

## FA Part 2 Mathematics Chapter 1 Test Online

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which one is an exponential function ?	
2	The range of the function $f(x) =  x $	
3	Question Image	A. Undefined B. $3a^{>2}</sup>$ C. $a^{>2}</sup>$ D. 0
4	$f(x) = x \sec x$ , then $f(0) =$	A. -1 B. 0 C. 1
5	The linear function $f(x) = ax + b$ is an identity function if:	A. $a = 0, b = 1$ B. $a = 1, b = 0$ C. $a = 1, b = 1$ D. $a = 0, b = 1$
6	Let $f(x) = x^2$ , real valued function then domain of $f$ is the set of all:	A. Real numbers B. Integers C. Positive numbers D. Natural numbers
7	Question Image	
8	$f(x)$ is odd function. If and only if:	A. $f(-x) = -f(x)$ B. $f(-x) = f(x)$ C. $f(x) = 3f(-x)$ D. $f(x) = -3f(-x)$
9	Question Image	A. Constant function B. Absolute linear function C. Linear function D. Quadratic function
10	$\cosh^{-1}x =$	
11	If $y$ is an image of $x$ under the function $f$ , we denote it by:	A. $x = f(y)$ B. $x = y$ C. $y = f(x)$ D. $f(x, y) = c$
12	The term function was introduced by:	A. Euler B. Newton C. Lagrange D. Leibniz
13	If $x$ and $y$ are so mixed up and $y$ cannot be expressed in terms of the independent variable $x$ , then $y$ is called a/an ---- function of $x$ .	A. Constant B. Explicit C. Implicit D. Inverse
14	Question Image	A. Implicit B. Explicit C. Exponential D. Logarithmic
15	If the degree of a polynomial function is -----, then it is called a linear function:	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3
16	Let $f(x) = x^2$ , then range of $f$ is the set of all:	A. Real numbers B. Non-negative real numbers C. Non-negative integers D. Complex numbers
17	Question Image	A. 4, -4 B. 0 C. 2, -2 D. 0, 4
18	Question Image	A. Parabola B. Hyperbola C. Ellipse

		<p>C. Ellipse</p> <p>D. Circle</p>
19	Question Image	<p>A. 4</p> <p>B. Does not exist</p>
20	A function $P(x) = 6x^4 + 7x^3 + 5x + 1$ is called a polynomial function of degree ----- with leading coefficient -----.	<p>A. 4, 6</p> <p>B. 2, 7</p> <p>C. 2, 3</p> <p>D. 2, 5</p>
21	If a function $f$ is from a set $X$ to a set $Y$ , then set $X$ is called the _____ of $f$ :	<p>A. Domain</p> <p>B. Range</p> <p>C. Co-domain</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
22	Let $f(x) = x^3 + \sin x$ , then $f(x)$ is:	<p>A. Even function</p> <p>B. Odd function</p> <p>C. Power function</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
23	A function, in which the variables are _____ numbers, then function is called a real valued function of real numbers.	<p>A. Complex</p> <p>B. Rational</p> <p>C. Real</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
24	Question Image	
25	Question Image	<p>A. Continuous at <math>x = 1</math></p> <p>B. Not continuous at <math>x = 1</math></p> <p>C. Both a and b</p> <p>D. none</p>
26	Question Image	<p>A. Line</p> <p>B. Parabola</p> <p>C. Ellipse</p> <p>D. Hyperbola</p>
27	$\tanh x =$	
28	Inverse hyperbolic functions are expressed in terms of natural:	<p>A. Numbers</p> <p>B. Exponential</p> <p>C. Logarithms</p> <p>D. Sines</p>
29	Which one is an identity function ?	<p>B. <math>f(x) = g(x)</math></p> <p>C. <math>f(x) = x</math></p> <p>D. <math>f(x) = 1</math></p>
30	If $y = f(x)$ , then the variable $x$ is called ----- variable of a function $f$ .	<p>A. Dependent</p> <p>B. Independent</p> <p>C. Image of <math>y</math></p> <p>D. None of these</p>
31	Question Image	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 3</p> <p>D. 4</p>
32	Question Image	<p>A. <math>\mathbb{R}</math></p> <p>B. <math>\mathbb{R} - \{2\}</math></p> <p>C. <math>\mathbb{R} - \{2, -2\}</math></p> <p>D. <math>\mathbb{R} - \{-2\}</math></p>
33	A function, in which the variable appears as exponent (power), is called a / an ----- function.	<p>A. Constant</p> <p>B. Explicit</p> <p>C. Exponential</p> <p>D. Inverse</p>
34	Parametric equations $x = a \cos t$ , $y = a \sin t$ represent the equation of:	<p>A. Line</p> <p>B. Circle</p> <p>C. Parabola</p> <p>D. Ellipse</p>
35	Let $f(x) = x^2 + 3$ , then domain of $f$ is:	<p>A. Set of all integers</p> <p>B. Set of natural numbers</p> <p>C. Set of real numbers</p> <p>D. Set of rational numbers</p>
36	The symbol $y = f(x)$ i.e. $y$ is equal to $f$ of $x$ , invented by Swiss mathematician-----:	<p>A. Euler</p> <p>B. Cauchy</p> <p>C. Leibniz</p> <p>D. Newton</p>
37	Question Image	<p>A. Common logarithmic</p> <p>B. Natural logarithmic</p> <p>C. Exponential</p> <p>D. None of these</p>

38	Question Image	A. 0 B. 1 C. e D. Does not exist
39	$\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x =$	A. 1 B. -1 C. 2 D. -2
40	$f(x) = \sin x + \cos x$ is ----- function:	A. Even B. Odd C. Composite D. Neither even nor odd function
41	$x = 3 \cos t, y = 3 \sin t$ represent	A. Line B. Circle C. Parabola D. Hyperbola
42	Question Image	A. Constant B. Implicit C. Explicit D. Inverse
43	Question Image	A. $\sin x$ B. $\cos x$ C. $\sinh x$ D. $\cosh x$
44	Question Image	A. Constant B. Implicit C. Identity D. Inverse
45	The function $y = \ln x$ is a/an ----- function of $x$ .	A. Constant B. Explicit C. Exponential D. Logarithmic
46	The area $A$ of a circle as a function of its circumference $C$ is:	
47	Which one is not an exponential function ?	
48	$x^2 + y^2 = 4$ is:	A. Function B. Not a function C. Ellipse D. Line
49	Question Image	A. 0 B. 2 C. 1 D. 3
50	If $f(x) =  x $ , $f(x)$ is a:	A. Constant function B. Absolute function C. Linear function D. Quadratic function
51	Question Image	A. Even B. Odd C. One-one D. Zero
52	Which one is a constant function ?	A. $f(x) = x^2$ B. $f(x) = x$ C. $f(x) = x + 1$ D. $f(x) = 14$
53	Every relation, which can be represented by a linear equation in two variables, represents a:	A. Graph B. Function C. Cartesian product D. Relation
54	If a variable $y$ depends on a variable $x$ in such a way that each value of $x$ determines exactly one value of $y$ , then $y$ is a _____ of $x$ .	A. Independent variable B. Not function C. Function D. None of these
55	Question Image	A. $f(x^2 + 1)$ B. $f(x)$ D. $f(x^2)$
56	Let $f(x) = \cos x$ , then $f(x)$ is an:	A. Even function B. Odd function C. Power function D. None of these

$$\cosh^2 x + \sinh^2 x =$$

- A.  $\cosh x^2$
  - B.  $\cosh 2x$
  - C.  $\sinh 2x$
  - D.  $\tanh 2x$
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