

FA Part 2 Mathematics Chapter 6 Test Online

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The radius of circle $x^2 + y^2 + ax + by + c = 0$ is:	D. None
2	If equation of circle is $(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$, then center of a circle:	A. $(-h, -k)$ B. (h, k) C. $(-h, k)$ D. $(h, -k)$
3	The axis of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$ is:	A. $x = 0$ B. $x = -a$ C. $y = 0$ D. $y = -a$
4	If a point lies inside a circle, then its distance from the center is:	A. Equal to the radius B. Less than the radius C. Greater than the radius D. Equal to or greater than the
5	The conic is a parabola, if:	A. $e = 1$ B. $e > 1$ C. $0 < e < 1$ D. $e = 0$
6	The equation $x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 3y = 10$ represents a:	A. A pair of lines B. Circle C. Ellipse D. Hyperbola
7	Perpendicular dropped from the center of a circle on a chord _____ the chord:	A. Normal B. Bisects C. Equal to D. None of these
8	If the equation of the parabola is $y^2 = 4ax$, then opening of the parabola is to the right of the:	A. x-axis B. $y = x$ C. y-axis D. $x + y = 0$
9	Question Image	A. Circle B. Parabola C. Hyperbola D. Ellipse
10	The opening of the parabola $x^2 = 16y$ is to _____ of the x-axis:	A. Left B. Upward C. Right D. Downward
11	The focus of the parabola $x^2 = -4ay$ is:	A. $(-a, 0)$ B. $(0, a)$ C. $(0, -a)$ D. $(a, 0)$
12	Question Image	A. $4a$ B. $2a$ C. $4b$ D. $2b$
13	If the cone is cut by a plane perpendicular to the axis of the cone, then the section is a / an:	A. Parabola B. Circular cone C. Ellipse D. Circle
14	The graph of the parabola $x^2 = -4ay$ is symmetric about:	A. x-axis B. major axis C. y-axis D. minor axis
15	The radius of circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ is:	
16	the focal chord perpendicular to the axis of the parabola is called _____ of the parabola:	A. Directrix B. Latus rectum C. Focus D. Focal chord


17	If r is the radius of any circle and C its center, then any point $P(x_1, y_1)$ lies on the circle only if:	<p>A. $CP \leq r$ B. $CP \geq r$ C. $CP = r$ D. None of these</p>
18	One of the angles of a triangle inscribed in a circle is of 40° . If one of its' the diameter, the other angles have the measures:	<p>A. $30^\circ, 110^\circ$ B. $40^\circ, 100^\circ$ C. $50^\circ, 90^\circ$ D. $20^\circ, 120^\circ$</p>
19	The focus of the parabola $y^2=4ax$ is:	<p>A. $(-a, 0)$ B. $(0, a)$ C. $(0, -a)$ D. $(a, 0)$</p>
20	The axis of the parabola $x^2 = -4ay$ is:	<p>A. $x = a$ B. $x = 0$ C. $y = a$ D. $y = 0$</p>
21	The parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ lies in quadrants:	<p>A. I and II B. III and IV C. II and III D. I and IV</p>
22	A line segment joining two distinct points on a parabola is called a _____ of the parabola:	<p>A. Chord B. Vertex C. Focus D. Directrix</p>
23	The condition for the line $y = mx + c$ to be a tangent to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ is $c =$ _____:	
24	The equi. of latus-rectum of the parabola $y^2 = -4ax$ is:	<p>A. $x = a$ B. $x = -a$ C. $y = a$ D. $y = -a$</p>
25	Length of tangent from $(a, 0)$ to the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ is:	<p>B. c C. $2g + 2f - c$ D. None</p>
26	The center of circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ is:	<p>A. $(-g, -f)$ B. $(-f, -g)$ C. $(0, 0)$ D. (g, f)</p>
27	The fixed point of the conic is called:	<p>A. Directrix B. Vertex C. Focus D. None of these</p>
28	If the radius of a circle is zero, then the circle is called a / an:	<p>A. Circle B. Circular cone C. Ellipse D. Point circle</p>
29	Two imaginary tangents can be drawn to a circle from any point $P(x_1, y_1)$ _____ the circle:	<p>A. Inside B. On C. Outside D. None of these</p>
30	A line segment having both the end-points on a circle and not passing through the center is called a:	<p>A. A chord B. A secant C. A diameter D. None of these</p>
31	The directrix of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is:	<p>A. $x = a$ B. $x = -a$ C. $y = a$ D. $y = -a$</p>
32	The point where the axis meets the parabola is called _____ of the parabola:	<p>A. Directrix B. Vertex C. Focus D. Eccentricity</p>
33	The opening of the parabola $y^2 = -4ax$ is to the left of the:	<p>A. x-axis B. $x = 1$ C. y-axis D. $x = 0$</p>
34	The two parts of a right circular cones are called:	<p>A. Nappes B. Apex of the cone C. Generator D. Vertex</p>

35	Length of tangent from (0,1) to $x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 3y + 3 = 0$	<div> <div></div> <div>C. 4</div> <div>D. 3</div> </div>
36	If the cutting plane is parallel to the axis of the cone and intersects both of its nappes, then the section a / an:	<div> <div>A. Parabola</div> <div>B. Hyperbola</div> <div>C. Ellipse</div> <div>D. None of these</div> </div>
37	The directrix of the parabola $x^2 = -4ay$ is:	<div> <div>A. $x = a$</div> <div>B. $x = -a$</div> <div>C. $y = a$</div> <div>D. $y = -a$</div> </div>
38	The vertex of parabola $(x - 1)^2 = 8(y + 2)$ is:	<div> <div>A. (1, -2)</div> <div>B. (0, 1)</div> <div>C. (-1, -2)</div> <div>D. (1, 2)</div> </div>
39	The number e denotes the _____ of the conic:	<div> <div>A. Directrix</div> <div>B. Vertex</div> <div>C. Focus</div> <div>D. Eccentricity</div> </div>
40	The graph of the parabola $y^2 = -4ax$ lies in quadrants:	<div> <div>A. I and II</div> <div>B. III and IV</div> <div>C. II and III</div> <div>D. I and III</div> </div>
41	Question Image	
42	Equation of axis of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$ is:	<div> <div>A. $x = 0$</div> <div>B. $x = a$</div> <div>C. $y = 0$</div> <div>D. $y = a$</div> </div>
43	The vertex of the parabola $x^2 = -4ay$ is:	<div> <div>A. (a, 0)</div> <div>B. (0, 0)</div> <div>C. (0, -a)</div> <div>D. (0, a)</div> </div>
44	If the equation of the parabola is $y^2 = -4ax$, then opening of the parabola is to the _____ of the y-axis:	<div> <div>A. Left</div> <div>B. Upward</div> <div>C. Right</div> <div>D. Downward</div> </div>
45	The graph of the parabola $y^2 = -4ax$ is symmetric about:	<div> <div>A. x-axis</div> <div>B. major axis</div> <div>C. y-axis</div> <div>D. minor axis</div> </div>
46	A line through a point say P perpendicular to the tangent to the curve at P is called:	<div> <div>A. Straight line</div> <div>B. Tangent line</div> <div>C. Normal line</div> <div>D. None of these</div> </div>
47	Two arcs of two different circles are congruent if:	<div> <div>A. The circles are congruent</div> <div>B. The corresponding central angles are congruent</div> <div>C. Both a and b</div> <div>D. None of the above</div> </div>
48	Question Image	<div> <div>B. 0</div> <div>C. 4</div> <div>D. 7</div> </div>
49	Point p (-5, 6) lies the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 6y - 12 = 0$	<div> <div>A. Outside</div> <div>B. Inside</div> <div>C. On</div> <div>D. None of these</div> </div>
50	If r is the radius of any circle and C its center, then any point P(x_1 , y_1) lies outside the circle only if:	<div> <div>A. $CP \leq r$</div> <div>B. $CP = r$</div> <div>C. $CP > r$</div> <div>D. None of these</div> </div>
51	The equ. of directrix of the parabola $y^2 = -4ax$ is:	<div> <div>A. $x = a$</div> <div>B. $x = -a$</div> <div>C. $y = a$</div> <div>D. $y = -a$</div> </div>
52	The focus of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$:	<div> <div>A. (0, a)</div> <div>B. (-a, 0)</div> <div>C. (0, -a)</div> <div>D. (a, 0)</div> </div>
53	The axis of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is:	<div> <div>A. $x = 0$</div> <div>B. $x = a$</div> <div>C. $y = 0$</div> <div>D.</div> </div>

		<p>U. $y = a$</p> <p>A. 1 cm B. 7cm C. 4cm D. 5cm</p>
54	Two circles of radius 3 cm and 4 cm touch each other externally. The distance between their centers is:	
55	An angle in a semi-circle is:	<p>A. 0° B. 90° C. 180° D. 60°</p>
56	A line that touches the curve without cutting through it is called:	<p>A. Straight line B. Tangent line C. Normal line D. Vertical line</p>
57	The conic is an ellipse, if:	<p>A. $e = 1$ B. $e > 1$ C. $0 < e < 1$ D. $e = 0$</p>
58	The vertex of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$ is:	<p>A. $(-a, 0)$ B. $(0, a)$ C. $(0, -a)$ D. $(0, 0)$</p>
59	The graph of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$ lies in quadrant:	<p>A. I and II B. III and IV C. II and III D. I and III</p>
60	A chord containing the center of the circle is called _____ of the circle:	<p>A. Diameter B. Chord C. Radius D. None of these</p>
61	If the equation of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$, then opening of the parabola is upward of the:	<p>A. x-axis B. y-axis C. Major axis D. Minor axis</p>
62	Two real and distinct tangents can be drawn to a circle from any point $P(x_1, y_1)$ _____ the circle:	<p>A. Inside B. On C. Outside D. None of these</p>
63	The graph of the parabola $y^2 = -4ax$ is symmetric about:	<p>A. x-axis B. $y = x$ C. y-axis D. None of these</p>
64	The axis of the parabola $y^2 = -4ax$ is:	<p>A. $x = a$ B. $x = 0$ C. $y = a$ D. $y = 0$</p>
65	The length of the latus rectum of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is:	<p>A. a B. 4a C. 2a D. None of these</p>
66	A circle is of radius 5 cm, the distance of a chord 8 cm long from its center is:	<p>A. 4 cm B. 3cm C. 2.5cm D. 3.4cm</p>
67	The set of all points in the plane that are equally distant from a fixed point is called a / an:	<p>A. Circle B. Circular cone C. Ellipse D. Point circle</p>
68	If the focus lies on the x-axis with coordinates $F(a, 0)$ and directrix of the parabola is $x = -a$ then the equation of parabola is:	<p>A. $x^2 = 4ay$ B. $y^2 = 4ax$ C. $x^2 = -4ay$ D. $y^2 = -4ax$</p>
69	Point (5, 6) lies the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 81$:	<p>A. Outside B. Inside C. On D. None of these</p>
70	The radius of point circle is:	<p>A. 0 B. $(0, 0)$ C. r D. 1</p>
71	Measure of the central angle of a minor arc is _____ the measure of the angle subtended in the circumference by the same arc.	<p>A. Equal B. Double C. Not equal to D. None of these</p>

	the corresponding major arc.	C. Not equal to D. Triple
72	The opening of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$ is upward of the:	A. x-axis B. y = c C. y - axis D. x = y
73	In equation of circle, coefficient of each of x^2 and y^2 are:	A. Not equal B. Opposite in signs C. Equal D. None of these
74	Question Image	A. Ellipse B. Parabola C. Hyperbola D. Circle
75	The number e denotes the _____ of the conic:	A. Directrix B. Vertex C. Focus D. Eccentricity
76	The curves obtained by cutting a _____ double right circular cone by a _____ are called conics:	A. Straight line B. Plane C. Curve D. None of these
77	A chord passing through the focus of a parabola is called a _____ of the parabola:	A. Directrix B. Latus rectum C. Focus D. Focal chord
78	If r is the radius of the circle and its center is at origin, then equation of circle is:	A. $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ B. $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ C. $x^2 - y^2 = a^2$ D. $x^2 - y^2 = r^2$
79	The opening of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is to the _____ of the:	A. Left B. Upward C. Right D. Downward
80	The directrix of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$ is:	A. $x = a$ B. $x = -a$ C. $y = a$ D. $y = -a$
81	Question Image	A. $x = 0$ B. $y = -a$ C. $y = 0$ D. $y = -a$
82	The point of a parabola which is closest to the focus is the:	A. Directrix B. Vertex C. Focus D. Chord
83	The focus of the parabola $y^2 = -4ax$ is:	A. $(-a, 0)$ B. $(0, a)$ C. $(0, -a)$ D. $(a, 0)$
84	The ratio between the measure of the radial segment and the diameter of a circle is:	A. 2 : 1 B. 4 : 3 C. 1 : 2
85	The distance between the center of a circle and any point of the circle is called:	A. Tangents B. Secant C. Diameter D. Radius
86	If the focus lies on the y - axis with coordinates F(0, a) and directrix of the parabola is $y = -a$, then the equation of parabola is:	A. $x^2 = 4ay$ B. $-x^2 = 4ay$ C. $-y^2 = 4ax$ D. $y^2 = 4ax$
87	In the case of translation of axes which formula is true:	A. $x = X - h$ B. $x = X + h$ C. $x + X = h$ D. None
88	The equation of the latus-rectum of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is:	A. $x = a$ B. $x = -a$ C. $y = a$

$$\begin{aligned} \sim y &= \sim a \\ \text{D. } y &= -a \end{aligned}$$

89	In the case of rotation of axes which formula is true:	
90	A line perpendicular to a radial chord of a circle at the end-point (which lies on the circle) is a:	A. Secant B. Diameter C. Chord D. Tangent
91	If a circle and a line intersect in two points, then the line is called:	A. A chord B. A secant C. A diameter D. None of these
92	$y^2 = 4ax$, is the standard equation of the:	A. Ellipse B. Parabola C. Hyperbola D. None of these
93	If the cutting plane is slightly tilted and cuts only one nappe of the cone, then the section is a / an:	A. Ellipse B. Circular cone C. Circle D. Point circle
94	The vertex of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is:	A. $(-a, 0)$ B. $(a, 0)$ C. $(0, -a)$ D. $(0, 0)$
95	The graph of the parabola $x^2 = -4ay$ lies in quadrants:	A. I and II B. III and IV C. II and III D. I and III
96	A line segment whose end points lie on the circle is called a _____ of the circle.	A. Radius B. Chord C. Diameter D. None of these
97	If the equation of the parabola is $x^2 = 4ay$, then opening of the parabola is to _____ of the x-axis:	A. Left B. Upward C. Right D. Downward
98	The center of circle $(x+3)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 16$ equals:	A. $(-3, 2)$ B. $(3, -2)$ C. $(3, 2)$ D. $(-3, -2)$
99	The vertex of the parabola $y^2 = -4ax$ is:	A. $(-a, 0)$ B. $(a, 0)$ C. $(0, -a)$ D. $(0, 0)$
100	Question Image 	A. a B. 2b C. b D. 2a