

Physics ICS Part 2 Chapter 12 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The middle region of electric field is:	A. Maximum field spot B. Zero field spot C. Perpendicular field spot D. All of above
2	When some dielectric is inserted between the plates of a capacitor, then capacitance.	A. Decreases B. Increases C. Becomes zero D. Becomes infinity
3	Closeness of the electric field lines is the measure of.	A. Direction of field B. Strength of field C. Potential difference D. Uniformity of field
4	The 1eV =	A. $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{C}$ B. $1.6 \times 10^{-11} \text{J}$ C. $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{J}$ D. $1.6 \times 10^{-11} \text{C}$
5	The photo copying process is called	A. Xerography B. Inkjet Printer C. Both (a) and (b) D. None of these
6	Presence of dielectric between two charges always.	A. Reduces the electric force B. Enhance the electric force C. Does not effect electric force D. Double the electric force
7	The negative of the potential gradient is	A. Electrostatic force B. Electromotive force C. Potential difference D. Electric field intensity
8	One joule is equal to.	A. $1.6 \times 10^{19} \text{ eV}$ B. $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ eV}$ C. $6.25 \times 10^{18} \text{ eV}$ D. $6.25 \times 10^{18} \text{ eV}$
9	A proton is about 1840 time than an electron. When it is accelerated by a potential difference of 1 kV, its kinetic energy will be:	A. 1884 keV B. 1/1840 keV C. 1 keV D. 920 keV
10	A charge Q is divided into two parts q and Q-q and separated by a distance R. The force of equilibrium between them will be maximum when:	A. $q=Q/4$ B. $q=Q/2$ C. $q=Q$ D. None of these
11	The electrostatic force between two charges is 42 N. If we place a dielectric of $\epsilon_r=2.1$ between the charges then the force become equal to.	A. 42 N B. 88.2 N C. 20 N D. 2 N
12	Coulomb /volt is called.	A. Farad B. Ampere C. Joule D. Henry
13	Electric flux is a	A. Vector quantity B. Scalar quantity C. Both (a) and (b) D. None of above
14	Electric field intensity at a point is defined by the relation.	A. $E = q/F$ B. $E = F/q$ C. $E = qF$ D. $E = F/q^2$
15	The product of resistance and capacitance is.	A. Velocity B. Force C. Acceleration D. Time

16	If the medium between the charges is not free space then electrostatic force will be.	A. Increase B. Decrease C. Remain same D. None of these
17	Net charge enclosed by Gaussian surface is:	A. zero B. maximum C. depend on intensity D. none of all
18	Charge carriers in electrolytes are.	A. Protons B. Electrons C. Holes D. Positive and Negative ions
19	Electric potential at a distance "r" from "q" is:	A. $V_{\text{r}} = \frac{1}{54\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2}$ B. $V_{\text{r}} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2}$ C. $V_{\text{r}} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r}$ D. $V_{\text{r}} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2}$
20	In Millikan's oil drop experiment a charged particle of mass 'm' is in equilibrium in an oil.	A. Zero B. $g/2$ C. g D. $2g$