

General Science 6th Class English Medium Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Witer Season vegetables are generally grown in	A. January-February B. June -July C. September -October D. July- August
2	Germs present in food are killed in stomach by.	A. Carbonic acid B. Citric acid C. Hydro chloric acid D. carbonic acid
3	Which one of the following is a solution.	A. Brass B. Copper C. Rock D. Diamond
4	Silicon steel is an alloy of.	A. Iron B. Carbon C. Silicon D. All of these
5	Whcih enzyme acts on sucrose.	A. Sucrose B. Amylase C. maltase D. Lipase
6	Human is skin is made of	A. Muscletissue B. Blood tissue C. Epithelial tissue D. Epidermal tissue
7	Which one of the following is an element.	A. O3 B. CO2 C. CH4 D. H2O
8	Dehydration can be controlled by use of.	A. Salt solution B. Sugar solution C. Oral rehydration salt D. All a, b, and c
9	How many atoms are present in one molecule of helium.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
10	The cell parts which play an important role in animal cell division are called.	A. Vacuoles B. Centrioles C. Cytoplasm D. Mitochondria.
11	The system that locates the postion of an object.	A. GRP B. GMS C. GPS D. PGS
12	Fish is the parts of	A. Fruit group B. Grains group C. Milk group D. Meat group
13	A device taht stores chemical energy and converts it into electric energy when connected in a circuit.	A. Cell B. Bulb C. Metallic wire D. Electric switch
14	Which of the following state has specific shape and volume.	A. Gas B. Solid C. Liquid D. Both a and b
15	Materials taht don't take the shpaed of the container.	A. Solids B. Liquids C. gases D. all of these

16	Which blood diseases causing germs.	A. Red blood B. Platelete C. White blood cell D. All of these
17	Which food is best for providing fats.	A. Fruits B. Butter C. Vegetables D. Bread
18	Stomach is part of.	A. Circulatory system B. Breathing system C. Excretory system D. Digestive system
19	Pollination is the transfer of.	A. Sepal B. Stamen C. Pollen grain D. Ovum
20	The rate of diffusion depends on.	A. Size of the particles B. Temperature C. Size of space between particles D. All of the above
21	Cell membrane is composed of.	A. Cellulose and lipids B. Proteins and lipids C. Cellulose and proteins. D. Lipids
22	The food digested by the enzyme sucrose belongs to nutrients group	A. Fats B. Protein C. Carbohydrates D. Oils
23	The mixture of gases formed by the decay of animal wastes.	A. Biogas B. Water gas C. Natural gas D. Greenhouse gas
24	Which of the following is also called red planet.	A. Mercury B. Venus C. Mars D. Jupiter
25	500 g =	A. 1 kg B. 0.5 kg C. 1.25 kg D. 500 kg
26	Digestive system consist of.	A. Stomach B. Liver C. Intestine D. All of these
27	Human digestive system consist of.	A. Oral cavity B. Oesophagus C. Stomach and small intestine D. All of these
28	In which season plants are more attacked by insects.	A. Winter B. Summer C. Autumn D. Spring
29	Particles move freely in all directions in	A. Solids B. Liquids C. gases D. None of these
30	The 1st artificial satellite was sent into space in.	A. 1945 B. 1955 C. 1957 D. 1962
31	The Jelly like material present inside the cell membrane is called.	A. Endoplasmic reticulum B. Chloroplast C. cell wall D. Cytoplasm
32	An example of renewable energy sources.	A. Coal B. Natural gas C. Petrol D. Wind
33	The organ of a plant which takes part in its sexual reproduction.	A. Root B. Stem C. Flowers

		<p>C. Iron</p> <p>D. Leaf</p>
34	In which things of the followign electromagnet does nto pull toward itself.	<p>A. Iron</p> <p>B. Nickle</p> <p>C. Wood</p> <p>D. Cobalt</p>
35	Source of starch	<p>A. egg</p> <p>B. Meat</p> <p>C. Potato</p> <p>D. Fish</p>
36	Summer season vegetables are generally grwon in	<p>A. November -December</p> <p>B. February -March</p> <p>C. July-Augus</p> <p>D. April - May</p>
37	Which of the following control all the functions of body?	<p>A. heart</p> <p>B. Stomach</p> <p>C. Brain</p> <p>D. Liver</p>
38	The word static means at.....	<p>A. Motion</p> <p>B. Rest</p> <p>C. Uniform motion</p> <p>D. Variable motion</p>
39	How many hydrgen atos are present in 1 molecule of ammonia.	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 3</p> <p>D. 4</p>
40	Which of the following has sharp melting and boiling point.	<p>A. Mixture</p> <p>B. Matter</p> <p>C. Solution</p> <p>D. Compound</p>
41	The outer layer is root, leaves and stem is called.	<p>A. Epidermis</p> <p>B. Vascular tissue</p> <p>C. Mrsophyll Tissue</p> <p>D. Epithelial tissue</p>
42	The cell parts taht provide energy to cell are called.	<p>A. Cytoplasm</p> <p>B. Mitochondria.</p> <p>C. Chloroplast</p> <p>D. Endoplastic reticulum</p>
43	Which of the following is not used in the preparationof yogurt.	<p>A. Raw milks</p> <p>B. Prep</p> <p>C. red chilly</p> <p>D. Themometer</p>
44	Male reproductive cell	<p>A. Egg</p> <p>B. Sperm</p> <p>C. Neuron</p> <p>D. Zaygote</p>
45	The process of changing gas into liquid.	<p>A. Melting</p> <p>B. Evaporation</p> <p>C. Condensation</p> <p>D. Freezing</p>
46	A closed circuit is the	<p>A. Complete path of electric current</p> <p>B. Incomplete path of electric current</p> <p>C. Broken path of electric current</p> <p>D. None of the above</p>
47	An animal cell has.	<p>A. single vacuole</p> <p>B. Two vacouole</p> <p>C. Many vacuoles</p> <p>D. No vacuole</p>
48	A magnet can lose its magnetc peroperty it is called.	<p>A. Magenetism</p> <p>B. Demagnetization</p> <p>C. Magnetic field</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
49	The type of circuit used in domstic wiring.	<p>A. Open</p> <p>B. Short</p> <p>C. Series</p> <p>D. Parallel</p>
50	Which of the following is not used in making cheese at home.	<p>A. Milk</p> <p>B. Salt</p> <p>C. Sugar</p> <p>D. Lemon juice</p>
		<p>A. Solid</p>

51	When a gas condenses, it becomes a	B. Liquid C. Crystal D. Another gas
52	The glass slide is placed on.	A. The tbe of a microsope B. The eye place of a microscope. C. The stage of a microscope D. The table
53	Asexual reprouction in whcih stem of a plant is buried in soil near the parent plant.	A. Layering B. Budding C. Cutting D. Grafting
54	Glass is an example of	A. Non magnetic materials B. Magnetic materials C. Permanent magnet D. Temporary magent
55	When we drill a hoel is an object, which of the following forms of kinetic energy is useful to us.	A. Sound B. Heat C. Mechincal energy D. Light
56	Enzyme and antibodies are.	A. Carbohydrate B. Protein C. Blood D. Lipids
57	When a solid object is heated its particles begin to.	A. Vibrate fast B. Vibrate slowly C. Stop vibrating D. Move feely
58	Which vitamin makes the bones strong.	A. Vitamin A B. Vitamin B C. Vitamin C D. Vitamin D
59	Balanced diet for an infant is	A. Fruit B. Milk C. Vegatable D. egg
60	Kidneyspferorm functions related.	A. Digestive system B. breathing system C. Circulatory system D. Excretory system
61	Vegatable oils are included in the food group	A. Carbohydrates B. Protein C. Fats D. Vitamin
62	On digestion, protein is convered into.	A. Carbon B. Hydrogen C. Amino acid D. Oxygen
63	In humans, most of digestion takes place in.	A. Mouth B. Oesophagus C. Stomach D. Small Intestine
64	The symbol of Lithum is.	A. He B. Li C. Ne D. Lu
65	Which one of the following is a metalloid element.	A. Gold B. Boron C. Silver D. Nitrogen
66	Water is conducted from roots to leaves by.	A. Xylem B. Phloem C. Epidermis D. Mesophyll
67	Digested food is absorbed ito blood through the walls of.	A. Large intestine B. Villi C. Stomach D. Bile Dact
68	The subatomic particles of an atom are.	A. Proton B. Electron C. Neutron D. All of these

69	The direction of the Qibla is determined by	A. Emitter B. Armature C. Magnetic Compass D. Electromagnet
70	Which of the following is opposite the boiling?	A. Evaporation B. Melting C. Condensation D. Freezing
71	Which is the nearest planet to the Sun	A. Saturn B. Earth C. Mercury D. Venus
72	There are strong forces of attraction between the particles of.	A. Solids B. Liquids C. gases D. all of these
73	Which of the following elements are necessary for plant growth.	A. Nitrogen B. Phosphorous C. Potassium D. All of these
74	Which will not cause a magnet lose its magnetism.	A. Heating it B. Dropping it repeatedly C. Coating it with oil D. Hitting it
75	The space around a magnet where it can attract magnetic materials.	A. Electric field B. Magnetic field C. Magnetic pole D. Magnetic core
76	Which is the example of natural vegetative propagation.	A. Runners grow into new plant. B. Budding C. Grafting D. Cutting
77	The closest planet to sun is	A. Earth B. Jupiter C. Mercury D. Venus
78	Choose an atom which can exist independently at room temperature.	A. Na B. O C. Ne D. Cu
79	The cell parts of plants that trap energy from sun are called.	A. Cytoplasm B. Mitochondria C. Chloroplast D. Endoplasmic reticulum
80	Site for respiration in a cell is.	A. Nucleus B. Endoplasmic reticulum C. Mitochondria D. Chloroplast
81	A positively charged particle.	A. Electron B. Proton C. Neutron D. Atom
82	The muscular tube leading from oral cavity to stomach.	A. small intestine B. Large intestine C. Oesophagus D. Bile Duct
83	What is the name of that cell which we can see very easily with our naked eye without a microscope?	A. Clamydomonas B. Amoeba C. Chloroplasts D. Yolk of an egg
84	Segarcane is grown using the technique.	A. Layering B. Cutting C. Budding D. Grafting
85	Growth and repair of the body is function of.	A. Lipids B. Proteins C. Carbohydrate D. Fibers
86	The break down of large and complex food particles into smaller and diffusible pieces is called.	A. Circulation B. Respiration C. Digestion D. Transportation

87	Tail of comet points.	A. Towards the Sun B. Away from the Sun C. Toward the earth D. Away from the Earth
88	The temperature of outer surface of sun is	A. 2000 °C B. 4000 °C C. 6000 °C D. 10,000 °C
89	Carrot, Radish and garlic are examples of.	A. Summer plants B. Winter plants C. spring plants D. Autumn plants
90	Oxygen is carried from lungs and supplied to the whole body by	A. White blood cells B. Red blood cells C. Platelets D. Bone cells
91	The type of circuit used in domestic wiring.	A. Series B. Parallel C. Open D. Short
92	Outermost covering of a plant cell is called.	A. Cell membrane B. Cell wall C. Cytoplasm D. Chloroplast
93	Component of circuit.	A. Switch B. Bulb C. Battery D. All above
94	The cell parts which store waste material, water, also and food particles are called.	A. Vacuoles B. Centrioles C. Cytoplasm D. Mitochondria
95	Which one of the following is metallic element.	A. Hydrogen B. Helium C. Lithium D. Carbon
96	To focus the object clearly in the microscope we use.	A. An eye piece B. Two adjustment screws C. The base of microscope D. Objective lens.
97	Electromagnets are used in	A. Electric bell B. Speaker C. Dynamo D. All above
98	How many poles are there on a ring shaped magnet.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
99	A part of the digestive system which is not in contact with food is.	A. Small intestine B. Liver C. Stomach D. Large intestine
100	The current has only one path to flow through.	A. Series circuit B. Parallel circuit C. Open circuit D. Closed circuit.
101	The crushing of large food molecules into smaller pieces is called.	A. Digestion B. Movement of food C. Physical digestion D. Chemical digestion
102	Diffusion takes place in	A. Liquids B. gases C. Both a and b D. Solids
103	Edible oils are the fats which are... at room temperature.	A. Solid B. Liquid C. Gas D. None of these
104	Coffee is example of.	A. Matter B. Mixture C. Homogeneous mixture

		D. Heterogeneous mixture
105	Mitochondria are the cell organelles that play a role in	A. Protein synthesis B. Food production C. Producing energy from food D. Removing waste products
106	How long does it take for a geostationary satellite to complete one orbit.	A. One day B. One month C. One week D. One year
107	Which of the following is a mixture.	A. Air B. Water C. Carbon Dioxide D. Oxygen
108	Outermost covering of an animal cell is called.	A. Cell membrane B. Cell wall C. Cytoplasm D. Chloroplast
109	During work done, energy is.	A. Converted into other form B. Produced C. Wasted D. Destroyed
110	Cut piece of the plant is called.	A. Bud B. Scion C. Stock D. Rhizom
111	The number of protons present in an atom is called.	A. Atomic number B. Atomic mass C. Atomic weight D. Mass
112	Iron is a	A. Mineral B. Vitamin C. Protein D. Carbohydrates
113	Which of the following vegetables are sown on soil beds.	A. Cucumber B. Pear C. Garlic D. Both a and b
114	The object to be seen with a microscope is placed on a.	A. Adjustment screw B. Eye piece C. Table D. Glass slide
115	Nutrients required in very small quantities.	A. Carbohydrates B. Protein C. Lipids D. Vitamin
116	Who was the first man to walk on the moon.	A. Gagarin B. Flemming C. Michal D. Neil Armstrong
117	The plant to which scion is attached.	A. Runner B. Layer C. Bud D. Stock
118	Which of the following is a winter season vegetable.	A. Cucumber B. Okra C. Turnip D. Tomato
119	The lens of microscope near the object to be seen is called an.	A. Eye piece B. Adjustment screw C. Tube D. Objective lens
120	Source of Vitamin A	A. Table salt B. Carrot C. Mustard oil D. Sugar
121	How many gastric glands in the wall of stomach	A. 20,000 B. 30,000 C. 40,000 D. 50,000
		A. Shape B. Volume

122	Liquid have fix	<p>B. Volume</p> <p>C. Arrangement</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
123	Temperature of an object is the measure of of its particles.	<p>A. Gravitational potential energy</p> <p>B. Strain energy</p> <p>C. Kinetic Energy</p> <p>D. Sound energy</p>
124	Which one of the following is a non metallic element.	<p>A. Oxygen</p> <p>B. Aluminium</p> <p>C. Iron</p> <p>D. Beryllium</p>
125	Liver produce	<p>A. Bile</p> <p>B. Saliva</p> <p>C. Glucose</p> <p>D. Amino acid</p>
126	Sugar is	<p>A. Carbohydrate</p> <p>B. Lipids</p> <p>C. Protein</p> <p>D. Vitamin</p>
127	Digestion enzyme converts protein into	<p>A. Amino acid</p> <p>B. Maltose</p> <p>C. sucrose</p> <p>D. Glycerol</p>
128	Our food is a source of.	<p>A. Mechanical energy</p> <p>B. Chemical energy</p> <p>C. Electrical energy</p> <p>D. Sound energy</p>
129	Potato is	<p>A. Tuber</p> <p>B. runner</p> <p>C. Layer</p> <p>D. Bulb</p>
130	$C_6H_{12}O_6$ is the formula of glucose. How many oxygen are there in one molecule of glucose.	<p>A. 3</p> <p>B. 6</p> <p>C. 9</p> <p>D. 12</p>
131	Boiling point of water is.	<p>A. 0 °C</p> <p>B. 0 °F</p> <p>C. 100 °C</p> <p>D. 100 °F</p>
132	An electric circuit is the path along which	<p>A. Electrons revolve around the nucleus of an atom</p> <p>B. Electric charge flows</p> <p>C. magnetic lines of force move</p> <p>D. Electric motor moves</p>
133	Changing of substances directly from solid state to gaseous state on heating is termed as.	<p>A. Boiling</p> <p>B. Diffusion</p> <p>C. Melting</p> <p>D. Sublimation</p>
134	Matter exists in	<p>A. Solid</p> <p>B. Liquid</p> <p>C. gas</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
135	Fusion of a sperm with two polar nuclei forms.	<p>A. Zygote</p> <p>B. Endosperm</p> <p>C. Embryo</p> <p>D. Ovum</p>
136	Cell wall of plant is made up of.	<p>A. Chitin</p> <p>B. Cellulose</p> <p>C. Protein</p> <p>D. Fats</p>
137	Zygote develops into.	<p>A. Embryo sac</p> <p>B. Embryo</p> <p>C. Endosperm</p> <p>D. Ovule</p>
138	Magnets are of..... types.	<p>A. 2</p> <p>B. 3</p> <p>C. 4</p> <p>D. 5</p>
139	Gametes are formed by.	<p>A. Sexual reproduction</p> <p>B. Asexual reproduction</p> <p>C. Cutting</p> <p>D. Grafting</p>

140	Satellite help to transmit communication signal	A. TV B. Mobile C. Radio D. All a ,b ,c
141	A fruit after its detachment from a tree-stalk begins to convert energy due to its position into.	A. Strain energy B. Kinetic energy C. Chemical energy D. Electrical energy
142	Engine of a vehicle starts working using.	A. Electrical energy B. Light Energy C. Heat energy D. Sound energy
143	Before which planet, does the Venus orbit.	A. Mercury B. Mars C. Earth D. Saturn
144	Saliva is produced in	A. Oral Cavity B. Stomach C. Oesophagus D. Small intestine
145	The objects which revolve around the sun are called.	A. Sun B. Star C. Planets D. Comets
146	The name of first artificial satellite is.	A. Sputnik-I B. Comets C. Viking D. Apollo
147	A magnet can attract objects made of	A. Silver B. Aluminum C. Iron D. Copper
148	A circuit that provides multiple paths to the current to flow.	A. Series B. Open C. Short D. Parallel
149	Which of the following is a homogeneous mixture.	A. Soil B. Steel C. Iron D. Graphite
150	The concentration of solution depends upon quantity of.	A. Temperature B. Quantity of solute C. Pressure D. Number of moles
151	Water, carbon dioxide, ammonia and methane are examples of.	A. Atoms B. Elements C. Compounds D. Mixture
152	The structure which is helpful to carry sperms to the ovary.	A. Pollen tube B. Stigma C. Style D. Stamen
153	The needle compass is always there	A. To the North and south direction B. To the West and south direction C. To the North and East direction D. To the North and West direction
154	Magnet is not used in	A. A dynamo B. An electric bell C. A speaker D. A heater
155	Number of the neutrons in helium element.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
156	Balance due for a person depends upon	A. age B. Job C. Health condition D. All of these
157	Gastric juice consists of.	A. Hydrochloric acid B. Enzyme C. Water

		<p>C. Water</p> <p>D. All a,b, and c</p>
158	Which one of the following is non-metal	<p>A. Phosphorus</p> <p>B. Aluminium</p> <p>C. Copper</p> <p>D. Magnisium</p>
159	A freely suspended bar magenet always stays along.	<p>A. East west direction</p> <p>B. North south direction</p> <p>C. Any direction</p> <p>D. Keeps oscillating</p>
160	Sperm and eggs fuse to form.	<p>A. Stamens</p> <p>B. Embryo</p> <p>C. Zygote</p> <p>D. Seed</p>
161	The ends of magnet are called its.	<p>A. Heads</p> <p>B. Terminals</p> <p>C. Poles</p> <p>D. Sides</p>
162	Change of a solid object into liquid state on heating is called.	<p>A. Freezing</p> <p>B. Melting</p> <p>C. Boiling</p> <p>D. Evaporation</p>
163	Zygote is formd as a result of.	<p>A. Self pollination</p> <p>B. Cross pollination</p> <p>C. Fertilization</p> <p>D. Double fertiization</p>
164	Production of new plant from endergrond stem is an example of.	<p>A. Sexual reproduction</p> <p>B. aseual reproduction</p> <p>C. Self pollination</p> <p>D. Cross pollination</p>
165	The largest sysgtem of communication sateellite is managed by	<p>A. 5 countries</p> <p>B. 100 countries</p> <p>C. 50 countries</p> <p>D. 126 countries</p>
166	Nutrients which are quick source of energy.	<p>A. Protein</p> <p>B. lipids</p> <p>C. Carbohydrate</p> <p>D. Vitamin</p>
167	In severe winter, the droplets of water in the atmosphere are frozens called.	<p>A. dew</p> <p>B. fog</p> <p>C. Frost</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
168	Digestive enzymes convert starch into.	<p>A. Fatty acids</p> <p>B. Vitamins</p> <p>C. Minerals</p> <p>D. Simple sugar</p>
169	Flow of electric charge is called.	<p>A. Electro static</p> <p>B. Electric switch</p> <p>C. Electric current</p> <p>D. Electric path</p>
170	Th main function of stomata are.	<p>A. Transport of food</p> <p>B. Transpfort of water</p> <p>C. Exchange of gases</p> <p>D. Allof these</p>
171	Which of the following method is used for the separation of insoluble from liquid	<p>A. Decantation</p> <p>B. Sublimation</p> <p>C. Filtration</p> <p>D. Transpiration</p>
172	Seasonal plants are mainly divided into types.	<p>A. Two</p> <p>B. Three</p> <p>C. Four</p> <p>D. Five</p>
173	Which will not increase the strenght of an electromagnet.	<p>A. Adding an iron core</p> <p>B. Adding a plastic core</p> <p>C. Coiling the wire</p> <p>D. Increasing the current</p>
174	In 1665 the term "cell" was first used by english scientist.	<p>A. Einstein</p> <p>B. Dalton</p> <p>C. Robert Hooks</p> <p>D. John Milton</p>

A. Permanent magnet

175	When electric current flows through an object it becomes a magnet. Such magnet is called.	B. Temporary magnet C. Electromagnet D. Non magnet
176	Chlorophyll is a pigment whose colour is.	A. Red B. Blue C. Yellow D. Green
177	Water and salt from indigested food are absorbed into blood through walls of.	A. Small intestine B. Gallbladder C. Villi D. Large intestine
178	During an energy conversion, the total amount of energy.	A. Decreases B. Destroys C. Increase D. Remains the same
179	The region around a magnet where it can attract magnetic materials is called.	A. Magnetic compass B. Magnetic field C. Magnetic lines D. Magnetism
180	Geostationary satellites are revolve around earth at height of.	A. 3000 km B. 36000 km C. 40000 km D. 50,000 km
181	Which is the following male reproductive part of a flower.	A. Carpels B. Eggs C. Sperm D. Stamens
182	An immediate source of energy for car body is.	A. Chicken B. Mushroom C. Mango D. Meat
183	Food rich in carbohydrates is.	A. Corn oil B. Beef C. Starch D. Egg
184	Movement of particles from an area where they are more to an area where they are less.	A. Boiling B. Evaporation C. Diffusion D. Sublimation
185	Earth is the satellite of	A. Moon B. Sun C. Pluto D. Appolo
186	Which of the following muscleless is also called photosynthetic tissues.	A. Vascular tissue B. Mesophyll tissue C. Nerve tissue D. Epidermal tissue
187	Which of the following is not an energy converter.	A. Table B. Radio C. Fan D. Room heater
188	Particles are arranged on regular patterns and packed strongly together in.	A. gas B. liquid C. Solid D. None of these
189	Molars are used to	A. Crush the food B. Grind the food C. Digest the food D. Removal of waste
190	Solids and liquid objects cannot be compressed easily as their particles are	A. Closely packed B. Loosely packed C. Lacking spaces among them D. Scattered irregularly
191	Beriberi is due to lack of.	A. Vitamin A B. Vitamin B C. Vitamin C D. Vitamin D
192	Like charges..... each other.	A. Repel B. Attract C. Attract as well as repel D. None of the above

193	The outer covering of the plant cell is called.	A. Cell membrane B. Cell wall C. Cytoplasm D. Nucleus
194	Which one of the following is not an elements.	A. Chlorine B. Sulphur C. Sugar D. Zinc
195	Select the one that is different from the others.	A. Ice B. Water C. Sodium D. Steam
196	Which of the following emits its own light.	A. Moon B. Venus C. Sun D. Jupiter
197	Which of the following is matter.	A. Rain B. Heat C. Sound D. Light
198	The thin membrane which surrounds the nucleus is called.	A. Cell wall B. Cell membrane C. Nucleus membrane D. Nucleus wall
199	Which is the largest planet.	A. Mars B. Jupiter C. Earth D. Venus
200	A device used to open or close an electric circuit.	A. Switch B. Wire C. Battery D. Bulb
201	Chromosomes are present in	A. Chloroplast B. Nucleus C. Cell wall D. Vascule
202	Which of the following gas is used by plants for making food.	A. Hydrogen B. Oxygen C. Nitrogen D. Carbon dioxide
203	Food rich in proteins is	A. Potato B. Fish C. Rice D. Grapes
204	Proteins are digested into	A. Fatty acids B. Amino acids C. Glycerol D. Glucose