

The Science of Biology

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | The branch deals with the study of form and structure of living organisms is called | A. Morphology B. Genetics C. Physiology D. Cell biology |
| 2 | A.F.A King listed observations. | A. 10 B. 20 C. 30 D. 40 |
| 3 | Biology is the scientific study of. | A. Life B. Earth C. Watr D. Non -living thing |
| 4 | A good hypothesis must be | A. Proven right B. Based on a single observation C. Testable and potentially falsifiable D. Complex |
| 5 | In biological method the next step of hypothesis is called. | A. Reslult B. Experiment C. Observation D. Deduction |
| 6 | Wheih of the following statemetns best distinguishes hypotheses from theories in science? | A. Theories are hypotheses that have been proven true B. Theories are based on limited data while hypotheses are based on wide ragne of data C. Theories are uncertain while hypotheses are certain D. Theories are educated guess while hypotheses are widely accepted explanation of natrual phenomenon |
| 7 | | A. Biogeography B. Taxonomy |
| • | Which branch of Biology involves the study of athe classification of organisms. | C. Physiology D. Palacontology |
| 8 | Which branch of Biology involves the study of athe classification of organisms. Into how many major divisions biology is divided | C. Physiology |
| | | C. Physiology D. Palacontology A. 2 B. 2 C. 4 |
| 8 | Into how many major divisions biology is divided Material patient has plasmodium in his blood, what would be the possible explanation if a | C. Physiology D. Palacontology A. 2 B. 2 C. 4 D. 6 A. Plasmodium are dead B. Plasmodium are in incubation period C. Plasmodium are not mature |
| 8 | Into how many major divisions biology is divided Material patient has plasmodium in his blood, what would be the possible explanation if a healthy person who is not haiving any malarial symptoms shows Plasmodium in his blood? | C. Physiology D. Palacontology A. 2 B. 2 C. 4 D. 6 A. Plasmodium are dead B. Plasmodium are in incubation period C. Plasmodium are not mature D. Plasmodium are inactive A. Morphology B. Physiology C. Histology |
| 9 | Into how many major divisions biology is divided Material patient has plasmodium in his blood, what would be the possible explanation if a healthy person who is not haiving any malarial symptoms shows Plasmodium in his blood? The study of functions of varios organs of an organisms is. | C. Physiology D. Palacontology A. 2 B. 2 C. 4 D. 6 A. Plasmodium are dead B. Plasmodium are in incubation period C. Plasmodium are not mature D. Plasmodium are inactive A. Morphology B. Physiology C. Histology D. Anatomy A. Proceeds slowly enough that a scientist can record the resluts B. May include experimental groups and control grops tested in parallel C. Is repeated many time to ake sure the results are accurate D. Proceed slowly enough that a |

| | | D. Entomology |
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| 14 | Being a biologial research worker, you are studying "Markhor" which branch of biology it will be | A. Zoology B. Biology C. Plaeontology D. Parasitology |
| 15 | Heart pumps, the brain memorizes, kidnesy excrete, The statemen comes from | A. Anatomy B. Cardiology C. Physiology D. Morphlogy |
| 16 | Which step comes between making hypothesis and doing experiments? | A. Making observation B. Making Deductions C. Summariing results D. Analysing Data |
| 17 | Mr. Nauman was busy in disecting and analyzing the heart of frog Probably he is a. | A. Cell biologist B. Histologist C. Taxonomist D. Palacontologist |
| 18 | Who performed experiments on sparrow. | A. A.F.A King B. Laveran C. Ross D. None of these |
| 19 | Following are the charactristics of a good hypothesis EXCEPT. | A. Should be a complex statement B. Should be a tentative idea C. Should be testable D. Should agree with available observations |
| 20 | What is the study of diseases and their causes called. | A. Pharmacology B. Pathology C. Anatomy D. Physiology |
| 21 | Five sencses are involved in | A. Experiment B. Observation C. Hypothesis D. Deduction |
| 22 | Experiments are very important in scientific method because a researcher. | A. Gets a chance to work in the laboratory B. Disprove many hypotheses and gets some hypotheses proved C. Alwyas gets correct result D. Is sure that he will prove the hypotheses |
| 23 | "The number of plants in desert are scarce". This could be the statement of | A. Biogeographist B. taxonomist C. Social biologist D. Palacontologist |
| 24 | Which field applies computer technology to biological search | A. Biogeography B. Computtaional biology C. Bioeconomics D. Biostatistics |
| 25 | What does MBBS stand for? | A. Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery B. Master of Biology and Biological studies C. Bachelor of Medical Biological science D. Master of Biochemical biological studies |
| 20 | The ecceptific method in which high side such large are salved in the salved as | A. Physical method B. Chemical method |
| 26 | The scientific method in which biologicla problems are solved is termed as | C. Biologicla method D. Statistical method |
| 27 | The study of how living things interact with each other and their environment in known as. | A. Ecology B. Anatomy C. Genetics D. Physiology |
| 28 | The study of the processes of heredity and ariation in livng organisms is known as. | A. Genetics B. Ecololgy C. Anatomy D. Proteomics |
| 29 | Whiih of the following is NOT a characteristic of the scientific method? | A. Hypothesis will always be correct B. It relies on evidence C. It involves formulating hypotheses D. It requires regorous testing |

D. Entomology

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| 30 | People who slept near smoky fire had less chance to suffer from malaria Why? | A. Smoke kills plasmodium in their blood B. Fire increases temperature and plasmodium are killed in air C. Mosquitoes cannot tolerate smoke and are repelled D. Smoke kills plasmodium presnet in mosquitoes |
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| 31 | Histology is the microoscopic study of | A. Cells B. Fossils C. Tissues D. Plants |
| 32 | Deduction are drawn from | A. Law B. Hypothesis C. Experiment D. Theory |
| 33 | Information that is gathered as a result of an experiment is called. | A. Data B. Observation C. Theory D. Hypothesis |
| 34 | The oldes knwon fossil is cyanobacterium estimated to be years old. | A. 3.5 billion B. 2.4 billion C. 1.4 billion D. 4 billion |
| 35 | For the first time, who found plasmodium in the blood of malarial patient? | A. Laveran B. Mendel C. Ronald Rose D. A.F.A.King |
| 36 | What does the field of forensic sciecne involve. | A. Garden management B. Drug development C. Livestock management D. Examination of evidence from crime scences |
| 37 | Which of the following best describes the field of biotechnology. | A. Use of biologicla processes to develop technologies B. Study of diseases C. Study of marine life D. Management of forest resources |
| 38 | "We made every living thing from water". Yhid btdr id gtom ehivh duts og Holy Quran? | A. Al -Rehman B. Al-ambia C. Al -Noor D. Al-Mominoon |
| 39 | Malaria is caused by | A. Plasmodium B. Mosquito C. Stagnant water D. Swamp |
| 40 | Which of the following profession deals with the diagonosis and treatment of diseases in human? | A. Medicine B. Farming C. Biotechnology D. Surgery |
| 41 | Human Genome project was completed | A. 2001 B. 2000 C. 2003 D. 2002 |
| 42 | Study of insects is called | A. Ecology B. Genetics C. Immunology D. Entomology |
| 43 | The other name of environmental biology is | A. Ecology B. Biotechnology C. Microbiology D. Cell biology |
| 44 | Number of steps of biological method are. | A. Seven B. Six C. Two D. Eight |
| 45 | Which branch of Biiology focuses on the study of the structure and function of cells? | A. Ecology B. Cytology C. Microbiology D. Histology |
| | | A. Theory |

| 46 | The logical consequences of hypothesis ar | B. Law C. Observation D. Deduction |
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| 47 | The news emerging careers of biology include. | A. Genetics B. Bioinformatis and biomedical engineering C. Biotechnology D. All of above |
| 48 | What is the correct experiment to known that Plasmodium destroys blood cells? | A. Examine the blood of a single healthy person B. Examine the blood of some healthy and also some infected persons C. Allow mosquito to bite a ehalthy person and examine his blood D. Examine the blood of a single infected person |
| 49 | Biolgoy is a word of wheih language | A. Greek B. Latin C. Arabic D. English |
| 50 | Match anatomy with one of the following | A. Physiology B. Genetics C. Morphology D. Embryology |
| 51 | The starting point of scientific investigation is. | A. Hypothesis B. Data C. Theory D. Observation |
| 52 | The study of occurrence and distribution of differente species of living organism in different geographical regions of the world is called. | A. Biogeography B. Histology C. Microbiology D. Parastitology |
| 53 | What is the role of horticulturist. | A. Performign surggries B. Developign medicines C. Plant breeding and cultivation D. Disease diagnosis |
| 54 | Insuling made through bacteria is an example of the technique of | A. Parasitology B. Biotechnology C. Histology D. Biochemistry |
| 55 | How many people get lung cancer by smoking? This questio can be answered through. | A. Biometry B. Biophysics C. Bio-economics D. Biogeography |
| 56 | Choose the correct sequence of steps of sciecntific method. | A. Law-theory -deduction observation B. Observations-hypthesis-deduction -experiment C. Observation -hypotheis-law-theroy D. Hypthesis-observation -deduction -experiment |
| 57 | Which of the following best describes the logic of the scientific process. | A. If I generate a testable hypothesis tests and observations will support it B. If my observation are accurate they will support my hypothesis C. If my hypothesis is correct, I can expet certain test result D. If my prediction is correct it will lead to a testable hypothesis. |
| 58 | Microbiology is the study of | A. Fungi B. Animals C. Microorganisms D. Plants |
| 59 | The scientific method in biology starts with. | A. Deduction B. Hypothesis C. Recognition of a problem D. Anaylsis of results |
| 60 | The branch whoih deals with the study of cell division is called. | A. Physiology B. Histology C. Cell biology D. Entomology |
| 61 | A well -subtantiated explanaton of hypothesis is called | A. Theory B. Deduction C. Observation |

| | | D. Experimentation |
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| 62 | The study of plants is called | A. Botany B. Biology C. Zoology D. Microbiology |
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