

General Science 6th Class English Medium Chapter 4 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Digestive enzymes convert starch into.	A. Fatty acids B. Vitamins C. Minerals D. Simple sugar
2	Degestion enxyme converts protein into	A. Amino acid B. Maltose C. sucrose D. Glycerol
3	The crushing of large food molecules into smaller pieces is called.	A. Digestion B. Movement of food C. Physical digestion D. Chemical digestion
4	The break down of large and complex food particles into smaller and diffusible piece is called.	A. Circulation B. Respiration C. Digestion D. Transportation
5	Whcih enzyme acts on sucrose.	A. Sucrose B. Amylase C. maltase D. Lipase
6	Water and salt from indigested found are absorbed into blood through walls of.	A. Small intestine B. Gallbladder C. Villi D. Large intestine
7	Proteins are digested into	A. Fatty acids B. Amino acids C. Glycerol D. Glucose
8	Digested food is absorbed ito blood through the walls of.	A. Large intestine B. Villi C. Stomach D. Bile Dact
9	In humans, most of digestion takes place in.	A. Mouth B. Oesophagus C. Stomach D. Small Intestine
10	How many gastric glands in the wall of stomach	A. 20,000 B. 30,000 C. 40,000 D. 50,000
11	Molars are used to	A. Crush the food B. Grind the food C. Digest the food D. Removal of waste
12	The muscular tube leading from oral cavity to stomach.	A. <div>small intestine</div> B. Large intestine C. Oesophagus D. Bile Duct
13	Human digestive system consist on.	A. Oral cavity B. Oesophagus C. Stomah and small intestine D. All of these
14	Gastric guice consist of.	A. Hydrochloric acid B. Enzyme C. Water D. All a,b, and c
15	Liver produce	A. Bile B. Saliva C. Glucose D. Amino acid

16	Saliva is produced is	A. Oral Cavity B. Stomach C. Oesophagus D. Small intestine
17	Germs present in food are killed in stomach by.	A. Carbonic acid B. Citric acid C. Hydro chloric acid D. carbonic acid
18	The food digested by the enzyme sucross belogns to nutrients group	A. Fats B. Protein C. Carbohydrates D. Oils
19	A part of the digestive system which is not is contat with food is.	A. Small intestine B. Liver C. Stomach D. Large intestine
20	Dehydration can be controlled by use of.	A. Salt solution B. Sugar solution C. Oral rehydration salt D. All a, b, and c