

Biology FSC Part 2 Chapter 18 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Germ cells in the ovary produce many	A. Spermatogonia B. Zoospores C. Zygosporos D. Oogonia
2	Type of asexual reproduction.	A. Fertilization B. Vernalization C. Photoperiodism D. Apomixes
3	Developing seeds are a rich source of.	A. Auxin B. Gibberellins C. Cytokinins D. All of these
4	The groups of ribosomes present in the cell body of the neuron, which are associated with rough endoplasmic reticulum are called:	A. Meissner's corpuscles B. Pacinian corpuscles C. Nissl's granules D. Lysosome granules
5	Rapid aging and less resistance to environmental stress and diseases are limitations of.	A. Parthenocary B. Cloning C. Phototropism D. Verbalization
6	Haploid males produce sperms by mitosis.	A. Hydra B. Man C. Earth worm D. Honey bee
7	The mammalian forebrain is differentiated into the thalamus, limbic system and the:	A. Cerebellum B. Cerebrum C. Hippocampus D. Hypothalamus
8	All of the following are day neutral plants except.	A. Pea B. Wheat C. Maize D. Cotton
9	Discharge of egg from the ovary is called.	A. Oogenesis B. Ovulation C. Spermatogenesis D. Gametogenesis
10	Sperm are formed in.	A. Vas deferens B. Collecting ducts C. Seminiferous tubules D. Epididymis
11	Towards the end of pregnancy, the reduction in progesterone level, stimulates pituitary gland to produce.	A. Oxytocin B. Oestrogen C. Androgen D. Pro lactin
12	Evolution of pollen tube is parallel to the evolution of	A. Stem B. Leaves C. Flower D. Seed
13	Temperature around 4°C stimulates the production of.	A. Florigen B. Vernalin C. Ethene D. Auxins
14	Diploid parthenogenesis may occur in	A. Aphids B. Bees C. Wasp D. Honey bee
15	Gonorrhoea is caused by.	A. Treponemapallidum B. Neisseria gonnorrhoeae C. HCV D. HIV

16	Labour pains are induced by a hormone.	A. ACTH B. Oxytocin C. Progesterone D. Corticosteroid
17	The release of ovum from the ovary is called.	A. Ovulation B. Menstruation C. follicle atresia D. Menace
18	The increase of level of strongmen stimulation secretion of.	A. LH B. LTH C. TSH D. ACTH
19	If the two generations are vegetatively similar such alternation of generation is referred to as	A. Homomorphic B. Isomorphic C. Heteromorphic D. Eumorphic
20	In nature P 730 to P 660 conversion occurs in the	A. Day B. Dark C. Evening D. Dawn