

## Biology Fsc Part 1 Chapter 9 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which sphincter is present between oesophagus and stomach	A. Cardiac sphincter B. Renal sphincter C. Caphalic sphincter D. Heocolic sphincter
2	Muscular tongue plays its role in slection of food through	A. Taste buds B. Muscles C. Saliva D. Ptyalin
3	Which movement results in the mixing of digestive secretion with food.	A. Paristalsis B. Segmentation C. Fragmentation D. Hydration
4	Mastication is a type of	A. Extra cellular digestion B. Intracellular digestion C. Mechanicla digestion D. Chemical digestion
5	Endocrine portion of pancreas secrete.	A. Insulin and Glucagon B. Gastrin and secretin C. Gastrin and somatostatin D. Secretin and cholecystokinin
6	Which change would most affect protein digestion.	A. Inhibiting pepsin production B. Blocking bile release C. Inhibiting salivary glands D. Slowing peristalsis
7	Chyme is released into small intestine through.	A. Pyloric sphincter B. Cardiac sphincter C. Ileocolic sphincter D. Rectal sphincter
8	Which is not part of stomach	A. Colic portion B. Cardian portion C. Fundus portion D. Pyloric
9	Why is segmentation important in the small intestine.	A. It absorbs bile B. It mixes food with digestive juices C. It breaks down enzymes D. It pushes food to the rectum
10	HCl is secreted by	A. Mucos cells B. Oxyntic cells C. Chief cells D. Zymogen cells
11	Next to the caecum is	A. Colon B. Jejunum C. Duodenum D. Ileum
12	Food moves down through the oesophagus to the stomach by	A. Peristalsis B. Garvity C. Homeostasis D. Antiperistalsis
13	Trypsinogen is activated to trypsin by	A. Lipase B. Nuclease C. Pepsinogen D. Enterokinase
14	Which of the following help to retain food in oral cavity	A. Lips B. tongue C. Teeth D. epiglottis
15	For absorption of food each villus is richly supplied with blood capillaries and	A. Veins B. Nerve C. Lacteal D. Arteries

16	Which salivary glands are present in front of ears.	A. Sublingual B. Parotid C. submaillary D. Carotid
17	Chylomicrons are triglycerides coated with	A. Enzymes B. Fats C. Proteins D. Vitamins
18	pH of pancreatic juice is slightly alkaline due to presence of.	A. Bicarbonate B. Phosphate C. Carbonate D. Sulfate
19	Urea is synthesized in	A. Liver B. Kidney C. Lungs D. Heart
20	Why does the enzyme activity drops in the stomach when pH rises.	A. Acid blocks food entry B. Enzymes need acidic pH to work C. Enzymes denature in low pH D. Saliva dilutes gastric juice