

## Principles of Accounting Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 5 Online Test

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Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A new partner may be admitted to a partnership.	A. With the consent of all the partners B. With the consent of any one of the partners C. With consent of two third the old partners D. Without the consent of old partners
2	When a new partner is admitted with out the consent of the old partner.	A. Partnership will be dissolved     B. Will value     C. Agreed value     D. None of these
3	Revaluation account is a.	A. Real account B. Personal account C. Cash account D. Nominal account
4	The balance of revaluation accoun tis transferred to the old partners capital accounts in their.	A. Sacrificing ratio     B. Old profit shairing ratio     C. New profit sharing ratio     D. Equal profit shairing ratio
5	Profit on revalutin is to be caredited to old partners in their	A. Sacrificing ratio     B. New profit shiaring ratio     C. Old prift sharing ratio     D. Equal prift sharing ratio
6	General reserve at the time of admission of anew partner is credited.	A. New partner capital account     B. General reserve account     C. Old parners capital account     D. All partners capital account
7	If the goods will raised at the time of admissionof a new partner will be written off in.	A. Old prifit sharing ratios     B. Capitals ratios     C. New profit - Old ratios     D. Sacrificing ratios
8	Sacrificing rations are equal to.	A. Capital Ratios- New ratios B. Old ratios - New ratios C. New ratio - old ratios D. None of these
9	Old prifit sharing ratio minus new profit sharing ratio is equal for.	A. Sacrifing ratios B. Gaining ratios C. Distributing ratios D. None of these
10	When the incoming partner pays the firm for good willin cash the amount should be debited to firms books to.	A. Good will accounts B. Cash Account C. Capital account of the incoming partner D. All of the above
11	On the admission of a new partneer the decreasein the value of assets is debited to.	A. Revaluation account     B. Assets account     C. Old parner's capital account     D. New partner capital account
12	On the addimissionof a new partner the increase int he value of assets is debited	A. Revaluation account     B. Assets account     C. Old partners capital account     D. New partners capital account
13	The extra amount charged fromt he new partner over and above the capital is for.	A. Purchase of Machinery     B. Good will     C. Purchaser of furniture     D. Payment of liabilities
14	Good will is.	A. Tangible asset B. Imtamgon;e asset C. Wasting assets D. Frictious assets

15	Good will is	A. Expense B. Profit C. Assets D. Liability
16	In the absence of an agreement, the share of new partner in patnership will be.	A. In the portion of capital     B. Equal     C. According to work     D. None of the above
17	The amount of good will broght in cash by nw partner will be credited to old partner in.	A. Gaining Ratio B. New Ratio C. Old Ratio D. Sacrifice Ratio
18	Profit of revaluation should be credited to.	A. Revaluation account     B. Liabilites accounts     C. Old partners capital accounts     D. Assets accounts
19	Revaluation loss should be debited to.	A. Revaluation account     B. All partners capital account     C. Old partners capital accounts     D. New partners capital account
20	Value of the good will is calculated under capitalization formula.	A. Average profit / reasonable return x 100 B. Resonable return / average profit x 100 C. Averager profit x 100 / resonable return D. None of these
21	A new partner may be admitted to a partnership.	A. With the consent of all the partners B. With the consent of any one of the partners C. With consent of two third the old partners D. Without the consent of old partners
22	When a new partner is admitted with out the consent of the old partner.	A. Partnership will be dissolved B. Will value C. Agreed value D. None of these
23	Revaluation account is a.	A. Real account B. Personal account C. Cash account D. Nominal account
24	The balance of revaluation accoun tis transferred to the old partners capital accounts in their.	<ul><li>A. Sacrificing ratio</li><li>B. Old profit shairng ratio</li><li>C. New profit sharing ratio</li><li>D. Equal profit shairng ratio</li></ul>
25	Profit on revalutin is to be caredited to old partners in their	A. Sacrificing ratio     B. New profit shiaring ratio     C. Old prift sharing ratio     D. Equal prift sharing ratio
26	General reserve at the time of admission of anew partner is credited.	A. New partner capital account     B. General reserve account     C. Old parners capital account     D. All partners capital account
27	If the goods will raised at the time of admissionof a new partner will be written off in.	<ul><li>A. Old prifit sharing ratios</li><li>B. Capitals ratios</li><li>C. New profit - Old ratios</li><li>D. Sacrificing ratios</li></ul>
28	Sacrificing rations are equal to.	A. Capital Ratios- New ratios     B. Old ratios - New ratios     C. New ratio - old ratios     D. None of these
29	Old prifit sharing ratio minus new profit sharing ratio is equal for.	A. Sacrifing ratios B. Gaining ratios C. Distributing ratios D. None of these
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37	The amount of good will broght in cash by nw partner will be credited to old partner in.	A. Gaining Ratio B. New Ratio C. Old Ratio D. Sacrifice Ratio
38	Profit of revaluation should be credited to.	A. Revaluation account     B. Liabilites accounts     C. Old partners capital accounts     D. Assets accounts
39	Revaluation loss should be debited to.	A. Revaluation account     B. All partners capital account     C. Old partners capital accounts     D. New partners capital account
40	Value of the good will is calculated under capitalization formula.	A. Average profit / reasonable return x 100 B. Resonable return / average profit x 100 C. Averager profit x 100 / resonable return D. None of these