

## Statistics Ics Part 1 Chapter 1 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Hourly temperature recorded by Weather Bureau repeaents.	A. Discrete data B. Continuous data C. Secondary datar D. Primary data
2	The data about the weights of plants:	A. Discrete data B. Qualitative data&nbsp;nbsp; C. Continuous data D. Quantitative data&nbsp;nbsp;
3	A quantitative variable whose value are countable is called.	A. Categorical variable B. Continuous variable C. Discrete variable D. None of these
4	The data about the sex of new babies is called:	A. Continuous data B. Qualitative data C. Quantitative data D. Discrete data
5	Smoking habits of residents of a city are.	A. Qualitative data B. Quantitative data C. Discrete data D. Continuous data
6	Data in the population Census Reports are.	A. Ungrouped data B. Secondary data C. Primary data D. Arrayed data
7	The purpose of the sample is to draw inference about:	A. statistic B. Population C. Parameter D. Primary
8	A statistic which is not measurable is called.	A. A constant B. An attribute C. A variable D. A parameter
9	A numerical characteristics of a sample is called.	A. Parameter B. Variable C. Sample D. Statistics
10	In the plural sense, statistion mean.	A. Methods B. Numerical data C. Sample values D. Population values
11	The variable that takes numerical value is called_____ variable.	A. Quantitative B. Primary C. Qualitative D. None of these
12	If 'a' is a constant, then $\frac{5}{2}a$ is equal to.	A. $a^1 + a^2 + a^3 + a^4 + a^5$ B. a C. 52 D. None
13	If data is arranged in increasing order of magnitude that data is scald to be arranged in:	A. Descending order B. Ascending order C. Statistic order D. Both A and B
14	The relative frequency multiplied by 100 is called.	A. Cumulative frequency B. Bivariate frequency C. Percentage frequency D. Sample frequency
15	A constant can assume.	A. Only one value B. More than one value C. Different values D. No value at all

16	The ratio of A to B is the fraction:	A. $B / A + B$ B. $A / B$ C. $\frac{B}{A}$ D. $A / A + B$
17	The whole issue of descriptive and inferential statistic can be described with the help of.	A. Statistical analysis B. Statistic C. Statistical problem D. Statistical steps
18	A portion of populatin selected for study is called.	A. Parameter B. Statistic C. Population D. Sample
19	Statistics must be	A. Comparable B. Not comparable C. Qualitative only D. NOne of these
20	Data used by an agency which orginally collected them are.	A. Primary data B. Raw data C. Secondary data D. Grouped data