

Commercial Geography Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 4 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	In Western developed countries people got their diet's:	A. No percentage from animals B. 20-33 percent from animals C. Only 5 percent from animals D. Very little percentage from animals
2	Which continent keeps maximum number of cattle:	A. Europe B. Africa C. Asia D. Antarctica
3	Perhaps first domesticated animal was:	A. Elephan B. Cat C. Dog D. Horse
4	In the world, rearing started:	A. From Central Asian's mountain and desert areas B. From Russian Federation C. From Japan D. From Canada
5	Which country ranks first in sheep rearing:	A. Australia B. China C. India D. U.S.A
6	Perhaps first domesticated animal was	A. Elephant B. Cat C. Dog D. Horse
7	Nomadic herding, from primitive periods in rain-fed regions:	A. Is people's major occupation B. Rearing has no importance C. Has not became major countries D. Is only profession of few people
8	In Mangolia, Tibet, Sin kiang and Central Asian countries, rearing:	A. Is done in nomadic manner B. Is practice in commercial way C. Is a limited activity D. Is not being practiced
9	Temperate region grasslands:	A. Are not important for rearing B. Has little importance for commercial herding C. Has no importance for rearing D. Are very important for herding
10	Turkey's Angora goat is	A. Famous for milk B. Important for meat C. Famous for her silky hair wool D. Not famous for anything
11	In the world, Mediterranean climate region is:	A. Important for sheep rearing B. Important for horse herding C. Important for donkey rearing D. Important for cattle rearing
12	World's finest wool is obtained from:	A. Pakistani sheep B. Desert area's sheep C. Merino sheep D. Mountain sheep
13	In developed countries rearing has:	A. Not any progressB. Become an IndustryC. Not any considerable progressD. Progressed very slowly
14	Basic purpose of domestication animals is:	A. Transporting goods B. Riding C. For diet or food D. Use as a draught
15	In the continents of Europe, China and America's:	A. Nomadic rearing is being practice B. Commercial rearing is being done C. Poor people practice rearing

		D. Rearing is done by majority people
16	Animal's dung:	A. Is best fertilizer for maintaining soil fertility B. Is not important for soil C. Has little importance for soil D. Is not used for soil fertility
17	For nomadic and commercial herding	A. Grasslands are very important B. Deserts are very important C. Equatorial regions are very important D. Monsoon region is important
18	In Western developed countries people got their diet's	 A. No percentage from animals B. 20-33 percent from animal C. Only 5 percent from animal D. Very little percentage from animal
19	In the world, from agriculture sector;	 A. Only 5 percent is being earned from animals B. Animal contribute a little C. 28% contribute animals D. A major portion is contributed by animals
20	In developed countries rearing has	A. Not any progressB. Becomes an industryC. Not any considerable progressD. Progressed very slowly
21	Animal's dung	A. Is best fertilizer for maintaining soil fertility B. Is not important for soil C. Has little importance for soil D. Is not used for soil fertility
22	World's 25% area is:	A. Covered by grasslands B. Covered by deserts C. Covered by plateaus D. Covered by mountains
23	Most beneficial animal of Tundra region is:	A. Camel B. Horse C. Cow D. Reindeer
24	In the world, Australia ranks first in:	A. Cotton productionB. Wool productionC. Jute productionD. Silk production
25	Nomadic herding, from primitive periods in rain-fed regions	A. Is people's major occupation B. Rearing has no importance C. Has not became major occupation D. Is only profession of few people
26	In the life of Eskimo people:	 A. Camel is an important animal B. Horseis an important animal C. Cattleis an important animal D. Reindeeris an important animal
27	Basic purpose of domesticating animals is	A. Transporting goodsB. RidingC. For diet or foodD. Use as a draught
28	In the world, rearing started	A. From Central Asian 's mountain & Amp; desert areas B. From Russian Federation C. From Japan D. From Canada
29	In the continents of Europe, Australia and America's	A. Nomadic rearing is being practice B. Commercial rearing is being done C. Poor people practice rearing D. Rearing is done by majority people
30	In Argentina, rearing was started by:	A. Asian peopleB. British peopleC. German peopleD. Spanish people
31	In the world, yak is found in:	A. Desert areasB. Equatorial areasC. Cold mountain areasD. Temperate plain region
		A. Is done in nomadic manner

	32	In Mangolia, Tibit, Sin kiang and Central Asian countries, rearing	B. Is practice is commercial way C. Is a limited activity D. Is not being practiced
	33	In the world, maximum number of sheep are in the:	A. Continent of Australia B. Continent of Asia C. Continent of Europe D. Continent of North America
	34	World's maximum number of horses are reared in:	A. Continent of Asia B. Continent of South America C. Continent of Australia D. Continent of North America
	35	In underdeveloped countries herding is:	A. Being done commercial manner B. Being done nomadic manner C. Very little important D. Being done by rich people
	36	Most beneficial animal of Tundra region is	A. Camel B. Horse C. Cow D. Reindeer
	37	Rearing or herding is a	A. Primary economic activity B. Secondary economic activity C. Quinary economic activity D. Quaternary economic activity
	38	In the world, from agriculture earned from animals	A. Only 5 percent is being earned from animals B. Animal contribute a little C. 28% contribute animals D. A major portion is contributed by animals
	39	For nomadic and commercial herding:	A. Grasslands are very important B. Deserts are very important C. Equatorial regions are very important D. Monsson region is important
	40	Rearing or herding is a:	A. Primary economic activity B. Secondaryeconomic activity C. Quinaryeconomic activity D. Quaternaryeconomic activity
	41	In the world, important herding regions are:	A. In the continent of Africa B. In the continent of Europe C. In the continent of Antarctica D. Savannas & Amp; Temperate grasslands
	42	In underdeveloped countries herding is	A. Being done in Commercial manner B. Being done in nomadic nammer C. Very little important D. Being done by rich people
f			