

## CSS Political Science Chapter 1 Set 1 Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Materialistic interpertation of history was propounded by	A. Trotsky B. lenin C. Bolsheviks D. Karl Marx
2	Bentham defines the fecundity of a pleasure or pain as	A. Its chance of occurring B. The degree to which it is felt C. Its chance of being followed by sensations of the same kind D. How long it lasts
3	Kierkegaard claims that a rational proof of God's existence is impossible because	A. God would not want such a proof to be possible B. God is infinite, and the mind of man is finite C. if we could prove God's existence, we would have done so by now D. it would remove God's essential mysstery E. None of these
4	Which statement best describes the effects of the works of Nicolaus Copernicus, Galileo Galilei, Sir Isaac Newton, and Rene Descartes?	A. The acceptance of traditional authority was strengthened B. The scientific method was used to solve problems C. Funding to education was increased by the English government D. Interest in Greek and Roman drama was renewed
5	The concept of justice in the sense of greatest happiness of the greatest number was pastulated by :	A. Mark B. James Mill C. Spencer D. None of these
6	Who among the following used the expression with the notion of liberty of the individual?	A. Rousseau B. Locke C. Green D. Hobhouse
7	Lenin was masterminded the Bolshevik take-over of power in Russia in	A. 1919 B. 1924 C. 1917 D. None of these
8	According to Kant, any proposition that asserts the existence of something must be	A. unprovable B. A tautology C. Analytic D. synthetic E. Self-contradictory
9	Fukuyama himself identifies on some level with Marx, but more stronmgly with the	A. Immanuel Kant B. Gustav Fechner C. Georg Wilhelm Friedrich Hegel D. Friedrich von Schelling
10	Who is the head of the system of penalty in which public execution is an accepted punishment?	A. The executioner B. The King C. The Pope D. The prison
11	Who among the following described democracy as the 'tyranny of the majority?	A. J.Rousseau B. De Tocqueville C. John Dunning D. James Madison
12	Montesquieu by birth belonged to:	A. Germany B. England C. France D. None of these
		A. a struggle for power between the

bourgeois and socialist systems with the hope of inevitable triumph of international proletarianism

13	The Marxists perceive international politics as	B. a struggle for power between two nations or group of nations that can be managed by maintaining balances of power C. Interactions among States that can be peacefully D. Interactions among States guided and molded by leaders of those States
14	Thomas Hobbes called the agreement by which people create a government the	A. salon B. Enlightenment C. checks and balances D. social contract
15	Which of these aspects of organizations is most associated with the work of Michel Foucault?	A. Surveillance B. Meritocracy C. Bureaucracy D. Transnational organization
16	Karl Popper was born in	A. Salzburg B. Bregenz C. Vienna D. None of these
17	Marx and Engles produced the famous book' Common Manifesto' in	A. 1848 B. 1845 C. 1883 D. None of these
18	The author of the Book "the laws"was	A. Homer B. Plato C. Solon D. None of these
19	Who among the following held the view that the "State comes into existence for the sake of life and it continues for the sake of good life"?	A. J, Bentham B. T.H. Green C. Aristotle D. Plato
20	What adjective best describes the pre-mofern criminal investigation?	A. Unjust B. Secret C. Suspicious D. Barbarous
21	"Justice is giving everyone his due" is said by:	A. Rousseau B. Hobbes C. Aristotle D. None of these
22	Which or who of the following is not associated with the cultural studies approach?	A. David Easton B. Antonio Gramsci C. Louis Althusser D. None of these
23	Rawls tured towards the question of political legitimacy in the context of Intractable philosophical, religious and moral disagreement amongst citizens regarding the human good in	A. A Theory of Justice B. Political Liberalism C. The Law of Peoples D. Justice as Fairness: A Restatement
24	Fukuyama has been a Senior Fellow at the Center on Democracy, Development and the Rule of Law at Stanford University since	A. Aug 2011 B. July 2010 C. March 2015 D. None of these
25	One of the key term in Derrida's thought is	A. Good writing B. Structuralism C. Difference D. Presence
26	Modern Political though begins with	A. Machiavelli B. Montesquieu C. Mill D. None of these
27	Heel' thinking can be understood as a constructive development within the broad tradition that inclides	A. Plato and Immanuel Kant B. Al Farabi and Rousseau C. Immanuel Kant and Kant D. Noen of these
28	Who among the following propagated the idea of Cultural Revolution under Socialism?	A. Karl Marx B. Mao-Tse-Tung C. V.I. Lenin D. J. Stalin
29	Karl Marx had everlasting friendship with a son of a prominent textile manufacturer of harman, who brought many changes in karl Mary's life. His name was:	A. Friedrich Engel B. French Hegel C. Harbert Spencer

	Dathlan, WILO DIOUGHEHIANY CHANGES III NAN IWALKS IIIE. HIS HANG WAS.	D. None of these
30	Mao adopted Marxism-Leninism while working at	A. Peking University B. Wuhan University C. Jiao Tong university D. None of these
31	" A thinking man is depraved animal." This veiw of man was propounded by	A. Hobbes B. Herder C. Vico D. Rousseau
32	Who among the following thinkers made a distintion between Real Will and actual Will?	A. Rousseau B. Green C. Bosanquet D. Kant
33	Sartre claims that according to existentialism, there is no reality except in	A. passion B. action C. contemplation D. appetite
34	Pluto is called the father of the idealist theory of the state because:	A. He prescribed the ideals of city- state B. His theory was based not on what human nature is but on what it ought to be C. He postulated a dualism between reality and value D. He based hid theory on the idea of the Good
35	The theory of 'Surplus Value' as a part of communistic philosophy was the contribution of	A. Karl Marx B. Trotsky C. Fredrick Angel D. Ricardo E. None of these
36	" I am able to control only some of my behaviors." This statement best exemplifiestheory of human behavior	A. Descartes B. Plato's C. Locke's D. Titchener's
37	According to Marx, which one of the following is the principle of distribution in the socialist State?	A. From each according to his ability to each according to his needs B. From each according to his ability to each according to his work C. That property should be equally distributed among all D. That merit alone should be the basis of distribution
38	What is Antonio Gramsci's view of power?	A. It comes out of a barrel of a gun B. It is a mixture of coercion and consent C. it is purely economic D. All of above
39	Founder of utilitarian school of thought was	A. Edmund Burk B. Hume C. J. S Mill D. James Mill E. Jeremy Bentham
40	Who is the most prominent theoretician and practitioner of 'Deconstruction'?	A. Husserl B. Derrida C. Barthes D. None of these
41	According to Derrida Limits the free play of structure?	A. Human science B. The center C. Sign D. Signified
42	Bourdieu,s most significant work on cultural production is available in two books:	A. The Field of Cultural production B. The Rules of Art C. Weight of the world D. Both a & D. Both a & S. D. Both a
43	Fukuyama is an important figure in the rise of	A. Globalization B. Neoconservatism C. Paleoconservatism D. Liberal internationalism
44	Rousseau's political philosophy furnished basis for	A. Political sovereignty B. Limited sovereignty C. Popular sovereignty D. Absolute sovereignty

		E. None of these
45	The entitlement theory of property has been propounded by :	A. john Locke B. john Rawls C. Hayek D. Nozick
46	Fukuyama published the book Falling Behind: Explaining the Development Gap Between Latin America and the United States in	A. 2007 B. 2008 C. 2009 D. 2010
47	"Man by nature is a social and political animal" is the cornerstone of the Philosophy of:	A. Plato B. Socrates C. Aristotle D. NOne of these
48	The central emotional experience of Kierkegaard's philosophy and life was	A. His early physical self-indulgence B. The death of his father at an early age C. His confrontation with existential dread D. His devotion to Hegelian E. His fascination with the philosophy of plato
49	What was the chief benefit of " creating" delinquency?	A. it allowed illegality to be confined to a small group and supervised B. It provided a pool of cheap labor for industrial expansion C. It ended the need for public executions D. It widened the field of knowledge of the human sciences
50	The idea that peace between countries can be established if the countries have democratic from of government at the domestic level was first propounded by	A. Hegel B. Immanuel Kant C. J. S. Mill D. Karl Marx
51	Eighteen Century Rationalism, Montesquieu was born in the year 1689 in the house of an eminent French lawyer. He died in	A. 1735 B. 1745 C. 1755 D. None of these
52	Which argument does Kierkegaard use for the existence of God?	A. The Argument from Design B. The Argument from first Cause C. The Ontological Argument D. A version of the Cosmological Argument E. Kierkegaard gives no argument for the existence of God
53	Hegemony was a term previously used by Marxists such as	A. Louis Althusser B. David Easton C. Vladimir llyich Lenin D. None of these
54	With which one of the following can the organic conception of the State be associated?	A. Machiavelli B. Aristotle C. Thomas Hobbes D. Karl Marx
55	Trust: Social Virtues and Creation of prosperity is Associated with	A. Samuel Huntington B. Daniel Bell C. Francis Fukuyama D. George H.W . Bush
56	When was Michel Foucault born?	A. 1975 B. 1935 C. 1926 D. 1929
57	Who reconciled Rousseau's theory of General Will Austins theory of a determinate sovereign power?	A. T. H. Green B. H. J Laski C. Sir Henry Maine D. E. Barker
58	He believed that every peson was born with a tabula rasa, or blank slate.	A. Locke B. Voltaire C. Montesquieu D. Frederick the Great
59	"Man when separated from Law and Justice is the worst of all animals" is the saying of	A. Plato B. Aristotle C. Machiavelli D. None of these
		A. Aristotle

E. None of these

60	The father had Planned a legal for his son but the son had no inclination towards that. Who was the son?	B. Machiavelli C. John Locke D. None of these
61	In Kant's essay "Answering the Question: What is Enlightenment as an age shaped by the Latin motto	A. Ab antiquo B. Salva veritate C. Sapere aude D. None of these
62	As a junior lecturer at the Lycee du Havre in 1938, Sartre wrote the novel	A. Dirty Hands B. The Flies C. No Exit D. La Nausee
63	Fukuyama is known for his book	A. Trust: The Social Virtues and the Creation of Prosperity B. Our Posthuman Future: Consequences of the Biotechnology Revolution C. The End of History and the Last Man D. None of these
64	Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched?	A. Harmony between the prts of the society- Plato B. Greatest good of the greatest number -j.Bentham C. Greatest advantages of the least advantaged - John Rawls D. Interest of the strongest- Aristotle
65	In Satre's view, humans are responsible for	A. their actions B. their passions C. Both A and B D. Neither A nor B
66	The concept of ' Separation of Powers' was given by	A. Montesquieu B. Machiavelli C. Bentham D. None of these
67	Name the post structural thinker who groomed in the phenomenological tradition of Edmund Husserl and Heidegger?	A. Derrida B. laccan C. Faucault D. Kristeva
68	Gramsci's theory of hegemony is tied to his conception of the	A. Capitalist state B. Republic state C. Democratic state D. None of these
69	According to Sartre , existentialism is a doctrine intended strictly for	A. All people B. specialists and philosophers C. Europeans D. atheists
70	According to Fukuyama democracy's only real competitor in the realm of ideas today is	A. Radical Islamism B. Stalinism C. Fascism D. None of these
71	A phrase quoted by Kant, which is used to summarize the counter-utilitarian nature of his moral philosophy, is	A. Fait justitia , pereat mundus B. Sapiens qui prospicit C. Scientia er labor D. None of these
72	Gramsci', like the early Marx , was an emphatic proponent of	A. Determinist philosophy     B. Historicism     C. Metaphysical materialism     D. None pf these
73	For Kierkegaard and his Pietist associates, to believe in God is to:	A. None of these B. Expect certain punishment for worldly sin C. Trust God to provide an eternal life after death D. Attend the proper rituals and recite the appropriate prayers E. Believe in the power of prayer
74	Kant opposed	A. Democracy B. Dictatorship C. Monarchy D. None of these
75	The wll-known theorist of New Social Movement is	A. Jurgen Habermas B. Foucault C. Karl Marx D. Louis Pierre Althusser

76	According to Plato the Population of an ideal state should be :	A. 5040 B. 50400 C. 50040 D. None of these
77	Plato was a	A. Realist B. Idealist C. Rationalist D. None of these
78	Who among the following argued that justice is the first virtue of social institutions?	A. G. W. F. Hegel B. karl Marx C. Charles Taylor D. John Rawls
79	In which one of the following books did Karl Marx put forward the idea that the State could enjoy relative autonomy from class system?	A. The Eighteenth Brumaire of Louis Bonaparte B. Das Kapital C. Communist Manifesto D. Gotha program
80	Which of the following are elements of Marxism?	A. Concept of surplus value     B. Dialectical Materialism     C. Doctrine of class struggle     D. None of these
81	With his brother Totto, Niccolo begins the school of paolo da Ronciglione in	A. 1480 B. 1481 C. 1487 D. None of these
82	What does the eighteenth century represent, amongst other things	A. The beginning of public execution as a penalty     B. The rise of an illegality of rights     C. The invention of property rights     D. A crisis of popular illegality
83	Associations are not persona ficta but real persons existing prior to the State . This view was propounded by	A. Hobbes B. Hegel C. Duguit D. Gierke
84	Equality, according to John Rawls, is an operational concept tied to his procedural theory of justice. Which of the following statements correctly describe(s) Rawls' position on inequality?	A. Inequality is the cause of instability and revolution, and therefore unacceptable in the long run B. Inequality is the sole cause of human misery, moral degradation and corruption, and should be abolished.  C. Inequality is justified if it leads to the elevation of the worst off in society  D. None of these
85	"Existential dread" is the	A. Fear of dying young B. Fear of eternal damnation C. Fear that one's life is meaningless D. Fear of dying before one's life's work has been completed E. None of these
86	Which of the following is rejected by Hobbes as the foundation of the State?	A. The view that might is right B. Individualism C. Rational self-preservation as the ground for social contract D. Concept of authorization
87	The Open Society and Its Enemies is a work on political philosophy by Karl Popper, in which	A. Popper offers a critique of theories of teleological historicism B. he seeks to persuade the reader of both the danger and the bankruptcy of the idea of historicism C. None of these
88	"The cause of sedition is always to be found in inequality " is said by:	A. Plato B. Aristotle C. Machiavelli D. None of these
89	Hobbesian social contract is based on	A. Desire for peace B. Selfishness C. Fear D. Completion E. None of these
90	What are the two kinds of time that Foucault discusses in his account of discipline?	A. Past and present     B. Calculated and observed     C. Linear and evolutive

		D. Disciplined and punished
91	Who gave a lasting contribution to scientific philosophy?	A. Otto Neurath B. Kant C. Rudolf Carnap D. Hans hann
92	Rene Descartes is associated with which of the following approached to knowledge generation?	A. Empiricism B. Rationalism C. Expert opinion D. None of these
93	The price of salvation, according to Kierkegaard's variety of Protestantism, is	A. The performance of "good works" B. Frequent public attestations of belief in God's existence C. Unconditioned faith in God's promise of eternal life D. Both A and B E. NOne of thee
94	What is the subtitle of Discipline and punish?	A. The growth of the carceral system     B. Penality in the classical period     C. The birth of the prison     D. Surveillance and Observation
95	Who among the following is not a Proponent of the theory of natural rights	A. Thomas Hobbes B. John Locke C. Thomas Jefferson D. Jeremy Bentham
96	Locke laid down that state is :	A. An end in itself B. Means to an end C. Unavoidable evil D. Legal necessity E. None of these
97	The positive theory theory of liberty was advocated by	A. J S Mill B. T. H. Green C. Isaih D. Karl popper
98	The term 'discursive formation ' is coined by	A. Gayatri Chakravoty Spivak B. Jaques Derrida C. Michael Foucault D. Julia Kristeva
99	Existentialism is the philosophical doctrine according to which our being as subjective individuals is more important than	A. what we have in common objectively with other human beings B. Our objective relationship with God C. Our ability to exercise individual choices D. Our choice of inner beliefs E. None of these
100	Sartre claims that the value of one's affection is determined by	A. the way one thinks B. all of the above C. the way one acts D. the way one feels
101	Kierkegaard opposed himself to:	A. the Lutheran Church B. Hegelian philosophers C. middle-class society D. Both of A and B E. All of these
102	Machiavelli's Art of War echoes many themes , issues , ideas and proposals from his earlier, more widely read works,	A. The Prince B. The Discourses C. Both A & D. None of these
103	With which two images does Faucault begin this book?	A. A prison and a guillotine     B. A prison and a delinquent     C. A genealogy and the carceral system     D. A public execution and a timetable
104	Plato was born 427-8 BC and died at the age of:	A. 80 B. 76 C. 74 D. None of these
105	Bourdieu was also influenced by	A. Emile Durkheim B. Wittgenstein C. Max Weber D. All of the above
		A. Critique of Pure Reason R. Onus Postumum

106	Kant defines his theory of perception in his influential 1781 work the	C. Critique of Judgement D. None of these
107	The essential feature(s) of Kierkegaard's philosophy	A. His opposition to the religious views of the burghers B. The "leap of faith" C. The subjectivity of truth D. Both A and B E. Both B and C
108	The distinction between Teal Will and Actual Will was made by:	A. Green B. Bosanquet C. Rousseau D. None of these
109	Lenin's first important theoretical work relates to	A. Factors of production     B. Organization of the party     C. Industrial economy     D. peasant movements
110	In Marx's view, the social revolution beings when relations of production become a fetter upon the further development of forces of production. The 'relations of production', in this context, refer to:	A. Relations between the nations B. Relations between surplus value and absolute surplus value C. Relation between production and distribution D. Relation between the basic classes
111	Rousseau's 800-page novel of sentiment, Julie, ou la nauvelle Heloise , was published in	A. 1761 B. 1768 C. 1758 D. None of these
112	The thinker who has been characterized as a 'reluctant democrat' is:	A. J. Bentham B. E.Burke C. T. H. Green D. J. S Mill
113	In his realistic theory of International politics Morgenthau's autonomy of political sphere denotes	A. Autonomy of the State in international sphere B. Autonomy of the decision-makers vis-a vis-the legislature C. Autonomy of the political action in complete disregard to other standards of thought D. Autonomy of the policy-makers vis-a vis other agencies or organs of the government
114	"The Spirit of Laws/1748" won great fame for	A. J. J Rousseau B. Jeremy Bentham C. Montesquieu D. None of these
115	Michel Foucault argued that	A. harsh punishments are necessary to make people obey the law B. If people were more conscious of their rights they could eradicate power inequalities forever C. power is a quality reserved for government institutions D. power is inherent in all social relations, and is, therefore, impossible to eradicate even though its abuses should always be attacked
116	Which one of the following theories held that the State is a product and manifestation of the irreconcilability of class antagonisms?	A. Evolutionary Theory B. Anarchist Theory C. Marxist-leninist Theory D. Guild-Socialist Theory
117	Rawls's the most important work in moral philosophy since the end of World War 2 is	A. A Theory of justice B. Political Liberalism C. The Law of Peoples D. Justice as Fairness: A Restatement
118	Kant was an established scholar and an increasingly influential philosopher at the age of	A. 36 B. 46 C. 56 D. None of these
119	Rawls develops his original position by modeling it, in certain respects at least, after the "initial situations" of various social contract thinkers who came before him, including	A. Thomas Hobbes B. john Locke C. Jean-Jacques Rousseau D. All of above
		A. in the case of a false view  B. in the cases of a false view and a

B in the cases of a false view and a

120	J. S. Mill recommended complete freedom of speech and censorship:	view that is partially true and partially false C. in the case of view that is both partially true and partially false D. in all cases irrespective of whether a view is partially or wholly true or false
121	Famous treatise Peri Hermeneias is developed by	A. Plato B. Socrates C. Aristotle D. Gadamer
122	Rousseau's natural man is virtually indentical to a solitary	A. Chimpanzee B. Ape C. Both A & D. None of these
123	What does Foucault refer to as the aspect of the crime that is " turned back upon itself" in order to reveal the crime's truth	A. Discipline B. Alacrity C. Atrocity D. Dogma
124	Which one of the following ideas is integral to Marxism?	A. Materialist dialectics     B. Priority of the economic factor     C. Surplus value as mode of appropriation of surplus under capitalism     D. Concept of class struggle
125	Hume sees no difficulty in the possibility of "an eternal succession of objects ," without beginning or end . This is meant to be an objection to	A. The Argument from Design B. The Cosmological Argument C. Kierkegaard's leap of faith D. Both B and C
126	Who among the following most strongly believed that there is a fundamental difference between humans and animals?	A. B. F. Skinner B. Rene Descartes C. William James D. Clark Hull
127	On August 4, 1968 Mao was presented with some mangoes by the Pakistani foreign minister, Syed Sharifuddin Pirzada, in an apparent diplomatic gesture . Mao called the mangoes	A. The Mango Bomb B. Spiritual time bomb C. Walking time bombs D. None of these
128	"The 20th Century totalitarianism resembles an onion like structure", according to	A. Raymond Aron B. Karl Popper C. Hannah Arendt D. Michael Oakeshoot
129	When did Machiavelli die?	A. 1469 AD B. 1527 AD C. 1523 AD D. None of these
130	"over himself; over his mind and body , the individual is sovereign." Who among the following made this statement?	A. H. J. Laski B. Immanuel Kant C. J. S. Mill D. G. W. F. Hegel
131	The most influential contributor to the mechanical worldview was	A. Isaac Newton B. Francis Bacon C. Copernicus D. Rene Descartes
132	According to Bourdieu, the most important of all field is	A. economic B. political C. cultural D. social
133	Karl Barth described Hegel as a	A. Philosophies of west B. Protestant Aquinas C. Summa theologiae D. None of these
134	Lenin reached the conclusion that the disintegration of capitalism would begin in the:	A. Industrial heartland B. Tsarist Russia C. Colonial periphery D. USA
135	Kierkegaard says it is a mistake for me to ask about another person's mind, because i risk the possibility of	A. Violating the other person's solitude B. Being deceived C. Entanglement D. Sin E. All of the above
		A. John Locke B. J.S. Mill

136	The Spirit of Laws was written by  C. Hume D. Edmund Burk E. Montesquieu	
137	For Kierkegaard, the central religious problem was the	A. Problem of evil B. Problem of faith C. Search for a proof of God's existence D. Problem of determining the nature of the afterlife E. None of these
138	Which of the political philosophers was more admitted by the American Founding Fathers, and his thoughts on the importance of private property were reflected in the drafting and historical development of the American Constitution.	A. John Locke B. Thomas Hobbes C. Rousseau D. None of these
139	Plato wrote the famous book:	A. Leciathan B. The Republic C. The clouds D. None of these
140	Kant is known for his theory that there is a single moral obligation, which he called the	A. Hypothetical imperatives B. Formula of Universal Law C. "Categorical Imperative" D. None of these
141	The author of the book 'Statesman'is	A. Aristotle B. Machiavelli C. Plato D. None of these
142	Karl Marx and F. Engels coauthored	A. Das Kapital B. Anti- Duhring C. German Ideology D. Critique of the Gotha Programme
143	The founder of communism is	A. Plato B. Karl marx C. Mao-Tse-TUNG D. None of these
144	is regarded as the father of deconstruction theory	A. Derrida B. Levi-Strauss C. Roland Barthes D. Saussure
145	This person suggested that at least some types of behavior are mechanistic, and can therefore be scientifically investigated	A. Aristotle B. Descartes C. Locke D. James
146	What adjective best describes the pre-mofern criminal investigation?	A. Suspicious B. Barbarous C. Unjust D. Secret
147	Gramsci is best known for his theory of	A. Ricardian socialism B. Hegemonic stability theory C. Cultural hegemony D. None of these
148	What is the category created by the carceral system?	A. The prisoner B. The convict C. The prison warder D. The delinquent
149	Machiavelli by birth was	A. French B. German C. Spanish D. Italian
150	Separation of Ethics and Politics was the principle notion in the philosophy of	A. Lenin B. Plato C. Machiavelli D. None of these
151	"Justice as treating equals equally and unequal's unequally" who said this	A. Aristotle B. J.S. Mill C. T.H. Green D. None of these
152	Pierre Bourdieu was born in	A. None of these B. 1930 C. 1932 D. 1934
		A. to explore the historical origin of

153	the State  B. to explain the basis of po obligation  C. to justify the status quo  D. to bring out a radical transformation of society by revolution	
154	What did Michel Foucault claim concerning episteme?	A. They form a continuous series leading to the advancement of truth over superstition B. They are discovered, not made C. They can be the basis of objective D. They are socially created realities that serve as the ground of truth for their eras
155	In Rousseau's philosophy, society's negative influence on men centers on its transformation of	A. a positve self-love B. Amour de soi C. Instinctive human desire for self-preservation D. All of the above
156	For Kierkegaard and his Pietist associates, to believe in God is to:	A. Believe in the power of prayer B. None of these C. Attend the proper rituals and recite the appropriate prayers D. Expect certain punishment for worldly sin E. Trust God to provide an eternal life after death
157	According to Bentham, the principle of utility is appropriately applied to	A. Neither a nor b B. What we ought to do C. what we will do D. Both A & D. Bo
158	The Art of War is written by:	A. Mao B. Machiavelli C. Lenin D. None of these
159	What is the cornerstone of Marxism?	A. Attack on bourgeois way to life     B. Economic determinism     C. Materialist conception of history     D. A distinctive philosophy of the state
160	Pierre Bourdieu refers to his perspective as:	A. Structuralist constructivism     B. post-constructivism     C. genetic capitalism     D. field theory
161	What symbolic role does the executioner perform?	A. The King's champion B. The servant of God C. The link between power and knowledge D. The embodiment of discipline
162	Who was the Father of English Utilitarianism?	A. John Austin B. James Mill C. Jeremy Bentham D. None of these
163	The offer of eternal life in exchange for sincere faith caused fear and torment because	A. Each person has committed some sin B. Different people interpreted it different ways C. it is nearly impossible to be sure that one has unconditional faith in God D. We are limited by our imperfect understanding of the motives of God E. None of above
164	Which place is contrasted with the panopticon in section seven?	A. The scaffold B. The prison C. The plague town D. The king's throne
165	What would Jacques Derrida say about the essential meaning of a test?	A. It means whatever the author intended for it to mean B. It means whatever the reader understands it to mean C. It means whatever the majority of experts take it to mean D. A trick question, since he rejects the whole notion of essential

the State

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166	On what basis does Marx's dialectic materialism interpret and analyze the social events?	A. International milieu B. Material Forces C. Communal Forces D. Political Forces
167	Which of the following is NOT a key theme in Michel Foucault's writing?	A. the 'hyperreality' of media imagery B. the significance of 'expert discourses' C. societies' use of surveillance and discipline D. the 'archaeology' of scientific knowledge
168	Who among the following viewed the State as an embodiment of the collective consciousness of the people cultures?	A. WE Hegel B. John Locke C. Immanuel Kant D. J. Bodin
169	With what process is torture associated?	A. The juridical investigation     B. The judical investigation     C. The philosophical investigation     D. The official investigation
170	Gramsci shifted the focus of Marxist analysis through which of the following ideas?	A. Gramsci shifted the focus of Marxist analysis through which of the following ideas B. That consent for a particular social and political system was produced and reproduced through the operation of hegemony C. None of these
171	Kant lectured on anthropology for over	A. 15 years B. 20 years C. 25 years D. None of these
172	Concerning the relationship between morality and theology, Bentham claims that:	A. we must first know whether something is right before we can know whether it conforms to God,s will  B. We must first know whether something conforms to God's will before we can know that it is right.  C. God exists, but does not concern himself with matters of morality  D. God does not exist
173	GENERAL WILL as concept was introduced by	A. Rousseau B. hobbes C. Locke D. None of these
174	Bentham was a supporter of the theory of:	A. Natural rights     B. Historical rights     C. Legal rights     D. Ethical rights
175	Karl Popper in political discourse, he is known for his vigorous defense of	A. Liberal democracy B. Guided democracy C. Control democracy D. None of these
176	The People's Republic of China was established on	A. Oct. 1, 1950 B. Oct. 1, 1949 C. Oct. 1, 1951 D. None of these
177	according to john Locke the worst form of Government is:	A. Monarchy B. Aristocracy C. Democracy D. None of these
178	One of the first moves of Lenin's government was to ban	A. All opposition parties B. All opposition press C. All opposition leaders D. None of these
179	Strong emphasis on justice was laid by	A. Socrates B. Aristotle C. Herodotus D. Stoics E. None of these
180	Aristotle was famous student of:	A. Anaxagoras B. Hermes C. Socrates

		D. None of these
181	Bourdieu became " the intellectual reference" for movements opposed to neo-liberalism and globalisation that developed in France and elsewhere during the	A. 80s B. 90s C. 70s D. None of these
182	Disappearance of the author' is the term coined by	A. Michel Faucault B. Husserl C. Derrida D. None of these
183	"An essay concerning Human Understanding" was published in 1690, is the most important work of:	A. J. S. Mill B. Bentham C. Thomas Hobbes D. john Lock
184	Gramsci was one of the most important Marxist thinkers of the 20th century, and a particularly key thinker in the development of	A. Academic Marxism B. Western Marxism C. Orthodox Marxism D. None of these
185	Alexander of Macedonia was student of	A. Socrates B. Plato C. Aristotle D. None of these
186	In Sartre's view, when one chooses how to live one is choosing	A. only for oneself B. for all of one's family C. for all of one's friends D. for all people
187	The doctrine of Proportionate equality was Pronounced by	A. Aristotle B. Rousseau C. Marx D. None of these
188	Bourdieu's best know book is	A. Distinction: A Social Critique of the Judgment of Taste B. Homo Academicus C. Essays toward a Reflective Sociology D. None of these
189		A. To find a way of punishing better B. To find a way of punishing less
100	What were penal reformers attempting to do, according to Foucault?	C. to disentangle the penalty from the crime D. To protect prisoners from cruelty
190	What were penal reformers attempting to do, according to Foucault?  Pierre Bourdieu's theoretical perspective makes use of the concept of 'capital'. Which of the following is not part of his scheme?	C. to disentangle the penalty from the crime
	Pierre Bourdieu's theoretical perspective makes use of the concept of 'capital '. Which of the	C. to disentangle the penalty from the crime D. To protect prisoners from cruelty  A. Political capital B. Economic capital C. Social capital
190	Pierre Bourdieu's theoretical perspective makes use of the concept of 'capital '. Which of the following is not part of his scheme?	C. to disentangle the penalty from the crime D. To protect prisoners from cruelty  A. Political capital B. Economic capital C. Social capital D. Cultural capital  A. The State is an executive committee for managing the affairs of the bourgeoisie B. Capitalism digs its own grave C. Imperialism is the highest state of
190	Pierre Bourdieu's theoretical perspective makes use of the concept of 'capital'. Which of the following is not part of his scheme?  Which one of the following is not a statement of Karl Marx?	C. to disentangle the penalty from the crime D. To protect prisoners from cruelty  A. Political capital B. Economic capital C. Social capital D. Cultural capital  A. The State is an executive committee for managing the affairs of the bourgeoisie B. Capitalism digs its own grave C. Imperialism is the highest state of capitalism  D. The state wil wither away A. Locke B. Voltaire C. Montesquieu
190 191 192	Pierre Bourdieu's theoretical perspective makes use of the concept of 'capital'. Which of the following is not part of his scheme?  Which one of the following is not a statement of Karl Marx?  He believed that every person was born with a tabula rasa, or blank slate.	C. to disentangle the penalty from the crime D. To protect prisoners from cruelty  A. Political capital B. Economic capital C. Social capital D. Cultural capital D. Cultural capital  A. The State is an executive committee for managing the affairs of the bourgeoisie B. Capitalism digs its own grave C. Imperialism is the highest state of capitalism  D. The state wil wither away A. Locke B. Voltaire C. Montesquieu D. Frederick the Great  A. 322 B.C B. 332 B.C C. 384 B.c
190 191 192	Pierre Bourdieu's theoretical perspective makes use of the concept of 'capital'. Which of the following is not part of his scheme?  Which one of the following is not a statement of Karl Marx?  He believed that every person was born with a tabula rasa, or blank slate.  The Greek philosopher Aristotle died in	C. to disentangle the penalty from the crime D. To protect prisoners from cruelty  A. Political capital B. Economic capital C. Social capital D. Cultural capital D. Cultural capital A. The State is an executive committee for managing the affairs of the bourgeoisie B. Capitalism digs its own grave C. Imperialism is the highest state of capitalism  D. The state wil wither away A. Locke B. Voltaire C. Montesquieu D. Frederick the Great  A. 322 B.C B. 332 B.C C. 384 B.C D. None of these  A. 35 B. 40 C. 50

		do not have practical application D. are fundamentally flawed
197	Mao himself claimed that a total of 700,000 people were killed in attacks on "counter-revolutionaries" during the years	A. 1950-52 B. 1944-49 C. 1949-52 D. None of these
198	Antonio Gramsci was born in	A. 1890 B. 1891 C. 1892 D. None of these
199	Who among the following thinkers has claimed that the history of ideas has ended with the recognition of Liberal democracy as ' the final form of human government'?	A. Ralph Miliband B. Noam Chomsky C. Amartya Sen D. Francis Fukuyama
200	In January 1905, the Bloody Sunday massacre of protesters in St.Petersburg sparked a spate of civil unrest known as the	A. Revolution of St.Petersburg B. Revolution of 1905 C. St.Petersburg movement D. None of these
201	Leviathan was written by	A. Hegel B. James Mill C. Hobbes D. J.S. Mill E. None of these
202	Pierre Bourdieu was born in	A. 1930 B. 1932 C. 1934 D. None of these
203	The expression " the noble savage" was first used in 1672 by British poet	A. Lascelles Abercrombie B. Arthur Henry Adams C. John Dryden D. None of these
204	Rousseau was born on 28 June 1712 at	A. New York B. Washington D.C C. Geneva D. None of these
205	According to Aristotle the end of state is:	A. legal B. Social C. Ethical D. Economic E. None of these
206	'Speech and Phenomenon ' is written by	A. Roland Barthes B. Julia Kristeva C. Jacques Derrida D. Faoucault
207	The famous book "The Spirit of Laws" written by Montesquieu was published in:	A. 1734 B. 1754 C. 1784 D. 1773
208	The turning point in the life of Plato came in the year 399 BC when he was of:(CSS-2005/2009)	A. 24 years B. 26 years C. 28 years D. None of these
209	According to Sartre, existentialism is a doctrine intended strictly for	A. All people B. specialists and philosophers C. Europeans D. atheists
210	"The Development of Capitalism in Russia was written by	A. Lenin B. Friedrich Engels C. Mao-Tung D. None of these
211	When Aristotle declared that " man is by nature a political animal", he did not imply that	A. Only within a political community man can live the good life' B. Politics is an ethical activity concerned with creating a just society C. There is a distinction between state and civil society D. Politics is a master science which is essentially an attempt to create a good society
212	Author of the book 'Capital ' is"	A. Karl Marx B. Lenin C. Mao D. None of these

213	Rawls's A Theory of Justice (1971)includes a thought experiment he called the	A. "Veil of ignorance" B. "Original position" C. "Reflective equilibrium" D. None of these
214	When does Faucault believe that public executions disappeared by?	A. 1830-48 B. 1835-50 C. 1900-1950 D. 1930-1948
215	Rawl's principle of distributive justice is based on the notion of :	A. Desert B. Difference principle C. Equality D. Entitlement
216	"Two treatise on civil Government" was written by	A. Thomas Hobbes B. Montesquieu C. John Locke D. None of these
217	Modern Political thought begins with:	A. Machiavelli B. Montesquieu C. Mill D. None of these
218	Where does Foucault believe the disciplines originated?	A. In prison B. In courtrooms C. In monasteries D. In supermarkets
219	As per Marxism, which one of the following serves as the force, spurring social developing?	A. Materialism B. The Communist Party C. Socialist ideology D. Class contradictions
220	Sir Karl Raimund Popper was born in	A. 1900 B. 1902 C. 1904 D. None of these
221	"The principle of the greatest good of the greatest number was made a hook to be put into nostrils of the Leviathan so that it could be tamed and harnessed to the chariot of utility." This observation refers to the political theory of:	A. Hobbes B. Hume C. Sidgwick D. Bentham
222	The End of History and the Last Man, was Published by Free Press in	A. 1993 B. 2002 C. 1992 D. 1990
223	Lenin died on	A. 24 January 1922 B. 24 January 1925 C. 24 January 1924 D. None of these
224	According to Aristotle the end of state is	A. Logical B. Lagal C. Ethical D. None of these
225	Marxism believes that:	A. The real is the rational and the rational is the real B. Social relations are rooted in the material is the real C. Economic relations can be understood in the light of the progress of human mind D. It is human consciousness that determines the social life of man
226	What does Foucault give as an example of discipline operating in the seventeenth century?	A. The body of the soldier B. The royal gardens at Versailles C. The peison workshop D. The church
227	Bentham claims that nature has placed mankind under two sovereign masters	A. Pain and pleasure B. Good and evil C. God and the devil D. Duty and self-interest
228	On August 4, 1968 Mao was presented with some mangoes by the Pakistani foreign minister, Syed Sharifuddin Pirzada, in an apparent diplomatic gesture. Mao called the mangoes	A. None of these B. Walking time bombs C. The Mango Bomb
		D. Spiritual time bomb

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		D. Unimportant
230	Samuel P. huntington wrote a 1993 essay, "The Clash of Civilizations", in direct response to	A. America at the Crossroads B. The End of History C. The Origins of Political Order D. Political Order and Political Decay
231	Fukuyama's most recent book, Political Order and Political Decay: From the Industrial Revolution to the Globalization of Democracy, was published in	A. September 2013 B. September 2014 C. September 2015 D. None of these
232	Which of the following is Derrida associated with?	A. Deconstruction B. Humanism C. Elocution D. None of these
233	According to Bentham, the principle of utility is appropriately applied to	A. Both A & Department of the Amp; B B. what we will do C. Neither a nor b D. What we ought to do
234	"Only the will of the sovereign can be the source of law". who said it?	A. John Hobbes B. John Austin C. Groutious D. None of these
235	Name the Husserl Scholar and Critic from the following philosophers?	A. Jacques Derrida B. Lacan C. Barthes D. None of these
236	"Principle of Utility" as a method was the idea of	A. james Mill B. Herbert Spencer C. Jeremy Bentham D. Kant
237	Which one of the following is the correct sequence in the political philosophy of John Locke?	A. State of nature- Civil society- Natural rights_ contract B. Natural rights - contract- state of nature- civil society C. State of nature- Contract- Civil society- Nature rights D. Natural rights - State of nature- contract - Civil society
238	Kant's political thought can be summarized as republican government and	A. International Community     B. International organization     C. Globalization     D. None of these
239	Which of the thinkers is a social contractualist?	A. Lenin B. Marx C. Hobbes D. None of these
240	Jean Paul Sartre was awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature but refused it in	A. 1960 B. 1964 C. 1967 D. None of these
241	Rawls conceives of the original contract as one to:	A. Set up a particular form of government B. Enter a particular society C. Establish the principles of justice for the basic structure of society D. Establish the content of morality
242	Sartre claims that when he speaks of forlornness, he means that	A. God does not exist and we must face all the consequences of this B. we can never truly know another human being C. we are not responsible for our passions D. All of the above
243	As a junior lecturer at the Lycee du Havre in 1938, Sartre wrote the novel	A. La Nausee B. No Exit C. The Flies D. Dirty Hands
244	'Felicific Calculus, was the contribution of	A. Bentham B. Aristotle C. Plato D. J. S. Mill E. None of these
		A. Hobbes

245	The concept of 'legal sovereignty' was for the first time given by:	B. Locke C. Bentham D. None of these
246	"An essay concerning Human Understanding" is written by:	A. Thomas Hobbes B. John Locke C. J. J. Rousseau D. None of these
247	Which one of the following statements about Rousseau is correct?	A. He perfected the theory of Contract B. He repudiated the theory of Contract altogether C. He transformed the theory of Contract into an idealist mode of political discourse D. He added nothing to the theories of Hobbes and Locke beyond combining their views
248	Who among the following thinkers has attempted to apply structuralism to the study of Marxist socialism?	A. Gramsci B. Horkheimer C. Sartre D. Althuseer
249	Rawls's book the first, A Theory of Justice, focused on	A. How citizens divided by intractable religious     B. Distributive justice     C. Issue of global justice     D. Philosophical disagreements
250	Vladimir llyich Ulyanov was born in	A. 1857 B. 1870 C. 1894 D. None of these
251	Truth according to Kierkegaard is achieved by	A. Using rational means to prove a belief B. Using empirical methods to verify a belief C. Showing that contrary of a belief entails a contradiction D. Possessing a belief that you hold passionately and without doubt E. None of the above
252	John Rawls was born in	A. Baltimore B. Barnesville C. Annapolis D. aberdeen
253	In Marxist thought , the Concept of Hegemony is closely associated with whom among the following?	A. F. Engels B. Rosa Luxemburg C. A, Gramsci D. Mao-Tse-Tung
253 254		B. Rosa Luxemburg C. A, Gramsci
	following?	B. Rosa Luxemburg C. A. Gramsci D. Mao-Tse-Tung  A. Revolutionary change B. Change by defense forces C. Exogenous change by coercion
254	following?  'Piecemeal social engineering' as advocated by K.R. Popper is a prescription for	B. Rosa Luxemburg C. A, Gramsci D. Mao-Tse-Tung  A. Revolutionary change B. Change by defense forces C. Exogenous change by coercion D. Incremental change by law  A. Material Forces B. Communal Forces C. Political Forces
254	'Piecemeal social engineering' as advocated by K.R. Popper is a prescription for  On what basis does Marx's dialectic materialism interpret and analyze the social events?	B. Rosa Luxemburg C. A. Gramsci D. Mao-Tse-Tung  A. Revolutionary change B. Change by defense forces C. Exogenous change by coercion D. Incremental change by law  A. Material Forces B. Communal Forces C. Political Forces D. International milieu  A. Pleasure or pain inflicted by chance members of the community B. pleasure or pain inflicted by a judge in accordance with a rule C. Pleasure or pain that it is permissible to inflict on someone
254 255 256	'Piecemeal social engineering' as advocated by K.R. Popper is a prescription for  On what basis does Marx's dialectic materialism interpret and analyze the social events?  According to Bentham, a moral sanction is	B. Rosa Luxemburg C. A. Gramsci D. Mao-Tse-Tung  A. Revolutionary change B. Change by defense forces C. Exogenous change by coercion D. Incremental change by law  A. Material Forces B. Communal Forces C. Political Forces D. International milieu  A. Pleasure or pain inflicted by chance members of the community B. pleasure or pain inflicted by a judge in accordance with a rule C. Pleasure or pain that it is permissible to inflict on someone D. None of these  A. 1735 B. 1745 C. 1755

259	The Marxists perceive international politics as	nations or group of nations that can be managed by maintaining balances of power C. Interactions among States that can be peacefully D. Interactions among States guided and molded by leaders of those States
260	Who among the following theorized civil society as an ideological domain?	A. Karl Marx B. Hegel C. Antonio Gramsci D. Noam Chomsky
261	The view That property is a natural right of man was propounded by:	A. Aristotle B. St. Augustine C. Locke D. Hegel
262	According to Foucault:	A. Discourses constitute authority and knowledge B. Discourses are irrelevant C. Discourses constitute authority and knowledge and post-structuralists use the term discourses to mean that the link between knowledge and power is mutually constitutive D. 'The state' is the most important element in international politics
263	What all existentialists have in common, according to Sartre, is the view that	A. God does not exist, and so everything is permitted B. All humans share a common nature C. existence precedes essence D. essence precedes existence
264	Mao Zedong ruled as an autocrat styled the Chairman of the Communist Party of China from its establishment in 1949, until his death in	A. 1974 B. 1975 C. 1976 D. None of these
265	Which of these books represents the scheme of Plato's Philosophy?	A. The Politics B. The Republic C. The Laws D. None of these
266	Fukuyama believes the US has a right to promote its own values in the world, but more along the lines of what he calls	A. Hollanditis B. Realistic Wilsonianism C. Mutual assured destruction D. Massive retaliation
267	Rawls derives two principles of justice from the original position The first of these is	A. Liberty Principle B. Personal property right C. Natural right of self-ownership D. None of these
268	The three source of Marx's thought are	A. German Philosophy, French, Economy and British Socialism B. German Philosophy, Russian Anarchism and French Socialism C. German Philosophy, British Economics and French D. Utopian Socialism, French Revolution and Tsarist autonomy
269	An individual who believes that humans and animals are fundamentally different would most likely agree with the viewpoint of	A. Clark Hull B. Ivan Pavlov C. Rene Descartes D. B. F. Skinner
270	What , according to Foucault, replaces the theater of punishment?	A. The human sciences B. Secret penalty C. The punishment as spectacle D. The carceral city
271	Kant's major work is	A. The Critique of Pure Reason B. universal Natural History and Theory of Heaven C. The False Subtlety of the Four Syllogistic Figures D. None of these
272	The Fascism of Plato got birth in 4th century Bc, whereas the modern Fascism is the Product of:	A. 18th Century B. 19th Century C. 20th Century D. None of these

		D. NOTIC OF GIOGO
273	Montesquieu restricts froms of Government upto	A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. None of these
274	Who among the following thinkers held that "Human concerning the changing of circumstances and upbringing forgets that circumstances are changed by men be educated ". the above view was expressed by	A. Hobbes B. Feurbach C. Hegel D. Marx
275	In January 1958, Mao launched the second Five-Year Plan, known as the	A. Guideline     B. Socialist market economy     C. Great Leap Forward     D. None of these
276	Immanuel Kant was born in Konigsberg, Prussia in	A. 1724 B. 1725 C. 1736 D. None of these
277	Francis Fukuyama was born in the hyde Park neighborhood of	A. Chicago B. Edwardsville C. Springfield D. None of these
278	"Rights properly so-called are creations of law properly so called." This definition of rights is associated with	A. Hobbes B. Hegel C. Bentham D. Laski
279	The Hobbesian contract was	A. Between the People and Leviathan B. Between the society and Leviathan C. Among men living in the state of nature D. Between leaders and Leviathan
280	When does Foucault claim that the carceral system was completed?	A. January 22, 1840 B. December 25, 1900 C. November 13, 1860 D. April 17, 1833
281	By late 2003, Fukuyama had voiced his growing opposition to the	A. Iraq War B. Afghanistan War C. Syrian Civil War D. None of these
282	Immanuel Kant was a	A. German philosopher B. French philosopher C. English philosopher D. None of these
283	"The end of Politics is not knowledge but action" who said it:	A. Plato B. Aristotle C. Montesquieu D. None of these
284	Jean-Paul Sartre was born in	A. Le Havre B. Paris C. La Rochelle D. Saint-Denis
285	What was Gramsci's term for cultural consensus supporting capitalism?	A. Universalism B. Hegemony C. Discourse D. None of these
286	According to Aristotle which is the best amongst the perverted form of the ideal states	A. Tyranny B. Oligarchy C. Democracy D. None of these
287	Plato wrote	A. Politics B. The Laws C. Political Economy D. Polity
288	Sartre claims that the value of one's affection is determined by	A. the way one acts B. the way one thinks C. all of the above D. the way one feels
289	Which one of the following is not correctly matched?	A. Karl Marx: Grundrisse B. Harold Laski: Grammar of Politics C. Aristotle: The Statesman D. Karl Popper: Open Society and its

		Enemies.
290	Which two aspects of the subject's life does discipline aim to regulate?	A. Time and space B. The mind and the soul C. Life and death D. Future and past
291	Aristotle was anwhile Plato was a(n)	A. Empiricist; Nativist B. Structuralist; Functionalist C. Functionalist; Structuralist D. Nativist; Empiricist
292	Jean paul Sartre was a	A. French philosopher B. German philosopher C. Italian philosopher D. None of these
293	Rousseau was born on	A. 28 July 1712 B. 28 June 1812 C. 28 June 1712 D. 28 August 1712
294	"Rights properly so-called are creations of law properly so called ." This definition of rights is associated with	A. Hobbes B. Bentham C. Hegel D. Laski
295	Which two procedures are combined in the process of examination?	A. Hierarchical observation and normalizing judgment B. Calculated economy and prescribed behavior C. Political discrepancy and severe punishment D. Seriation and categorization
296	Kierkegaard tells us that only ethical interest is interest	A. In the well-being of those less fortunate B. In the sincerity of others C. On one's own subjective reality D. In objective reality E. In one's relation to one's community
297	The Long March began the ascent of power of	A. Mao Zedong B. Chiang Kai Shek C. HoChi Minch D. None of these
298	Who was Kant's first major critics?	A. Rousseau B. Hegel C. Hilaire Belloc D. None of these
299	Derrida calls 'preference for presence over absence ' as	A. Illusion B. Prejudice C. Metaphysics of presence D. First principle
300	Which of the following are "human sciences"?	A. Sociology, criminology and psychiatry B. Botany, hydrology and architecture paleontology C. Scientology, Geology and Theosophy
301	The Marxists perceive international politics as	A. Interactions among States guided and molded by leaders of those States B. a struggle for power between two nations or group of nations that can be managed by maintaining balances of power C. Interactions among States that can be peacefully D. a struggle for power between the bourgeois and socialist systems with the hope of inevitable triumph of international proletarianism
302	Which term is not generally associated with jacques Derrida	A. Epistemes B. Deconstructive method C. Semiotics D. The free play of signifiers
303	Rousseau believed that the savage stage was not the first stage of human development, but the	A. Second stage B. Third stage C. Fourth stage D. None of these

304	Karl Popper's open Society and its Enemies is a critique of	A. Plato and Aristotle B. hegel and Kant C. Marx and Weber D. Plato, Hegel and Marx
305	Jacques Derrida was a french philosopher, born in	A. Algeria B. Comoros C. Egypt D. lesotho
306	Rawl's book the first, A Theory of Justice, focused on	A. How citizens divided by intractable religious     B. Distributive justice     C. Issue of global justice     D. Philosophical disagreements
307	The main proponents of post structuralism	A. Jacques Derrida B. Jaques Lacan C. Michel Faucault D. All of the above
308	Hegel was born on August 27, 1770 in	A. Stuttgart B. Rastatt C. Sigmaringen D. None of these
309	The natural rights of the people according to Locke are	A. Right to Life, Liberty and property B. Right to self-preservation adn right to property C. Right to life and equality and right to property D. None of these
310	"Greatest Happiness of the Greatest Number" ws the idea of	A. Austin B. Ibn-i-Khaldun C. Laski D. None of these
311	Pierre Baurdieu, who has died from leading at 71, was, for many , the leading intellectual of present-day	A. Spain B. Hungary C. France D. None of these
312	Who is the main reformer that Foucault analyzes?	A. Danton B. Beccaria C. Shaw D. Boethius
313	Aristotle is the orignal name of	A. Plato B. Nicomachus C. Machiavelli D. None of these
314	"A person is both a physical being and a spiritual being." The person whose philosophical assumptions are most in agreement with this statement is	A. Aristotle B. Locke C. Descartes D. Skinner
315	Rousseau's theory of General Will implies that it is:	A. the sum of particular wills B. The aggregate of all rational wills of individuals comprising a particular political community C. the transcendent, universal will may be even of one individual, which aims at the common good of the community D. will of the enlightened ruling elite
316	The Marxian theory of Surplus Value is largely derived from the theory of:	A. Adam Smith B. Ricardo C. Malthus D. John Stuart Mill
317	Karl Marx is known for his theory of	A. Dialectical Spiritualism B. Force as the Basis of State C. Materialistic Interpretation of history D. None of these
318	The principle of distributive justice was first propounded by:	A. Rawls B. Aristotle C. Godwin D. Herbert Spencer
319	Rousseau was an advocate of	A. Individual sovereignty     B. Popular sovereignty     C. Political sovereignty     D. Legal sovereignty

320	What does modern penalty aim to affect?	A. The body of the prisoner B. The future of the prisoner C. The soul of the prisoner D. The essence of the prisoner
321	In order to be saved , according to Kierkegaard, one's faith must be	A. Free from all doubt, including doubt that one is deserving of eternal life B. Held throughout an observant life C. Justified by reason D. Given only after a long period of questioning one's worthiness E. all of above
322	Lenin became interested in revolutionary socialist politics following his brother's execution in	A. 1888 B. 1887 C. 1874 D. None of these
323	Bourdieu's most significant work on cultural production is available in two books	A. The Field of Cultural Production B. The Rules of Art C. Weight of the world D. Both A & D. Both A &
324	The term "tabula rasa" is most clearly associated with	A. Edward Titchener B. john Locke C. Rene Descartes D. B. F. Skinner
325	The notion that the mind is a blank slate is most clearly associated with	A. Edward Titchener B. B. F. Skinner C. Rene Descartes D. John Locke
326	Which one of the following political thinkers was the first exponent of the liberal theory of States?	A. John Locke B. T.H. Green C. jean jacques Rousseau D. Hobbes
327	Kant developed his moral philosophy in	A. Two works B. Three works C. Four works D. None of these
328	Plato was born in	A. 430 B.C B. 428 B.C C. 387 B.C D. None of these
329	The idea of social contract has been recently revived under a new form by:	A. Nozick B. Rawls C. Oakshott D. Hannah Arendt
330	Pierre Bourfieu developed theories of social stratification based on aesthetic taste in his 1979 work	A. Practical Reason: on the Theory of Action B. Interventions politiques C. Distinction: A Social Critique of the Judgment of Taste D. The Social Structures of the Economy
331	Who wrote the book A theory of Justice?	A. Francis Fukuyama B. Gabriel A. Almond C. J. Rawls D. None of these
332	Marx and Kierkegaard	A. Disagreed concerning the value of Hegelian philosophy B. Were both concerned with the issue of poverty C. Both concerned themselves with religious reform D. Were opposed to the same forces, though they attacked them in very different ways E. all of these
333	From which author does Foucault derive the concept of Genealogy?	A. Nietzsche B. Heidegger C. Canguilhem D. Beccaria