

## CSS Political Science Topic 8 Forms of Government

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which one of the following cannot be considered a theorist of democracy	A. Alexis de Tocqueville B. J.J. Rousseau C. J.S. Mill D. F.W. Nietzsche
2	Word that means that the government has complete control over the lives of its citizens	A. Monarchy B. Totalitarian C. Absolute D. Republic
3	The defining feature of sovereignty is	A. Legitimate government B. The existence of a monopoly of coercive powers C. a mixed presidential-parliamentary form of government D. Parliament's reduced powers to control the government
4	What is the bureaucratic role?	A. Responsibilities associated with a particular job or position B. Beliefs and ideologies of individual decision-makers C. Standard operating procedures D. A misperception that rational actors have a clear understanding of their interests
5	The word "Democracy" has been derived from the language	A. Greek B. Latin C. English D. None of them
6	"Bureaucracy and Modernization" is written by	A. parsons B. Weber C. Merle Fainsod D. Seymour Martin Lipset
7	In which the following federal system decentralization is implemented under the "grass roots" doctrine?	A. Presidential system B. parliamentary system C. Federal system D. unitary system
8	Political power in Western Europe and the United States has increasingly shifted to the	A. legislative branch B. judicial system C. Executive branch D. Regulatory agencies
9	The final outcome of the French presidential election is on the completion of (run of election) second ballot among	A. All the candidates B. Top two candidates C. Top three candidates D. Top four candidates
10	What type of government has a king or queen that holds all the power?	A. Monarchy B. Dictatorship C. Direct democracy D. Republic
11	The idea that peace between countries have democratic form of government at the democratic level was first propounded by	A. hegel B. Immanuel Kant C. J.S Mill D. Karl Marx
12	In the parliamentary form of government the members of the Council of Ministers are collectively responsible to	A. The Head of state B. The Chairman of the Upper House and the Speaker of the Lower House C. The popular House of the Parliament D. The Prime Minister
13	"Power tends to corrupt; absolute power corrupts absolutely." --Lord Acton, British historian Based on this quotation, why type of government would Lord Acton most Likely support?	A. Dictatorship B. Absolute monarchy C. Totalitarian state D. Representative democracy
		A. Equality of citizens under the law

14	The rule of law encompasses all but which one of the following?	<p>B. An elected president</p> <p>C. Constitutionalism</p> <p>D. Independent judiciary</p>
15	In which one of the following forms of government the second chamber an indispensable part of the legislature	<p>A. Unitary Government</p> <p>B. Federal Government</p> <p>C. Parliamentary Government</p> <p>D. Presidential Government</p>
16	"Introduction to the Principles of Morals and Legislation (1789)" was written by	<p>A. jeremy bentham</p> <p>B. J. S. Mill</p> <p>C. John Locke</p> <p>D. None</p>
17	Which one of the following is not a characteristic feature of bureaucracy, according to Max Weber?	<p>A. Continuity</p> <p>B. Rationality</p> <p>C. Consistency</p> <p>D. political commitment</p>
18	What is authority?	<p>A. The ultimate power in society</p> <p>B. A government ruled by a few</p> <p>C. The branch of government that enforces the law</p> <p>D. A government's ability to exercise power without resorting to force</p>
19	Dictatorship of the Proletariat is one of the concepts of :	<p>A. Karl Marx</p> <p>B. Max Weber</p> <p>C. Maodzedung</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
20	Which one of the following thinkers defended representative democracy against direct democracy?	<p>A. J.J.Rousseau</p> <p>B. Karl Marx</p> <p>C. M.A. Bakunin</p> <p>D. J. Madison</p>