

## ECAT Physics Chapter 7 Oscillations

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The graph showing the variation of displacement with time is a	A. Sine curve B. Straight line C. Parabola D. None of these
2	The number of vibration in two seconds can be expressed as of frequency of vibration is f:	A. f B. 2 f C. 3 f D. 1/2 f
3	The restoring force is and opposite tot he applied force within	A. Equal, Elastic limit B. Different, The walls of the laboratory C. Different, Elastic limit D. None of these
4	An object in SHM will have maximum speed when its displacement from equilibrium position is:	A. Infinity B. Maximum C. Zero D. Minimum
5	A particle is moving along a circular path with uniform speed. Its projection will executealong theof the circle:	A. Circular motion, circumference B. Vibrator, chord C. SHM, diameter D. SHM, circumference
6	An angle of 180° in circular motion is equivalent to in SHM.	A. Half the vibration B. One vibration C. 3/4th of a vibration D. None of these
7	A body of mass 0.031 kg attached to one end of a spring of spring constant 0.3 N/m, then time period of spring mass system will be:	A. 1.5 sec B. 2.0 sec C. 2.3 sec D. 2.5 sec
8	The time period of a simple pendulum is independent of its:	A. Length B. Mass C. Value of g D. Both A and B
9	Amplitude in SHM is equivalent to in circular motion	A. Diameter B. Radius C. Circumference D. None of these
10	A particle moving uniformly along circle its projection along diameter performs	A. Linear motion B. Projectile motion C. SHM D. Rotatory motion
11	The SI unit of spring constant is identical with that of	A. Force B. Surface tension C. Pressure D. Loudness
12	The unit of spring constant is	A. J-sec B. Metre C. Nm <sup>-1</sup> D. None of these
13	The restoring force is amd opposite to the applied force within:	A. Equal, elastic limit B. Different, the walls of the laboratory C. Different, elastic limit D. None of these
14	The maximum distance of body from mean position when body is executing SHM is called	A. Time period B. Displacement C. Amplitude D. Frequency
		Δ 90

A. 90<span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial;

15	When quarter of a circle is completed, the phase of vibration is:	background-position: initial; background-size: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial;">° B. 180 <span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-size: initial; background-origin: initial; background-image: initial; background-size: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-size: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial;">°</span> D. 360 <span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial;">°</span>
16	If a force of 0.05 N produces an elongation of 20 mm in a string, then its spring constant will be:	A. 250 N m <sup>-1</sup> B. 25 N m <sup>-1</sup> C. 2.5 N m <sup>-1</sup> D. None of these
17	The restoring force is and opposite to the applied force within,:	A. Equal, elastic limit B. Different, the walls of the laboratory C. Different, elastic limit D. None of these
18	Which of the following quantity for particle executing SHM is non-zero at mean position	A. Force B. Acceleration C. Velocity D. Displacement
19	If mass of 10 gm is suspended from a spring of K=0.8 Nm <sup>-1</sup> then the extension will be:	A. 10 cm B. 1 m C. 10 mn D. None of these
20	When a mass attached to a spring begins to move left or right from the equilibrium position, its P.E.:	A. Increases B. Decreases C. Remains constant D. None of these