

MDCAT Physics Chapter 14 Electronics Online Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| SI | Questions | |
| 1 | Davisson and Germer received the Nobel prize for their work on: | A. Wave nature of particle B. Corpuscular nature of wave C. Dual nature of particle D. All of them |
| 2 | In a photocell, sodium and potassium emit electrons for: | A. Visible light B. Infrared light C. Ultraviolet light D. All of these |
| 3 | In photoelectric effect, if we increase the frequency of the incident light then of the electrons increased | A. Number B. K.E C. P.E D. Frequency |
| 4 | Compton Effect makes the use of the law of conservation of: | A. Energy B. Momentum C. Charge D. Both (a) & D. Both (b) |
| 5 | The stopping potential for a certain metal is 10 volt, the max. Energy of emitted electron is: | A. 10 J B. 100 J C. 1.6 × 10-18 J D. 1.6 × 10-19 J |
| 6 | G.P Thomson revealed: | A. Particle nature of electron B. Dual nature of electron C. Wave nature of electron D. Electromagnetic nature of electron |
| 7 | De-Broglie received the Nobel prize in | A. 1929 B. 1937 C. 1928 D. 1924 |
| 8 | In a photocell, certain metal emits electrons for : | A. Visible light B. Infrared light C. Ultraviolet light D. All of these |
| 9 | In Compton effect, it was considered that X-rays consist of: | A. Electrons B. Positrons C. Photons D. All of these |
| 10 | Davisson and Germer, in their experiment used: | A. Nickle crystal B. Lead crystal C. Graphite crystal D. Glass |
| 11 | Moving photons posses: | A. Energy B. Momentum C. Wavelength D. All of these |
| 12 | There is a certain frequency below which no electrons are emitted from the metal surface, this frequency is known as: | A. Critical frequency B. Threshold frequency C. Maximum frequency D. Minimum frequency |
| 13 | The maximum kinetic energy of emitted photoelectrons depends upon: | A. The intensity of incident light B. Frequency of the incident light C. Temperature of the surface D. All of above |
| 14 | In photoelectric effect, electrons are emitted with: | A. Same energy B. Different energies C. Both (a) & D. Intermittent energies |
| 15 | In a photocell, cesium coated oxidized silver emits electrons for : | A. Visible light B. Infrared light C. Ultraviolet light D. All of these |

| 16 | The energy of photon of energy 1 eV is: | A. 1240 nm B. 1040 nm C. 1000 nm D. 620 nm |
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| 17 | The reverse process of photo-electric effect is called: | A. Pair production B. Compton effect C. Annihilation of matter D. X-rays |
| 18 | In photoelectric effect, electrons are emitted: | A. Slowly B. Intermittently C. Both (a) & mp; (b) D. Instantly |
| 19 | The unit Compton wavelength is same as: | A. Compton wavelength B. Compton frequency C. Compton shift D. Both (a) & D. |
| 20 | The unit of work function is | A. eV B. Volt C. Farad D. Herdz |
| 21 | Diffraction pattern has also been observed for: | A. Proton B. Neutron C. Hydrogen atom D. All of them |
| 22 | Potassium cathode in photocell emits electrons for a light: | A. Visible B. Infrared C. Ultraviolet D. X-rays |
| 23 | Interference and diffraction of light confirms its: | A. Particle nature B. Dual nature C. Wave nature D. Electromagnetic nature |
| 24 | The maximum energy of the photoelectrons depends upon: | A. Frequency of incident light B. Intensity of incident light C. Nature of metal D. Both (a) & mp; (c) |
| 25 | The dimensions of Planck's constant "h" are same as that of: | A. Momentum B. Angular momentum C. Work D. Torque |
| 26 | In order to perform experiment, Davisson and Germer used accelerating voltage of: | A. 54V B. 120V C. 220V D. 400V |
| 27 | J.J Thomson finds: | A. Particle nature of the electron B. Dual nature of electron C. Wave nature of electron D. Electromagnetic nature of electron |
| 28 | Joule-second is the unit of: | A. Energy B. Heat C. Planck's constant D. None of these |
| 29 | A human eye can detect the electromagnetic radiations of the type: | A. Infrared radiationsB. For- infrared radiationsC. X-rays radiationsD. Red radiations |
| 30 | A human eye can detect the electromagnetic radiations of the type: | A. Infrared radiationsB. For- infrared radiationsC. X-rays radiationsD. Red radiations |
| 31 | The minimum energy required by an electron to eject from metal surface is known as: | A. Photo energy B. Critical energy C. Threshold energy D. Work function |
| 32 | The energy of photon of wavelength 1240 nm is: | A. 0.5 eV B. 1.0 eV C. 1.5 eV D. 2.0 eV |
| 33 | Photo cells are used for : | A. Security and counting system B. Automatic door system C. Automatic street lighting |

| | | D. All of these |
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| 34 | Interference and diffraction confirm: | A. Particle nature B. Wave nature C. Dual nature D. None of these |
| 35 | The number of electrons emitted depend upon | A. Colour of target surface B. Shape of surface C. Frequency of incident light D. Intensity of incident light |
| 36 | De-Broglie received the Nobel prize on his work on: | A. Wave nature of particle B. Corpuscular nature of wave C. Dual nature of particle D. All of them |
| 37 | In order to increase the K.E of ejected photo electrons, there should be an increase in: | A. Intensity of radiation B. Nonel C. Frequency of radiation D. Both (b) & D. Both (c) |
| 38 | Which of the particles, electron, proton and neutron moving with same speed has longest wave length? | A. Electron B. Proton C. Neutron D. All have same |
| 39 | A.H Compton studied the scattering of X-rays by loosely bound electrons from a graph target in: | A. 1905 B. 1911 C. 19251 D. 1923 |
| 40 | The maximum energy of the photoelectrons can be determined by making the: | A. Anode positive B. Anode negative C. Cathode positive D. Both (b) & D. Both (c) |
| 41 | Photoelectric effect and Compton effect prove the: | A. Wave nature of light B. Particle nature of light C. Dual nature of light D. Dual nature of light |
| 42 | Rest mass energy of electron is: | A. 1.02 MeV B. 0.51 MeV C. 931 MeV D. 200 MeV |
| 43 | The energy of photon of wavelength 620 nm is: | A. 0.5 eV B. 1.0 eV C. 1.5 eV D. 2.0 eV |
| 44 | Photo cells is a device which convert light into: | A. Wave nature B. Particle nature C. Particle wave nature D. Dual nature |
| 45 | A photo cell is based on: | A. Compton effect B. Pair production C. Photo cell D. All of these |
| 46 | The maximum kinetic energy of emitted photoelectrons depends upon: | A. The intensity of incident light B. Frequency of incident light C. Metal surface D. Both frequency of incident light and metal surface |
| 47 | The photoelectric effect was explained by: | A. Einstein B. Davison C. Hertz D. Planck |
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