

GAT-C Agriculture, Veterinary & Biological Science Verbal Easy Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Pristine: | A. Pure B. Unspoiled C. Peak D. Religious E. Cultivated |
| 2 | <p>The past decade has upset many preconceptions about development and this, more than anything else, makes it difficult to be overly definite about what the next decade has in store. However, there are a few things that one can assert with some confidence. First, education, health, and productive employment are crucial both for growth and for equity. We have tended to assume that all of these are the consequences of rapid economic growth and that only growth can generate the resources required for these purposes. However, increasingly, it appears that these are better seen as the causes rather than as consequences of development. Virtually every case of successful development involves a prior improvement in literacy, technical skills, health status, and access to productive work. Second, technological competence is the most important resource endowment and it explains a far larger proportion of growth in output and trade than more conventional factors like natural resources or capital accumulation. The competence required is not just in research. In fact technological dynamism in the factory and the farm is more important than the presence of large research establishment. Third, the environmental imperative can no longer be ignored. Today, as an international issue, it is second only to disarmament. Nationally, the developmental consequences of environmental neglect are increasingly obvious. In the Pakistani context, there are at least two further factors, which reinforce the above propositions. The first is population growth. Given the pace of expansion of the population and the work force, human resource development acquires an added urgency. Population growth is also one, but not necessarily the most important factor, which underlines environmental stress in rural and urban areas. The second factor is that as a large country we cannot carve out an independent positioning in the global system without building up a substantial capacity for self-reliant growth. The acquisition of technical competence is crucial for this purpose. Until now, we have tended to treat human resource development, technology issues and environment as subsidiary to the main task of planning. The thrust has been on: quantitative expansion of infrastructure and production with a focus on production targets like tonnes of steel, kWh of electricity etc., capacity targets like road length, rail kilometer age; and coverage targets like number of schools and students, number of villages electrified etcetera, catching up with known technologies -Fuller use of natural resources -Maximum mobilization of financial resources.</p> <p>Q: According to the author, which of the following cannot be viewed as cause of development?</p> | A. Betterment in population growth B. increase in underemployment C. Speedy economic growth D. Enhancement in technical skills |
| 3 | Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Sardonic: | A. Sweet B. Nasty C. Bitter D. Agreeable E. Contemptuous |
| 4 | Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Tumbledown: | A. Uproar B. Clamour C. Dilapidated D. Unstable E. Sturdy |
| 5 | Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Discount: | A. Profit B. Account C. Interest D. Premium E. Deduction |
| 6 | Complete Sentence The officers threatened to take reprisals if the lives of their men were by the conquered natives. | A. Destroyed B. Endangered C. Enhanced D. Irritated |
| 7 | Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Gauche: | A. Mistake B. Abusive C. Attractive |

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| 8 | <p>Recent advances in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn fetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child. Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy, scientists can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder. It is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in. While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the gene in germs, they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat. They have, however, acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells. However, genetic misinformation can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically. Genetic information may lead to a tendency to brand some people as inferiors. Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the fetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines. But on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them. It is mainly a societal problem. At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorders but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A., U.K. and Japan. It remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world.</p> <p>Q: Which of the following is true regarding the reasons for progress in genetic engineering?</p> | <p>A. It has become popular to abort female fetuses B. Human beings are extremely interested in heredity C. Economically sound and scientifically advanced countries can provide the infrastructure for such research D. Poor countries desperately need genetic information</p> |
| 9 | <p>The term conservationist had been defined by some as a person who believes that the natural world is endlessly _____ and beautiful, and therefore as much of it as possible should be _____.</p> | <p>A. irrational.....preserved B. abhorrent.....salvaged C. fascinating.....saved D. exhilarative.....promoted</p> |
| 10 | <p>Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Vacillate:</p> | <p>A. Waver B. Unoccupied C. Resolve D. Decry E. Oscillate</p> |
| 11 | <p>Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Reticence:</p> | <p>A. Discretion B. Frankness C. Report D. Order E. Reserved</p> |
| 12 | <p>Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Forge:</p> | <p>A. Continue B. Dissolve C. Quiet D. Invite E. Prevent</p> |
| 13 | <p>Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Sacrilegious:</p> | <p>A. Pious B. Impious C. Profane D. Unholy E. Dangerous</p> |
| 14 | <p>The Romans--for centuries is the masters of war and politics Europe, Northern Africa, and Asia Minor--have often been criticised for producing few original thinkers outside the realm of politics. This criticism while in many ways true, is not without its problems. It was after all the conquest of Greece that provided Rome with its greatest influx of educated subjects two of the great disasters in intellectual history--the murder of Archimedes and the burning of Alexandria's library ---both occurred under Rome's watch. Nevertheless, a city that was able to conquer so much of the known world could not have been devoid of the creativity that characterizes so many other ancient empires. Engineering is one endeavour in which the Romans showed themselves capable. Their aqueducts carried water hundreds of miles along the tops vast arcades. Roman roads built for the rapid deployment of troops, crisscross Europe and still form the basis of numerous modern highways that provide quick access between many major European and African cities, indeed a large number of these cities owe their prominence to Rome's economic and political influence. Many of those major cities lie far beyond Rome's original province, and Latin-derived languages are spoken in most Southern European nations. Again a result of military influence, the popularity of Latin and its offspring is difficult to overestimate. During the centuries of ignorance and violence that followed Rome's decline, the Latin language was the glue that held together the identity of an entire continent. While seldom spoken today, it is still studied widely if only so that such master of rhetoric as Cicero can be read in the original. It is Cicero and his like who are perhaps the most overlooked legacy of Rome. While far from being a democracy, Rome did leave behind useful political tool that serve the American republic today. "Republic" itself is Latin for "the people's business" a notion cherished in democracies worldwide. Senators owe their name to Rome's class of elders; Representatives owe theirs to the Tribunes who seized popular prerogatives from the Senatorial class. The veto was a Roman notion adopted by the historically aware framers of the Constitution, who often assumed pen names from the lexicon of Latin life. These accomplishments, as monumental as any highway of coliseum, remain prominent features of the Western landscape. v. The primary purpose of the passage is to:</p> | <p>A. Reveal the indifferent attitude taken by the ancient Romans towards the fine arts B. Discuss the lasting accomplishments achieved by ancient Romans C. Analyse the sue of the Latin language by the framers of the Constitution D. Show that the construction of roads and aqueducts could not have been accomplished in ancient Greece E. Compare the destruction of the library at Alexandria to the murder of Archimedes</p> |
| 15 | <p>Punctilious</p> | <p>A. Careless B. Permit C. Provoke D. Appreciate</p> |

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| 16 | Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Desultory: | A. Disconnected B. Lacking order C. Pertinent D. Random E. Frequent |
| 17 | Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Cursory: | A. Profound B. Cupidity C. Cudgel D. Escape E. Weak |
| 18 | Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Centrifugal: | A. Centripetal B. Attracted C. Lasting D. Important E. Mathematical |
| 19 | Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Neurotic: | A. Anxious B. Disturbed C. Quite D. Flooded E. Rational |
| 20 | BINOCULARS : SEE | A. Spectable : Notice B. Skeptic : Idea C. Ear trumpet : Hear D. Camera : aperture |