

Chemistry Fsc Part 2 Chapter 15 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Micronutrients are required in quantity ranging from	A. 4g-40g B. 6g-200g C. 6kg-200kg D. 4kg-40kg
2	Potassium fertilizers are especially useful for	A. Tobacco B. Coffee C. Potato D. All of these
3	Ammonia is prepared industrially by	A. Contact process B. Ostwald process C. Birkland Eyed process D. Heber process
4	During manufacturing of cement , the temperature of pre heating zone is.	A. 500 ^oC B. 900 ^oC C. 1000 ^oC D. 1500 ^oC
5	Ammonium Nitrate fertilizer is not useful for	A. Wheat B. Cotton C. Sugan cane D. Paddyrice
6	The word paper is derived from the name of which reed plant.	A. Rose B. Sun flower C. Papyrus D. Water Hyacinth
7	Phosphorous helps the growth of	A. root B. leave C. stem D. seed
8	Setting process of cement is based upon	A. Hydrolysis B. Hydration C. Dehydration D. Both a and b
9	What is the function of Head box in paper making machine.	A. It reduces the thickness of paper B. It dry the paper C. It discharge teh pulp at the screen of fourdrinier table D. Web structure is consolidated
10	Which woody raw material is used for the manufacture of paper pulp.	A. Cotton B. Bagasse C. Poplar D. Rice straw
11	During the manufacturing process of cement the temperature of the decomposition zone goes up to.	A. 600 ^oC B. 900 ^oC C. 1000 ^oC D. 1200 ^oC
12	Which one of the following is calcareous material	A. Marine shells B. clay C. Shale D. Blast furnace slag
13	Usually the percentage of moisture is paper is	A. 1- 3% B. 4-6% C. 6-8% D. 5%
14	The composition mixture of clay and lime stone in the raw material.	A. 75% lime stone and 25% clay B. 25% lime stone and 75% clay C. 15% lime stone and 55% clay D. 55% lime stone and 15% clay
15	The macro nutrients are required in ranging from	A. 5 kg to 200 kg B. 5 kg to 200 g C. 6g to 200 g D. 5 kg to 200 kg

		D. 1 kg to 100 kg
16	The percentage of clay and liem stone in cement is in the ratio of.	A. 1 : 1 B. 1 :2 C. 1:3 D. 3:1
17	Which one of the following is the macronutrient for plants.	A. Boron B. Zinc C. Calcium D. Nitrogen
18	Prilling is a process in which	A. Concentration of urea is increased B. Water is removed from urea C. Molten urea is converted to solid drop D. Some other ingredients are added to urea
19	During the manufacturing process of cement the temperature of the decomposition zone goes up to	A. 600 <b style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34); font-family: arial, sans-serif; font-size: 16px;">°C B. 800<b style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34); font-family: arial, sans-serif; font-size: 16px;">°C C. 1000 <b style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34); font-family: arial, sans-serif; font-size: 16px;">°C D. 1200 <b style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34); font-family: arial, sans-serif; font-size: 16px;">°C
20	What is clinker	A. Roasted calcareous material B. Roasted argillaceous material C. Roasted calcareous and argillaceous material D. Roasted gyposum