

Civics Fa Part 1 Chapter 9 Online Test English Medium

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	In which country the selection of Upper House is done by Indirect Elections.	A. Britain B. U.S.A. C. U.A.E. D. Russia
2	The effective means of communication is.	A. Radio B. T.V. C. Cinema D. Press
3	The example of Direct Democracy is.	A. Britian B. U.S.A. C. France D. Switzerland
4	In whihc country the method of plebiscite is prevailed.	A. U.S.A. B. Britain C. India D. Switzerland
5	Disraeli was the Prime Minister of.	A. Germany B. Israel C. Canada D. Britian
6	"It is the foremost duty of politicia parties to organize public opinion. " Thsai is teh statement of.	A. Lowell B. Laski C. Holland D. Gattel
7	According to whihc thinker it is mandatory, for the voter to be educated.	A. Rogez B. Rhodessn C. J.Steward Mill D. Farabc
8	Which part is played by such political parties in Legislature whcih could not get support of majority.	A. Pressure Group B. Opposition C. Allied parties D. Ruling Party
9	How many means are of the accomplishment and expression of public opinion.	A. Five B. Seven C. Nine D. Eleven
10	The government cannot ignore the opinion of..... while carving out its policies.	A. Judiciary B. Legislature C. Public D. President
11	The capacity for Referendum was created in Pakistan through..... amendment in the present constitution.	A. 5th B. 8th C. 13th D. 18th
12	How many condition are mandatory for the accomplishment of balanced and effective public opinion.	A. Two B. Four C. Six D. Eight
13	According to the resolutions of United Nations how teh Kashmir dispute can be solved.	A. Direct Elections B. Plebiscite C. Public opinion D. Negotiations
14	How many methods are of elections.	A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five
15	Who has supported Direct Democracy.	A. Socrates B. Ibn-e-Khaldoon C. Plato D. Rousseau

16 The voters have the right of referendum in.
A. Pakistan
B. Saudi Arabia
C. Iran
D. China

17 The first and foremost condition for the accomplishment of effect public opinion is.
A. Political awareness
B. Free press
C. Rule of Law
D. Education

18 In the first step of indirect elections. are set up
A. Political parties
B. Leaders
C. Candidates
D. Electoral institutions

19 When people by themselves suggest the framing of any law then it is called.
A. Consensus
B. Plebiscite
C. Right of Instruction
D. Referendum

20 What age is fixed for determining adolescence in Norway.
A. 18 years
B. 20 years
C. 23 years
D. 25 years
