

PPSC Chemistry Full Book Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The rotation of plane polarized light when it passes through 1 dm of a solution containing 1 gram of the substance per cm ³ of the solution is called.	A. Molar rotation B. Molar refraction C. Specific refraction D. Specific rotation
2	Which one of the following statements is false with respect to CFT.	A. In an octahedral crystal field, the d electron on a metal ion occupies the eg orbitals before they occupy the t _{2g} orbitals. B. Diamagnetic metal ions cannot have an odd number of electrons C. Low spin complexes can be paramagnetic D. Low spin complexes contain strong field ligands.
3	Which type of polymers the Vulcanised rubbers is.	A. Linear B. Cross linked C. Branch chain D. Any one of these
4	Which of the following gas forms weakly acidic sulphurous acid	A. SO ₂ B. SO ₃ C. NO ₂ D. NO
5	Which of the elements of group II A has the highest value of IE.	A. Mg B. Be C. Ca D. Sr
6	Which of the following compounds would you use in order to obtain a crystalline derivative of an aromatic amine.	A. 2,4 Dinitrophenyl hydrazine B. Nitrous acid C. Benzoyl chloride D. None of these
7	Oxygen and sulphur exist in state	A. Free B. Combined C. Both free & combined D. None of above
8	Which among the following is least soluble in water.	A. NaF B. LiF C. KF D. CsF
9	Which is the strongest reducing agent.	A. HF B. HCl C. HBr D. HI
10	Lactic acid is a molecule which shows	A. Epimerism B. Tautomerism C. Optical isomerism D. Metamerism
11	After assimilation urea leaves behind in the soil	A. NH ₃ B. CO ₂ C. Both A and B D. None of above
12	Example of inter molecular H-bonding is	A. NH ₃ and H ₂ O B. HF C. CH ₃ COOH D. All of above
13	Which of the following statement is not related with SO ₂	A. It is a colourless gas B. It has sharp and pungent odour C. It is moderately soluble in water D. It is reduced slowly in clear air to H ₂ S
14	Which of the following halide has lowest melting point.	A. NaCl B. NaF C. NaBr D. NaI

15	The half life period of any first order reaction.	<p>A. Is half the specific rate constant</p> <p>B. Is independent of the initial concentration</p> <p>C. Is always the same whatever the reaction</p> <p>D. Is directly proportional to the initial concentration of the reactant</p>
16	Which of the following does not form stable diatomic molecule.	<p>A. Nitrogen</p> <p>B. Phosphorus</p> <p>C. Hydrogen</p> <p>D. Oxygen</p>
17	Which of the following compounds would be most ionic to charcter.	<p>A. PbCl₄</p> <p>B. PbCl₂</p> <p>C. SnCl₄</p> <p>D. SnCl₂</p>
18	The formula of sulphur sesquioxide	<p>A. SO₄</p> <p>B. S₂O₇</p> <p>C. S₂O₃</p> <p>D. SO₃</p>
19	Which of the following property of liquids concern with the interval resistance to its flow.	<p>A. Refractive inded</p> <p>B. Viscosity</p> <p>C. Optical activity</p> <p>D. Dipole moment</p>
20	Which of the following techniques involves ion exchange phenomenon.	<p>A. Size exclusion chromatography</p> <p>B. Ion exchange chromatography</p> <p>C. GLC</p> <p>D. HPLC</p>
21	If the absorbed light is green the transmitted light will be	<p>A. Purple</p> <p>B. Orange</p> <p>C. Violet</p> <p>D. Black</p>
22	During the preparation of soap the liquid separated by distillation is	<p>A. Sodium hydroxide</p> <p>B. Oil</p> <p>C. Fats</p> <p>D. Glycerol</p>
23	Anhydrous AlCl ₃ cannot be obtained by heating hydrated AlOCl ₃ .6h ₂ o Because.	<p>A. It decomposes completely to give Al₂O₃</p> <p>B. It does not lose water completely</p> <p>C. It undergoes hydrolysis to give Al(OH)₃</p> <p>D. AlCl₃ .6H₂O is very stable.</p>
24	Which of the following cast iron is heat treated for ductility.	<p>A. Gray iron</p> <p>B. Malleable iron</p> <p>C. White iron</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
25	The experimental relationship between rate of the reaction and concentration of the reactants is called.	<p>A. Rate law</p> <p>B. Law of mass action</p> <p>C. Le-Chatelier's principle</p> <p>D. Rate constant</p>
26	Helium oxygen mixture is used by deep sea divers in preference to nitrogen oxygen mixture, because.	<p>A. Helium is much less soluble in blood than nitrogen</p> <p>B. Nitrogen is much less soluble in blood than helium</p> <p>C. Due to high pressure deep under the sea, nitrogen and oxygen react to give poisonous nitric oxide.</p> <p>D. Nitrogen is highly soluble in wateer</p>
27	The molarity of a 500 mL solution containing 4 g NaOH	<p>A. 0.1</p> <p>B. 0.2</p> <p>C. 0.3</p> <p>D. 0.4</p>
28	Electron affinities of halogens are in the order.	<p>A. F > Cl > Br > I</p> <p>B. Cl > F > Br > I</p> <p>C. Cl > Br > I > F</p> <p>D. Cl > Br > F > I</p>
29	Which of the following property is not related to aluminum.	<p>A. it is silvery white metal with brilliant lusture</p> <p>B. It is a very light metal with specific gravity as 2.7</p> <p>C. It is good conductor of heat</p> <p>D. It is the least reactive element of III Group.</p>

30	Zero group elements are called as	A. Inert gases B. Rare gases C. Noble gases D. All of above
31	O ₂ molecule is.	A. Ferromagnetic B. Paramagnetic C. Paramagnetic D. Diamagnetic
32	The value of K _w increase with temperature because the ionization of water.	A. Positive B. Negative C. Endothermic D. Exothermic
33	A closed system is one which can exchange with surrounding.	A. Matter but not energy B. Energy but not matter C. Both matter and energy D. Neither matter nor energy
34	Which of the following is the third most abundant element in the nature.	A. Oxygen B. Sulphur C. Aluminum D. Hydrogen
35	The vapour pressure of a liquid	A. Always increase's with temperature B. Always decreases with temperature C. Is independent of temperature D. Increase up to the boiling point
36	The variable valency is generally observed in case of.	A. Transition elements B. Inert gases C. Normal elements D. Non- metallic elements
37	Which of the following is the major process when neopentyl bromide is dehydrogenate with alcoholic potash.	A. 2- methyl -1- butene B. 2- methyl- 1- butene C. 2,3 -dimethyl butene D. 2- butene
38	Noble gases are sparingly soluble in water owing to.	A. Dipole -dipole interactions B. Dipole -induced dipole interactions C. Hydrogen bonding D. Induced dipole -instantaneous dipole interactions
39	In their ionic compounds halogens exhibit the oxidation states of.	A. -1 B. -2 C. -3 D. -4
40	Stainless steel contains.	A. Fe + Cr+ Ni B. Fe + Ni + Cu C. Fe + Cr+ Cu D. Cu + C + Ni
41	The rate constant for 3rd order reaction has the dimensions of.	A. mol ⁻² s ⁻¹ B. l ² mol ⁻² s ⁻¹ C. mol l ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ D. l ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹ s ⁻¹
42	Which of the following health effect is caused by mercury.	A. Nerve damage B. Brain damage C. Kidney damage D. All above
43	A theoretical link between quantum mechanics and thermodynamic is.	A. Electrochemistry B. Kinetic theory of gases C. Spectroscopic analysis D. Statistical thermodynamics
44	Which of the following elements does not impart any characteristic colour to the flame.	A. Ca B. Mg C. Ba D. Sr
45	The pink colour of phenolphthalein in basic medium is due to the	A. Cationic form B. Anionic form C. Natural form D. OH ⁻ ions of the base
46	HClO ₄ , HNO ₃ and HCl are all strong acids in aqueous solution in glacial acetic acid medium, their acid strength is such that.	A. HClO ₄ > HCl > HNO ₃ B. HNO ₃ > HClO ₄ > HCl C. HCl > HClO ₄ > HNO ₃ D. HCl > HClO ₄ > HNO ₃
47	Which of the following is not an alum	A. KAl(SO ₄) ₃ · 12 H ₂ O B. NaAl(SO ₄) ₂ · 12 H ₂ O

47	Which of the following is not an alum.	C. $\text{NH}_4\text{Fe}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 12\text{H}_2\text{O}$ D. $\text{FeAl}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 12\text{H}_2\text{O}$
48	Which among the following is a False statement.	A. SO_3 is obtained by the catalytic oxidation of SO_2 B. SO_3 has trigonal planar geometry in gaseous state C. SO_3 in naseous state has all S-O bonds equivalent D. SO_3 gas shows more solubility in water than in H_2SO_4
49	The equation which relates the reaction rates and equilibrium constants of many reactions is known as.	A. Taft equation B. Hammett equation C. Differential equation D. Linear equation
50	The most common beta brase with a composition of 60 % copper and 40% zinc is called.	A. Yellow brase B. Red brase C. Muntz metal D. None of above
51	Law of octaves was proposed by	A. Lothar Meyer B. D.I. Mendeleev C. J.A.R. Newlands D. J.W. Dobereiner
52	When 0.01 moles of NaOH are added to a buffer solution, its pH changes from 4.745 to 4.832 WHAT IS ITS.	A. 0.115 B. 0.900 C. 0.015 D. 0.215
53	An element having low IE and low EA is likely to belong to.	A. Group IA B. Group IB C. Group VII A D. Group VIII
54	Which of the following methods does not give the weight average molecular weight.	A. Sedimentation equilibrium B. Sedimentation velocity C. Light scattering D. Osmotic method
55	Which of the following statement about molecularity is not correct.	A. It cannot be fraction B. It can be obtained from balanced equation C. It may be or may not be equal to the order of the reaction D. it can not be more than 3
56	Which librates H_2 with NaOH	A. B B. Al C. Zn D. All
57	In German Silver copper is alloyed with which metal.	A. Zn B. Ni C. Al D. Zn and Ni
58	Which type of the coal preferred for metallurgical coal.	A. Lignite B. Peat C. Bituminous coal D. None of these
59	All the member of group III A are metals except.	A. B B. Al C. Ga D. In
60	When alkyl iodides are decomposed by light then the product obtained is.	A. $\text{R} - \text{R}$ B. $\text{R} - \text{H}$ C. RCH_2I D. RCH_2I_2
61	The maximum number of electron is an atom with $l = 2$ and $n = 3$ is	A. 2 B. 6 C. 10 D. 12
62	Xe reacts directly with	A. O_2 B. Cl_2 C. F_2 D. Br_2
63	Nitrobenzen can be prepared from benzene by using a mixture of conc. HNO_3 and conc. H_2SO_4 In the nitrating mixture. HNO_3 acts as a.	A. Base B. Acid C. Oxidizing agent D. Catalyst

64	Which property is not exhibited by carbon in its compounds.	<p>A. Forming bonds to other carbon atoms</p> <p>B. Formation multiple forms</p> <p>C. Exhibiting allotropic forms</p> <p>D. Forming compounds with coordination number beyond four</p>
65	Mangalium is an alloy of.	<p>A. Al + Mg</p> <p>B. Mg + Al + Mn</p> <p>C. Mg + Al + Cu</p> <p>D. Mg + Al + Cu + Mn</p>
66	Which of the following statement is not related with environmental pollution.	<p>A. Direct or indirect change in any component of the biosphere</p> <p>B. Undesirable change in the physical characteristics of the air</p> <p>C. Undesirables change in the biological characteristics of the soil</p> <p>D. not affecting adversely the industrial progress</p>
67	Fluorine does not show variable oxidation state because of.	<p>A. its high electronegativity</p> <p>B. Its small size</p> <p>C. low dissociation energy of F-F bond</p> <p>D. Non availability of d-orbitals</p>
68	Boric acid is added to glass because is.	<p>A. Makes the glass opalescent</p> <p>B. Reduces the coefficient of expansion</p> <p>C. Makes the glass brittle</p> <p>D. Increase refractive index of the glass.</p>
69	What % if nickel is present in the major ore Pentlandite.	<p>A. 22%</p> <p>B. 18%</p> <p>C. 14%</p> <p>D. 10%</p>
70	The process of extracting a metal in pure form its ores is known as.	<p>A. Crushing</p> <p>B. Grinding</p> <p>C. Dressing</p> <p>D. Metallurgy</p>
71	Which of the following compounds is must acidic.	<p>A. H₂O</p> <p>B. H₂S</p> <p>C. H₂Se</p> <p>D. H₂Te</p>
72	Which of the following compound does not following octet rule.	<p>A. CS₂</p> <p>B. PBr₃</p> <p>C. IBr</p> <p>D. Br F₃</p>
73	The velocity possessed by maximum fraction of molecules at a given temperature is called.	<p>A. Average velocity</p> <p>B. Root mean aquare velocity</p> <p>C. Most probable velocity</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
74	What refers to the deterioration of material by oscillatory relative motion of small amplitude between two solid surfaces in a corrosive environment?	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Stray current corrosion</p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Microbiologica corrosion</p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Fretting corrosion</p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">None of these</p></p> </p>
75	When FeSO ₄ is added in the sodium extract the compound formed is.	<p>A. Only Na₄[Fe (CN)₆]</p> <p>B. Only Fe (OH)₂</p> <p>C. Only Na₂So₄</p> <p>D. Mixture of all these</p>
76	Which of the following factor is involved in band boarding that occur in column chromatography.	<p>A. Number of theoretical plates</p> <p>B. Eddy diffusion</p> <p>C. In phase mass transfer</p> <p>D. All above</p>
77	Identify a dye which was ot originally obtained from plant source.	<p>A. Alizarin</p> <p>B. Tyrian purple</p> <p>C. Indigotin</p> <p>D. Quercitrin</p>

78	Atomic volume of C, N, O and F are in the order	<p>A. C > N > O > F</p> <p>B. C > N > O > F</p> <p>C. F > O > N > C</p> <p>D. N > C > O > F</p>
79	Which of the following is not a physical test.	<p>A. Colour test</p> <p>B. Flame test</p> <p>C. Beed test</p> <p>D. Wet test</p>
80	Which of the following statements is correct.	<p>A. A sigma bond is weaker than a pi bond</p> <p>B. There are four coordinate bonds in the Lewis structure of NH_4^+ ion.</p> <p>C. The 1 covalent bond is directional in nature</p> <p>D. A single bond between the two atoms cannot be re bond.</p>
81	Bond angle is minimum in	<p>A. H_2O</p> <p>B. CO_2</p> <p>C. NH_3</p> <p>D. CH_4</p>
82	Which of the following extract is used for wet tests of acid radicals.	<p>A. Calcium carbonate extract</p> <p>B. Sodium iodide extract</p> <p>C. Sodium carbonate extract</p> <p>D. Ammonium carbonate extract</p>
83	The process of determining amounts of each of the components in a sample of matter is termed as.	<p>A. Gravimetric analysis</p> <p>B. Coulometric analysis</p> <p>C. Quantitative analysis</p> <p>D. Qualitative analysis</p>
84	The stationary and mobile phases in paper chromatography are.	<p>A. ^{Liquid/Liquid}</p> <p>B. Solid /Liquid</p> <p>C. Liquid/Solid</p> <p>D. Gas/solid</p>
85	An auxochrome is a group which	<p>A. Absorbs in UV region</p> <p>B. Absorbs in visible region</p> <p>C. Absorbs in IR region</p> <p>D. Increase absorption wavelength of chromophore</p>
86	A general trend in the properties of elements of carbon family shows that with increase in atomic number.	<p>A. The tendency towards concatenation increases</p> <p>B. The tendency to show +2 oxidation state increase</p> <p>C. Metallic character decreases</p> <p>D. The tendency to form complexes with convalency higher than four decreases.</p>
87	The term 'brass' is very commonly used to designate any alloy primarily of.	<p>A. Copper and zinc</p> <p>B. Aluminum and iron</p> <p>C. Copper and aluminum</p> <p>D. Zinc and nickel</p>
88	It has been observed that if one goes on adding KNO_3 solution to a precipitate of AgCl the solubility of these precipitates goes on increasing with increasing concentration of K^+ and NO_3^- ions which are not common to AgCl This is due to which effect.	<p>A. Divers ion effect</p> <p>B. Uncommon ion effect</p> <p>C. Activity effect</p> <p>D. All above</p>
89	Which is not an ore of aluminium.	<p>A. Bauxite</p> <p>B. Cryolite</p> <p>C. Monazite</p> <p>D. Corundum</p>
90	Which of the following salt is water insoluble.	<p>A. K_2SO_4</p> <p>B. Na_2SO_4</p> <p>C. BaSO_4</p> <p>D. None of abvoe</p>
91	In group 17, the element with highest first ionization enthalpy belongs to.	<p>A. Period 1</p> <p>B. Period 2</p> <p>C. Period 7</p> <p>D. Period 6</p>
92	Which is the following is not a buffer.	<p>A. $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3/\text{HCO}_3^-$</p> <p>B. $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}/\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$</p> <p>C. $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}/\text{CH}_3\text{COONa}$</p> <p>D. $\text{NH}_3\text{OH}/\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$</p>
93	Enzymes are	<p>A. Complex non living compounds</p> <p>B. Laving organisms</p> <p>C. Complex protein molecules</p> <p>D. Bacterial colonies</p>

A.

94	What refers to a shape achieved by allowing a liquid to solidify in a mold.	<p>Casting</p> <p>B. Molding</p> <p>C. Forming</p> <p>D. All of the choices</p>
95	Which is the correct configuration of Fe ³⁺ (Z= 26)?	<p>A. [Ar] 4s² 3d⁶</p> <p>B. [Ar] 4s² 4d⁵</p> <p>C. [Ar] 3d⁵</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
96	In the electronic structure of acetic acid, the total number of shared and unshared pair of electrons are respectively.	<p>A. 16, 8</p> <p>B. 8, 4</p> <p>C. 12, 8</p> <p>D. 8, 12</p>
97	The penultimate shell of carbon contains electrons.	<p>A. s²</p> <p>B. s²p⁶</p> <p>C. s²p⁶d¹⁰</p> <p>D. s²p⁶d⁸</p>
98	Relative order of acidity of oxy acid	<p>A. HClO > HClO₂ > HClO₃ > HClO₄</p> <p>B. HClO₄ > HClO₃ > HClO₂ > HClO</p> <p>C. HClO₃ > HClO₂ > HClO > HClO₄</p> <p>D. HClO₂ > HClO₄ > HClO₃ > HClO</p>
99	The absorbance is directly proportional to the path length in the flame and to the concentration of atomic vapor in flame is a statement of.	<p>A. Lambert's law</p> <p>B. Beer's law</p> <p>C. Honery's law</p> <p>D. Starke law</p>
100	Chlorination of benzene with excess chlorine in the presence of FeCl ₃ as Lewis acid gives.	<p>A. Chlorobenzene as a major product</p> <p>B. o-dichlorobenzene as major product</p> <p>C. p-dichloro benzene as an only product</p> <p>D. A mixture of o- and p- dichloro benzene</p>
101	Which of the following adsorption indicator is used for any of the halides at pH.	<p>A. Fluorescein</p> <p>B. Eosin</p> <p>C. Thorin</p> <p>D. Rhodamine 6 G</p>
102	Ionization potential of carbon is.	<p>A. 11.2</p> <p>B. 7.8</p> <p>C. 8.1</p> <p>D. 7.3</p>
103	The aluminium salt commonly used to stop bleeding is	<p>A. Aluminium sulphate</p> <p>B. Potash Alum</p> <p>C. Aluminium chloride</p> <p>D. Aluminium fluoroide</p>
104	Which of the following statement is not relevant with nitrous oxide.	<p>A. It is a colorless and odourless gas</p> <p>B. It is non toxic gas</p> <p>C. It is present in the atmosphere in higher concentration</p> <p>D. It has high reactivity in the lower atmosphere</p>
105	Which of the following solution has pH= 11?	<p>A. 1 X 10⁻¹¹ m NaOH</p> <p>B. 1 x 10⁻¹¹ m HCl</p> <p>C. 1 x 10⁻³ M NaOH</p> <p>D. 1 X 10⁻³ M NaOH</p>
106	Which of the following statements is not true with respect to atomic spectroscopy.	<p>A. Atoms are simplest form of matter</p> <p>B. Atoms cannot rotate or vibrate as molecules do</p> <p>C. Only electronic transitions within atoms take place</p> <p>D. Band spectra are observed</p>

A. K⁺ and CN⁻

107	Consider the coordination compound $K_2[Cu(CN)_4]$ A coordinate covalent bond exists between	<p>B. Cu^{2+} and CN^-</p> <p>C. K^+ and $[Cu(CN)_4]^{2-}$</p> <p>D. C and N in Cn</p>
108	Which of the following source is commonly used as excitation source in fluorimeter.	<p>A. Tungsten lamp</p> <p>B. Mercury vapour lamp</p> <p>C. Nernst vapour lamp</p> <p>D. Radio source</p>
109	Chlorine is used in	<p>A. Sterilization of water</p> <p>B. Extraction of gold</p> <p>C. Bleaching of cotton</p> <p>D. All above</p>
110	In which pair of species, the Lewis formulae contain same number of ion pairs and bond pairs but they are not isoelectronic.	<p>A. O_2, N_2</p> <p>B. SO_2, O_3</p> <p>C. PCl_3, BF_3</p> <p>D. $SOCl_2$, $COCl_2$</p>
111	The three dimensional silicate anion $(Si_2O_5^{2-})_n$ is present in	<p>A. Beryl</p> <p>B. Silica</p> <p>C. Asbestos</p> <p>D. Clays</p>
112	Which of the following analytical technique is used for the separation of an interfering substance or analyte from the mixture.	<p>A. Precipitation</p> <p>B. Distillation</p> <p>C. Electrode position</p> <p>D. All above these</p>
113	The extinction coefficient has the units.	<p>A. $cm^2 mol^{-1}$</p> <p>B. $cm^3 mol^{-1}$</p> <p>C. $mol cm^{-3}$</p> <p>D. $mol cm^{-1}$</p>
114	Which metal can produce dihydrogen gas by reaction with dil H_2SO_4	<p>A. Ag</p> <p>B. Fe</p> <p>C. Cu</p> <p>D. Pt</p>
115	The type of bonding in HCl is	<p>A. Pure covalent</p> <p>B. Polar covalent</p> <p>C. Highly polar</p> <p>D. Hydrogen bonding</p>
116	Which of the following orbitals does not make sense.	<p>A. 6f</p> <p>B. 4f</p> <p>C. 7s</p> <p>D. 2d</p>
117	The normality of 2.3 M H_2SO_4 solution is.	<p>A. 0.46 N</p> <p>B. 0.23 N</p> <p>C. 2.3 N</p> <p>D. 4.6 N</p>
118	Classical smog occurs in place of.	<p>A. Excess concentration of SO_2</p> <p>B. Low temperature</p> <p>C. High temperature</p> <p>D. Excess concentration of ammonia</p>
119	For a chemical reaction $A \rightarrow \text{products}$, the rate of the reaction doubles when the concentration of A is increased by 4 times the order of the reaction is.	<p>A. 0</p> <p>B. 1</p> <p>C. $1/2$</p> <p>D. 4</p>
120	The total number of crystal systems and the number of Bravais lattices are.	<p>A. 7, 7</p> <p>B. 7, 14</p> <p>C. 14, 7</p> <p>D. 14, 28</p>
121	The isotonic nucleotide X and Y have mass numbers 35 and 37 respectively if the atomic number of X is 17 the atomic number of Y will be.	<p>A. 15</p> <p>B. 17</p> <p>C. 19</p> <p>D. 18</p>
122	Which of the following properties does not depend upon the number of solute particles.	<p>A. Elevation in B.P.</p> <p>B. Osmotic pressure</p> <p>C. Depression in F.P.</p> <p>D. Boiling point of the solvent</p>
123	Has maximum property of catenation.	<p>A. C</p> <p>B. Si</p> <p>C. Sn</p> <p>D. Pb</p>
124	Which of the following techniques is involved in purification of organic compound.	<p>A. Distillation</p> <p>B. Sublimation</p> <p>C. Solvent extraction</p> <p>D. All above</p>

125	The atomic number of potassium is 19 and that of manganese is 25. Although the colour of MnO_4^- is dark violet yet the K^+ is colourless. This is due to the fact that.	<p>A. Mn is a transition element while K^+ is not</p> <p>B. $[\text{MnO}_4]^-$ is negatively charged while K^+ has positive charge</p> <p>C. The effective atomic number of Mn is $[\text{MnO}_4]^-$ is 26; while for K^+ the atomic number is 18</p> <p>D. The Mn is a high positive oxidation state allows charge transfer transitions.</p>
126	Which of the following materials is not suitable as adsorbent for chromatography.	<p>A. Silica gel</p> <p>B. Activated charcoal</p> <p>C. Alumina</p> <p>D. Calcium chloride</p>
127	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to hydrologic cycle.	<p>A. It is the major constituent of the lithosphere</p> <p>B. Water covers about 83% of the earth's surface</p> <p>C. It is essential requirement of all the organisms</p> <p>D. Water covers about 73% of the earth's surface.</p>
128	When some quantity of electricity is passed through two electrolytic cells. The ratio of the mass of the products obtained at the cathode is the same as the ratio of their	<p>A. Densities</p> <p>B. Atomic masses</p> <p>C. Equivalent masses</p> <p>D. Atomic numbers</p>
129	Which of the following statement is not related to the characteristics of gaseous state.	<p>A. The inter molecular forces of attraction are not strong in gaseous state</p> <p>B. The gases do not have definite shape and volume</p> <p>C. The gases are characterized by low density.</p> <p>D. The gases have low compressibility</p>
130	Inert pair effect is best shown by	<p>A. Si</p> <p>B. Z</p> <p>C. Sn</p> <p>D. Pb</p>
131	A molecule returns from the excited singlet state to the ground singlet state with emission of light. This process is known as	<p>A. Fluorescence</p> <p>B. Scattering</p> <p>C. Phosphorescence</p> <p>D. Chemiluminescence</p>
132	For a compound to act as a dye it must have	<p>A. A suitable colour</p> <p>B. Ability to fix to fibre</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
133	The simplest formula of a compound containing 50% of element X	<p>A. XY_2</p> <p>B. XY</p> <p>C. X_2Y</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
134	_____ surfactants perform well over a wide range of water hardness and pH.	<p>A. Anionic</p> <p>B. Cationic</p> <p>C. Nonionic</p> <p>D. Neutral</p>
135	The kinetics of the decomposition of ammonia on the tungsten surface follows	<p>A. Zero order</p> <p>B. First order</p> <p>C. Second order</p> <p>D. Third order</p>
136	NH_3 has a non-zero dipole moment while BF_3 has zero dipole moment. This is because.	<p>A. NH_3 is not a planar molecule while BF_3 is a planar molecule.</p> <p>B. NH_3 is a planar molecule, while BF_3 is a planar molecule.</p> <p>C. Fluorine is more electronegative than nitrogen</p> <p>D. Boron is more electronegative than nitrogen</p>
137	Black and white photographic film contain small grains of.	<p>A. Silver bromide</p> <p>B. Silver chloride</p> <p>C. Silver iodide</p> <p>D. Any of above</p>
138	Which of the following gas is lightest.	<p>A. Dihydrogen</p> <p>B. Helium</p> <p>C. Dinitrogen</p> <p>D. Dioxygen</p>
		A. Carbon paper

139	In which paper some additive is not added.	B. Filter paper C. Glazed paper D. Art paper
140	The decreasing order of the second ionization energies of K, Ca and Ba is	A. $K > Ca > Ba$ B. $Ca > Ba > K$ C. $Ba > K > Ca$ D. $K > Ba > Ca$
141	Which of the following substances act as pollutant.	A. Oils B. Greases C. Toxins D. All above
142	What nickel alloy has high electrical and corrosion resistance and high strength at red heat temperature and contain 15 to 20% chromium.	A. Alnico B. Nichrome C. Invar D. None of above
143	The reagent which can be used to distinguish acetophenone from benzophenone is.	A. 2,4 -dinitro phenyl hydrazine B. $LiAlH_4$ C. Benedict reagent D. I_2 and Na_2CO_3
144	What group of steels are molybdenum high speed steels.	A. Group A B. Group D C. Group M D. Group H
145	For the respiration of sea divers mixture is used.	A. He & O_2 B. Ar & O_2 C. Ne & O_2 D. Kr & O_2
146	The relative populations of ground state and excited state populations at a given flame temperature can be estimated using.	A. Boltzmann distribution law B. Maxwell law C. Lambert law D. Beer's law
147	Elements in which differentiating electron enters the (n-1) the d-orbitals of the (n-1) the main shell are called elements.	A. s- block B. p-block C. d-block D. f-block
148	Dry distillation of amino acids with barium hydroxide yields.	A. Acids B. Amines C. Alcohols D. Hydroxy acids
149	The most abundant metal in earth's crust is.	A. Fe B. Al C. Ti D. Ca
150	Smoke is a dispersion of	A. Gas in gas B. Gas in solid C. Solid in gas D. Liquid in gas
151	Carbon tetrachloride has no net dipole moment because of.	A. Its planar structure. B. Its regular tetrahedral structures. C. Similar sizes of carbon and chlorine atoms D. Similar electron affinities of carbon and chlorine.
152	A considerable number of atoms pertaining to the surface _____ with the decreasing the particle size.	A. Increase B. Decrease C. No effect D. Both a and b
153	Each of the following compound is an aromatic except.	A. Benzene B. Naphthalene C. Cyclopentadienyl cation D. Cyclopentadienyl anion
154	The number of degree of freedom at the triple point for the water system is.	A. One B. Two C. Three D. Zero
155	The efficiency of a reversible heat engine depends only on the	A. Temperature of the heat sink B. Temperature of the heat source C. Temperature of the heat source and sink D. Pressure of the fluid
		A. Biological processes B. Biological oxidation

156	Oxidative enzymes are responsible for	<p>B. Biological oxidation</p> <p>C. Biological hydrolysis</p> <p>D. Biological isomerisation</p>
157	The correct order of electron affinities is.	<p>A. C > Si > Na > Ar</p> <p>B. Si > Cl > Na > Ar</p> <p>C. C > Na > Si > Ar</p> <p>D. C > Si > Ar > Na</p>
158	Which of the following biogeochemical cycle is not component of ecosystem.	<p>A. Carbon cycle</p> <p>B. Potassium cycle</p> <p>C. Oxygen cycle</p> <p>D. Nitrogen cycle</p>
159	PCl ₅ is an example of hybridization	<p>A. d sp³</p> <p>B. d² sp²</p> <p>C. sp²</p> <p>D. sp³</p>
160	Blue color of glass of due to the presence of .	<p>A. Cobalt (II)</p> <p>B. Chromium (III)</p> <p>C. Iron (III)</p> <p>D. copper (II)</p>
161	When a large block of silicon wafer is reduced to smaller component and hence non material is formed this approach is called.	<p>A. Bottom up</p> <p>B. Top down</p> <p>C. Left to right</p> <p>D. Right to left</p>
162	Conjugation of chromophore	<p>A. Deepens the colour</p> <p>B. Lightene the colour</p> <p>C. Shifts absorption to shorter wavelength</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
163	Which of the following bonds between carbon -carbon is teh strongest.	<p>A. Sigma bond</p> <p>B. Pi bond</p> <p>C. Double bond</p> <p>D. Triple bond</p>
164	Which of the following statements is not relevant to the Plank's quantum Theory.	<p>A. Radiant energy is not absorbed or emitted continuously</p> <p>B. Radiant energy is emitted or absorbed in the form of small packets of energy.</p> <p>C. The quantum of light energy is called photon</p> <p>D. The energy associated with photon of radiation is directly proportional to the wavelength.</p>
165	Pick out the incorrect statements for transition metals.	<p>A. They have low melting and boiling points</p> <p>B. 5d-element have higher energies than 3d or 4 d elements</p> <p>C. Zr and Hf have almost identical atomic and ionic radii</p> <p>D. They form interstitial compounds.</p>
166	Which of the following is not an extensive property.	<p>A. Work</p> <p>B. Entropy</p> <p>C. Free energy</p> <p>D. Volume</p>
167	The carbonate of which of the following will have highest lattice energy.	<p>A. Barium</p> <p>B. Magnesium</p> <p>C. Calcium</p> <p>D. Strontium</p>
168	Sanger's reagent is	<p>A. Carbobenzyloxy chlride</p> <p>B. Dimethyl amino sulphonyl chloride</p> <p>C. I-Fluoro -2,4-dinitrobnzene</p> <p>D. 2,4- Dinitrophenyl hydrazine</p>
169	The reduction in ozone layer would lead to	<p>A. Temperature chages</p> <p>B. Rainfall failure</p> <p>C. Increase uv radiation on earth</p> <p>D. All above</p>
170	Which of the following case of acid or base strength is not explained by inductive effect.	<p>A. Formic acid > acetic acid</p> <p>B. Dimethyl amine > trimethyl amine</p> <p>C. Dimethyl amine > methyl amine</p> <p>D. Chloroacetic acid > acetic acid</p>
171	Which is not a pollutant from the exhaust of motor.	<p>A. Hydrocarbons</p> <p>B. Carbon monoxide</p> <p>C. NO_x</p> <p>D. Fly ash</p>

172	Which sequence of steps is correct in paper making machine	A. Pressing Dyring, Flow spreader Calender stock B. Flow spreader, Pressing, Prying Calender sock C. Drying ,Pressing , Flow spreader, Calender stock D. None of above
173	The size of E coli bacteria is. _____ nm	A. 75000 B. 2000 C. 200 D. 5
174	Which of the following radical is a member of VI group.	A. Mg^{2+} B. Na^+ C. K^+ D. NH_4^+ E. All above
175	In TGA, the width loss curve depends on the which instrumental factors.	A. Furnace heating rate B. Recording or chart speed C. Furnace atmosphere D. All
176	Which of the following does not represent Lewis acid.	A. ZnCl_2 B. FeCl_2 C. BF_3 D. BuLi
177	The IUPAC name of C_2H_3 , CO , OC , OC_2H_5 in	A. Prepanoic anhydride B. Ethanoic anhydride C. Diketoethoxy ether D. None of the above
178	Which of the following configuration of an ionic species represents psedue noble gas configuration.	A. ns^2 B. $\text{ns}^2 \text{np}^6$ C. $\text{ns}^2 \text{np}^6 \text{nd}^{10}$ D. $\text{ns}^2 \text{np}^3$
179	The correct order of acid strength is.	A. HIO_4 > HBrO_4 > HClO_4 B. HClO_4 > HBrO_4 > HIO_4 C. HBrO_4 > HIO_4 > HClO_4 D. HBrO_4 > HClO_4 > HIO_4
180	The liquor is screened to exclude _____ material	A. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Fibrous</p> B. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Polymers</p> C. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Maltose</p> D. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Sucrose</p>
181	The first ionization energy of Mg is lower than	A. Na B. Ca C. Al D. Be
182	In Dannis's method the end of the copper caps into which graphite electrode are fixed with cement.	A. Portiant B. Bakelite C. Asbestos D. All of above
183	The correct order of second ionization potential of carbon nitrogen, oxygen and fluorine is.	A. C > N > O > F B. O > F > N > C C. O > N > F > C D. F > O > N > C
184	"Acids are substance whose aqueous solutions turned blue litmus red and tasted sour" stated by	A. Davy B. Liebig C. Boyle D. Rouelle
185	In second group of inorganic qualitative analysis, the S^{2-} ions does not form precipitate with which of the following ions.	A. Hg_2^{2+} B. Cu^{2+} C. Al^{3+} D. Cd^{2+}
186	The entropy of the universe	A. Tends towards a maximum B. Tend towards a maximum C. Tends to be zero D. Remains constatn

187	The percentage of nitrogen in ammonium sulphate is _____ %	A. 27 B. 21 C. 23 D. 19
188	Which of the following water require zero hardness.	A. Boiler feed water B. Laundry water C. Paper mill water D. Dyeing water
189	Which of the following steps is involved in quantitative analysis.	A. Sampling B. Conversion of the desired constituent into a suitable form per analysis. C. Measurement of some physical or chemical property, on which the determination is based. D. All above steps
190	The nature of bonds in compounds of carbon and silicon is mostly	A. Covalent B. Electrovalent C. Metallic D. Both A and B
191	The compound (CH ₃) ₃ COH according to IUPAC is known as.	A. Tert Butanol B. 2,2 -Dimethyl -Propanol C. 2- Methyl -2-propanol D. Tert Alcohol
192	Of the molecules, SF ₄ , XeF ₄ , and CF ₄ which has square planar geometry.	A. SF ₄ , XeF ₄ and CF ₄ B. SF ₄ only C. CF ₄ only D. XeF ₄
193	In Nano synthesis new unusual chemical reactions are due to.	A. Non equilibrium system B. Equilibrium system C. Isothermal system D. Adiabatic process
194	In the metallurgy of iron, when limestone is added to the blast furnace, the calcium ion ends up in.	A. Slag B. Gangue C. Metallic calcium D. Calcium carbonate
195	Which of the following technique is useful to remove metal ions from an interfering matrix.	A. Solvent extraction B. Electrophoresis C. Cataphoresis D. Gel permeation
196	The wear-resistance of the material is attributed to its ability on _____ that is the hardness is increased greatly when the steel is cold worked.	A. Cold harden B. Stress harden C. Strain harden D. Cool temperature
197	Which of the following chloride is soluble in hot water.	A. Hg ₂ Cl ₂ B. AgCl C. PbCl ₂ D. All above
198	Which of the following process is involved in getting back nitrogen into atmosphere.	A. Nitrification B. Denitrification C. Ammonification D. All above
199	Which of the following process is a source of nuclear pollution.	A. Uranium mining B. Uranium processing C. Reactor waste D. All above
200	One ppm solution of NaOH contain 1000 mg of the solute per how much of the volume of the solution.	A. 1000 mL B. 100 mL C. 10 mL D. 1 mL
201	Metal are generally elements	A. Electronegative B. Electropositive C. Neutral

		D. None of the above
202	Which is not true about polymers.	A. Polymers do not carry any charge B. Polymers have high viscosity C. Polymers scatter light D. Polymers have low molecular weight
203	The decomposition of dimethyl ether at 504 °C is first order with a half-life of 1570 seconds. What fraction of an initial amount of dimethyl ether remain after 47-10 seconds.	A. 1/3 B. 1/6 C. 1/8 D. 1/16
204	The shape of SO_4^{2-} ion is.	A. Tetrahedral B. Trigonal planar C. Square planar D. Octahedral
205	Which of the following methods gives the number average molecular weight of a polymer.	A. Light scattering method B. Osmotic method C. Sedimentation equilibrium method D. Viscosity method
206	Which of the following radical is not a member of III group	A. Al^{3+} B. Fe^{2+} C. Ca^{2+} D. Fe^{3+}
207	The three isotopes of hydrogen differ from one another in	A. Atomic number B. Number of protons C. Nuclear charge D. Nuclear mass
208	The branch of chemistry dealing with the study of reactions in the UV visible region of the spectrum is known as.	A. Kinetics B. Photo chemistry C. Surface chemistry D. Catalysis
209	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding Lewis acids and bases.	A. NH_3 and H_2O both behave as Lewis bases B. Substances which donate a pair of electrons are called Lewis bases C. All Lewis bases are also Brønsted bases D. Lewis base must contain an atom having less than an octet of electron.
210	The pH of 0.001 N HCl is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
211	_____ is preferred for horticultural crops and for tobacco and potatoes.	A. <p>Potassium Chloride</p> B. Potassium Sulphate C. Potassium Nitrate D. None of these
212	The migration of positively charged colloidal particles, under an electrical field, towards the cathode is called.	A. Cataphoresis B. Electroosmosis C. Sedimentation D. Electrodialysis
213	The maximum absorption in $[\text{Ti}(\text{OH})_2]^{3+}$ takes place at wavelength of.	A. 4000 Å B. 5000 Å C. 6000 Å D. 10000 Å
214	Which of the following is not a colligative property.	A. Elevation of B.P. B. Depression in F.P. C. Viscosity D. Osmotic pressure
215	Has the highest value of electronegativity	A. F B. Cl C. Br D. I
216	The decrease in electron density at one position accompanied by a corresponding increase at other position is called.	A. Inductive effect B. Asymmetric effect C. Electromeric effect D. Resonance effect
217	When CH_3COOH is titrated against NaOH the pH at the equivalence point is.	A. 7 B. > 7 C. < 7 D. 6.8

218	An explosive	A. Nitroglycerine B. Trinitrotoluene C. Fluorine perchlorate D. All above
219	Which ionization Potential in the following equations involves the greatest amount of energy.	A. $\text{Na} = \text{Na}^+ + e$ B. $\text{K} = \text{K}^+ + e$ C. $\text{C}^{2+} = \text{C}^{3+} + e$ D. $\text{Ca}^+ = \text{Ca}^{2+} + e$
220	Which process of adsorption of hydrogen on palladium is known as.	A. Syneresis B. Occlusion C. Diffusion D. Erosion
221	How pig iron is usually obtained from	A. iron pyrite B. Limonite C. Hematite D. Siderite
222	Transition elements, in general exhibit the following properties, except one Name that property.	A. Variable oxidation state B. Natural radioactivity C. Tendency to form complexes D. Formation of alloys
223	Group IV A consist of elements	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
224	Urea an enzyme used to estimate urea is a	A. Hydrolytic enzyme B. Oxidative enzyme C. Reductive enzyme D. Iso me rising enzyme
225	Which one of following is non polar	A. CH_2Cl_2 B. CCl_4 C. CHCl_3 D. CH_3Cl
226	Which of the following is not a true characteristics of a catalytic reaction.	A. The amount and chemical composition of the catalyst remains unchanged after the reaction B. The catalyst does not initiate a chemical reaction C. The reaction in which product also act as catalysis are called autocatalytically reactions. D. The catalyst shifts the equilibrium position of a reaction in a favorable direction
227	Which of the following play significant role in depletion of ozone layer.	A. Oxides of nitrogen B. Oxides of carbon C. Oxides of sulphur D. None of above
228	In compressive strength of a nanotube _____ its tensile strength.	A. Less than B. Is greater than C. Is equal to D. Less than or equal to.
229	In the fourth flotation process for the purification of ores, the ore particles floats because.	A. They are light B. Their surface is not easily wetted by water C. They bear electrostatic charge D. They are insoluble
230	Copper is resistant to	A. Air B. Water C. Acid and Alkali D. All of the above
231	Which of the following symmetry element leaves the molecule or an object unchanged.	A. Proper rotation B. Improper rotation C. Inversion axis D. Identity
232	pH of pure water at 25 °C. $K_w = 1 \times 10^{-14}$	A. 0 B. 7 C. 14 D. None of above
233	In Serpekr's process the ore is treated with which of the following.	A. Carbon B. Nitrogen gas C. Both A and B D. None of these

234	Any substance which has solidified from the liquid state with crystallization is known as	A. Steel B. Fibre C. Glass D. Asbestos
235	The ease of hydrohalogenation of alkyl halide with alcoholic KOH is.	A. $3 > 2 > 1$ B. $3 < 2 < 1$ C. $3 > 2 < 1$ D. $3 < 2 > 1$
236	Helium is used for	A. The preservation of food B. Filling electrical transformer C. Pressuring agent in rockets D. All of above
237	Which of the following technique in current voltage technique	A. Amperometry B. Voltammetry C. Potentiometry D. Polarography
238	Fluorine differs from the other members of its own group due to.	A. Its small size and low bond energy B. Its higher electronegativity C. Non-availability of d-orbitals in its valence shell D. All the above
239	In order to give strength and elasticity natural rubber is heated with.	A. Sulphur B. Oxygen C. Nitrogen D. Chlorine
240	Strength of H bond in intermediate between	A. Van der Waals forces and covalent bond B. Ionic and covalent bond C. Ionic and metallic bond D. Metallic and covalent
241	Commercial orthophosphoric acid is pure.	A. 37.0% B. 82.98% C. 88.25% D. 90.12%
242	Which is the purest form of iron.	A. Pig iron B. Cast iron C. Wrought iron D. Steel
243	'A line, a point or a plane about which a symmetry operation is performed, is known as.	A. Symmetry operation B. Symmetry element C. Reflection D. Inversion
244	Which of the following process is used for the removal of particulates.	A. Wet removal by precipitation B. Sedimentation C. Diffusion and impaction D. All above
245	The colloidal solution of arsenic sulphide prefers to absorb	A. NO_3^- B. K^+ C. S^{2-} D. H^+
246	Carbon and Hydrogen are estimated by	A. Liebig's method B. Kjeldahl's method C. Carries method D. None of the above
247	Which of the following regions of the spectrum would be used to determine the structure of the crystalline solids.	A. Microwave B. X-rays C. Visible D. Infrared
248	Branch of chemistry that deals with the basic principles governing energy changes during various processes is called.	A. Wave mechanics B. Chemical kinetics C. Chemical thermodynamics D. Electro chemistry
249	Which of the following is not known.	A. KrF_6 B. XeF_6 C. XeO_3 D. KrF_2
250	Which of the following impurities are present with the bauxite.	A. Silica B. Ferric oxide C. Alumina

		D. Both silica and ferric oxide
251	The noble gas used or treatment of cancer is	A. Helium B. Argon C. Radon D. Krypton
252	Which of the following method is used for the coventrating of ores.	A. Gravity separation B. Magnetic concentration C. Fourth floatation D. Electrostatic concentration E. All
253	Which of the following substance is most abundant of all components of atmospheric air.	A. O ₂ B. N ₂ C. CO ₂ D. A ₂
254	Plane polarized light is affected by	A. Identical molecules B. All polymers C. Chiral molecules D. All biomolecules
255	When two atoms of hydrogen combine to form a molecule of hydrogen gas the energy of the molecule.	A. higher than that of the separate atoms B. Equal to that of the separate atoms C. Lower than that of the separate atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometime higher.
256	Which of the following techniques is used for the separation of macromolecules polymers.	A. Size exclusion chromatography B. TLC C. GLC D. HPLC
257	The agricultural field that produces maximum methane gas into atmosphere is	A. Wheat field B. Paddy field C. Cotton field D. Groundnut field
258	"There is a plenty of room at the bottom" This was stated by	A. Issac Newton B. Albert Einstein C. Richard Feynman D. Eric Drexler
259	Which of the following is not an ore of iron.	A. Haematite B. Magnetite C. Siderite D. Monazite
260	A combination of atomic orbitals produces a large number of closely special energy states brown as.	A. Packet of energy B. Band of energy C. Botha a and b D. None of the above
261	Aque regia is made by dissolving a mixture of HNO ₃ and HCl with ratio.	A. 1 : 1 B. 1 : 3 C. 1 : 2 D. 1 :10
262	Hybridization involves.	A. Orbitals of same atom with slightly different energies. B. Orbitals of different atoms, but with equal energies. C. Orbitals of the same atom but with widely different energies. D. Orbitals of different atoms with different energies.
263	Which of the following is an example of molecular solids.	A. MgO B. ZnO C. Ice D. Graphite
264	Tetra halides do not undergo hydrolysis	A. C B. Si C. Sn D. Pb
265	The diameter of fly ash particles is._____ micro meter	A. 5-10 B. 10-20 C. 20-30 D. 100
266	The angle between corresponding planes forming the external surfaces of the crystal remains constant for a given substances This is known as.	A. Steno's law B. Henry's law C. Bragg law D. Pascal law

267	Ozone hole refers to.	A. Black hole B. Decrease to thickness of ozone layer in stratosphere C. Decrease of thickness of ozone in troposphere D. Increase concentration of ozone in the atmosphere
268	Carbon in wrought iron is present as	A. Silicon carbide B. Iron carbide or cementite C. Graphite D. Partly as iron carbide and partly as graphite
269	What is clinker.	A. Roasted calcareous material B. Roasted argillaceous material C. Roasted calcareous and argillaceous material D. Roasted gypsum
270	In order to understand the nature of H ₂ bond the theory has been suggested.	A. Electrostatic approach B. Molecular orbital approach C. Valance bond approach D. All the above approaches
271	The physical methods of nano roads syntheses involves.	A. Top down approach B. Bottom up approach C. Left right approach D. Right left approach
272	Beside the common silica based SPE particles, polymer supports are also available They have advantages over silica based SPE particles, Which of the following reason is possible.	A. These are stable over a wide pH range. B. These do not possesses residual silica groups C. These are designed to be wettable and have high capacity than silica base particles. D. All above
273	Coulometry is based on the measurement of	A. Electrical current B. Electrical potential C. Electrical conductance D. Dielectric constant
274	Cobalt salt imparts which colour to the borax bead	A. Blue B. Green C. Red D. Yellow
275	The number used in cancer therapy is.	A. Fe B. Co C. Ni D. Rn
276	The chrome molybdenum steels contain how many percent of molybdenum	A. 0.10 B. 0.20 C. 0.30 D. 0.40
277	What exactly is quantum dot	A. A semiconductor nanostructure that confines the motion of conduction band electrons, valence band holes or excitation in all three spatial directions B. The sharpest possible tip of an atomic force microscope C. A fictional term used in science fiction for the endpoints of wormholes D. Unexplained spots that appear electron microscopy images of nanostructures smaller than 1 nanometer
278	Which of the following statement represent disadvantages of sanitary landfill	A. Public opposition B. Uneconomical C. Health hazard D. All above
279	The addition of Br ₂ to cis 2-butene produces.	A. (+) 2,3 - dibromobutane only B. (-) 2,3 -dibromobutane only C. (+) 2,3, dibromobutane D. meso-2,3, -dibromobutane
280	Pi bond is formed	A. By the overlapping of atomic orbitals on internuclear axis B. By transference of electrons C. By sidewise overlapping to half filled p orbitals D. By overlapping of s-orbitals with p orbitals

		Answers
281	Which of the following techniques does not belong to column chromatography	A. TLC B. HPLC C. Electrophoresis D. Ion exchange
282	Which of the following halogen exist in solid state.	A. F ₂ B. I ₂ C. Cl ₂ D. Br ₂
283	Magnesium burns in air to give.	A. MgO B. MgCO ₃ C. Mg ₃ N ₂ D. Both A and C
284	Polyamide linkage is present in	A. Nylon B. Silk C. Protein D. All of these
285	Ca H ₂ on reaction with water liberates	A. H ₂ B. O ₂ C. Both of these D. None of these
286	Used in producing intense light in cinematography	A. Xenon B. Krypton C. Radon D. Helium
287	The process in which ore is heated generally in the absence of air, to expel water from a hydrated oxide at temperature below their melting points is called.	A. calcination B. Roasting C. Froth floatation D. Bessemerization
288	How many unpaired electron are there in a strong field iron (II) octahedral complex.	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 4
289	Which of the following elements has the highest ionization energy.	A. Na B. Si C. Ar D. Cl
290	An organic liquid (X) containing C, H and O has a pleasant odour with a boiling point of 78 °C. On boiling X with conc. H ₂ SO ₄ a colourless gas is produced which decolourless bromine water and alkaline KMnO ₄ . One mole of this gas also takes one mole of H ₂ . The organic liquid (X) is.	A. n-C ₃ H ₇ OH B. iso-C ₃ H ₇ OH C. C ₂ H ₅ CHO D. CH ₃ CH ₂ OH
291	According to the VSEPR theory, the shape of the SO ₃ molecule is.	A. Pyramidal B. Tetrahedral C. Trigonal planar D. Distorted tetrahedron
292	Variable valency is due to the following reasons.	A. Unstable configuration of core B. Inert electron pair effect C. All of above D. None of above
293	What refers to the tin mill steel, without a coating.	A. White plate B. Black plate C. Tin steel free D. Dichromate tin
294	Various compounds corresponding to molecular formula C ₄ H ₁₀ are.	A. Functional isomers B. Position isomers C. Chain isomers D. None of the above
295	Which of the following functional groups is not involved in ion exchange chromatography.	A. Weak acids B. Strong acids C. Strong bases D. Carbohydrates
296	Nitric acid has the property	A. Oxidizing B. Reducing C. Redoxing D. None of above
297	In coordination chemistry the donor atom of a ligand is.	A. A Lewis acid B. The counter ion C. The central metal atom D. The atom in the ligand that shares an electron pair with the metal
		A. 1,2,3..... B. 1,2,3.....

298	The azimuth or angular quantum number (l) determines the number of sub shells in a given shell. the allowed values of l for a given value for n are.	<p>B. 1,2,3(n-1)</p> <p>C. 0,1,2,3.....(n-1)</p> <p>D. 2,4,6,.....(n-2)</p>
299	Carbylamine reaction proceeds via the intermediate formation of.	<p>A. Alkyl isocyanide</p> <p>B. Chloride ion</p> <p>C. Alkyl carbonion</p> <p>D. Dichloro methylene</p>
300	Fertilizers are classified into	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Two major categories</p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Three major categories</p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Four major categories</p></p></p> <p>D. None of above</p>
301	A catalyst increases the rate of a reaction because.	<p>A. It provides the necessary energy to the colliding molecules to cross energy barrier</p> <p>B. It decreases the heat of the reaction</p> <p>C. It decreases the order of the reaction</p> <p>D. It provides a different path of lower activation energy.</p>
302	Hydrogen gas will not reduce	<p>A. Heated cupric oxide</p> <p>B. Heated ferric oxide</p> <p>C. Heated stannic oxide</p> <p>D. Heated aluminium oxide</p>
303	Anything that influence the valence electrons will affect the chemistry of the element Which of the following factors does not affect the valency shell.	<p>A. Valence principle quantum number in</p> <p>B. Nuclear charge (Z)</p> <p>C. Nuclear mass</p> <p>D. Number of core electrons</p>
304	In biological ecosystem which of the following substance is used by organisms.	<p>A. Water</p> <p>B. Sunlight</p> <p>C. Minerals</p> <p>D. All above</p>
305	The electrical conductivity of a nano tube is _____ times that of copper.	<p>A. 10</p> <p>B. 100</p> <p>C. 1000</p> <p>D. 1/100</p>
306	Egyptians were using _____ to prepare make up for eyes.	<p>A. Nanoaluminium</p> <p>B. Nanocopper</p> <p>C. Nanosteel</p> <p>D. Nanolead</p>
307	Which one of following is paramagnetic and has the bond order equal to 0.57	<p>A. N2</p> <p>B. H2+</p> <p>C. O2</p> <p>D. F2</p>
308	At constant temperature , the decrease in Halmholts free energy is equal to.	<p>A. Decrease in entropy</p> <p>B. Increase in entropy</p> <p>C. Reversible work done by the system</p> <p>D. All types of work done</p>
309	Beer's law is followed in	<p>A. Flame photometry</p> <p>B. Atomic absorption spectrophotometry</p> <p>C. Mass spectrometry</p> <p>D. Potentiometry</p>
310	Which of the following exists as polymeric chains in solid state.	<p>A. Sr Cl2</p> <p>B. Ba Cl2</p> <p>C. MgCl2</p> <p>D. BeCl2</p>
311	The units of coefficient of viscosity are.	<p>A. kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹</p> <p>B. gm⁻¹ s⁻¹</p> <p>C. kgm⁻¹ min⁻¹</p>

		<p>C. Nitric acid</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
312	Which of the following substance is not present in acid rain.	<p>A. Sulphuric acid</p> <p>B. Nitric acid</p> <p>C. Acetic acid</p> <p>D. Sulphurous acid</p>
313	Separation of isotopes of uranium is carried out by	<p>A. CaF₂</p> <p>B. SF₆</p> <p>C. HF</p> <p>D. All above</p>
314	The compounds whose formation require a host compound and a guest compound are called.	<p>A. Exclusion compounds</p> <p>B. Inclusion compounds</p> <p>C. Crystal compounds</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
315	Which of the following contains both covalent and ionic bond.	<p>A. CCl₄</p> <p>B. NH₄Cl</p> <p>C. CaCl₂</p> <p>D. H₂O</p>
316	The stabilization of the dispersed phase in a lyophobic sol is due to	<p>A. Liking for the dispersion medium</p> <p>B. The surface tension of the medium</p> <p>C. The formation of an electrical layer between the two phases</p> <p>D. The viscosity of the medium</p>
317	The most electronegative element of the third period is.	<p>A. F</p> <p>B. P</p> <p>C. Br</p> <p>D. Cl</p>
318	The diameter of hydrogen atom is. _____ nm	<p>A. 10</p> <p>B. 1</p> <p>C. 0.1</p> <p>D. 0.01</p>
319	Electronegativity is given by	<p>A. Average of first and second ionization energies.</p> <p>B. Average of first and second electron affinities</p> <p>C. Average of ionization energy and electron affinity</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
320	CFSE for d ⁷ ion is.	<p>A. 0.8</p> <p>B. -0.8</p> <p>C. -1.8</p> <p>D. 1.8</p>
321	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to harmful effects of ground water pollution.	<p>A. It causes lungs cancer</p> <p>B. It causes jaundice</p> <p>C. It damages crops</p> <p>D. It helps to prevent epidermises</p>
322	Green houses are responsible for keeping our plant warm and sustaining life on the earth.	<p>A. CO₂ & water vapours</p> <p>B. CO₂ & CFC</p> <p>C. CO₂ & H₂O</p> <p>D. CO₂ & CH₄</p>
323	What refer by the ability of steel to be hardened through to its centre in large section?	<p>A. <p style="margin-bottom: 0in; margin-bottom: .0001pt; line-height: normal; tab-stops: 395.7pt;">Malleability</p></p> <p>B. <p style="margin-bottom: 0in; margin-bottom: .0001pt; line-height: normal; tab-stops: 395.7pt;">Hardenability</p></p> <p>C. <p style="margin-bottom: 0in; margin-bottom: .0001pt; line-height: normal; tab-stops: 395.7pt;">Ductility</p></p> <p>D. <p style="margin-bottom: 0in; margin-bottom: .0001pt; line-height: normal; tab-stops: 395.7pt;">Rigidity</p></p>
324	In XeF ₂ molecules, Xe atom undergoes hybridization	<p>A. sp_d</p> <p>B. sp₂</p> <p>C. sp₃</p> <p>D. sp₃d</p>
325	Photochemical among is generally formed	<p>A. In early hours of winters</p> <p>B. Around mid day in summer months</p> <p>C. When intensity of solar radiation is very low</p>

		D. When concentration of particulate matter is very low.
326	The reagent which can react with 1- chlorobutane to give substitution product is	A. Al Cl ₃ B. KOH -CH ₃ OH C. NaCN D. Mg/ether
327	Which of the following detector is used for compounds containing electronegative atoms.	A. Mass specdtrometer B. ECD C. TCD D. UV-detector
328	The law of trinds was proposed by	A. Dobereiner B. Newlands C. Lothar Mayer D. Chancourtois
329	Which of the following interaction is the strong.	A. Dipole -dipole B. Ion induced dipole C. Ion -dipole D. Dipole induced dipole
330	Trimethylamine is a weaker base than dimethylamine is explained by	A. Steric effect B. Resonance effect C. Inductive effect D. All above
331	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding galvanic cells.	A. Oxidation occurs at the anode B. Ions carry current inside the cell C. Electrons flow around the external circuit. form cathode to anode D. When the e.m.f. of the cell is positive cell reactionis spontaneous
332	The most stable oxidation state of chromium is.	A. +6 B. +3 C. +4 D. +2
333	What is the effect of aluminum in cast iron.	A. To increase hardness above 0.5 % B. To deoxidize molten cast iron C. To affect machinability, ductility and shrinkage depending on form D. Both A and B
334	Washing soap can be prepared by saponification with alkali of _____ of the following oil.	A. Rose oil B. Paraffin oil C. Groundnut oil D. Coconut oil
335	The IUPAC name of HCOOCH ₃ is.	A. Methoxy methanol B. Ethanoic acid C. Methyl methanoate D. Methoxy methane
336	Aviation Fuel contains.	A. Light Naphtha B. Medium Naphtha C. Kerosene D. Diesel
337	Ziegler -Natta catalysta is	A. (C ₂ H ₃) ₃ Al B. TiCl ₄ C. (C ₂ H ₅) ₃ Al/TiCl ₄ D. (C ₂ H ₃) ₃ B/TiCl ₂
338	The magnitude of electron affinity depends on.	A. Atomic size B. Nuclear charge C. Electronic configuration D. All of the above
339	Which of the following technique has flame as a source of excitation energy.	A. UV spectroscopy B. I-R spectroscopy C. Flame photometry D. Raman spectroscopy
340	Bromine is used as	A. Fungicides B. Herbicides C. Germicides D. Insecticides
341	Potassium crystallizes in a body centered lattice. Hence, the coordination number of potassium in potassium metal is.	A. 4 B. 6 C. 8 D. 12
342	The formation of daughter DNA's from parent DNA is called.	A. Transalation B. Transcription C. Reproduction

D. Replication

343	Which of the following salt is soluble in water.	A. BaCO ₃ B. SrCO ₃ C. CaCO ₃ D. K ₂ CO ₃
344	Which of the halogens has lowest bond energy.	A. Cl ₂ B. Br ₂ C. F ₂ D. I ₂
345	Formula of orthophosphoric acid.	A. H ₂ PO ₄ B. H ₃ PO ₃ C. H ₃ PO ₂ D. H ₄ P ₂ O ₅
346	Temporary hardness of water is due to.	A. Bicarbonates of K B. Bicarbonates of Na C. Carbonates of Ca D. Bicarbonates of Ca
347	When propyne is treated with aqueous H ₂ SO ₄ in the presence of HgSO ₄ the functional isomer of the major product obtained in.	A. Propanal B. Acetone C. Propane 2 -ol D. Propanol
348	Which of the following species have undistorted octahedral structure.	A. SF ₆ B. PF ₆ C. SiF ₆ ²⁻ D. XeF ₆
349	Aluminum is an active metal but does not corrode as iron does because.	A. Al does not react with O ₂ B. A protective layer of Al ₂ O ₃ forms on the metal surface C. Al is harder to oxidize than is Fe D. Aluminium has a high tensile strength
350	Which of the following molecule does not contain the covalent bond between similar atoms.	A. N ₂ H ₄ B. F ₂ O ₂ C. H ₂ F ₂ D. H ₂ O ₂
351	Which of the following methods is the most common method for separation of liquid components from a mixture.	A. Dialysis B. Solvent extraction C. Precipitation D. Distillation
352	Which of the following has the greatest metallic character.	A. Na B. Mg C. Al D. Si
353	Most Hazardous metal pollutant of automobile exhaust is.	A. Tin B. Mercury C. Cadmium D. Lead
354	Pick out the incorrect statement regarding ozone.	A. O ₃ is an unstable dark blue diamagnetic gas B. The central oxygen in O ₃ is sp ³ hybridized C. It causes the tailing of mercury D. It does not react with KOH
355	All halogens exist as covalent molecules.	A. Monoatomic B. Diatomic C. Triatomic D. Tetra atomic
356	Which of the following statement is not true regarding Open Hearth process.	A. No iron is lost B. The process is economical and simple C. Steel obtained is of high quality D. Scrap iron cannot be used in this process.
357	The formula of Tetraboric acid is.	A. H ₂ BO ₃ B. HBO ₂ C. H ₂ B ₄ O ₇ D. H ₆ B ₄ O ₉
358	Which one has a coordinate bond.	A. AlCl ₃ B. BF ₃ C. NaCl D. O ₂
359	All the halogens form oxyacids, except	A. Fluorine B. Chlorine C. Bromine D. Iodine

		C. Bromine D. Iodine
360	Which of the following has non zero dipole moment.	A. NH ₃ B. SF ₆ C. BF ₃ D. CO ₂
361	Which ratio decides the efficiency nano substance.	A. Weight /volume B. Surface area/volume C. Volume/weight D. Pressure/volume
362	At high temperature nitrogen combines with calcium carbide to give	A. Calcium cyanide B. Calcium cyanamide C. Calcium nitride D. Calcium carbonate
363	Which one of the following elements shows the most stable oxidation state of +1	A. Al B. Ga C. In D. Tl
364	When HCl is titrated against NaOH, the pH at the equivalence point is.	A. zero B. > 7 C. < 7 D. 14
365	Pick out the incorrect statement.	A. Red phosphorus consists of a complex chain structure and black phosphorus has a layer structure. B. Nitrogen shows a little tendency for catenation, because N-N a single bond is very strong. C. The maximum number of covalent bonds formed by nitrogen is four, since it has no d-orbitals in its valence shell D. The group 15 elements do not form M ⁵⁺ ions, but +5 oxidation state is realized only through covalent bonding.
366	H ₂ SO ₄ is manufactured by	A. The lead chamber process B. The contact process C. Both A and B D. The Ostwald's process
367	Which of the following is the active ingredient in ordinary household bleach.	A. HCl B. Cl ₂ C. NaCl D. NaClO
368	CFT was originally applied to.	A. Ionic crystal B. Liquid crystal C. Solid crystal D. All above
369	A 10% solution of sucrose contains 10 g of sucrose in how much volume of the solution.	A. 10 mL B. 100 mL C. 1000 mL D. 1 mL
370	LiAlH ₄ is most useful reducing agent It reduce to alcohol	A. Aldehydes B. Ketone C. Carboxylic acid D. Any of above
371	The following oxo acids have been arranged in the order decreasing acid strength identify the correct order.	A. III > IV > II > I B. III > II > I > IV C. I > II > III > IV D. IV > III > II > I
372	D(+) glyceraldehydes has the absolute configuration.	A. E- B. S- C. E- D. Z-
373	Gold dissolves in aqua regia forming	A. AuCl B. Au(NO ₃) ₃ C. AuCl ₃ D. HAuCl ₄
374	Acid rain effects	A. Human being B. Crops C. Aquatic life D. All above
375	Greeks and Romans had used nanoparticles in the manufacture of.	A. Cosmetics for eyes B. Medicines C. Metals D. Hair dye

376	Which of the following molecules has the lowest average speed at 273 K.	A. CO ₂ B. CO C. CH ₄ D. O ₂
377	Which of the following item is not symmetry element.	A. Plane of symmetry B. Inversion centre C. Improper rotation D. Optical activity
378	Which idea of envisioned the construction of nano robots	A. Building nano materials atom by atom B. Destruction of macromolecules to nano ones C. Bothe of the above D. None of the above
379	Which of the following molecules belongs to C _{av} point group.	A. H ₂ O B. H ₂ S C. NH ₃ D. BF ₃
380	Chemical and physical properties of metal nano particles of atoms were observed to change periodically depending upon	A. Number of atoms in a particle B. Shape of particle C. type of organization D. All of the above
381	In a system of designating wrought aluminum alloys. what does the second digit represents.	A. The purity of aluminum B. The identity of the alloy C. The modification of the alloy group or impurity limits D. None of above
382	The chrome vanadium steels contain how many percent of vanadium.	A. 0.15 to 0.30 B. 0.05 to 0.15 C. 0.30 to 0.45 D. 0.45 to 0.60
383	Select the correct IUPAC name for [FeF ₄ (OH) ₂]-	A. Diaquaetrafluoriron (III) ion B. Diaquaetrafluoriferrate (III) ion C. Diaquaetrafluoroiron (I) D. None of these
384	The binding site on ribosome t-RNA and m-RNA is provided by	A. Polysome B. Ribosomal RNA C. Codone D. DNA
385	To increase the life of filament and to low the heat conductivity a mixture in filled in electric bulb.	A. Ar & N ₂ B. Ar & Kr C. Kr & N ₂ D. Xe & N ₂
386	In which of the following species the bonds are non directional.	A. NCl ₃ B. RbCl C. BeCl ₂ D. BCl ₃
387	In DTA , theriac effect may be exothermic of endothermic These are cause by	A. Fusion B. Crystal structure inversion C. Destruction of crystal lattice D. All of above
388	Layer of the C -atom in graphite are hold together by	A. Covalent bonds B. Free electrons C. Ionic bond D. Van Dar Waals forces
389	Which of the following generally increases on going from top to bottom in a group.	A. Metallic charcter B. Electronegativity C. Oxidising behaviour D. Raducing behaviour
390	What ASTM test for shear strength is designated for plastics.	A. D 732 B. D 790 C. D 695 D. D 638
391	SO ₂ is generated from which of the following industry.	A. Drying and packing B. Paper C. Pulp D. paper and pulp
392	Sodium metal cannot be stored under	A. Hexane B. Benzene C. Kerosene D. Ethanol

393	Phosphorus has the oxidation state of +3 in	A. Orthophosphoric acid B. Hypophosphoric acid C. Metaphosphoric acid D. Orthophosphorus acid
394	The orientation of a crystalline surface is confidently defined in terms of.	A. Lijima Indices B. Miller indices C. Clausen indices D. None
395	Oxalic acid when heated with conc. H ₂ SO ₄ it gives out.	A. H ₂ O and CO ₂ B. CO and CO ₂ C. CO ₂ and H ₂ S D. Oxalic sulphate
396	Which configuration has lowest potential energy.	A. Eclipsed B. Staggered C. Skew D. All have same energy
397	Toluene is o/p -orienting with respect to an electrophilic substitution reaction due to.	A. +I effect of the methyl group. B. +I as well as +H effect of the methyl group C. Hyper conjugation between the methyl group and phenyl ring. D. + R effect of the methyl group
398	_____ are the extensions of bucky balls.	A. Geodesic domes B. Hexagons C. Carbon nanotubes D. AFM and STM
399	Which of the following is atmospheric pollutant.	A. CO ₂ B. CO C. O ₂ D. N ₂
400	Which of the following compounds liberates CO ₂ on heating.	A. Li ₂ CO ₃ B. Na ₂ CO ₃ C. K ₂ CO ₃ D. All liberate CO ₂ on heating.
401	Which of the following detector is used in GC analysis	A. Thermal conductivity detector B. Flame ionization detector C. Mass spectrometer D. All above
402	Shows a regular increase on moving down the group from carbon to lead	A. Atomic volume B. Atomic radius C. Density D. All above
403	Naphthalene balls are obtained from	A. Carbon B. Coke C. Coal Tar D. All of above
404	Which among the following is a false statement.	A. SiO ₂ has a structure similar to that of CO ₂ B. Natural Si exists only in the combined state C. Si can be prepared by reducing SiO ₂ with Mg D. Si does not exist in graphite like structure, but exists only in diamond like structure.
405	The property measured in TGA is	A. Change in weight B. Rate of change in weight C. Heat evolved and absorbed D. Change of temperature.
406	Chromium is found in nature in the form of.	A. Oxides B. Silicates C. Borates D. Sulphides
407	Chemical compounds which are added to reduce reactivity of glass are called.	A. Formers B. Modifiers C. Stabilizers D. None of these
408	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to photo chemical reactions.	A. These take place in the presence of light B. Free energy of these reactions may be positive or negative C. Light intensity affects these reactions D. Temperature has significant effect on rate of these reactions

409	According to Henry's Law, the mole fraction of a gas (x) dissolved in a solvent is related to the pressure of the gas.	A. $x = k/p$ B. $x = p/k$ C. $x = k$ D. $p = k/x$
410	Which compound among the following does not contain an ionic bond.	A. NaOH B. HCl C. KaS D. LiH
411	Which of the following is the best indicator for titration of NH_4OH with HCl.	A. Methyl red B. Methyl orange C. Eosin D. Phenolphthalein
412	Which of the following molecules have centre of symmetry.	A. H_2O B. HCl C. CO_2 D. H_2SO_4
413	Which of the following does NOT react with sodium hydroxide solution.	A. Fat B. Vinegar C. Ethanol D. Water
414	Metals are	A. Transparent B. Translucent C. Opaque D. None of above
415	Brass is an alloy of	A. Copper and tin B. Copper and zinc C. Aluminium and nickel D. Lead and tin
416	The common oxidation state of lanthanides is.	A. +3 B. +2 C. +1 D. +4
417	H-Bond has more energy than the van der Waals forces i.e.	A. 1.0 kcal/mole B. 2.0 kcal/mole C. 10.0 kcal/mole D. 20.0 kcal/mole
418	Which substance has the greatest lattice energy.	A. CuBr B. MgO C. KI D. NaF
419	In group theory the triple degenerate set is denoted by	A. eg B. t_{2g} C. e_{2g} D. tg
420	Excluding H-atom, Hydrogen bond never involves more than atoms.	A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four
421	The pH of 0.01 N NaOH is.	A. 12 B. 13 C. 14 D. 11
422	Which of the following statements is incorrect.	A. The elements of group 18 are known as aerogens. B. Group 2 elements are all metals C. Metallic character increase on going down a group D. All the elements belonging to a particular period have same valence shell configuration.
423	The matrix is usually in the form of.	A. Sand B. Limestone C. Rocks D. All
424	Which of the following techniques involve gas as the mobile phase.	A. HPLC B. GLC C. TLC D. Paper chromatography
425	Which of the following reacts with hemoglobin of blood and produce toxic effect.	A. Carbon dioxide B. Carbon monoxide C. Oxygen D. Carbon suboxide

426	The angle of rotation in a polarimeter depends on.	A. Nature of the compound B. Nature of the solvent C. Wavelength of the light used D. All above factors.
427	Complete hydrolysis of nucleotide result in the formation of.	A. Heterocyclic bases B. A pentose C. A phosphate ion D. All of these
428	Ground state electronic configuration of valence shell in N ₂ molecule is written as (σ _{2s}) ² , (σ* _{2s}) ² , (π _{2p}) ⁴ , (π* _{2p}) ² . Hence, the bond order of N ₂ molecule is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 0
429	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to hydrocarbons.	A. They are gaseous and liquids B. They can be saturated or unsaturated C. They in air by themselves alone cause harmful effects D. They form photochemical oxidants
430	[Ti(OH ₂) ₆] ³⁺ gives colour	A. Green B. Red C. Purple D. Blue
431	All bond length in benzene are identical due to.	A. Resonance effect B. Inductomeric effect C. Electromeric effect D. Mesomeric effect
432	Organic farming is the technique of raising crops through uses of.	A. Manures B. Biofertilizers C. Resistant varieties D. All of these
433	Which of the following is not an alkali metal	A. Rb B. Sb C. Cs D. Fr
434	What ASTM test for tension is designated for plastics.	A. A 370 B. D 638 C. E 292 D. None of these
435	An stereospecific enzyme in one which catalyses	A. Formation of one stereoisomer B. Reaction of one stereoisomer only C. Both of these D. None of these
436	The main constituent of glass is.	A. Silica B. Silicon C. Magnesia D. Alumina
437	SO ₃ exists in form	A. α-SO ₃ B. β-SO ₃ C. γ-SO ₃ D. All above
438	The most reactive alkali metal among the following is	A. Li B. Na C. Cs D. Rb
439	The number 8.47 is rounded to	A. 8.5 B. 8.4 C. 8.7 D. 8.6
440	HS ⁻ is a conjugate base of.	A. S ²⁻ B. H ₂ S C. H ₂ SO ₃ D. H ₂ SO ₄
441	A molecule is said to be chiral	A. If it contains plane of symmetry B. If it contains centre of symmetry C. If it can be superimposed on its mirror image D. None of the above
442	The full form of STM is	A. Scanning Tunneling Microscope B. Scientific Technical Microscope C. Systematic Technical Microscope D. SuperTensile Microscope

443	The alpha iron will become paramagnetic at temperature above	A. 770 C B. 550 C C. 660 C D. 440 C
444	The hardest material found in nature is	A. Steel B. Topaz C. Diamond D. Quartz
445	An optically active compound	A. _{Must contain at least favour carbons} B. When in solution rotate the plane of polarized light C. Most always contain an asymmetric carbon atom D. In solution always give negative reading in polarimetre
446	Non localised bonds are referred as	A. Metallic bond B. Long range bonds C. Ionic bond D. Covalent bonds
447	Arrange the hydrides group 15 in the order of increasing boiling point.	A. PH ₃ < AsH ₃ < SbH ₃ < BiH ₃ < NH ₃ B. PH ₃ < AsH ₃ < SbH ₃ < NH ₃ < BiH ₃ C. PH ₃ < AsH ₃ < NH ₃ < SbH ₃ < BiH ₃ D. NH ₃ < PH ₃ < AsH ₃ < SbH ₃ < BiH ₃
448	The acetylene molecule contain a	A. Single bond B. Double bond C. Triple bond D. Co ordinate bond
449	Which of the following statement is true.	A. Ferromagnetic separation is used to remove iron impurities from bauxite. B. Aluminium is an amphoteric element which means that it can act as an oxidizing agent and as a reducing agent C. Aluminium has a strong affinity for oxygen D. Aluminothermic reactions are endothermic
450	The compound insoluble in acetic acid is.	A. Calcium oxide B. Calcium carbonate C. Calcium oxalate D. Calcium hydroxide
451	CNG is stored under	A. Power generation B. Electric Generators C. Solvent D. All of above
452	Bioconversion of biomass can be used for.	A. Heating purposes B. Power production C. Methane production D. All of the above
453	The law which relates the solubility of a gas to its pressure is called.	A. Raoult's law B. Nernst law C. Ostwald's law D. Henry's law
454	The mole of photon is known as	A. Quantum B. Eienstein C. Energy Packet D. None of the above
455	What is considered as the general purpose oldest type and widely used case iron.	A. Grey iron B. Alloy iron C. Black iron D. Ductile iron
456	Which of the following colligative properties can be used to characterize colloidal particles.	A. Lowering in vapour pressure B. Elevation in boiling point C. Depression in freezing point D. Osmotic pressure
457	Which of the following process is used for the conversion of matte is to nickel.	A. Orford process B. Mond's process C. Electrolytic process D. All
458	Sodium reacts with excess of oxygen to form	A. Na ₂ O B. NaO ₂

458	Sodium reacts with excess of oxygen to form	C. Na_2O_2 D. NaO
459	Which of the following α -amino acid is not capable of exhibiting optical isomerism.	A. Glycine B. Leucine C. Arginine D. Alanine
460	Citral when heated with KHSO_4 forms.	A. Isoprene B. p-cymene C. p-menthane D. Dipentene
461	In the electrolysis of alumina, cryolite is added to.	A. Lower the melting point of alumina B. Increase the electric la conductivity C. Minize anodize affect D. Remove impurites from alumina
462	The instrument used for measuring fluorecence is known as.	A. Fluorimeter B. Potentiometer C. Flame photometer D. Mass spectrometer
463	What is the raw material of sugar industry.	A. Sugar cane B. Potato C. Carrot D. Sugar heat E. Both A and C
464	α - pinene hydrochloride on warming rdarranges to form bornyl chloride.The rearrangement is known as.	A. Pinacol pinacolone B. Hofmann C. Wager Mecrwein D. Wolff
465	NH_4OH in the presence of H_2S is used as a group reagent for which of the following group.	A. Group I B. Group II C. Group III D. Group IV
466	The emission of light characteristics of metal and correlation of intensity of the light emitted with concentration of that metal forms the basis of.	A. Roman spectroscopy B. IR spectroscopy C. Flame photometry D. Rotational spectroscopy
467	Which of the following information is correct about a typical packed column in GC.	A. 10-100 m long and 2 to 6 cm to diameter B. 1-10 m long and 0.2 to 0.6 cm in diameter C. 0.1-1 m long and 0.02 to 0.00 cm in diameter D. None of the above
468	The Hall process involves the reduction of Al_2O_3 to aluminium by	A. Carbon B. Carbon monoxide C. Molecular hydrogen D. Electrolysis
469	Setting of cement is improved by	A. Lime stone B. Clay C. Gypsum D. Water
470	When orthoboric acid is heated strongly it gives.	A. B_2O_3 B. $\text{H}_2\text{B}_3\text{O}_7$ C. HBO_2 D. B
471	Xenon reacts best with	A. The most electropositive elements B. The most electronegative elements C. The hydrogen halides D. Non metals
472	A correct reaction mechanism for a given reaction usually is.	A. The same as the balanced chemical equation B. Obvious if its heat of reaction is known C. Sometimes difficult to prove D. Obvious if the activation energy is known
473	The designation of an orbital with $n = 4$ and $l = 1$ in	A. 4 s B. 4 p C. 4 d D. 4 f
474	Hydrolysis of nucleoprotein result in the formation of.	A. Proteins B. Nucleic acids C. Both A and B D. They do not hydrolyse

475	What element is the most abundant by mass in the Earth's crust.	A. Fe B. H C. O D. K
476	Regarding the internal energy of the molecules, which one of the following statements is not correct.	A. It is the sum of vibration rotational and electronic energy B. It is a path function C. It is a state function D. It is an exact differential
477	Which of the following is not an ore of nickel.	A. Pentlandite B. Siderite C. Garnierite D. Nicollite
478	Which of the following state is not correct regarding Langmuir adsorption theory.	A. Adsorbent has specific equivalent sites B. One site can adsorb only one molecule C. Adsorbed molecules cannot interact with each other D. Adsorption is a static process
479	Which of the following cast irons is a high carbon, iron carbon silicon alloy.	A. Deorizers B. Deoxidizers C. Deoxidifiers D. Deterrent
480	Ca ²⁺ is isoelectronic with.	A. Mg ²⁺ B. Kr C. Ar D. Na ⁺
481	Diamond and carbon are the _____ forms of carbon	A. Isotropic B. amorphous C. Allotropic D. Isomeric
482	AlCl ₃ acts as a strong Lewis acid, because it is.	A. A covalent compound B. Readily hydrolyzed C. Electron deficient D. An ionic compound
483	Which of the following element is usually determined by flame photometry.	A. Li B. Na C. K D. All above elements
484	Which of the following process is not involved in the purification of bauxite.	A. Bayer's process B. Serpek's process C. Hall's process D. Goldsmith's process
485	Galvanized steel are steel products coated with	A. Carbon B. Sulphur C. Zinc D. Iron
486	Which of the following expression is correct.	A. $C = n/RT$ B. $C = RT/n$ C. $RT = Cn$ D. $Cn = 1/RT$
487	Glycine reacts with nitrous acid to form	A. Methyl amino B. Acetic acid C. Zwitter ion D. Glycolic acid
488	Sulphur can exist in	A. One phase B. Two phase C. Three phase D. Four phase
489	Select the major product obtained from the addition HBr to 1-methyl cyclohexene.	A. 1-bromo-2-methyl cyclohexane B. 6-bromo-1-methyl cyclohex-1-ene C. 3-bromo-1-methyl cyclohex-1-ene D. 1-bromo-1-methyl cyclohexane
490	Which of following is used as make up chemical in Kraft process.	A. Na ₂ CO ₃ B. KCl C. Na ₂ SO ₄ D. NaOH
491	Oxytocin, a pituitary hormone to	A. Amino acid B. Polypeptide C. Protein D. Conjugated protein

492	In which of the following techniques the solvated molecules are separated according to their size by their ability to penetrate a sieve like structure.	A. Adsorption chromatography B. Partition chromatography C. Ion exchange chromatography D. Gel permeation chromatography
493	Which one of the following pairs are chemically dissimilar.	A. Na and K B. Ba and Sr C. Zr and Hf D. Ca and Zn
494	A trace constituent is one whose amount in the sample is.	A. < 10% B. < 0.10% C. < 1.0% D. < 0.01 %
495	The rate of a chemical reaction is proportional to the product of the active mass of the reactants, This is a statement of.	A. Law of dynamic equilibrium B. Le Chatelier's principle C. Law of mass action D. Solubility product principle
496	An aromatic compound has a molecular formula C_7H_8O . How many isomers are possible for this compound.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
497	Among alkali metals, the least metallic element is.	A. Li B. Na C. Rb D. Cs
498	The contact process is mainly used when acid is required for the manufacture of.	A. Explosives B. Fine chemicals C. Lead accumulators D. All above
499	Among the solvents given below, with dielectric constant (E) given in parentheses which has highest solubility of KCl?	A. Benzene (E=0) B. Carbon disulphide (E = 0) C. Methanol (E =32) D. Acetone (E = 2)
500	_____ is used for fruits, vegetables and tobacco	A. Potassium Chloride B. Potassium Sulphate C. Potassium nitrate D. All above
501	Which of the following statement is incorrect about rock salt type	A. It has face centered arrangement of Na^+ B. Na^+ and Cl^- ions have coordination number of 6:6 C. A unit cell of NaCl has rock salt type structure. D. None of them
502	Catenation is a process of.	A. Formation of cations B. Deposition of cations C. Formation of long chain of identical atoms D. Formation of covalent bond
503	Drained sewage has B.O.D.	A. More than that of water B. Less than that of water C. Equal to that of water D. None of the above
504	The state of hybridization of Xe in XeF_6 is	A. sp^2 B. sp^3 C. $sp^3 d$ D. dsp^3
505	The criteria for aromaticity is presence of	A. Unsaturation B. Cyclic structure C. Presence of $4n$ electrons D. Presence of $4n + 2n$ electrons
506	Which of the following range is correct for macro analysis.	A. Minimum 100 mg B. Minimum 10 mg C. Minimum 1 mg D. Minimum 1000 mg
507	Which of these historical works of art contain nanotechnology.	A. Lycurgus cup B. Medieval stained glass windows in churches C. Damascus steel swords D. All of the above
508	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to errors in flame photometry.	A. Errors arise from the phenomena developed in the Hollow cathode lamp B. Background effect C. Errors arising from test element itself

		C. Errors arising from test element itself D. Spectral interference
509	Which of the following is not true of ozone.	A. It is a strong electilizing agent B. It attacks organic compounds containing carbon carbon double bond C. Its molecular is linear and has two different O-O bond lengths D. It is more powerful oxidising agent at molecular oxygen
510	Which of the following give higher fibre strength.	A. Eucalyptus B. Pine C. Bagnasse D. Sugar cane
511	Which of the following sets of quantum number is possible for an electron in a 4f orbital.	A. $n = 4, l = 3, m = 4, s = +1/2$ B. $n = 4, l = 4, m = +4, s = +1/2$ C. $n = 4, l = 3, m = +1, s = -1/2$ D. $n = 4, l = 4, m = +1, s = -1/2$
512	The pH of the 0.0032 M H ₂ SO ₄ is.	A. 3.2 B. 4.0 C. 2.198 D. 1.0
513	C - O bond lengths in carboxylate anion are equal due to.	A. Resonance effect B. Inductive effect C. Resonance of identical contributing structures. D. Hyperconjugation
514	The number of significant figures in the number 0.216 is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
515	The rate at which a substance reacts depends on its.	A. Molecular mass B. Active mass C. Equivalent mass D. Molar mass
516	Organic substance responsible for the smell of the Flowers etc are grouped together in chemistry as.	A. Perfumes B. Terphenoids C. Flavonoids D. Alkaloids
517	Total pressure exerted by a mistress of two or more than two gases in a definite volume as any given temperature is equal to the sum of partial pressures which each gas would exert, if it occupied the same volume alone, at the same temperature This is a statement.	A. Boyle's law B. Charle's law C. Graham's law D. Dalton's law
518	Alkaline hydrolysis of chloroform produces.	A. HCCO B. HCOO ⁻ + CO C. H ₃ COH D. CHCl ₂ OH
519	1 nanometre = _____ cm	A. 10^{-9} B. 10^{-8} C. 10^{-7} D. 10^{-6}
520	Graphite is a good conductor of electricity because is.	A. Has sp ² hybridized carbon stoms B. Has free electrons C. Is crystalline D. Has free atoms
521	Which of the flowing operator combination would yield eight value equation	A. $d/x (\sin x)$ B. $d/dx (\cos x)$ C. $d/dx (\sin 4x)$ D. $d/dx (\cos 4x)$ E. $d/dx (e^{x^2})$
522	The variation of enthalpy of reaction with temperature is given by.	A. Hesse's law B. Clasisus Clapayron equation C. Kirchoffs equation D. Arrhenious equation.
523	Among the elements A,B,C and D having atomic numbers 9,10,11, and 12 respectively, the correct order of ionization energies is.	A. A > B > C > D B. B > A > D > C C. B > A > C > D D. D > C > B > A
524	Alkyl cyanide and alkyl isocyanides are	A. Tautomers B. Metamers C. Functional isomers D. None of the above
		A. Formation of reactive intermediates

525	Which of the following statement is not related with high quantum yield reasons.	<p>which may act as catalyst</p> <p>B. The active molecules may collide with other molecules and activates these molecules.</p> <p>C. The reaction may be exothermic and heat evolve may activate other molecule</p> <p>D. The primary photo chemical process may be reversed</p>
526	What is the possible number of optical isomers for a compound contained 2 dissimilar asymmetric carbon atoms.	<p>A. 2</p> <p>B. 4</p> <p>C. 6</p> <p>D. 8</p>
527	What element is added to copper to make it extremely hard.	<p>A. Aluminum</p> <p>B. Zinc</p> <p>C. Lead</p> <p>D. Tin</p>
528	Which of the following is class of nanorods	<p>A. metals</p> <p>B. alloys</p> <p>C. Metal oxide and Metal sulphite</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
529	What is the ASTM tension testing designation for standard method for steel products.	<p>A. A 370</p> <p>B. E 345</p> <p>C. E8</p> <p>D. E 9</p>
530	An element with atomic number 20 is placed in which period of the periodic table.	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 3</p> <p>D. 4</p>
531	Soap and detergent remove the dirt from clothes due to.	<p>A. Osmosis</p> <p>B. Gravity</p> <p>C. Lowering of interfacial tension</p> <p>D. Diffusion</p>
532	Pauling has suggested that the calculation of energy can be improved by considering.	<p>A. Screening effect</p> <p>B. Polarization effect</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
533	If diesel has cetane number of 50 then the diesel index will be.	<p>A. 36</p> <p>B. 46</p> <p>C. 56</p> <p>D. 66</p>
534	Which of the following is not an ore of Cr.	<p>A. Chrome iron</p> <p>B. Nicollite</p> <p>C. Crocbsite</p> <p>D. Chrome ochre</p>
535	Concentration polarization arises because of the	<p>A. Different concentrations of solutions in the two half cells</p> <p>B. Changes in the concentration of electrolyte around the electrode from bulk concentration</p> <p>C. Reversible nature of the cell</p> <p>D. Variation in temperature during measurements</p>
536	The device that convert the chemical energy of fuel directly into electrical energy is called.	<p>A. Galvanic cell</p> <p>B. Electrolytic cell</p> <p>C. Fuel cell</p> <p>D. Concentration cell</p>
537	In an adiabatic system, if work is done, the temperature must.	<p>A. Increase</p> <p>B. Decrease</p> <p>C. Remain the same</p> <p>D. Increase than decrease</p>
538	According to Arrhenius theory an acid is defined as substance which	<p>A. Accepts an electron pair</p> <p>B. Donates H⁺ ion in ammonia</p> <p>C. Contains Cl⁻ ions</p> <p>D. Furnishes H³O⁺ ion in water</p>
539	In confining and growing nanorods CNTs will act as.	<p>A. Template</p> <p>B. Support</p> <p>C. Source of oxidant</p> <p>D. Sieve</p>
540	Which of the following solution has highest normality.	<p>A. 1 N H₂PO₄</p> <p>B. 0.5 N H₂SO₄</p> <p>C. 6 g NaOH per 100 cm³</p> <p>D. 4 g NaOH per 1000 cm³</p>

541	The number of phases of mixtures of four gases enclosed in a container is	B. 4 C. 4-1 D. zero
542	Which parameter of a chemical reaction will change with the use of a catalyst.	A. Delta F, change in free energy B. Delta S, change in entropy C. Delta E, change in internal energy D. K, the rate constant
543	Which of the following potassium fertilizers are more useful for horticultural crops tobacco and potatoes.	A. KNO ₃ B. KCl C. HNO ₃ D. H ₂ SO ₄
544	Which of the following fuel is used in flame photometry.	A. Hydrogen gas B. Acetylene gas C. Methane D. Propane E. All above
545	Used in TV sets and sound movies to give ready response to electrical potential	A. He B. Ne C. Ar D. Kr
546	Manganese steel usually contains how many percent of manganese.	A. 1 to 5 B. 3 to 10 C. 11 to 14 D. 14 to 18
547	The property measured in DTA is	A. Heat effects B. Weight loss C. Rate of change in weight D. Change in temperature
548	Which of the following hydroxides is most stable.	A. Mg (OH) ₂ B. Ca(OH) ₂ C. Sr (OH) ₂ D. Ba (OH) ₂
549	Which of the following is a non degradable pollutant.	A. Long chain phenolics B. DDT C. Mercuric salts D. All above
550	H-Bond has a preferred bonding direction like	A. Ionic bond B. Covalent bond C. Coordinate bond D. None of these
551	What is use of the addition of brine solution in the production of soap from castor oil and sodium hydroxide.	A. To speed up the reaction B. To lower the solubility of soap C. To remove unreacted castor oil and sodium hydroxide D. To increase the purity of the soap obtained.
552	Bases and reducing agents are electron giving agents and also called as.	A. Electrodotic B. Electrophile C. Nucleophile D. None of above
553	The reciprocal of the coefficient of viscosity is called.	A. Density B. Specific gravity C. Fluidity D. Conductance
554	Iron which contains up to 1% carbon is called.	A. Steel B. Cast iron C. Wrought iron D. Pig iron
555	Which of the following statement is not correct in respect of Arrhenius concept.	A. This concept is applicable only for aqueous systems. B. Neutralization takes place in aqueous medium only C. H ⁺ ion concept remain as such in water D. This concept is applicable for non aqueous system only.
556	The composition of mixture of clay and lime stone in the raw for cement material is.	A. 75% lime stone and 25% clay B. 25% lime stone and 75% clay C. 15% lime stone and 55% clay D. 30% limes stone and 79% clay
557	_____ is used for Annealing	A. Klin B. Batch

557	_____ is used for Annealing	C. Converter D. Oven
558	Which can be purified by sublimation	A. F ₂ B. Cl ₂ C. Be ₂ D. I ₂
559	Which of the following is the statement of third law of thermodynamics.	A. Entropy of perfectly crystalline substance is zero at T = 0 B. Entropy of a perfectly crystalline substance is zero at standard state conditions C. Entropy and enthalpy of a substance become equal at T = 0 D. Free energy of a crystalline substance is zero at T = 0
560	Which of the following products is obtained when but 2-ene is treated with perchloric acid.	A. CH ₃ CHO only B. CH ₃ COOH only C. CH ₃ CHO and CH ₃ COOH D. CH ₃ CH ₂ COOH + HCOOH
561	The flow of solvent into a solution when two are separated by a semi -permeable membrane is called.	A. Mixing B. Effusion C. Diffusion D. Osmosis
562	Glycerol on dehydration gives	A. Allyl alcohol B. Aerolein C. CHOH = C= CHOH D. -CHO -CHOH -CH ₂ OH
563	Which of the following statements is not related with flame photometric analysis.	A. Vaporization of the solvent leaving back the residue B. Conversion of solid slat to the gaseous state C. Dissociation of gaseous molecules into free atoms D. Measurement of the intensity of absorbed tradition
564	Four elements A, B,C,D have atomic numbers Z , 1 ,Z, Z +1 and Z +2 Respectively If Z is 9, then bond between which pair of elements will be ionic.	A. A and C B. D and C C. D and B D. B and C
565	Which of the following reactions is employed to produce ozone in the laboratory.	A. Exposure of air to UV light B. Reaction of F ₂ with H ₂ O at low temperature C. Reaction SO ₂ with H ₂ O ₂ D. Passage of silent electric discharge through oxygen
566	To complete transfer of a shared pir of electrons to one of the atoms joined by a double or triple bond at the requirement of an attacking reagent is known as.	A. Inductive effect B. Resonance effect C. Eletromeric effect D. Stark effect
567	Equilibrium constant Kp and Kc are related as	A. $K_c = K_p (RT)^{\Delta n}$ B. $K_p = K_c (RT)^{\Delta n}$ C. $K_p = (K_c/RT)^{\Delta n}$ D. $K_p -K_c = (RT)^{\Delta n}$
568	Sodium Tetra borate is used	A. As alkaline buffer in dying & bleaching process B. In manufacture of opticl glass C. in enameling and making glaze D. All above
569	Which of the following alloys contains Cu and Zn	A. Bronze B. Brass C. Gun metal D. Type metal
570	In which polymerization branching of chain cannot be possible.	A. Free radical B. Cationic C. Anionic D. Anionic and Ziegler Natta
571	The bromine produced on commercial scale may contain impurities of.	A. Water B. Chloride C. iodine D. All above
572	The percentage of s-character in the hybrid orbitals sp, sp ₂ and sp ₃ follows the pattern.	A. sp ₃ > sp ₂ > sp B. sp > sp ₂ > sp ₃ C. sp = sp ₂ > sp ₃ D. sp = sp ₂ = sp ₃

573	What is defined as a local corrosion damaged characterized by surface cavities.	<p>A. Cracking</p> <p>B. Pitting</p> <p>C. Cavitation</p> <p>D. Corrosion</p>
574	Drying agent which react with CO ₂ and removes water vapours is.	<p>A. CaO</p> <p>B. CaCl₂</p> <p>C. CaCO₃</p> <p>D. Ca(NO₃)₂</p>
575	The action of all the relations of all the organism to their environment is called	<p>A. Biology</p> <p>B. Botany</p> <p>C. Ecology</p> <p>D. Archiology</p>
576	Which of the following dyes belongs to the group of acridine dyes.	<p>A. Acridine</p> <p>B. Alizarin</p> <p>C. Indigotin</p> <p>D. Cyanine</p>
577	SO ₂ acts as	<p>A. Lewis base</p> <p>B. Lewis acid</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
578	Which element out of the following can exhibit a maximum con valency of seven.	<p>A. Chlorine</p> <p>B. Sulphur</p> <p>C. Fluorine</p> <p>D. both Cl and F</p>
579	Which of the following is raw material not present on the cement.	<p>A. Lime stone</p> <p>B. Gypsum</p> <p>C. Red lead</p> <p>D. Blast furnace slag</p>
580	Example of linear geometry	<p>A. XeF₂</p> <p>B. F₂ and HgCl₂</p> <p>C. CdI₂ AND Ag Cl₃</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
581	Which of the following statements is not correct regarding the structure of DNA.	<p>A. It has a double helix structure.</p> <p>B. There are hydrogen bonds in its structure</p> <p>C. Unlike RNA there is no fixed ratio of bases in DNA</p> <p>D. The code for protein synthesis is given by the sequence of bases in DNA</p>
582	Sulphate ores of aluminium	<p>A. Alumite</p> <p>B. Cryolite</p> <p>C. Fekdsper</p> <p>D. Kaolin</p>
583	How many varieties of commercial iron are known.	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 4</p> <p>D. 3</p>
584	Coagulation of protein on treatment with heavy metal salts or heating is called.	<p>A. Decolorisation</p> <p>B. Denaturation</p> <p>C. ^{Sedimentation process}</p> <p>D. Reversible precipitation</p>
585	Hydrolytic reaction of fat with caustic soda is known as _____	<p>A. Esterification</p> <p>B. Saponification</p> <p>C. Acetylation</p> <p>D. Carboxylation</p>
586	Which property is used in volumetric methods of analysis.	<p>A. Density</p> <p>B. Viscosity</p> <p>C. Volume</p> <p>D. Molar volume</p>
587	Which of the following is used to make non-stick material.	<p>A. Vinyl cyanide</p> <p>B. Tetrafluoroethene</p> <p>C. Vinyl chloride</p>

		D. Styrene
588	The fraction of the total current carried to an ion is called its.	A. Ionic mobility B. Transport number C. Limiting ionic conductance D. None of these
589	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to group theory.	A. Two elements of a group combine to form a third element of a group B. An element combines with itself to form another element of the group. C. Each element of the group obey associative law of combination D. Each group element has no reciprocal
590	Compounds consisting of two or more interlocked rings are called.	A. Inclusion compounds B. Cage compounds C. Catenanes D. Crown ether
591	When borax is strongly heated, it gives	A. B ₂ O ₄ B. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ C. NaBO ₂ D. NaBO ₂ + B ₂ O ₃
592	The sugar present in DNA is	A. D- Ribose B. D-Glucose C. 2- Deoxy D-Ribose D. 3-Deoxy D-ribose
593	How many stereoisomers are possible for CH ₃ CH = CHCHCH(Br) CH ₃	A. 2- geometrical isomers B. 2- optical isomers C. 2- geometrical and 2- optical isomers D. 2- geometrical and 1 optical isomers
594	Which one of the following statement is incorrect in relation to ionization enthalpy.	A. Ionization enthalpy increase for each successive electron B. The greatest increase in ionization enthalpy is experienced on removal of electron from core noble gas configuration C. End of the valence electron is marked by a big jump in ionization enthalpy D. Removal of electron from orbitals bearing lower value to easier than from orbital having highest n value.
595	The noble gases which does not form any clathrates is.	A. He B. Ne C. Argon D. Both He and Ne
596	BCl ₃ is a planar molecule because B atom is.	A. sp ² hybridized B. Sp ³ hybridized C. sp hybridized D. sp ³ d hybridized
597	Presence of nitrogen in organic compound is tested as.	A. Nitrogen gas B. NH ₃ C. NO D. Amide
598	The dye which is a constituent of Schiff's reagent used for detection of aldehyde group is.	A. Gentian violet B. Methylene blue C. Phenolphthalein D. Rosolic acid
599	Which of the following statements about anhydrous aluminium chloride is correct.	A. It exists as AlCl ₃ molecules B. It is not easily hydrolysed C. It sublimes at 100 °C under vacuum D. Boron does not form B ³⁺ ions
600	Hydrometallurgy of copper involves extraction of copper from poor ores by which process.	A. Dry process B. Wet process C. Both dry and wet process D. None of these
601	The greater stability of benzyl carbonium ion as compared to t-butyl carbonium ion is due to.	A. Inductive effect B. Resonance effect C. Electrometric effect D. All above
602	Which of the following compounds has highest boiling point.	A. HI B. HF C. HBr D. HCl

603	The intensity of magnetization produced per unit strength of the applied magnetic field is called magnetic susceptibility., which of the following statements is not related with this phenomenon.	<p>A. Confirmation of structure of given compound</p> <p>B. Complex stereochemistry</p> <p>C. Diamagnetic nature of molecules</p> <p>D. Paramagnetic nature of molecules.</p>
604	Arrange the hydrides of group 15 in the correct order of reducing nature.	<p>A. NH_3 < PH_3 < AsH_3 < SbH_3 < BiH_3</p> <p>B. NH_3 > PH_3 > AsH_3 > SbH_3 > BiH_3</p> <p>C. PH_3 < AsH_3 < SbH_3 < BiH_3 < NH_3</p> <p>D. PH_3 > AsH_3 > SbH_3 > BiH_3 > NH_3</p>
605	Purpose of sizing is.	<p>A. To increase the strength</p> <p>B. To improve formation</p> <p>C. To increase resistance toward water</p> <p>D. To remove wastes</p>
606	Select the correct IUPAC name for $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$	<p>A. Hexammoniacobaltate (II) ion</p> <p>B. Hexaamminecobaltate (II) ion</p> <p>C. Hexammoniacobalt (II) ion</p> <p>D. Hexaamminecobalt (II) ion</p>
607	Of the molecules, SF_4 , XeF_4 and CF_4 which have square planar geometry.	<p>A. SF_4, XeF_4 and CF_4</p> <p>B. SF_4 only</p> <p>C. CF_4 only</p> <p>D. XeF_4 only</p>
608	With which one of the following configurations, the lowest value of first IE is associated.	<p>A. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6, 3s^1$</p> <p>B. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^5$</p> <p>C. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6$</p> <p>D. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6, 3s^2, 3p^2$</p>
609	The dyes which are produced on the fibre in situ by reactions are known as.	<p>A. Mordant dyes</p> <p>B. Fast dyes</p> <p>C. Ingrain dyes</p> <p>D. Disperse dyes</p>
610	Which of the following is not alloy of aluminium.	<p>A. Aluminium bronze</p> <p>B. Magnalium</p> <p>C. Duralumin</p> <p>D. Stellite</p>
611	The hardness of water is due to the presence of dissolved soluble salts of.	<p>A. Calcium</p> <p>B. Magnesium</p> <p>C. Iron</p> <p>D. All above</p>
612	The unit cell having dimensions, $a = b = c$, $\alpha = \beta = \gamma \neq 90^\circ$ is known.	<p>A. Cubic</p> <p>B. Trigonal</p> <p>C. Tetragonal</p> <p>D. Monoclinic</p>
613	Cyclic polymers of ethylene glycol formed by condensation are called.	<p>A. Crown ether</p> <p>B. Brown ether</p> <p>C. Cryptates</p> <p>D. Both A and C</p>
614	The vapours attack the eyes and mucous membrane of nose and throat	<p>A. F</p> <p>B. Cl</p> <p>C. I</p> <p>D. Br</p>
615	For a given mass of a gas at constant temperature, if the value V becomes a times, the pressure will become.	<p>A. $3P$</p> <p>B. $P/3$</p> <p>C. $9P$</p> <p>D. $3P/T$</p>
616	Petroleum is formed from	<p>A. Domestic animal</p> <p>B. <p>Organisms in sea</p></p> <p>C. <p>Wild animals</p></p> <p>D. All above</p>
617	Which of the following enthalpies is always negative.	<p>A. Enthalpy of melting</p> <p>B. Enthalpy of combustion</p> <p>C. Enthalpy of solution</p> <p>D. Enthalpy of formation</p>
		<p>A. The kinetic energy of photo electron depends upon the frequency of the incident radiation</p>

618	The photoelectric effect is the ejection of electrons from the surface of metal when light falls on it. Which of the following statements is not correct about the phenomenon.	<p>B. Electrons are ejected only when the frequency of light exceeds a certain threshold value</p> <p>C. The higher the energy of the photon greater the kinetic energy of the ejected electron.</p> <p>D. The threshold frequency of all the metals is same.</p>
619	Aluminium halides is.	<p>A. White crystalline solid</p> <p>B. Hygroscopic</p> <p>C. Sublimes at 180°C</p> <p>D. All above</p>
620	An example of acyclic monoterpenoid is	<p>A. α-pinene</p> <p>B. Camphor</p> <p>C. Geraniol</p> <p>D. Citral</p>
621	A property which gradually increases on moving down group in the periodic table is	<p>A. Ionization enthalpy</p> <p>B. Electronegativity</p> <p>C. Electron affinity</p> <p>D. atomic size</p>
622	Which of the following species is very poor oxidizing agent	<p>A. H^{+}</p> <p>B. Zn^{2+}</p> <p>C. Fe^{3+}</p> <p>D. MnO_4^{-}</p>
623	The emission of light in a biological reaction is known as	<p>A. Fluorescence</p> <p>B. Phosphorescence</p> <p>C. Bioluminescence</p> <p>D. Photolysis</p>
624	Which of the following is capable of forming zwitter ion.	<p>A. Amino acids</p> <p>B. Halo acids</p> <p>C. Hydroxy acids</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
625	What term is used to denote a family of thermosetting polymers that are reaction products of alcohols and acids.	<p>A. Alkaline</p> <p>B. Alkydes</p> <p>C. Alcohols</p> <p>D. Ketones</p>
626	Which of the following process is not sorbent separation technology.	<p>A. Penex</p> <p>B. Parex</p> <p>C. Molex</p> <p>D. Oleflex</p>
627	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to inductive effect.	<p>A. Bond length decrease with increase in inductive effect.</p> <p>B. Inductive effect generates polar character in bonds</p> <p>C. Variation in strength of aliphatic acids can be explained</p> <p>D. It alone can explain the basicity of triphenylamine</p>
628	Glucose and fructose react with which of the following reagent to give same product.	<p>A. Tollen's reagent</p> <p>B. Phenyl hydrazine</p> <p>C. Hydroxyl amine</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
629	Which of the following isoelectronic ion would require least energy for the removal of electron.	<p>A. Ca^{2+}</p> <p>B. Cl^{-}</p> <p>C. Ar</p> <p>D. K^{+}</p>
630	Which of the following electrolytes will be most effective in the coagulation of arsenic sulphide sol.	<p>A. NaNO_3</p> <p>B. AlPO_4</p> <p>C. MgSO_4</p> <p>D. $\text{K}_4[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]$</p>
631	Which one of the following is not formed when an electric discharge passes through helium.	<p>A. HeH^{+}</p> <p>B. HeH_2^{+}</p> <p>C. He_2^{+}</p> <p>D. He_2^{-}</p>
632	Which of the following type of polymerization is used for the preparation of synthetic rubber.	<p>A. Free radical</p> <p>B. Ziegler-Natta</p> <p>C. Cationic</p> <p>D. Anionic</p>
633	UV radiation from the sun causes a reaction in the atmosphere that leads to production	<p>A. Fluorides</p> <p>B. Carbon monoxide</p> <p>C. Sulphur dioxide</p> <p>D. Ozone</p>

A. Decomposition is due to autotrophic

634	Which of the following statements is not related to the decomposition phenomenon occurring in nature.	<p>organisms</p> <p>B. Decomposition involves bacteria and fungi</p> <p>C. During decomposition organisms carry out specific reactions</p> <p>D. Many species of decomposer are present in the biosphere</p>
635	Which of the following is biodegradable pollutant.	<p>A. Domestic waste</p> <p>B. DDT</p> <p>C. Mercury salt</p> <p>D. Aluminum foil</p>
636	What is caustic potash	<p>A. NaOH</p> <p>B. KOH</p> <p>C. NaCl</p> <p>D. KCl</p>
637	Which of the following pollutants does not leave a residue.	<p>A. Air pollutant</p> <p>B. Chemical pollutant</p> <p>C. Soil pollutant</p> <p>D. Noise pollutant</p>
638	Temporary hard water is softened on industrial scale by adding.	<p>A. $Mg(OH)_2$</p> <p>B. $Ca(OH)_2$</p> <p>C. KOH</p> <p>D. NaOH</p>
639	Which of the following process is not related with Carnot cycle.	<p>A. Isothermal expansion</p> <p>B. Adiabatic expansion</p> <p>C. Isothermal compression</p> <p>D. Isobaric compression</p>
640	An equal volume mixture explodes with violence	<p>A. H_2 & N_2O</p> <p>B. H_2 & NO</p> <p>C. H_2 & N_2O_4</p> <p>D. H_2 & N_2O_3</p>
641	The juice is allowed to boil at lower temperatures to protect the sugar from	<p>A. Hardening</p> <p>B. Solubility in water</p> <p>C. Caramelization</p> <p>D. Dewatering</p>
642	In a bucky ball each carbon atom is bound in _____ adjacent carbon atoms.	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 3</p> <p>D. 4</p>
643	Mostly used solvents for ionic compounds.	<p>A. Liquid ammonia</p> <p>B. Liquid SO_2</p> <p>C. Liquid HF</p> <p>D. All above</p>
644	Helium contents in the atmosphere by volume.	<p>A. 0.0005%</p> <p>B. 0.0015%</p> <p>C. 0.0001%</p> <p>D. 0.00001%</p>
645	Compounds formed when noble gases get entrapped in the cavities of crystal lattices of certain organic and inorganic compounds are called.	<p>A. Interstitial compounds</p> <p>B. Hydrates</p> <p>C. Clathrates</p> <p>D. Picrates</p>
646	Chlorine gas acts as a bleaching agent only in presence of.	<p>A. dry air</p> <p>B. Moisture</p> <p>C. Sunlight</p> <p>D. Pure oxygen</p>
647	The fertilizers which provide single nutrient from NPK are called _____ fertilizer	<p>A. Straight</p> <p>B. compound</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
648	Valence bond theory is also called as	<p>A. Electron pair theory</p> <p>B. Band theory</p> <p>C. Electron gas theory</p> <p>D. Electron pool theory</p>
649	VBT does not explain	<p>A. Absorption spectra</p> <p>B. Color of transition metal ion</p> <p>C. Heat of formation</p> <p>D. All above</p>
650	The H_2SO_4 obtained by the contact process having purity	<p>A. 70%</p> <p>B. 74%</p>

650	The H ₂ O ₄ obtained by the contact process having purity	C. 78% D. 82%
651	Rutherford proposed the nuclear model of the atom to account for the result of experiments in which the alpha particles are scattered from metal foils. Which of the following statements is not related to Rutherford's observation.	A. An atom consists of a central core or nucleus around which the protons exist. B. The nucleus has most of the mass of the atom C. The nucleus consists of protons and neutrons. D. Each distinct atom has a specific number of protons.
652	A diameter of human hair is approximately _____ m	A. 75000 B. 75 C. 7.5×10^{-5} D. 7.5×10^{-9}
653	Eosin dye belongs to the group of dyes known as.	A. Nitroso dyes B. Triphenylmethane dyes C. Diphenylmethane dyes D. Phthalein dyes
654	The Lewis structure of which of the following does not have a coordinate bond.	A. SO ₂ B. HNO ₃ C. H ₂ SO ₄ D. HNO ₂
655	Estimation of nitrogen in proteins is generally carried out by the method.	A. Duma's method B. Van Slyke method C. Kjeldahl's method D. Carius method
656	The alkali metal that reacts with nitrogen directly to form nitrides.	A. Na B. K C. Rb D. Li
657	The percentage of nitrogen in urea is.	A. 36% B. 46% C. 55% D. 65%
658	High density polyethylene has which type of structure.	A. Linear B. Branch chain C. Cross linked D. Any one of these
659	Greenish yellow gas with pungent irritating odour	A. Chlorine B. Fluorine C. Iodine D. Bromine
660	Human hearing is sensitive to frequency in the range of about	A. 10,000 - 20,000 Hz B. 10 - 10,000 Hz C. 16 - 20,000 Hz D. None of the above
661	Which of the following statements is not related with chemical equilibrium.	A. The properties of the system become constant B. The equilibrium can be approached from either direction C. The chemical equilibrium is static in nature D. A catalyst can hasten the approach towards equilibrium
662	Which of the following statements is not correct with the concept of Brønsted concept of acids and bases.	A. An acid can donate a proton B. A base can accept a proton C. This concept has many bases that have OH ⁻ ions D. This concept is more general
663	Used for sterilization of drinking water	A. F B. Br C. Cl D. I
664	The oxidation state of HClO ₄	A. +7 B. +3 C. +5 D. +1
665	The structure of SO ₂	A. Linear B. Angular C. V-shaped D. Planar
666	Which of the following groups will have a hyperconjugative effect when attached to	A. -CH ₃ B. -C ₆ H ₅

666	benzene.	C. -----C(CH ₃) ₃ D. -----CH(CH ₃) ₂
667	The element with maximum first ionization energy is.	A. B B. N C. O D. C
668	Which of the following steps are involved in the extraction of copper.	A. Roasting B. Smelting C. Refining D. All
669	Sodium silicate is used	A. In the paint industry B. For fixing labels to glass C. In a soap industry D. All above
670	1-Butyne on oxymercuration -demercuration would give.	A. Butanone B. Butanal C. Propanol and methanol D. Propanoic acid and formic acid
671	Bitumen is used in	A. Electric generators B. Road surfacing C. Coal tar D. All of above
672	Primary structure of protein refers to	A. Amino acid sequence B. Arrangement of peptide chains C. Orientation of amino acids D. Whether it has a or b helix in space structure.
673	The bonding of transition metal complex was not well understood until the pioneer work of.	A. P. S. Jaiswal B. G. S. Manku C. B. R. Thakral D. Alfred Werner
674	Which type of polymer is Nylon-6?	A. Polyamide B. Polyester C. Addition D. Homopolymer
675	A gas obeying the van Waals equation will closely resemble an ideal gas if	A. The parameters 'a' and 'b' are small B. 'a' is small but 'b' is large C. 'a' is large but 'b' is small D. None of the above
676	Which of the following is not a component of a hollow cathode lamp.	A. Anode B. Cathode C. Filter gas D. Atomic vapour
677	The electronegativity of phosphorus is.	A. 3.0 B. 2.1 C. 2.0 D. 1.9
678	Nitric acid is used in the manufacturing of.	A. Dyes B. Drugs C. Artificial silk D. All above
679	An example of an acyclic polyterpene is	A. Myrcene B. Buna-S C. Synthetic rubber D. Natural rubber
680	In normal mode of operation of liquid-liquid partition, a polar stationary phase is used with a non-polar mobile phase. Which of the following solvents is used as the mobile phase.	A. Ethanol B. Propanol C. Butanol D. Hexane
681	Which of the following chemical strong oxidizing agent is used in COD test.	A. KMnO ₄ B. H ₂ SO ₄ C. CH ₃ COOH D. K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇
682	In which pair of species, the Lewis formula contains the same number of lone pairs and bond pairs but they are not isoelectronic.	A. O ₂ , B ₂ B. SO ₂ , O ₃ C. PCl ₃ , BF ₃ D. SOCl ₂ , COCl ₂
683	The relative error is usually expressed as	A. Parts per ten B. Parts per one C. Parts per hundred D. Both C and D

684	Which of the following statement is false about resonance.	A. It increase the stability of a molecule B. It leads to similar type of bonds C. It increase the reactivity of the molecule D. It decrease the reactivity of the molecule.
685	Among sodium phosphate, sodium sulphate and sodium chloride the solubility in water increases as.	A. Chloride > Phosphate > Sulphate B. Sulphate > Pohosphate> Chloride C. Chloride > Sulphate > Phosphate D. Phosphate > Chloride > Sulphate
686	Who coined the word nanotechnology.	A. Eric Drexler B. Richard Feynamann C. Sumio tijma D. Richard smalley
687	Metal crystallize is system having co ordination number	A. 8 B. 12 C. 14 D. any one of above
688	In bi sulphate ion, the formal charge on sulphru atom is.	A. +1 B. +2 C. +4 D. +6
689	Used in Geiger counter to detect radioactivity	A. He B. Ne C. Ar D. Kr
690	Inter halogens are of types.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
691	In smelting process the ore is mixed with	A. Silica B. Coke C. Limestone D. All
692	The change in the concentration of the reactant of product per units time is called.	A. Order of the reaction B. Melecularity of the reaction C. Rate of reaction D. None of the above
693	Arrangement of peptide chains of protein in spec to form helix stucture is referred to as.	A. Primary structure B. Secondary structure C. Tertiary structure D. Quaternary structure
694	For one mole a gas, the total kinetic energy is equal to.	A. $\frac{2}{3} R t$ B. $\frac{3}{2} R T$ C. $\frac{2}{3} k T$ D. $\frac{3}{2} k T$
695	The point group of XeOF ₄ is.	A. C _{6v} B. C _{4h} C. D _{4h} D. D _{2h}
696	The statement that heat cannot flow spontaneously from a colder to a hotter body is the result of.	A. The first law of thermodynamics B. The second law of thermodynamics C. The third law of thermodynamics D. Henry's law
697	The bond order for BO molecule is.	A. 2.5 B. 3.0 C. 2.0 D. 3.5
698	Phenol on reaction with ethanoic anhydrides in the presence of sodium ethanoate gives.	A. Phenyl benzoate B. Ethyl benzoate C. Phenyl ethanoate D. Phenyl methyl ether
699	The pK _a of acetic acid is 4.74 which implies that.	A. pH of 1N solution is 4.74 B. At pH 4.74 the dissociation of acetic acid is maximum C. At pH 4.74 half of the acetic acid molecules are dissociated in the solution. D. At pH 4.74 the dissociation of acetic acid is minimum.

700	What is abuckyball	<p>A. A carbon molecule</p> <p>B. Nickname for Mercedes -Benz's futuristic concept car (CII)</p> <p>C. Plastic explosives nanoparticle (C4)</p> <p>D. Concrete nanoparticle with a compressive strength of 20 nanonewtons(C20)</p>
701	Chlorine when attached to benzene has	<p>A. +1 and + R effect</p> <p>B. -1 and - R effect</p> <p>C. -1 and +R effect</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
702	Which of the following should have the largest dipole moment.	<p>A. Carbon tetrachloride</p> <p>B. Cis-stibeu</p> <p>C. Trans-atibeue</p> <p>D. Cis-dichloroethylene</p>
703	The chemical method of separation in which the analytes to be separated are distributed between two phases, one of which is stationary phase while the other moves in a definite direction This technique is known as.	<p>A. Electrophoreals</p> <p>B. Chromatography</p> <p>C. Solvent extraction</p> <p>D. Catachreals</p>
704	The number of hydrogen bonds boding A _____ T pair is	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 3</p> <p>D. 4</p>
705	Which of the following statements regarding phenols is not correct.	<p>A. Phenol ls are stronger acids than water and alcohols.</p> <p>B. Phenol are weaker acids than carboxylic acids</p> <p>C. Phenol are solubel in both aqueous NaOH and aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate</p> <p>D. Phenoxides ions are more stable than the corresponding phenol</p>
706	In the Friedel-Craft acylation, the amount of AlCl3 tha tmust be taken is	<p>A. In catalytic amount</p> <p>B. One equivalent</p> <p>C. More then one equivalent</p> <p>D. Amount does not matter</p>
707	The titration involving oxidation reduction reactions is called.	<p>A. Complex titration</p> <p>B. Simplex titration</p> <p>C. Redox titration</p> <p>D. Acid base titration</p>
708	carbon monoxide is harmful to human beings as it.	<p>A. Is carcinogenic</p> <p>B. Is antagonistic to CO2</p> <p>C. Has higher affinity for haemoglobin as compared to oxygen</p> <p>D. Is destructive to O3</p>
709	In plant noise control, which of the following method is used for reducing noise	<p>A. Plant planning</p> <p>B. Control at the source</p> <p>C. Control of radiated noise</p> <p>D. All above</p>
710	The main active contaminants of nuclear reactors are.	<p>A. Co- 60</p> <p>B. Mn -54</p> <p>C. Sr-60</p> <p>D. All above</p>
711	Which of the following is the best indicator for titration of CH3COH with NaOH	<p>A. Methyl orange</p> <p>B. Methyl red</p> <p>C. Phenolphthalein</p> <p>D. Eosin</p>
712	Which of the following factors effect the strengths of acids and bases.	<p>A. Inductive effect</p> <p>B. Romance effect</p> <p>C. Hydrogen effect</p> <p>D. All above</p>
713	The terpenoid responsible fo the smell	<p>A. Camphor</p> <p>B. Genenial</p> <p>C. Citral</p> <p>D. Carvone</p>
714	Which of the following species is determined by complex metric titrations.	<p>A. K+</p> <p>B. Na+</p> <p>C. Ca+</p> <p>D. Cl-</p>
		<p>A. <sup>To affect the machinability ductility and shrinkage depending on form</sup></p>

715	What is the effect of manganese in cast iron.	B. To reduce hardness by combining with sulfur below 0.5% and increase hardness above 0.55 C. To dioxide molten cast iron D. Have no effect
716	Which of the following is the most abundant alkaline earth metal.	A. Be B. Mg C. Ca D. Sr
717	Which of the following health effect is caused by cadmium.	A. Hypertension B. Cardiovascular problem C. Kidney damage D. All above
718	The electronic configuration of sodium (Z=11)	A. 1s2, 2s2, 2p4 B. 1s2, 2s2, 2p6, 3s2, 2p5 C. 1s2, 2s2, 2p6, 3s1 D. 1s2, 2s2, 2p6, 3s2
719	Water that easily forms a lather of films and frotha when agitated with a soap solution called.	A. Hard water B. Heavy water C. Soft water D. Washing water
720	The volume of given mass of gas at constant pressure is directly proportional to the absolute temperature.This is a statement of.	A. Charles's law B. Boyle's law C. Avogadro's law D. Dalton's law
721	Equal volumes of all gases, under similar conditions of temperature and pressure, contain equal number of molecules. This is a statement of.	A. Graham's law B. Dalton's law C. Avogadro' law D. Boyle's law
722	It is known that AgCl is insoluble in HNO3 but dissolves readily in NH4OH solution .Which of the following statement is not correct.	A. Ag ion reacts to form complex with NH4OH solution B. The concentration of Ag ion decreases C. Ionic product is less than the solubility product D. Ionic product is greater than solubility product
723	Among group IA elements, melting point	A. Increases down the group B. Decreases down the group C. Do not show any regular trend D. Remains constant
724	Which of the following method is used to separate small molecules form the larges molecules from the larger molecules in diffusing through a membrane.	A. Dialysis B. HPLC C. FPLC D. TLC
725	Which of the following statement is related with CO.	A. It is a colorless and tasteless gas B. It has less affinity to words hemoglobin C. It has a boiling point of -192 °C D. It is a dangerous asphyxiant
726	Pick out the incorrect statement for Xe F6	A. XeF6 is hydrolyzed practically to form XeOF4 B. It reacts with SiO2 to form Xe F4 C. On complete hydrolysis, it forms XeO3 D. It acts as F acceptor when treated with alkali metal fluoride, but cannot act as F donor to form complexes.
727	Considering the elements F, Cl ,O and N, the correct order of their chemical reactivity in terms of oxidizing property is.	A. F > Cl > N B. F > O > Cl > N C. Cl > F > O > N D. O > F > N > Cl
728	Which of the following statement represent advantages of sanitary Landfill	A. Economical method B. Low initial investment C. Flexible daily capacity D. All above
729	What is a measure of rigidity?	A. Stiffness B. Hardness C. Rigidity D. Elasticity

		<p>C. Strength</p> <p>D. Modulus of elasticity</p>
730	Which of the following is NOT a hardware requirement for die casting.	<p>A. Water cooled metal cavities</p> <p>B. Machined metal holding blocks</p> <p>C. Ejection mechanism</p> <p>D. Metal mold</p>
731	The formula of Bauxite is.	<p>A. Al_2O_3</p> <p>B. $Al_2O_3 \cdot 2H_2O$</p> <p>C. Al_2O_3, H_2O</p> <p>D. Na_3AlF_6</p>
732	Soft drinks and baby feeding bottles are generally made up	<p>A. Polyether</p> <p>B. Polyurethens</p> <p>C. Polyamide</p> <p>D. Polyethylene</p>
733	Group III A of the periodic table consist of elements.	<p>A. 3</p> <p>B. 4</p> <p>C. 5</p> <p>D. 6</p>
734	For a given mass of a gas, if pressure is reduced to half and temperature is doubled, then volume.	<p>A. $2V$</p> <p>B. $4V$</p> <p>C. $8V$</p> <p>D. V</p>
735	Coordinate compounds are	<p>A. Polar</p> <p>B. Non polar</p> <p>C. Depolar</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
736	It is possible to distinguish between optical isomers.	<p>A. Using chemical tests</p> <p>B. By mass spectrometry</p> <p>C. By IR spectroscopy</p> <p>D. By polarimetry</p>
737	Who was the first scientist to describe that substance having Nano dimensions possess altogether different and unique properties.	<p>A. Richard Feynmann</p> <p>B. Erick Drexler</p> <p>C. Archimedes</p> <p>D. Michael Faraday</p>
738	Select a basic amino acid.	<p>A. Glycine</p> <p>B. Cystine</p> <p>C. Alanine</p> <p>D. Lysine</p>
739	The current voltage characteristics forms the basis of.	<p>A. Thermal analysis</p> <p>B. Potentiometry</p> <p>C. Polarography</p> <p>D. Colorimetry</p>
740	The internal resistance to flow possessed by a liquid is called its.	<p>A. Fluidity</p> <p>B. Viscosity</p> <p>C. Surface tension</p> <p>D. Turbidity</p>
741	Which of the following substance has been advocated as fuel of future.	<p>A. O_2</p> <p>B. N_2</p> <p>C. H_2</p> <p>D. H_2O</p>
742	Gutta percha is	<p>A. Cis poly isoprene</p> <p>B. Trans -polyisoprene</p> <p>C. Polyethylene</p> <p>D. Polyisobutylene</p>

A. This law explains why chemical

743	Which of the following statement is not related to applications and limitations of first law of thermodynamics.	<p>reactions proceed to completion</p> <p>B. It is silent about the source of heat</p> <p>C. It is silent about the direction of heat</p> <p>D. It does not tell us about the reversible process.</p>
744	Bromination of n-butane produces.	<p>A. 1-bromobutane as the major product</p> <p>B. 2-bromobutane as the major product</p> <p>C. Both 1-bromo and 2-bromobutane with equal percentage</p> <p>D. Both 1-bromo and 2-bromo products whose percentage depends upon temperature.</p>
745	Which of the following does not belong in the group of herocyclic dyes.	<p>A. Acridine</p> <p>B. Cyanine</p> <p>C. Methylene blue</p> <p>D. Amido black</p>
746	Burning of fossil fuels is the main sources of which of the following pollutant.	<p>A. Nitrogen oxide</p> <p>B. Nitric oxide</p> <p>C. Nitrous oxide</p> <p>D. Sulphur dioxide</p>
747	In the metallurgy of iron, when limestone is added to the blast furnaced, the calcium ion ends up in	<p>A. Slag</p> <p>B. Gangue</p> <p>C. Metallic calcium</p> <p>D. Calcium carbonate</p>
748	Water pollution is due to	<p>A. Agricultural discharges</p> <p>B. Swages and other wastes</p> <p>C. Industrial effects</p> <p>D. All the above</p>
749	What is the oxidation number of the central meal atom in the coordination compound. $[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_4\text{Cl}_2]\text{Cl}$	<p>A. -1</p> <p>B. 0</p> <p>C. +2</p> <p>D. +3</p>
750	A trend which is common to elements of both the group IA and group VII A ongoing from top to bottom.	<p>A. Boiling point increases</p> <p>B. Electron affinity increases</p> <p>C. Oxidizing power increases</p> <p>D. Ionization energy decrease</p>
751	Cement is a mixture of	<p>A. Clay and clinker</p> <p>B. Clay limestone and gypsum</p> <p>C. Limestone and gypsum</p> <p>D. Binder</p>
752	Potassium reacts with excess of oxygen to form	<p>A. K_2O</p> <p>B. K_2O_2</p> <p>C. KO_2</p> <p>D. K_2O_3</p>
753	During the last two centuries, the atmospheric CO_2 contents are increased by	<p>A. 15%</p> <p>B. 25%</p> <p>C. 35%</p> <p>D. 50%</p>
754	An example of nitro dyes is.	<p>A. Martius yellow</p> <p>B. Auramine O</p> <p>C. Malachite green</p> <p>D. Methyl red</p>
755	Argon is used in filling of.	<p>A. Discharge tubes</p> <p>B. Luminous tube</p> <p>C. Fluorescent tubes</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
756	The increasing order of energies of various sub shells is	<p>A. $1s < 2s < 3s < 2p < 3p < 4s < 3d$</p> <p>B. $1s < 2s < 2p < 3s < 3p < 4s < 3d$</p> <p>C. $1s < 2s < 2p < 3s < 3p < 4s < 3d$</p> <p>D. $1s < 2s < 2p < 3p < 3d < 4s$</p>
757	The percentage of nitrogen in ammonia is _____ %	<p>A. 32</p> <p>B. 82</p> <p>C. 25</p> <p>D. 55</p>
758	A stable molecule is a group of atoms held together by	<p>A. Chemical forces</p> <p>B. Physical forces</p> <p>C. Valence force</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
759	Of the following an amphoteric hydroxide is.	<p>A. $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$</p> <p>B. NaOH</p> <p>C. $\text{Be}(\text{OH})_2$</p> <p>D. $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$</p>

		D. Li OH
760	The proper number of significant figures in the number 0.0780 is.	A. 3 B. 1 C. 4 D. 2
761	Ionic reactions mainly take place in.	A. Aqueous solutions and organic solvents of high polarity B. Non aqueous solvents of low polarity C. Gaseous state D. Solid state
762	In the process of electrosmosis	A. Colloidal particles move towards the electrodes B. Both colloidal particles and dis persons medium move C. Only dispersion medium moves to carry the current D. Positively charged colloidal particles move, but negatively charged particles remain stationary
763	The formula of copper pyrite is.	A. CuFeS B. CuFeS ₂ C. Cu ₂ FeS D. Cu Fe ₂ S
764	Which of the following is an acceptable value fo the molecularity.	A. 0 B. 2 C. 6 D. 3/2
765	According to SHAB, Lewis acid are divided into.	A. Two classes B. Three classes C. Four classes D. None of above
766	Which of the following oxides is amphoteric..	A. CaO B. BaO C. BeO D. MgO
767	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to electrometric effect.	A. It is permanent effect B. It is brought into play instantaneously at the demand of attacking reagent C. It proceeds a polar addition reaction D. The original electronic condition is restored after the removal of tacking reagent.
768	Soapy detergents and soapless detergents behave differently in hard water because they	A. Have different hydrophilic heads B. Have different hydrophobic hydrocarbon chains C. Have different pH values D. Above A and C both
769	Aromatic amine (X) was treated with alcoholic potash and another compound (Y) when foul smelling gas was formed with formula C ₂ H ₃ N (Y) was formed by reacting a compound (Z) with Cl ₂ in the presence of slaked lime . The compound (Z) is	A. C ₆ H ₅ NC B. CHCl ₃ C. CH ₃ CH ₂ OH D. C ₆ H ₅ NH ₂
770	The bond angle between hybrid orbitals in methane is	A. 115.5° B. 109.5° C. 105.7° D. 120°
771	Considering the element B, C, N, G and Si, the correct order of their non- metallic character is.	A. B > C > Si > N > F B. Si > C > B > N > F C. F > N > C > B > Si D. F > N > c > > Si > B
772	The number of significance figures in the number 80.7 is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
773	If there are only two components in a solution with mole fraction X _A and X _B then which of the following relation is correct.	A. X _A + X _B = 0 B. X _A + X _B > 1 C. X _A = X _B < 1 D. X _A = 1 - X _B
774	A process in which no heat enters leaves the system is called.	A. Isochoric B. Isobaric C. Adiabatic D. Reversible

775	Allotropic form of tin	A. White tin B. Grey tin C. Rhomic tin D. All above
776	The electron gain enthalpy of chlorine is -349 KJ mol ⁻¹ ionization energy of Cl would be.	A. -349 kJ mol ⁻¹ B. 349 kJ mol ⁻¹ C. -698 kJ mol ⁻¹ D. 698 kJ mol ⁻¹
777	Calender stock is a process in paper making in which.	A. Thickness of the paper is reduced B. Surface of paper is made smooth C. Moisture is removed D. Both A and B
778	One arm of each t-RNA terminates in the base sequence.	A. UGU B. GGC C. ACT D. CCA
779	Which of the following is not an organic precipitating agent.	A. Diemethglyoxime B. Cuperon C. Oxime D. Acetate
780	The element Uuu has atomic numebr	A. 102 B. 111 C. 101 D. 110
781	Which of the following techniques is used to separate a mixture of cations.	A. GC B. FPLC C. Ion exchange chromatography D. Size exchange chromatography
782	Which of the following statement is not true in case of catalytic reforming.	A. High temperature results in loss of reformat yield B. High naphthenic stock require high space velocity C. Presence of water decrease the hydrocracking activity. D. None of above
783	The branch of physics that mathematically describes the wave properties of electron in atomic is called.	A. Statistical Mechanics B. Quantum Mechanics C. Chemical statistics D. Thermodynamics
784	The lowest K.E. for an electron is three dime national cubic box is given by	A. $\frac{h^2}{8ma^2}$ B. $\frac{3h^2}{8ma^2}$ C. $\frac{9h^2}{8ma^2}$ D. $\frac{16h^2}{8ma^2}$
785	Stainless steel consists of which elements.	A. Fe only B. Cr only C. Fe and Ni D. Fe ,Ni and Cr
786	What is the following is incorrect.	A. Water is more polar than H ₂ S B. H ₂ O ₂ is a planar molecule C. Heavy water is produced by the exhaustive electrolysis of water made acidic D. H ₂ O ₂ act both as oxidising as well as reducing agent in acidic medium
787	In the Aluminothermite process, aluminium acts as.	A. An oxidizing agent B. A reducing agent C. A flux D. A Solder
788	The change of chemical potential of any component with temperature an constant P and composition, is euqal to.	A. Partial molar enthalpy of that component B. Partial molar volume C. Partial molar free energy D. Negative of the partial molar entropy
789	The process requirieng the absorption of energy of.	A. F = F B. Cl = Cl C. H = H D. O = O
790	Aluminium hydroxide is.	A. An acid B. An amphoteric hydroxide C. A base D. An explosive hydroexide

A. They have high m n and h n

791	Which of the following is not a general property of amino acids.	<p>A. They have high m.p. and b.p.</p> <p>B. They are soluble in water</p> <p>C. Their dipole moments are high</p> <p>D. They are amorphous solids</p>
792	Ammonia is utilized for	<p>A. Manufacture of urea</p> <p>B. Oxidation to nitric acid</p> <p>C. Manufacture of ammonium sulphate</p> <p>D. All above</p>
793	Sterols are steroids having the functional group.	<p>A. Ketonic</p> <p>B. Alcoholic</p> <p>C. Phenolic</p> <p>D. Aldehydic</p>
794	The pH of the tears is	<p>A. 7.0</p> <p>B. 7.4</p> <p>C. 7.8</p> <p>D. 8.2</p>
795	The gap between occupied and the unoccupied orbitals is not very large and the conduction of electricity is negligible at lower temperature and appreciable at high temperatures then it will be.	<p>A. Good conductor</p> <p>B. Non conductor</p> <p>C. Semi conductor</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
796	AlCl ₃ fumes in air because of.	<p>A. Hydrolysis</p> <p>B. Dehydration</p> <p>C. Hydration</p> <p>D. Oxidation</p>
797	The different layers in graphite are held together by	<p>A. Ionic bonding</p> <p>B. Metallic bonding</p> <p>C. Covalent bonding</p> <p>D. Van der Waals forces</p>
798	According to the Langmuir isotherm, when the pressure of the gas is very large, the adsorption.	<p>A. Is directly proportional to pressure</p> <p>B. Is inversely proportional to pressure</p> <p>C. Is directly proportional to the square of the pressure.</p> <p>D. Is independent of pressure</p>
799	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to hardness of water.	<p>A. It is due to soluble salts of Na</p> <p>B. It is due to soluble salts of Ca</p> <p>C. It is due to soluble salts of Mg</p> <p>D. It is due to soluble salts of Fe</p>
800	The IUPAC name of C ₂ (CN) ₃ is	<p>A. 2,3-dicyano butanedinitrile</p> <p>B. 2,3 -dicyano -2- butenedinitrile</p> <p>C. 1,1,2,2-tetracyanoethane</p> <p>D. 1,1,2,2, tetracyanoethene</p>
801	Peeling of ozone umbrella is due to.	<p>A. CFCa</p> <p>B. PAN</p> <p>C. CO₂</p> <p>D. Coal burning</p>
802	Which cast iron is hard and wear resistant.	<p>A. Grey iron</p> <p>B. White iron</p> <p>C. Malleable iron</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
803	For an elementary reaction 2A + B → C + D The molecularity of the reaction is.	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2+</p> <p>C. 3</p> <p>D. 4</p>
804	Which name is associated with the rules which help in predicting the portability of anion.	<p>A. Soddy</p> <p>B. Slater</p> <p>C. Fajan</p> <p>D. Linus pauling</p>
805	The attraction which exists between carbon dioxide molecules in solid carbon dioxide is due to.	<p>A. Van der Waal's forces</p> <p>B. Molecule ion forces</p> <p>C. ionic bonds</p> <p>D. hydrogen bonds</p>
806	An acid base titration involves a neutralization reaction in which an acid is reacted with an equivalent amount of base The titrant is always a strong acid or base The analyte may be	<p>A. Strong acid</p> <p>B. Strong base</p> <p>C. Weak acid and Weak base</p> <p>D. All above</p>
807	When Si is doped with As, it becomes	<p>A. Superconductor</p> <p>B. p-type conductor</p> <p>C. N-type conductor</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
808	The electronegativity of the following elements increase in the order	<p>A. F > Cl > O > S</p> <p>B. S > Cl > O > F</p> <p>C. F > O > N > C</p> <p>D. C > N > O > F</p>

809	The number of moles of solute dissolved in 1000 gram of the solvent is called	A. Formality B. Molality C. Molarity D. Mole fraction
810	Which of the following is an azo dye.	A. Congo red B. Rhodamine B C. Erythrocin D. Paraosaniline
811	Which of the following gas does not exist free on earth.	A. N ₂ B. H ₂ C. O ₂ D. CH ₄
812	How many oxygen atoms lined up in a row would fit in a one nanometer space.	A. None an oxygen atoms is bigger than 1 nm B. One C. Seven D. None of the above
813	The maximum covalence of an element equal to.	A. The number of unpaired d electrons B. The number of paired p electrons C. The number of unpaired s and p electrons D. The actual number of s and p electrons in the outermost shell
814	Which among the following is secondary pollutant.	A. CO B. CO ₂ C. PAN D. Aerosol
815	Which of the following have identical bond order.	A. CN ⁻ and O ₂ ⁻ B. CN ⁻ and NO ⁺ C. O ₂ ⁻ and CN ⁺ D. NO ⁺ and CN ⁺
816	Which of the following process is not physical in nature.	A. Mixing B. Flocculation C. Sedimentation D. Activated sludge process
817	The ion that is isoelectronic with CO is	A. CN ⁻ B. O ₂ ⁺ C. CO ₂ ⁻ D. N ₂ ⁺
818	Which of the following does not apply to metallic bond.	A. Overlapping valence orbitals B. Mobile valency electron C. Delocalized electrons D. Highly directed bonds
819	An element with high electronegativity has	A. High IE and high EA B. High IE and low EA C. Low IE and High EA D. Low IE and low EA
820	Which of the following is an allotropic form of hydrogen.	A. O ₂ B. P-H ₂ C. Both A and B D. None of these
821	The plate height is the length of the column divided by	A. Length of the column B. Width of the column C. Number of theoretical plates D. Number of components of the mixture.
822	The silicate chains are present in	A. Silica B. asbestos C. Beryl D. Clays
823	Which of the following agrochemical acts as pollutant.	A. Fertilizers B. Weedicides C. Herbicides D. All above
824	Metallic bond is treated essentially as in character	A. Ionic B. Covalent C. Polar D. Non polar
825	Which of the following is not a pyrimidine base.	A. Uracil B. Thymine C. Cytosine D. Guanine

D. Quinine

826	The noble gases are used due to having property	A. Chemical inertness B. Low boiling point C. Any of a or b D. Both a and b
827	In each period, the most electropositive element belongs to group.	A. 18 B. 17 C. 1 D. 2
828	Which of the following salt is not used in salt bridge to minimize liquids junction potential.	A. KCl B. NH ₄ Cl C. KNO ₃ D. CaCl ₂
829	The particle motion in solids is	A. Only vibratory B. Only translator C. Vibratory and rotatory D. Only translatory
830	Which of the following is not a component of HPLC system.	A. Pumps B. Columns C. Particle collector D. Injection system.
831	Which of the following is a thermometric method.	A. TGA B. DTA C. DTG D. All
832	Urea is fertilizer	A. Nitrogen fertilizer B. Potash fertilizer C. Phosphorous fertilizer D. Complete fertilizer
833	The one in which the acceptor atom is of low positive charge, Large size and has several outer electrons which can be easily excited is a.	A. Soft base B. Hard Base C. Soft acid D. Hard acid
834	The light source in AAS used is	A. UV light B. Visible light C. Radio waved D. Hollow cathode lamp
835	The maximum number of electrons in s,p,d and f sub shells are.	A. 2 in each B. 2, 6, 10, 18 C. 2, 6, 10, 14 D. 5 in each
836	The coordination number of closely packed hexagonal is.	A. 4 B. 6 C. 8 D. 12
837	Lime water is an aqueous solution of.	A. MgSO ₄ B. Ca (OH) ₂ C. CaCO ₃ D. CaSO ₄
838	According to the Grothus -Draper law	A. Only absorbed light is effective in producing photo chemical changes B. Only light between certain wavelengths C. Light is effective only for photo chemical reactions in solution D. The light absorbed is proportional to its intensity
839	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to second law of thermodynamics.	A. It helps in know the position of chemical equilibrium B. It helps to know the position of chemical equilibrium C. It determines the conversion of heat into work D. It is based on Nerst heat theorem
840	Which of the following organic molecule is not aromatic.	A. Benzene B. Naphthalene C. Anthracene D. Cyclo-octatetraene
841	What combination of elements has high electrical resistance high corrosion resistance, and high strength at red heat temperatures, making it useful in resistance heating.	A. Aluminium bronze B. Nichrome C. Hastelloy D. None of above

A. $2s^2 2p^2 3s^2 3p^2 4s^1$

842	Which element among the following cannot exhibit variable electronvalency	<p>A. $\sim 50 \sim$ Cu</p> <p>B. $<sub>50</sub>$ Sn</p> <p>C. $<sub>25</sub>$ Mn</p> <p>D. $<sub>38</sub>$ Sr</p>
843	Which of the following have +3 oxidation states.	<p>A. B & Al</p> <p>B. In & Tl</p> <p>C. B & In</p> <p>D. Al & Tl</p>
844	Carbon in wrought iron is present as	<p>A. Silicon carbide</p> <p>B. Iron carbide cementite</p> <p>C. Graphite</p> <p>D. Partly as iron carbide and partly as graphite</p>
845	Which of the following is the most suitable catalyst for ammonia synthesis.	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Pt</p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">ZnO + Cr₂O₃</p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Fe in fused mixture of Al₂O₃ + SiO₂ + MgO</p></p> <p>D. All of above</p>
846	If the values of standrd deviations for the first and second method differ, then which of the following test helps one to know whether this difference is significant.	<p>A. Student's test</p> <p>B. F-Test</p> <p>C. Chi square test</p> <p>D. Standard deviation</p>
847	Which of the following is not evoked in quantum theory?	<p>A. Schrodinger wave equation</p> <p>B. The rigid rotor approximation</p> <p>C. The particle in a box</p> <p>D. Boltzmann distribution</p>
848	Codon for amino acid glycinc is not represented by base pair	<p>A. GCA</p> <p>B. GGC</p> <p>C. GGA</p> <p>D. GGU</p>
849	The inert gasses AR, Ka, and Xe form solid compounds with certain organic molecules under pressure..	<p>A. Halides</p> <p>B. Hydrates</p> <p>C. Clathrates</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
850	In urea the amount of nitrogen is	<p>A. 82.0%</p> <p>B. 46.0%</p> <p>C. 33.0%</p> <p>D. 21.0%</p>
851	The correct increasing order of bond dissociation energy for N ₂ , O ₂ , F ₂ and Cl ₂ is	<p>A. N₂ < O₂ < F₂ < Cl₂</p> <p>B. F₂ < Cl₂ < O₂ < N₂</p> <p>C. F₂ < Cl₂ < N₂ < O₂</p> <p>D. N₂ < Cl₂ < F₂ < O₂</p>
852	Amino acids are are important in biochemistry which of the following statements is not correct regarding amino acids.	<p>A. These are amphoteric substances tend to undergo internal protein transfer</p> <p>B. In aqueous solutions these substances tend to undergo internal proton transfer</p> <p>C. These for zwitter ion in aqueous medium</p> <p>D. These always contain two amino groups.</p>
853	Stablization of particles and their reactivity is affected by.	<p>A. Surface properties</p> <p>B. Bulk properties</p> <p>C. Regardless to the surface properties</p> <p>D. No of particles</p>
854	Which of the following substance is not weak electrolyte.	<p>A. CH₃COOH</p> <p>B. NH₄OH</p> <p>C. Oxalic Acid</p> <p>D. NaCl</p>
855	Chief source of water and soil pollution in	<p>A. Mining of ores</p> <p>B. Thermal power plant</p> <p>C. Agro industry</p> <p>D. All the above</p>
856	The rising world temperature will have serious effect on.	<p>A. Agriculture</p> <p>B. Animal production</p> <p>C. Human being</p> <p>D. All above</p>

A. Asphalt and tars

857	The expected specific waste for petroleum industry is.	<p>A. Asphalts and tars</p> <p>B. Paper</p> <p>C. Cloth</p> <p>D. Fibre</p>
858	Ozone filters out radiation below.	<p>A. $<div>0</div>1000\text{ A}$</p> <p>B. $<div>0</div><div>2000\text{ A}</div>$</p> <p>C. $<div>0</div><div>3000\text{ A}</div>$</p> <p>D. $<div>0</div>4000\text{ A}$</p>
859	The multiplicity of the electronic state is equal to.	<p>A. $S + 1$</p> <p>B. $2S + 1$</p> <p>C. $2S - 2$</p> <p>D. $2S + 2$</p>
860	Which of the following substance is released into environment in the nuclear power plants.	<p>A. Iodine -131</p> <p>B. Argon - 41</p> <p>C. Sr-90</p> <p>D. Cs- 137</p> <p>E. All above</p>
861	Pick out the incorrect statement for XeF ₄	<p>A. XeF₄ disproportionate violently with water</p> <p>B. It is used as fluorinating agent</p> <p>C. It has octahedral structure for geometry</p> <p>D. It oxidizes I to I₂</p>
862	Which of the following is not a correct postulate of the kinetic theory of gases.	<p>A. The molecules are in random motion</p> <p>B. The gaseous collisions are perfectly elastic</p> <p>C. The average kinetic energies of different gases are equal at a particular temperature.</p> <p>D. The pressure exerted on the walls of the container is due to inter molecular forces.</p>
863	Which of the following mixture is used as most popular flame in AAS.	<p>A. Acetylene air</p> <p>B. Acetylene O₂</p> <p>C. Hydrogen air</p> <p>D. Hydrogen O₂</p>
864	Solid sodium chloride does not conduct electricity because.	<p>A. In solid NaCl, no ions are present</p> <p>B. Solid NaCl is covalent in nature</p> <p>C. In solid NaCl, there is no mobility of ions</p> <p>D. In solid NaCl, there are no electrons.</p>
865	In each period the element with least electron affinity belongs to.	<p>A. Group 1</p> <p>B. Group 14</p> <p>C. Group 17</p> <p>D. Group 18</p>
866	The solution of the transition metal complexes having one or more unpaired electrons in the d-orbital are.	<p>A. Coloured</p> <p>B. Colourless</p> <p>C. White</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
867	Nanoscience can be studied with the help of	<p>A. Quantum mechanics</p> <p>B. Newtonian mechanics</p> <p>C. Macro dynamics</p> <p>D. Grophysics</p>
868	The _____ sphere is enclosed in brackets in formulas for complex species, and it includes the central metal ion plus the coordinated group	<p>A. Ligand</p> <p>B. Donor</p> <p>C. Coordination</p> <p>D. Oxiation</p>
869	Which of the following acid radical is not interfering.	<p>A. Phosphate</p> <p>B. Borate</p> <p>C. Flouride</p> <p>D. Sulphate</p>
870	What of the following is not a Lewis base.	<p>A. CN⁻</p> <p>B. AlCl₃</p> <p>C. NH₃</p> <p>D. ROH</p>
871	The correct order of ionic radii for the following ions is.	<p>A. $S^{2-} < Cl^{-} < K^{+}$</p> <p>B. $Cl^{-} > S^{2-} > P^{3-} > K^{+}$</p> <p>C. $K^{+} > Cr^{3+} > S^{2-} > P^{3-}$</p> <p>D. $P^{3+} > S^{2-} > Cl^{-} > K^{+}$</p>
872	At constant temperature and pressure, the decrease in Gibbs free energy (F) is equal to	<p>A. Increase in entropy</p> <p>B. Decrease in entropy</p> <p>C. Reversible work done by the system</p> <p>D. All types of work except the work of</p>

873	Which of the following is branch chain polymer.	<p>A. Glycogen</p> <p>B. Terylene</p> <p>C. PVC</p> <p>D. Orlen</p>
874	In reverse phase chromatography which of the analyte will be eluted more readily.	<p>A. Polar</p> <p>B. Non polar</p> <p>C. Semi polar</p> <p>D. All above</p>
875	The pH of milk is	<p>A. 6.0</p> <p>B. 6.5</p> <p>C. 7.0</p> <p>D. 7.5</p>
876	If a chemical reaction in equilibrium is subjected to a change the reaction tends to more in such a direction that the effect of the change would be neutralized This is a statement of.	<p>A. Law of mass action</p> <p>B. Le Chatlier's principle</p> <p>C. Henery's law</p> <p>D. Correspondence principle</p>
877	The element having highest ionization energy and least electron affinity belong to	<p>A. Period 1 , group 18</p> <p>B. Period 2, group 17</p> <p>C. Period 2, group 1</p> <p>D. Period 2, group 2</p>
878	Refining is	<p>A. Extracting petroleum gas</p> <p>B. Separation of various fraction</p> <p>C. Heating of coal</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
879	Solution with components which obeys Raoult's over the entire composition range are said to be.	<p>A. Real solution</p> <p>B. Regular solutions</p> <p>C. Dilute solutions</p> <p>D. Ideal Solution</p>
880	Pyrolysis gasoline is obtained from.	<p>A. Catalytic cracking</p> <p>B. Gasification</p> <p>C. Steam cracking</p> <p>D. Reforming</p>
881	What is the lowest temperature diffusion hardening process and does not require a quench	<p>A. Carburizing</p> <p>B. Tempering</p> <p>C. Nitriding</p> <p>D. Melting</p>
882	Which of the following techniques is used for cleanup of samples prior to introduction into chromatographic column.	<p>A. Paper chromatography</p> <p>B. TLC</p> <p>C. Solvnent extraction</p> <p>D. Solid phase extraction</p> <p>E. Both C and D</p>
883	A high frequency sound has frequency	<p>A. 100 Hz</p> <p>B. 200 HZ</p> <p>C. 300 Hz</p> <p>D. 500 Hz</p>
884	The unit of sodium chloride structure is.	<p>A. Linear</p> <p>B. Cubic</p> <p>C. Tetrahedral</p> <p>D. Square planner</p>
		<p>A. Ionization enthalpy of X is high</p> <p>electron gain ethalpy of Y is low</p> <p>B. Ionization enthalpy of X is high</p>

885	An ionic compound $X + Y^-$ is most likely to be formed if	B. Ionization enthalpy of X is high electron gain enthalpy of Y is high C. Ionization enthalpy of X is low, electron gain enthalpy of Y is low D. Ionization enthalpy of X is low, electron gain enthalpy of Y is high
886	The process in which ore is heated generally in the presence of air, at temperature below their melting points is called.	A. Calcination B. Roasting C. Fourth floatation D. Bessemerization
887	Earth is protected from U.V. radiations by	A. Carbon dioxide layer B. Oxygen layer C. Ozone layer D. Troposphere
888	Which trihalide is not hydrolysed by water	A. NF_3 B. NCl_3 C. PCl_3 D. AsCl_3
889	The concept is also known as proton donor acceptor system.	A. Bronsted Lowery B. Lewis C. Lux Flood D. Usanovich
890	Which of the following is not correct criteria for an ideal solution.	A. Enthalpy of mixing = 0 B. Volume of mixing = 0 C. Free energy of mixing = 0 D. Obeys Raoult's law
891	The depolarizer used in dry cell batteries is	A. NH_4Cl B. MnO_2 C. KOH D. Na_2PO_4
892	Which of the following allows charge transfer through the solution but prevents mixing of the solution.	A. Anode B. Cathode C. Electrode cell D. Salt bridge
893	Which of the following is a planar molecule.	A. Acetone B. Formic acid C. Acetic acid D. All above
894	Which of the following pairs does not represent Lowery acid base pair.	A. $\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{NH}_3$ B. $\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ C. $\text{HCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ D. $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2 + \text{BF}_3$
895	Which of the following is capable of showing optical isomerism.	A. CH_3COCOOH B. $\text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCOOH}$ C. Both a and b D. All of these
896	Pick out incorrect statement about $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$	A. It oxidizes acidified solution of H_2S to S B. It oxidizes KI to I_2 C. It oxidizes HCl to Cl_2 D. It gives oxygen, when treated with cold conc. H_2SO_4
897	Which show maximum number of oxidation states in 3d series.	A. Mn B. Ni C. Co D. Zn
898	The SI unit of pressure is Pascal it is defined as force per unit area of 1 N/m^2 one atmosphere of pressure is equal to.	A. 760 mm of Hg B. 1 bar C. 101 k Pa D. 760 torr E. All are correct
899	The branch of chemistry which deals with the analysis of chemical products is known as.	A. Physical chemistry B. Organic chemistry C. Inorganic chemistry D. Analytical chemistry
900	Explosive trioxide XeO_3 is produced when	A. XeOF_4 reacts with water B. XeOF_4 reacts with silica C. XeF_4 reacts with water D. Any of above statements
901	In the process of production of soap the soap can be salted out by adding	A. Concentrated sulphuric acid B. Concentrated potassium hydroxide solution C. Concentrated sodium chloride

		solution D. None of above
902	Which of the following hydroxides has the maximum solubility in water.	A. Mg (OH) ₂ B. Ca (OH) ₂ C. Sr (OH) ₂ D. Ba (OH) ₂
903	iodine is used as	A. Tincture of iodine B. Iodex and antiseptic C. Treatment of goiter D. All above
904	On industrial scale chlorine is prepared by	A. Dennis method B. Deacon's process C. Plantner's process D. Aludels process
905	In C ₄ -axis of rotation, an object is rotated through an angle of.	A. 120° B. 180° C. 100° D. 90°
906	A salt solution is treated with chloroform drops. Then it is shaken with chlorine water, chloroform layer becomes violet solution contains.	A. NO ₂ ion B. NO ₃ ion C. Br ion D. I ⁻ ion
907	In reverse phase chromatography which of the analyte will be retained more on the stationary phase.	A. Semi polar B. Non polar C. Polar D. None of the above
908	The number of mole of the solute dissolved per dm ³ of the solution is called.	A. Molality B. Formality C. Normality D. Molarity
909	Which of the following is not a naturally occurring dye.	A. Indigo B. Indigotin C. Alizarin D. Malachite green
910	Granulated sugar containing. _____	A. <p>Glucose</p> B. <p>Fructose</p> C. Maltose D. Sucrose
911	Formation of nano particles involves process like	A. Formation of metal nuclei on different sizes. B. Interaction among the formed particles C. Both A and B D. No interaction among the nano particles synthesized
912	Which of the following reagent cannot be used to detect the phenolic group.	A. Neutral FeCl ₃ B. I ₂ /NaOH C. NaOH solution D. Br ₂ /H ₂ O
913	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to radioactive pollutants.	A. Carcinoma and breast cancer B. Leukemia C. Increases biological immune system D. Somatic and genetic disorder
914	Hydrocarbon X (C ₆ H ₁₂) on oxidation with hot alkaline (KMnO ₄) gives a mixture of propionic acid and dimethyl ketone. The structure of compound X is	A. CH ₃ CH = CHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃ B. (CH ₃) ₂ C = CHCH ₂ CH ₃ C. CH ₃ CH ₂ CH = CHCH ₂ CH ₃ D. (CH ₃) ₂ C = C(CH ₃) ₂
915	If 20 ml of 0.5 N salt solution is diluted in one litre. what is the new concentration.	A. 0.01 N B. 0.001 N C. 1 N D. 10 N
916	Which of the following is most basic.	A. Aniline B. Benzylamine C. Diphenylamine D. N-methylaniline
		A. Transference of electrons B. ...

917	Co ordinate covalent bond found is formed by the	B. Sharing of electrons C. Donation of electrons D. None of these
918	Aluminium reacts with boiling water to liberatedi hydrogen gas along with the formation of.	A. Aluminium oxide B. Aluminium hydroxide C. Aluminium suboxide D. Aluminium superoxide
919	Suppose a sample is analyzed for a particular constituent by two different method One can tell whether the two average values are significantly different by applying which of the following test.	A. Student's test B. F test C. Chi square test D. Variance
920	The major role of Flurospar which is added in small quantities in the electrolytic reduction alumina dissolved in fused cryolite is.	A. As a catalyst B. To make the fused mixture very conducting C. To lower the temperature of the melt D. To decreases the rate of oxidation of carbon at the anode
921	The noble gases are found in the atmosphere to the extent of about some percent by volume.	A. 0.5% B. 1.0% C. 1.5% D. 2.0%
922	The common oxidation state of elements of group V A is.	A. -3 B. +3 C. +5 D. Any above
923	Not a major contributor of engineering ceramics	A. SiC B. SiO ₂ C. Si ₃ N ₄ D. BH ₃
924	Which of the following is a source of energy but does not cause pollution.	A. Gaslone B. Nuclear power plant C. Fossil fuels D. Sun
925	Granulated sugar also known as.	A. Brown sugar B. Refined sugar C. White sugar D. None of these
926	Which of the following gas is not used as carrier gas in GC.	A. Argon B. Nitrogen C. Helium D. CO ₂
927	Which of the following combination is used to make buffer.	A. NaOH and HCl B. KOH and H ₂ SO ₄ C. CH ₃ COOH and CH ₃ COONa D. CH ₃ COOH and NH ₄ OH
928	Which of the following disposal method is used or municipal wastes.	A. Compaction B. Composting C. Recycling D. Chemical processing E. All above
929	Which of the following techniques is bulk technique.	A. Powder XRD B. Single Crystal XRD C. SEM D. TEM
930	The bond length of C = C is	A. 1.20 Å B. 1.34 Å C. 1.54 Å D. 1.68 Å
931	Which of the following configuration is associated with biggest jump between second and third IE.	A. 1s ² , 2s ² , 2p ² B. 1s ² , 2s ² , 2p ⁶ , 3s ¹ C. 1s ² , 2s ² , 2p ⁶ , 3s ² D. 1s ² , 2s ² , 2p ⁶
932	Copper is mainly extracted from witch of the following ore	A. Sulphide ores B. Carbonate ores C. Oxides ores D. Non sulphide ores
933	Which of the ionic possesses highest bond energy.	A. C-C B. Si -Si C. Ge - Ge D. Sn -Sn
934	Which of the following is the most stable towards heat	A. CaCO ₃ B. BaCO ₃

934	which of the following is the most stable towards heat.	C. Na_2CO_3 D. MgCO_3
935	AlCl_3 is used in	A. Manufacturing of petrol B. In borax bead test C. Preservation of food D. All above
936	Correct order of increasing _____ I effect of groups is	A. NO_2 > CN > COOH > F B. F > COOH > CN > NO_2 C. F > CN > NO_2 > COOH D. CN > COOH > NO_2 > F
937	Air pollution is not caused by	A. Pollen grains B. Hydroelectric power C. Industries D. automobiles
938	The diameter of a bucky ball is about _____	A. $>1 \text{ A}$ B. 1 nm C. $>100 \text{ A}$ D. 10 nm
939	Which of the following is not a redox indicator.	A. Ferroin B. Diphenylamine C. Phenolphthalein D. Methyl blue
940	_____ is best in its cleaning action.	A. Soap B. Detergents C. Surfactant D. None of these
941	The half life for a first order reactions 32 s, What was the original concentration if after 2.0 minutes, the reactant concentration is 0.062 M.	A. 0.84 M B. 0.069 M C. 0.091 M D. 0.075 M
942	Which of the following solutions of sulphuric acid will exactly neutralize 25 mL. of 0.2 M NaOH	A. 12.5 mL of 0.1 M solution B. 24 mL OF 0.1 m Solution C. 50 mL of 0.1 M solution D. None of the above
943	Indicate the false statement about corrosion.	A. <p>Plastics and ceramics are immune to many forms of corrosion because they are not good conduction of electricity.</p> B. <p>The corroded member in a corrosion cell is the cathode</p> C. <p>Passivity is a prerequisite for the corrosion protect on many metals</p> D. None of these
944	Al_2Cl_6 is an example of	A. Ionic bond B. Covalent bond C. Coordinate bond D. Metallic bond
945	Visible light is just a portion of radiation emitted by atoms. Which of the following statements is not related with visible light.	A. visible light is electromagnetic in nature. B. It travels with the speed of light C. It is a mass D. The wave number of light is directly proportional to its wave length.
946	The smog is essentially caused by the presence of.	A. O_3 and N_2 B. O_2 and N_2 C. Oxides of sulphur and nitrogen D. O_2 and O_3
		A. <p>Carbon filters</p> B. <p>Centrifuge</p>

947	_____ remove the remaining color producing a water white sugar syrup	<p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Annealing<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Refining<o:p></o:p></p></p>
948	A boy accidentally splashes a few drops of conc. H ₂ SO ₄ on his cotton shirt. A few minutes later, the splashed part blacken and holes appear. This is because the sulphuric acid.	<p>A. Heats up the cotton so that it burns</p> <p>B. Dehydrates the cotton</p> <p>C. Causes cotton to react with oxygen of the air</p> <p>D. Removes the elements of water from cotton</p>
949	The number 7.65 is rounded to.	<p>A. 7.6</p> <p>B. 7.7</p> <p>C. 7.5</p> <p>D. 7.8</p>
950	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding dissociation constant (K _a)?	<p>A. It is a measure of the tendency of an acid to split up into ions</p> <p>B. The greater the value of K_a, more is the dissociation</p> <p>C. It is determined by conductimetric method</p> <p>D. It is not a proper parameter for weak acids</p>
951	The smallest cluster of carbon atoms in Bucky balls known till today consists of _____ carbon atoms.	<p>A. 75</p> <p>B. 20</p> <p>C. 60</p> <p>D. 15</p>
952	The sample characteristics affecting the weight loss curve include.	<p>A. Amount of sample</p> <p>B. Sample particle size</p> <p>C. Heat of decomposition reactions</p> <p>D. All</p>
953	Which of the following has highest ionization energy.	<p>A. Oxygen</p> <p>B. Argon</p> <p>C. Barium</p> <p>D. Caesium</p>
954	The unit of photon is known as.	<p>A. Quantum</p> <p>B. Einstein</p> <p>C. Energy packet</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
955	Group VII A of periodic table consist of elements.	<p>A. 4</p> <p>B. 5</p> <p>C. 6</p> <p>D. 7</p>
956	Group IV A consist of elements.	<p>A. 3</p> <p>B. 4</p> <p>C. 5</p> <p>D. 6</p>
957	Which of the following is the cause of Brownian movement of colloidal particles.	<p>A. Convection currents in the fluid</p> <p>B. Bombardment by the molecules of the dispersion medium</p> <p>C. Settling of dispersed phase under gravity.</p> <p>D. Thermal gradient in the medium</p>
958	The group I steels can be used in what temperature range.	<p>A. 600 °C to 1100 °C</p> <p>B. 1000 °C to 1500 °C</p> <p>C. 1100 °C to 2000 °C</p> <p>D. 200 °C to 800 °C</p>
959	Which of the following statements is not related with Joule Thomson effect.	<p>A. Joule Thomson is an isenthalpic in nature</p> <p>B. H₂ and He show heating effect</p> <p>C. All gases show change in temperature</p> <p>D. The change in temperature depends on initial temperature and nature of the gas.</p> <p>E. Joule Thomson coefficient is defined as $\mu_{JT} = (dT/dP)_H$</p>
960	Co-enzymes can be separated from enzymes by	<p>A. Precipitation</p> <p>B. Dialysis</p>

960	Co enzyme can be separated from enzyme by	C. Hydrolysis D. Distillation
961	Which element are non metals.	A. N & P B. Sb & Bi C. As & Sb D. N & Bi
962	In the forth floatation process for the purification of ores, the ore particles float because.	A. They are light B. Their surface is not easily wetted by water C. They bear electrostatic charge D. They are insoluble
963	For associated liquids, the value of $d/M \times 10^8$ should be (where d is the density, M is the molar mass and n is the coefficient of viscosity)	A. Zero B. Infinte C. Higher than 70 D. Less than 70
964	In quantum theory, which of the following tells us that the prediction of quantum mechanics must pass smoothly into those of classical mechanics as we progress in a continuous way from microscopic to macroscopic.	A. Uncertainty principle B. Correspondence principle C. Probability distribution D. Aufbau principle
965	Which of the following is not obtained when Br ₂ is added to ethylene in the presence of aqueous NaCl solution.	A. Br CH ₂ CH ₂ Br B. Br CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl C. ClCH ₂ CH ₂ Cl D. ClCH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
966	Zero group of the periodic table consists of.	A. Four elements B. Five elements C. Six elements D. Eight elements
967	The substance added to the soil to provide one or more nutrient elements essential for plants growth are called.	A. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Growth hormones<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Fertilizers<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Salts<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>Minerals</p>
968	Among the elements of third period, the element with lowest boiling point belongs to group.	A. 1 B. 14 C. 16 D. 18
969	Which of the following sulphide is yellow in colour.	A. HgS B. PbS C. CdS D. SnS
970	In the formation of H ₂ O molecule, the oxygen atom makes use of.	A. 2p orbitals B. sp hybrid orbitals C. Sp ² hybrid orbitals D. Sp ³ hybrid orbitals
971	Which of the following is not a ligand or complexing agent.	A. NH ₃ B. CH ₃ COOH C. EDTA D. CN ⁻
972	Which of the following hydroxide is amphoteric.	A. B(OH) ₃ B. Al(OH) ₃ C. Ga (OH) ₃ D. In (OH) ₃
973	Dyes used in photographic plates to make them panchromatic is.	A. Cyanine dyes B. Azine dyes C. Phthalocyanine dyes D. Acridine dyes
974	The increase in boiling points of noble gases from He to Xe is due to the	A. Decreases in ionization energy B. Increases in polarizability C. Increase in electron affinity D. Increase in atomic volume
975	Which one of the following has the highest boiling point.	A. H ₂ O B. H ₂ S C. H ₂ Se D. H ₂ Te
976		A. < 1 B. > 1

976	Inorganic acids (HCl, HBr, HNO ₃ etc) have K value.	<p>A. <10</p> <p>C. >10</p> <p>D. <10</p>
977	Aluminum occurs in nature as.	<p>A. Native</p> <p>B. Combined form</p> <p>C. Both native and combined</p> <p>D. Free</p>
978	Which two atoms of hydrogen combine to form a molecule of hydrogen gas. the energy of the hydrogen molecule is.	<p>A. Higher than that of separate H atoms</p> <p>B. Equal to that of separate H atoms</p> <p>C. Lower than that of separate H atoms</p> <p>D. Sometimes lower and sometimes higher than that of separate H.</p>
979	According to SHAH concept the Lewis bases were classified on the basis os.	<p>A. Charge ion size</p> <p>B. Polarization consideration</p> <p>C. Electron and co coordinating ability</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
980	Which of the following polymers is chlorinated.	<p>A. Orlon</p> <p>B. Neoprene</p> <p>C. Dacron</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
981	Which of the following is not biological characteristics of water.	<p>A. COD</p> <p>B. Animals</p> <p>C. Plants</p> <p>D. Viruses</p>
982	The co ordination number of atoms in a hexagonal closed packed structure is	<p>A. 2</p> <p>B. 6</p> <p>C. 12</p> <p>D. 4</p>
983	Which of the following equations represent linear free energy relationship.	<p>A. Hammett equation</p> <p>B. Taft equation</p> <p>C. Helmholtz equation</p> <p>D. Differential equation</p>
984	Which of the following statement is incorrect.	<p>A. An alloy is a mixture of two or more metals</p> <p>B. An alloy is a mixture of two or more metal and non metal elements that have metallic properties</p> <p>C. An alloy has a fixed composition</p> <p>D. An amalgam is an alloy containing Hg</p>
985	Which of the following term refers to nearness between several measurements of the same quantity.	<p>A. Accuracy</p> <p>B. Precision</p> <p>C. Standard error</p> <p>D. Standard error of mean</p>
986	Which of the following technique is the application of voltammetry at a fixed potential to detect changes in the currents as a function of the concentration of the analyte	<p>A. Amperometry</p> <p>B. Coulometry</p> <p>C. Polarography</p> <p>D. Potentiometry</p>
987	The energy gap between σ and σ^* sets in denoted by	<p>A. A</p> <p>B. $10 Dq$</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
988	Which of the following analytical techniques can be used to extract metal ion chelates.	<p>A. Solvent extractions</p> <p>B. Evaporation</p> <p>C. GC</p> <p>D. Distillation</p>
989	The special chrome steels of the stainless variety contain how many percent of chromium.	<p>A. 4 to 8%</p> <p>B. 11 to 17%</p> <p>C. 9 to 10</p> <p>D. 12 to 15</p>
990	The most stable oxidation state shown by lead is.	<p>A. +2, +4</p> <p>B. +2 only</p> <p>C. +3, +4</p> <p>D. +4 only</p>
991	An electron has types of motion	<p>A. Spin motion</p> <p>B. Orbital motion</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>

A. Citral

992	A terpenoid which has as alcoholic group in the molecule is.	B. Camphor C. Menthol D. Carvone
993	The term accuracy refers to how near the observed value is to.	A. Mean value B. Low value C. True value D. Standard value E. Both C and D
994	In a one -component system the maximum number of phase that can consist in equilibrium is.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
995	What is the function of Head Box in paper making machine.	A. It dry the paper B. It reduces thickness of paper C. It makes the surface of paper smooth D. It discharge the pulp at the screen of fourdrinier table
996	Which of the following elements with excess oxygen to form proxides.	A. Ca B. Mg C. Li D. Ba
997	Formula of orthophosphoric acid	A. H ₂ PO ₄ B. H ₃ PO ₂ C. H ₃ PO ₃ D. H ₂ P ₂ O ₅
998	Which of the following process involves the use fo organic compound as an electron acceptor.	A. Aerobic respiration B. Anaerobic respiration C. Fermentation D. Glycolsis
999	Identify an oxygenated cyclic terpenoid	A. a- pinene B. Camphor C. Citral D. Geranial
1000	White Phosphorus is kept under	A. Cold water B. Ammonia liquor C. Ethanol D. Kerosene
1001	The alkali metal with highest melting point is	A. K B. Na C. Li D. Ca
1002	The central metal atom or ion and the ligands that are directly attached to it are enclosed in a square bracket called.	A. Coordiantion complex B. Coordination sphere C. Coordination number D. Coordination compounds
1003	While compacting the concrete by a mechanical vibrator, the slump should not exceed.	A. 2.5 cm B. 10 cm C. 3.1 cm D. 5.0 cm
1004	Which of the following iso electronic spices has the highest IE.	A. Ne B. Na+ C. F D. O ²⁻
1005	Indicate false statement about stainless steel	A. <p>The density of stainless steel is about the same as carbon or low alloy steels</p> B. <p>Stainless steels are poor conductors of heat</p> C. <p>Stainless steels are poor conductors of electricity</p> D. <p>Stainless steels have tensile moduli greater than those of carbon and alloy steels.</p>

1006	Perdisulphuric acid is.	A. Marsnal acid B. Caro acid C. None of above D. Any of above
1007	Which one of the following ions is colourless.	A. Cu ⁺ B. Co ²⁺ C. Ni ²⁺ D. Fe ³⁺
1008	Which of the following will have the largest pH?	A. 0.1 N HCl B. 0.1 N CH ₃ COOH C. 0.1 N NaOH D. 0.01 N NaOH
1009	Among the following statements in the nitration of aromatic compounds, the false one is.	A. The rate of nitration of benzene is almost the same as that of hexadeutero benzene B. The rate of nitration of toluene is greater than that of benzene C. The rate of nitration of benzen is greater than that of hexadeutero benzene. D. Nitration in an electrophite substitution reaction.
1010	By applying an external force the ionic solid can be easily broken to powder form so the ionic solid are highly	A. Hard B. Brittle C. Tough D. Soft
1011	Detergents are known to pollute rivers and water ways. However, detergents can be made biodegradable and pollution free by taking.	A. cyclic hydrocarbon chain B. Shorter hydrocarbon chain C. Unbranched hydrocarbon chain D. Benzenoid hydrocarbons
1012	Pick out incorrect statement regarding HF	A. It is used for making chlorofluorocarbon used as refrigerating fluids and as propellants in aerosols B. It is used in making ASIF ₃ and synthetic cryolite C. Aqueous HF is used for etching glass D. HF does not react with B ₂ O ₃ even in presence of conc. H ₂ SO ₄
1013	The principle former of almost all glasses is	A. (SiO ₂) _n B. (SiO ₃) _n C. (SiO ₂) D. None of these
1014	Transition metal possess	A. Definite color B. Catalytic power C. Both A and B D. None of above
1015	Two solids A and B have appreciable different solubility in water but their m.p. are very close. The mixture A and B can be separated by.	A. Sublimation B. Distillation C. Fractional crystallization D. Specific rotation
1016	Which of the following cast irons is a high carbon silicon alloy.	A. Gray iron B. White iron C. Malleable iron D. Alloy iron
1017	Which of the following statements is not related with entropy.	A. It is a measure of disorder B. It is a measure of unavailable energy C. It is a function of thermodynamics probability D. It is a path function
1018	The Langmuir theory of unimolecular adsorption is generally valid at.	A. Low pressures and low temperature B. Low pressures and high temperature C. High pressures and low temperature D. High pressure and high temperature
1019	Finely divided iron combines with CO to give.	A. Fe(CO) ₅ B. Fe ₂ (CO) ₉ C. Fe(CO) ₁₂ D. Fe(CO) ₆
1020	What is the equilibrium temperature of transformation of austenite to pearlite	A. 1000 F B. 1333 F C. 1666 F D. 1222 F
		A. When an element shows inertness in chemical combination B. When higher oxidation state is more

1021	Inert pair effect is that	stable than lower oxidation state C. When an electron pair is present on the atom of an element D. When two s -electrons or outermost shell remain paired and do not participate in bonding.
1022	Which of the following is component of the ecosystem.	A. Inorganic substances B. ORGANIC Substances C. Animal and plants only D. All above
1023	Natural fertilizers are materials derived from	A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">>Plants<o:p></p> B. Animal C. Algae D. All of above</p>
1024	The exchange equilibrium in gas chromatography depends on.	A. Solubility or absorbability of he sample B. The polarity of he stationary phase and analyte C. The degree of H bonding D. All above factors
1025	Which of the following material is a constituent of crop residue.	A. Cull B. Fruit C. vines D. Bagasse E. All above
1026	The correct order of reactivity among I , li, and III IS.	A. i > ii > iii B. i > iii > ii C. II > III > I D. III > II > I
1027	Which of the following species is very good oxidizing agent.	A. MnO_4^- B. H^+ C. Zn^{2+} D. Fe^{3+}
1028	Which of the following has the highest melting poing.	A. NaCl B. Li Cl C. KCl D. Rb Cl
1029	The law of triads is applicable to	A. Lithium, beryllium, boron B. Fluorine, chlorine, bromine C. Chlorine, bromine, iodine D. Sodium, potassium, Rubidium
1030	In the purification of bauxite , the ore is fused with sodium carbonate in the process	A. Baeyer's process B. Hall's process C. Serpeck's process D. Any of above
1031	A pH of a neutral solution at 100 °C when $K_w = 1.0 \times 10^{-12}$	A. 0 B. 7 C. 6 D. 7
1032	When two H atoms approach each other then forces operates.	A. Attractive forces B. Repulaive forces C. Attractive and repulsive D. None of above
1033	Which of the following will be most effective int he coagultion of $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$ sol.	A. NaCl B. MgSO_4 C. AlCl_3 D. $\text{Mg}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$
1034	Which of the following compounds is electrovalent in nature.	A. SO_2 B. ICl C. KBr D. CHI_3
1035	The freezing point of a solvent	A. Will increase on adding a solute B. Will decrease on adding a solute C. Will note change on adding solute D. None of the above
1036	Finely divided iorn combines with CO to give	A. $\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_3$ B. $\text{Fe}_2(\text{CO})_9$ C. $\text{Fe}_3(\text{CO})_{12}$ D. $\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_6$
		A. LiCl

1037	Which of the following has the highest lattice energy	B. NaCl C. KCl D. CaCl
1038	According to recent view which is the correct representation of hydrated proton in aqueous solutions.	A. H ⁺ B. H ₃ O ³⁺ C. H ₉ O ₄ ⁺ D. H ₂ O ⁺
1039	Lewis concept explain the formation of	A. Ionic bond B. Covalent bond C. Co-ordinate bond D. Chemical bond
1040	What types of bonding occurs in d-block elements.	A. Ionic B. Covalent C. Metallic D. Both B and C
1041	In which property listed below hydrogen does not resemble alkali metals.	A. Tendency to form cation B. Nature of oxide C. Combination with halogens D. Reducing character.
1042	Which of the following methods is used in qualitative analysis.	A. Physical method B. Chemical method C. Instrumental method D. All above
1043	Most effective pesticide is	A. Carbonates B. Organophosphates C. Organ chlorines D. All of these
1044	What letter suffix steel identification means that it is steel with boron as an alloying elements.	A. xxL xx B. xxBxx C. xxHxx D. xxKxx
1045	Which of the following compounds combines with hemoglobin.	A. CO ₂ B. CO C. NO D. N ₂
1046	What is the scaling off of a surface in flakes or layers as the result of corrosion?	A. Exfoliation B. Corrosion fatigue C. Scaping D. Fretting
1047	Diborane is used	A. For high energy fuel B. For welding torches C. as reducing agent D. All above
1048	Ozone in stratosphere is depleted by	A. CF ₂ Cl ₂ B. C ₂ F ₆ C. C ₆ H ₆ Cl ₆ D. C ₆ F ₆
1049	Which of the following is a false statement.	A. Halogens are strong oxidizing agent B. Halogens show only (-I) Oxidation state C. H ₂ molecules form intermolecular H-Bonds D. Fluorine is highly reactive
		A. Carrier gas B. Capillary column

1050	Which of the following is not a component of a gas chromatography system.	B. Capillary column C. Packed column D. Cathode lamp
1051	The group of steel are water hardened tool steels.	A. Groups S B. Groups W C. Groups O D. Group F
1052	The atomic orbitals are progressively filled in order of increasing energy. This statement is called as	A. Hund's rule B. Aufbau's rule C. (n+1) rule D. Planck's rule
1053	According to the Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes, and ion moving in an atmosphere of oppositely charged ions experience a drag This effect is known as	A. Aaymmetric effect B. Electrophoretic effect C. Inter ionic effect D. Concentration effect
1054	Both the elements are typical non metals.	A. B & Al B. B & Si C. Al & Si D. Any of above
1055	Which of the following elements has the highest value of second ionization energy.	A. Lithum B. Beryllium C. Boron D. Magnesium
1056	In an isochoric process	A. Energy remains constant B. Volume remains constant C. Pressure remains constant D. Temperature remains constant
1057	Types of carides	A. Ionic carides B. Covalent carbides C. Interstitial carbides D. All above
1058	Which treatment is done with pulp before delivering it to paper making machine.	A. Pulp is disperse din water to make slurry B. Mechanical refining or heating of the fibers C. Addition of chemical additives and recycled fibres from the waste paper plant D. All above
1059	Electronegativity of Oygén is.	A. 2.5 B. 3.5 C. 2.4 D. 2.1
1060	Which of the following is not a polysaccharide	A. Cellobiose B. Cellulose C. Insulin D. Amylase
1061	Which of the following device is used to measure potential difference between celctrodes.	A. Polarimetre B. Conductometer C. Voltmeter D. Photometer
1062	Ammonia when used directly as a fertilizer is to be injected about_____ under the surface to keep it from seeping out.	A. <p>2 inches</p> B. <p>4 inches</p> C. <p>6 inches</p> D. <p>10 inches</p>
1063	The osmotic pressure of a solution with definite composition.	A. Varies directly as the volume and temperature. B. Various inversely as the temperature. C. Varies inversely as the volume and directly as the temperature. D. None of the above
		A. Is constant no matter what the temperature is.

1064	The speed of a chemical reaction	<p>B. Is independent of the amount of contact surface of a solid involved</p> <p>C. Between gases should be in all cases be extremely rapid because the average kinetic energy of the molecules is great</p> <p>D. Between ions in aqueous solution is extremely rapid because there are no bonds that need to be broken</p>
1065	The pH of water 7 at 25 °C if water is heated to 70 °C . Which of the following should be true.	<p>A. pH will decrease</p> <p>B. pH will increase</p> <p>C. pH will remain constant</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1066	Permanent hard water is softened by addition of.	<p>A. Na_2CO_3</p> <p>B. CaCO_3</p> <p>C. MgCO_3</p> <p>D. ZnCO_3</p>
1067	Atomicity of which of the following pair of elements is not same as hydrogen.	<p>A. Phosphorus, Nitrogen</p> <p>B. Nitrogen, Argon</p> <p>C. Nitrogen, iodine</p> <p>D. Iodine, sulphur</p>
1068	When a strong beam of light is passed through a colloidal solution, the light will	<p>A. Be reflected</p> <p>B. Be scattered</p> <p>C. Pass unchanged</p> <p>D. Be dispersed</p>
1069	In the reaction $\text{RCO}_2\text{Na} + \text{NaOH} \xrightarrow{\text{CaO}}$ RH, we eliminate carboxylate group as.	<p>A. CO_2</p> <p>B. Na_2CO_3</p> <p>C. $-\text{CO}$</p> <p>D. CaCO_3</p>
1070	The basic strength of hydrides of group 15 elements vary in the following order.	<p>A. $\text{NH}_3 > \text{PH}_3 > \text{AsH}_3 > \text{SbH}_3 > \text{BiH}_3$</p> <p>B. $\text{PH}_3 > \text{NH}_3 > \text{AsH}_3 > \text{SbH}_3 > \text{BiH}_3$</p> <p>C. $\text{BiH}_3 > \text{NH}_3 > \text{PH}_3 > \text{AsH}_3 > \text{SbH}_3$</p> <p>D. $\text{NH}_3 > \text{PH}_3 > \text{SbH}_3 > \text{AsH}_3 > \text{BiH}_3$</p>
1071	A molecule that cannot be superimposed on its mirror image is said to exhibit which of the following.	<p>A. Geometrical isomerism</p> <p>B. Optical isomerism</p> <p>C. Linkage isomerism</p> <p>D. Reactive isomerism</p>
1072	The cooling of molten urea by air in the tower is called.	<p>A. Prilling</p> <p>B. Evaporation</p> <p>C. Condensation</p> <p>D. Distillation</p>
1073	The electrode $\text{Pt}/\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{C1})/\text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{C2})$ belong to the type.	<p>A. Gas electrodes</p> <p>B. Inert metal electrodes</p> <p>C. Magam electrodes</p> <p>D. Metal metal insoluble salt electrode</p>
1074	Colour in transition metal compounds is attributed to	<p>A. Small sized metal ions</p> <p>B. Absorption of light in UV region</p> <p>C. Complete ns sub shell</p> <p>D. incomplete (n-1) sub shell</p>
1075	Which of the following is a non-auditory effect of noise on human body.	<p>A. Changes in the Vascular tone</p> <p>B. Increase in the blood pressure</p> <p>C. Wakening of the coloured vision</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1076	The chief ore of aluminium is.	<p>A. Cryolite</p> <p>B. Bauxite</p> <p>C. Kaolin</p> <p>D. Carnalite</p>
		<p>A. Both chromium metal ions are paramagnetic with 3 unpaired electrons.</p> <p>B. $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ is calculated directly</p>

1077	Consider to violet colored compound. $[\text{Cr}(\text{OH})_2)_6 \text{Cl}_3$ and the yellow compound. $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_6]\text{C}_2\text{O}_4$ which of the following statements is false.	form the energy of yellow light C. For $[\text{Cr}(\text{OH})_2)_6]^{3+}$ is less than for $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ D. The two complexes absorb their complementary colors.
1078	When fullerenes were discovered they were thought to be	A. First example of spherical aromatic molecule B. First example of spherical non aromatic molecule C. First example of diamond like molecule D. None of the above
1079	Not a Characteristic property of ceramic material	A. High temperature stability B. High mechanical strength C. Low elongation D. Low hardness
1080	Which of the following acid radical give organic layer test.	A. Cl^- B. CO_3 C. I^- D. S^{2-}
1081	Ingold's isoprene rule states that in terpenoids isoprene units are joined.	A. Head to tail B. Head to Head C. Tail to Tail D. In a random order
1082	Which of the following technique is based on deposition of the analyte at appropriate electrode by the passage of the electric current.	A. Chromatography B. Dialysis C. Electrodeposition D. Solvent extraction
1083	Which of the following is not a characteristics of solids.	A. Definite shape B. Definite mass C. Definite volume D. Fluidity
1084	Which of the following trihalides of nitrogen behaves as the weakest base.	A. NF_3 B. NCl_3 C. NBr_3 D. NI_3
1085	Which of the following is an important aspect of industrial ecology.	A. Minimising air emissions B. Minimising liquid waste C. Recycling after use D. All above
1086	According to R, S system the correct order of priority of the following groups is .	A. $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ > $-\text{CHO}$ > $-\text{COOH}$ B. $-\text{COOH}$ > $-\text{CHO}$ > $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ C. $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ > $-\text{COOH}$ > $-\text{CHO}$ D. $-\text{COOH}$ > $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ > $-\text{CHO}$
1087	Granulated sugar contains _____ % sucrose	A. 80 B. 99.30 C. 60 D. 90
1088	In extraction of iron, the furnace charge consists of iron ore, coke and limestone. The function of limestone is to act as.	A. An oxidation agent B. A reducing agent C. Flux D. Slag
1089	The correct order of increasing polar character is.	A. H_2O < NHE < H_2S < HF B. H_2S < NH_3 < H_2O < HF C. NHE < H_2O < HF < H_2S D. HF < H_2O < NH_3 < H_2S
1090	Which of the following statement is not related with the advantages of TLC.	A. A variety of adsorbents can be used B. The thickness of adsorbent can be varied C. Fluorescence can be introduced D. Different detectors can be used
1091	Zeigler Natta catalyst is.	A. Pt/PtO B. $\text{TiCl}_4/\text{Al}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_3$ C. Pt/Rh D. Pt
1092	Oil of turpentine contains	A. α -pinene B. β -pinene C. Both A and B D. Name of these

A. Structural isomerism
B. Stereo isomerism

1093	Coordination compound show	<p>B. Coordination compound</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1094	Which one of the following oxides is basic.	<p>A. MnO</p> <p>B. Mn₂O₃</p> <p>C. MnO₂</p> <p>D. Mn₂O₇</p>
1095	If reaction A has an activation energy of 250 kJ and reaction activation energy of 100 kJ, which of the following statements must be correct.	<p>A. If reaction A is exothermic and reaction B is endothermic then reaction A is favored kinetically</p> <p>B. At the same temperature the rate of reaction B is greater than the rate of reaction A</p> <p>C. The energy of reaction A must be greater than the energy of reaction B.</p> <p>D. The energy of reaction B must be greater than the energy of reaction A</p>
1096	For dilute solutions colligative properties depend on.	<p>A. The number of the particles of the solute and nature of solvent.</p> <p>B. The number of the solute particles and on their nature</p> <p>C. The number of the solute particles and nature of solute and solvent</p> <p>D. The number of the solute particles and irrespective of the nature of the solute and solvent.</p>
1097	Iodination of benzene takes place in the presence of iodine and	<p>A. HNO₃</p> <p>B. HIO₃</p> <p>C. HgO</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
1098	Which of the following analytical method is based on the rotation of light radiation	<p>A. Refractometry</p> <p>B. Polarimetry</p> <p>C. Interferometry</p> <p>D. Polarography</p>
1099	Major achievement of CFT is	<p>A. Interpreting the color</p> <p>B. Adsorption spectra</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1100	The pH of the 1.3×10^{-4} NH ₄ Cl is	<p>A. 1.3</p> <p>B. 4.0</p> <p>C. 2.886</p> <p>D. 3.886</p>
1101	Which of the following alkaline earth metals occurs in radioactive form in nature.	<p>A. Ca</p> <p>B. Mg</p> <p>C. Ra</p> <p>D. Ba</p>
1102	The total number of bond pairs around sulphur and total number of lone pairs around oxygen atoms in the Lewis structure of sulphate ion are respectively.	<p>A. 4, 12</p> <p>B. 8, 12</p> <p>C. 12, 4</p> <p>D. 6, 12</p>
1103	Reaction in which molecules absorbing light do not themselves react but induce other molecules to react are called.	<p>A. Chain reactions</p> <p>B. Photosensitized reactions</p> <p>C. Reversible reactions</p> <p>D. Free radical reactions</p>
1104	The bond formed by complete transfer of electrons from electropositive to more electronegative atom is called.	<p>A. Ionic bond</p> <p>B. Covalent bond</p> <p>C. Metallic bond</p> <p>D. Coordinates bond</p>
1105	H ₂ SO ₄ acts as agent	<p>A. Reducing</p> <p>B. Oxidizing</p> <p>C. Both A and B</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1106	Which of the following alkyl halide undergoes nucleophilic substitution reaction via the formation of a carbocation.	<p>A. 1-chloro-2-methyl propane</p> <p>B. 2-chloro-2-methyl propane</p> <p>C. 2-chloro butane</p> <p>D. 1-Chloro, 3,3-dimethyl pentane</p>
1107	CO belongs to which group.	<p>A. C_{2v}</p> <p>B. D_{2h}</p> <p>C. C_{av}</p> <p>D. D_{ah}</p>
1108	Which of the following state is not true with respect to copper.	<p>A. it is malleable and ductile</p> <p>B. It is a best conductor of heat and electricity</p> <p>C. It forms alloys easily</p> <p>D. Makes copper sheathed cables</p>

1109	A major constituent of materials one whose amount in the materials is	A. 1% or more B. 0.1% C. 0.01% D. 0.001 %
1110	Steel is an alloy of iron and carbon with limits on the amount of carbon to less than _____ percent.	A. 2 B. 3 C. 1 D. 4
1111	All cycle engines working reversibly between same temperature of source and sink have the same efficiency This is the statement for the.	A. Carnot cycle B. Carnot theorem C. Narnst theorem D. Second law of thermodynamics
1112	The sugar present in RNA is	A. D- ribose B. D-Arabinose C. D-Glucose D. Deoxyribose
1113	Which of the following statement is not related to collision theory.	A. Molecules must collide with each other to do a chemical reaction B. Molecules must posses a minimum amount of energy C. Molecules must have proper orientation D. Collision theory is applicable to liquid only.
1114	The main active contaminants of uranium processing are.	A. U - 235 B. U-238 C. Pu -234 D. All above
1115	Buffer solution are used to.	A. Increase the pH B. Resist the pH C. Decrease the pH D. None of above
1116	The colour of Ni ²⁺ ion is.	A. Blue B. Green C. deep green D. Orange
1117	Which is the correct order of wave number of the following redistions.	A. X-rays > uv > Infrared > visible> radio waves B. X-rays > uv > visible > Infrared > radio waves C. X-rays > radio waves > uv > visible > Infrared D. X-rays > Infrared > uv> visible > radio waves
1118	Thermogravimetic analysis has application is which of the following fields	A. Gravimetric analysis B. Discovery of new methods ofseparation C. Determination of purity and thermal stability D. All above
1119	The specific gravity of H ₂ SO ₄ is	A. 1.37 B. 1.84 C. 1.17 D. 1.57
1120	The electrolysis of molten metal hydride will produce dihydrogen gas.	A. At cathode B. At anode C. At both the electrodes D. At none of the electrodes
1121	When metal orbital are rotated in octahedral field the following representation obtained.	A. t ₂ g + I _g B. a ₁ g C. t ₁ u D. All above
1122	Which of the following is the correct order of interactions.	A. Covalent < hydrogen bonding < Van Der Waal's < dipole -dipole B. Van der Waal's < hydrogen bonding < dipole -dipole < covalent C. Van der Waal's < dipole -dipole < hydrogen bonding < covalent D. Dipole-dipole < Van der Waal's < hydrogen bonding < covalent
1123	What is the activation energy of a reaction whose rate constant increases by a factor of	A. 27 B. 35

1123	100 upon increasing the temperature from 300 K to 360 K.	C. 42 D. 69
1124	The types of coordinate compounds.	A. Labila B. Inert C. Both A and B D. None of above
1125	Which of the following technique is used for separation of volatile components.	A. GC B. HPLC C. FPLC D. TLC
1126	As it passes into food chain, the concentration of DDT	A. Remains same B. Decreases C. Increases D. Unpredictable
1127	Lead pencil contain	A. Lead B. Lead sulphide C. a mixture of lead and silica D. graphite
1128	Which element out of the following can exhibit a maximum co valency of seven.	A. Chlorine B. Fluorine C. Sulphur D. Both Cl and F
1129	The principal quantum number determines the overall size of the orbital and energy of the electron when it is associated with the orbital. It may have the values.	A. $n = 1, 3, 5, \dots, \infty$ B. $n = 2, 4, 6, \dots, \infty$ C. $n = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots, \infty$ D. None of the above
1130	The equilibrium constants K_p and K_c are related as	A. $K_p = K_c P \Delta n$ B. $K_p = K_c / P \Delta n$ C. $K_s = K_p (RT)^{\Delta n}$ D. $K_x = K_p (P/RT)^{\Delta n}$
1131	The value of an Einstein	A. Is independent of wavelength B. Decrease with increase in wavelength C. Increase with increase in wavelength D. Depends on the temperature of the absorbing system
1132	Which of the following is not a proper use of Ni.	A. It is used as catalyst B. It is used in alloy formation C. It is used in the preparation of Monel metal D. It is attached by alkalis
1133	Which of the following is soluble in water.	A. AgF B. AgCl C. AgBr D. AgI
1134	A group that causes deepening of the colour is known as	A. Bathchromic B. Hypsochromic C. Hypochromic D. Hyperchromic
1135	Xenon difluoride is obtained by irradiating a mixture of xenon and fluorine with light from a high pressure.	A. Mercury arc B. Tungsten arc C. Xenon arc D. None of above
1136	1 meter = _____ nm	A. 10^{99} B. 10^{-9} C. 10^{10} D. 10^{-10}
1137	Which of the following technique involves the bonding of hydrophobic functional group to solid particle, surface and acts as extracting phase	A. Liquid phase extraction B. Solid phase extraction C. Electrophoresis D. Gel electrophoresis
1138	The yellow colour of chromates changes to orange red on acidification, due to the formation of.	A. Cr^{3+} B. Cr_2O_3 C. $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ D. CrO_3
1139	When a lead storage battery is discharged.	A. SO_2 is evolved B. PbS is consumed C. Pb is formed D. H_2SO_4 is consumed
1140	Steel that are used for axles, gears, and similar parts requiring medium to high and strength are known as.	A. Medium carbon steel B. Low carbon steel C. Very high carbon D. High carbon steel

1141	The following statements are true except one which one.	<p>A. Carburizing does not harden a steel</p> <p>B. Flame and induction hardening require the use of hardenable steels.</p> <p>C. Quench-hardened steel does not require tempering to prevent brittleness</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1142	A colorless gas with pleasant odour and sweet taste.	<p>A. N₂O</p> <p>B. N₂O₃</p> <p>C. NO</p> <p>D. N₂O₄</p>
1143	In Ostwald's process of manufacturing nitric acid a mixture of ammonia gas with air is maintained with ratio.	<p>A. 1 : 4</p> <p>B. 1 : 3</p> <p>C. 1 : 8</p> <p>D. 1 : 10</p>
1144	All naturally occurring processes spontaneously in a direction leads to.	<p>A. Decrease of entropy</p> <p>B. Increase of entropy</p> <p>C. Decrease in free energy</p> <p>D. Increase in free energy</p>
1145	The compound contains two types of X and Y its crystal structure is a cubic lattice with X-atoms at the corners of the unit cells and Y-atom at the body centre, The simplest formulae of this compound is.	<p>A. X₂Y</p> <p>B. XY</p> <p>C. XY₂</p> <p>D. X₈Y</p>
1146	A silver iodide was prepared by mixing KI and AgNO ₂ solution with the AgNO ₂ in slight excess. Which of the following descriptions is correct regarding its particles.	<p>A. Negatively charged because of the excess of NO₃ ions</p> <p>B. Positively charged because of the excess of Ag⁺ ions in the AgI lattice</p> <p>C. Negatively charged because I ions are adsorbed from the KI solution</p> <p>D. Neutral</p>
1147	Which is true for DDT it is.	<p>A. Not a pollutant</p> <p>B. An antibiotic</p> <p>C. A non degradable pollutant</p> <p>D. A pesticide</p>
1148	Biomass refers to all the organic material derived from	<p>A. Photolysis</p> <p>B. Photosynthesis</p> <p>C. Electrolysis</p> <p>D. Oxidation</p>
1149	Which of the following radical is not a member of IV group.	<p>A. Mg²⁺</p> <p>B. Co²⁺</p> <p>C. Ni²⁺</p> <p>D. Mn²⁺</p>
1150	Increasing oxygen contents in oxyacids leads to.	<p>A. An increase in thermal stability</p> <p>B. An increase in acid strength</p> <p>C. A decrease in oxidizing power</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1151	Which of the following compound will be optically active.	<p>A. Succinic acid</p> <p>B. Meso tartaric acid</p> <p>C. Acetic acid</p> <p>D. Lactic acid</p>
1152	The maximum oxidation shown by manganese is.	<p>A. +2</p> <p>B. +7</p> <p>C. +4</p> <p>D. +5</p>

1153	Which of the following techniques is used to reduce the need for large volumes of organic solvents.	A. Solid phase extraction B. Gel permeation C. Electrophoresis D. TLC
1154	Hydrogen bonds holding the strand to nucleic acids are formed between	A. Sugar and base units B. Base unit C. Sugar and phosphate units D. Sugar units
1155	Helium is used in weather balloons and airships instead of H ₂ because it is.	A. Lighter than hydrogen B. Incombustible C. More abundant than hydrogen D. Radiative
1156	The reason why phenylamine is a much weaker base than ammonia when each is in aqueous solution is that.	A. The lone pair of electrons on the nitrogen atom of phenylamine is delocalised over the benzene ring. B. The phenylamine molecule is too large to capture hydrogen ions easily C. Phenylamine is much less soluble in water than is ammonia D. The benzene ring has a tendency to increase the acidity of its substituents.
1157	Which of the following statements is not related to MOT	A. Atomic orbitals lose their identities B. MOT gives an idea of denaturation C. MOT uses all the orbitals and electrons D. It treats the bond as purely covalent
1158	Which of the following can be used as a drying agent for ammonia.	A. CaO B. Anhydrous CaCl ₂ C. P ₂ O ₅ D. Conc. H ₂ SO ₄
1159	Which one of the following statements regarding BF ₃ is not correct.	A. It is an ionic compound B. It is an electron deficient compound C. It is a Lewis acid D. It forms adducts
1160	Sugar and common salt in a mixture can be separated through the process of.	A. Sublimation B. Distillation C. Ion exchange D. Crystallization from solution in ethanol
1161	Magnalium is an alloy of Aluminium which is used in	A. Scientific apparatus B. Aircraft parts C. Rail road cars D. Boat machinery
1162	The soap and detergent are sources of organic pollutants like.	A. Glycerol B. Polyphosphates C. Sulphonated hydrocarbons D. All of these
1163	Which of the following substances acts as a gaseous pollutant.	A. NO B. NO ₂ C. CO D. SO ₂ E. All above
1164	Alums are generally used	A. In dyeing and water proofing of fabric B. In arresting bleeding C. In water purification D. All above
1165	When steam is passed over red hot coke the product formed is	A. Hydrogen and carbon dioxide B. Mixture of hydrogen and carbon monoxide C. Mixture of hydrogen and oxygen D. Heavy hydrogen
1166	RNA is involved in the synthesis of	A. Protein B. Nucleic acid C. Carbohydrates D. Fats
1167	The isoelectric point of a protein or amino acid is the	A. pH at which it does not have any charge B. pH at which it does not have a net charge and does not migrate in an electric field C. pH at which the concentration of cation is greater than anion D. pH at which the concentration of anion is greater than cation

1168	The first ionization energy in electron volts of nitrogen and oxygen atoms are respectively given by.	B. 13.6, 14.6 C. 13.6, 13.6 D. 14.6, 14.6
1169	The following alloys are the chief alloys that are die cast except.	A. Zinc alloys B. Magnesium alloys C. Manganese alloys D. Nickel alloys
1170	The function of boiling the sodium extract with conc. HNO ₃ before testing the halogens is	A. To make solution clear B. To make the solution acidic C. To bring common ion effect D. To destroy CN ⁻ and S ²⁻ ion
1171	In the Lewis structure of H ₂ SO ₄ molecule the total number of unshared electrons in valence shell of various atoms is.	A. 8 B. 16 C. 12 D. 20
1172	Calcium cyanamide on treatment with steam under pressure gives NH ₃ and	A. Calcium carbonate B. Calcium hydroxide C. Calcium oxide D. Calcium bicarbonate
1173	The element having electronic configuration 1s ² , 2s ² , 3s ² , 3p ³ is.	A. Trivalent only B. Tetravalent only C. Trivalent and pentavalent D. Pentavalent only
1174	Strong field ligands such as CN	A. Usually produce high spin complexes and small crystal field splitting B. Usually produce low spin complexes and small crystal field splitting C. Usually produce low spin complexes and high crystal field splitting D. Cannot form low spin complexes
1175	The deficiency of which vitamin leads to beri brainteaser	A. Thiamine B. Riboflavin C. Pyridoxine D. Asorbic acid
1176	Which of the following is not a property of Ni.	A. it is a soft silvery white metal B. It is malleable and ductile C. It is highly magnetic D. It has high electrical and thermal conductivities
1177	Ten elements Sc (Z = 21) to Zn (Z = 30) fill their 4s orbitals first and then 3d orbitals are called elements. of.	A. 3 d series. B. 4d Series C. 5d Series D. None of above
1178	The branch of chemistry which deals with the rate of reaction as well as mechanism is known as	A. Wave mechanism B. Classical thermodynamcis C. Chemical kinetics D. Phtochemistry
1179	During the preparation of ethane by Kolbe's electrolytic method using inert electrodes the pH of the electrolyte.	A. Increases progressively as the reaction proceeds B. Decreases progressively as the reaction proceeds C. Remains constant throughout the reaction D. May decrease if the concentration of the electrolyte is not very high
1180	Which of the following statement is not related with the effect of thermal pollution.	A. Decrease in BOD B. Increase in BOD C. Reduction in DO D. Change in algal production
1181	20 micron = _____ nm	A. 20 x10 ⁻⁹ B. 20000 C. 200 D. 20x10 ⁹
1182	Which of the following process always involve the decrease in oxidation number.	A. Hydrolysis B. Elecomposition C. Oxidation D. Reduction
1183	Equivalent conductance is expressed in the units.	A. S cm ⁻¹ eq ⁻¹ B. S cm eq ⁻¹ C. S cm ² eq ⁻¹ D. S cm ² eq
1184	Which of the following process is not involved in the extraction of aluminium from bauxite.	A. Purification of bauxite B. Electrolytic reduction of alumina

1184	Which of the following steps is involved in the metallurgy of aluminium.	C. Refining of aluminum D. All above
1185	In which of the following compounds does hydrogen bonding occur.	A. CCl ₄ B. NaH C. HI D. NH ₃
1186	Which of the following factors does not effect the rate of the reaction.	A. Pressure B. Temperature C. Concentration D. Catalyst E. All of the above
1187	The 'shape' of molecule "XeF ₆ " is.	A. Pentagonal bipyramidal B. Regular octahedral C. Distorted octahedral D. Square planar
1188	The first ionization energies of the elements of the first transition series. (Ti _____ Cu)	A. Increases as the atomic number increases B. decreases as the atomic number increases C. Do not show any change as the addition of electrons takes place in the inner (n-1) d-orbitals. D. Increases from Ti to Mn and then decreases from Mn to Cu
1189	Which of the following sets of quantum number is possible.	A. n = 4, l = 3, m = -3, s = 0 B. n = 4, l = 0, m = 0, s = +1/2 C. n = 4, l = 4, m = -4, s = -1/2 D. None of these
1190	1-Chlorobutane on reaction with alcoholic potash gives.	A. 1-butene B. 1-butanol C. 2-butene D. 2-butanol
1191	Fish die in water bodies polluted by sewage due to.	A. Pathogens B. Clogging of gills by silt C. Reduction in dissolved oxygen D. Foul smell
1192	In terms of number of phases (p) components (C) and degree of freedom (F) the phase rule is expressed as.	A. P + C = F + 2 B. F = P + C - 2 C. P + F = C + 2 D. P - F = C = 2
1193	Potassium sulphate with 48% to 52% potash, is made from.	A. Potassium phosphate B. Potassium Chloride C. Potassium Nitrate D. None of these
1194	Which one of the following ions is colourless.	A. Cu ⁺ B. Ni ²⁺ C. Co ²⁺ D. Fe ³⁺
1195	Alnico is an alloy containing how many percent nickel.	A. 10% B. 14% C. 18% D. 22%
1196	Molten iron withdrawn from the blast furnace is called.	A. Wrought iron B. Pig iron C. Bessemer iron D. Stainless steel
1197	Monomer of neoprene rubber is	A. 1-chloro 1,3-butadiene B. 2-chloro, 1,3-butadiene C. 2-Bromo -1,3-butadiene D. 2-Methyl 1,3-butadiene
1198	The expression of specific conductance is given by	A. $L_s = I/R$, I/A B. $L_s = L/I/A$ C. $L_s = I/L$, A/I D. $L_s = r I/A$
1199	Borax exists in the form	A. Ordinary borax B. Octahedral borax C. Borax glass D. All above
1200	The energy gap between two bands is so large that it effectively prevents the promotion of	A. Ionization zone B. Dissociation zone

1200	The energy gap between the bands so large that it effectively prevents the promotion of electron from the lower to the higher band such energy gap all called.	<p>A. Excitation zone</p> <p>B. Distinction zone</p> <p>C. Forbidden zone</p> <p>D. Forbidden zone</p>
1201	The rays emitted by the cathode in a gas discharge tube under low pressure and high voltage of electricity are called cathode rays. Which of the following properties are not related to cathode rays.	<p>A. These travel in a straight lines.</p> <p>B. These are deflected by magnetic and electric field.</p> <p>C. Minerals Fluoresce with a characteristic color when placed in a beam of cathode rays.</p> <p>D. These are dependent of the material used for the electrode.</p>
1202	Essential oils are purified by which of the following methods.	<p>A. Steam distillation</p> <p>B. Sublimation</p> <p>C. Crystallization</p> <p>D. Fractional crystallization</p>
1203	Proper proportioning of concrete, ensures	<p>A. Resistance to water</p> <p>B. Desired durability</p> <p>C. Water tightens of the structure.</p> <p>D. All</p>
1204	Which is the second most abundant element occurring the earth crust.	<p>A. Iron</p> <p>B. Cu</p> <p>C. Cr</p> <p>D. Ni</p>
1205	30 mL of an acid solution is neutralized by 15 mL of 0.2 N base. The strength of acid solution is.	<p>A. 0.1 N</p> <p>B. 0.15 N</p> <p>C. 0.3 N</p> <p>D. 0.4 N</p>
1206	Which of the following properties of a system does not change in a state of equilibrium.	<p>A. Density</p> <p>B. Pressure</p> <p>C. Colour</p> <p>D. All above properties</p>
1207	Which of the following is not a characteristic of dye.	<p>A. It must have suitable colour</p> <p>B. It must be able to fix to fibre</p> <p>C. It must be fast to wash and lights</p> <p>D. It must be highly soluble in water</p>
1208	Which one of the following has a linear structure.	<p>A. H₂O</p> <p>B. CO₂</p> <p>C. NO₂</p> <p>D. SO₂</p>
1209	Which of the following substance is a volatile metals.	<p>A. Lead</p> <p>B. Zinc</p> <p>C. Mercury</p> <p>D. Sodium</p>
1210	Which of the following technique is used to separate substance based on their charge to mass ratio.	<p>A. HPLC</p> <p>B. HPTLC</p> <p>C. GC</p> <p>D. Electrophoresis</p>
1211	Which of the following is not correct.	<p>A. Rusting of iron can be stopped by increasing the concentration of CO₂ in water</p> <p>B. Rusting of iron is electrochemical in nature.</p> <p>C. Rusting of iron takes place in moist air</p> <p>D. Rusting of iron produces hydrated iron (III) oxide</p>
1212	Which of the following technique describes titrations in which a standard iodine solution is need.	<p>A. Iodometry</p> <p>B. Iodimetry</p> <p>C. potentiometry</p> <p>D. Argentometry</p>
1213	Berllium has diagonal relationship with	<p>A. Li</p> <p>B. Al</p> <p>C. B</p> <p>D. Na</p>
1214	Which of the following test to used to find out whether the observed data differ significantly from the one obtained from theoretical distribution.	<p>A. Chi square test</p> <p>B. F -Test</p> <p>C. Student's test</p> <p>D. Coefficient of variance</p>
1215	The only oxidation state of alkali metals in their compounds is.	<p>A. +1</p> <p>B. +2</p> <p>C. -1</p> <p>D. 0</p>

A. Cast iron

1216	Pig iron is also called.	B. Steel C. Wrought iron D. Stainless steel
1217	The degree of dissociation of weak acid increases with.	A. Decreasing pressure B. Increasing pressure C. Increasing concentration D. Decreasing concentration
1218	Example of pseudohalogen group.	A. Cyanogen B. Thiocyanogen C. Selenocyanogen D. All above
1219	In diborane (B ₂ H ₆)	A. The structure is similar to that of C ₂ H ₆ B. All the atoms are in one plane C. The boron atoms are linked through hydrogen bridges D. There is a direct boron boron bond
1220	The temperature at which two conjugate solutions change into one homogeneous solution is called.	A. Azeotrope B. Conjugate temperature C. Consolute temperature D. Transition temperature
1221	Which of the following techniques is capable of separating minute quantities of the substances in a relatively short time with high resolution.	A. Gel electrophoresis B. Capillary electrophoresis C. GC D. HPLC
1222	Which of the following electrode is normally used as reference electrode for a potentiometer.	A. Platinum electrode B. Calomel electrode C. Silver electrode D. Copper electrode
1223	The most suitable method of separation in mixture of o- and p- nitrophenol is.	A. Steam distillation B. Chromatography C. Ion-exchange D. Sublimation
1224	Which of the following analytical method is used for the separation of dissolved components from solutions.	A. Chromatography B. Dialysis C. Solvent extraction D. Distillation
1225	Which of the following statements do not represent Lewis idea of acids and base?	A. Compounds which have completely filled orbitals B. Compounds which have incompletely filled orbitals C. Compounds in which the central atom can expand its octet D. All simple metal ions like Ag ⁺ , Al ³⁺ etc.
1226	The interactions in HF are.	A. dipole dipole interactions B. Hydrogen bonds C. dipole -dipole and dispersion forces D. Hydrogen bond and dispersion forces
1227	Which of the following physical properties is employed in the analytical methods.	A. Electric current B. Transition temperature C. Surface tension D. All above
1228	The formula of hexaborane is.	A. B ₄ H ₁₀ B. B ₆ H ₁₀ C. B ₅ H ₉ D. B ₈ H ₁₂
1229	In a system, when the chemical potential of each component is the same for all phases, the equilibrium is said to be in	A. Metastable equilibrium B. Thermal equilibrium C. Composition equilibrium D. Mechanical equilibrium
1230	Principal constituents of noble gases is	A. Argon B. Neon C. Xenon D. Helium
1231	The dye obtained from madder root	A. Indogotin B. Indanthrene C. Alizarin D. Acriflavin
		A. <p>Carburizing</p>

1232	What refer to the casehardening process by which the carbon content of the steel ear the surface of a part is increased?	<p>B. Annealing</p> <p>C. Normalizing</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1233	Maximum desirable concentration of fluorides according to international standard is.	<p>A. 10-100 ppm</p> <p>B. 1 ppm</p> <p>C. 100-200 ppm</p> <p>D. 10-20 ppm</p>
1234	What is the most common alloying ingredient in copper?	<p>A. Brass</p> <p>B. Zinc</p> <p>C. Cobalt</p> <p>D. Nickle</p>
1235	Monomers are Teflon is	<p>A. Monochloroethene</p> <p>B. 1,2- Difluoroethene</p> <p>C. 1,1,2- Trifluoroethene</p> <p>D. Tetrafluoroethene</p>
1236	Which of the following is not a biodegradable polymer.	<p>A. Protein</p> <p>B. PVC</p> <p>C. Cellulose</p> <p>D. Nucleic acid</p>
1237	Enzymatic action is heat at a fixed	<p>A. Temperature</p> <p>B. pH</p> <p>C. Both of these</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1238	Which of the following are neutral ligands.	<p>A. NH₃</p> <p>B. H₂O</p> <p>C. CO & NO</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
1239	In each period the most electro negative element belongs to.	<p>A. ^{Group -1}</p> <p>B. Group -17</p> <p>C. Group -2</p> <p>D. Group -18</p>
1240	Deviation in a particular measurement is the difference between the measured value and the average value The arithmetic mean of the different deviations observed in several measurements of the same quantity is known as.	<p>A. The standard deviation</p> <p>B. The average deviation</p> <p>C. Relative mean deviation</p> <p>D. variance</p>
1241	Which of the following is a triphenylmethane dye.	<p>A. Auramine G</p> <p>B. Crystal violes</p> <p>C. Fluorescein</p> <p>D. Fast green O</p>
1242	The height to which a liquid will rise in an open capillary tube is inversely proportional to.	<p>A. Temperature of the liquid</p> <p>B. Surface tension</p> <p>C. Density of the liquid</p> <p>D. Air pressure</p>
1243	Which of the following is not an androgen i.e. male sex hormones.	<p>A. Androsterone</p> <p>B. Testosterone</p> <p>C. Oestrone</p> <p>D. All of these are make hormone</p>
1244	Commercial incinerators produce.	<p>A. Smoke</p> <p>B. CO</p> <p>C. NO_x</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1245	Natural gas can be transported through	<p>A. Cylinders</p> <p>B. Pipes</p> <p>C. Barriers</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
1246	Conductometry is based on	<p>A. Electric current</p> <p>B. Electrical potential</p> <p>C. Absorbance</p> <p>D. Electrical conductance</p>
1247	The process of removing dissolved impurities from a colloidal system, by means of diffusion through a suitable membrane under the influence of an electric field , is called.	<p>A. Electrosmosis</p> <p>B. Electrodialysis</p> <p>C. Electrophoresis</p> <p>D. Peptization</p>
1248	Which of the following elements display maximum tnedency to form P Pi - p PI multiple bonds with itself and with carbon and oxygen.	<p>A. N</p> <p>B. p</p> <p>C. Bi</p> <p>D. *</p>

		D. As
1249	A covalent bond which is formed between two atoms by the overlap of atomic orbitals along their axis is called.	A. Pi bond B. Sigma bond C. Polar bond D. Non polar bond
1250	Which of the following compounds has fishing ordure	A. ammonia B. Organic sulphides C. Amines D. H ₂ S
1251	A 2M solution of H ₂ SO ₄ would have how many moles of H ⁺ ion in one liter	A. 1.0 B. 2.0 C. 4.0 D. 5.0
1252	Which number of halogen family does not show positive oxidation state.	A. Fluorine B. Chlorine C. Bromine D. Iodine
1253	Ethylene belongs to.	A. C _{2v} group B. D _{2h} group C. C ₂ group D. D _{ah} group
1254	The number 7.43 is rounded to	A. 7.44 B. 7.4 C. 7.45 D. 7.3
1255	An indicator for an acid base titration is a	A. Weak acid B. Weak base C. Strong acid D. Strong base E. Both A and B
1256	Result of ozone hole is.	A. Acid rain B. Global warming C. Increased amount of CO ₂ D. Greater exposure of earth to U.V. rays.
1257	Which of the following analytical method is based on scattering of radiation.	A. Emission spectroscopy B. Colorimetry C. Turbidimetry D. Polarimetry
1258	Red colour of glass of due to the presence of	A. Cu ₂ O B. CoO C. MnO ₂ D. CdS
1259	A half cell reaction is one that	A. Occurs at one electrode B. Goes only half way to completion C. Involves a half mole of the concentration of the solution D. Always oxidizes
1260	pKa value of hyponitrous acid is.	A. -7.0 B. 8.9 C. 4.1 D. 6.6
1261	What is defined as an intimate mechanical mixture of two or more phases having a definite composition and a definite temperature of transformation within the solid state.	A. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Pearlite</p></p> B. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Eutectoid</p></p> C. delta="" solid="" solution<="" span><br="" style='font-size:11.0pt;line-height:107%; font-family:"Calibri","sans-serif";mso-ascii-theme-font:minor-latin;mso-fareast-font-family: Calibri;mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin;mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:Arial;mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;mso-ansi-language: EN-US;mso-fareast-language:EN-US;mso-bidi-language:AR-SA'>D. None of these</p></p>
1262	Which of the following technique is not related to instrumental analysis.	A. Optical method B. Colorimetry C. Polarography

D. Gravimetric analysis

1263	The tensile strength of a carbon nanotube is _____ times that of steel.	A. 10 B. 25 C. 100 D. 1000
1264	An example of cyclic polyterpenoid is	A. Myrcene B. Alcoholic C. Synthetic rubber D. Natural rubber
1265	A mixture of ethyl iodide and n-propyl iodide is subjected to Wurts reaction. The hydrocarbon that will nto be formed is	A. n-butane B. n-propane C. n-pentane D. n-hexane
1266	For a single -component system, the maximum degree of freedom in	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. Between 3 and 6
1267	The one which is not a purine base	A. Cytosine B. Guanine C. None of these D. Adenine
1268	When Phosphate rock $\text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$ is converted to phosphorus.	A. One of the products of the reaction is water B. Sulphuric acid is added to generate insoluble calcium sulphate C. Hydrogen is used to reduce the phosphate to phosphorus D. Silica is added to form a calcium silicate slag
1269	Which of the following statement is correct.	A. The wavelength of phosphorescence is less than the wavelength absorbed B. Teh transition from $T_{1/2}$ to S_0 without the emission of light is called phosphorescence C. The combination CO_2 and water in plants, in the presence of chlorophyll, is an example of bioluminescence. D. Population inversion is a necessary condition for laser action
1270	TLC belongs to which of the following chromatographic techniques.	A. Ion exchange B. Partities chromatography C. Adsorption chromatography D. Gel permeation
1271	How much amount of NaOH is required to prepare 100 mL of 1 N solution.	A. 80 g B. 4 g C. 40 g D. zero
1272	Which of the following elements would have the lowest first ionization energy	A. Mg B. Rb C. Li D. Ca
1273	Which of the following linear polymer.	A. Polypeptide B. Protein C. Starch D. Phenol formaldehyde resin
1274	Which of the following pollutant is not secondary pollutnat.	A. SO_3 B. NO_2 C. SO_2 D. Ozone
1275	The range of sound pressure for uncomfortable level is.	A. 80 - 90 dB B. 100 - 120 dB C. 130-140 dB D. All above
1276	Boric Acid is used	A. In manufacture of pottery glaze B. In medicine as an antiseptic C. In tanning industry D. All above
1277	A man has to think of alternate sources of energy due to	A. Shortage of vehicles B. Shortage of fossil fuels C. Construction of house D. Running of power plant
		A. Increase the concentration of products

1278	In order to increase the rate of the reaction one should.	<p>B. Decrease the concentration of reactants</p> <p>C. Decreases the concentration of products</p> <p>D. Both C and D statement are correct</p>
1279	Which one of the following would make an S_N2 mechanism more likely	<p>A. Bulky substituents near the halogen</p> <p>B. A polar solvent</p> <p>C. A tertiary carbocation intermediate</p> <p>D. A reactive nucleophile</p>
1280	The ionic product equilibrium constant is.	<p>A. K_a</p> <p>B. K_b</p> <p>C. K_c</p> <p>D. K_w</p>
1281	Which of the following anionic species is not separated by gravimetric analysis.	<p>A. Cl^-</p> <p>B. SO_4</p> <p>C. CH_3COO^-</p> <p>D. PO_4</p>
1282	IUPAC name of $HCONH_2$ is.	<p>A. Methanamide</p> <p>B. Methanoylamine</p> <p>C. Ammonoethanal</p> <p>D. Formanide</p>
1283	In a system of designating wrought aluminum alloys a four digit number is used what does the first digit indicate.	<p>A. The purity of aluminum</p> <p>B. The identity of the alloy</p> <p>C. The alloy group</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
1284	Among oxides of nitrogen all are gases except.	<p>A. N_2O_5</p> <p>B. N_2O</p> <p>C. NO</p> <p>D. N_2O_3</p>
1285	Which of the following cause water pollution.	<p>A. Smoke</p> <p>B. Automobile exhausts</p> <p>C. Aeroplanes</p> <p>D. Silt and pesticides</p>
1286	Which of the following metal acts as pollutant.	<p>A. Hg</p> <p>B. Pb</p> <p>C. Zn</p> <p>D. Ni</p> <p>E. All above</p>
1287	The volume of a given mass of gas at constant temperature varies inversely with the pressure. This is a statement of.	<p>A. Charles's law</p> <p>B. Avogadro's law</p> <p>C. Boyle's law</p> <p>D. Dalton's law</p>
1288	When calcium is heated in the flame of a Bunsen burner, the colour imparted to the flame is.	<p>A. Golden yellow</p> <p>B. Brick red</p> <p>C. Crimson red</p> <p>D. Grass green</p>
1289	According to systematic nomenclature which hydrogen compound is sulphane.	<p>A. HF</p> <p>B. SiH_4</p> <p>C. SF_4</p> <p>D. H_2S</p>
1290	At higher altitudes, the boiling point of water is lowered because.	<p>A. Atmospheric pressure is low</p> <p>B. Temperature is low at high altitude</p> <p>C. Atmospheric pressure increases</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1291	The vibration degrees of freedom for a linear and non-linear polyatomic molecule of seven atoms each are respectively	<p>A. 30 and 29</p> <p>B. 30 and 32</p> <p>C. 28 and 29</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1292	Which among the following hydride is ionic in nature.	<p>A. Ammonia</p> <p>B. Protium oxide</p> <p>C. Calcium hydride</p> <p>D. Sulphane</p>
1293	All the strong acids have very close pK_a values and they appear to have nearly equal strengths in aqueous solutions. The phenomenon is called as.	<p>A. Levelling effect</p> <p>B. Differentiating effect</p> <p>C. Levelling solvent</p> <p>D. Differentiating solvent</p>
1294	What is the purpose of molybdenum in steel alloying.	<p>A. To increase dynamic and high temperature strength and hardness</p> <p>B. To increase brittleness</p> <p>C. To increase corrosion resistance</p> <p>D. All above</p>

1295	Which of the following detector is used in HPLC system.	A. Differential refractometer detector B. UV detector C. Diode array detector D. All above
1296	Volta metric technique using a dropping mercury electrode is called.	A. Amperometry B. Coulometry C. Polarography D. Potentiometry
1297	In whihc period, the element with least ionization enthalpy belong to	A. Group 1 B. Group 2 C. Group 17 D. Group 18
1298	The minimum amount of energy that the reacting molecules must posses at the time of collations in under to produce effective collisions is called.	A. Free energy B. Threshold energy C. Activation energy D. External energy
1299	Combination of a -amino acid through which linkages results result in formation of protein	A. Ester linkage B. Glycosidic linkage C. Lactum linkage D. Peptide linkage
1300	Which of the following is not a component of flame photometer.	A. Pressure regulator and flow meter B. The atomizer C. The burner D. Hallow cathode lamp
1301	Yellow colour of the flame is observed with	A. Calcium salt B. Barium salt C. Sodium salt D. Potassium salt
1302	Which of the following does not apply to nanotechnology.	A. It is a general purpose technology B. It can be called Green technology C. Newtonian mechanics can describe it. D. It involves rearrangement of atoms
1303	When rain is accompanied by a thunderstorm, the collected rain water will have pH	A. Slightly lower than that of rain water without thunderatorm B. Slightly higher than that of rain water without thunderastorm C. Uninfluenced by occurrence of thunderatorm D. Which depends on amount of dust in air
1304	The dipole moments of the given species are such that.	A. $\text{BF}_3 > \text{NF}_3 > \text{NH}_3$ B. $\text{NF}_3 > \text{BF}_3 > \text{NH}_3$ C. $\text{NHE} > \text{NF}_3 > \text{BF}_3$ D. $\text{NH}_3 > \text{BF}_3 > \text{NF}_3$
1305	Which of the following has hexagonal structure.	A. Sodium chloride B. Potassium choride C. Diamond D. Graphite
1306	Which of the following substance is generally not considered an air pollutant.	A. CO B. CO2 C. SO2 D. NO2
1307	in the system of designating wrought aluminum alloys the letter F that follows the number indicates what condition of the alloy.	A. As fabricated B. Calcined C. Annealed D. Strain hardened
1308	The most stable carbonium ion is	A. See butyl B. n-butyl C. Tert butyl D. None of the above
1309	The correct order of acidic strength is.	A. $\text{HF} < \text{HCl} < \text{HI} < \text{HBr}$ B. $\text{HI} < \text{HBr} < \text{HCl} < \text{HF}$ C. $\text{HI} < \text{HBr} < \text{HF} < \text{HCl}$ D. $\text{HF} < \text{HCl} < \text{HBr} < \text{HI}$
1310	The base which in not present in DNA is	A. Adenine B. Guanine C. Thymine D. Cytosine
1311	Variable oxidation states is shown by	A. Normal eleemnts B. Metallic elements C. Non metallic elements D. Transition elements

1312	CoCl ₃ .6NH ₃ has six NH ₃ molecules that satisfy the valency of the Cu ³⁺ metal ion	A. Primary B. Secondary C. Both A and B D. None of above
1313	Hydrolith is the common name of	A. NaH B. CaH ₂ C. NaF D. CaF ₂
1314	Nitrogen (N ₂) is relatively unreactive because.	A. Its electronegativity is high B. Its dissociation energy is large C. Its atomic radius is small D. It is the first element of group 15
1315	The by -product of the process of saponification is.	A. Methanol B. Glycol C. Glycerol D. Absolute alcohol
1316	Ozone layer of stratosphere requires protection from indiscriminate use of.	A. Fungicides, insecticides, bactericides and medicines B. Aerosols and high flying jets C. Atomic explosions and industrial wastes D. Weather ballons
1317	The reduction of an alkyne to alkene using Lindlar's catalyst results into	A. Syn addition of hydrogen atoms B. Anti addition of hydrogen atoms C. A mixture obtained by ayn and anti addition of hydrogen which are equilibrium with each other D. A mixture obtained by syn and anti addition of hydrogen which are not in equilibrium with each other.
1318	Which of the following salt is colourless.	A. Zn salt B. Co salt C. Ni salt D. Mn salt
1319	Eutrophication is process which involves	A. Depletion of ozone layer B. Increase in the concentration of ozone in water C. Decrease in the concentration of dissolved oxygen in water by algae D. Decrease in the level of SO ₂ in air
1320	The movement of an electric charge produce a magnetic field is known from the	A. Elementary Physics B. Elementary Chemistry C. Both A and B D. None of above
1321	Lux -Flood concept is a dono-acceptor system of.	A. Proton B. Electron pair C. Neurtron D. Oxide ion
1322	Elements of group 14	A. Exhibit oxidation state of -4 B. Exhibit oxidation state of +4 C. Form M ³⁺ and M ⁴⁺ ions D. Form M ⁴⁻ and M ⁴⁺ iona
1323	Final paper wound in the form of a real having final moisture of about.	A. 6-8% B. 9 - 12 % C. 13-15 % D. 4 - 10%
1324	The alkaline hydrolysis of fat is know as	A. Condensation B. Esterification C. Saponification D. Emulsification
1325	The formula of borax glass is.	A. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ 10H ₂ O B. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ 5H ₂ O C. Na B ₄ O ₇ D. None of above
1326	The Langmuir adsorption iso therrn shows that the amount of adsorbed gas per gram of the solid is equal to.	A. $\frac{ap}{1+bp}$ B. $\frac{ap+1}{1-bp}$ C. $\frac{1+ap}{1-bp}$ D. $\frac{a}{1+bp}$
1327	VBT is unable to explain the nature of some of the complexes of.	A. Cobalt B. Copper C. Nickle D. Manganese

1328	The Lewis formula of SOCl_2 , the total number of bond pairs and lone pairs of electron around sulphur are.	<p>A. 2,1 B. 2,2 C. 3,1 D. 3,0</p>
1329	The most important conditions for the formation of ionic bond are.	<p>A. High ionization energy of the metallic atom and high electron affinity of the non metallic atom. B. Low ionization of the metallic atom and low electron affinity of the non metallic atom. C. Low ionization energy of metallic atom and high electron affinity of the non metallic atom D. High ionization energy of the metallic atom and high electron affinity of non metallic atom.</p>
1330	The penultimate shells have pseudo inert gas type configuration.	<p>A. Ga B. In C. Tl D. All above</p>
1331	During sintering densification is not due to	<p>A. Atomic diffusion B. Surface diffusion C. Bulk diffusion D. Surface tension</p>
1332	What field of study encompasses procurement and production of metals.	<p>A. Metallurgy B. Geology C. Material science D. Metalgraphy</p>
1333	Group VA of the periodic table consist of elements.	<p>A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6</p>
1334	What is the ratio of the maximum load in a tension test to the original cross sectional area of the test bar.	<p>A. Tensile strength B. Yield strength C. Shear strength D. Torsion</p>
1335	Which of the following elements is most electropositive.	<p>A. C B. N C. O D. Be</p>
1336	Which of the following compounds shows optical activity	<p>A. Lactic acid B. Maltose C. Glucose D. All above</p>
1337	In 1952 who popularized the use of CFT for inorganic chemist	<p>A. Bethe B. Orge C. Van Vleck D. Werner</p>
1338	Lithium silicide reacts with concentrated hydrochloric acid to give lithium chloride along with.	<p>A. H_2 and Si B. Si H_4 gas C. Disilane gas D. Si_3H_8</p>
1339	Stable metal ions structures are.	<p>A. Noble gas structure B. Is electron group structure C. Transition metal structure</p>

1340	Which of the following statements regarding covalent bond is false.	A. The electrons are shared between atoms. B. The bond in non -directional C. The strength of the bond depend upon the extent of overlapping D. The bond formed may be polar or non-polar
1341	Metal are	A. Hard B. Ductile C. Malleable D. All
1342	Hydrogen at the moment of its generation is generally called.	A. Protium B. Nascent hydrogen C. Atomic hydorgen D. Heavy hydrogen
1343	Give violet colour to flame	A. Gallium B. indium C. Thallium D. Aluminium
1344	Which of the following is not an acid radical	A. Cl- B. Br- C. K+ D. I-
1345	On the basic of CFT the bonding between the metal and ligand is totally	A. Ionic B. Covalent C. Coordinate D. Metallic
1346	The product obtained on heating n-heptane with Cr2O3 ____Al2O3 at 600 °C is.	A. Cycloheptane B. Methyl cyclohexane C. Benzene D. Teluene
1347	Which of the following would decompose at lowest temperature.	A. MgCO3 B. SrCO3 C. BaCO3 D. CaCO3
1348	The ration of thermal conductivity of silver to that of a carbon nanotube is.	A. 100 : 1 B. 1 :100 C. 10:1 D. 1:10
1349	The oxidation number Xe in XeOF2 is	A. 0 B. +2 C. +4 D. +3
1350	Which of the following reactions does not take place with light radiation.	A. Oxidation B. Reduction C. Polymerization D. Double displacement
1351	Which of the following molecules can exhibit geometrical isomerism.	A. CH3CH = CH2 B. CH3CH = CHCH3 C. (CH3)2 C = CH2 D. CH3CH = C(CH3)2
1352	DDT is	A. Biodegradable pollutant B. Nodegradable contaminant C. Air pollutant D. An antibiotic
1353	The expected specific waste of food industry is.	A. Meats B. Nuts C. Fats or Oils D. All above
1354	What is the ratio of stress to strain in a material loaded within its elastic ranger.	A. <p style="margin-bottom: 0; margin-top: 0;">Poisson's ratio</p> B. <p style="margin-bottom: 0; margin-top: 0;">Refractive index</p> C. <p style="margin-bottom: 0; margin-top: 0;">Modulus of elasticity</p> D. <p style="margin-bottom: 0; margin-top: 0;"></p>

		<p>None of above</p>
1355	The most harmful components of incomplete combustion are generally grouped as particulate polycyclic matter organic (PPOM) These materials are derivatives of .	<p>A. Benzene B. Naphthalene C. Benz a pyrene D. None of the above</p>
1356	The constant temperature and pressure, the rates of effusion of various gases vary inversely as square root of their density. This is a statement of.	<p>A. Boyle's law B. Charles's law C. Graham's law D. Dalton's law</p>
1357	What field of study encompasses the procurement and production of metals.	<p>A. Metallurgy B. Geology C. Metagraphy D. Nanochemistry</p>
1358	Which of the following is a component of soap.	<p>A. Sodium sulphate B. Sodium stearate C. Sodium chloride D. Sodium bromide</p>
1359	Which of the following statements is not correct.	<p>A. The conductance of one cm³ of a material is called specific conductance B. Specific conductance increases while equivalent conductance decreases on progressive dilution C. The limiting equivalent conductance of weak electrolytes cannot be determined by extrapolation of the plot of A against concentration D. The conductivity of metals is due to the movement of electrons.</p>
1360	Which of the following does not have an α,β unsaturated carbonyl group.	<p>A. Androsterone B. Oestrone C. Testosterone D. Progesterone</p>
1361	Among LiCl, BeCl ₂ , BCl ₃ , and CCl ₄ the covalent bond character follows the order.	<p>A. LiCl < BeCl₂ < BCl₃ < CCl₄ B. LiCl > BeCl₂ > BCl₃ > CCl₄ C. LiCl < BeCl₂ < BCl₃ < CCl₄ D. LiCl > BeCl₂ > BCl₃ > CCl₄</p>
1362	Who proved that all the six hydrogen atoms in benzene are equivalent.	<p>A. Kekule B. Ladenburg C. Faraday D. Wohler</p>
1363	The particle would be stationary in a lattice only at.	<p>A. 273 K B. 0 K C. 298 K D. 373 K</p>
1364	Which of the following reaction cannot be used for the synthesis of amino acids.	<p>A. Gabriel phthalimide B. Strecker's synthesis C. Sorensen synthesis D. Schmidt synthesis</p>
1365	Duralumin is an alloy of.	<p>A. Mg + Al B. Al + Mg + Mn C. Mg + Al + Cu D. Mg + Al + Cu + Mn</p>
1366	Covalent compounds are soluble in	<p>A. Polar solvents B. Non polar solvent C. Concentrated acids D. All solvent</p>
1367	In B ₂ H ₆ molecule	<p>A. There exists a direct B-B σ-bond B. All the atoms are in one plane C. All the B-H bonds are normal covalent</p>

		bonds D. There exist two bonds between the boron atoms.
1368	Oil of turpentine contains.	A. a-pinene B. p- pinene C. Both A and B D. None of these
1369	The units of surface tension in SI system are	A. Joule m ⁻¹ B. Newton m ⁻¹ C. Erg cm ⁻¹ D. Dynes cm ⁻²
1370	Keeping in view the periodic law and periodic table, suggest which of the following elements should have maximum electronegative character.	A. Oxygen B. Nitrogen C. Fluorine D. Astatine
1371	Peppermint oil contains.	A. Menthol B. Thymol C. a-pinene D. Comphene
1372	A thionic acid	A. H ₂ S ₂ O ₃ B. H ₂ S ₂ O ₆ C. H ₂ S ₂ O ₈ D. H ₂ S ₂ O ₇
1373	Which of the following statements is wrong.	A. Covalent compounds are generally soluble in polar solvents B. Covalent compounds have low melting and boiling point. C. Ionic solids do not conduct electricity in solid state D. Ionic compounds conduct electricity in the fused state.
1374	The polarity of bonds can lead to polarity of molecules and affect	A. Melting point B. Boiling point C. Solubility D. All of above
1375	Fluorine finds considerable use of DDT which is used as.	A. herbicide B. Fungicide C. Insecticide D. Nematocides
1376	Alumina is not used as	A. Refractory material B. A medium in chromatography C. An abrasive D. A White pigment
1377	Fluorine forms fluorides reacting with	A. Metals B. Non metals C. Metalloids D. Any of above
1378	Which halide of cesium will be highly ionic in nature.	A. K ⁺ B. Ag ⁺ C. Rb ⁺ D. Ca ⁺
1379	Which statement is false.	A. If a reaction is thermodynamically spontaneous it may occur rapidly B. If a reaction is thermodynamically spontaneous it may occur slowly. C. Activation energy is a kinetic quantity rather than a thermodynamic quantity. D. If a reaction is thermodynamically spontaneous, it must have a low activation energy.
1380	What type of inter molecular force is present in nylon-66?	A. Vander wall B. Hydrogen bond C. Dipole-dipole interactions D. Sulphide linkage
1381	The metallic character of group 14 elements	A. Decreases from top to bottom B. Increases from top to bottom C. Does not change gradually D. Has no significance
1382	Iso-osmotic solutions are those which have the same.	A. Vapour pressure lowering B. Osmotic pressure C. Molality D. Boiling point elevation
		A. Tempering

1383	The process of heating to redness and then slow cooling in known as	<p>Quenching</p> <p>B. Annealing</p> <p>C. <code><blockquote style="margin: 0 0 40px; border: none; padding: 0px;">Quenching</blockquote></code></p> <p>D. Hardening</p>
1384	The alternate feasible fuel for existence of mankind to	<p>A. Uranium</p> <p>B. Wood</p> <p>C. Bontonite</p> <p>D. Cloth residues</p>
1385	Which pair of species can undergo chemical reaction with each other.	<p>A. CO+ NO</p> <p>B. LiH and H₂O</p> <p>C. CO₂ and HCl</p> <p>D. CaH₂ and Si H₄</p>
1386	Putrefaction is	<p>A. Hydrolysis of proteins</p> <p>B. Reduction of proteins</p> <p>C. Bacterial oxidation of proteins</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
1387	Which of the following is not a characteristic of phthalocyanine dyes.	<p>A. They are metal complex</p> <p>B. the are insoluble in water</p> <p>C. They have porphin nucleus</p> <p>D. They are used in photographic plates</p>
1388	The steroid which plays an important role in carbohydrate metabolism is.	<p>A. Oestrone</p> <p>B. Progestrone.</p> <p>C. Androsterone</p> <p>D. Cortisone</p>
1389	Among the elements of second period the element with highest melting point belongs to group.	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 14</p> <p>C. 17</p> <p>D. 18</p>
1390	A compound with an congruent melting point decomposes on heating into.	<p>A. A liquid of the same composition as the solid</p> <p>B. A new solid phase and a solution with a compositional from that of the solid phase</p> <p>C. A new solid phase and a solution with the same composition as that of the solid phase</p> <p>D. A solution of fixed composition</p>
1391	The layer containing petroleum oil and gas is.	<p>A. <code><p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Above that of water<o:p></o:p></p></code></p> <p>B. <code><p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Below water<o:p></o:p></p></code></p> <p>C. <code><p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Between water and sand<o:p></o:p></p></code></p> <p>D. <code><p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">All of above<o:p></o:p></p></code></p>
1392	The number of Glass products now manufactured is.	<p>A. 25,000</p> <p>B. 75,000</p> <p>C. 50,000</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
1393	The maximum degree of freedom for a pure substance under equilibrium constitutions is	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 3</p> <p>D. zero</p>
1394	The correct order of thermal stabilities of hydriedes of group 15 is.	<p>A. NH₃ &gt; PH₃ &gt; AsH₃ &gt; BiH₃&gt; SbH₃</p> <p>B. NH₃ &gt; PH₃ &gt;AsH₃ &gt; SbH₃&gt; BiH₃</p> <p>C. NH₃ &lt; PH₃ &lt; SbH₃ &gt; AsH₃ &gt; BiH₃</p> <p>D. BiH₃ &gt; Sb H₃ &gt; AsH₃ &gt; PH₃ &gt; NH₃</p>
1395	Aluminum is usually extracted from	<p>A. Bauxite</p> <p>B. Corundum</p> <p>C. Feldepar</p> <p>D. Alumite</p>
		<p>A. Winds</p> <p>B. Water cycle</p>

1396	Which of the following phenomenon are driven by solar energy.	<p>B. Water cycle</p> <p>C. Production of biomass</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1397	The pH Value 4.2 is of	<p>A. Vinegar</p> <p>B. Lemons</p> <p>C. Oranges</p> <p>D. Tomatoes</p>
1398	Which of the following method of analysis is based on diffraction of radiation.	<p>A. Mass spectrometry</p> <p>B. Polarography</p> <p>C. Potentiometry</p> <p>D. Raman scattering</p>
1399	Setting of plaster of Paris volves.	<p>A. Oxidation with atmospheric oxygen</p> <p>B. Combination with atmosphere CO₂</p> <p>C. Dehydration</p> <p>D. Hydration to yield another hydrate</p>
1400	Form electron deficient compounds	<p>A. B</p> <p>B. Al</p> <p>C. Both B and Al</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1401	The rusting of iron is catalyzed by which of the following.	<p>A. Fe</p> <p>B. H⁺</p> <p>C. O₂</p> <p>D. Zn</p>
1402	Ammonium nitrate is sold as a mixture with	<p>A. Soda Ash</p> <p>B. Lime stone</p> <p>C. Zinc</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1403	On hybridization of one s and one p orbitals we get.	<p>A. Two mutually perpendicular orbitals</p> <p>B. Two orbitals at 180^o</p> <p>C. Four orbitals directed tetrahedrally</p> <p>D. Three orbitals in a plane</p>
1404	The strongest acid is.	<p>A. HNO₂</p> <p>B. HNO₃</p> <p>C. H₂N₂O₂</p> <p>D. HNOS</p>
1405	When a concentrated solute of an electrolyte is diluted.	<p>A. Its specific conductance increases</p> <p>B. Its equivalent conductance decreases</p> <p>C. The specific conductance decreases and equivalent conductance increases</p> <p>D. Both specific and equivalent conductance increase</p>
1406	Beillstein test is used for.	<p>A. Cl</p> <p>B. N₂</p> <p>C. CO₂</p> <p>D. Na</p>
1407	Which statement is true.	<p>A. Resonance hybride are inherently unstable.</p> <p>B. Resonance hybride are more static than any individual resonance form</p> <p>C. Resonance hybride are average of all resoance forms resembling the more stabel forms</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1408	Enantiomers have which of the following characteristics.	<p>A. Rotate ordinary light</p> <p>B. Have the same melting point</p> <p>C. Are superimposable mirror images</p> <p>D. React with optically active molecule at the same rate</p>
1409	Noble gases are used in discharge tubes to give different colours. Raddish orange glow is due to.	<p>A. Ar</p> <p>B. Ne</p> <p>C. Xe</p> <p>D. Kr</p>
1410	Which are not considered member of d-block elements.	<p>A. Zn</p> <p>B. Cd</p> <p>C. Hg</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1411	Which of the following health effect is caused by lead.	<p>A. Cancer</p> <p>B. Neurotoxin</p> <p>C. Hypertension</p> <p>D. Kidney damage</p>
1412	a-terpioneol is obtained on hydration of which of the following with dilute H ₂ SO ₄ .	<p>A. Citral</p> <p>B. Myrcene</p> <p>C. Linalool</p> <p>D. Linalyl acetate</p>

D. Limonene

1413	The terpenoid present in oil of lemon grass is	A. Citral B. Geranial C. Nerol D. α -terpineol
1414	Titanium dioxide shows the lattice structure.	A. Fluorite B. Rutile C. Wurtzite D. Zeolite
1415	Considering the elements B, Al, Mg and K, the correct order of their metallic character is.	A. B > Al > Mg > K B. Al > Mg > B > K C. Mg > Al > K > B D. K > Mg > Al > B
1416	Among the elements A, B, C and D having atomic numbers 7, 8, 9 AND 12 Respectively, the element with smallest size and highest IE is.	A. A B. B C. C D. D
1417	Which one of the following noble gas is obtained by radioactive disintegration	A. Kr B. Br C. Rn D. Xe
1418	Each fat or oil is made up of	A. A distinctive mixture of several different triglycerides B. A distinctive mixture of several aldehydes C. Mixture of above both D. None of above
1419	Which is incorrect statement for XeF ₂ .	A. It has linear structure. B. It is hydrolyzed rapidly in aqueous solution of a base C. It oxidizes Cl and I to Cl ₂ and I ₂ respectively D. It cannot act as F donor
1420	Which of the following is not strong electrolytes.	A. HCl B. H ₂ SO ₄ C. HNO ₃ D. CH ₃ COOH
1421	Which of the following oxide formed in appreciable quantity in the atmosphere.	A. NO B. NO ₂ C. N ₂ O D. All above
1422	ClF is	A. Chlorine monofluoride B. Fluorine C. Monochlorine fluoride D. Monofluorine chloride
1423	In the presence of dilute alkali monosaccharides undergo reversible isomerisation. The reaction known as.	A. Kiliani reaction B. Weermann rearrangement C. Lobry de Bruyn Van Ekenstein rearrangement D. Mutarotation
1424	Vet dyes are generally applied to the fabric in the form of.	A. Mordants B. Leuco base C. Oxidised base D. Dispersed dyes.
1425	Photochemical smog is caused primarily by	A. CO B. CO ₂ C. NO ₂ D. O ₃
1426	Cis-2-butene on reaction with bromine gives 2,3-dibromobutane which is	A. Racemic mixture B. Meso isomer C. Dextroisomer D. Levoisomer
1427	The size of nanoparticles is between _____ nm	A. 100 to 1000 B. 1 to 100 C. 0.1 to 10 D. 0.01 to 1
1428	A drop of a liquid acquires spherical shape because of.	A. Its viscous nature B. Capillary action C. The tendency to acquire minimum surface area D. Its shape
		A. H ₂ O molecule is linear B. C=O bond in CO ₂ is not polar

1429	The boiling point of water is unexpectedly high because.	<p>B. Sp³ hydrogen bonding is involved in the formation of water</p> <p>C. There is hydrogen bonding and consequent association of H₂O molecules.</p> <p>D. Oxygen is the first member of the VI group</p>
1430	Which of the following statement is not related to VBT	<p>A. individual orbitals lose their indentation</p> <p>B. VBT uses the concept of resonance</p> <p>C. VBT does not explain the paramagnetic nature of molecule</p> <p>D. it uses only valence electron</p>
1431	Which of the following pollutant is not primary pollutant.	<p>A. Ash</p> <p>B. Smoke</p> <p>C. SO₃</p> <p>D. SO₂</p>
1432	Which of the following is a pseudohalide.	<p>A. I₃⁻</p> <p>B. IF₇</p> <p>C. CN⁻</p> <p>D. ICl</p>
1433	Ozone layer of upper atmosphere is being destroyed by	<p>A. chlorofluorocarbons</p> <p>B. SO₂</p> <p>C. Photochemical oxidants O₂ and CO₂</p> <p>D. Smog</p>
1434	Which of the following are anionic detergents.	<p>A. Sodium salts of sulfonated long chain alcohol</p> <p>B. Ester of stearic acid and polythylene glycol</p> <p>C. Quaternary ammonium salt of amine with acetate ion</p> <p>D. Sodium salts of sulfonated long chain hydrocarbons</p>
1435	A mixture of weak acid and its salt is.	<p>A. Alkaline buffer</p> <p>B. Acidic buffer</p> <p>C. Neutral buffer</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
1436	Which of the following statement is not correct with respect to limitations of Hammett equation.	<p>A. It is only applicable to aromatic systems</p> <p>B. Only applicable to aliphatic systems</p> <p>C. It is not valid for m-substituent</p>
1437	The pK _a of an acid having ionization constant 1×10^{-5} is	<p>A. -5</p> <p>B. 5</p> <p>C. 9</p> <p>D. -9</p>
1438	The percentage of nitrogen in Urea is _____%	<p>A. 46</p> <p>B. 37</p> <p>C. 82</p> <p>D. 50</p>
1439	Which of the following statement is not related with nitric oxide.	<p>A. It is a colorless and odourless gas</p> <p>B. It is produced largely by fuel combustion</p> <p>C. It is a brown pungent gas</p> <p>D. It is oxidized to NO₂</p>
1440	Which of the following carbonates decomposes at the highest temperature.	<p>A. Mg CO₃</p> <p>B. CaCO₃</p> <p>C. Sr CO₃</p> <p>D. Ba CO₃</p>
1441	Solid substances consist of an ordered array of ions and solid as a whole is electrically.	<p>A. Conductor</p> <p>B. Neutral</p> <p>C. Acidic</p> <p>D. Basic</p>
1442	What refers to the removal of zinc from brasses?	<p>A. Dezincification</p> <p>B. Graphitization</p> <p>C. Stabilization</p> <p>D. Denitration</p>

1443	The range of sound pressure which is painful is as	A. 130-140 dB B. 100 - 120 dB C. 90 - 80 dB D. All above
1444	For a given mass of a gas if temperature increase	A. Pressure and volume remain Constant B. Volume increases provided pressure is kept constant C. Pressure decreases provided volume is constant D. Both volume and pressure decrease
1445	Which of the following is not a component of AAS.	A. Hollow cathode lamp B. Burner C. Detector D. Tungsten lamp
1446	A red color gas, on condensing it gives a dark blue liquid.	A. NO B. N ₂ O C. N ₂ O ₃ D. N ₂ O ₄
1447	Which of the following element has six electrons in the valence shell but cannot exhibit a maximum co valency of six.	A. Sulphur B. Oxygen C. Selenium D. Both A and B
1448	The possible sub levels in the n = 4 energy level are.	A. s,p,d B. s,p,d,f C. s D. s,p
1449	Which of the following statements are correct for Linear polymers.	A. Linear polymers may be condensation as well as addition polymers B. Structure is well packed in nature C. Linear polymers have higher density higher melting point and higher tensile strength D. All are correct
1450	The common temperature detecting device in DTA are.	A. Thermocouples B. Thermopiles C. Thermistors D. All
1451	A^0 or $10 Dq$ is called crystal field.	A. Energy B. Splitting energy C. Stabilization energy D. None of above
1452	Which one of the following is natural polymer.	A. Starch B. Nylon-6 C. Neoprene D. Buna-S, SBR
1453	Which of the following reactions have small enthalpy change.	A. NaOH with HCl B. NaOH with CH ₃ COOH C. HCl with NH ₄ OH D. None of these
1454	Which of the following is renewable resources of energy.	A. Hydropower B. Wind power C. Solar power D. All above
1455	Carbohydrates are characterized by the presence of.	A. Hydroxyl group B. Carbonyl group C. Asymmetric carbon D. All of these
1456	Which of the following system has low as well as upper consolute temperature.	A. Nicotine - water B. Aniline -water C. Triethylamine -water D. Phenol -water
1457	The common ligands can be arranged in order of their increasing splitting power to cause d-orbitals splitting. This series is called as.	A. Electro-chemical B. Spectro-chemical C. Physico-chemical D. Spectro-electrical
1458	When the concentration of reactant molecules is increased the rate of reaction increases. The best explanation is As the reactant concentration increases.	A. The average kinetic energy of molecules increases. B. The frequency of molecular collisions increases C. The rate constant increase D. The activation energy increases

D. The activation energy increases

1459	Hydrogen bond is not electrostatic in nature is stated by	A. Electrostatic approach B. Valence bond approach C. Molecular orbital approach D. None of the above
1460	The ions Sc^{3+} , Ca^{2+} and K^{+} have same electronic configuration as that of.	A. Neon B. Argon C. Krypton D. Xenon
1461	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to nitrogen dioxide.	A. It is produced by the oxidation of NO B. Its small concentration has been detected to lower stratosphere C. It is major pollutant D. It does not absorb sunlight.
1462	Which of the following pollutant result from roasting and heating processes.	A. Dust B. Smoke C. Metal fumes D. All above
1463	The first noble gas compound was	A. XeO_3 B. XeF_4 C. XeF_6 D. $\text{Xe} + [\text{PtF}_6]$
1464	The electrophile in the sulphonation of benzene is.	A. SO_3 B. SO_3H C. HSO_4 D. SO_2
1465	Process of separating the racemic mixture into optically active isomers is known as.	A. Resolution B. Racemisation C. Walden inversion D. Epimerization
1466	Nano technology in other words is.	A. Carbon engineering B. Atomic engineering C. Small technology D. Microphysics
1467	Albumin is classified as	A. Simple protein B. Conjugated protein C. Lipoprotein D. Derived protein
1468	The conductance of 1 cm ³ of an electrolytes solution is called its.	A. Specific resistance B. Specific conductance C. Molar conductance D. Equivalent conductance
1469	In average composition of a good sample of cement the percentage of silica is.	A. 18.5% B. 20.5% C. 22.5% D. 24.5%
1470	Which of the following method is based on the solubility difference between the analyte and the unwanted components.	A. Distillation B. Complex formation C. Electrodeposition D. Precipitation
1471	Suppose the activation energy of a certain reaction is 250 kJ/mol, If the rate constant at $T_1 = 300\text{ K}$ is k_1 and the rate constant at $T_2 = 320\text{ K}$ is k_2 , then the reaction is _____ times faster at 320 K than at 300 K	A. 3×10^{-29} B. 0.067 C. 525 D. 15.0
1472	Water is often treated with chlorine to	A. Increases oxygen content B. Kill germs C. Cause sedimentation D. Remove insoluble impurities.
1473	Among all halogens no oxyacid of the following is known	A. F B. Cl C. Br D. I
1474	The different types of glass are.	A. A- glass, C-Glass, E-Glass and S-Glass B. A-Glass, B-Glass, E-Glass, S-Glass C. AR -Glass, C-Glass, E-Glass and S -Glass D. A-B Glass
1475	The oxidation state of Pt in $\text{Xe} + [\text{Pt F}_6]$ is	A. +4 B. +5 C. +6 D. None of these

1476	Which of the following contains isoprene unite.	A. Natural rubber B. Nylon -6,6 C. Polyethylene D. Decron
1477	Which of the following statements correct regarding copper.	A. It is used in electroplating B. Its salts are used as insecticides C. Its salts are used as coloring materials D. All are correct
1478	The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a solution on the addition of non -volatile solute.	A. Is equal to the mole fraction of solute B. Is equal to the sum of the mole fraction of the solute and solvent C. Depends upon the nature of the solute D. Depends upon the mole fraction of the solvent
1479	Which of the following bonds will be non polar.	A. N - H B. O - H C. C - H D. C I - Cl
1480	The phenomenon of x-ray diffraction was studied by	A. Huygen B. Bragg C. Max Planck D. None of above
1481	The forces which holds the atoms together in a molecule is called	A. Ionic bond B. Covalent bond C. Co ordinate bond D. Chemical bond
1482	Relative order of acidity of HF, HCl, HBr, and HI acids is	A. HCl > HBr > HI > HF B. HF > HCl > HBr > HI C. HI > HBr > HCl > HF D. HF > HI > HCl > HBr
1483	Enfleurage process is used to extract the essential oils from	A. Back of plant B. Seeds of plant C. Leaves of plant D. Flowers of plant
1484	What ASTM test for compression is designated for plastics.	A. D 638 B. D 695 C. D 790 D. D 732
1485	Which substances is not used as an additive in paper industry.	A. Glucose B. Starch C. Alum D. None of these
1486	Which of the following is not a property of aluminium.	A. An efficient electrical conductor B. A low density compared to other metals C. Is amphoteric D. Toxic to humans
1487	In statistical mechanics, there exists a function which contains all the information about a macroscopic system. This function is known as.	A. Eigen function B. Wave function C. Partition function D. Distribution function
1488	Oxidation state of the chromium $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ complex ion is	A. +2 B. +3 C. +4 D. +5
1489	Which of the following acids acts as acid waste from coal mines.	A. HCl B. HNO_3 C. CH_3COOH D. H_3PO_4
1490	Pick out the incorrect statement for transition metals.	A. Cu^+ is not a transition metal ion B. Transition metals do not exhibit variable oxidation states C. Transition metal ions are coloured D. Transition metals and majority of their compounds are paramagnetic
1491	Alpha hematite nano tubes show dimensional magnetic ordering at temperature laser than 300 K.	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3

A. Van der Waals forces

1492	Which of the following interaction is involved in solid phase extraction technique.	B. Dipolar attraction C. H bonding D. All of above
1493	In hydrogen bonding a hydrogen atom is bonded to which of the highly electronegative atoms.	A. N B. O C. F D. N,O,F
1494	The formula of Borax is.	A. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ 6H ₂ O B. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ 8H ₂ O C. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ 10H ₂ O D. Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ 12H ₂ O
1495	Retarded reaction are those	A. <p>In which the rate of the reaction is independent of pressure</p> <p>B. <p>In which products are strongly adsorbed on the surface of the solid catalyst</p></p> <p>C. <p>Which are reversible under all conditions</p></p> <p>D. <p>For which G is positive</p></p>
1496	Which of the following is not an intensive property.	A. Melting point B. Refractive index C. Entropy D. Density
1497	The suffix "ate" at the end of the name of the compound signifies that it is.	A. Cation B. Anion C. Neutral D. None of above
1498	Select an acidic amino acid	A. Lysine B. Cystine C. Aspartic acid D. Aminoacetic acid
1499	What element is added to copper to increase its strength and fatigue properties.	A. Silicon B. Aluminium C. Beryllium D. Copper
1500	Which of the following process is involved in nitrogen fixation	A. Non symmetric fixation of nitrogen B. Fixation by soil bacteria C. Fixation by yeast D. Fixation by blue green algae E. All above
1501	Iodine is used as a	A. Photography B. Manufacture of dyes C. Analgesic D. All above
1502	The state of hybridization of carbon in CO ₂ is	A. sp ² B. sp C. sp ³ D. dsp ²
		A. Methanol, ethanol, propanone

1503	In which of the following group, each member given a positive iodoform test.	B. Ethanol, isopropyl alcohol, methanol C. Ethanol, ethanal, isopropyl alcohol D. Propanal 2-propanol, propanone
1504	Which of the following technique is most sensitive one.	A. Photometry B. AAS C. Flame photometry D. Fluorimetry
1505	Glass industry requires soda ash with	A. Solids density 1.91 and bulk density 1.0 B. Solids density 1.86 and bulk density 0.6 C. Solid density 1.80 and bulk density 0.58 D. All of above
1506	Stainless steel contains	A. Fe+Cr+Ni B. Fe+Ni+Cu C. Fe + Cr+ Cu D. Cu + C + Ni
1507	The correct order of electron affinities of Si, P, and Cl is.	A. P > Si > Cl B. Cl > P > Si C. Cl > Si, > P D. Si > P . Cl
1508	At extremely low pressures, the van der Waals equations for one mole may be written as.	A. $PV = RT + Pb$ B. $PV = RT$ C. $PV = RT - a/V$ D. $(P + a)(V - b) = RT$
1509	Are used as water repellents	A. Carbides B. Silicon C. Silicones D. Silicates
1510	Which of the following is the strongest oxidant.	A. F ₂ B. Cl ₂ C. Br ₂ D. I ₂
1511	Which type of organic compounds does fat belong to.	A. Alkene B. Ester C. Alkanol D. Alkanoic acid
1512	The secondary valency of Conc. CoCl ₃ . 6NH ₃ .	A. 2 B. 4 C. 6 D. 8
1513	Which of the following elements has the highest density.	A. Mg B. Na C. K D. Rb
1514	Which of the following quantity is correct for micro analysis.	A. 1 -10 mg or < 50 ml B. 10-20 mg or > 50 mL C. 50-100 mg or < 100 mL D. None of above
1515	The reverse of photo chemical reaction is called.	A. Phosphorescence B. Chemiluminescence C. Fluorescence D. Photochemical reaction
1516	For quality control of Portland cement, the test essentially done is.	A. Setting time B. Soundness C. Tensile strength D. All
1517	Valence bond theory was put forward by	A. Pauling and Slater B. Heitler and London C. Lewis D. Pauli
1518	Which of the following statements is not correct about noble gases.	A. Their ionization energies are very high B. Their electron affinities are nearly zero C. They do not form any chemical compounds D. They are not easily liquefied
1519	Which of the following statements is incorrect.	A. Sodium hydride is ionic B. Beryllium chloride is covalent C. CCl ₄ gives a white ppt with AgNO ₃

		solutions. D. Bonds in NaCl are non directional
1520	The elements with highest electron affinity belongs to.	A. Period 2 , group 17 B. Period 3, group 17 C. Period 2, group 18 D. Period, 2 , group 1
1521	Which of the group 13 element does not form M (III) iodide.	A. Al B. Ga C. Ti D. In
1522	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to electrode potential.	A. Feasibility of a chemical reaction B. Rate of chemical reaction C. Nature of a chemical reaction D. Free energy of a chemical reaction
1523	Particulate from soil and mineral primarily contains	A. Sodium compounds B. Calcium compounds C. Silicon compounds D. Calcium, aluminum and silicon compounds
1524	The force responsible for dissolution of ionic compounds in water are	A. Hydrogen bonds B. Ion dipole forces C. Ionic bonds D. Van Der Waal forces
1525	Cryolite is used in the electrolytic extraction of aluminium to.	A. Obtain more aluminium B. Reduce alumina C. Protective electrodes D. Dissolve bauxite and increase the electrical conductivity
1526	Which of the following statements is NOT true .	A. About 10% of the earth's crust is iron B. Pure iron does not have significant industrial use because it is too weak and soft. C. Steel is an alloy of carbon and iron with limits on the amount of carbon D. None of above
1527	The hybridization of sulphur in sulphur dioxide is.	A. sp B. sp ² C. sp ³ D. dsp ²
1528	The value of compressibility factor (z) = pV/nRT for an ideal gas is equal to.	A. R B. 1 C. 2 D. 3
1529	Which of the following is a mode of controlling pollution in big cities.	A. Cleanliness and less use of insecticides B. Proper disposal of organic wastes, sewage and industrial effluents C. Broader roads and shifting of factories out of the residential areas D. All of above
1530	The vitamin which is related to monosaccharides is.	A. Vitamin A B. Vitamin C C. Vitamin D D. Vitamin E
1531	Boron does not form B ³⁺ ion because.	A. It has small size and high ionization energy B. It has high electronegativity C. It has high charge density D. None of the above
1532	Is an instable colourless gas with a sticky sweet odor and is extremely toxic.	A. B ₂ H ₆ B. B ₄ H ₁₀ C. B ₃ H ₉ D. B ₆ H ₁₀
1533	Which of the following is planar?	A. CH ₂ Cl ₂ B. CHCl ₃ C. CCl ₄ D. C ₂ H ₂
1534	2- Butanol is optically active because it contains	A. An asymmetric carbon atom B. A plane of symmetry C. Centre of symmetry D. A hydroxyl group
1535	The property associated in thermometric titration is	A. Change in weight B. Rate of change in weight C. Change in volume D. Rate of change in volume

		C. Heat evolved or absorbed D. Change in temperature
1536	The electrolytic method super passes all other methods due to.	A. Furity B. Cheapness C. Easy available D. All above
1537	Which of the following process is used for the removal of gases.	A. Precipitation B. Chemical reaction in the atmosphere C. Absorption D. All above
1538	The expected specific wastes of textile industry is	A. Cloth residue B. Fibre residue C. Dyes D. All above
1539	The condensation between formaldehyde and acetaldehyde in the presence of conc. NaOH and heat gives.	A. Acrolein B. Mixture of CH_3OH and $\text{CH}_3\text{COO Na}$. C. Mixture of $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ and $\text{HCOO}^- \text{Na}^+$ D. None of these
1540	Domestic waste mostly constitutes	A. Non biodegradable pollution B. Biodegradable pollution C. Effluents D. Air pollution
1541	Strongest inter molecular hydrogen bond is formed in	A. H_2O B. NH_3 C. HF D. H_2S
1542	The gases H_2 , N_2 , O_2 and NH_3 . $\text{H}_2 = 2$, $\text{N}_2 = 28$, $\text{O}_2 = 32$ and $\text{NH}_3 = 17$ will effuse in the order.	A. $\text{H}_2 > \text{N}_2 > \text{O}_2 > \text{NH}_3$ B. $\text{NH}_3 > \text{O}_2 > \text{N}_2 > \text{H}_2$ C. $\text{H}_2 > \text{N}_2 > \text{NH}_3 > \text{O}_2$ D. $\text{H}_2 > \text{NH}_3 > \text{N}_2 > \text{O}_2$
1543	Which one of the following sets of elements has the strongest tendency to form negative ions in gaseous state.	A. Na, Mg, Al B. Ca, V, Cr C. N, O, F D. Ga, In, Tl
1544	Among the unit cells given below, which has the highest symmetry	A. Monoclinic B. Cubic C. Hexagonal D. Orthorhombic
1545	Which of the following carbides reacts with H_2O to form propane.	A. Al_4C_3 B. CaC_2 C. SiC_2 D. SiC
1546	Disease caused by eating fish found in water contaminated with industrial waste having mercury is.	A. Minamata disease B. Bright's disease C. Hashimoto's disease D. Osteoclerosis
1547	The number of gram equivalents of the solute per dm^3 of the solution is called.	A. Formality B. Normality C. Molality D. Molarity
1548	The light absorbed in UV and visible region causes.	A. Vibrational energy changes B. Rotational energy changes C. Electronic excitation D. All of these
1549	One of the best fluorinating agent is	A. XeF_2 B. XeF_4 C. XeF_6 D. None of above
1550	Lithium shows diagonal relationship with	A. Beryllium B. Sodium C. Magnesium D. Calcium
1551	in monel metal copper is alloyed with which metal.	A. Fe B. Mn C. Ni D. All
1552	DTA is of great importance in which of the following field	A. Ceramic B. Metallurgy C. Mineralogy D. All

1553	Halogens are coloured because.	<p>A. They are strong oxidant B. Their molecules are held together by weak van der Waals forces C. Their atoms absorb radiations form visible range causing the excitation of valence electrons to higher energy of levels D. Their molecules absorb light radiation forming the excited state.</p>
1554	An impure sample of camphor contaminated with sand, can be purified by	<p>A. Distillation B. Sublimation C. Steam distillation D. None of the above</p>
1555	Pesticide residues appear in which of the following foods.	<p>A. Milk B. Fruit C. Fish D. Vegetables E. All above</p>
1556	Which of the following type of lattice has maximum numb of atoms per unit cell.	<p>A. Simple cubic B. Body centred cubic C. Face centred cubic D. All of them</p>
1557	The size of iso electronic species - F ⁻ , Ne, and Na ⁺ is affected by	<p>A. Nuclear charge (Z) B. Valence principal quantum number (n) C. Electron electron interaction in the outer orbital D. None of the factors because their size to the same.</p>
1558	Which among the following elements has the highest value of IE.	<p>A. Mg B. Na C. Ca D. Sr</p>
1559	Cement containing higher percentage of gypsum than required.	<p>A. Sets slowly B. Sets rapidly C. Does not set at all D. Has no effect</p>
1560	Apoenzyme is	<p>A. Hydrolytic enzyme B. Oxidative enzyme C. Coenzyme D. Protein part of enzyme after removal of coenzyme</p>
1561	The lightest alkali metal is.	<p>A. Lithium B. Sodium C. Rubidium D. Caesium</p>
1562	What is the most undesirable of all the elements commonly found in steels.	<p>A. Sulphur B. Phosphorus C. Silocn D. Magnesium</p>
1563	Which of the following class of compounds follow the criteria of aromatically.	<p>A. The compounds must have high degree of unsaturation B. they must have the property to undergo addition reactions C. They must have the property to undergo substitution reactions D. They must have the ability to sustain an induced current in NMR</p>
1564	The tyndall effect is not observed in	<p>A. Suspensions B. Emulsions C. Colloidal solutions D. True solutions</p>
1565	Cytosine a pyrimidine base pairs with	<p>A. Guanine B. Thymine C. Adenine D. Any of these</p>
1566	In sodium chloride type lattice, the ratio of coordination number of cation to anion is.	<p>A. 6:6 B. 7:7 C. 4:8 D. 4:4</p>
1567	Main constituent of all inorganic matter	<p>A. Carbon B. Silicon C. Tin D. Lead</p>
		<p>A. Domestic wastes B. Industrial wastes</p>

1568	Ground water is threatened with pollution from which of the following source.	B. Industrial wastes C. Agricultural wastes D. All above
1569	When a solute is dissolved in two immiscible solvents it will distribute itself between two phases and the ratio of the concentration of the solute in two phases will be constant, This is known as.	A. Starke law B. Distribution law C. Equilibrium law D. Snell's law
1570	Amino acids have	A. Acidic group B. Basic group C. Both of these D. None of these
1571	The technique which involves the equivalence relation between the quantity of electric current passed and quantity of chemical change taking place in the electrochemical cell is called.	A. Voltametry B. Coulometry C. Polarography D. Potentiometry
1572	An sp ³ hybrid orbital contains	A. 1/4 a character B. 1/2 a character C. 2/3 a character D. 3/4 a character
1573	The sum of pH and pOH in aqueous solution is equal to.	A. 14 B. 7 C. zero D. pK _w
1574	The green colour of glass is due to the presence of.	A. Chromium (III) B. Cobalt (II) C. Mn (IV) D. Iron(III)
1575	Which of the following species is not a basic radical.	A. Ag ⁺ B. Cl ⁻ C. Ba ²⁺ D. K ⁺
1576	Optical tweezers	A. Are used to remove facial hair with miniaturized laser beams B. use light to manipulate particles as small as single atom C. Are a nanotechnology based tool for stamp collectors D. Don't exist
1577	Orlon is polymer of.	A. Styrene B. CF ₂ = CF ₂ C. Vinyl chloride D. Acrylonitrile
1578	PCRA stand for	A. Pollution control research association B. Petroleum conservation Research association C. Petroleum control research association D. All of above
1579	If for a solution of an electrolyte. It is the transport number of the cation, then the transport number of the anion I, is equal to	A. t/2 B. 1 - t ⁺ C. 1 + t ⁺ D. (1 - t) / 2
1580	Pick out the incorrect statement about K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇	A. It is thermally stable B. It dissolves in alkali to form chromate C. It oxidizes acidified FeSO ₄ solution to Fe ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ D. It is used as a cleansing agent for glassware. etc. When mixed with cold con. H ₂ SO ₄
1581	When a drop of detergent solution is added onto a clean towel. It spreads instead of existing as a droplet Which of the following statements explains this phenomenon.	A. Detergent acts as an emulsifying agent B. Detergent reduce surface tension of water C. Detergent reduces surface tension of water D. All of above
1582	Which of the following ions is smallest in size.	A. F ⁻ B. Cl ⁻ C. I ⁻ D. Br ⁻
1583	HClO ₂ gives the structure of a.	A. Linear B. Angular C. trigonal pyramidal D. Tetrahedral

1584	XeF ₄ is obtained, when a mixture of Xenon and fluorine in the ratio is heated in a nickel vessel at 400 °C	A. 1 : 3 B. 5 :1 C. 1 :20 D. 1 :5
1585	In propagation step the reaction intermediate of radical polymerization is	A. Carbocation B. Carbonion C. Free radical D. Carbene
1586	According to Fajns rules, which one of following results in increased ionic nature of the covalent bond.	A. Larger cation and smaller charges on anion B. Larger cation and larger charge on anion C. Smaller cation and smaller charge on anion D. Smaller cation and larger charge on anion
1587	Which of the following dye is used as an antiseptic .	A. Methyl orange B. Mercurchrome C. Alizarin D. Bismarck brown
1588	The ionization potential of K would be numerically equal to.	A. Electron affinity of Ar B. Electromagnetically of K C. Electron affinity of K ⁺ D. Ionization energy of Ca
1589	Which of the following is an alloy of copper	A. Brass B. Bronze C. Monel metal D. All
1590	Which of the following properties are not related to an atom.	A. An atom consists of two basic parts , a nucleus and one or more electrons. B. The nucleus is the central core of an atom C. An electron is a heavy and negatively charged particle. D. The nucleus itself consists of two particles.
1591	Which of the following is not a chemical characteristic of water.	A. pH B. COD C. BOD D. Colour
1592	Which of the following group reagent is used for III group of basic radical.	A. Dilute HCl B. H ₂ S + HCl C. NH ₄ OH + NH ₄ Cl D. NH ₄ OH + H ₂ S
1593	Which of the following is responsible for depletion of ozone layer in upper strata of the atmosphere.	A. Polyhalogens B. Ferrocene C. Freons D. Fullerenes
1594	Xenon hexafluoride at 47.7 °C is	A. Colorless solid B. yellow solid C. Yellow liquid D. Colorless liquid
1595	What is a process of producing a hard surface in a steel having a sufficiently high carbon content to respond to hardening by a rapid cooling of the surface?	A. <p>Carburizing</p> B. <p>Nitriding</p> C. <p>Flame hardening</p> D. <p>Stability</p>
1596	Which of the following statements is false about transition metals.	A. They form complexes B. They show variable valency C. All transition metal compounds are paramagnetic D. They form coloured ions
1597	What is a process for making glass reinforced shapes that can be general by pulling resin impregnated glass strands through a die.	A. Continuous pultrusion B. Bulk molding C. Vacuum bag forming D. Compression molding

1598	The bond order gives the following valuable information.	A. Stability of the molecules of ions B. Bond dissociation energy and bond length C. Magnetic properties D. All of the above
1599	Thermocouples have been constructed from	A. Chromel ve elumel B. Copper vs platinum C. Both D. None
1600	Which of the following statement is false regarding lyphilic sols.	A. The colloidal particles show a linking for the dispersion medium B. These are generally easy to prepare C. These are more stable than lyophobic sols D. The stability of the sols is mainly due to the electrical double layer
1601	Which of the following is the second anciently known metal.	A. Nickel B. Copper C. Gold D. Silver
1602	Iodine is a grey black solid and its vapours are in color	A. Grey B. Black C. Yellow D. Violet
1603	Copper occurs in nature as.	A. Native B. Combined C. Both native and combined D. None of the above
1604	Which of the following is major sink for carbo monoxide.	A. Water B. Soil C. Animal respiration D. Salts dissolved in ocean water
1605	In Pakistan how many units are involved to the production of glass.	A. 20 B. 25 C. 30 D. None of these
1606	Which of the following cells is used to produce electricity from chemical reaction	A. Electrolytic cell B. Galvanic cell C. Voltaic cell D. Fuel cell E. Both C and D
1607	Which of the following groups exert -I effect.	A. - NO ₂ B. - CN C. -COOH D. <C = O
1608	The element with atomic numebr greater than 100 are known as	A. Trans uranium elements B. Trans fermium elements C. Actinides D. Lanthanides
1609	The correct order of second ionization potential of carbon , nitrogen, oxygen and fluorine is.	A. C > N > O > F B. O > N > F > C C. O > F > N > C D. F > O > N > C
1610	Both the elements shows allotropy	A. B & Si B. B & Si C. Al & Si D. Any of above
1611	Reacts violently with water	A. AlH ₃ B. AlCl ₃ C. LiAlH ₄ D. Al ₂ Cl ₆
1612	All steroids on heating with selenium give	A. phenanthrene B. Cholesterol C. Diels hydrocarbon D. Isoprene
1613	In graph of atomic volume versus atomic weight the elements corresponding to peaks in the curve belong to.	A. Group 1 B. Group 18 C. Group 4 D. Group 14

1614	The nutrients which are required in very small amount for the normal growth of plants are called.	<p>bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Nitrogenous fertilizers<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Micronutrients<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Phosphorus fertilizer<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">All of the above<o:p></o:p></p></p>
1615	Which of the following proportion is associated with the covalent nature of the compound.	<p>A. It conducts electricity in molten stater or aqueous state</p> <p>B. It is a non electrolyte</p> <p>C. It has high m.p.</p> <p>D. It is a compound of a metal and non metal.</p>
1616	Which of the following process is involved in the purification of crude metals.	<p>A. Liquation process</p> <p>B. Oxidation process</p> <p>C. Distillation process</p> <p>D. Electro refining</p>
1617	Which substance is used as filler or additive in paper making.	<p>A. Starch</p> <p>B. Glucose</p> <p>C. Cellulose</p> <p>D. Maltose</p>
1618	Which law of thermodynamics helps in calculating the absolute entropies of varies substances.	<p>A. Zeroth law</p> <p>B. 1st law</p> <p>C. Second law</p> <p>D. Third Law</p>
1619	In terms of the amount of the substance adsorbed per gram of the adsorbent (x/m), and pressure p of the gas, the Freudlich adsorption isotherm is represented as.	<p>A. $x/m = k/p^{1/n}$</p> <p>B. $x/m = kp^{1/n}$</p> <p>C. $p = k (x/m)^{1/n}$</p> <p>D. $x/m = (k/p)^{1/n}$</p>
1620	Photochemical among is related to pollution of	<p>A. Air</p> <p>B. Water</p> <p>C. Soil</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
1621	Which of the following unit cells has least symmetry.	<p>A. Monocline</p> <p>B. Cubic</p> <p>C. Triclinic</p> <p>D. Tetragona</p>
1622	Acid rain effects	<p>A. Human being</p> <p>B. Crops</p> <p>C. Aquatic life</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1623	Reaction in which molecules absorbing light do not themselves react but induce other moleculaes to react are called.	<p>A. Chain reactions</p> <p>B. Photosenaitized reactions</p> <p>C. Reversible reactions</p> <p>D. Free radical reactions</p>
1624	Which of the following elements has the highest melting point.	<p>A. Magnesium</p> <p>B. Calcium</p> <p>C. Strontium</p> <p>D. Beryllium</p>
1625	How many planes of symmetry are present in benzene.	<p>A. 1 plane</p> <p>B. 3 planes</p> <p>C. 5 planes</p> <p>D. 7 planes</p>
1626	What is the advantage of quench hardening?	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Imporoved strength<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Hardness<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Wear characteristics<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. All of the choice</p>
1627	Hot isostatic pressing is not a viable option if the chief criterion is	<p>A. Strength without gram growth</p> <p>B. Lost cost</p>

		C. Zero porosity D. Make it hard
1628	Which of the following expressions represent the equivalent conductance.	A. $A = l s \times 1000/V$ B. $A = Ls \times 1000/C$ C. $A = Ls l/A$ D. $A = Ls/V$
1629	A well packed column may hve	A. 100 plates /m B. 1000 plates /m C. 10 plates /m D. 10,000 plates/m
1630	Which of the following analytical technique is based on the emission of light radiation.	A. Flame photometry B. Atomic absorption spectrophotometry C. Raman spectroscopy D. Conductometry
1631	Which of the following statements is not correct with the concept of Bronsted concept of acids and bases.	A. An acid can donate a proton B. A base can accept a proton C. This concept has many bases that have OH ⁻ ions D. This concept is more general
1632	Which of the following hydrocarbon cannot be obtained on reacting chloomethane with sodium metal in the presence of dry ether.	A. C ₄ H ₁₀ B. C ₂ H ₆ C. C ₂ H ₄ D. C ₃ H ₈
1633	Which of the following methods is chemical in nature.	A. Acid bas titration B. Redox titration C. Complexometric titration D. All above methods
1634	In a period, the element with biggest electron affinity belong to.	A. Group 1 B. Group 2 C. Group 17 D. Group 18
1635	The electronic configuration of chromium is 4s ¹ , 3d ⁵ , The elements tungsten (W) belongs to the same group and has atomic number 74. The configuration of its valence shell is.	A. 5s ¹ , 4d ⁵ B. 6s ¹ , 5d ⁵ C. 6s ¹ , 5d ⁶ D. 6s ¹ , 5d ⁴
1636	Which of the following reacts with excess oxygen to form a normal oxide.	A. Li B. Na C. K D. Rb
1637	The fluoride tooth paste contains	A. SnF ₂ and SnP ₂ O ₇ B. NaF C. CaF ₂ D. None of these
1638	Stereoisomers not related to each other as object and mirror image are called.	A. Enantiomers B. Diastereoisomers C. Conformations D. Antipodes
1639	Which group contains elements that exist as monoatomic molecules.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 14 D. 18
1640	Radon is obtained only in the radioactive decay of	A. Radium B. Thorium C. Actinium D. Any of above
1641	Phosphorus normally exhibit a covalency of.	A. +1 and +2 B. +2 and +3 C. +3 and +4 D. +4 and +5
1642	The compound which does not act as Lewis acid is.	A. BF ₃ B. AlCl ₃ C. BeCl ₂ D. SnCl ₄
1643	Which type of the solids are generally good conductors of electricity.	A. Covalent B. Ionic C. Metallic D. Molecular
1644	The denationalization involving C - H sigma bond electrons is known as .	A. Conjugation B. Hyperconjugation C. Mesomerism D. Resonance

1645	Which of the following is not a characteristics of terpenoids.	<p>A. They are pleasant smelling liquids</p> <p>B. They are steam volatile</p> <p>C. They are nitrogenous bases</p> <p>D. they are insoluble in water</p>
1646	The capacity of normal human eye to see the smallest object is _____ micro meter	<p>A. 10000</p> <p>B. 1000</p> <p>C. 100</p> <p>D. 10</p>
1647	Which of the following elements has the highest third ionization energy.	<p>A. Sodium</p> <p>B. Magnesium</p> <p>C. Aluminum</p> <p>D. Silicon</p>
1648	Which of the following can act as a protective colloid	<p>A. Gelatin</p> <p>B. Silica gel</p> <p>C. Oil in water emulsion</p> <p>D. All three</p>
1649	The substance that can form the glassy non-crystalline structure is called.	<p>A. Stabilizers</p> <p>B. Fluxes or modifiers</p> <p>C. Formers</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1650	Which of the following pose threat to historical monument Taj.	<p>A. Floods in Yamuna river</p> <p>B. Temperature mediated spoilage of marble</p> <p>C. Air pollutants from Mathura refinery</p> <p>D. Weathering of marble</p>
1651	For each value of l. the number of m velocity are.	<p>A. $n+2$</p> <p>B. 2l</p> <p>C. $(2l+1)$</p> <p>D. $(n+1)$</p>
1652	Which of the following can act both as a Bronsted acid and a Bronsted base.	<p>A. Na_2CO_3</p> <p>B. OH^-</p> <p>C. HCO_3^-</p> <p>D. NH_3</p>
1653	In radial direction the thermal conductivity of a nano tube is _____ watt/(m.k)	<p>A. 3500</p> <p>B. 385</p> <p>C. 0</p> <p>D. 350</p>
1654	Metallic magnesium is obtained by	<p>A. Reduction of MgO with Coke</p> <p>B. Electrolysis of an aqueous solution of MgCl_2</p> <p>C. Electrolysis of molten MgCl_2</p> <p>D. Displacement of magnesium by iron form MgCl_2 solution.</p>
1655	The link between classical thermodynamics and quantum mechanics is prevented by	<p>A. Statistical mechanics</p> <p>B. Boltzmann law</p> <p>C. Wave mechanics</p> <p>D. Matrix mechanics</p>
1656	The electronic configuration of chromium (Z =24) in the ground state is.	<p>A. $[\text{Ar}] 4s^2 3d^4$</p> <p>B. $[\text{Ar}] 3d^6$</p> <p>C. $[\text{Ar}] 4s^1 3d^5$</p> <p>D. $[\text{Ar}]$</p>
1657	What impurity in steel can cause red shortness which means the steel becomes unworkable at high temperature.	<p>A. Sulphur</p> <p>B. Silicon</p> <p>C. Magnesium</p> <p>D. Aluminium</p>
1658	Which of the following pentahalides is not formed.	<p>A. NF_5</p> <p>B. PF_5</p> <p>C. AsF_5</p> <p>D. BiF_5</p>
1659	When to a solution of weak electrolyte a strong electrolyte with a common ion is added, the dissociation of weak electrolytes is suppressed . This is known as.	<p>A. Stark effect</p> <p>B. Salt effect</p> <p>C. Common ion effect</p> <p>D. Zeman effect</p>
1660	Which of the following technique is based on the absorption of light radiation.	<p>A. Spectrophotometry</p> <p>B. Colorimetry</p> <p>C. NMR</p> <p>D. All the above technique</p>
1661	Organic substance responsible for the smell of flowers etc. are grouped together in chemistry as.	<p>A. Perfumes</p> <p>B. Terpenoids</p> <p>C. Flavonoids</p>

D. Alkaloids

1662	Pick out the incorrect statement about $K_2Cr_2O_7$	<p>A. It is thermally stable</p> <p>B. It dissolves in alkali to form chromate</p> <p>C. It oxidizes acidified $FeSO_4$ solution to $Fe_2(SO_4)_3$</p> <p>D. It is used as cleansing agent for glassware, etc. when mixed with cold conc. H_2SO_4</p>
1663	The role of the mineral cryolite Na_2AlF_6 in the Hall process for aluminum production is.	<p>A. It is the source of aluminum</p> <p>B. it is a chemical reducing agent</p> <p>C. It forms a slag to remove impurities</p> <p>D. In the molten state, it is a solvent for alumina Al_2O_3</p>
1664	Chlorofluorocarbon are widely used as coolants in.	<p>A. Air conditioners</p> <p>B. Clearing solvents</p> <p>C. Aerosol propellant's</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1665	What cast iron has modular or spheroidal graphite?	<p>A. Ductile iron</p> <p>B. Gray iron</p> <p>C. White iron</p> <p>D. Raw iron</p>
1666	Which of the following is not a characteristic of covalent compound.	<p>A. They have low melting and boiling points.</p> <p>B. They ionize on dissolution in polar solvents</p> <p>C. Their molecules have definite geometry</p> <p>D. They are generally insoluble in water</p>
1667	Pick out the incorrect statement	<p>A. The geometry around 'N' atom in trimethylamine is pyramidal</p> <p>B. The geometry around N atom in trisilylamine is planar</p> <p>C. The nitrogen atom in trimethylamine is sp^2 hybridized whilst in trisilylamine it is sp^2 hybridized</p> <p>D. Trisilylamine has donor properties whilst trimethylamine has no donor properties.</p>
1668	Which of the following is not a property of Cr.	<p>A. it is brilliant silvery metal</p> <p>B. it is malleable</p> <p>C. It can take very high polish</p> <p>D. Its surface is tarnished easily</p>
1669	Which of the following instruments is used to measure the optical activity.	<p>A. Refractometer</p> <p>B. Conductivity meter</p> <p>C. Polarimeter</p> <p>D. Torsion meter</p>
1670	Which metal burns in air at high temperature with the evolution of much heat.	<p>A. Cu</p> <p>B. Hg</p> <p>C. Pb</p> <p>D. Al</p>
1671	Glass electrode cannot be used to measure the pH of pure.	<p>A. Acetic acid</p> <p>B. Ethyl alcohol</p> <p>C. Gelatin</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1672	The element with the highest first ionization potential is.	<p>A. Boron</p> <p>B. Carbon</p> <p>C. Nitrogen</p> <p>D. Oxygen</p>
1673	Hypo is used in photography to.	<p>A. Reduce $AgBr$ to metallic silver</p> <p>B. Remove silver a silver salt</p> <p>C. Remove undecomposed silver bromide as soluble complex</p> <p>D. Remove reduced silver</p>

1674	Which of the following statements false about transition metals.	A. They form complexes B. They show variable valency C. All transiting metal compounds are paramagnetic D. They form coloured ions
1675	The unit of specific conductance will be	A. S cm ⁻¹ B. Ohm cm C. Ohm cm ⁻¹ D. Mho cm
1676	Pick out incorrect statement about K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇	A. It oxidizes acidified solution H ₂ SO ₄ to S B. It oxidizes KI to I ₂ C. It oxidizes HCl to Cl ₂ D. It gives oxygen, when treated with cold conc. H ₂ SO ₄
1677	The important condition for the formation of chemical bond is that.	A. Their electron clouds should not diffuse B. Both atoms should have high electron affinities. C. Both atoms should have same electronegativities D. The process should be accompanied by the lowering in potential energy.
1678	In proper rotation (C _n) an object is rotated through an angle of.	A. a/n radians B. 2n/n radians C. 3n/n radians D. 4n/n radians
1679	Sea water is converted into fresh water bases upon the phenomenon of.	A. Plasmolysis B. Sedimentation C. Diffusion D. Osmosis E. Reverse osmosis
1680	In a standard Weaton cell the cathode is	A. Cadmium amalgam B. Mercury C. Platinum D. Carbon
1681	Different arrangement of groups in space which can be converted into one another by rotation around a single bond are caled.	A. Conformations B. Metameres C. Enantiomers D. All of the above
1682	Arrhenius concept explained	A. Constant heat of neutralization B. Quantitative determination of acid base strength C. Catalytic property of acid D. All above
1683	Which of the following statements is not correct regarding electromagnetic spectra?	A. The frequency of microwave is less than uv B. The velocity of X-rays is more than uv C. Cosmic rays have shorter wave length than radio waves. D. The frequency of uv is greater than visible rays.
1684	The solution of NaOH pH -10.46 contain [OH ⁻]	A. 2.0 X 10 ⁻⁴ B. 4.6 X 10 ⁻⁴ C. 4.6 X 10 ⁻² D. 4.6 X 10 ⁻³
1685	Potentiometry is based on the measurement of which physical property.	A. Electrical conductance B. Electrical potential C. Thermal conductance D. Current
1686	The atomic number of Potassium is 19 and that of manganese is 25. Although the coloured of MnO ₄ is dark violet yet the K ⁺ is colourless.. This is due to the fact that	A. Mn is a transition element while K ⁺ is not B. [MnO ₄] ⁻ is negatively charged while K ⁺ has a positive charge C. The effective atomicnumebr of Mn is [MnO ₄] is 26 while for K ⁺ the atomic number is 18 D. The Mn in a high positive oxidation state allows charge transfer transitions
1687	The principal ores of copper are	A. Copper sulphides B. Copper oxides C. Both sulphides and oxides D. Copper carbonate
1688	Iron is said to be abundant in nature. About how manv percent of the earth's crust	A. 10% B. 5%

1688	is iron.	C. 20% D. 8%
1689	In Glass of vitreous state solid the atoms are arranged in.	A. Regular fashion B. Random fashion C. linear fashion D. All of these
1690	The concentration required to give a signal equal to three times the standard deviation of the baseline is called.	A. Sensitivity B. Detection limit C. Signal to noise ratio D. None of the above
1691	Silicon bronze contains how many percent of silicon.	A. 96% B. 3% C. 1 % D. 69 %
1692	Which of the following gas protects us form harmful effect of uv radiation.	A. SO2 B. NO2 C. CO D. O3
1693	If steel is heated to a temperature well below red heated and is then cooled slowly the process is called.	A. Annealing B. Quenching C. Tempering D. Nitriding
1694	A mixture containing S ²⁻ and SO ₄ ions on trating with dil HCl will produce	A. H ₂ S gas B. SO ₂ gas C. H ₂ S and SO ₂ gas D. CO
1695	Which of the following statements is wrong.	A. Covenant compounds are generally soluble is polar solvents. B. Covalent compounds have low melting and boiling points C. Lower than that of separate H atoms D. Sometimes lower and sometimes higher than that of separate H
1696	Which of the following statements is not true with reference to ionic conductors.	A. Ionic conductance is due to movement of the ions B. It involves the transfer of matter C. It involves oxidation reduction reactions D. It decreases with rise in temperature.
1697	The maximum noise level at which a man can work for 8 hours is.	A. 80 dB B. 70 dB C. 90 dB D. 60 dB
1698	Photochemical smog consist of excessive amount of X in addition to aldehydes ketones, PAN etc. X is.	A. Methane B. Carbon monoxide C. Ozone D. Carbondioxide
1699	Which of the following characteristics of adsorption is wrong.	A. Adsorptoin on solids is reversible in nature B. Adsorption, in general increase with increase in temperature. C. Adsorption is generally selective in nature. D. Both enthalpy and entropy of adsorption are negative
1700	Un-like s -block elements d-block elements form which compounds as well	A. ionic compounds B. Co valent compound C. Co ordinate compounds D. None of above
1701	A molecule returns from the excited singlet state to the ground singled state with emission of light , This process is known as.	A. Fluorescene B. Scattering C. Phosphorescence D. Chemiluminescence
1702	Which of the following parameter is not involved in calculations based on Born Haber Cycle.	A. Ionization enthalpy B. Electron gain enthalpy C. Electronegativity D. Bond dissociation energy
1703	Which of the following techniques involves the distribution of solute between two immiscible liquid phases.	A. Chromatography B. Electrophoresis C. Solvent extractions D. Solid phase extraction

A. Increase

1704	The atomic and ionic radii value on moving from left to right in the series.	<p>A. Increase</p> <p>B. Decrease</p> <p>C. Does not change</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1705	The concept of telluric helix was developed by	<p>A. Lothar Meyer</p> <p>B. A.E. de Chancourtois</p> <p>C. Newlands</p> <p>D. Dobereiner</p>
1706	The width of a carbon nano tube is _____ nm	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 1.3</p> <p>C. 2.5</p> <p>D. 10</p>
1707	The word 'ceramic' meant for.	<p>A. Soft material</p> <p>B. Hard material</p> <p>C. Burnt material</p> <p>D. Dry material</p>
1708	Inductive effect can be used to explain	<p>A. Dipole moment of chemical bonds</p> <p>B. Strength of acids</p> <p>C. Strength of bases</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1709	The maximum number of electrons in first energy levels are.	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 8</p> <p>D. 10</p>
1710	A system is said to be in the colloidal state if the particle size of the dispersed phase ranges from	<p>A. $<10^{-9}$ to $<10^{-6}$ m</p> <p>B. 10 to 10000 Å</p> <p>C. 10 to 100 Å</p> <p>D. 1000 to 10000 Å</p>
1711	The suffix '-ene' in the name of fullerene shows the presence of ____ in the molecule.	<p>A. One triple bond</p> <p>B. One double bond</p> <p>C. Two single bonds</p> <p>D. Two triple bonds</p>
1712	Which of the following metal ion cannot be estimated by gravimetric analysis.	<p>A. K^{+}</p> <p>B. Ca^{2+}</p> <p>C. Al^{3+}</p> <p>D. Zn^{2+}</p>
1713	Select the major product obtained from the addition of HBr to 1-Methyl cyclohexene	<p>A. 1-bromo -2- methyl cyclohexane</p> <p>B. 6- bromo-1- methyl cyclohex -1- ene</p> <p>C. 3- bromo -1- methyl cyclohex - 1- ene</p> <p>D. 1-bromo -1- methyl cyclohexane</p>
1714	Arrange the following in order of increasing boiling point.	<p>A. CH_3OH & CH_3Cl & $RbCl$ & CH_4</p> <p>B. $CHOH$ & CH_4 & CH_3Cl & $RbCl$</p> <p>C. $RbCl$ & CH_3Cl & CH_3OH & CH_4</p> <p>D. CH_4 & CH_3Cl & CH_3OH & $RbCl$</p>
1715	Highly dangerous acid and produces severe wounds on the skin.	<p>A. $HClO$</p> <p>B. $HClO_2$</p> <p>C. $HClO_3$</p> <p>D. $HClO_4$</p>
1716	The order in O_2^{+} is	<p>A. 1.0</p> <p>B. 1.5</p> <p>C. 2.0</p> <p>D. 2.5</p>
1717	According to CFT the metal ligand bond is considered to be ionic to percentage.	<p>A. 100%</p> <p>B. 90%</p> <p>C. 50%</p> <p>D. 70%</p>
1718	Which of the following effects best explains that o-nitro phenol is insoluble in water.	<p>A. Inductive effect</p> <p>B. Resonance effect</p> <p>C. Intramolecular H-bonding</p> <p>D. Isomeric effect</p>
1719	When the colourless liquid chlorobenzene is shaken with bromine water, the chlorobenzene becomes a yellow-orange colour. Which of the following is the best interpretation of this.	<p>A. An addition compound of chlorobenzene and bromine has been formed.</p> <p>B. The chlorine atom has been replaced by a bromine atom</p> <p>C. The bromine is more soluble in chlorobenzene than in water</p> <p>D. A hydrogen atom has been replaced by a bromine atom</p>
1720	The entropy change accompanying any physical or chemical transformation approaches zero as T approaches zero. This statement refers to.	<p>A. Helmholtz law</p> <p>B. Third law of thermodynamics</p> <p>C. Second law of thermodynamics</p> <p>D. Nernst heat theorem</p>

1721	Which of the following statement is not correct in respect of Arrhenius concept.	<p>A. The concept is applicable only for aqueous systems.</p> <p>B. Neutralization takes place in aqueous medium only</p> <p>C. TH^+ ion cannot remain as such in water</p> <p>D. This concept is applicable for non aqueous system only.</p>
1722	The number of vibrational degree of freedom for CO_2 is	<p>A. 2</p> <p>B. 3</p> <p>C. 4</p> <p>D. 5</p>
1723	The study of coiled long peptide chains of protein to give a 3 dimensional structure is the study of.	<p>A. Primary structure</p> <p>B. Secondary structure.</p> <p>C. Tertiary structure</p> <p>D. Quaternary structure.</p>
1724	In nature nickel is found in the form of.	<p>A. Sulphides</p> <p>B. Silicates</p> <p>C. Arsenides</p> <p>D. All</p>
1725	The temperature of a gas below which only the gas cools when allowed to expand is known as.	<p>A. Inversion temperature</p> <p>B. Ideal temperature</p> <p>C. Critical temperature</p> <p>D. Joule Thomson temperature</p>
1726	The bond length is measured by	<p>A. X-ray diffraction</p> <p>B. Neutron diffraction</p> <p>C. Microwave spectroscopy</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
1727	The number of formula weight of the solute dissolved per dm^3 of the solution is called.	<p>A. Mole fraction</p> <p>B. Normality</p> <p>C. Formality</p> <p>D. Molality</p>
1728	The glow of yellow phosphorous as a result of slow oxidation in air is called.	<p>A. Luminescence</p> <p>B. Chemiluminescence</p> <p>C. Bioluminescence</p> <p>D. Photolysis</p>
1729	Soap is soluble in grease because it	<p>A. Is non polar</p> <p>B. Has a hydrophobic head</p> <p>C. Has a hydrophobic tail</p> <p>D. Has an ionic head and a hydrocarbon tail</p>
1730	Which of the following will exhibit variable oxidation state due to inert pair effect.	<p>A. Fe</p> <p>B. Sn</p> <p>C. K</p> <p>D. Both Fe and Sn</p>
1731	Which of the following is strong adhesive.	<p>A. Epoxy resin</p> <p>B. Melamine-formaldehyde resin</p> <p>C. Alkyd resins</p> <p>D. Bakelite</p>
1732	The configuration of valence shell of certain atom X is $3s^2, 3p^5$, which valences can it exhibit.	<p>A. 1,3 only</p> <p>B. 1,5 only</p> <p>C. 1,3,5,7</p> <p>D. 1,3,4</p>
1733	Which of the following pairs shows diagonal relationship	<p>A. Li and Mg</p> <p>B. Na and K</p> <p>C. Zn and Cd</p> <p>D. Li and Be</p>
1734	The branch of chemistry which is concerned with the interrelation of electrical and chemical energy is called.	<p>A. Reaction dynamics</p> <p>B. Electrochemistry</p> <p>C. Surface chemistry</p> <p>D. Kinetics</p>
1735	The concept is also known as electron pair donor acceptor system.	<p>A. Bronsted Lowry</p> <p>B. Lewis</p> <p>C. Lux-Flood</p> <p>D. Usanovich</p>
1736	Dull red flame is observed with	<p>A. Calcium salt</p> <p>B. Barium salt</p> <p>C. Strontium salt</p> <p>D. Sodium salt</p>
1737	The phase rule was deduced by	<p>A. Gibbs</p> <p>B. Thomson</p> <p>C. Trouton</p> <p>D. Henry</p>

1738	Elements in the same vertical group of the periodical have same	A. Number of electron B. Atomic number C. Number of valence elections D. Electronic configuration
1739	The point at which the reaction is observed to be complete is called.	A. The equivalence point B. The end point C. The triplet point D. The equilibrium point
1740	When two bodies have equality of temperature with a 3rd body they in turn have equality of temperature with each other. This is a statement of.	A. First law of thermodynamics B. Zeroth law of thermodynamics C. Second law of thermodynamics D. Third law of thermodynamics
1741	Which of the following device is used to measure the surface tension.	A. Polarimeter B. Viscometer C. Refractometer D. Stalagmeter
1742	Aluminium is used for.	A. Making ultensile & framea B. Making alloys C. Reducing agent D. All above
1743	Which of the following is strongest reducing agent.	A. Be B. Mg C. Ca D. Sr
1744	Gravimetric method is based on which of the following property.	A. Volume of a liquid B. Volume of gas C. Mass of substance D. Viscosity
1745	Solid phase micro extraction is a solvent less extraction technique This technique is used for preparation of samples for analysis by which of the following technique.	A. HPLC B. GC C. TLC D. Electrophoreals
1746	The reaction of toluene with chlorine in the presence of light gives.	A. Benzoyl chloride B. Benzyl chloride C. m-chlorotoluene D. Mixture of o and p -chlorotoluene
1747	The overall energy change during the Cannot cycle to.	A. Equal to zero B. Equal to Q C. Equal to W D. Maximum
1748	Complexing reactions are useful for which of the following method of analysis	A. Gravimetry B. Spectrophotometry C. Interfering ions masking D. All of the above
1749	Which of the following radical is not a member of II group.	A. Cu^{2+} B. Cd^{2+} C. Ba^{3+} D. K^+
1750	Carbides because of their hardness are	A. Ionic carbides B. Interstitial carbides C. covalent carbides D. Any of above
1751	Which of the following makes the motion of perpetual motion machine a physical impossibility.	A. First law of thermodynamics B. Second law of thermodynamics C. Third law of thermodynamics D. The Boltzmann law
1752	In which polymer the strength of inter molecular forces is maximum	A. Elastomers B. Thermoplastic C. Fibre D. Cross linked polymer
1753	Zinc oxide is.	A. A basic oxide B. An amphoteric oxide C. An acidic oxide D. A neutral oxide
1754	For covalent bond to form between two atoms A and B	A. Transference of electrons must take place from A to B B. A pair of electrons of A is shared by both A and B C. A and B contribute equal no. of electrons for mutual sharing by A and B D. One of the atom A or B must already

have octet of electrons.

1755	Molecular weight of proteins may be determined by	A. Osmotic pressure measurements B. Sedimentation methods C. Light scattering methods D. All of these
1756	In the Lewis formula of which of the following species, the number of single double and dative bonds are equal	A. N_2O_5 B. HNO_3 C. SO_2 D. SOCl_2
1757	The following ceramic product is mostly used as pigment in paints.	A. TiO_2 B. SiO_2 C. UO_2 D. ZrO_2
1758	Boron and aluminum halides are electron deficient compounds in this respect. they act as.	A. Lewis acid B. Lewis base C. Oxidizing agent D. Reducing agent
1759	What type of steel has 0.8 % carbon and 100% pearlite.	A. Austenite B. Eutectoid C. Hyper eutectoid D. Silver steel
1760	The most promising technique for solar production of electricity is.	A. Dry cell B. Battery C. Solar cell D. None of above
1761	The Ostwald process is the main method for the manufacture of nitric Acid in the first step in this process is.	A. Nitrogen and hydrogen react to form NH_3 B. Ammonia is burned in O_2 to generate N_2 and H_2O C. Nitrogen and oxygen react to form NO_2 D. Ammonia is burned with O_2 to generate NO and H_2O
1762	In manufacturing of cement crystallization of amorphous dehydration products of clay	A. 500 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 800 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ B. 900 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 1200 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ C. 1250 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 1400 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ D. 1000 to 1100 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
1763	Which of the following statements is false about enantiomers.	A. Rotate plane of polarized light B. Are superimposable mirror images C. Non-superimposable mirror images D. All of the above
1764	Which of the following is not adsorptive separation process.	A. Parex B. Olex C. Penex D. None of these
1765	Which of the following element has six electrons in the valence shell but cannot exhibit a maximum co valency of six.	A. Sulphur B. Oxygen C. Selenium D. Both A and B
1766	In which of the following compound valency of carbon is 4 but its oxidation number is zero	A. Methane B. Carbon dioxide C. Carbon monoxide D. Formaldehyde
1767	The bond angle along sp^2 hybridization is.	A. 180 $^{\circ}$ B. 120 $^{\circ}$ C. 109.5 $^{\circ}$ D. 160 $^{\circ}$
1768	Which of the following has maximum number of unpaired electrons.	A. Fe^{3+} B. Fe^{2+} C. Co^{2+} D. CO_3^{+}
1769	The name hydrogen was proposed by.	A. Lavoisier B. Rutherford C. Henry Cavendish D. Scheele
1770	Which of the following test is not shown by proteins.	A. Xanthoprotein test B. Ninhydrin test C. Hopkins-Cole test D. Muliken-Barker test

1771	CFT can very well explain	A. Color B. Magnetic properties C. Spectra of transition metal D. All
1772	Bromine number is measure of.	A. Paraffins B. Unsaturates C. Saturates D. None of these
1773	Compounds HCN and HNC are.	A. Tautomers B. Metamers C. Functional isomers D. Conformers
1774	Which of the following is not an adsorption indicator.	A. Eosin B. Bromocresol green C. Fluorescein D. Phenolphthalein
1775	The IUPAC name of $\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$ is	A. 4- formylbutanoic acid B. 5- formylpentanoic acid C. 4- carboxybutanal D. 5- carboxypentanal
1776	Molecule is a diatomic	A. Nitrogen B. Phosphorous C. Arsenic D. Antimony
1777	Major principle underlying the sustainability of natural ecosystems is that they run on.	A. Electric energy B. Solar energy C. Wind energy D. None of the above
1778	Which of the following glass transmits the maximum light.	A. Serrated glass B. Clear glass C. Milk glass D. Opalescent glass
1779	In which of the following characteristics does hydrogen resemble halogens.	A. Hydrogen is the lightest gas B. H atoms contains one electron each C. Hydrogen forms ionic hydrides with alkali metals D. Hydrogen has three isotopes.
1780	Aluminium does not corrode as does iron because.	A. Al does not react with O_2 B. a-protective layer of Al_2O_3 forms on the metal surface C. Al is harder to oxidize than is Fe D. Fe gives chathodic protection to Al
1781	The separation efficiency of a column can be expressed in terms of number of.	A. Solvents used B. Theoretical plates C. Stationary phases D. Mobile phases
1782	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to limitations of flame photometry.	A. Low energy of the exciting source B. Liquid samples are generally used C. Can be employed for direct detection halides or inert gases D. It does not provide informatin about the molecular forms of metals.
1783	H-Bonding also ox in ling system like	A. Protein B. DNA C. Botha A and B D. None of above
1784	Increased asthmatic attacks in certain seasons are related to.	A. Inhalation of seasonal pollens B. Eating of seasonal vegetables C. Low temperature D. Wet and dry environment
1785	Rectified spirit obtained by formentation contains 5% of water .So in order to remove it, rectified spirit is mixed with suitable quantity of benzene and heated Benzene helps because.	A. It is dehydrating agent and so removes water B. It forms the lower layer which retains all the water so that alcohol can be distilled off C. It form an azeotropic mixture having high boiling point and thus allows the alcohol to distall over D. It forms low boiling azeotropic mixture which distille over leaving behind pure alcohol which can than be distilled.

1786	Number of unpaired electrons in Cu^{2+} ions are.	<p>A. 1</p> <p>C. 3</p> <p>D. 4</p>
1787	Pick out the incorrect statement for ClF_3	<p>A. It has trigonal planar geometry</p> <p>B. It is used to make gaseous UF_6 which is useful in making enriched U-235 fuel</p> <p>C. It is used as powerful fluorinating agent for inorganic compounds</p> <p>D. ClF_2 has been used as fuel in short range rockets reacting with hydrazine.</p>
1788	_____ is heat treatment cycle that prevents glass from harmful stress.	<p>A. Forming</p> <p>B. Annealing</p> <p>C. Batching</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1789	Which of the following source of energy is abundant everlasting and non polluting.	<p>A. Nuclear</p> <p>B. Electric</p> <p>C. Solar</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1790	The number of optically active compounds in the isomers of $\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{Br}_3$ is.	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 3</p> <p>D. 4</p>
1791	Vitamin which contains cobalt is.	<p>A. Vitamin B1</p> <p>B. Vitamin B2</p> <p>C. Vitamin B6</p> <p>D. Vitamin B12</p>
1792	Which of the following statements is not related with principal requisites of water for industrial purposes.	<p>A. It should be pure and cool</p> <p>B. It should not contain iron</p> <p>C. It contains less quantity of line</p> <p>D. It must be soft</p>
1793	Major ingredients of traditional ceramics	<p>A. Silica</p> <p>B. Clay</p> <p>C. Feldspar</p> <p>D. All</p>
1794	The tyndall effect was used by Zsigmondy to device.	<p>A. The ultramicroscope</p> <p>B. The ultracentrifuge</p> <p>C. The osmometer</p> <p>D. Electrodialysis</p>
1795	The concentration of OH^- ions in a certain household ammonia solution is 0.0025. This ammonia solution is.	<p>A. Basic</p> <p>B. Acidic</p> <p>C. Neutral</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1796	The colour imparted by lithium to the flame is.	<p>A. Golden yellow</p> <p>B. Grasay green</p> <p>C. Violet</p> <p>D. Red</p>
1797	Sodium react more vigorously than lithium because.	<p>A. It is a metal</p> <p>B. It has higher atomic mass</p> <p>C. It is more electronegative</p> <p>D. It is more electropositive</p>
1798	Which of the following energy is trapped by the autotrophic organisms.	<p>A. Mechanical energy</p> <p>B. Electrical energy</p> <p>C. Radiant energy</p> <p>D. Electronic energy</p>
1799	Dyes which can be applied to cellulosic fibre from water solution are called.	<p>A. Ingrain dyes</p> <p>B. Substantive dyes</p> <p>C. Mordant dyes</p> <p>D. Vat dyes</p>
1800	The nitrogen present in some fertilizers helps plants.	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">To fight against diseases</p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">To fight against diseases</p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">To undergo photosynthesis</p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">To produce protein</p> </p>
		<p>A. Biotic component</p>

1801	Environmental pollution effects.	<p>B. Plants only</p> <p>C. Humans only</p> <p>D. Both biotic and abiotic components of environment</p>
1802	What typical penetrator is used in Brinell hardness test	<p>A. 1 mm ball</p> <p>B. 1.6 mm diameter ball</p> <p>C. 20^{mm} needle</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1803	The number of hydrogen bond present in G -C pair is	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 4</p> <p>D. 3</p>
1804	Who prepared and explained nano tubes for the first time.	<p>A. Sumio Iijima</p> <p>B. Richard Smalley</p> <p>C. Erick Drexler</p> <p>D. Richard Feynmann</p>
1805	The substance added to the soil in very small amounts are called.	<p>A. Macronutrients</p> <p>B. Micronutrients</p> <p>C. Fertilizers</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1806	The oxidation number of Mn in KMnO_4	<p>A. +5</p> <p>B. +7</p> <p>C. +4</p> <p>D. +3</p>
1807	A minor constant is one whose amount in the sample is	<p>A. 0.1 to 1 %</p> <p>B. 0.01 to 1%</p> <p>C. 1 to 10%</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1808	The number of bonds formed by the central atom is called its.	<p>A. Valence number</p> <p>B. Complex number</p> <p>C. Coordination number</p> <p>D. Avogadro's number</p>
1809	The first step of formation of sugar is	<p>A. Extraction</p> <p>B. Washing</p> <p>C. Cutting</p> <p>D. Clarifying</p>
1810	Isotopes are atoms whom nuclei have the same atomic number but different mass numbers. A specific isotope has an atomic number of 18 and a mass number of 35. How many electrons are there in the neutral atom.	<p>A. 17</p> <p>B. 18</p> <p>C. 34</p> <p>D. 35</p>
1811	Out of seven crystal system, how many can have body centered unit cell.	<p>A. 3</p> <p>B. 4</p> <p>C. 2</p> <p>D. 7</p>
1812	The aluminium alloy used to make parts of aircrafts is.	<p>A. Magnalium</p> <p>B. Aluminium bronze</p> <p>C. Duralumin</p> <p>D. All of the these</p>
1813	Of all the noble gases, easily available gases are	<p>A. He & Ar</p> <p>B. He & Ne</p> <p>C. Ne & Ar</p> <p>D. Xe & Kr</p>

1814	Which one of the following has the biggest electron affinity.	A. F2 B. Cl2 C. Br2 D. I2
1815	Consider the coordination compound $\text{Na}_2[\text{Pt}(\text{CN})_4]$ the Lewis acid is	A. $[\text{Pt}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$ B. Na^+ C. Pt D. Pt^{2+}
1816	Each of the following when present at para position decreases the acidic strength of phenol except.	A. $-\text{NH}_2$ B. $-\text{Cl}$ C. $\text{CH}_3\text{O}-$ D. CH_3-
1817	Which of the following analytical technique is used for separating similar substance by preferential adsorption or partition between two phases.	A. Distillation B. Dialysis C. Chromatography D. Solvent extraction
1818	Pick out incorrect statement.	A. NF_3 molecule has trigonal pyramidal structure. B. It is practically insoluble in water and is only hydrolyzed, an electric spark is passed through a mixture with water vapour. C. Dipole moment of NF_3 is more than that of NH_3 D. Nitrogen (III) oxide (N_2O_3) is an acidic oxide.
1819	Hydrolysis of protein gives	A. α -amino acid only B. β -amino acids only C. gamma amino acid only D. A mixture of all of these
1820	The brown colour of the pulp obtained from chemical pulping is due to the presence of	A. Chlorine B. SO_2 C. SO_2 D. All above
1821	The IUPAC suffix used for _____ NC group is	A. Cyanide B. Isocyanides C. Carbylamines D. Nitrite
1822	Which of the following pollutants results from chemicals petroleum and paper industries.	A. SO_2 B. CO C. Hydrocarbons D. All above
1823	The electronic configuration of some elements are given below. The element with highest electron affinity is	A. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^3$ B. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^4$ C. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^5$ D. $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6$
1824	Environmental pollution refers to.	A. Peeling of top soil B. Dissipation of energy C. Release of toxic materials in environment D. None of the above
1825	Biological role of nucleic acid does not include	A. Genetic continuity B. Protein synthesis C. Hybridization D. Mutation
1826	What element constitutes the major component of most bronzes.	A. Tin B. Zinc C. Carbon D. Aluminum
1827	The geometry of the molecule is primarily decided by	A. Bond pairs around the central atom B. No. of bond pairs around the central atom C. No. of bond pairs as well as lone pairs around the central atom D. No. of lone pairs on central atom

1828	Which of the following statement is not true with respect to the role of matter undergoing decomposition.	C. Organic compounds for complexes with mineral nutrients which enhance uptake by plants. D. In high concentration the decomposition product may increase the photosynthesis
1829	Example of intra molecular hydrogen bonding.	A. O-nitrophenol B. O-hydroxy benzaldehyde C. O- hydroxy benzoic acid D. All of the above
1830	The equivalent conductance of a 1 N solution of an electrolyte is nearly	A. The same as its specific conductance B. $10^{3/2}$ times more than its specific conductance C. 10-3 times its specific conductance D. 100 times its specific conductance.
1831	Which of the following is always true for the adiabatic expansion of gas.	A. Temperature rises B. Pressure rises C. $W=0$ D. $Q = 0$
1832	Which of the following is the weakest base.	A. KOH B. NaOH C. LiOH D. RbOH
1833	Ozone depletion in stratosphere will result in	A. Forest fires B. Increased incidence of skin cancer C. Global warming D. None of the above
1834	Argillaceous material does not include.	A. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Vlay</p> <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Marine shells</p> <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Slate</p> <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Blast furnace slag</p> B. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Marine shells</p> C. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Slate</p> D. <p>class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Blast furnace slag</p>
1835	The quantum yield of a Photo chemical reaction in	A. Always less than unity B. Always equal to unity C. Always greater than unity D. Can have any value ≥ 0 depending on the reaction
1836	Which of the following is diamagnetic	A. O ₂ B. O ₂ ⁺ C. O ₂ ⁻ D. O ₂ ⁻²
1837	What is graphene.	A. A new material made from carbon nanotubes B. A one atom thick sheet of carbon C. This film made from fullerene D. A software tool to measure and graphically represent nanoparticles.
1838	J.J. Thomson established certain properties about cathode rays. Which of the following is not related to cathode rays.	A. Cathode rays from a gas discharge tube consists of negatively charged particles B. Cathode rays are called electrons. C. The e/m ratio of cathode rays depends on the gas inside D. Cathode rays are affected by electric and magnetic fields.
1839	Which of the following phenomena is not explained by the classical mechanics.	A. Black body radiation B. Photoelectric effect C. Atomic and molecular spectra D. Heat capacities of solids E. All of the above
1840	The purification of Bauxite can be carried out.	A. Baeyer's process B. Hall's process C. Serpek's process D. Any of above
1841	Homolytic fission of covalent bond results in the formation of.	A. Free radicals B. Carbocations C. Carbanions

		C. Carbon monoxide D. Both B and C
1842	Which of the following species has highest bond energy.	A. H ₂ B. T ₂ C. D D. Cl
1843	Which of the following represents the correct order of ionic radii	A. La ⁺ < Na ⁺ < K ⁺ < Rb ⁺ B. Li ⁺ > Na ⁺ > K ⁺ > Rb ⁺ C. Li ⁺ = Na ⁺ = K ⁺ = Rb ⁺ D. Rb ⁺ > Na ⁺ > K ⁺ > Li ⁺
1844	Long diseases are about four times more in urban areas as compared to rural areas. This is due to the presence of which of the following. in atmosphere.	A. CO ₂ B. NO ₂ C. O ₂ D. N ₂
1845	Which of the following represent the fuming sulphuric acid	A. H ₂ SO ₄ B. H ₂ SO ₃ C. H ₂ SO ₆ D. H ₂ SO ₇
1846	Which of the following elements has the highest value of IE.	A. Na B. K C. Mg D. Ca
1847	The hydrolysis of methyl acetate is a reaction of.	A. First order B. Second order C. Third order D. Fourth order
1848	The molecule returns from the first excited triplet state to the ground state singlet. The light emitted is known as.	A. Intersystem crossing B. Phosphorescence C. Fluorescence D. Quenching
1849	In Pakistan the total production of glass is over _____ tons per year.	A. 800 B. 8000 C. 80,000 D. None of these
1850	Which of the following statement is not related with direct use of solar energy.	A. It is used for space heating of buildings B. It can be used to produce electrical power using photovoltaic cells C. It can be used to produce hydrogen gas D. It can be used to start motor vehicle
1851	The correct order of ionization energies of alkali metals is.	A. Li > Na > K > Rb B. Na > K > Rb > Li C. Rb > K > Na > Li D. Rb > K > Li > Na
1852	_____ is used as stabilizer.	A. CaO B. SiO ₂ C. NaCl D. None of these
1853	For an average exposure of 8 hours per day, the maximum permissible concentration limit of CO in the atmosphere is.	A. 50 ppm B. 500 ppm C. 10 ³ ppm D. 20 ppm
1854	The valence shell electronic configuration of group III A is.	A. ns ¹ p ² B. ns ² p ¹ C. ns ³ p ² D. ns ² p ²
1855	Which of the following elements forms maximum number of compounds.	A. Carbon B. Silicon C. Hydrogen D. Fluorine
1856	Carbon dioxide content in atmosphere is	A. 0.0034% B. 0.034% C. 0.34% D. 3.4%
1857	Among the following a good solvent for a Grignard reagent formation would be.	A. t-butanol B. dimethyl ether C. difluoroethane D. tetrahydrofuran
	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding the constant R and in ideal gas	A. Its value is independent of temperature B. Its value is independent of pressure

1858	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding the constant R, and in ideal gas equation $PV = nRT$	<p>C. In SI Units its value is $8.314 \text{ K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$</p> <p>D. It is called the universal gas constant per molecule.</p>
1859	The molar mass of an organic acids is determined by	<p>A. Depression of freezing point</p> <p>B. Elevation of boiling point</p> <p>C. Volumetric method</p> <p>D. Victor Myer's method</p>
1860	What is prefix in steel identification means it is made in an electric furnaced.	<p>A. E</p> <p>B. H</p> <p>C. B</p> <p>D. Z</p>
1861	At the some temperature 0.1 M solution of urea is isotonic with.	<p>A. 0.1 M glucose solution</p> <p>B. 0.1 M NaCl solution</p> <p>C. 0.1 M urea solution</p> <p>D. 0.1 M BaCl₂ solution</p>
1862	The width of a typical DNA molecule is _____nm	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 5</p> <p>D. 10</p>
1863	The large increase in the rate of a reaction on rise in temperature is due to.	<p>A. The lowering of activation energy</p> <p>B. The decreases in mean free path</p> <p>C. The increase in collision frequency</p> <p>D. The increase in the number of molecules having more than the threshold energy</p>
1864	Which of the following is not related to the limitations of Bohr's model.	<p>A. It does not applicable to more than one electron system.</p> <p>B. It does not explain the extra lines obtained in the H-spectrum</p> <p>C. It considers the electron as particle</p> <p>D. It considers the electron as a wave.</p>
1865	Concentrated aqueous sodium hydroxide can separate a mixture of.	<p>A. Al³⁺ and Sn²⁺</p> <p>B. Al³⁺ and Fe³⁺</p> <p>C. Al³⁺ and Zn²⁺</p> <p>D. Zn²⁺ and Pb²⁺</p>
1866	Ferrochrom contains Cr up to	<p>A. 60-70%</p> <p>B. 70-80%</p> <p>C. 80-90%</p> <p>D. 40-50%</p>
1867	The glow of the yellow phosphorous as a result of slow oxidation in air is called.	<p>A. Chemiluminescence</p> <p>B. Luminescence</p> <p>C. Bioluminescence</p> <p>D. Photolysis</p>
1868	The geometry of Xe F ₂ is	<p>A. Triangular planar</p> <p>B. Square planar</p> <p>C. Linear</p> <p>D. Trigonal bipyramidal</p>
1869	Which of the following pairs of fundamental particles are present in equal numbers in a neutral atom.	<p>A. Proton and neutron</p> <p>B. Proton and positron</p> <p>C. Electron and proton</p> <p>D. Neutron and electron</p>
1870	Used in filling luminous tubes.	<p>A. Xenon</p> <p>B. Krypton</p> <p>C. Radon</p> <p>D. Helium</p>
1871	Fluorine is.	<p>A. Powerful oxidizing agent</p> <p>B. Most reactive element</p> <p>C. Used as refrigerants</p> <p>D. All of above</p>
1872	The use of acids to remove oxides and acids on hot worked steels is known as	<p>A. Tempering</p> <p>B. Picking</p> <p>C. Machining</p> <p>D. Sizing</p>
1873	In glass making the whole combination of ingredients is called a.	<p>A. Gangue</p> <p>B. Batch</p> <p>C. Mixture</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
1874	Vitamin D1 is chemically known as	<p>A. Ergocalciferol</p> <p>B. Tocopherol</p> <p>C. Aserphthol</p> <p>D. Phylloquinone</p>

1875	For highly paraffine , crude oil, the characterization factor will be in range of	A. 11.5-12.5 B. 12.5-13.0 C. 13.5-14.0 D. 13.4-15.0
1876	LPG is use this	A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Vehicles</p> <p><o:p></o:p></p> B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">Aviation Fuel</p><p><o:p></o:p></p> C. Home D. All above</p></p>
1877	The hybridization of S in SO ₂ is.	A. sp B. sp ² C. sp ³ D. dsp ²
1878	Which of the following is most soluble in water	A. CaSO ₄ B. Sr SO ₄ C. MgSO ₄ D. BaSO ₄
1879	In Dumas method, the volume of the gas collected is equivalent to which of the following gases set free from the compound.	A. Ammonia B. O ₂ C. N ₂ D. NO
1880	In the Lewis formula of which of the following species, the number of single double and dative bonds are equal.	A. N ₂ O ₃ B. HNO ₃ C. SO ₂ D. SOCl ₂
1881	Is a peroxy acid	A. H ₂ SO ₅ B. H ₂ S ₂ O ₆ C. H ₂ SO ₄ D. H ₂ S ₂ O ₇
1882	What is the colour of pulp obtained from chemical pulping.	A. Black B. Brown C. Blue D. Red
1883	A colloidal system in which a liquid is dispersed in a solid is called a/an	A. Emulsion B. Sol C. Gel D. Precipitate
1884	The structure of SO ₂ is	A. Linear B. Angular C. V-shaped D. Planner
1885	Phosphorus is detected by fusing the organic compound with -----followed by extraction with H ₂ O	A. HNO ₃ B. H ₂ SO ₄ C. Sodium per oxide D. Ozone
1886	Usually the rate of the reactions is expressed as.	A. mol dm ⁻¹ B. mol dm ⁻³ s ⁻¹ C. mol dm ⁻² s ⁻¹ D. mol ² dm ⁻³ s ⁻¹
1887	Since the acid gives both acidic and normal salts so the acid is.	A. di acid B. di basic C. double salt D. Any of above
1888	Which of the following pair on aldol condensation followed by dehydration gives methyl vinyl ketone.	A. HCHO and CH ₃ COCH ₃ B. HCHO and CH ₃ CHO C. CH ₃ CHO and CH ₃ CHO D. CH ₃ COCH ₃ and CH ₃ COCH ₃
1889	Which of the following elements of group 15 is a typical metal.	A. P B. As C. Bi D. Sb
1890	Which of the following has the highest melting point.	A. NaCl B. KCl C. MgO D. BaO
		A. Low temperature high pressure and high concentration of reactants B. Low temperature . low concentration

1891	Pick out the ideal conditions needed for the manufacture of H ₂ SO ₄ by contact process.	<p>of reactants and low pressure</p> <p>C. High temperature high pressure and high concentration of reactants</p> <p>D. Low temperature, low pressure and high concentration of reactants.</p>
1892	Ionic bond are also forces called as.	<p>A. Polar bond</p> <p>B. Electrovalent bond</p> <p>C. None polar bond</p> <p>D. Both A and B</p>
1893	Which of the following analytical technique is based on the refraction of radiation.	<p>A. Conductometry</p> <p>B. Refractometry</p> <p>C. Coulometry</p> <p>D. Potentiometry</p>
1894	The key element to be considered when evaluating a health hazard is.	<p>A. The amount of material the employee is exposed.</p> <p>B. The total time of exposure</p> <p>C. The toxicity of the substance</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1895	For which of the following compounds is the rate of hydrolysis by aqueous alkali most likely to be independent of the hydroxide ion concentration.	<p>A. 1-Chlorobutane</p> <p>B. 2- Bromobutane</p> <p>C. 1- Iodobutane</p> <p>D. 2- Bromo -2- methyl butane</p>
1896	The enrichment of chemical substance at the surface of a solid is called	<p>A. Adsorption</p> <p>B. Absorption</p> <p>C. Sorption</p> <p>D. Isotherm</p>
1897	Glass was first made by about_____	<p>A. 40 BC</p> <p>B. 400 BC</p> <p>C. 4000 BC</p> <p>D. 100 BC</p>
1898	Most electronegative element is.	<p>A. C</p> <p>B. Si</p> <p>C. Pb</p> <p>D. Sn</p>
1899	Chlorination of toluene in the presence of light and heat followed by treatment with aqueous NaOH gives.	<p>A. o - crealol</p> <p>B. p - crealol</p> <p>C. 2,4 -dihydroxy toluene</p> <p>D. Benzoic acid</p>
1900	The IUPAC name of ethylene oxide is.	<p>A. Epoxy methane</p> <p>B. Oxethene</p> <p>C. Methoxymethane</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
1901	Electron gas theory is able to explain	<p>A. Metallic lusture and optical properties</p> <p>B. Malleability and ductility</p> <p>C. High electrical and thermal conductivity</p> <p>D. All of the above</p>
1902	A unit cell having dimension , a = b c, alpha, beta, gama = 90° is known as.	<p>A. Cubic</p> <p>B. Hexagonal</p> <p>C. Orthorhombic</p> <p>D. None of them</p>
1903	The blue colour of CuSO ₄ disappears on adding Zn granules to it . it is because of .	<p>A. Oxidation of Cu atom</p> <p>B. Oxidation of Zn²⁺ to</p> <p>C. Oxidation Cu²⁺ to</p> <p>D. Oxidation of Zn²⁺ to</p>
1904	An equilibrium the free energy change delta F for a reaction is.	<p>A. Maximum</p> <p>B. Minimum</p> <p>C. Zero</p> <p>D. Negative</p>
1905	Petroleum is mixture of	<p>A. Petrol</p> <p>B. Diesel</p> <p>C. Petroleum</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
1906	Which of the following relation corresponds to Faraday law of electrolysis.	<p>A. m = ZI t</p> <p>B. E = mc²</p> <p>C. E = ho</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
1907	Which of the following is a buffer solution.	<p>A. CH₃COOH + NH₄OH</p> <p>B. CH₃ COOH + HCl</p> <p>C. CH₃COOH + NaOH</p> <p>D. CH₃COOH + CH₃COONa</p>

1908	Which one of the following set of raw material is most suitable for manufacture of urea.	<p>bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">CH₄N₂ and CO₂<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">H₂CO₂ and H₂O<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">H₂O N₂ and H₂<o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal">H₂O N₂ AND KCl<o:p></o:p></p></p>
1909	Which one of the following statements is not true.	<p>A. Transition metals form alloys</p> <p>B. Transition metals form complexes</p> <p>C. Zn, Cd and Hg are transition metals</p> <p>D. K₂[PtCl₆] is a well known compound but corresponding nickel compound is not known</p>
1910	Which of the following has the maximum ionic character.	<p>A. HF</p> <p>B. HCl</p> <p>C. HI</p> <p>D. HBr</p>
1911	Which of the following substance act as photochemical oxidant	<p>A. Ozone</p> <p>B. NO_x</p> <p>C. peroxyacetyl nitrate</p> <p>D. All above</p>
1912	Which of the following is not a characteristics of crystalline solids.	<p>A. Sharp melting point</p> <p>B. Isotropic</p> <p>C. Long range orderly arrangement</p> <p>D. None of above</p>
1913	The rise of a liquid in capillary tube is due to.	<p>A. Osmosis</p> <p>B. Diffusion</p> <p>C. Surface tension</p> <p>D. Viscosity</p>
1914	In the long form of periodic table, elements are arranged according to.	<p>A. Increasing atomic number</p> <p>B. Decreasing atomic number</p> <p>C. Increasing atomic mass</p> <p>D. Decreasing atomic mass</p>
1915	Acid rain is caused due to increase in the concentration of _____ in the atmosphere	<p>A. Ozone and dust</p> <p>B. CO₂ and CO</p> <p>C. SO₃ and CO</p> <p>D. SO₂ and NO₂</p>
1916	A type of a chemical bond which is formed by the mutual sharing of electrons between combining atoms of the same or different elements is called.	<p>A. Ionic bond</p> <p>B. Covalent bond</p> <p>C. Coordinate Covalent bond</p> <p>D. Metallic bond</p>
1917	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to the important characteristics of aromatic compounds.	<p>A. They are usually cyclic compounds</p> <p>B. They are resistant to usual addition reactions</p> <p>C. They usually undergo substitution reactions</p> <p>D. They are less stable</p>
1918	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to applications of H-bonding.	<p>A. It explains the usual b.p. and m.p of certain class of compound.</p> <p>B. It explains the solubility of certain organic compounds in hydroxylic solvents</p> <p>C. It explains the lack of ideal behavior in gases and solutions</p> <p>D. It has strong influence on the configuration of certain molecules.</p>
1919	Acute toxicity is expressed by the term	<p>A. LD₅₀</p> <p>B. IC₅₀</p> <p>C. LD₅₀</p> <p>D. Mean life</p>
1920	Which of the following is not an alkali metal.	<p>A. Potassium</p> <p>B. Francium</p> <p>C. Sodium</p> <p>D. Strontium</p>
1921	Colloids can be purified by	<p>A. Peptization</p> <p>B. Coagulation</p> <p>C. The Breeding are method</p>

C. The bonding are identical
D. Dialysis

1922	During reaction of copper with aqueous solution of silver nitrate	A. Silver atoms are reduced B. Cu ²⁺ ions are reduced C. Silver ions are reduced D. No ³ ions are reduced
1923	Which type of elements form ionic hydrides.	A. Transition elements B. Metalloids C. Elements with high electronegativity D. Elements with high electropositivity.
1924	Which of the following solution would exhibit abnormal colligative proportions.	A. 0.1 M NaCl B. 0.1 M urea C. 0.1 M sucrose D. 0.1 M glucose
1925	Which of the following statements is not correct. with respect to resonance.	A. The position of atomic nuclei must be same B. The limiting structures must have same number of paired and unpaired electrons. C. The energy of the various limiting structures must contribute equally D. All above
1926	The dimensions for first order rate constant are.	A. s ⁻¹ B. s mol ⁻¹ C. mol ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ D. s
1927	Which of the following technique is used to separate substance of high molecular weight of different charges.	A. Dialysis B. Electrophoresis C. Solvent D. None of the above
1928	Which of the following is domain of industrial ecology.	A. The materials extractor B. The materials processor C. The consumer D. All of above
1929	The oxidation Number of I in HIO ₄ is.	A. +6 B. +7 C. +3 D. +14
1930	What does 'F' stand for in AFM.	A. Fine B. Front C. Force D. Flux
1931	A chemical reaction resulting in a change in the electric charge on the reacting particles may be called as.	A. Add ion reaction B. Redox reaction C. Elimination reaction D. Chain reaction
1932	The most electronegative and the most electropositive elements of the first period is	A. H and He B. Na and Cl C. Li and F D. H and He
1933	Which of the following solution would have the largest depression in freezing point.	A. 1% glucose B. 1 % KCl C. 1 % AlCl ₃ D. 1 % BaCl ₂
1934	Given A + 3B → 2C + D This reaction is first order with respect to reactant A and second order with respect to reactant B. If the concentration of A is doubled and the concentration of B is halved, the rate of the reaction would _____ by factor of _____	A. Increase ,2 B. Decrease ,2 C. Increase ,4 D. Decrease ,4
1935	Which of the following pollutant result from combustion of fossil fuels.	A. SO ₂ B. NO _x C. CO D. All above
1936	Low quality steels with an M. Suffix on the designation intended for non structural application is classified as.	A. Merchant quality B. Commercial quality C. Drawing quality D. Low quality
1937	What prefix in steel identification means composition varies from normal limits.	A. E B. B C. X D. F

A. Low heat of dissociation of X₂

1938	The high oxidizing power of halogens is favored by.	B. A high electron affinity of the atom C. A higher hydration energy of the ion D. All of above
1939	In the extraction of iron, the furnace charge consists of iron ore, coke and limestone. The function of limestone is to act as.	A. An oxidizing agent B. A reducing agent C. Flux D. Slag
1940	The most widely used method of extracting metal ions is the formation of a chelate molecule with an organic chelating agent The chelating agents are.	A. Strong acids B. Strong bases C. Weak bases D. Weak acids
1941	The presence of which of the following in drinking water is responsible for mottling of teeth.	A. Mercury B. Iodine C. Chlorine D. Fluorine
1942	A mordant is a substance which in	A. Coloured B. Leuco-base of a dye C. Fixes dye on the fabric D. All of these
1943	The commonly used catalyst in the manufacture of H ₂ SO ₄	A. Fe ₂ O ₃ with a little CuO B. V ₂ O ₅ C. Platinized asbestos and MgSO ₄ D. All above
1944	What is called black gold.	A. Petroleum B. Coal C. Coal tar D. Natural gas
1945	Which of the following trace elements may be present in the particulate materials.	A. Cadmium B. Nickel C. Mercury D. Lead E. All of the above
1946	Aluminothermy used for on the spot welding of large iron structures is based upon the fact that.	A. As compared to iron, aluminium has greatest affinity for oxygen. B. As compared to aluminium, iron has greater affinity for oxygen C. Reaction between aluminium and oxygen endothermic D. Reaction between iron and oxygen is endothermic
1947	Electron gas theory fails to explain	A. Specific heat of metals B. Electrical and thermal conductivity C. Paramagnetic behavior of metals D. All of the above
1948	BCl ₃ is an example of hybridization	A. sp B. sp ² C. sp ³ D. None of above
1949	Which of the following solids is a better conductor of electricity.	A. Pure NaCl crystal B. Diamond C. Graphite D. Marble pieces
1950	Molecule of oxygen is	A. Diamagnetic B. Paramagnetic C. Both A and B D. None of above
1951	Fullerene or bucky ball is made up of _____ carbon atoms.	A. 100 B. 20 C. 75 D. 60
1952	Which of the following has the maximum tendency to form complexes.	A. K B. Na C. Rb D. Li
1953	Which of the following has the highest value.	A. Translational partition function B. Rotational partition function C. Vibrational partition function D. Electronic partition function
1954	Monel metal is an alloy of Ni which contains Ni up to	A. 50% B. 60% C. 70% D. 80%

1955	The process of transfer of genetic message from DNA to m-RNA is known as	A. Replication B. Translation C. Transcription D. Transference
1956	In emulsions , the dispersed phase and the dispersion medium are.	A. Both solids B. Both liquids C. Both gases D. Phase is liquid and medium is solid.
1957	CCl ₄ has zero dipole moment because of.	A. Planar structure B. Tetrahedral structure C. Similar size of C and Cl atoms D. Similar electrons affinity of C and Cl
1958	A terpenoid which as an alcoholic group in the molecule is	A. Citral B. Camphor C. Menthol D. Carvone
1959	How many sigma and pi bonds are there in a CO ₂ molecule.	A. 2 sigma B. 2 sigma and 4 pi C. 2 sigma and 2 pi D. 4 sigma and no pi
1960	The rusting of iron is catalysed by which of the following.	A. Fe B. O ₂ C. Zn D. H ⁺
1961	The addition of HCl in the presence of poroxule does not follow anti Markovnikov's rule because.	A. HCl bond is too strong to be broken homolytically B. Cl atom is not reative enough to add on to a double bond C. Cl combines with H to give back HCl D. HCl is a reducing agent.
1962	Which of the following statements is not a part of Bohr's theory of the hydrogen atom.	A. An electron in an atom revolves around the nucleus only in circular paths. B. An electron does not absorb energy in the stationary orbit C. An electron does not emit energy in the stationary orbit D. Energy is emitted or absorbed in a discrete amount from the stationary orbit
1963	During the titration of weak acid against NaOH the conductance of the solution after the neutralization point.	A. Is constant B. Decreases C. Varies irregularly D. Increase
1964	Poise is a unit of.	A. Refractive index B. Optical activity C. Fluidity D. Viscosity
1965	Elements of group 14 have the electronic configuration of their outer shell as	A. ns ² np ³ B. ns ² np ² C. ns ² np ⁶ D. ns ²
1966	Which of the following is most soluble in water.	A. BaSO ₄ B. Sr SO ₄ C. CaSO ₄ D. MgSO ₄
1967	Which of the following haloacids is stronger acids.	A. FCH ₂ COOH B. ClCH ₂ COOH C. Br CH ₂ COOH D. ICH ₂ COOH
1968	Which one of the following sets of elements has the strongest tendency to form positive ions in gaseous state.	A. Li, Na, K B. F, Cl, Br C. Be, Mg, Ca D. O, S, Se
1969	Bromine is soluble in	A. Alcohol B. Water C. Chloroform D. All above
1970	In the kinetic study of a reaction A _____ products. A straight line was observed when a graph between time and 1/C ₂ was plotted. the reaction is.	A. Second order B. First order C. Third order D. Zero order

A. 1,3-Butadiene

1971	Monomer of natural rubber is	B. 2-Methyl -1,3-butadiene C. 1,2 -Butadiene D. 1,3 - Pentadiene
1972	When of the following steps is involved in structure determination of an organic compound.	A. Purification of compound. B. Qualitative and quantitative analysis of elements present C. Determination of molar mass D. All above steps
1973	An induction of dipole or polarity in non polar bond, and consequent electron shifting along a chain of atoms is known as.	A. Inductive effect B. Resonance effect C. Hyper conjugation D. None of the above
1974	If Principal quantum number $n = 4$ the quantum number l can have value.	A. 1,2,3 and 4 B. 0,1,2 and 3 C. 1,2 and 3 only D. None of the above
1975	The formula of bleaching powder is.	A. Ca OCl_2 B. CaClO_3 C. $\text{Ca}(\text{ClO})_3$ D. CaOCl
1976	The rate constant of a reaction has same units as the rate of the reaction The reaction is of.	A. Second order B. First order C. Three order D. Zero order
1977	The process of identifying the component present in a sample is called.	A. Quantitative analysis B. Qualitative analysis C. Volumetric analysis D. Gravimetric analysis
1978	The following are primary alloying ingredients of Group H steel except.	A. Molybdenum B. Cobalt C. Chromium D. Tungsten
1979	Of the following the commonly used in the laboratory desiccator is.	A. Anhyd. Na_2CO_3 B. Anhyd Ca Cl_2 C. Dry NaCl D. None of the above
1980	Which of the following metals form volatile carbonyl with CO below 80°C	A. Cu B. Fe C. CO D. Ni
1981	Nitric acid is used in manufacturing of.	A. Explosive B. H_2SO_4 C. Fertilizer D. All above
1982	An emulsifier is an agent which	A. Stabilizes an emulsion B. Homogenises and emulsion C. Causes coagulation of an emulsion D. Helps in the formation of an emulsion
1983	Heisenberg's uncertainty principle precludes the exact simultaneous measurement of.	A. Velocity and energy B. Velocity and time C. Charge density and probability D. Position and momentum
1984	Type of hybrid orbitals used by the chlorine atom in ClO_2 is.	A. sp^2 B. sp^3 C. sp D. None of these
1985	The Lambert beer law states that	A. Transmission is directly proportional to path length B. Transmission is directly proportional to concentration C. Absorbance is inversely proportional to transmission D. Absorbance is directly proportional to concentration.
1986	Which of the following molecule contains two dative bonds according to Lewis structure.	A. NH_3 B. SO_3 C. PCl_5 D. BF_3
1987	Which of the following extractant is used to solid phase extraction	A. Bonding of C_{18} chains on silica B. Bonding of C_{20} on paper C. Bonding of C_{18} on glass D. Bonding of C_{20} on cellulose

1988	The Schrodinger equation when solved for any system gives.	A. The mean force pair B. The Polarizability C. The energy function D. The wave function
1989	Which of the following ions does not have the electronic configuration same as that of neon.	A. F- B. O ²⁻ C. Na ⁺ D. Ca ²⁺
1990	Polyethylene Glycols are used in the preparation of which type of detergents.	A. Cationic detergents B. Anionic detergents C. Non ionic detergent soaps D. None of above
1991	The wire of flash bulb is made up of.	A. Cu B. Ag C. Mg D. Ba
1992	The theoretical plate in chromatography is represented by how many equilibrium step	A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four
1993	Which of the following salt is green in colour	A. Mn salt B. Cr salt C. Co salt D. Ba salt
1994	Ionic compounds in general possess both	A. High melting point and non - directional bonds B. High melting points and low boiling points C. Directional bonds and low boiling points D. High solubility in polar and non -polar bonds.
1995	The most common oxidation state of alkaline earth metals is.	A. +1 B. +2 C. -2 D. -1
1996	The equilibrium constant value for a chemical reaction is 5×10^{20} which of the following statement is true with respect to this value.	A. Reaction will be reversible B. Reaction will proceed in backward direction C. Reaction is at equilibrium D. Reaction will proceed in the forward direction
1997	The unequal sharing of bonded pair of electrons between the two atoms in a molecule causes.	A. Dipole B. Radical formation C. Decomposition of found D. Covalent found
1998	α -pinene hydrochloride on warming rearranges to form bornyl chloride	A. Pinacol pinacolone B. hofmann C. Wagner Meerwein D. Wolf
1999	Point out the incorrect statement.	A. Rate law is an experimental fact whereas law of mass action is a theoretical in nature. B. Rate law is always different from the expression of law of mass action C. Rate law is more informativeness than law of mass action D. Order of the reaction is equal to the sum of the exponents of concentration terms in the case law.
2000	The temperature of which the compound melts into a liquid to the same composition as the solid is called the	A. Congruent melting point B. Incongruent melting point C. Peritectic temperatures D. Metastable point
2001	The most important problem regarding nano chemistry	A. Elucidation of relationship between also and chemical reactivity of particle B. Determination of size of particle C. Determination of reactivity of particle D. Determination of physical properties of nano particles.
2002	HClO evolves Cl ₂ and O ₂ when dissolve	A. Ca B. Ni C. Cu D. Any of above

2003	Nano particles may interact with the support to be.	A. Partially oxidized B. Partially reduced C. Both a and b D. None
2004	d2 sp3 is oriented in a manner	A. Trigonal B. Tetrahedral C. Octahedral D. Trigonal bipyramidal
2005	Fats and oil are _____	A. Acids B. Alcohols C. Salts D. Base
2006	Turpentine is obtained from. _____	A. Oak tree B. Pine tree C. Birch tree D. Lemon tree
2007	Which of the following is not a chemical pollutant.	A. Solid waste B. Noise C. Insecticides D. Liquid waste
2008	The green color of water in a lake is due to	A. Excessive growth of sea weeds B. Algae C. Pollution D. Grass
2009	The thermal conductivity of an SWNT along length is _____ watt/(m.k)	A. 35 B. 330 C. 386 D. 3500
2010	a -amino acids when heated alone form	A. Cyclic lactum B. a-b-unsaturated acid C. Fatty acids D. Diketopiperazines
2011	Dry ice is	A. Solid CO B. Solid CO2 C. Solid NH3 D. Solid SO2
2012	Which of the following statements is not correct with respect to applications of Hammett equations.	A. It develops a quantitative relationship between structure and reactivity B. This equation can be used to calculate the value of pK_a C. This equation does not help to calculate the rate of some reactions D. This equation has mechanistic implications
2013	Which of the following is not true for metalloids.	A. They are borderline elements B. They usually act as electron during with non metals. C. B, Si, and Ge D. They are all solids at room temperature.
2014	Group IV A consist elements.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
2015	What corrosion occurs under organic coating on metals as fine wavy hairlines?	A. <p>Stray current corrosion</p> B. <p>Microbiological corrosion</p> C. <p>Filliform corrosion</p> D. <p>Simple corrosion</p>
2016	The oxidation state shown by phosphorus is.	A. - 3 B. + 3 C. + 3 and +5 D. -3 ,+ 3 and +5

2017	The rate constant of a reaction depends on	A. Concentration of reactants B. Concentration of products C. Temperature D. Time
2018	The unit of sound pressure level is	A. Pascal B. Decibel C. Newton D. Ampere
2019	Solar energy mainly light originates from sun due to.	A. Addition relations B. Displacement reactions C. Thermonuclear reactions D. Substitution reactions
2020	Which is major component of Bordeaux mixture.	A. <p>Copper sulphate</p> B. <p>Sodium chloride</p> C. <p>Calcium chloride</p> D. <p>Magnesium sulphate</p>
2021	Which of the following substance is colloidal in nature.	A. Clay B. Al_2O_3 C. Fe_2O_3 D. All above
2022	Which of the following statement is not true is case of catalytic reforming.	A. Dehydrogenations high endothermic B. Dehydrogenation is exothermic C. Hydrodealkylation reactions are endothermic D. None of these
2023	Which of the following is NOT true 7 ceramic materials are.	A. Hard, have high densities high compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature Silicon B. Hard, have low densities high compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature. C. Hard, have low densities low compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature. D. Hard, have low densities' high compressive strength and very good thermal resistance and strength at higher temperature.
2024	A catalyst	A. Actually participates in the reaction B. Changes the equilibrium concentration of the products C. Does not affect a reaction energy path D. Always decreases the rate for a reaction
2025	Neon is used in neon signs for advertising purpose because.	A. Neon lights are visible from long distance B. Neon light are visible though fog & mist C. Both A and B D. None of the above
2026	The particles of about 1 nm need _____ activation energy to enter either aggregation processes or reactions to give to new chemicals.	A. Higher B. Lesser C. No D. All above
2027	Yellow green flame is observed with	A. Calcium salt B. Barium salt C. Strontium salt D. Sodium salt
2028	Which one of the following does not exhibit paramagnetism.	A. NO B. NO_2 C. ClO_2 D. ClO_2^-

2029	An Ideal gas is one which obeys all the gas law at.	A. Low pressure B. High Pressure C. Low and High temperature D. All condition of pressure and temperate re
2030	The magnetic quantum number (m) specifies the individual orbital in a Sub shell for a given l, m can be.	A. l,- l.....-1 B. l.....2, l -3.....-2l C. l-l-2,.....-l D. l-2,l-4,-4l
2031	Enfleurage process is used to extract the essential oils from	A. Bark of plant B. Seeds of plant C. Leaves of plant D. Flowers of plant
2032	The expected specific waste of paper and allied products industry is.	A. Chemicals B. Paper and fibre residues C. Links D. All above
2033	Bryllium salts on hydrolysis give.	A. Basic solutions B. Acidic solutions C. Neutral solutions D. Amphoteric solutions.
2034	The number of degrees of freedom and number of components for a system of containing undissolved salt , in equilibrium with water vapor are.	A. 2,2 B. 3 , 2 C. 1 , 1 D. 1 , 2
2035	What refers to the application of any process whereby the surface of steel is altered so that it will become hard.	A. <p >caburizing<o:p><="" class="MsoNormal" o:p><="" p><br="" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt"></p> B. <p >case="" b><="" class="MsoNormal" harden="" o:p><="" p><br="" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt" zing<o:p><=""></p> C. <p >ammealing<o:p><="" class="MsoNormal" o:p><="" p><br="" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt"></p> D. <p >surface="" class="MsoNormal" hardening<o:p><="" o:p><="" p><="" style="margin-bottom:0in;margin-bottom:.0001pt;line-height: normal;tab-stops:395.7pt" td=""></p>
2036	Which of the following statement is not true for carbon.	A. Its forms compounds with multiple bonds B. Its ionization energy is very high C. It undergoes catanation D. It shows inert pair effect
2037	The gases that are responsible for green house effect are.	A. CO ₂ & CH ₄ B. CFC C. N ₂ O D. All above
2038	Gases and dust particles are removed from H ₂ SO ₄ by	A. Tydal effect B. Drying tower C. Absorption tower D. Contact converter
2039	Any property whose magnitude is independent of the amount of substance present is called a/an	A. Extensive property B. Colligative property C. Structural propety D. Intensive property
2040	An example of acrylic monoterpenoid is	A. Dipentene B. Myocene C. a- terpineol D. Limonene
2041	Each of the following compound react with Grignard's reagent to form alkane exxcept.	A. Ethanal B. Ethanoic acid C. Ethanol D. Ethync
2042	Which of the following statement is not correct with reference to cell constant.	A. The dimensions of cell constant is cm-1 B. It is used to determine the specific conductance C. It is measured with KCl solution D. Specific conductance does not vary

with concentration.

2043	Which of the following hydroxide is gelatinous in nature.	A. $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$ B. $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$ C. $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ D. $\text{Cr}(\text{OH})_3$
2044	Which of the following statements is not true about potash alum.	A. Its empirical formula is $\text{KAl}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 12\text{H}_2\text{O}$ B. Its aqueous solution is basic in nature C. It is used in dyeing industry D. On heating it melts in its water of crystallization
2045	Hemimorphite is an example of.	A. Orthosilicate B. Pyrosilicate C. Cyclic silicate D. Meta silicate
2046	To obtain cement dry powder, lime stones and shales or their slurry, is burnt in a rotary kiln at a temperature between	A. 1100 °C and 1200 °C B. 1200 °C and 1300 °C C. 1400 °C and 1500 °C D. 1900 °C and 2000 °C
2047	Petrol can be saved by	A. Driving at a constant and moderate speed B. Ensuring correct tyre pressure C. Switching off the engine at traffic lights D. All of these
2048	Which of the following is renewable energy source.	A. Moon B. Wind C. Sun D. Ocean
2049	The spectral line obtained when an electron jumps from $n = 6$ to $n = 3$ belongs to.	A. Balmer series B. Lyman series C. Paschen series D. Brackett series
2050	Which of the following is homopolymer.	A. Starch B. Plexiglas C. Orlon D. All of these
2051	Which of the following is an example of super octet molecules.	A. CF_4 B. IF_7 C. PCl_5 D. All the three
2052	Attention should be focused on qualitative changes in particle properties as a function of.	A. Particle number B. Particle mass C. Particle size D. Particle density
2053	Which of the following compounds cannot be a monomer.	A. $\text{CH}_3\text{-CHOOH-CH}_2\text{OH}$ B. $\text{NH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-NH}_2$ C. $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-NH}_2$ D. $\text{NH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH-CH}_2\text{-NH}_2$
2054	A molecule MX_4 has a square planar shape, The number of non bonding pairs of electrons around M is .	A. 2 B. 1 C. 0 D. 3
2055	The addition of HCl to 2-pentene gives	A. 3-Chloropentane B. 2-Chloropentene C. 2-Chloropentane D. 2-Chloro-2-methyl butane
2056	What is a coal that has been previously burned in an oxygen poor environment?	A. Anthracite B. Coke C. Silver D. Diamond
2057	The temperature at which the vapour pressure becomes equal to external pressure is called.	A. Saturation point B. Critical temperature C. Consolute temperature D. Boiling point
		A. Helium B. Neon

2058	The noble gas which was discovered first in the sun and then on the earth is.	B. Neon C. Argon D. Xenon
2059	The halide which is inert to water is	A. PCl_5 B. SiCl_4 C. BCl_3 D. SF_3
2060	Which isotope of hydrogen is radioactive in nature.	A. Protium and deuterium B. Tritium only C. Tritium and deuterium D. Only deuterium
2061	Pick out the incorrect statement for SO_2	A. It turns filter paper moistened with acidified $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ B. It turns starch iodate paper blue C. It does not react with chlorine in presence of charcoal D. It decolourises acidified KMnO_4 solution.
2062	Which of the following property has a higher value for trans isomer as compared to cis isomer.	A. Density B. Dipole moment C. Melting point D. Boiling point
2063	Cationic polymerization is initiated by	A. BF_3 B. NaNH_2 C. BuLi D. Both b and c
2064	Which of the following pollutant results from combustion of fossil fuels.	A. SO_2 B. NO_2 C. CO D. All above
2065	Which of the following compounds does not show dipole moment.	A. CH_3OH B. HBr C. CCl_4 D. CHCl_3
2066	The most convenient and has nearest approach to a universal pH measurement	A. pH strips B. pH indicator C. The emf method D. The colorimetric
2067	Which of the following pollutant is generated from combustion of fuel.	A. Smoke B. SO_2 C. CO_2 D. Metallic oxides E. All above
2068	B.P of heavy water is	A. equal to that of ordinary water B. greater than that of ordinary water C. Less than that of ordinary water D. equal to that of distilled water
2069	If Steel is heated to a temperature well below red heat and to then cooled slowly the process is called.	A. Annealing B. Quenching C. Tempering D. Nitriding
2070	H_2SO_4 is used	A. In the preparation of aqua regia B. In the purification of gold and silver C. In the dental filling D. None of above
2071	Which element amongst the following has the highest boiling point.	A. Na B. Mg C. Ca D. K
2072	Monomer of Nylon -6 is	A. Adipic acid B. Hexamethylenediamine C. Caprolactam D. All of these
2073	Artificial nitrogen fixation may occur by the formation of.	A. Nitric acid B. Ammonia C. Nitrides D. Any of above
2074	Which one of the following is not correct.	A. Ar is used in electric bulbs B. Kr is obtained during radioactive decay C. Boiling point of H_2 is lowest among all noble gases. D. Xe forms XeOF_4

2075	Transition elements, in general, exhibit the following properties, except one, Name that property.	A. Variable oxidation state B. Natural radioactivity C. Tendency to form complexes D. Formation of alloys
2076	The ionization energy of N is more than that of oxygen because.	A. Nitrogen has half filled p orbitals B. Nitrogen atom is smaller in size than oxygen atom C. Nitrogen contains less number of electrons D. Nitrogen is less electronegative
2077	Most commercial glasses consist of	A. Lime B. Soda C. Silica D. All
2078	Which of the following statement is not related with industrial ecology.	A. Study of interactions between human activities and its environment B. Industrial ecology seeks to optimize the total industrial materials cycle from virgin material to finished product C. Industrial impacts on the environment D. Economic system are viewed in isolating from their surrounding
2079	Which of the following steps is not involved in chemical analysis.	A. Separation of sample in pure form B. Separation of the sample in the mixture form C. Preparation of sample for the analysis D. Validity of experimental results
2080	Ingold's isopren rule states that in terpenoids isopren units are joined.	A. Head to tail B. Head to head C. Tail to tail D. In a random order
2081	Which of the following is not related to crystallography .	A. Law of rational indices B. Law of anisotropy C. Law of constancy of interfacial angle D. Henry's law
2082	Recrystallization is the most common technique of purification of solid organic substances. Which of the following statements is not related with characteristics of a suitable solvent.	A. It dissolves the substance on heating B. It readily allows it to separate out in the form of crystal on cooling C. It does not react chemically with substance D. It does dissolve the impurities.
2083	According to Usanovich concept a base is defined as any species.	A. Capable of giving up anions B. Combining with cations C. Neutralizing an acid to give a salt D. All of above
2084	The equivalent conductance (Λ) and molar conductance (Λ_m) of BaSO_4 are related as.	A. $\Lambda = \Lambda_m/2$ B. $\Lambda/2 = \Lambda_m$ C. $\Lambda = \Lambda_m$ D. $\Lambda = \Lambda_m/4$
2085	Which of the following has cubic structure.	A. Sodium chloride B. Potassium Chloride C. Diamond D. All of above
2086	The number of electrons involved in bonding in Lewis structure of oxalate ion is	A. 20 B. 14 C. 22 D. 18
2087	The inert gases Ar, Kr and Xe form compounds with water at low temperature and high pressure. These compounds are called.	A. Halides B. Hydrates C. Clathrates D. All of above
2088	The pair of molecules or ions having identical geometry is.	A. BCl_3 , PCl_3 B. BF_3 , NH_3 C. CHCl_3 , CCl_4 D. SiCl_4 , CCl_4
2089	The formula of sulphur sesquioxide	A. SO_4 B. S_2O_7 C. S_2O_3 D. SO_3
2090	Length of semiconductor nanorods are in the range of.	A. 1.50 nm B. 1-50 micrometer C. 100 nm D. 1000 nm

		C. 100-500 nm D. 50-100 nm
2091	The prefix 'nano' comes from a	A. French word meaning billion B. Greek word meaning dwarf C. Latin word meaning invisible D. Spanish word meaning particle
2092	A steel cannot qualify for stainless prefix until it has at least how many percent of chromium.	A. 10 % B. 20 % C. 5 % D. 30 %
2093	The second order rate constant can have units.	A. $\text{dm}^{-6} \text{mol}^2 \text{s}^{-1}$ B. $\text{dm}^3 \text{mol s}^{-1}$ C. $\text{dm}^{\sup{3}} \text{mol}^{\sup{-1}} \text{s}^{\sup{-1}}$ D. $\text{dm}^6 \text{mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$
2094	Which of the following compounds has highest dipole moment.	A. Dichloromethane B. Chloroform C. Chloromathane D. All above
2095	The common host compound for the formation of inclusion compound is.	A. Urea B. Thiourea C. Cholic acid D. All above
2096	Which of the following disposal method is used for agriculture wastes.	A. Dump B. Landfill C. Incineration D. Open burning E. All above
2097	What is a method of casehardening involving diffusion in which the steel to be casehardened is machined, heat treated placed in an air tight box and heated to about 1000 °F	A. <p>Annealing</p> B. <p>Normalizing</p> C. <p>Carburizing</p> D. <p>Decomposition</p>
2098	Electronegativity of oxygen is.	A. 2,5 B. 3,5 C. 2,4 D. 2.1
2099	Which of the microscope techniques is similar to the Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM)	A. Scanning Electron Microscopy B. Scanning Tunneling Microscopy C. Transmission Electron Microscopy D. None of the above
2100	Permanent hardness of water is due to.	A. Sulphate of Ca B. Chloride of Ca C. Sulphate of Mg D. All above
2101	Lothar Meyer plotted a graph showing variation of.	A. Atomic volume with increase in atomic number B. Atomic volume with increase in atomic weight C. Atomic radii with increase in atomic weight. D. Atomic weight which increase in atomic number
2102	Which of the following is not true as compared with alkaline earth metals.	A. Alkali metals are more reactive B. Alkali metals have lower density C. Alkali metals are more electropositive D. Alkali metals have stronger metallic bonds
2103	Which of the following is most acidic.	A. Phenol B. p-nitrophenol C. o-Nitrophenol D. m-Nitrophenol
		A. $\text{O} - \text{H} \cdots \cdots \text{S}$

2104	The hydrogen bond is strongest in.	B. S - H.....O C. F - H.....F D. F - H.....O
2105	Which of the following orbitals has maximum penetration effect.	A. s B. p C. d D. f
2106	The splitting of H ₂ O can be carried out through	A. Photolysis B. Electrolysis C. Dialysis D. Hydrogenation
2107	Oxides ores of Aluminium	A. Corundum B. Bauxite C. Diaspore D. All above
2108	The addition of As to Ge makes the latter a	A. Metallic conductor B. Ionic conductor C. Intrinaic conductor D. Extrinsic semiconductor
2109	The emission of light in a biological reaction in known as.	A. Fluorencence B. Phosphoreacence C. Biolumineacence D. Phtolysis
2110	Which of the following analytical technique is not concerned with atomic spectroscopy.	A. Flame photometry B. Flame emission spectrometry C. Atomic absorption spectrometry D. I-R spectrophotometry
2111	Which of the following term is not used in pulping.	A. Kappa number B. Copper number C. Bromine Number D. Octane Number
2112	Which of the following statements is not true for both B and Al	A. They burn in oxygen to give oxides at high temperature B. Their halides are Lewis acids C. They combine with nitrogen to form nitrides D. They react with HCl to form chlroides.
2113	In the process of preparation of detergents the organic acids produced are neutralized with.	A. Sodium hydroxide B. Sodium sulphate C. Sodium chloride D. Potassium hydroxide
2114	In the Mendeleev's periodic table elements are arranged in the increasing order of their .	A. Numbers of neutrone. B. Atomic number C. Atomic mass D. Atomic volume
2115	Which of the following equations is the most general equation of state.	A. Vander Waal's equation B. Dielectric equation C. Clasuaiua equation D. Kamberling Onnes equation
2116	Which of tetra chloride is resistant to hydrolysis.	A. CCl ₄ B. SiCl ₄ C. GeCl ₄ D. SnCl ₄
2117	The main constituents of _____ are boron oxide and silica.	A. Pyrex glass B. Low silica glass C. Soda lime glass D. Super hard glass
2118	Which of the following is a natural polymer	A. Nylon B. Leucite C. Cellulose D. Polystyrene
2119	Which of the following acid radical gives chromyl chorate test.	A. F- B. I- C. Cl- D. Br-
2120	What is the approximate chromium range of a ferritic stainless steel.	A. 12% to 18% B. 16% to 20% C. 20% to 24% D. 12% to 16%
2121	The digits which are necessary to express the result of a measurement to the precision with which the measurement is made are called.	A. Non significant figures B. Mathematical figures C. Significant figures

		D. Reagent errors
2122	Dolomite is a mineral whose formula is.	A. CaCO_3 B. MgCO_3 C. $\text{CaCO}_3, \text{MgCO}_3$ D. CaSO_4
2123	Phosphoric acid is the most important of the phosphorus oxy acids. Industrially phosphoric acid is prepared by.	A. The Ostwald process B. The Haber's process C. The reaction of phosphate rock with sulphuric acid D. The reaction P_4O_{10} with water.
2124	The electrical resistance of stainless steels can be as much as _____ time that of carbon steel.	A. 5 B. 6 C. 10- D. 15
2125	A system which can exchange energy as well as matter with its surrounding is said to be a/an	A. Closed system B. Inert system C. Open system D. All of above
2126	The melting of nearly all glass is done in a continuous tank furnace. which operates steadily over periods of up to.	A. a day B. a month C. a year D. None of these
2127	Which of the following liquids has lowest vapour pressure at 25 °C	A. Benzene B. Chloroform C. Ether D. H_2O
2128	Beryllium shows diagonal relationship with.	A. Mg B. Al C. Na D. B
2129	A chromophore is an isolated fractional group which has	A. Coloured appearance B. Absorption in UV visible region C. Only sigma bonds D. Absorption in the region
2130	Which of the following level is an indicator of hearing loss.	A. ≥ 25 dB B. ≤ 25 dB C. ≤ 20 dB D. None of these
2131	Which of the following does not represent Lewis base.	A. Pyridine B. NaNH_2 C. PCl_3 D. NaOH
2132	The Lewis formula of SOCl_2 the total number of bond pairs and lone pairs of electrons around sulphur are.	A. 2,1 B. 2,2 C. 3,1 D. 3,0
2133	Is a chain silicate	A. Olivine B. Tremolite C. Beryl D. Zeolite
2134	Which among the following is insoluble in water.	A. LiOH B. KOH C. NaOH D. RbOH
2135	The electronegativity of the following elements increases in the order.	A. C, N, Si, P B. N, Si, C, P C. Si, P, C, N D. P, Si, N, C
2136	What is the minimum tensile strength of gray Cast Iron class 50	A. 25000 ibf/in^2 B. 50000 ibf/in^2 C. 100000 ibf/in^2 D. 900000 ibf/in^2
2137	Glass obtained by placing a layer of butyral plastic with a suitable adhesive between two layers of glass and cementing them by heat and pressure is called.	A. Glass wool B. Safety glass C. Optical glass D. Jena glass
2138	The bond between two identical non metal atoms has a pair of electrons.	A. Unequally shared between the two B. Transferred fully from one atom to another C. With identical spins D. Equally shared between them

2139	SAN is a polymer of	A. Styrene B. Acrylonitrile C. Both A and B D. Vinyl chloride
2140	Which of the following statement is not correct.	A. The element with highest IE belongs to group 18 B. In each period the element with lowest IE belongs to group I C. In each period the element with highest IE is a noble gas D. In the second period as we move from left to right, ionization energy increases regularly.
2141	The technique which involves measurement of the changes in conductance of the solution by employing high frequency alternating current is known as.	A. Potentiometry B. Polarography C. Oscillometry D. Conductometry
2142	In vinyl cyanide, the number of bonds in	A. 2 B. 3 C. 1 D. 4
2143	The number of coordinates required to specify the position of all the atoms in a molecule is called number of degree of freedom. The vibration degrees of freedom of a linear molecule containing N atoms are	A. 2N-5 B. 2N-6 C. 3N-5 D. N-6
2144	Proteins have characteristics	A. Melting point B. Iso electric point C. Boiling point D. All of these
2145	Rotary spinning process is used to produce	A. Glass wool B. Optical fibre C. Glass marble D. None of above
2146	Amorphous boron on burning in air forms	A. B(OH) ₃ B. Only B ₂ O ₃ C. Only BN D. Mixture of B ₂ O ₃ and BN
2147	A device which is used to measure the interfacial angle is known as	A. Voltmeter B. Potentiometer C. pH Meter D. Goniometer
2148	The size of quantum dot is _____m	A. 5 B. 5×10^{-9} C. 5×10^{-10} D. 5×10^{-11}
2149	The unit of nucleic acid having base sugar combination is called.	A. Nucleic acid B. Nucleoside C. Nucleotide D. None of these
2150	Which of the following statement is not correct regarding the Stern theory of charge on colloidal particles.	A. The colloidal particle has a charge distribution at its surface. B. In the immediate vicinity of the colloidal particles there is an excess of counter ions C. The greater the concentration and charge of ions in the diffused electrical double layer, the larger is the thickness of the layer D. At large distance from the colloidal particles, the concentration of co-ions and counter ions are almost equal
2151	Which of the following techniques are used for minimizing water pollution.	A. Stabilization of ecosystem B. Recharge of the waste C. Waste treatment D. All above
2152	Which of the following physical property forms the basis of radiochemical methods of analysis.	A. Absorption of light B. Emission of light C. Radioactivity D. Thermal conductivity
2153	Linear molecules have _____ axis of rotation	A. C ₁ B. C ₂ C. C D. C ₃

2154	If the activation energy in the forwarded direction of an elementary step is 52 kJ and the activation energy in the reverse direction is 74 kJ. What is the energy of reaction ΔE for this step	A. 22 kJ B. -22 kJ C. 52 kJ D. -52 kJ
2155	Which of the following basic process is involved in the separation of the complex mixture by chromatographic technique.	A. Partition B. Adsorptions C. Ion exchange D. All of the above processes
2156	Which of the following metals is the most abundant in the earth's crust.	A. Mg B. Ca C. K D. Na
2157	The process of passing of a precipitate into colloidal solution, on adding an electrolyte is called.	A. Dialysis B. Peptization C. Electrophoresis D. Electromsmosis
2158	Indigotin is a dye obtained from indigo plant which belongs to the group of.	A. Substantive dyes B. Mordant dyes C. Vat dyes D. Disperse dyes
2159	Molecules have zero dipole moment	A. CO ₂ B. BCl ₃ C. CH ₄ & CCl ₄ D. All above
2160	Identify the incorrect statement regarding crystallization from the following.	A. It is an important procedure for purifying solids B. The impurities are removed by filtering the solution C. Crystals are separated by filtration D. In crystallization method, the solid is dissolved in a solvent in which it is soluble at all temperature.
2161	A colloidal system in which both the dispersion phase and dispersed phase are liquid is.	A. Smoke B. Emulsion C. Whipped cream D. Mist
2162	Red brass contain about how many percent of zinc.	A. 20 % B. 15 % C. 30 % D. 25 %
2163	Sodium silicate is used	A. In fire proofing of wood and textiles B. As a preservative of eggs C. As a furniture polish D. All above
2164	Which of the following specie is stronger acid than formic acid, HCOOH, in aqueous solution.	A. CH ₃ COOH B. NH ₄ ⁺ C. H ₂ SO ₄ D. H ₄ P ₂ O ₇
2165	What do you call earth and stone missed with the iron oxide	A. Hematite B. Gangue C. Ore D. Residue
2166	Which of the following is not a characteristics of terponoids.	A. They are pleasant smelling liquids B. They are steam volatile C. They are nitrogenous bases D. They are insoluble in water
2167	Commercial detergents contain mainly _____	A. RCOON B. R ₂ ONa C. R ₃ ONa D. All above
2168	Treatment of phenol with cold dilute nitric acid gives.	A. Only o-nitro phenol B. Only p-nitro phenol C. 2,4,6 -Trinitro phenol D. Mixture of o-and p-nitro phenol

2169

Which of the following concentration term is used in respect of standard solutions.

- A. Normality
- B. Formality
- C. Molarity
- D. All of above