

English Fsc Part 2 Chapter 10 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	when his realm consolidated Abd al Rehman turned to the arts of	A. War B. Peace C. Pease D. Piece
2	Besides the great mosque the capital could already boast a bridge over the river.	A. Danube B. Rhine C. Guadalquivir D. Thames
3	Ubdul Rehman III administered his provinces with <u>sagacity</u> and ability.	A. Knowledge B. Virtue C. Wisdom D. Cleverness
4	Hitti talked about the <u>accession</u> of the Abbasids to the calipahte.	A. Entering on B. Passage of C. Movement of D. Approach of
5	Sovereignty in the Moslem world, West or East was	A. Stable B. Unstable C. Permanent D. Perpetual
6	In, he discontinued the Friday sermon, hitherto delivered in the name of the Abbasid Caliph	A. 773 B. 873 C. 973 D. 1073
7	Abdul Rehman I has aquiline or Features and red hair.	A. Like an eagle's B. Like a crow's C. Like a duck's D. Like a pigeon's
8	With his realm consolidate. Ubdul Rehman turned to the arts of peace.	A. Controlled B. Strengthened C. Established D. Made more flexible.
9	His reign and that of his two immediate successors mark the of Moslem rule in the west.	A. lowest B. Height C. Degeneration D. Depth
10	Caliph abd al Rhman's court was one of the most glorious in all	A. Europe B. Africa C. Asia D. Australia
11	His brother heeded the shouted from the bank that he would be unharmed if he returned	A. Admonishes B. Threats C. Reassurances D. Warnings
12	Among the very few who was a youth of twenty Abd ul Rehman	A. Was killed B. Was banished C. Escaped D. Was imprisoned
13	In Al-Zahra the caliph surrounded himself with a bodyguard of which numbered 3750	A. slaves B. women C. masons D. labourers
14	Two years before his death in 788 Abd-al-Rahman founded the great of Cordova	A. church B. mosque C. tomb D. palace
15	Al-Hakam was generousto scholars .	A. Charitable or open handed B. Liberal C. Democratic D. Friendly

16	In the process of <u>subduing</u> his adversaries. Ubdul Rehman developed an army.	A. Overcoming B. Controlling C. Fighting with D. competing with
17	All this when in Christian only the rudiments of learning were known.	A. Asia B. Africa C. America D. Europe
18	Al-Hakam,was a lover of	A. Horses B. Buildings C. Books D. Mosques
19	The older boy (Ubdul Rehman) <u>gained</u> the opposite bank.	A. Found B. Reached C. Obtained D. Touched
20	To his villa, he brought water and introduced plants such as peaches and pomegranates.	A. Exocist B. Erratic C. Exotic D. Systematic
21	It took Ubdul Rehman some years more to bring all of spain to subjection, but he <u>persisted</u> .	A. Insisted B. Stood firm C. Progressed D. Went forward
22	In 750 , the Umayyed dynasty (rulling family) in Damuscus was <u>overthrown</u> by the Abbasid family.	A. Replaced B. Defeated and replaced C. Defeated D. Thrown out
23	Abdul Rehman I was youth of exceptional nerve and ability.	A. Special B. Unusual C. Uncommon D. High-class
24	When his realm consolidated Abd-al Rahman turned to the arts of	A. war B. peace C. piece D. pease
25	In order to secure the first copy of the "Aghani" al-Hakam sent the author a dinars	A. hundred B. five hundred C. thousand D. million
26	Caliph Abd-al-Rahman's court was one of the most glorious in all	A. Europe B. Asia C. Africa D. Australia
27	All this when in Christian only the rudiments of learning were known	A. Asia B. Africa C. America D. Europe
28	Thanks to Allah for having placed the between us and such a foe	A. Rock B. Wall C. Sea D. Forest
29	He was a grandson of the caliph of Damascus	A. Fifth B. Seventh C. Ninth D. Tenth
30	Ubdul Rehman I <u>barely</u> escaped assassination (political murder) in North Africa.	A. Slowly B. Cleverly C. Hardly D. Narrowly
31	It took him some years more to bring all of to subjection.	A. Spain B. Egypt C. Sind D. Jerusalem
32	Under Abd-al-Rahman I, Spain had been the first province to shake off the authority of the recognized caliph in Islam.	A. Admitted B. Supported C. Favoured D. Acknowledged
33	The abbasid Caliph i Baghdad appointed a governor of Spin to his rule	A. Contact B. Accept C. Contest

		D. Context
34	with its forest of stately and its spacious outer court, it has survived to the present day.	A. Rooms B. Roots C. Floors D. Columns
35	The writer of the essay The Jewel of the World is	A. Philp K. Hitti B. Jafferson C. Darrel Barnard D. Jerome K. Jerome
36	Dutch scholar Dozy declared that nearly everyone could and write.	A. Sing B. Read C. Sew D. Cook
37	Spanish gardens have preserved to this day a character.	A. Moorish B. French C. British D. Dutch
38	Besides the great mosque the capital could already boast a bridge over the river	A. Danube B. Rhine C. Guadalquivir D. Thames
39	10000 workmen with 1500 beasts of burden laboured on Al-Zahara for a of years	A. dozen B. score C. century D. millennium
40	Ubdul Rehman was a youth of exceptional <u>nerve</u> and abilty.	A. Caurage B. Bravery C. Ability D. Wisdom
41	He finally reached five years later.	A. Ceuta B. Khartum C. Beirut D. Alexandria
42	Cordova <u>vielded</u> in magnificence only to Baghdad and Constantinople.	A. Was after B. Was inferior C. Stood worse D. Gave way
43	The mosque of Cordova was <u>transformed</u> into a cathedral in 1236.	A. Improved B. Reformed C. Changed D. Reconstructed
44	Abd-al-Rahman developed a well disciplined, highly trained army of or more Berbers	A. 20,000 B. 25,000 C. 30,000 D. 40,000
45	One by one he conquered the lost.	A. Provisions B. Princesses C. provinces D. Principals
46	The Umayyad dynasty in Damascus was overthrown by the family	A. Mamluk B. Mughal C. Saljoq D. Abbasid
47	Cordova yielded in magnificence only to and Contantionople	A. London B. Paris C. Berlin D. Baghdad
48	He did not assume the caliph's title but contented himself with the title	A. Wazir B. Amir C. Kabir D. Jahangir
49	Abd al Rehman developed a well disciplined, highly trained army of or more Berbers.	A. 20,000 B. 25,000 C. 40,000 D. 30,000
50	It took Ubdul Rehman some years more to bring all of spain to <u>subjection</u> , but he persisted.	A. Forced controlled B. Obedience C. Dependience D. Submission
		A. Importance

51	The library of Cordova housed a library of first magnitude.	B. Volume C. Size D. Value
52	With its froest of stately and its spacious outer court, it has survived to the present day	A. rooms B. roofs C. floors D. columns
53	To a lonely tree in his garden said to be the first imported from Syria, he addressed some tender verses of his own composition	A. peach B. plum C. palm D. banana
54	Al-Hakam was a lover of	A. horses B. buildings C. books D. mosques
55	He elected for himself a place and garden outside in limitation of the place built in Syria.	A. Cordova B. Alhambra C. Ghanta D. Ceuta
56	With hisyear old brother, Abd al Rahman dashed in to the river.	A. Nine B. Eleven C. Seven D. Thirteen
57	In more than one sense he initiated the movement	A. instruction B. intellectual C. fluctual D. structural
58	The books thus gathered numbered 400,000, their titles filling a catalogue ofvolumes	A. ten B. forty four C. twenty two D. five
59	It was In that the Umayyad dynasty in Damascus was overthrown	A. 850 B. 950 C. 650 D. 750
60	Ubdul Rehman beatified the cities of his <u>domain</u> .	A. Kingdom B. Province C. Capital D. Districts
61	The books thus gathered numbered 400,000, their tidies filling a catalogue of volumes.	A. ten B. Forty four C. Five D. Twenty two
62	The fame of the Moslem capital penetrated distant Germany where a Saxon nun styled it the of the world	A. pearl B. stone C. jewel D. ruby
63	He was a grandson of the caliph of Damascus.	A. Fifth B. Seventh C. Tenth D. Ninth
64	Cordova acquired international fame and inspired awe and in the hearts of travellers.	A. Abomination B. Hatred C. Irritation D. Admiration
65	In Spain, he <u>intiated</u> an intellectual movement (of ideas and studies)	A. Began B. Introduced C. Established D. Developed or promoted
66	The Mosque of Cordova was and enlarged by his successors	A. completed B. curtailed C. minimised D. shortened
67	The Umayyad dynasty in Damascus was overthrown by the family	A. Mamulk B. Mughal C. Abbasid D. Saljoq
68	The Abbasid Caliph in Baghdad appointed a governor of sapin to his rule	A. Contact B. Accept C. Context D. Contest

B. Volume

69	The raising of silkworms <u>thrived</u> in Muslim Spain.	A. Grew quickly B. Progressed C. Bacame profitable D. Expanded
70	It was he who made his way to and fought his way to mastery	A. Bokhara B. Spain C. Sudan D. Egypt
71	With his realm consolidate. Ubdul Rehman turned to the arts of peace.	A. Controlled B. Strengthened C. Established D. Made more flexible.
72	Ubdul Rehman barely escaped <u>assassination</u> (political murder) in North Africa.	A. Injury B. Bodily harm C. Destruction D. Political murder
73	His reign and that of his two immediate successors mark the of Moslem rule in the west	A. lowest B. height C. depth D. degeneration
74	The tired Abd al Rahman was a man when he took office.	A. Old B. Invalid C. Young D. Infant
75	The fame of the Moslem capital penetrated distinct Germany where a Saxon nun styled it the of the world.	A. Pearl B. Stone C. Jewel D. Ruby
76	His maternal uncles were Berbers from the district of North.	A. Carolina B. Africa C. Europe D. Australia
77	The royal was Al-Zahra	A. mosque B. bath C. palace D. city
78	Never before was Cordova so prosperous, Andalusia so rich and the state to	A. weak B. defeated C. triumphant D. crippled
79	Among the very few who was a youth of twenty Abd-ul-Rehman	A. Was killed B. Was banished C. Escaped D. Was imprisoned
80	And he left a statement, we are told, which said that he had known only days of happiness	A. fifty B. fourteen C. forty D. four
81	In AI -Zahra the caliph surrounded himself with body guard of which numbered	A. Slaves B. Women
	3750	C. Masons D. laborer's
82		C. Masons
82	3750	C. Masons D. laborer's A. Abbasid B. Syrian C. Turks
	In the south of Spain, were stationed troops who accepted him as leader In	C. Masons D. laborer's A. Abbasid B. Syrian C. Turks D. Persian A. 773 B. 873 C. 973
83	In the south of Spain, were stationed troops who accepted him as leader In he discontinued the Friday sermon, hitherto delivered in the name of the Abbasid Caliph	C. Masons D. laborer's A. Abbasid B. Syrian C. Turks D. Persian A. 773 B. 873 C. 973 D. 1073 A. sing B. read C. cook

87	The royal was Al zehra.	A. Mosque B. Bath C. Palace D. City
88	It was he who made his way to and fought his way to mastery;	A. Bokhara B. Spain C. Egypt D. Sudan
89	Spanish gardens have preserved to this day a character	A. Moorish B. British C. French D. Dutch
90	Cordova yielded in magnificence only to and constantinople	A. London B. Paris C. Baghdad D. Berlin
91	To his villa he brought water and introduced plants such as peaches and pemegranates	A. exorcist B. erratic C. systematic D. exotic
92	In order to secure the first copy of the "Aghani", all hakam sent the author a dinars.	A. Hundred B. Five hundred C. Thousand D. Million
93	He <u>heeded</u> the reassurances shouted from the bank of the Euphrates River.	A. Heart B. Listened to C. Acknowledged D. Paid attension to
94	His maternal uncles were Berbers from the district of North	A. Carolina B. Europe C. Africa D. Australia
95	His brother heeded the shouted from the bank that he would be unharmed if he returned.	A. Admonishes B. threats C. Reassurances D. Warnings
96	Two yeas before his death in 788 Abd al Rahman founded the great of cordova.	A. Church B. Mosque C. Palace D. Tomb
97	In 750 the Ummayyed <u>dynasty</u> was overthrown by the Abbasid family.	A. Set or rules B. Family lines of rules C. Set of kings D. Series of kings
98	The royal revenue amounted to 624500	A. rupees B. dollars C. pounds D. dinars
99	He <u>heeded</u> the reassurances shouted from the bank of the Euphrates River.	A. Heart B. Listened to C. Acknowledged D. Paid extension to
100	Al-Hakam, probably the best scholar among Moslem caliphs, personally several of these books	A. used B. destroyed C. sold D. tore
101	The third Abd-al-Rahman was a man when he took office	A. old B. invalid C. infant D. young
102	Accession of the Abbasside to the was signalieed.	A. Emirate B. Baronage C. Caliphate D. Parsonage
103	10000 workmen with 1500 beasts of burden labored on Al Zahara for a of years.	A. Dozen B. Score C. Century D. Millennium
104	The capital boasted some thousand weavers and flourishing leather industry	A. five B. thirteen C. one

		D. hundren
105	The Mosque of Cordova was and enlarged by is successors.	A. Completed B. Curtailed C. Minimized D. Shortened
106	With his year old brother, Abd-al-Rahman dashed into the river	A. Nine B. Eleven C. Seven D. Thirteen
107	He finally reached five years later	A. Ceuta B. Beirut C. Khartum D. Alexandria
108	In the south of Spain , were stationedtroops who accepted him as leader.	A. Abbasid B. Syrian C. Persian D. Turks
109	One by one he conquered the lost	A. provisions B. princesses C. principals D. provinces
110	The Abbasids got engaged in the <u>ruthless</u> extermination of the Umayyads.	A. Uncontrolled B. Direct C. Cruel D. Continous
111	Abd-al-Rehman, afoot, friendless and penniless made his way to and found one friend there	A. Indonesia B. Palestine C. Lahore D. Samarkand
112	To a lonely tree in his garden said to be the first imported from Syria. he addressed some tender verses of his own composition.	A. Peach B. Plum C. Palm D. Banana
113	Cordova took its place as the most eity in Europs.	A. Cultured B. Populated C. Spacious D. Fifty
114	He was in a Bedouin camp on the left bank of the River one day.	A. Euphrates B. Indus C. Tigris D. Nile
115	The royal revenue amounted to 624500	A. Rupees B. dollars C. Pounds D. Dinars
116	Al-Hakam, probably the best scholar among Moslem caliphs, personally several of these books.	A. Used B. Sold C. Destroyed D. Tore
117	In more than one sense he initiated the movement.	A. Instruction B. Intellectual C. Structural D. Fluctual
118	The Abbasids got engaged in the ruthless <u>extermination</u> of the Umayyads.	A. Killing B. Removal C. Dismissed D. Turning out
119	Thanks to Allah for having placed the between us	A. Rock B. Wall C. Sea D. Frorest
120	The accession of the Abbasids was <u>signalized</u> by their action against the Umayyads.	A. Made prominent B. Made important C. Made meaningful D. Made effective
121	He erected for himself a palace and garden outside in imitation of the palace built in Syria	A. Cordova B. Gharnata C. Alhambra D. Ceuta
		A. cultured

122	Cordova took its place as the most city in Europe	D. spacious C. populated D. filthy
123	Nevers before was Cordova so prosperous, Andalusia so rich and the state so.	A. Weak B. Fourteen C. Four D. Forty
124	Al-Hakam, Abd-al-Rahman's successor, was himself a and patronized learning	A. warrior B. builder C. painter D. scholar
125	His brother heeded the shouted rom the bank that he would be unharmed if he returned.	A. Admonishes B. Reassurances C. Threats D. Warnings
126	Sovereignty in the Moslem world, West or East was	A. unstable B. stabel C. permanent D. perpetual
127	the capital boasted some thousand weavers and flourishing leather industry.	A. Five B. Thirteen C. Hundred D. One
128	Ubdul Rehman I built an <u>aqueduct</u> for the supply of pure water to the capital.	A. A stream B. Water-conveying channel C. Water tank D. Small dam
129	Spain had thus been the first province to shake the authority of the recognized caliph in Islam.	A. on B. of C. off D. for
130	The mosque of Cordova has <u>survived</u> in the shape of a church.	A. Existed B. Continued to exist C. Stayed D. Continued
131	Abd al Rehman, afoot, friendless and penniless made his way to and ound one friend there.	A. Indonesia B. Palestine C. Samarkand D. Lahore
132	He did not assume the caliph's title but contented himself with the title.	A. Wazir B. Kabir C. Amir D. Jahangir
133	It took him some years more to bring all of to subjection	A. Spain B. Egypt C. Jerusalem D. Sind
134	To his villa, he brought water and introduced and introduced exotic plants.	A. New B. Latest C. Modern D. Foreign
135	Cordova acquired international fame and inspired awe and in the hearts of travellers	A. abomination B. hatred C. irritation D. admiration
136	Abdul Rehman listen to their <u>reassurances</u> .	A. Plans B. Promisses C. Intensions D. Schemes
137	al Hakam, Abd al Rahman's successor, was himself a and patronized learning.	A. Warrior B. Builder C. Scholar D. Painter
138	Accession of the Abbasids to the was signalised	A. Emirate B. Baronage C. Caliphate D. Parsonage