

Dynamic

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	What we kick a stone, we get hurt This is due to	A. Inertia B. Momentum C. Reaction D. Velocity
2	The rate of change of momentum of free falling body is equal to its.	A. Size B. Velocity C. Weight D. Momentum
3	$N \text{ kg}^{-1}$ is equivalent to	A. m s^{-1} B. m s^{-2} C. kg ms^{-1} D. kg m s^{-2}
4	Change in momentum of a body is equal to	A. Force Velocity B. Force Time C. Mass time D. Force
5	A lubricant is usually introduced between two surfaces to decreases friction. The lubricant.	A. Decreases temperture B. Provides rolling friction C. Prevents direct contact of the surfaces D. Acts as ball bearings
6	When a hanging carpet is beaten by stick Dust flies off the carpet It is mainly due to.	A. Action force on carpet B. Inertia of dust C. Reaction force by carpet D. Rate of change of momentum of carpet
7	At the fairground, the force that balances your weight is	A. Gravitational force B. Electrostatic force C. Centripetal force D. Frictional force
8	An object will continue its motion with constant acceleration until	A. The resultant force is at right angle B. The resultant force on it begins to increase C. The resultant force on it begins to decrease D. The resultant force is at right angle to its tangential velocity
9	A force acts on a boyd for 2 seconds and it produces 50 kg m/s change in its momentum. The force acting on the body	A. 25 N B. 100 N C. 2 N D. 50 N
10	An object of mass 1 kg placed at earth's surface experience a force of.	A. 1 N B. 9.8 N C. 100 N D. Any Value
11	Conservation of Linear momentum is equivalent to.	A. Newton's Firs law of motion B. Newton's second law of motion C. Newton's third law of motion D. None of these
12	A large force acts on an objet for a very short interval of time. In the case, it is easy to determine.	A. Magnitude of force B. Time interveal C. Product of force and time D. None of these
13	The force which moves the car is	A. Force of friction between road tyre B. Force developed by engine C. Uniform velocity D. Water split on the road
14	An object with a mass 5 kg moves at constatn velocity of 10 ms^{-1} A constant force then acts for 5 seconds on the object and gives it a velocity of 2 ms^{-1} . In the opposite direction ,The force actina on the obiects is.	A. -12 N B. 5 N C. -10 N D. -15 N

15 A ball with initial momentum p hits a solid wall and bounces back with the same velocity. Its momentum p' after collision will be.
A. $P' = p$
B. $P' = -P$
C. $P' = 2P$
D. $P' = -2P$

16 A force n 5 N is applied to a body weighing 10 N. Its acceleration in m/s^2 is
A. 0.5
B. 2
C. 5
D. 50

17 A particle of mass m moving with a velocity v collides with another particle of the same mass at rest. The velocity of the first particle after collision is.
A. 0
B. v
C. $-p$
D. $-1/2$

18 Which of the following is a non-contact force.
A. Friction
B. Electrostatic force
C. Air resistance
D. Tension in the string

19 A bucket having some water is revolved in vertical circle. Water does not spill out, even the bucket is upside down, due to.
A. Centrifugal force on water
B. Weight of water
C. Inertial of water
D. Action and Reaction balance each other

20 Thrust force is a consequence of which law of motion.
A. First
B. Second
C. Third
D. Fourth