B. It is a measure of unavailable energy C. It is a function of thermodynamics probability D. It is a path function
1981	The variation of enthalpy of reaction with temperature is given by.	A. Hesse's law B. Clasisus Clapayron equation C. Kirchoffs equation D. Arrhenious equation.
1982	Formula of orthophosphoric acid.	A. H2PO4 B. H3PO3 C. H3PO2 D. H4P2O5
1983	Which of the following is the second anciently known metal.	A. Nickel B. Copper C. Gold D. Silver
1984	The bromine produced on commercial scale may contain impurities of.	A. Water B. Chloride C. iodine D. All above
1985	The exchange equilibrium in gas chromatography depends on.	A. Solubility or absorbability of he sample B. The polarity of he stationary phase and analyte C. The degree of H bonding D. All above factors
1986	Nano technology in other words is.	A. Carbon engineering B. Atomic engineering C. Small technology D. Microphysics
1987	A colloidal system in which both the dispersion phase and dispersed phase are liquid is.	A. Smoke B. Emulsion C. Whipped cream D. Mist
1988	The rusting of iron is catalyzed by which of the following.	A. Fe B. H+ C. O2 D. Zn
1989	Which of the following technique is the application of voltammetry at a fixed potential to detect changes int he currents as a function of the concentrating of the analyte	A. Amperometry B. Coulometry C. Polarography D. Potentiomertry
1990	Which of the following process is not sorbent separation technolgy.	A. Penex B. Parex C. Molex D. Olex
1991	H2SO4 is used	A. In the preparation of aqua regia B. In the purification of gold and silver C. In the dental filling D. None of above
1992	Which of the following fuel is used in flame photometry.	A. Hydrogen gas B. Acetylene gas C. Methane D. Propane E. All above

1993	D(+) glyceraldebydes has the absolute configurtion.	A. E- B. S- C. E- D. Z-
1994	Which is major component of Bordeaux mixture.	A. Copper sulphate <0:p> B. Sodium chloride<0:p> C. Calcium chloride<0:p> D. Magnesium sulphate<0:p>
1995	The temperature at which two conjugate solutions change into one homogeneous solution is called.	A. Azeotrope B. Conjugate temperature C. Consolute temperature D. Transition temperature
1996	The term accuracy refers to how near the observed value is to.	A. Mean value B. Low value C. True value D. Standard value E. Both C and D
1997	In quantum theory, which of the following tells us that the prediction of quantum mechanics must pass smoothly into those of classical mechanics as we progress in a continuous way from microsopic to macroecopic.	A. Uncertainty principle B. Correspondence principle C. Probability distribution D. Aufbau principle
1998	The atomic number of potassium is 19 and that of mangness is 25 Although the colour of MnO4 is dark violet yet the K+ is colourless this is due to the fact that.	A. Mn is a transition element while K+ is not B. [MnO4]- is negatively charged while K+ has positive charge C. The effective atomic number of Mn is [MnO4]- is 26: while for K+ the atomic number is 18 D. The Mn is a high positive oxidation state allows charge transfer transitions.
1999	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding the stern theory of charge on colloidal particles.	A. The colloidal particle has a charge distribution at its surface. B. In the immediate vicinity of the colloidal particles there is an excess of counter ions C. The greater the concentration and charge of ions in the diffused electrical double layer, the larger is the thickness of the layer D. At large distance from the colloidal particles, the concentration of co-ions and counter ions are almost equal
2000	An stereospecific enzyme in one which catalyses	A. Formation of one stercolsomer B. Reaction of one stereoisomer only C. Both of these D. None of these
2001	Copper is resistant to	A. Air B. Water C. Acid and Alkali D. All of the above
2002	Which of the following analytical technique is used for separating similar substance by preferential adsorption or partition between two phases.	A. Distillation B. Dialysis C. Chromatography D. Solvent extraction
2003	The silicate chains are present in	A. Silica B. asbestos C. Beryl D. Clays
2004	The bond length of C = C is	A. 1.20 A ^o B. 1.34 A ^o C. 1.54 A ^o D. 1.68 A ^o
		A. Stiffiness <o:p></o:p>

A. E-

2005	What is a measure of rigidity?	8. <pre>c/p> B. <pre>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Jardmess<0:p> C. <pre>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Strength<0:p> D. <pre>p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Modulus of elasticity<0:p>>/o:p>></pre></pre></pre></pre>
2006	NH3 has a not dipole moment while BF3 has zero dipole moment Thsi is because.	A. NH3 is not a planar molecule while BF3 is a planar molecule. B. NH3 is a planar molecule, while BF3 is a planner molecule. C. Fluorine is more electronetative than nitrogen D. Born is more electronegative than nitrogen
2007	It is possible to distinguish between optical isomers.	A. Using chemical tests B. By mass spectrometry C. By IR spectroscopy D. By polarimetry
2008	In which polymerization branching of chain cannot be possible.	A. Free radical B. Cationic C. Anionic D. Anionic and Zieglar Natta
2009	Pick out the incorrect statement for XeF4	A. XeF4 disproportionate violently with water B. It is used as fluorinating agent C. It has octahedral structure for geometry D. It oxidizes I to I ₂
2010	Which of the following compounds has highest boiling point.	A. HI B. HF C. HBr D. HCI
2011	The formula of Tetraboric acid is.	A. H2BO3 B. HBO2 C. H2B4O7 D. H6B4O9
2012	The co ordination number of atoms in a hexagonal closed packed structure is	A. 2 B. 6 C. 12 D. 4
2013	The noble gas used or treatment of cancer is	A. Helium B. Argon C. Radon D. Krypton
2014	In proper rotation (Cn) an object is rotated through an angle of.	A. a/n radians B. 2n/n radians C. 3n/n radians D. 4n/n radians
2015	Which of the following statement is not related with nitric oxide.	A. It is a colorless and odourless gas B. It is produced largely by fuel combustion C. It is a brown pungent gas D. It is oxidized to NO2
2016	The SI unit of pressure is Pascal it is define da sa force per unit are of 1N/m2 one atmosphere of pressure is equal to.	A. 760 mm of Hg B. 1 bar C. 101 k Pa D. 760 torr E. All are correct
2017	Metal are generally elements	A. Electronegative B. Electropositive C. Neutral D. None of the above
2018	The depolarizer used in dry cell batteries in.	A. NH4CI B. MnO2 C. KOH D. Na2PO4
		A. CaO

2019	is used as stablizer.	D. SIU∠ C. NaCl D. None of these
2020	Chlorofluorocarbon are widely used as coolants in.	A. Air conditioners B. Clearing solvents C. Aerosol propellant's D. All above
2021	What is the possible number of optical isomers for a compound contained 2 dissimilar asymmetric carbon atoms.	A. 2 B. 4 C. 6 D. 8
2022	In glass making the whole combination of ingredients is called a.	A. Gangue B. Batch C. Mixture D. None of these
2023	The atomic and ionic radii value on moving from left to right in the sereis.	A. Increase B. Decrease C. Does not change D. None of above
2024	H2SO4 is manufactured by	A. The lead chamber process B. The contact process C. Both A and B D. The Ostwald's process
2025	Which of the following orbitals does not make sense.	A. 6f B. 4f C. 7s D. 2d
2026	Indicate the false statement about corrosion.	A. Plastics and ceramics are immune to many forms of corrosion because they are not good conduction of electricity. <o:p></o:p> B. The corroded member in a corrosion cell is the cathode <o:p></o:p> C. Passivity is a prerequisite for the corrosion protect on many metals <o:p></o:p> D. None of these
2027	Which of the following pollutant is not secondary pollutnat.	A. SO3 B. NO2 C. SO2 D. Ozone
2028	Which of the following is not a characteristic of dye.	A. It must have suitable colour B. It must be able to fix to fibre C. It must be fast to wash and lights D. It must be highly soluble in water
2029	Ammonia is utilized for	A. Manufacture of urea B. Oxidation to nitric acid C. Manufacture of ammonium sulphate D. All above
2030	Which of the following concentration term is used in respect of standard solutions.	A. Normality B. Formality C. Molarity D. All of above
2031	Sea water is converted into fresh water bases upon the phenomenon of.	A. Plasmolysis B. Sedimentation C. Diffusion D. Osmosis E. Reverse osmosis
2032	The reason why phenylamine is a much weaker base tahn ammonia when each is in aqueous solution to that.	A. Teh ion pair of electron on two nitrogen atom of phenylamine is delocalised over the benzene ring. B. The phenylamine molecule is too large to capture hydrogen ion easily C. Phenylamine is much less soluble is water than is ammonia D. The benzene ring has a tendency to increase the acidity of its substituents.

2033	Ca H2 on reaction with water liberates	B. UZ C. Botha of these D. None of these
2034	Recrystallization is the most common technique of purification of solid organic substances Which of the following statements is not related with characteristics of a suitable solvent.	A. It dissolves the substance on heating B. It readily allows it to separate out in the form of crystal on cooling C. It does not react chemically with substance D. It does dissolve the impurities.
2035	Which of the following is not a polysaccharide	A. Cellobiose B. Cellulose C. Insulin D. Amylase
2036	Which of the following statement is false about resonance.	A. It increase the stability of a molecule B. It leads to similar type of bonds C. It increase the reactivity of the molecule D. It decrease the reactivity of the molecule.
2037	What term is used to denote a family of thermosetting polymers that are reaction products of alcohols and acids.	A. Alkaline B. Alkydes C. Alcocide D. Ketones
2038	Which one of the following has the biggest electron affinity.	A. F2 B. Cl2 C. Br2 D. l2
2039	The correct order of ionic radii for the following ions is.	A. S ² - < P ³⁻ < Cl- < K+ B. Cl- > S2+ > P3- > k+ C. K+ > Cr > S2+ > P3- D. P3+ > S2 > Cl - > K+
2040	What nickel alloy has high electrical and corrosion resistance and high strength at red heat temperature and contain 15 to 20% chromium.	A. Alnico B. Nichrome C. Invar D. None of above
2041	The types of coordinate compounds.	A. Labila B. Inert C. Both A and B D. None of above
2042	Which of the following polymers is chlorinated.	A. Orlon B. Neoprene C. Dacron D. None of these
2043	The compound contains two types of X and Y its crystal structure is a cubic lattice with X-atoms at the corners of the unit cells and Y-atom t the body centre, The simplest formulae of this compound is.	A. X2Y B. XY C. XY2 D. X8Y
2044	J.J. Thomson established certain properties about cathode rays. Which of the following is not related to cathode rays.	A. Cathode rays from a gas discharge tube consists of negatively charged particles B. Cathode rays are called electrons. C. The e/m ratio of cathode rays depends on the gas inside D. Cathode rays are affected by electric and magnetic fields.
2045	According to CFT the metal ligand bond is considered to be ionic to presentage.	A. 100% B. 90% C. 50% D. 70%
2046	Potentiometry is based on the measurement of which physical property.	A. Electrical conductance B. Electrical potential C. Thermal conductance D. Current
2047	The titration involving oxidation reduction reactions is called.	A. Complex titration B. Simplex titration C. Redox titration D. Acid base titration
2048	The following oxo acids have been arranged in the order decreasir acid strength identify the correct order.	A. III > IV > II > I B. III > II > I >IV C. I > II >III > IV D. IV > III > II > I
		A. Explosive

2049	Nitric acid is used in manufacturing of.	B. H2SO4 C. Fertilizer D. All above
2050	Al2Cl6 is an example of	A. lonic bond B. Covalent bond C. Co ordinate bond D. Metallic bond
2051	Galvanized steel are steel products coated with	A. Carbon B. Sulphur C. Zinc D. Iron
2052	The strongest acid is.	A. HNO2 B. HNO3 C. H2N2O2 D. HNOS
2053	Consider the coordination compound K2[Cu(CN)4] A coordinate covalent bond exists between	A. K+ and CN- B. Cu2+ and CN- C. K_ and [Cu(CN)4]2+ D. C and N in Cn
2054	Which of the following analytical technique is used for the separation of an interfering substance or analyte from the mixture.	A. Precipitation B. Distillation C. Electrode position D. All above these
2055	It is known that AgCl is insoluble in HNO3 but dissolves readily in NH4OH solution .Which of the following statement is not correct.	A. Ag ion reacts to form complex with NH4OH solution B. The concentration of Ag ion decreases C. lonic product is less than the solubility product D. lonic product is greater than solubility product
2056	The addition of As to Ge makes the latter a	A. Metallic conductor B. lonic conductor C. Intrinaic conductor D. Extrinsic semiconductor
2057	Which of the following gas is not used as carrier gas in GC.	A. Argon B. Nitrogen C. Helium D. CO2
2058	The electronic configuration of chromium is 4s1, 3d5, The elements tungsten (W) belongs to the same group and has atomic number 74. The configuration of its valence shell is.	A. 5s1, 4d5 B. 6s1, 5d5 C. 6s1, 5d6 D. 6s1, 5d4
2059	A combination of atomic orbitals produces a large number of closely special energy states brown as.	A. Packet of energy B. Band of energy C. Botha a and b D. None of the above
2060	A minor constant is one whose amount in the sample is	A. 0.1 to 1 % B. 0.01 to 1% C. 1 to 10% D. None of the above
2061	Which treatment is done with pulp before delivering it to paper making machine.	A. Pulp is disperse din water to make slurry <div> </div> B. Mechanical refining or heating of the fibers C. Addition of chemical additives and recycled fibres from the waste paper plant D. All above
2062	Which of the following is not alloy of aluminium.	A. Aluminium bronze B. Magnalum C. Duralumin D. Stellite
2063	The melting of nearly all glass is done in a continuous tank furnace. which operates steadily over periods of up to.	A. a day B. a month C. a year D. None of these
2064	The oxidation number of Mn in KMnO4	A. +5 B. +7 C. +4 D. +3
2065	The reagent which can react with 1- chlorobutane to give substitution product is	A. AI CI3 B. KOH -CH3OH

	-	D. Mg/ether
2066	Which of the following technique is based on deposition of the analyte at appropriate electrode by the passage of the electric current.	A. Chromatography B. Dialysis C. Electrodeposition D. Solvent extraction
2067	What field of study encompasses the procurement and production of metals.	A. Metallury <o:p></o:p> B. Geology <o:p></o:p> C. Metagraphy <o:p></o:p> D. Metagraphy <o:p></o:p> D. Nanochemistry <o:p></o:p> Nanochemistry <o:p></o:p> Nanochemistry <o:p> Nanochemistry<o:p> Nanochemistry<o:p> <</o:p></o:p></o:p>
2068	When FeSO4 is added in the sodium extract the compound formed is.	A. Only Na4[Fe (CN)6] B. Only Fe (OH)2 C. Only Na2So4 D. Mixture of all these
2069	Is a peroxy acid	A. H2SO5 B. H2S2O6 C. H2SO4 D. H2S2O7
2070	When propyne is treated with equeous H2SO4 in the presence of HgSO4 the functional isomer of the major product obtained in.	A. Propanal B. Acetone C. Propane 2 -nl D. Propanol
2071	Ammonium nitrate is sold as a mixture with	A. Soda Ash B. Lime stone C. Zinc D. None of above
2072	Types of carides	A. lonic carides B. Covalent carbides C. Interstitial carbides D. All above
2073	The property associated in thermometric tittration is	A. Change in weight B. Rate of change in weight C. Heat evolved or absorbed D. Change in temperature
2074	Monel metal is a alloy of Ni which constrains Ni uptown	A. 50% B. 60% C. 70% D. 80%
2075	In C4-axis of rotation, an object in rotated through an angle of.	A. 120 ^o B. 180 ^o C. 100 ^o D. 90 ^o
2076	A chemical reaction resulting in a change in the electric charge on the reacting particles may be called as.	A. Add ion reaction B. Redox reaction C. Elimination reaction D. Chain reaction
2077	Which librates H2 with NaOH	A. B B. Al C. Zn D. All
2078	Which of the following statements in not correct with respect to the important characteristics of aromatic compounds.	A. They are usually cyclic compounds B. They are resistant to usual addition reactions C. They usually undergo substitution reactions D. They are less stable
2079	The number used in cancer therapy is.	A. Fe B. Co C. Ni D. Rn

C. Nacin

2080	Which statement is true.	A. Resonance hybride are inherently unstable. B. Resonance hybride are more static than any individual resonance form C. Resonance hybride are average of all resoance forms resembling the more stabel forms D. None of the above
2081	Each of the following when present at para position decreases the acidic strength of phenol except.	ANH2 BCI C. CH3O- D. CH3-
2082	According to the Grothus -Draper law	A. Only absorbed light is effective in producing photo chemical changes B. Only light between certain wavelengths C. Light is effective only for photo chemical reactions is solution D. The light absorbed in proportional to its intensity
2083	Which element amongst the following has the highest boiling point.	A. Na B. Mg C. Ca D. K
2084	The process of removing disolved impurities from a colloidal system, by means of diffusion through a suitable membrane under the influence of an electric field, is called.	A. Electrosmosis B. Electrodialysis C. Electrophoresis D. Peptization
2085	Catenation is a process of.	A. Formaton of cations B. Deposition of cations C. Formation of long chain of identical atoms D. Formation of covalent bond
2086	The substance added to the soil in very small amounts are called.	A. Macronutrients<0:p> B. Micronutrients <0:p> C. Fertilizers<0:p> D. Fertilizers<0:p> D. None of these<0:p>
2087	The total number of bond pairs around sulphur and total number of lone pairs around oxygen atoms in the Lewis structure of sulphate ion are respectively.	A. 4, 12 B. 8,12 C. 12,4 D. 6,12
2088	Wlhich of the following can act as a protective colloid	A. Gelatin B. Silica gel C. Oil in water emulsion D. All three
2089	Which one of the following sets of elements has the strongest tendency to form positive ions in gaseous state.	A. Li, Na, K B. F, Cl, Br C. Be, Mg, Ca D. O, S, Se
2090	VBT is unable to explain the nature of some of the complexes of.	A. Cobalt B. Copper C. Nickle D. Manganese
2091	Which of the following is a non degradable pollutant.	A. Long chain phenoiics B. DDT C. Mercuric salts D. All above
2092	An equal volume mixture explodes with violence	A. H2 & N2O B. H2 & NO C. H2 & N2O4 D. H2 & N2O3
		A 5 40

2093	The diameter of fly ash particles is micro meter	B. 10-20 C. 20-30 D. 100
2094	Which of the following salt is not used in salt bridge to minimize liquids junction potential.	A. KCI B. NH4CI C. KNO3 D. CaCl2
2095	Which of the following reactions have small enthalpy change.	A. NaOH with HCI B. NaOH with CH3 COOH C. HCI with NH4 OH D. None of these
2096	Natural fertilizers are materials derived from	A. Plants<0:p> B. Animal C. Algae D. All of above
2097	Which of the following technique has flame as a source of excitation energy.	A. UV spectroscopy B. I-R spectroscopy C. Flame photometry D. Raman spectroscopy
2098	Which sequence of steps is correct in paper making machine	A. Pressing Dyring, Flow spreader Calender stock B. Flow spreader, Pressing, Prying Calender sock C. Drying ,Pressing , Flow spreader, Calender stock D. None of above
2099	Dry distillation of amino acids with barium hydroxide yields.	A. Acids B. Amines C. Alcohols D. Hydroxy acids
2100	What ASTM test for compression is designated for plastics.	A. D 638 B. D 695 C. D 790 D. D 732
2101	Ammonia when used directly as a fertilizer is to be injected about under the surface to keep it from seeping out.	A. 2 inches<0:p>p> B. 4 inches <0:p>p>p> C. 4 inches<0:p>p>p>p> class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">6 inches<0:p>p> class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:.0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">10 inches<0:p>
2102	Which among the following is a Talse statement.	A. SO3 is obtained by the catalytic oxidation of SO2 B. SO3 has trigonal planar geometry in gaseous state C. SO3 in nauseous state has all S-O bonds equivalent D. SO3 gas shows more solubility in water than in H2SO4
2103	The alkaline hydrolysis of fat is know as	A. Condensation B. Esterification C. Saponification D. Emulsification
2104	20 micron = nm	A. 20 x10 ⁻⁹ B. 20000 C. 200 D. 20x10 ⁹
2105	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to limitations of flame photometry.	A. Low energy of the exciting source B. Liquid samples are generally used C. Can be employed for direct detection halides or inert gases D. It does not provide informatin about the molecular forms of metals.
		A. It is used in electroplating

2106	Which of the following statements correct regarding copper.	B. Its salts are used as insecticides C. Its salts are used as coloring materials D. All are correct
2107	Relative order of acidity of oxy acid	A. HCIO > HCIO2 > HCIO3 > HCIO4 B. HCIO4 > HCIO3 > HCIO2 > HCIO C. HCIO3 > HCIO2 > HCIO > HCIO4 D. HCIO2 > HCIO4 > HCIO3 > HCIO
2108	Which of the following technique describes titrations in which a standard iodine solution is need.	A. lodometry B. lodimetry C. potentiometry D. Argentometry
2109	Pick out the incorrect statement about K2Cr2O7	A. It is thermally stable B. It dissolves in alkali to form chromate C. It oxidizes acidified FeSO4 solution to Fe2(SO4)3 D. It is used as cleansing agent for glassware, etc. when mixed wiht cold conc. H2SO4
2110	What element constitutes the major component of most bronzes.	A. Tin B. Zinc C. Carbon D. Aluminum
2111	Which of the following configuration of an ionic species represents psedue noble gas configuration.	A. ns2 B. ns2 np6 C. ns2 np6 nd 10 D. ns2 np3
2112	Molecule is a diatomic	A. Nitrogen B. Phosphorous C. Arsenic D. Antimony
2113	The three dimensional silicate anion (Si2O5 ²⁻)n is present in	A. Beryl B. Silica C. Asbestos D. Clays
2114	Which of the following element has six electrons in the valance shell but cannot exhibit a maximum co valency of six.	A. Sulpher B. Oxygen C. Salenium D. Both A and B
2115	Presence of nitrogen in organic compound to tested as.	A. Nitrogen gas B. NH3 C. NO D. Amide
2116	An induction of dipole or polarity in non polar bond, and consequent electron shifting along a chain of atoms is known as.	A. Inductive effect B. Resonance effect C. Hyper conjugation D. None of the above
2117	The group H steels can be used n what temperature range.	A. 600 ^o C to 1100oC B. 1000 ^o C to 1500oC C. 1100 ^o C to 2000ooC D. 200 ^o C D. 200 ^o C to 800< ^o C
2118	A system which can exchange energy as well as natter with its surrounding is said to be a/an	A. Closed system B. Inert system C. Open system D. All of above
2119	The number of gram equivalents of the solute per dm3 of the solution is called.	A. Formality B. Normality C. Molality D. Molarity
2120	The lightest alkali metal is.	A. Lithium B. Sodium C. Rubidium D. Caesium
2121	The bond formed by complete transfer of electrons from electropositive to more electronegative atom is called.	A. lonic bond B. Covalent bond C. Mettalic bond

	5.0555gam5 ato5 sames.	D. Co ordinates bond
2122	Al Cl3 is used in	A. Manufacturing of petrol B. In borax bead test C. Prezervation of food D. All above
2123	In a system of designating wrought aluminum alloys a sour digit number is used what does the first digit indicate.	A. The purity of aluminum B. The identity of the alloy C. The alloy group D. All of above
2124	An aromatic compound has a molecules formula C7H8O. How many isomers are possible for this compound.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
2125	The molar mass of an organic acids is determined by	A. Depression of freezing point B. Elevation of boiling point C. Volumetric method D. Victor Myer's method
2126	surfactants perform well over a wide range of water hardness and pH.	A. Anionic B. Cationic C. Nonionic D. Neutral
2127	The degree of dissociation of weak acid increases with.	A. Decreasing pressure B. Increasing pressure C. Increasing concentration D. Decreasing concentration
2128	Sanger's reagent is	A. Carbobenzyloxy chlride B. Dimethyl amino sulphonyl chloride C. I-Fluoro -2,4-dinitrobnzene D. 2,4- Dinitrophenyl hydrazine
2129	Polyamide jinkage is present in	A. Nylon B. Silk C. Protein D. All of these
2130	Which of the following should have the largest dipole moment.	A. Carbon tetrachloride B. Cis-stibeue C. Trans-atibeue D. Cis-dichlorocthylene
2131	The penultimate shell of carbon contains electrons.	A. s2 B. s2p6 C. s2p6d10 D. s2p6d8
2132	The magnitude of electron affinity depends on.	A. Atomic size B. Nuclear charge C. Electronic configuration D. All of the above
2133	Which of the following is not related to the limitations of Bohr's model.	A. It does not applicable to more than one electron system. B. It does not explain the extra lines obtained in the H-spectrum C. It considers the electron as particle D. It considers the electron as a wave.
2134	Which of the following statements do not represent Lewis idea of acids and base?	A. Compounds which have completely filled orbitals B. Compounds which have incompletely filled orbitals C. Compounds in which the central atom can expand its octel D. All simple metal ions like Ag+, Al3+ etc.
2135	Which idea of envisioned the construction of nano robots	A. Building nano materials atom by atom B. Destruction of macromolecules to nano ones C. Bothe of the above
2136	Which one of the following statements if false with respect to CFT.	D. None of the above A. In an octahederal crystal field, the d electron on a metal ion occupy the ex of orbitals before they occupy the t98 not of orbitals. B. Diamagnetic metal ions cannot have an odd number of electrons C. Low spin complexes can be paramagnetic D. Low spin complexes contain strong field ligands.

2137	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to hydrolytic cycle.	A. It is the major constituent of the lithosphere B. Water covers about 83% of the earth's surface C. it is essential requirement of all the organisms D. Water covers about 73% of the ear5th's surface.
2138	Halogens are coloured because.	A. They are strong oxidant B. Their molecules are held together by weak van der Waals forces C. Their atoms absorb radiations form visible range causing the excitation of valence electrons to higher energy of levels D. Their molecules absorb light radiation forming the oxcited state.
2139	Dry ice is	A. Solid CO B. Solid CO2 C. Solid NH3 D. Solid SO2
2140	Fullerene or bucky ball is made up of carbon atoms.	A. 100 B. 20 C. 75 D. 60
2141	Photochemical smog consist of excessive amount of X in addition to aldehydes ketones, PAN etc. X is.	A. Methane B. Carbon monoxide C. Ozone D. Carbondioxide
2142	Which of the following elements of group 15 is a typical metal.	A. P B. As C. Bi D. Sb
2143	Which of the following elements has the highest value of second ionization energy.	A. Lithum B. Beryllium C. Boron D. Magnesium
2144	Greeks and Romans had used nanoparticles in the manufacture of.	A. Cosmetics for eyes B. Medicines C. <div>Metals</div> D. Hair -dye
2145	Which of the following pollutants results from chemicals petroleum and paper industries.	A. SO2 B. CO C. Hydrocarbons D. All above
2146	Suppose the activatin energy of a certain reaction is 250 kj/mol, If the rate constant at T1 =300 K is k1 and the rate constant at T2= 320 K is ks, then the reaction is times faster at 320 K than at 300 K	A. 3 x 10 ⁻²⁹ B. 0.067 C. 525 D. 15.0
2147	Pick out the incorrect statement.	A. Red phosphorus consists of a complied chain structure and black phosphorus has a layer structure. B. Nitrogen shows a little tendency for catenation, because N-N a single bond is very strong. C. The xamimum number of covalent bonds formed by nitrogen is four, since it has no d-orbitals in its valence shell D. The group 15 elements do not form M5+ ions, but +5 oxidatin state is realized only through covalent bonding.
2148	The movement of an electric charge produce a magnetic field is known from the	A. Elementary Physics B. Elementary Chemistry C. Both A and B D. None of above
2149	1-Chlorobutane on reaction with alcohols potash gives.	A. 1- butane B. 1-butanol C. 2- butane D. 2- butanol
2150	Ziegler -Natta catalysta is	A. (C2H3)3 AI B. TiCl4 C. (C2H5)3 AI/TiCl4 D. (C2H3)3 B/TiCl2

2151	Aque regia is made by dissolving a mixture of HNO3 and HCl with ratio.	B. 1 : 3 C. 1 : 2 D. 1 :10
2152	Glass obtained by placing a layer of butyral plastic with a suitable adhesive between two layers of glass and cementing them by heat and pressure is called.	A. Glass wool B. Safety glass C. Optical glass D. Jena glass
2153	According to the VSEPR theory, the shape of the SO3 molecule is.	A. Pyramidal B. Tetrahedral C. Trigonal planar D. Distorted totrahedron
2154	Which of the following is domain of industrial ecology.	A. The materials extractor B. The materials processor C. The consumer D. All of above
2155	The temperature at which the vapour pressure becomes equal to external pressure is called.	A. Saturation point B. Critical temperature C. Consolute temperature D. Boiling point
2156	Duralumin is an alloy of.	A. Mg + AI B. Ai+ Mg+Mn C. Mg + Ai + Cu D. Mg + Ai + Cu + Mn
2157	How many sigma and pi bonds are there in a CO2 molecule.	A. 2 sigma B. 2 sigma and 4 pi C. 2 sigma and 2 pi D. 4 sigma and no pi
2158	Which of the following carbonates decomposes at the highest temperature.	A. Mg CO3 B. CaCO3 C. Sr CO3 D. Ba CO3
2159	Which trihalide is not hydrolysed by water	A. NF3 B. NCI3 C. PCI3 D. AsCI3
2160	Arrangement of peptide chains of protein in spec to form helix stucture is referred to as.	A. Primary structure B. Secondary structure C. Tertiary structure D. Quaternary structure
2161	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to errors in flame photometry.	A. Errors rising form the phenomena developed in the Hollow cathode lamp B. Background effect C. Errors arising from test element itself D. Spectral interference
2162	Among the elements of second period the element with highest melting point belongs to group.	A. 1 B. 14 C. 17 D. 18
2163	What is the effect of aluminum in cast iron.	A. To increase hardness above 0.5 % B. To deoxidize molten cast iron C. To affect machinability, ductility and shrinkage depending on form D. Both A and B
2164	Peeling of ozone umbrella is due to.	A. CFCa B. PAN C. CO2 D. Coal burning
2165	Which of the following products is obtained when but 2-ene is treated with perchloric acid.	A. CH3CHO only B. CH3COOH only C. CH3CHO and CH3COOH D. CH3CH2COOH + HCOOH
2166	The Lewis formula of SOCl2, the total number of bond pairs and lone pairs of electron around sulphur are.	A. 2 ,1 B. 2,2 C. 3,1 D. 3,0
2167	Potassium crystallizes in a body centered lattice. Hence, the coordination number of potassium in potassium metal is.	A. 4 B. 6 C. 8 D. 12
2168	Organic substance responsible for the smell of the Flowers etc are grouped together in	A. Perfumes B. Terphenoids C. Elayopoids

	Grenneny as.	O. Flavorious D. Alkaloids
2169	Commercial or the phosphoric acid is pure.	A. 37.0% B. 82.98% C. 88.25% D. 90.12%