

GAT-C Agriculture, Veterinary & Biological Science Verbal Easy Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Amorphous:	A. Definite B. Uncertain C. Regular D. Obscene E. Confirmed
2	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Fecund:	A. Hard B. Unploughed C. Solid D. Barren E. Weak
3	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Extant:	A. Destroyed B. Extinguished C. Forgotten D. Unheeded E. Exist
4	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Woo:	A. Pursue B. Court C. Shun D. Unjust E. Coax
5	A bus driver on Muree roads should have _____ trouble ahead when the road _____ into a blind path.	A. expected - transformed B. seen - collapsed C. interrogated - grew D. anticipated - dwindled
6	Complete Sentence The doctor advised him to go several medical tests.	A. Through B. Into C. Under D. About
7	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Wizened:	A. Shrewd B. Foolish C. Smooth D. Wiseacre E. Zooming
8	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Truant:	A. Sedulous B. Bend C. Tentative D. Delinquent E. Talkative
9	Many obvious hasty lapses in the umpire's decision make it _____ to accept the _____ of his decision of LBW.	A. questionable - structure B. attractive - judgement C. clear - meaning D. difficult - validity
10	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Nocturnal:	A. Nightly B. Daily C. Fallow D. Annual E. Unnecessary
11	ADULT : CHILD	A. tree : bush B. sheep : lamb C. cow : calf D. buck : fawn
12	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Mundane:	A. Excellent B. Superior C. Heavenly D. Extraordinary E. Worldly
13	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Cheerly:	A. Seriously B. Heartlessly C. Quietly D. Lively E. Gloomy
		A. Caution

14	Choose the word which has opposite meaning Temerity:	B. Collectivity C. Rashness D. Boldness E. Gratitude
15	Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong. No 'era of good feeling' can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth. On the other hand, it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality. Men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth. The extent to which Government must interfere with business, therefore, is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands. The required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used, and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance. But with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty, the powers of government are unavoidably increased, whichever political party may be in office. The growth of government is a necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science. Since the Government in our nation, must take on more powers to meet its problems, there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful. Q: The growth of government is necessitated to	A. Make the rich and the poor happy B. Curb the accumulation of wealth in a few hands C. Monitor science and technology D. Deploy the police force wisely
16	A great deal of discussion continues as to the real extent of global environmental degradation and its implications. What few people challenge however is that the renewable natural resources of developing countries are today subject to 'stresses of unprecedented magnitude. These pressures are brought about, in part, by increased population and the quest for an ever-expanding food supply. Because the health, nutrition, and general well-being of the poor majority are directly dependent on the integrity and productivity of their natural resources, the capability of governments to manage them effectively over the long term becomes of paramount importance. Developing countries are becoming more aware of the ways in which present and future economic development must build upon a sound and sustainable natural resource base. Some are looking at our long tradition in environmental protection and are receptive to US assistance, which recognizes the uniqueness of the social and ecological systems in these tropical countries. Developing countries recognize the need to improve their capability to analyze issues and their own natural resource management. In February 1981, for example AID handed a national Academy of Sciences panel to advise Nepal on their severe natural resource degradation problems. Some countries such as Senegal, India, Indonesia and Thailand, are now including conservation concerns in their economic development planning process. Because so many governments of developing nations have recognized the importance of these issues, the need today is not merely one of raising additional consciousness, but for carefully designed and sharply focused activities aimed at management regimes that are essential to the achievement of sustained development. Q: There has been a pronounced deterioration of habitat all over the globe because of	A. Rigorous operation of the Malthusian principle B. Unprecedented urbanization and dislocation of self contained rural communities C. Optimum degree of industrialization in the developing countries D. Large scale deforestation and desertification
17	Choose the word which has opposite meaning Marauder:	A. Guard B. Looter C. Refractory D. Talkative E. Failure
18	Complete Sentence He very successfully all the allegations leveled against him.	A. Retaliated B. Rebutted C. Extricated D. Eradicated E. Protected
19	Choose the word which has opposite meaning Ebullient:	A. Restrained B. Obscure C. Exuberant D. Timid E. Lenient
20	Complete Sentence is a person who dabbles in art and letters.	A. Philosopher B. Philistine C. Chauvinist D. Dilettante