

ECAT Mathematics Chapter 14 Application of Trigonometry Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A tower subtends an $\mathrm{angle}^{\pmb{\alpha}}$ at a point on the same level as the root of the tower and at a second point, b meters above the first, the angle of depression of the foot of the tower is $\pmb{\beta}$. The height of the tower is	A. b cot <i style="text-align: center;">α</i> tan <i>β</i>
2	Question Image	
3	Question Image	
	Quociton intego	
4	A circle passing through the vertices of any triangle is called	A. Circumcirle B. Incircle C. Escribed circle D. Unit circle
5	A triangle has six	A. side B. elements C. angle D. tangents
6	If $\cos \theta = 0$, then $\theta = $	A. n <i>π</i> /2 B. (2n + 1) <i>π</i> /2 C. (2n - 1) <i>π</i> /2 D. (4n + 1) <i>π</i> /2 b. (4n + 1) <i>π</i> /2
7	Question Image	A. The law of sines B. The law of consines C. The law of tangents D. None of these
8	If a, b, c are the measures of the sides of a triangle then	
9	The longer side of a parallelogram is 10 cm and the shorter is 6 cm. If the longer diagonal makes an angles 30° with the longer side, the length of the longer diagonal is	
10	Question Image	

11	If sided of □ABC are 16,20,and 33, then the value of the greatests angle to	B. 132□ 35' C. 101□ 25' D. 160□ 50'
12	AB is a vertical pole and C is its middle point. The end A is on the level ground and P is any point on the level ground other than A. the portion CB subtends and angle β at P. If AP : AB = 2 : 1 then β =	
13	Question Image	
14	Question Image	
15	The triangle that does not have a right angle is called.	A. Isosceles triangle B. right angle triangle C. equivalent triangle D. oblique triangle
16	The law of sines is	
17	PQ is a post of given height a, and AB is a tower at some distance; α and β are the angles of elevation of B, the top of the tower, at P and Q respectively. The height of the tower and its distance from the post are	
18	The angle AOP which the ray from an observer's eye at O to an object at P at a lower level makes with horizontal ray OA through O is called the	A. Angle of depression B. Angle of elevation C. Acute angle D. Obtuse angle
19	E-radius corresponding to < C is	
20	Question Image	
21	The angle of depression of a point situated at a distance of 70 meters from the base of a tower is 45°. The height of the tower is	A. 70 m B. 85 m C. 35 m D. None of these
22	The quadratic equation 8 sec2θ - 6 secθ +1 =0 has	A. Infinitely many roots B. Exactly two roots C. Exactly four roots D. No roots
23	Question Image	
24	A person standing on the bank of a river finds that the angle of elevation of the top of a tower on the opposite bank is 45°. then which of the following statements is correct?	A. Breadth of the river is twice the height of the tower B. Breadth of the river an the height of the tower are the same C. Breadth of the river is half of the height of the tower D. None of these
24		height of the tower B. Breadth of the river an the height of the tower are the same C. Breadth of the river is half of the height of the tower
	tower on the opposite bank is 45°. then which of the following statements is correct?	height of the tower B. Breadth of the river an the height of the tower are the same C. Breadth of the river is half of the height of the tower D. None of these A. solution of the triangle B. Mean differnece C. Engineering distance
25	tower on the opposite bank is 45°. then which of the following statements is correct? The process of finding the unknown elements in triangle is called the	height of the tower B. Breadth of the river an the height of the tower are the same C. Breadth of the river is half of the height of the tower D. None of these A. solution of the triangle B. Mean differnece C. Engineering distance
25 26	tower on the opposite bank is 45°. then which of the following statements is correct? The process of finding the unknown elements in triangle is called the Question Image	height of the tower B. Breadth of the river an the height of the tower are the same C. Breadth of the river is half of the height of the tower D. None of these A. solution of the triangle B. Mean differnece C. Engineering distance D. angle of depressin A. The law of of sines B. The law of tangents C. The law of consines
25 26 27	tower on the opposite bank is 45°. then which of the following statements is correct? The process of finding the unknown elements in triangle is called the Question Image A kite flying at a height of 67.2 m is attached to a fully stretched string inclined at an angle of	height of the tower B. Breadth of the river an the height of the tower are the same C. Breadth of the river is half of the height of the tower D. None of these A. solution of the triangle B. Mean differnece C. Engineering distance D. angle of depressin A. The law of of sines B. The law of tangents C. The law of consines D. None of these A. 62m B. 82m C. 73m
25 26 27 28	tower on the opposite bank is 45°. then which of the following statements is correct? The process of finding the unknown elements in triangle is called the Question Image Question Image A kite flying at a height of 67.2 m is attached to a fully stretched string inclined at an angle of 53 to the horizontal, the length of the string	height of the tower B. Breadth of the river an the height of the tower are the same C. Breadth of the river is half of the height of the tower D. None of these A. solution of the triangle B. Mean differnece C. Engineering distance D. angle of depressin A. The law of of sines B. The law of tangents C. The law of consines D. None of these A. 62m B. 82m C. 73m
25 26 27 28 29	tower on the opposite bank is 45°. then which of the following statements is correct? The process of finding the unknown elements in triangle is called the Question Image Question Image A kite flying at a height of 67.2 m is attached to a fully stretched string inclined at an angle of 53 to the horizontal, the length of the string Question Image	height of the tower B. Breadth of the river an the height of the tower are the same C. Breadth of the river is half of the height of the tower D. None of these A. solution of the triangle B. Mean differnece C. Engineering distance D. angle of depressin A. The law of of sines B. The law of tangents C. The law of consines D. None of these A. 62m B. 82m C. 73m
25 26 27 28 29 30	The process of finding the unknown elements in triangle is called the Question Image A kite flying at a height of 67.2 m is attached to a fully stretched string inclined at an angle of 53 to the horizontal, the length of the string Question Image Question Image A tower subtends an angle of 30° at a point distant d from the foot of the tower and on the same level as the foot of the tower. At a second point, h vertically above the firs, the angle of	height of the tower B. Breadth of the river an the height of the tower are the same C. Breadth of the river is half of the height of the tower D. None of these A. solution of the triangle B. Mean differnece C. Engineering distance D. angle of depressin A. The law of of sines B. The law of tangents C. The law of consines D. None of these A. 62m B. 82m C. 73m D. 57m A. h/3 B. h/3d C. 3h

33	Question inage	C. 45°
		D. None of these
34	A circle drawn inside a triangle and touching its sides is called	A. In-circle B. Circum circle C. Escribed circle D. None of these
35	The angle of elevation of the top of a tree from a point 17 meters from is foot is 42^\square The height of the tree is	A. 12m B. 21m C. 17m D. 15m
36	The horizontal distance between the two towers is 60 m . the angular elevation of the top of the taller tower as seen from the top of the shorter one is 30° . If the height of the taller tower is 150 m , the height of the shorter one is	A. 116 m B. 200 m C. 216 m D. None of these
37	IfΔABC is right, law of cosine reduce to	A. Law of sine B. Law of tangent C. Phthogorous theorem D. Hero's formula
38	The angle of depression of a point A on the ground from the top of the tower is $30\square$, then the angle of elevation of the top of the tower at the point A is	A. 60 B. 40 C. 41 D. 30
39	Question Image	A. The law of consines B. The law of sines C. The law of tangents D. None of these
40	A person standing on the bank of a river observes that the angle subtended by a tree of the opposite bank is 60°, when he retreats 40 m from the bank, he finds the angle to be 30°. The height of the tree and the breadth of the river are	
41	Question Image	
42	The towers each 120 meters high are 800 meters apart. The measure of the angle of elevation from the base of one tower to the top of the other is	A. 12 [□] B. 9 [□] C. 7 [□] D120 [□]
43	A circle passing through the vertices of any triangle is called	A. In circle B. Circum circle C. Escribed circle D. None of these
44	Question Image	
45	A man of height 6 ft observes the top of a tower and the foot of the tower at angles of 45° and 30° of elevation and depression respectively. The height of the tower is	
46	If θ = 60° then	A. sin = 1/2 B. tan <i>>θ</i> = cot 30° C. <i>>θ</i> = syle="color: rgb(34, 34, 34); font-family: "Times New Roman"; font-size: 24px; textalign: center; background-color: rgb(255, 255, 248);"> <i>>θ</i> = ==============<span 34);="" color:="" rgb(34,="" span="" style='color: rgb</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>34, 34); font-family: "Times New Roman"; font-size: 24px; text-align: center; background-color: rgb(255, 255, 224);'><i>π</i> /4 D. sec<i>θ</i> = 4
47	Question Image	
40		A. 1:2:3:4:5 B. 1:2:3:3:3

48	For any equilateral r :R :η :r1 :r2 :r3 =	C. 1:2:4:4:4 D. 2:1 :2 :2 :2
49	Question Image	A. R B. 2R C. r D. 2r
50	Question Image	
51	An airplane flying at height of 300 meters above the ground passes vertically above another plane at an instant when the angle of elevation of the two planes from the same point on the ground are 60° and 45° respectively. Then the height of the lower plane from the ground is (in meters).	
52	The law of sines can be used to solve	A. Right angle triangle B. Isosceles triangle C. oblique triangle D. haxagon
53	In triangle ABC, in which b=95, c=34, a =52 $^{\square}$ then the value of a=	A. 18 cm B. 18.027 cm C. 20.7 cm D. 19 cm
54	A triangle which is not right is called an triangle	A. Acute B. Obtuse C. Oblique D. None of these
55	A person standing on the bank of a river observes that the angle of elevation of the top of a tree on the opposite bank of the river is 60° and when he retires 40 meters away from the tree the angle of elevation becomes 30°. The breadth of the river is	A. 40 m B. 30 m C. 20 m D. 60 m
56	When the angle between the ground and the sun is 30^{\Box} , flag pole costss a shadow of 40 mg long. the height of the top of the flag is	A. 25m B. 23m C. 12m D. 29m
57	If you are looking a high point from the ground, then the angle formed is	A. Angle of elevation B. Angle of depression C. Right angle D. Horizon
58	The upper 3/4 the portion of a vertical pole subtends an angle tan ⁻¹ 3/5 at a point in the horizontal plane through its foot and at a distance 40 m from the foot. A possible height of the vertical pole is	A. 20 m B. 40 m C. 60 m D. 80 m
59	In-radius is denoted by	A. r B. η C. r2 D. R
60	The angle of depression of the point at a distance 70 meters from the foot of the tower from the top of the tower is 45^{\square} . The height of the tower is	A. 37m B. 97m C. 101m D. 70m
61	120° degrees are equal to how many radians?	
62	A circle which touches one side of a triangle extermally and the other two sides produced is called	A. In-circle B. Circumcircle C. e-circle D. Point circle
63	Question Image	
64	e-radii are denoted by	A. η B. r2 C. r3 D. All of these
65	The angles of elevation of the top of a tower at the top and the foot of a pole of height 10 m are 30° and 60° respectively. The height of the tower is	A. 10 m B. 15 m C. 20 m D. None of these
66	An observer on the top of a cliff 200 m above the sea level, observes the angles of depression of two ships on opposite sides of the cliff to be 45° and 30°, respectively. The distance between the ships if the line joining them points to the base of cliff is	
67	A circle which touches one side of a triangle externally and the other two sides produced is called	A. In-circle B. Circum cirle C. Escribed circle D. None of these

68	x = r2, $y = 1$ are the parametric equation of	A. Circle B. Hyperbola C. Ellipse D. Parabola
69	The angle of elevation of a tower from a point A due south of it is x and from a point B due east of A is y. If AB = 1, then the height h of the tower is given by	
70	E-radius corresponding to < B is	
71	The law of sines can be used to solve oblique triangle when following information is given:	A. Two angles and a side B. Two sides and an angle opposite one of the given sides C. Two sides and the angle between two sided D. Option a and b
72	Question Image	
73	A chimney is such that on walking towards it 50 m in a horizontal line through its base the angular elevation of its top changes from 30° to 45° . The height of the chimney is	
74	If the flag-staff 6 meters high placed on the top of a tower. Makes the shadow $2\sqrt{3}$ m on the ground, then the angle of elevation of the sun is	A. 30 ^o B. 35 ^o C. 45 ^o D. 60 ^o
75	Area of inscribed circle is	A. π R2 B. π η2 C. π r22 D. π r2
76	If the angle of a triangle are in the ratio 2 : 3 : 7, the triangle is	A. Obtuse B. Acute C. Right angle D. Isosceles
77	The law of tangents is	
78	E-radius corresponding to < A is	
79	The law of consines is	
80	Question Image	
81	The angle of elevation of the tops of two towers at the middle point of the line joining the foots of the tower are 60 ^o and 30 ^o respectively. The the ratio of the heghts of the tower is	A. 2:1 B. 3:1 C. 1:2 D. 1:3
82	lfΔABC is right, law of cosine reduce to	A. Law of sine B. Law of tangent C. Phthogorous theorem D. Hero's formula
		A. The law of sines B. The law of consines
83	Question Image	C. The law of tangents D. None of these
84	A circle drawn inside a triangle and touching its sides is called;	A. Circumcirle B. Incircle C. Escribed circle D. unit circle
85	If the elevation of the sun is 30° , then the length of the shadow cast by a tower of 150 ft height is	
86	Area of⊿ABC=	A. ab sin <span <i="" style='color: rgb(34, 34, 34); font-family: " Times New Roman"; font-size: 24px; text-align: center; background-color: rgb(255, 255, 224);'>><i>><i>><i>><i>><i>><i>><i>><i>><i></i></i></i></i></i></i></i></i></i>

		size: 24px; text-align: center; background-color: rgb(255, 255, 248);"> <i>>β</i> >
87	At a point 15 meters away from the base of a 15 meters high house, the angle of elevation of the top is	A. 90° B. 60° C. 30° D. 45°
88	Question Image	
89	In ladder leaning against a vertical well makes an angle of 24 $^\square$ with the wall, its foot is 5m from the wall, its length is	A. 5.47m B. 2m C. 7m D. 6.29m
90	Question Image	
91	A vertical pole is 8m high and the length of its shadow is 6m. The angle of elevation of the sun of the moment is	A. 57□ B48□ C. 27□ D. 53□
92	Question Image	A. The law of sines B. The law of tangents C. The pythagorus theorem D. None of these
93	Question Image	
94	Question Image	