

## Physics ECAT Pre Engineering Chapter 1 Measurement

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Astrophysics is a branch of physics, which deals with:	A. Sub-atomic particles B. Stars and galaxies C. Light and sound D. Music
2	Silicon can be obtained from:	A. Lead B. Uranium C. An isotope of oxygen D. Sand
3	Density is defined as:	A. Mass per volume B. Volume per mass C. Mass X volume D. Mass per length
4	Which quantity has different dimensions:	A. Work B. Pressure C. Energy D. Torque
5	The principle characteristics of an ideal standard are	A. Inaccessible and Invariable     B. Accessible and Invariable     C. Accessible and Variable     D. None of these
6	Light year is a unit of:	A. Time B. Distance C. Velocity D. Intensity of light
7	Particles have the mass smallest of following is	A. Electron B. Proton C. Neutron D. Quark
8	The system international (SI) is built from kind of unites	A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five
9	Total number of base units are	A. Three B. Five C. Seven D. Nine
10	Uncertainty is of following type/types:	A. Absolute B. Fractional C. Percentage D. All of these
11	Electron is a particle whose mass is:	A. Greater than that of a proton B. Smaller than of a proton and greater than mass of neutron C. Smaller than that of proton or neutron D. Greater than that of an atom
12	Electron is a particle whose mass is:	A. Greater than that of a proton B. Smaller than that of a proton C. Smaller than that of a proton or a neutron D. Greater than that of an atom
13	Particles have the mass smallest of following is:	A. Electron B. Proton C. Neutron D. Quark
14	The maximum possible error in the reading of an instrument is its least count.	A. Half of B. Quarter of C. Equal to D. Double than

15	From sand, we get a material used for construction of computer chips. I hat material is called:	B. Lead <div> /div&gt; C. Silicon D. Germanium</div>
16	1 gm-cm <sup>-3</sup> is equal to	A. 10 <aup>3kg-m<sup>- 3</sup> B. 10<aup>-3kg-m<sup>- 3</sup> C. 1kg-m<sup>-3</sup> D. 10<aup>6kg-m<sup>- 1</sup></aup></aup></aup>
17	Physics details with the study of:	A. Matter B. Energy C. Both of them D. Human body
18	Physical quantities are often divided into categories	A. 3 B. 2 C. 9 D. 5
19	0.0001210 has significant figures.	A. Four B. Three C. Seven D. Eight
20	Addition of 2.189 kg, 0.089 kg, 11.8 kg, and 5.32 kg gives the rounded off answer as:	A. 19.398 B. 19.400 C. 19.4 D. 19.3