

ECAT Computer Science Chapter 12 Introduction to C Language

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	In a C program, two functions can have	A. Same name B. Same parameters C. Same name and same Parameters D. Same name but different parameters
2	The statement that activates a function is known as:	A. Function call B. Function output C. Function design D. Function definition
3	Function declaration can be written:	A. Before main() function B. After main() function C. In a separate file D. All of these
4	A value that can be sent to a function is known as	A. Returned value B. Indicator C. Argument D. Automatic variables
5	The printf is a	A. Built-in function B. User-defined function C. Local function D. Keyword
6	A built-in function:	A. Cannot be redefined B. Can be redefined C. Cannot return a value D. Should be redefined
7	Function declaration consist:	A. Function name B. Function return type C. Number and types of parameters D. All of these
8	Which of the following looks for the prototypes of functions used in a program?	A. Linker B. Loader C. Compiler D. Parser
9	Variable is allocated to a local variable at the time of its:	A. Declaration B. Destruction C. Definition D. First reference
10	Which of the following is incorrect?	A. A function can call another function B. A function can be calling many times in a program C. A function can return values input by user D. A function must have at least one value parameter
11	Multiple arguments to a function are separated by:	A. Coments B. Semicolons C. Colons D. Commas
12	Which of the following steps takes place when function is called:	A. The control moves to the function that is called B. All statements in the body of function are executed C. The control returns back to the calling function D. All of these
13	Which of the following is type of function available in C language?	A. User-defined B. Arithmetic function C. Both a and b D. Library function
		A. Returned value B. Function output C. Function design D. Function definition

14	A value that can be sent to a function is known as:	B. Indicator C. Argument D. Automatic variable
15	Which statement is used by a function used to return a value:	A. Given B. Return C. Continue D. Send
16	A type of function that is available as part of language is known as	A. User-defined function B. Library function C. Sub-program D. Both a and b
17	Global variables are created in:	A. RAM B. ROM C. Hard disk D. Cache
18	The first line of function definition is known as:	A. Function header B. Function body C. Arguments D. Return type
19	Function declaration consists of	A. Function name B. Function return type C. Number and types of parameters D. All of these
20	Which of the following Is NOT a valid function declaration?	A. Int ave3(int a, Int b, Int c); B. Int 3ave(Int a, Int b, Int c); C. int ave3(int, int, int); D. int ave_3(int a1, int a2, Int a3)