

## Principles of Economics Icom Part 1 English Medium Chapter 10 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	MRP curve is slopping:	A. Negative B. Positive C. Downward D. Both a and c
2	Saving deposits and time deposits of the banks, Govt. securities and shares of the companies are called	A. Token money B. Money of account C. Standard money D. Near money
3	Which one of the following does not exist during deflation	A. Production decreases B. Value of money increases C. Supply of goods and services increases from their demand D. Level of employment increases
4	The purchasing power of money is called	A. value of money B. Medium of exchange C. quantity of money D. credit money
5	One of the following is not fiscal measure to control inflation	A. Decrease in public expenditures B. Increase in taxes C. Encouragement of savings D. Increase in investment
6	The money in which payment can be made only to certain extent is called	A. Unlimited legal tender money B. Limited legal tender money C. Metallic money D. Paper money
7	If we multiply margina product with price we get:	A. MFC B. MRP C. TVC D. Both a and b
8	The money whose face value and intrinsic value are equal, is called	A. Token money B. Standard money C. Paper money D. Credit money
9	Which is considered as a transfer payment	A. wages B. salaries C. prices D. unemployment allowances
10	During inflation prices are	A. Zero B. Low C. Increase D. Constant
11	Functions of money are	A. Medium of exchange B. Common measure of value C. Store of value D. All the three
12	If face value is equal to the metal value of a coin, it is called as	A. Paper money B. Token money C. Credit money D. Standard money
13	_____ is not considered perfect money	A. Note of ten rupees B. Note of hundred rupees C. Piece of silver D. Note of one thousand rupees
14	"What performs the functions of money, is money" This definition of money is stated by	A. Prof Walker B. Prof Marshall C. Prof Crowther D. Prof Pigou
15	According to quantity theory of money, if quantity of money is doubled then prices are doubled while value of money is	A. Doubled B. One halved C. Less than one halved D. None of these

		D. Not influenced
16	"Anything which is generally accepted as a medium of exchange and also performs the functions of standard of value and a store of value is money" This definition of money is stated by	A. Prof Walker B. Prof Marshall C. Prof Crowther D. Prof Pigou
17	One of the following is not the cause of deflation	A. Decrease in demand for goods B. Decrease in consumption C. Increase in quantity of money D. Increase in supply of goods
18	Inflation is created	A. When demand for goods is less than their supply B. When demand for goods is more than their supply C. When demand for goods becomes equal to their supply D. When demand and supply of goods do not change
19	Prices during the situation of inflation	A. Increase B. Decrease C. Do not change D. Become zero
20	One of the following is not the difficulty of the barter system	A. Indivisibility of goods B. Lack of common measure of value C. Double coincidence of wants D. Lack of store of value