

Mathematics 5th Class Chapter 2 English Medium Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The greatest numebr which divides two or more given numbers simultaneously is called.	A. LCM B. HCF C. Factorization D. Factor
2	Numebr of methods to find HCF are.	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
3	The greastest numebr which divides two or more given numbers simulataneously is called.	A. LCM B. HCF C. Factorization D. Factor
4	Prime factorization of 121 is	A. 11 B. 11 x 11 C. 12 x 1 D. 121
5	Common prime factors of 36 and 48 are	A. 2 x 2 x 3 x 3 B. 2 x 3 x 8 C. 2 x 2 x 3 D. 2 x 3 x 6
6	Prime factorization of 16 is	A. 2x8 B. 1 x 16 C. 2 x 2 x 2 x 2 D. 2 x 4 x 2
7	Prime factorizationof 72 is	A. 2 x 2 x 2 x 3 x 3 B. 2 x 2 x 2 x 2x 9 C. 8 x 3 x 3 D. 8 x 9
8	The greatest numebr which divides 40,80,60 completely is.	A. 20 B. 40 C. 60 D. 80
9	The product of common prime factorization is called.	A. LCM B. Factorization C. HCF D. Factor
10	Number of methods to find LCM	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
11	LCM of 8,16 in	A. 8 B. 16 C. 28 D. 48
12	The common prime factor of 12,16,28 are.	A. 2, 2 B. 2, 2, 7 C. 2, 2,2,2 D. 2,2,3
13	The HCF of two or more than two numbers, which have no common prime factor, is always.	A. 2 B. 1 C. 3 D. 4
14	The HCF of two or more than two umbers, which have no common prime factor, is always.	A. 1 B. 10 C. 100 D. 1000
15	HCF of 12,22,14 is.	A. 14 B. 22 C. 2 D. 12

16	When we multiply any number by any other numebr , their product is calledof that number.	A. HCF B. Prime factoriation C. Factor D. Multiple
17	The LCM of 33,66 and 81 is.	A. 1770 B. 1872 C. 1782 D. 1287
18	The smallest numebr which divides 11,33,66 completeliy	A. 1 B. 11 C. 33 D. 66
19	The HCF of 20,48 and 56 is.	A. 4 B. 3 C. 5 D. 1
20	The smallaest number which divides 5,10,15 completelty is.	A. 15 B. 30 C. 40 D. 50