

ECAT Physics Chapter 12 Electrostatics

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A closed surface contains two equal and opposite charges. The net electric flux from the surface will be	A. Negative B. Positive C. Infinite D. Zero
2	Free electrons are	A. tightly bound B. fixed C. loosely bound D. tightly fixed
3	The conductivity of a superconductor is	A. Infinite B. Very large C. Very small D. Zero
4	The electric intensity outside the two oppositely charged parallel metal plates is	A. Maximum B. Minimum C. Zero D. Infinite
5	A piece of fuse wire melts when a current of 15 ampere flows through it. With this current. If it dissipates 22.5 W, the resistance of fuse wire will be	A. Zero B. $10\ \Omega$ C. $1\ \Omega$ D. $0.10\ \Omega$
6	A wire of radius r has resistance R . If it is stretched to a wire of $r/2$ radius, then the resistance becomes	A. $2R$ B. $4R$ C. $16R$ D. Zero
7	Which one of the following has larger value of relative permittivity ϵ_r at room temperature?	A. Vacuum B. Air C. Glass D. Water
8	The charge per unit time through any cross-section of a conductor is called	A. capacitance B. electric power C. current D. potential difference
9	A point charge A of charge $+4\ \mu\text{C}$ and another B of charge $-1\ \mu\text{C}$ are placed in air at a distance 1 m apart. Then the distance of the point on the line joining the charge B, where the resultant electric field is zero, is (in m)	A. 2 B. 1 C. 0.5 D. 1.5
10	A conducting wire is drawn to double its length. Final resistivity of the material will be	A. Double of the original one B. Half of the original one C. One fourth of the original one D. Same as original one
11	A hollow insulated conduction sphere is given a positive charge of $10\ \mu\text{C}$. What will be the electric field at the centre of the sphere if its radius is 2 meters?	A. Zero B. $5\ \text{C m}^{-2}$ C. $20\ \text{C m}^{-2}$ D. $20\ \text{C m}^{-2}$

Electric field at the centre of the sphere if its radius is 2 meters :

align: center; background-color: rgb(255, 255, 248);"> μ C m⁻²
D. 8μ
align: center; background-color: rgb(255, 255, 248);"> μ C m⁻²

12	For two resistance wires joined in parallel, the resultant resistance is $\frac{6}{5}$ ohm. When one of the resistance wire breaks, the effective resistance becomes 2 ohm. The resistance of the broken wire is	A. $\frac{3}{5}$ ohm B. 2 ohm C. $\frac{6}{5}$ ohm D. 3 ohm
13	The powers of tow electric bulbs are 100 W and 200 W. Both of them are joined with 220 V mains. The ratio of resistances of their filaments will be	A. 1 : 2 B. 2 : 1 C. 1 : 4 D. 4 : 1
14	The liquid which conduct current is known as	A. heating effect B. chemical energy C. electrolyte D. ohm's law
15	If we plot graph between potential difference (V) and current (I) obeying ohm's law, it will give us	A. parabola B. straight line C. hyperbola D. ellipse
16	The conventional current in a circuit is defined as " current which passes from a point at higher potential to a point at lower potential as if it represent a movement of	A. negative charges B. positive charges C. protons D. electrons
17	In case of a parallel plate capacitor if the plate separation is doubled and plate area is halved, the capacitance becomes	A. Four-fold B. One-half C. One-fourth D. Zero
18	Electric flux is defined by the relation	A. E.A B. $E \times A$ C. E/A D. none of these
19	Electric potential of earth is taken to be zero because the earth is good	A. Semiconductor B. Conductor C. Insulator D. Dielectric
20	The electric lines of force are	A. Imaginary B. Physically existing everywhere C. Physically existing near the charge D. All of the above