

History 7th Class English Medium Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	ARslan, opeacd the gates of Anatoila to Tarks, by dffeating the Byzantine army is.	A. 1061 CE B. 1067 CE C. 1071 CE D. 1072CE
2	The persian people were.	A. Well educated B. Wel mannered C. Well behaved D. All three
3	Sultan Salah ud-Din Ayubi recaptured jerusalem in	A. 1171 CE B. 1187 CE C. 1190 CE D. 1193 CE
4	Muawiyah-I reigned.	A. 661 CE to 680 B. 665 CE to 670 CE C. 667 CE to 680 CE D. 669 CE to 680 CE
5	Tahmasp was a good.	A. Horse rider B. Actor C. Swimmer D. Caltigrapher
6	Conquered almost whole of Russia, Poland , Hungray, Ukraine, Moldavia, etc.	A. Mongols B. Romans C. Greek D. Persian
7	The French Revolution whihc began in.	A. 1718 CE B. 1756 CE C. 1779 CE D. 1789 CE
8	Babar appointed Hamayun, the Governor of Badakhshan at the age of.	A. 12 years B. 13 years C. 14 years D. 15 years
9	The main cause of Renalssance was the fall of.	A. Constantinople B. Egypt C. Cairo D. Russia
10	Hajjaj died is.	A. 710 CE B. 712 CE C. 713 CE D. 714 CE
11	The Mamluk Dynesty ruled over Delhi in the	A. 10th Century CE B. 11th Century CE C. 12th Century CE D. 13th Century
12	The French Revolution began in.	A. 1769 CE B. 1779 CE C. 1789 CE D. 1799 CE
13	Middle Ages art canbe divided up into main peiods and styles.	A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five
14	Seljuk Empire collapsed in.	A. 1094 CE B. 1194 CE C. 1182 CE D. 1109 CE
15	The Europeon society witnessed tremendousn changes, during.	A. 11th Century B. 12th Century C. 13th Century D. 15th and 16 Century

16	Leonardo da vinci was an..... artist.	A. Canadian B. Italian C. American D. Australian
17	Babar passed away in	A. 1530 CE B. 1531 CE C. 1532 CE D. 1533 CE
18	The early 12th century CE saw the rise of the Mongol Empire in easters	A. Europe B. Asia C. Africa D. America
19	France developed the feudal system to provide security in	A. 8th Century CE B. 9th Century CE C. 10th Century CE D. 11th Century CE
20	Qutb-ud-Din Aibak founded the Delhi Sultanate in.	A. 1204 CE B. 1206 CE C. 1208 CE D. 1210 CE
21	The fall of the which Empire started is 476 CE.	A. Greek B. Egyptian C. Persian D. Roman
22	The ayyubid Dynasty was established in	A. Turkey B. Iran C. Jordan D. Egypt
23	The first and foremost factor of the Renaissance was the decline of.	A. Communism B. Imperialism C. Feudalism D. Capitalism
24	After Babar's death, the Mughal Emperor was.	A. Akbar the Great B. Jahangir C. Humayun D. Shah Jahan
25	Al-Mu'tasim died in	A. 872 CE B. 842 CE C. 845 CE D. 848 CE
26	Religions communities were centres of learning, called.	A. Tlibes B. Community C. Church D. Monastries
27	Qutb-ud-Din Aibak who founded the Delhi saltanate	A. 1201 CE B. 1203 CE C. 1206 CE D. 1208 CE
28	Huymayan divided his kingdom into.	A. Two parts B. Three parts C. Four parts D. Five parts
29	The Mongol Empire was founded by Chengiz Khan in	A. 1201 CE B. 1203 CE C. 1204 CE D. 1206 CE
30	Al-Mehdi was the Abbasid Caliph	A. First B. Second C. Third D. Fourth
31	Seljuks were	A. Turks B. Irani C. Egyptian D. Afghanistan
32	Al-Walid -I was knows for his.	A. Beauty B. Piety C. Braveness D. Stinginess
33	City of Baghdad was founded by	A. Al -Mahdi B. Al-Marrum C. Al-Mansur

		<p>C. Al-Mutashim</p> <p>D. Al-Mutasim</p>
34	Michelangelo was born in	<p>A. Australia</p> <p>B. China</p> <p>C. America</p> <p>D. Republic of Florence</p>
35	THE BORDERS OF Umayyad Caliphate spread nearly.	<p>A. 8,650 KM</p> <p>B. 9,650 KM</p> <p>C. 9,250 KM</p> <p>D. 9,550 KM</p>
36	The Fatimid Dynasty ruled in much of north Africa from.	<p>A. 907 CE to 1071 CE</p> <p>B. 909 CE to 1171 CE</p> <p>C. 909 CE to 1131 CE</p> <p>D. 911 CE to 1171 CE</p>
37	Tughlaq Dynasty was ended in.	<p>A. 1411 CE</p> <p>B. 1413 CE</p> <p>C. 1414 CE</p> <p>D. 1415 CE</p>
38	Yazid Ibn Muawiyah ruled.	<p>A. 680 CE to 681 CE</p> <p>B. 680 CE to 682 CE</p> <p>C. 680 CE to 683 CE</p> <p>D. 680 CE to 685 CE</p>
39	The age of enlightenment was the age of.	<p>A. Development</p> <p>B. Fashion</p> <p>C. Equality</p> <p>D. Reason and Science</p>
40	The last Khalji ruler, Mubarakh Shah, was murdered in	<p>A. 1310 CE</p> <p>B. 1315 CE</p> <p>C. 1320 CE</p> <p>D. 1325 CE</p>
41	Tughril -III was the Sultan of the Seljuk Empire.	<p>A. First</p> <p>B. Second</p> <p>C. Third</p> <p>D. Last</p>
42	Reign of Tughril -I	<p>A. 937 -1063 CE</p> <p>B. 1030 -1060 CE</p> <p>C. 1032-1061 CE</p> <p>D. 1037-1063 CE</p>
43	Mahmud Ghaznavi ruled.	<p>A. 978 to 1020 CE</p> <p>B. 989 to 1020 CE</p> <p>C. 995 to 1025 CE</p> <p>D. 998 to 1030 CE</p>
44	The printing was invented in	<p>A. 1440 CE</p> <p>B. 1446 CE</p> <p>C. 1448 CE</p> <p>D. 1450 CE</p>
45	Leonardo da Vinci began painting the Mona Lisa in.	<p>A. 1500 CE</p> <p>B. 1501 CE</p> <p>C. 1503 CE</p> <p>D. 1505 CE</p>
46	King of England who signed the Human Rights document Magna Carta in 1215 CE was.	<p>A. Edward</p> <p>B. Harold</p> <p>C. John</p> <p>D. William-I</p>
47	At the time of accession to the throne, Akbar was only.	<p>A. 12 years old</p> <p>B. 14 years old</p> <p>C. 16 years old</p> <p>D. 18 years old</p>
48	Muhammad Ghaznavi was the independent ruler of the Ghaznavid Dynasty.	<p>A. First</p> <p>B. Second</p> <p>C. Third</p> <p>D. Last</p>
49	Renaissance means.	<p>A. Cultural</p> <p>B. Rebirth</p> <p>C. Political</p> <p>D. Social</p>
50	In the Middle Ages, Most of the lands were owned by	<p>A. Peasants</p> <p>B. Wealthy lord</p> <p>C. Poor people</p> <p>D. Only king</p>
		<p>A. Nasir Ud Din</p>

51	Tughrill Beg's nephew succeeded him as Sultan.	B. Alp Arslan C. Abdullah D. Malik Shah
52	Humayyun captured Lahore in.	A. 1550 CE B. 1552 CE C. 1553 CE D. 1555 CE
53	Shams-ud-Din Iltutmish died in.	A. 1232 CE B. 1236 CE C. 1238 CE D. 1239 CE
54	Haroon -ul-Rashid was most famous Abbasid Caliph who ruled from 786 CE to.	A. 796 CE B. 800 CE C. 805 CE D. 809 CE
55	The most successful king of Middle Ages was	A. Holy Roman B. Otto Great C. Charlemagne D. Charles V
56	In Salah-u-Din ayubi reign, became the leading Muslim state is the region.	A. Iran B. Egypt C. Iraq D. Cairo
57	Munwiyah-I was considered one of the brilliant Arabs.	A. Scientist B. Doctor C. Engineer D. General
58	Faraizi Movement was a popular movement of the Muslims in.	A. Kashmir B. Bengal C. Punjab D. Sindh
59	There was remarkable progress in trade and commerce during.	A. 9th Century CE B. 10th Century CE C. 11th Century CE D. 12th and 13th Century CE
60	Renaissance in Europe was the time of.	A. Leonardo da Vinci B. Michelangelo C. Raphael D. All of these
61	The Second Crusade was fought in.	A. 1095 CE B. 1149 CE C. 1147 CE D. 1187 CE
62	The pope crowned Charlemagne Emperor of the Romans in the	A. 6th century CE B. 7th Century CE C. 8th Century CE D. 9th Century CE
63	The Umayyad Caliphate ruled the Islamic Empire from	A. 660 CE to 700 CE B. 650 CE to 720 CE C. 661 CE to 750 CE D. 661 CE to 725 CE
64	In the first Crusade, From Europe there were.	A. 15,000 soldiers B. 30,000 Soldiers C. 35,000 Soldiers D. 20,000 Soldiers
65	Ottoman Dynasty was formed in	A. 1293 CE B. 1295 CE C. 1297 CE D. 1299 CE
66	Babur had great interest in.	A. Gardening B. Literature C. Horse riding D. Swimming
67	Seventh Wonder of the World Taj Mahal was built by.	A. Akbar the Great B. Jahangir C. Shah Jahan D. Aurangzeb Alamgir
68	Al-Azhar Masjid, Cairo built in	A. 960 CE B. 965 CE C. 970 CE D. 972 CE

69	Umer Ibn Abd-ul-Aziz's rule started in	A. 715 CE B. 716 CE C. 717 CE D. 718 CE
70	Kari Mars, a philosopher belong to	A. France B. Italy C. Germany D. Scotland
71	The Ghorids conquered Ghazel from the Ghazavids.	A. 1173 CE B. in 1175 ce C. In 1177 CE D. In 1179 CE
72	The greatest writer in the English language and the world's gretest dramatist.	A. Leonardo Da vinci B. Michelangelo C. William Shakespeare D. Saint Thomas more
73	Became he most imortant cultural center in the Islamic world under Fatmids.	A. Cairo B. Egypt C. Turkey D. Iraq
74	France developed the faudal system to provide security in	A. 8th Century CE B. 9th Century CE C. 10th Century CE D. 11th Century CE
75	The Rensissance got its start in	A. America B. England C. Russia D. Italy
76	The Safavod Duaasru was founed om 1501 CE by.	A. Shah Ismail B. Osman I C. Tughril Beg D. Salal -ud-din Aubi
77	The last part of the Middle Ages was a time of	A. Happiness B. Deaths C. Trouble D. Poverty
78	The begining of Renaissance developed inquiring spirie and scientific outlook among the.	A. Asians B. Africans C. Europeans D. Arabs
79	Sultan Alp Arsian was ruler of the great Setjuk empire.	A. First B. Third C. Second D. Fourth
80	First Steam Engine was invented by Thomas saery in.	A. 1668 CE B. 1678 CE C. 1688 CE D. 1698 CE
81	Abd-al-Malik Ibn Marwan was the Umayyad Caliph.	A. Second B. Third C. Fourth D. Fifth
82	The Renaissance in Europe was a cultural and socio political movement of the.	A. 15th Cetury CE B. 16th Century CE C. 15th and 16 Century CE D. 17th Century
83	Muhammad Bin Qasim Conquered Sindh in.	A. 709 CE B. 710 CE C. 711 CE D. 712 CE
84	Leonardo Da Vinci was an Italian.	A. King B. Cartographer C. Artist D. Explorer
85	Al-Walid -I was succeeded by his broher.	A. Nauman B. Sulaiman C. Umer D. Akbar
86	Played a vital role in the history of the Middle ages.	A. Masjid B. Temple C. Christian Church D. University

87	The city of Edess in Greece was conquered by the Turks.	A. In 1118 CE B. In 1125 CE C. In 1140 CE D. In 1146 CE
88	The first Battle of Panipat was fought in.	A. 1520 CE B. 1522 CE C. 1524 CE D. 1526 CE
89	Gothic Style of art and architecture developed by	A. Asians B. Europeans C. Africans D. Arabs
90	A province was ruled by a Governor appointed by the	A. Caliph B. King C. Minister D. Judge
91	The feudal system first emerged in the 10th century CE in.	A. France B. England C. Russia D. Italy
92	The French Revolution of 1789 CE overthrew the ancient regime and medieval absolutism from France. It championed the cause of	A. Liberty B. Equality C. Fraternity D. All these
93	The Middle Ages was lasted from about.	A. 300 CE to 1500 CE B. <div>400 CE to 1500 CE</div> C. 500 CE to 1500 CE D. 600 CE to 1500 CE
94	One of the Umayyad leaders, Abdul Rahman escaped to.	A. Egypt B. Iran C. Iraq D. Spain
95	Muawiyah-I died in	A. 678 CE B. 680 CE C. 681 CE D. 682 CE
96	The first person who used the technology of firing projectiles through cannon.	A. Ala-ud-Din B. Mubarak Khan C. Ibrahim Khan D. Zaheer-ud-Din Baber
97	In the Middle Ages, became the chief economic system of Europe.	A. Manorialism B. Communism C. Imperialism D. Capitalism
98	Sulaiman rule for	A. Two years B. Three years C. Four years D. Five years
99	Viking invaders attacked many parts of Europe.	A. From the 4th Century CE to the 5th Century CE. B. From the 5th Century CE to the 6th Century CE. C. From the 6th Century CE to the 7th Century CE. D. From the 8th Century CE to the 10th Century CE.
100	The Middle Ages began when Germanic tribes invaded the part of the.	A. Ottoman Empire B. Roman Empire C. Russian Empire D. British Empire