

ECAT Physics Chapter 5 Circular Motion

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The number of "Earth Stations" which transmit signals to satellites and receive signals from them are	A. 3 B. 24 C. 126 D. 200
2	A point on the rim of a wheel moves 0.2 m when the wheel turns through an angle of 14.3 degrees. The radius of the wheel is:	A. 0.05 m B. 0.08 m C. 0.8 m D. 0.008 m
3	When a body moves with a constant speed in a circle:	A. No work is done on it B. No acceleration is produced in the body C. Velocity remains constant D. None of these
4	The useful unit of the angular displacement in SI unit is:	A. Degree B. Revolution C. Radian D. Metre
5	Centripetal acceleration is also called _____ acceleration:	A. Tangential B. Radial C. Angular D. None of them
6	Radian is defined as the angle subtended at the center of a circle by an arc of:	A. Length equal to its diameter B. Length equal to its radius C. Any length D. None of these
7	A flywheel accelerates from rest to an angular velocity of 7 rad/sec in 7 seconds. Its average acceleration will be:	A. 49 rad/sec^2 B. 1 rad/sec^2 C. 0.16 rev/sec^2 D. Both A and C E. Both B and C
8	A disc rolls down a hill and its speed at bottom is found to be 11.4 m/sec. Height of the hill is then nearly:	A. 10 m B. 12 m C. 13 m D. 15 m
9	Which of the following pairs does not have identical dimensions?	A. Torque and energy B. Energy and work C. Momentum and impulse D. Mass and moment of inertia
10	A body moving along the circumference of a circle of radius R completes one revolution. The radius of a covered path to the angle subtended at the centre is:	A. Radius of the circle B. Twice the radius C. Thrice the radius D. None of these
11	_____ plays the same role during angular motion as played by the mass in linear motion	A. Torque B. Angular Momentum C. Moment of a force D. Moment of inertia
12	Satellites are held in orbits around Earth by its:	A. Gravitational field B. Magnetic field C. Own orbital motion D. Own spin motion
13	A body moving along the circumference of a circle of radius R completes one revolution. The radius of the covered path to the angle subtended at the center is:	A. Radius of the circle B. Twice the radius C. Thrice the radius D. None of these
14	A car is turning around a corner at 10 m/sec as it travels along an arc of circle. If value of centripetal acceleration is 10 m/sec^2 in this case, find radius of the circular path:	A. 1 m B. 5 m C. 10 m D. 15 m
15	The rear wheels of an automobile are rev/sec which is reduced to 38 rad/sec in 5 seconds when brakes are applied. Its angular acceleration is:	A. 5 rad/sec^2 B. -10 rad/sec^2 C. -10 rad/sec^2 D. 5 rad/sec^2

D. -5 rad/sec^2

16 Angular velocity is a:

- A. Scalar quantity
- B. Vector quantity
- C. Complex quantity
- D. None of these

17 When an object moves with a uniform angular velocity, then its instantaneous angular velocity is equal to:

- A. Zero
- B. Its average velocity
- C. Its angular displacement
- D. None of these

18 Einstein's theory about gravity is better than Newton's because it gave explanation of:

- A. Inverse square law
- B. Bending of light
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of above

19 In rotational motion, analogue of force F is called:

- A. Couple
- B. Torque
- C. Mass
- D. Moment of inertia

20 The net force acting on a 100 kg man standing in an elevator accelerating downward with a $= 9.8 \text{ m sec}^{-2}$ comes out to be

- A. 980 N
- B. 580 N
- C. 1380 N
- D. Zero