

GAT-C Agriculture, Veterinary, Biological & Related Science

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Gnome:	A. Gloom B. Casual C. Small D. Giant E. Fairy
2	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Facsimile:	A. Reproduction B. Sincere C. Original D. Fact-finding E. Eagineered
3	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Loved:	A. Refused B. Defamed C. Distracted D. Averted E. Hated
4	The Romans—for centuries is the masters of war and politics Europe, Northern Africa, and Asia Minor—have often been criticised for producing few original thinkers outside the realm of politics. This criticism while in many ways true, is not without its problems. It was after all the conquest of Greece that provided Rome with its greatest influx of educated subjects two of the great disasters in intellectual history—the murder of Archimedes and the burning of Alexandria's libarary —both occurred under Rome's watch. Nevertheless, a city that was able to conquer so much of the known world could not have been devoid of the creativity that characterizes so many other ancient empires. Engineering is one endeavour in which the Romans showed themselves capable. Their aqueducts carried water hundreds of miles along the tops vast arcades. Roman roads built for the rapid deployment of troops, crisscross Europe and still from the basis of numerous modern highways that provide quick access between many major European and African cities, indeed a large number of these cities owe their prominence to Rome's economic and political influence. Many of those major cities lie far beyond rome's original's province, and Latin-derived languages are spoken in most Southern European nations. Again a result of military influence, the popularity of Latin and its offspring is difficult to overestimate. During the centuries of ignorance and violence that followed Rome's decline, the Latin language was the glue that held together the identity of an entire continent. While seldom spoken today, it is still studied widely if only so that such master of rhetoric as Cicero can be read in the original. It is Cicero and his like who are perhaps the most overlooked legacy of Rome. While far from being a democracy, Rome did leave behind useful political tool that serve the American republic today. "Republic" itself is Latin for "the people's business" a notion cherished in democracies worldwide. Senators owe their name to Rome's class of elders; Repr	A. Were familiar with certain aspects of Roman government B. Were similar to the Roman elders C. Embraced the veto as the hallmark of Roman democracy D. Overlooked Cicero's contributions to the theory of democracy E. Formed a government based on worldwide democracy
5	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Overt:	A. Deep B. Shallow C. Secret D. Unwritten E. Open
6	The myths of any society serve to explain their values; by examining a people's favorite	A. legends B. pastimes C. occupations D. stories
7	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Vacillate:	A. Waver B. Unoccupied C. Resolve D. Decry E. Oscillate
8	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Verbose:	A. Compact B. Brief C. Concise D. Bosom E. Verbal
9	RIB CAGE : LUNGS	A. skull: brain B. Appendix: Organ C. sock: foot D. skeleton: body

10	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Consummate:	A. Copulate B. Novice C. Inseminate D. Mate E. Mix
11	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Dank:	A. Clammy B. Droop C. Muggy D. Dry E. Beloved
12	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Arduous:	A. Difficult B. Easy C. Gluttony D. Exertion E. Exhausting
13	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Woo:	A. Pursue B. Court C. Shun D. Unjust E. Coax
14	We never believed that he would resort to in order to achieve his end, we always regarded him as an honest man.	A. Subterfuge B. Logic C. Diplomacy D. Charm E. Cunning
15	AFFLUENT : PLUTOCRACY	A. Customs : Polygamy B. Clever : Intricacy C. Noble : Aristocracy D. Amazon : Matriarchy
16	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Crux:	A. Wail B. Opinion C. Summary D. Important E. Trivial
17	Power and possession have been central pursuits of modem civilization for a long time. They blocked out or distorted other features of the western renaissance (revival) which promised so much for humanity. What people have been and are still being taught to prize is money, success, and control over the lives of others, acquisition of more and more objects. Modern social, political, and economic systems, whether capitalist, fascist or communist, reject in their working the basic principle that the free and creative enfoldment of every man, woman and child is the true measure of the worth of any society. Such enfoldment requires understanding and imagination, integrity and compassion, cooperation among people and harmony between the human species and the rest of nature. Acquisitiveness and the pursuit of power have made the modern man an aggressor against everything that is non-human, an exploiter, and oppressor of those who are poor, meek, and unorganized, a pathological type which hates and distrusts the world and suffers from both acute loneliness and false pride. The need for a new renaissance is deeply felt by those sensitive and conscientious men and women who not only perceive the dimensions of the crisis of our age but who also realize that only through conscious and cooperative human effort may this crisis be met and probably even overcome. Q:Which of the following is one of the requirements bringing out the best in man?	A. Money B. Success C. Power D. Understanding
18	His monotonous voice acted like and his audience was soon asleep.	A. A sedative B. An anaesthetic C. An emetic D. A purgative E. A cathartic
19	Complete Sentence They fired upon the enemy form behind the trees, walls and any other point they could find.	A. Vantage B. Indefensible C. Exposed D. Definitive
20	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Senility:	A. Youth B. Confusion C. Punctuality D. Feebleness E. old age
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