

ECAT Physics Chapter 15 Electromagnetic Induction

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| SI | Questions | |
| 1 | Referring to above figure, current in coil P falls from its maximum value to zero | A. At the instant the switch is closed B. At the instant the switch is opened C. When switch is kept open D. When switch is kept closed E. None of these |
| 2 | Micheal Faraday and joseph Henry belong respectively to: | A. USA and England B. England and France C. England and USA D. USA and France E. None of these |
| 3 | The induced current in the loop can be Increased by | A. Using a stronger magnetic field B. Moving the loop faster C. Replacing the loop by a coil of many turns D. All above E. Both A and B |
| 4 | An induced current can be produced by: | A. Constant magnetic field B. Changing magnetic field C. Varying magnetic feild D. Constant electric field E. None of these |
| 5 | In the equilibrium state, the potential difference between two ends of the conductor moving across a magnetic field is called: | A. Motion emf B. Electrostatic emf C. Induced emf D. Both A and B E. Both A and C |
| 6 | In magnet-coil experiment, emf can be produced by: | A. Keeping the coil stationary and moving the magnet B. Keeping the magnet stationary and moving the coil C. Relative motion of the loop and magnet D. Any one of above E. All above |
| 7 | Referring to above figure, due to change in current in the coil P, the change in magnetic flux | A. Is associated with coil P B. Is associated with coil S C. Causes and induced current in coil S D. All of these E. None of these |
| 8 | The magnitude of induced emf depends upon the: | A. Rate of decrease of magnetic field B. Rate of change of magnetic field C. Rate of increase of magnetic flux D. Constancy of magnetic field E. None of these |
| 9 | A coil of constant area is placed in a constant magnetic field. An induced current is produced in the coil when | A. The coil is distorted B. The coil is rotated C. The coil is neither distorted nor rotated D. Both A and B E. None of these |
| 10 | The induced current in the loop can be increased by: | A. Using a strong magnetic field B. Moving the loop faster C. Replacing the loop by a coil of many turns D. All of above E. None of these |
| 11 | Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction has been used in the construction of: | A. Galvanometer B. Voltmeter C. Electric motor D. Electric genrator E. Commutator |
| | | A. Also 20 <span new="" roman",="" serif;<="" style="font-family: " td="" times=""> |

| 12 | Plan of a coil makes an angle of 20° with the lines of magnetic field. The angle between B and vector area of plane of coil is: | tont-size: 12pt; text-align: justify;">° <0:p> B. 70 °°°°<o:p></o:p> D. 180 °°° <o:p></o:p> p> </th |
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| 13 | Step up transformer has a transformation ratio of 3:2. What is the voltage in secondary, if voltage in primary is 30V: | A. 45 V B. 15 V C. 90 V D. 300 V |
| 14 | The Phenomenon of generation of induced emf is called | A. Electrostatic induction B. Magnetic induction C. Electromagnetic induction D. Electric induction E. Both A and B |
| 15 | An induced current can be produced by | A. Constant magnetic field B. Changing magnetic field C. Varying electric field D. Constant electric field E. None of these |
| 16 | The rate change of area expressed is expressed in: | A. None of these B. ms ⁻¹ C. m ² s ⁻² D. ms ⁻² E. m ² s ⁻¹ |
| 17 | Instead of moving the coil towards a magnet, the magnet is moved towards the coil with the same speed. The galvanometer shows current | A. Of same magnitude in the same direction B. Of different magnitude in the same direction C. Of same magnitude but in opposite direction D. Of different magnitude in the opposite direction E. None of these |
| 18 | Eddy current is produced when: | A. A metal is kept in varying magnetic field B. A metal is kept in steady magnetic field C. A circular coil is placed in a steady magnetic field D. A current is passed through a circular coil |
| 19 | The induced current in a conductor depends upon | A. Resistance of the loop B. Speed with which the conductor moves C. Any of these D. Both A and B E. None of these |
| 10 | The induced current in a conductor depends upon | D. Both A and B |

B. Generator C. Motor D. All of these