

NAT I Medical Chemistry

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Reaction of ethylamine with chloroform in alcoholic KOH producers	A. CH ₃ OH B. CH ₃ NC C. C ₂ H ₅ NC D. C ₂ H ₅ CN
2	Which of the following pairs are chemically dissimilar?	A. Na and K B. Ba and Sr C. Zr and Hf D. Ca and Zn
3	Isopropyl alcohol on oxidation forms	A. Acetone B. Ether C. Ethylene D. Acetaldehyde
4	The halide which is not hydrolysed is	A. SiCl ₄ B. SiF ₄ C. CCl ₄ D. PbCl ₄
5	The formula of nitre is	A. KNO ₃ B. NaNO ₃ C. NaCl D. Na ₂ CO ₃
6	A certain liberate 0.5 g of hydrogen in 2 h. How many grams of copper can be liberated by the same current flowing for the same time in a copper sulphare solution?	A. 12.7 gm B. 15.9 gm C. 31.8 gm D. 63.5 gm
7	Octane number is zero for	A. n-Heptane B. Isooctane C. n-Hexane D. Isoheptane
8	Which of the following is acidic?	A. SO ₃ B. N ₂ O C. BeO D. HgO
9	Formic acid is obtained when	A. Calcium acetate is heated with conc.H ₂ SO ₄ B. Calcium formate is heated with calcium acetate C. Glycerol is heated with oxalic acid D. Acetaldehyde is oxidized with K ₂ CrO ₇ and
10	The number of oxygen atoms in 4.4 g of CO ₂ is approximately	A. 1.2 x 10 ²³ B. 6 x 10 ²² C. 6 x 10 ²³ D. 12 x 10 ²³
11	Which of the following halogens does not forms its oxyacids?	A. Fluorine B. Chlorine C. Bromine D. lodine
12	Hydrolytic conversion of sucrose into glucose and fructose is known as	A. Induction B. Inversion C. Insertion D. Inhibition
13	Which of the following species participate in sulphonation of benzene ring?	A. H ₂ SO ₄ B. HSO ⁻ ₃ C. SO ₃ D. SO ⁻ ₂
14	The maximum number of electrons in a subshell for which / = 3 is	A. 14 B. 10 C. 8 D. 4

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The vapour density of a gas is 11.2 The volume occupied by 11.2 g of this gas at N.T.P is	A. 22.4 liters B. 11.2 liters C. 1 liter D. 2.24 liters
Hydrogen chloride molecule contains	A. Covalent bond B. Double bond C. Co-ordinate bond D. Electrovalent bond
Dilute hydrochloric acid solution cannot be concentrated by boiling beyond	A. 11% B. 33% C. 44% D. 22%
Magnesium keeps on burning in	A. N ₂ B. CO ₂ C. N ₂ O D. N ₂ as well as CO ₂
Propyne on hydrolysis in presence of H ₂ SO ₄ and HgSO ₄ gives	A. Acetaldehyde B. Actone C. Formaldehyde D. None
Leblanc process is employed in the manufacture of	A. Baking soda B. Washing soda C. Potash D. Plaster of paris
	Hydrogen chloride molecule contains Dilute hydrochloric acid solution cannot be concentrated by boiling beyond Magnesium keeps on burning in Propyne on hydrolysis in presence of H ₂ SO ₄ and HgSO ₄ gives