

CSS Political Science Topic 8 Forms of Government

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The statement it brings about a chasm between sources of knowledge and legislative centers of their application applies to	A. The Presidential system of government B. The practice of delegated legislation C. Dictatorship of the Cabinet D. The relationship between ministers and civil servants
2	"Bureaucracy , Bureaucratizationand De-Bureaucratization" is written by	A. Robert Morrison MacIver B. Weber C. Vincent de Gournay D. S. N. Eisenstadt
3	What is the bureaucratic role?	A. Responsibilities associated with a particular job or position B. Beliefs and ideologies of individual decision-makers C. Standard operating procedures D. A misperception that rational actors have a clear understanding of their interests
4	The nineteenth century liberals were distrustful of democracy because	A. It was in conflict with the principle of liberty B. It was opposed to hereditary rule C. It emphasized the idea of economic justice D. it tended to undermine the power of landed aristocracy
5	Single Transferable vote system was suggested for proportional representation by	A. Thomas Hare B. Lord Courtney C. J. S. Mill D. None of these
6	The relationship between the government and the president in France is a complex one due to:	A. Direct election of the President B. Centralization of powers C. a mixed presidential - parliamentary form of government D. parliament's reduced powers to control the government
7	He is known as the major theorist of bureaucracy:	A. Burk B. Dahl C. Max Weber D. None of these
8	In the parliamentary form of government the members of the Council of Ministers are collectively responsible to	A. The Head of state B. The Chairman of the Upper House and the Speaker of the Lower House C. The popular House of the Parliament D. The Prime Minister
9	The term "Bureaucratic" was first coined by	A. Weber B. Vincent de Gournay C. J.S Mill D. Robert Michels
10	It is normally the technique of pressure groups to impress the legislature	A. Canvassing B. Lobbying C. Propaganda D. None
11	The concept of 'democratic overload implies	A. An unwarranted State intervention in private and voluntary sectors of the economy B. The population explosion in countries with democratic political regimes C. The paralysis of a political system due to unrestrained group and electoral pressures D. Severe fiscal pressures and revenue losses in the economy of a democratic State

		democratic State
12	Parliamentary form of government first evolved in	A. The United States B. Rome C. Greece D. The United Kingdom
13	The basic problem in the working of parliamentary system in Pakistan arises out of	A. Lack of a cohesive and viable party system B. The absence of an efficient and independent bureaucracy C. Lack of clear constitutional provisions D. Weak political executive on account of its dependence on the legislative
14	What is authority?	A. The ultimate power in society B. A government ruled by a few C. The branch of government that enforces the law D. A government's ability to exercise power without resorting to force
15	"Bureaucracy and Modernization" is written by	A. parsons B. Weber C. Merle Fainsod D. Seymour Martin Lipset
16	Collective responsibility is a feature of	A. Parliamentary form B. Presidential form C. Dictatorship D. None of these
17	In which of the following environments is political risk likely to be the highest?	A. Where the government is authoritarian B. Where there are internal or external threats to the government C. Where there is a large military establishment D. Where there are diverse cultural groups
18	Dual federalism implies that:	A. national and state Governments retain separate spheres of action B. National and state Governments are expected to collaborate in pursuit of the interest of the public C. National and state Governments are expected to collaborate in pursuit of the interest of the public D. national and State Government have the same function
19	Who among the following, characterized bureaucracy as a rationalistic authority	A. F.M. Marx B. Vilfredo Federico Pareto C. Max Weber D. Herbert Alexander Simon
20	"The Cabinet is the hyphen that joins the buckle that fastens the executive to the legislature", according to	A. Charles Merriam B. Joseph Schumpeter C. C.F. Strong D. Walter Bagehot