

ICS Part 2 Mathematics Chapter 5 Test Online

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	ax + by < c is an inequality of:	A. One variable B. Threevariable C. Twovariable D. Fourvariable
2	Non-vertical lines divide the plane intohalf plane:	A. Upper and lower B. Many C. Left and Right D. None of these
3	Question Image	A. Left or right B. Upper or lower C. Open D. None of these
4	For different values of k, the equation $4x + 5y = k$ represents lines to the line $4x + 5y = 0$.	A. Perpendicular B. Parallel C. Equal D. None of these
5	x = 4 is the solution of inequality:	A. x + 3 > 0 B. x - 3 < 0 C2x + 3 > 0 D. x + 3 < 0
6	x = a is a vertical line perpendicular to	A. x - axis B. x - axis may be C. y - axis D. None of these
7	The operation by a positive constant to each side of inequality will affect the order (or sense) of inequality:	A. Adding B. Subtracting C. Multiplying D. None of these
8	A corner point is the point of intersection of:	A. x-axis & amp; y - axis B. Boundary lines C. Any two lines D. None
9	A region, which is restricted to the quadrant, is referred to as a feasible region for the set of given contraints.	A. First B. Third C. Second D. Fourth
10	The system of involved in the problem concerned is called problem constraints:	A. Linear inequalities B. Equations C. Linear equalities D. None of these
11	The feasible solution, which maximizes or minimizes the objective function, is called the:	A. Maximum solution B. Optimal solution C. Minimum solutions D. None of these
12	The feasible region is if it can easily by enclosed within a circle.	A. Bounded B. Exist C. Unbounded D. None of these
13	y = b is a horizontal line parallel to:	A. x - axis B. x - axis may be C. y - axis D. None of these
14	The non-negative inequalities are called:	A. Parameters B. Constants C. Decision variables D. Vertices
15	There are ordered pairs that satisfy the inequality ax + by > c.	A. Finitely many B. Two C. Infinitely many D. Four

16	A solution of a linear inequality in x and y is an ordered pair of numbers, which the inequality.	A. Does not satisfy B. May be stisfied C. Satisfies D. None of these
17	A point of a solution region where two of its boundary lines intersects is called apoint of the solution region:	A. Maximum B. Corner C. Minimum D. None of these
18	x = 2 is a vertical line perpendicular to:	A. x - axis B. x - axis may be C. y - axis D. None of these
19	(1, 0) is the solution of inequality :	A. 7x + 2y < 8 B. x - 3y < 0 C. 3x + 5y > 6 D3x + 5y > 2
20	y = b is a horizontal line perpendicular to:	A. x - axis B. y - axis may be C. y - axis D. None of these
21	The order (or sense) of an inequality is changed by, it each side by a negative constant.	A. Adding B. Subtracting C. Dividing D. None of these
22	Question Image	A. (1, 1) B. (1, 3) C. (1, 4) D. (1, 5)
23	If the line segment obtained by joining any two points of a region lies entirely within the region, then the region is called:	A. Maximum B. Vertex C. Minimum D. Convex
24	Question Image	A. One variable B. Three variable C. Two variable D. Four variable
25	The inequality x < a is the open half plane to the of the boundary line x = a:	A. Above B. Left C. Below D. Right
26	The region of the graph ax + by > c is called half plane:	A. Open B. Boundary of C. Closed D. None of these
27	Question Image	A. Above B. Left C. Below D. Right
28	Question Image	A. At B. Not on C. On D. None of these
29	The graph of linear equation of the form ax + by = c is a line, which divides the plane into disjoint regions, where a, b and c are constants and a, b are not both zero.	A. One B. Two C. Thre D. None of these
30	The inequality y > b is the open half plane to the of the boundary line y = b:	A. Above B. Left C. Below D. Right
31	There are feasible solutions in the feasible region:	A. Finitely B. Two C. Infinitely many D. Three
32	The graph of linear equation of the form ax + by = c is a where a, b and c are constants and a, b are not both zero.	A. Curve B. Circle C. Straight line D. Parabola
33	The graph of $2x + y < 2$ is the open half plane which is the origin side of $2x + y = 2$.	A. At B. Not an C. On

D. None of these A. Open B. Closed Question Image 34 C. Open as well as closed D. None of these A. x-axis B. y-axis may be 35 x = c is a vertical line parallel to ___ D. None of these A. Maximum function B. Objective function C. Minimum function 36 A function, which is to be maximized or minimized is called an ___ D. None of these A. (3, 3) B. (1, 1) C. (4, 4) D. (5, 5) The ordered pair _____ is a solution of the inequality x + 2y < 6. 37 A. y = 5B. y = 3 C. y = -4 D. y = 4 -4 < y < 4 is the solution of the following: 38 A. One variable B. Three variable 39 Question Image C. Two variable D. Four variable A. One variable
B. Two variable
C. Three variable 40 ax + b < c is a inequality of: D. Four variable A. One variable B. Three variable 41 ax + b > c is an inequality of: C. Two variable D. Four variable A. Boundary point B. Boundary line
C. Feasible line 42 A line which divides a plane into two parts is called:

D. None