

## 11th Class FSC Mathematics Chapter 12 Test Online

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	In any triangle ABC, law of sines is:	
2	$r_1 =$	
3	In any triangle ABC, law of cosines is:	
4	A circle which touches one side of a triangle externally and the other two produces sides internally is known as:	
5	If $\alpha, \beta, \Gamma$ are the angles of a oblique triangle, then:	A. $\alpha = 90^\circ$ B. $\beta = 90^\circ$ C. $\Gamma = 90^\circ$ D. none of these
6	With usual notations for triangle R equals:	
7	In a triangle ABC $b = \sqrt{3}$ , $c = 1$ , $\alpha = 30^\circ$ then $a =$ :	A. 2 B. 1 C. 3 D. -1
8	If $2s = a + b + c$ , then in any triangle ABC:	D. all of these
9	A circle drawn inside a triangle and touching its sides is known as:	
10	In a right isosceles triangle, one acute angle is:	A. $30^\circ$ B. $45^\circ$ C. $60^\circ$ D. $75^\circ$
11	If the elevation of the sun is $30^\circ$ , the length of the shadow cast by a tower of 150m height is:	D. none
12	Question Image	
13	Question Image	A. 3:5:2 C. 3:2:1 D. 1:2:3
14	In a triangle ABC if $a^2 - b^2 + c^2 = ac$ then $\angle \beta =$	
15	The in-radius $r$ of a triangle is given by:	
16	Question Image	A. right angled B. equilateral C. isosceles D. obtuse angled
17	If triangle ABC, If $\beta = 90^\circ$ then:	D. none of these
18	$r_3 =$	
19	A circle passing though the vertices of a triangle is known as:	
20	In triangle the length of the sides are 7, $4\sqrt{3}$ and $\sqrt{13}$ . Then the smallest angle is:	A. $15^\circ$ B. $30^\circ$ C. $60^\circ$ D. $45^\circ$
21	In $2s = a + b +$ , then in any triangle ABC:	D. all of above
22	If $2s = a + b + c$ , then in any triangle ABC:	D. none of these
23	$r \ r_1 \ r_2 \ r_3 =$	D. abc
24	The circum-radius $R$ of a triangle is given by:	
25	In any triangle ABC, law of tangents is:	D. all of these
26	$r_2 =$	
27	If $2s = a + b + c$ , where $a, b, c$ are the sides of a triangle ABC, then area of triangle ABC is given by:	

28	When two sides and included angle is given, then area of triangle is given by:	D. all of these
29	In a triangle ABC, $(s - a)(s - b) = s(s - c)$ , then the angle $\Gamma =$	
30	In triangle ABC, if $\alpha = 90^\circ$ then:	D. none of these
31	In triangle ABC, if $\Gamma = 90^\circ$ then:	D. $b = c + a$
32	Question Image	
33	The lengths of the sides of a triangle are proportional to the sines of the opposite angles to the sides. This is known as:	A. The law of sines B. The law of cosines C. The law of tangents D. The fundamental law
34	A triangle which is not right angle triangle called _____ triangle:	A. acute B. obtuse C. right D. oblique
35	Question Image	
36	Question Image	A. $r_{1/2}$ B. $r_{2/3}$ C. $r_{3/2}$ D. r