

Physics ECAT Pre Engineering Chapter 14 Electromagnetism

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Magnetic flux passing through a element whose vector area makes an angle 0° with lines of magnetic force is:	<p>A. $BA \cos \theta$</p> <p>B. Zero</p> <p>C. BA</p> <p>D. $BA \sin \theta$</p> <p>E. None of these</p>
2	In the expression of force experienced by electron, the direction of both \underline{v} and \underline{B} are	<p>A. parallel</p> <p>B. zero</p> <p>C. perpendicular</p> <p>D. none of them</p>
3	Avo-meter is used of measure the	<p>A. current, voltage</p> <p>B. voltage, resistance</p> <p>C. resistance, current</p> <p>D. current, voltage and resistance</p>
4	Which is modified form of galvanometer	<p>A. potentiometer</p> <p>B. battery</p> <p>C. voltmeter</p> <p>D. slide wire bridge</p>
5	A current carrying conductor sets up its own:	<p>A. Electric field</p> <p>B. Nuclear field</p> <p>C. Magnetic field</p> <p>D. Both (A) and (C)</p> <p>E. All of these</p>
6	magnetic field is a	<p>A. Vector quantity</p> <p>B. Scalar quantity</p>

6	Magnetic field is a...	<p>C. Scalar as well as scalar quantity</p> <p>D. Any of (A) or (B)</p> <p>E. Neither (A) nor (B)</p>
7	In the region surrounding a current carrying wire:	<p>A. A magnetic field is setup</p> <p>B. The lines of force are elliptical</p> <p>C. Direction of lines of forces depends upon direction of current</p> <p>D. Both (A) and (C)</p> <p>E. All of these</p>
8	The force exerted on a conductor of length L, carrying current I when placed in a magnetic field B is given by	<p>A. $F = IB/L$</p> <p>B. $F = L \times B/I$</p> <p>C. $F = IL \times B$</p> <p>D. $F = IL \cdot B$</p>
9	The SI unit of magnetic flux is.	<p>A. weber</p> <p>B. Nm^{-1}</p> <p>C. tesla</p> <p>D. gauss</p>
10	The galvanometer can be made sensitive if the value of the factor C/BAN is	<p>A. constant</p> <p>B. small</p> <p>C. large</p> <p>D. none of these</p>
11	Total number of turns on 0.15 m length solenoid is 300. the value of n is:	<p>A. Greater than 300</p> <p>B. Smaller than 300</p> <p>C. Equal to 300</p> <p>D. Any of (A) or (B)</p> <p>E. Any of (A) or(C)</p>
12	CRO deflects the beam of	<p>A. proton</p> <p>B. a-particle</p> <p>C. electron</p> <p>D. neutron</p>
13	Magnetic lines of force:	<p>A. Cannot intersect at all</p> <p>B. Intersect at infinity</p> <p>C. Intersect within magnet</p> <p>D. Intersect within magnet</p>

line-height: 107%;font-family:"Times New Roman", "serif"]>Intersect at Neutral Point</p></p></div><div data-bbox="663 122 925 424" data-label="Text"><p>A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Thumb</p><p>B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Curled fingers</p><p>C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Middle finger</p><p>D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Arm of right hand</p><p>E. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">None of these</p></div><div data-bbox="84 261 614 286" data-label="Text"><p>14 Hold the solenoid in the right hand with fingers curling in the direction of current. The direction of the field will be given by:</p></div><div data-bbox="84 447 376 461" data-label="Text"><p>15 A resistance used in voltmeter is called</p></div><div data-bbox="663 433 783 476" data-label="List-Group"><ol type="A">shunt resistancehigh resistancelow resistancezero resistance</div><div data-bbox="84 540 562 555" data-label="Text"><p>16 It is customary represent a current flowing towards the reader by a symbol</p></div><div data-bbox="663 485 927 611" data-label="List-Group"><ol type="A">(x)(+)(.)(-)(+<p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify"></p></div><div data-bbox="84 634 320 648" data-label="Text"><p>17 The SI unit of magnetic flux is</p></div><div data-bbox="663 619 889 663" data-label="List-Group"><ol type="A">Nm⁻²Nm⁻¹NA⁻¹Nm²A⁻¹</div><div data-bbox="84 686 240 700" data-label="Text"><p>18 $F = I(L \times B)$ is a</p></div><div data-bbox="663 672 768 716" data-label="List-Group"><ol type="A">vectorscalarunit vectornone of these</div><div data-bbox="84 734 646 757" data-label="Text"><p>19 When an electron enters in a magnetic field right angle to its motion, the magnitude of its velocity will be</p></div><div data-bbox="663 724 768 767" data-label="List-Group"><ol type="A">changedzerounchangednone of these</div><div data-bbox="84 790 353 804" data-label="Text"><p>20 A voltmeter is used to measure the</p></div><div data-bbox="663 775 799 819" data-label="List-Group"><ol type="A">potential differencecurrenttemperatureresistance</div></div>