

## Physics ECAT Pre Engineering Chapter 2 Vectors and Equilibrium

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	For measuring the angle between two vectors graphically, we join:	A. Tails of both the vectors B. Tail of one vector with the head of other C. Heads of both the vectors D. None of these
2	Choose the set of physical quantities, which have both numerical and directional properties:	A. Velocity, mass B. Speed, acceleration C. acceleration weight D. Distance, force
3	The change of order of vectors in a dot product of two vectors:	A. Changes its value B. Doesn't change it's value C. Changes the direction product quantity D. None of these
4	When the magnitude of two component vectors are equal to that of their resultant, then the angle between the components is:	A. 60 <span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-size: initial; background-epeat: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-epeat: initial; background-size: initial; background-size: initial; background-position: initial; background-position: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-image: initial; background-epeat: initial; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-image: initial; background-size: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial; background-clip: initial; background-clip: initial; background-clip: initial; background-clip: initial; ">°</span>
5	A vector which has magnitude 'one' is called:	A. Resultant vector B. A unit vector C. Position vector D. None of these
6	An vector of 10 N makes an angle of 45° with x-axis. Angle between its rectangular components with be:	A. 45 <span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-orign: initial; background-orign: initial; background-clip: initial;">°</span> B. 90

		origin: initial; background-clip: initial;">° C. 135 <span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial;">°</span> D. Zero
7	Two forces each of the magnitude F act perpendicular to each other. The angle made by the resultant force with the horizontal will be:	A. 30 <span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-geat: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial;">°</span> B. 45

16	Tick the correct answer:	A. Torque is a vector quantity     B. Torque is the turning effect of a force     C. Torque is called moment of a force     D. All of above
17	Two forces each of 10 N act on a body, if the force are inclined at 30° and 60° respectively with x-axis, then x-component of their resultant is:	A. 20 N B. 13.66 N C. 10 N D. 8.66 N
18	Scalar product is also called:	A. Cross product B. Dot product C. Product scalar D. <div>Product vector</div>
19	Cosine of an angle is positive in:	A. 2nd quadrant B. 3rd quadrant C. 4th quadrant D. All of these
20	The vector is space has:	A. One Component B. Two Components C. Three Components D. Non of these