

Mathematics 10th Class English Medium Unit 4 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Question Image	A. Proper fraction B. Improper fraction C. Irrational fraction D. Rational fraction
2	A fraction with degree of numerator less than degree of denominator:	A. Equation B. Improper C. Identify D. Proper
3	To resolve rational fraction, the numerator N(x) must be lower degree than the:	A. Quotient Q(x) B. Denominator D(x) C. Nenomenator N(x) D. Polynomial R(x)
4	The quotient of two numbers or algebraic expressions is called:	A. Ratio B. Fraction C. Proportion D. Percentage
5	Question Image	A. <p class="MsoNormal">Proper fraction <o:p></o:p></p></p> B. Improper fraction C. Irrational fraction D. Rational fraction
6	An identity is:	A. An equation B. A polynomial C. A fraction D. A ratio
7	The quotient is indicated by a:	A. Comma (,) B. Bracket () C. Bar (-) D. Hyphen (!)
8	Question Image	A. <p class="MsoNormal">Proper fraction </p></p> B. Rational fraction C. Improper fraction D. Irrational fraction
9	A fraction in which the degree of numerator is less than the degree of the denominator is called:	A. An equation B. An improper fraction C. An identity D. A proper fraction
10	Question Image	

- 11 Question Image A. A proper fraction
B. An improper fraction
C. An identity
D. An constant term
- 12 Question Image A. An identity
B. An equation
C. A faction
D. None of these
- 13 Question Image A.

Proper fraction </p>
B. Improper fraction
C. Irrational fraction
D. Rational fraction

- 14 Question Image A. An equation system
B. A constant
C. A quadratic equation
D. An identity

- 15 Question Image A.

Proper fraction <o:p></o:p></p>
B. C. D.

- 16 Question Image A.

Proper fraction <o:p></o:p></p>
B. C. D.

- 17 A single fraction which is the simplified from of two or more than two fractions is called:
A. <p class="MsoNormal">Proper fraction <o:p></o:p></p>
B. C. D.

- 18 Question Image A. An improper fraction
B. An equation
C. A proper fraction
D. None of these

- 19 Question Image A. A linear equation
B. An equation
C. An identity
D. None of these
- 20 $(x+3)^2 = x^2 + 6x + 9$ is:
A. A proper fraction
B. An improper fraction
C. An identity
D. None of these

21	Question Image	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal">Proper fraction </p></p> <p>B. Rational fraction</p> <p>C. Irrational fraction</p> <p>D. Improper fraction</p>
22	Question Image	<p>A. Polynomial</p> <p>B. Variable</p> <p>C. Constant</p> <p>D. Co-efficient</p>
23	Question Image	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal">Proper fraction <o:p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. Rational fraction</p> <p>C. Improper fraction</p> <p>D. Irrational fraction</p>
24	A fraction in which the degree of the numerator is greater or equal to the degree of denominator is called:	<p>A. A proper fraction</p> <p>B. An improper fraction</p> <p>C. An equation</p> <p>D. Algebraic relation</p>
25	The identity $(5x + 4)^2 = 25x^2 + 40x + 16$ is true for:	<p>A. One value of x</p> <p>B. Two value of x</p> <p>C. All values of x</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
26	Every improper fraction can be reduced to sum of polynomial and a proper fraction by:	<p>A. Addition</p> <p>B. Division</p> <p>C. Subtraction</p> <p>D. Multiplication</p>
27	To resolve rational fraction, multiply both sides by:	<p>A. H.C.F</p> <p>B. An even, number</p> <p>C. L.C.M</p> <p>D. An odd number</p>
28	A quadratic factor is:	<p>A. $ax^2 + bx + c$</p> <p>B. $ax + b$</p> <p>C. $Ax + B + C$</p> <p>D. $bx + c$</p>