

CSS Political Science Topic 13 Political Movements

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The key leaders of Khilafat Movement were	A. Syed Ahmad and agha Khan B. Muhammad Ali and Shaukat Ali C. Iqbal and Salimullah Khan D. Gandhi and sikandar Hayat
2	Where , during the War of Independence, was Sir Sayed Ahmed Khan working/posted	A. Delhi<hr id="null"> B. Bijnor C. Aligarh D. None of these
3	Who repeatedly refers to sir syed as father of Muslim India and father of Modern Muslim India	A. Hali B. Abdul Qadir C. Ch. Khaliqz Zaman D. None of these
4	When the Shimla Conference under the president ship of Lord Wavell was ended	A. June 14, 1945 B. July14, 1945 C. August14, 1945 D. none of these
5	Who floated the idea of establishment of Anjuman-e- Himayat e Islam	A. Dr. Mohammad Deen Nazir B. Maulvi Charagh Din C. Khalifa Hameed ud Din D. nOne Of these
6	Name the English man who tried to obtain from Akbar a Firman for trade in Gujarat?	A. Ralph Fitch B. john Mildenhall C. Sir Thomas Roe D. Thomas Stephens
7	Founder of Pakistan M.A Jinnah declared unequivocally that "it is parliamentary government in India" in press interview given to	A. The Hindustan Times B. Manchester Guardian C. The Financial Times D. None
8	The Aryans arrived in South Asia in	A. 3000BC - 3500BC B. 4000BC - 4500BC C. 4500BC - 5000BC D. None of these
9	Who presided over the session of Constituent Assembly of Pakistan 10 August 1947?	A. Quaid-e-Azam B. Liaqat Ali Khan C. Ch. Khaliq-ur-Zaman D. Sir Agha khan
10	Who rejected the theory of composite nationalism advanced by the Indian National congress?	A. Liaqar Ali Khan B. allam Mashriqi C. Hussain Ahmed Madni D. Quaid-e-Azam
11	When was the Indian National Congress established	A. 1888 B. 1885 C. 1889 D. 1890
12	Which of the following was/were the drawbacks of the government of Indian Act 1858?	A. Control of the Secretary of State for India and his council was bureaucratic in nature B. Expenses of the Secretary of State for india and his Council became a burden on Indian revenues C. Both of these D. None of these
13	Majlis i Ahrar was formed in	A. 1928 B. 1929 C. 1931 D. None of these
14	Ahmad Shah Abdali launched his early invasion against	A. Haider Ali B. Tipu Sultan C. Sirajuddula D. none of these

15	Who was the governor of Sindh after Muhammad Bin Qasim	A. Zaid Bin Marwan B. Yazid Bin Muhallab C. Abdullah Bin Haris D. none of these
16	"Few individuals significantly alter the source of history. Fewer still modify the map of the world . Hardly anyone can be created with creating a nation-state. Mohammad Ali Jinnah did all three" Who made these remarks about Quaid-e-Azam	A. Stanley Wolpert B. Ian Stephens C. Lawrence Ziring D. None of these
17	The first issue of Maulana Abul Kalam Azads 'Al Hilal' came out on 13 July	A. 1912 B. 1022 C. 1932 D. none
18	Which Muslim leader left the politics after the cancellation of the partition of Bengal	A. Nawab Salimullah Khan B. Nawab Waqar -ul- Mulk C. Nawab Hamidullah Khan D. None of these
19	In the Govt, of india Act 1935, which subject are included in the concurrent list	A. Criminal Law & Procedure, Civil Procedure B. Marriage C. Divorce, Arbitration D. All of above
20	The renowned author of the Spirit of Islam and a Short History of the Saracens was	A. Shiblee B. Nawab Mohsin C. None of these