

## Physics ICS Part 1 Chapter 9 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Wheatstone bridge is used to measrue the unknown.	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Resistance&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Current&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Voltage&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;None&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
2	Maximum power is delivered to a load when internal resistance of soruce is.	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Less than load&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Equal the load resistance&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Greater than the load resistance&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;Does not depend on load resistance&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
3	In wheatstone bridge all the four arms have equal resistanc eR. If the resistance of galvanometer arm is also R the equivalent resistance of the combination	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;R&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;R/4&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;R/2&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;2R&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
4	If chargeis mvoed against the electric field, it will gain	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Potential energy&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Kinetic energy&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Electric potential energy&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;Mechanical energy&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
5	The algebraic sum of potential chagnes for a complete circuit is zero it is the statement of.	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Ohm's law&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Gauss's law&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Kirchhoff's second law&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;Kirchhoff's first law&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
6	Which of the following has a positive temperatur coefficient.	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Iron&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Carbon&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Silicon&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;Germanium&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
7	If the resistivity of a material is large then it is.	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Poor Conductor&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Conductor&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Good conductor&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;Insulator&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
8	The SI unit of conductance is.	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;mho -meter&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;ohm&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;mho&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;moh meter&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
9	The Kirchoff's first rule is the manifestation of law of conservation of.	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Mass&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Charge&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Momentum&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;Energy&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
10	Whenever current is drawn from a cell, its terminal potential differecne and emf become.	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Different&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Same&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Zero&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;Negative&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
11	Concept of field lines of force was introduced	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Faraday&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Coulomb&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Franklin&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;Gauss&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
12	Electron -vold is a unit of.	<p>B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Energy&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Potential&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;Capacitance&lt;/p&gt;</b>            E. <b>&lt;p&gt;Electric intensity&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
13	A wheatstone bridge consts of .....resistors.	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;3&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;4&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;2&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;5&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
14	Electric force as compared to gravitational force is.	<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Very weak&lt;/p&gt;</b>            B. <b>&lt;p&gt;Very strong&lt;/p&gt;</b>            C. <b>&lt;p&gt;Moderately weak&lt;/p&gt;</b>            D. <b>&lt;p&gt;Infinite&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>
		<p>A. <b>&lt;p&gt;Volt&lt;/p&gt;</b></p>

15	SI Unit of EMF is.	<p>B. Joule</p> <p>C. Both a and b</p> <p>D. Farad</p>
16	If we move away from a charge, the magnitude of electric intensity will	<p>A. Decrease</p> <p>B. Increase</p> <p>C. Zero</p> <p>D. Remain Constant</p>
17	The relative permittivity of free space has the value equal to.	<p>A. 1.0</p> <p>B. 1.006</p> <p>C. 78.5</p> <p>D. 2.1</p>
18	Which can be used as unit of energy.	<p>A. watt sec</p> <p>B. Nm<sup>-1</sup></p> <p>C. VC<sup>-1</sup></p> <p>D. VA</p>
19	If the vector area is parallel to the field lines, then electric flux is.	<p>A. A maximum</p> <p>B. Infinite</p> <p>C. Minimum</p> <p>D. Remained the same</p>
20	1.6 x 10 <sup>-19</sup> J is always equal to.	<p>A. 1 farad</p> <p>B. Electron volt</p> <p>C. 1 coulomb</p> <p>D. Coulomb</p>