

## ICS Part 2 Mathematics Chapter 1 Test Online

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A function $P(x) = 6x^4 + 7x^3 + 5x + 1$ is called a polynomial function of degree ----- with leading coefficient -----.	A. 4, 6 B. 2, 7 C. 2, 3 D. 2, 5
2	If the degree of a polynomial function is -----, then it is called a linear function:	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3
3	$f(x) = x \sec x$ , then $f(0) =$	A. -1 B. 0 C. 1
4	The symbol $y = f(x)$ i.e. $y$ is equal to $f$ of $x$ , invented by Swiss mathematician-----:	A. Euler B. Cauchy C. Leibniz D. Newton
5	Which one is a constant function ?	A. $f(x) = x^{>2}$ B. $f(x) = x$ C. $f(x) = x + 1$ D. $f(x) = 14$
6	Parametric equations $x = a \cos t$ , $y = a \sin t$ represent the equation of:	A. Line B. Circle C. Parabola D. Ellipse
7	$\cosh^{-1}x =$	
8	Question Image	A. Continuous at $x = 1$ B. Not continuous at $x = 1$ C. Both a and b D. none
9	Question Image	A. $\mathbb{R}$ B. $\mathbb{R} - \{2\}$ C. $\mathbb{R} - \{2, -2\}$ D. $\mathbb{R} - \{-2\}$
10	Question Image	A. Constant function B. Absolute linear function C. Linear function D. Quadratic function
11	$\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x =$	A. 1 B. -1 C. 2 D. -2
12	Question Image	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
13	Question Image	A. Constant B. Implicit C. Explicit D. Inverse
14	If $y$ is an image of $x$ under the function $f$ , we denote it by:	A. $x = f(y)$ B. $x = y$ C. $y = f(x)$ D. $f(x, y) = c$
15	Question Image	A. Common logarithmic B. Natural logarithmic C. Exponential D. None of these
16	$\tanh x =$	A. Real numbers

17	Let $f(x) = x^2$ , then range of f is the set of all:	B. Non-negative real numbers C. Non-negative integers D. Complex numbers
18	Let $f(x) = x^2 + 3$ , then domain of f is:	A. Set of all integers B. Set of natural numbers C. Set of real numbers D. Set of rational numbers
19	Question Image	
20	$x = 3 \cos t$ , $y = 3 \sin t$ represent	A. Line B. Circle C. Parabola D. Hyperbola
21	Question Image	
22	Question Image	A. 0 B. 2 C. 1 D. 3
23	Question Image	A. 4 B. Does not exist
24	Inverse hyperbolic functions are expressed in terms of natural:	A. Numbers B. Exponential C. Logarithms D. Sines
25	The area A of a circle as a function of its circumference C is:	
26	Let $f(x) = \cos x$ , then f(x) is an:	A. Even function B. Odd function C. Power function D. None of these
27	A function, in which the variable appears as exponent (power), is called a / an ----- function.	A. Constant B. Explicit C. Exponential D. Inverse
28	Question Image	A. Implicit B. Explicit C. Exponential D. Logarithmic
29	Every relation, which can be represented by a linear equation in two variables, represents a:	A. Graph B. Function C. Cartesian product D. Relation
30	The term function was introduced by:	A. Euler B. Newton C. Lagrange D. Leibniz
31	If $f(x) =  x $ , f(x) is a:	A. Constant function B. Absolute function C. Linear function D. Quadratic function
32	Question Image	A. 4, -4 B. 0 C. 2, -2 D. 0, 4
33	Question Image	A. $f(x)^{2+1}$ B. $f(x)$ D. $f(x)^{2+}$
34	The function $y = \ln x$ is a/an ----- function of x.	A. Constant B. Explicit C. Exponential D. Logarithmic
35	A function, in which the variables are _____ numbers, then function is called a real valued function of real numbers.	A. Complex B. Rational C. Real D. None of these
36	$\cosh^2 x + \sinh^2 x =$	A. $\cosh x^{2+}$ B. $\cosh 2x$ C. $\sinh 2x$ D. $\tanh 2x$
		A. a = 0, b = 1

37	The linear function $f(x) = ax + b$ is an identity function if:	<p>B. <math>a = 1, b = 0</math></p> <p>C. <math>a = 1, b = 1</math></p> <p>D. <math>a = 0, b = 1</math></p>
38	Which one is an exponential function ?	
39	Let $f(x) = x^2$ , real valued function then domain of f is the set of all:	<p>A. Real numbers</p> <p>B. Integers</p> <p>C. Positive numbers</p> <p>D. Natural numbers</p>
40	Question Image	<p>A. Parabola</p> <p>B. Hyperbola</p> <p>C. Ellipse</p> <p>D. Circle</p>
41	Question Image	<p>A. Even</p> <p>B. Odd</p> <p>C. One-one</p> <p>D. Zero</p>
42	Which one is not an exponential function ?	
43	$f(x) = \sin x + \cos x$ is ----- function:	<p>A. Even</p> <p>B. Odd</p> <p>C. Composite</p> <p>D. Neither even nor odd function</p>
44	Question Image	<p>A. Constant</p> <p>B. Implicit</p> <p>C. Identity</p> <p>D. Inverse</p>
45	If x and y are so mixed up and y cannot be expressed in terms of the independent variable x, then y is called a/an ---- function of x.	<p>A. Constant</p> <p>B. Explicit</p> <p>C. Implicit</p> <p>D. Inverse</p>
46	Question Image	<p>A. Line</p> <p>B. Parabola</p> <p>C. Ellipse</p> <p>D. Hyperbola</p>
47	Let $f(x) = x^3 + \sin x$ , then f(x) is:	<p>A. Even function</p> <p>B. Odd function</p> <p>C. Power function</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
48	If a function f is from a set X to a set Y, then set X is called the _____ of f:	<p>A. Domain</p> <p>B. Range</p> <p>C. Co-domain</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
49	Question Image	<p>A. Undefined</p> <p>B. <math>3a^{2\frac{2}{3}}</math></p> <p>C. <math>a^{2\frac{2}{3}}</math></p> <p>D. 0</p>
50	$x^2 + y^2 = 4$ is:	<p>A. Function</p> <p>B. Not a function</p> <p>C. Ellipse</p> <p>D. Line</p>
51	If $y = f(x)$ , then the variable x is called ----- variable of a function f.	<p>A. Dependent</p> <p>B. Independent</p> <p>C. Image of y</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
52	If a variable y depends on a variable x in such a way that each value of x determines exactly one value of y, then y is a _____ of x.	<p>A. Independent variable</p> <p>B. Not function</p> <p>C. Function</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
53	Question Image	<p>A. 0</p> <p>B. 1</p> <p>C. e</p> <p>D. Does not exist</p>
54	Question Image	<p>A. <math>\sin x</math></p> <p>B. <math>\cos x</math></p> <p>C. <math>\sinh x</math></p> <p>D. <math>\cosh x</math></p>
55	f(x) is odd function. If and only if:	<p>A. <math>f(-x) = -f(x)</math></p> <p>B. <math>f(-x) = f(x)</math></p> <p>C. <math>f(x) = 3f(-x)</math></p> <p>D. <math>f(x) = -3f(-x)</math></p>
56	The range of the function $f(x) =  x $	

Which one is an identity function ?

B.  $f(x) = g(x)$

C.  $f(x) = x$

D.  $f(x) = 1$