

Physics Fsc Part 1 Chapter 10 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Two free parallel straight wires carrying currents in the opposite direction	A. Do not affect each other B. Repel each other C. Attract each other D. Get rotated
2	A magnetic compass will be deflected if it is kept near a	A. Charge of motion B. Charge at rest C. Both a and b D. None
3	A 0.50 T field over an area of 2 m ² which lies at an angle of 60 degree to the field, then the magnetic flux is.	A. 0.50 weber B. 0.866 weber C. 0.75 weber D. 4 weber
4	If the current passing through a wire in a magnetic field is doubled, the magnetic force would become.	A. Twice B. Six times C. Five times D. Four times
5	Production of induced emf in a coil is linked with.	A. Nature of coil B. Shape of coil C. Flux through coil D. Change in flux through coil
6	The work done by a magnetic field for revolving the charged particle q in a circular path will be.	A. Fd B. Max C. Negative D. Zero
7	The value of the induced emf is directly proportional to the rate of change of.	A. Magnetic flux B. Electric flux C. Force D. Work
8	Electrons while moving perpendicularly through a uniform magnetic field are.	A. Deflected towards north pole B. Deflected towards south pole C. Deflected along circular path D. Not deflected at all
9	A moving charged particle is surrounded by	A. Electric field only B. Magnetic field only C. Both electric and magnetic field D. No field
10	If electric current flows from top towards the bottom through a wire then the direction of lines of force would be .	A. Parallel to the wire B. Perpendicular to the wire C. Clockwise around the wire D. Anticlockwise around the wire
11	The current produced when the conductor moves across a magnetic field is called	A. Electric potential B. Electrostatic induction C. Electromagnetic induction D. Electric polarization
12	Lenz's law is consistent with	A. Law of conservation of energy B. Law of conservation of charge C. Law of conservation of momentum D. Law of conservation of mass
		A. 1 A

13	What is the value of the current in a wire of 10 cm long at the right angle to a uniform magnetic field of 0.5 T when the force acting on the wire is 5 N ?	<p>B. 100 A</p> <p>C. 10 A</p> <p>D. 1000 A</p>
14	The direction of induced current is always so as to oppose the change. Which causes the current, This is the statement of.	<p>A. Lenz's law</p> <p>B. Faraday's law</p> <p>C. Gauss's law</p> <p>D. Joule's law</p>
15	Total number of magnetic lines of force passing normally through unit area is called.	<p>A. Flux density</p> <p>B. Magnetism</p> <p>C. Flux</p> <p>D. Magnetic flux</p>
16	The SI unit of magnetic induction or flux density is.	<p>A. Tesla</p> <p>B. Gauss</p> <p>C. Ampere</p> <p>D. Weber</p>
17	The radius of curvature of the path of a charged particle in a uniform magnetic field is directly proportional to	<p>A. The particle's charge</p> <p>B. The particle's momentum</p> <p>C. The particle's energy</p> <p>D. The flux density of the field</p>
18	A current is flowing towards north along a power line. The direction of the magnetic field over the wire is directed towards.	<p>A. East</p> <p>B. South</p> <p>C. West</p> <p>D. North</p>
19	One of the following quantities that is not affected by the magnetic field is	<p>A. Moving charge</p> <p>B. Change in magnetic flux</p> <p>C. Current flowing in conductor</p> <p>D. Stationary charge</p>
20	Lenz's law deals with the.	<p>A. Magnitude of induced current</p> <p>B. Magnitude of induced emf</p> <p>C. Direction of induced emf</p> <p>D. Direction of induced current</p>