

ECAT Mathematics Chapter 18 Basic Concepts & Definitions

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
2	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
3	The derivative of $1/x^m$ is:	A. x^{m+1}/m B. $m(x)^{m-1}$ C. $(m-1)x^{-m}$ D. m/x^{m+1}
4	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
5	$d/dx(x^3 + 2x + 3) =$	A. $x^2 + 2$ B. $3x + 2$ C. $3x^2 + 5$ D. $3x^2 + 2$
6	If c is a constant, then $d/dx(c) =$	A. 0 B. c C. cx D. 1
7	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	A. 8 B. $1/8$ C. $1/3$ D. $2/3$
8	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	A. $2x$ B. $x/2$ C. $2x^3$ D. $x^3/2$
9	Differentiation of $\sin x$ w.r.t. $\cot x$ is:	A. $-\sin^2 x \sec x$ B. $-\cos x \sin^2 x$ C. $-\cos^2 x \tan x$ D. $-\sin^2 x$
10	If $f(x) = c$ then $f^{-1}(x)$ equals:	A. 1 B. 0 C. cx D. c
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12	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
13	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
14	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
15	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
16	If $f(x) = x^{2/3}$ then $f^{-1}(x)$ at $x = 8$ equals:	A. 8 B. $1/8$ C. $1/3$ D. $2/3$
17	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
18	$d/dx(\cot x) =$	A. $\sec x \tan x$ B. $-\csc^2 x$ C. $\sec^2 x$ D. $1/\cot^2 x$
19	If $x = at^2$ and $y = 2at$ then $dy/dx =$	A. $2a/y$ B. $y/2a$ C. $-a/2y$ D. $-2y/a$
20	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	

